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OIL FOR INFLUENCE: HOW SADDAM USED OIL TO REWARD POLITICIANS UNDER THE UNITED NATIONS OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM

HEARING

BEFORE THE

PERMANENT SUBCOMMITTEE ON INVESTIGATIONS

OF THE

COMMITTEE ON HOMELAND SECURITY AND GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS UNITED STATES SENATE

ONE HUNDRED NINTH CONGRESS

FIRST SESSION

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United States Senate
PERMANENT SUBCOMMITTEE ON INVESTIGATIONS
Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs

Norm Coleman, Chairman Carl Levin, Ranking Minority Member

REPORT ON OIL ALLOCATIONS GRANTED TO CHARLES PASQUA & GEORGE GALLOWAY

PREPARED BY THE

MAJORITY AND MINORITY STAFFS OF THE PERMANENT SUBCOMMITTEE ON INVESTIGATIONS



RELEASED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE PERMANENT SUBCOMMITTEE ON INVESTIGATIONS MAY 17, 2005, HEARING

OIL FOR INFLUENCE: HOW SADDAM USED OIL TO REWARD POLITICIANS UNDER THE UNITED NATIONS OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM

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I. INTRODUCTION

This Report presents the evidence gathered by the U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations (the "Subcommittee") establishing that Charles Pasqua, the former French Minister of the Interior, and George Galloway, a newly-reelected Member of the British Parliament, were granted substantial oil allocations from the Hussein regime under the U.N. Oil for Food Program. In particular, the Subcommittee presents documents created by the Iraqi Ministry of Oil during the reign of Saddam Hussein, interviews with senior officials of the Hussein regime that were interviewed by the Subcommittee, and interviews of Hussein regime officials conducted by the U.S. Treasury Iraqi Financial Asset Team.

That evidence shows that some of Pasqua's allocations were personally approved by Saddam Hussein. In addition, the evidence reveals that Pasqua attempted to hide his activities for "political reasons" and because he "fear[ed] political scandals." Similarly, an Iraqi Ministry of Oil document indicates that Galloway appeared to use a charity for children's leukemia to facilitate at least one of his oil transactions. That evidence is presented below.

II. IRAQ'S MANIPULATION OF THE OIL FOR FOOD PROGRAM

Under the Oil for Food Program, Iraq was permitted to sell its oil and use those proceeds to purchase food, medicines, and other humanitarian goods. Despite Oil for Food's noble intentions, the Hussein regime quickly exploited the Program for its own political purposes. One of its chief manipulations was the exploitation of "oil allocations" to garner political influence around the globe.²

To understand how the Hussein regime manipulated these oil transactions, one must begin with how Iraq sold its crude oil under the Program. The arm of the Iraqi government that managed the sale of Iraqi crude oil was the State Oil Marketing Organization, commonly called "SOMO." In order to manage the volume of oil flowing through its pipelines, Iraq divided its oil supply into discrete units, typically ranging from 1 to 10 million barrels. It then allocated these units to prospective oil purchasers, essentially giving those recipients an option to purchase that allotment of oil. These options are typically called "allocations." Assuming that SOMO and the purchaser could agree on other contractual terms, such as the loading schedule, the purchaser would contract with SOMO and proceed to buy the oil from Iraq. The Iraqis repeated this allocation process for each of the 13 six-month phases of the Oil for Food Program.

Soon after the initiation of the Oil for Food Program, the Hussein regime manipulated this allocation process in an effort to maximize Iraq's influence around the world. As one Hussein regime official described the scheme, Saddam used oil to his geopolitical and strategic advantage. The plan was simple: rather than granting allocations to traditional oil purchasers, Iraq gave priority to foreign officials, journalists, and even terrorist entities. The central purpose of this tactic, according to senior officials of the Hussein regime interviewed by the

1

¹ The term "Oil for Food Program" refers to the program implemented pursuant to United Nations Security Council Resolution 986, dated April 14, 1995, and the Memorandum of Understanding between the United Nations and the Government of Iraq on May 20, 1996. Throughout this Report, the Oil for Food Program may be called the "OFF Program" and the "Program."

² For a more complete discussion of the oil allocation process and how Saddam Hussein's regime manipulated that process, please see the testimony of Mark L. Greenblatt, Counsel to the Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, before the Subcommittee, dated November 15, 2004.

³ Oil purchases under the Oil for Food Program were quite different from typical oil transactions. In particular, the U.N. was heavily involved in the sale of Iraqi oil under the Oil for Food Program. For instance, the U.N.'s Oil Overseers had to approve contracts signed between SOMO and oil purchasers, and participated in the setting and approval of the price for Iraqi oil. U.N. agents were also tasked with inspecting and verifying the loading of oil at authorized oil terminals. In addition, the proceeds from oil sales were held in secrow in a U.N.-monitored account at BNP Paribas, and could be used only to purchase approved goods under the Program.

⁴ Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No.1, April 2005.

Subcommittee Interview of Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz, April 21, 2005; Subcommittee Interview of Vice President Taha Yassin Ramadan, April 18, 2005; Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No.1. April 2005. Terrorist individuals and entities who received allocations include the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine, Abu Abbas, and the Mujahedeen-e Khalq.

Subcommittee, was to engender international support for the Hussein regime and against the U.N.'s sanctions.⁶

By allocating the oil to favored people or entities, the regime forced oil purchasers to obtain allocations from those favored few. Those allocation holders essentially became gatekeepers to Iraqi oil. As gatekeepers, they demanded a "commission," which typically ranged from 3 to 30 cents per barrel. In light of the fact that most allocations consisted of millions of barrels of oil, such commissions were quite lucrative, reaching hundreds of thousands of dollars per allocation. Therefore, these allocations were extremely valuable, and by doling them out to favored individuals and entities, the Hussein regime could siphon millions of dollars to a foreign official, journalist, or terrorist entity — without actually paying a dime.

In an interview with the U.S. Treasury Iraqi Financial Asset Team, a Hussein regime official described how Saddam Hussein devised this plan in simple terms:

[The source] stated that Saddam Hussein began to utilize the Memorandum of Understanding [the Oil for Food Program] to sell oil to people who supported him. [The source] explained that this was done in order to enhance the power of Saddam Hussein. Saddam Hussein instructed that the price [of oil] should be made as low as possible and made beneficial to his supporters. Inside SOMO this system was nicknamed the "Saddam Bribery System."

Other senior members of the Hussein regime confirmed that the "Saddam Bribery System" used oil allocations in an effort to buy political influence around the world. For instance, the Vice President of the Hussein regime, Taha Yassin Ramadan, confirmed to the Subcommittee that the allocations were indeed "compensation for support." The Vice President also confirmed that "know these people [i.e., allocation grantees] get [a] benefit." Another senior Hussein official confirmed that the allocation scheme was "buying influence." When asked whether allocation recipients would make a profit from the oil transactions, that official declared: "That's the whole point."

The Hussein regime used these lucrative allocations in its primary political struggle – ending U.N. sanctions. To that end, it primarily favored those individuals and entities from countries on the U.N. Security Council. Senior Hussein regime officials and numerous Ministry of Oil documents confirm that the regime steered a massive portion of its allocations toward Security Council members that were believed by the Hussein regime to support Iraq in its efforts to lift sanctions – namely, Russia, France, and China. ¹² For example, several Oil Ministry charts expressly separate the allocation recipients by country and specify whether the country is a permanent member of the Security Council. Russia, a permanent member of the Security Council, was consistently the largest recipient of oil allocations and, according to one Hussein regime official, this affinity for Russia resulted from Saddam's desire to show "gratitude" to the Russians for their support at the U.N. Security Council. ¹³ To ensure that the profits of the oil

⁶ Id.

Memorandum of Interview of former regime official by U.S. Treasury Iraqi Financial Asset Team on March 24, 2004 (Interview #50). According to numerous sources and documents, members of the Iraqi government would routinely refer to the Oil for Food Program as "the Memorandum of Understanding," or similar terms. This term refers to the Memorandum of Understanding executed on May 20, 1996 between the Government of Iraq and the United Nations Secretariat that governed the implementation of U.N. Security Council Resolution 986. In order to protect the sources and methods used to obtain this evidence, memoranda of interviews conducted by the Subcommittee and the U.S. Treasury Iraqi Financial Asset Team are not included as exhibits to this Report.

⁸ Subcommittee Interview of Vice President Taha Yassin Ramadan, April 18, 2005.

⁹ Id.

¹⁰ Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 2, April 2005; see also Subcommittee Interview of Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz, April 21, 2005; Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No.1, April 2005.

¹¹ Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 2, April 2005.

¹² Subcommittee Interview of Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz, April 21, 2005; Subcommittee Interview of Vice President Taha Yassin Ramadan, April 18, 2005 (describing a "priority list" of countries that were supportive of Iraq and were granted preferential treatment in oil allocations); Comprehensive Report of the Special Advisor to the DCI on Iraq's WMID dated September 30, 2004, Volume 1 ("Dueffer Report"), p. 31.

¹³ Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No.1, April 2005.

transactions would remain in the favored country, allocations recipients were required to assign their oil rights to purchasers in their country. ¹⁴

The recipients of the allocations were determined by a committee of Saddam Hussein's closest advisors, including Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz and the Minister of Oil Amir Muhammad Rashid.¹⁵ The committee was led by the Vice President of Iraq, Taha Yassin Ramadan.¹⁶ Every six months, the committee would meet to review the allocations and make decisions concerning allocations in the upcoming phase.¹⁷ The committee would evaluate "Special Requests" made by individuals around the world who were soliciting allocations.¹⁸ The principal criterion for granting the "Special Requests" – *i.e.*, granting an allocation – was the individual's support for Iraq.¹⁹ Once the committee determined the allocations for the upcoming phase, the Vice President would generally discuss the allocations with Saddam Hussein.²⁰

III. CHARLES PASQUA

A. Pasqua's Political Career

Charles Pasqua is a prominent and controversial French politician. His political career began in 1947, when he helped found the ultra-Gaullist political party Rassemblement du Peuple Francais (meaning "Rally for France"). Since then, Pasqua has represented the Hauts-de-Seine deparement as deputy to the French National Assembly from 1968 to 1973, and as a senator from 1981 to 1986. From 1986 to 1988 and from 1993 to 1995, he served as Interior Minister in charge of law enforcement, and in 2003, he served as a deputy to the European Parliament, where he advocated France's withdrawal from the European Union. In 2004, Pasqua ran for reelection to the European Parliament, but was unsuccessful. ²¹

Pasqua, a long-time friend and political ally of French President Jacques Chirac, has been dogged by allegations of corruption for years.²² According to an article in the Sunday Telegraph in 2004:

A French judge wants to interview Mr. Pasqua in connection with four corruption investigations, including alleged money laundering to finance his Right-wing Rassemblement pour la France (RPF) political party and the illegal sale of arms to Angola in the late 1990s.

Although Pasqua was under judicial investigation for this array of corrupt activities, he was immune from prosecution under French law as an elected official.

When Pasqua lost his seat in the European parliament, however, he would have lost his immunity. As a result, Pasqua reportedly wrote to French President Jacques Chirac requesting assistance in getting elected to the French Senate, which would restore his immunity:

Charles Pasqua had let it be known that he expected a little help from his powerful friends after losing his legal immunity when he failed to be reelected as Euro-MP in June. After his disastrous showing, the former interior minister wrote to the president calling on his support. His immunity was restored when he was elected to a seat in the Senat,

¹⁴ Id.

¹⁵ Subcommittee Interview of Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz, April 21, 2005; Subcommittee Interview of Vice President Taha Yassin Ramadan, April 18, 2005; Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 1, April 2005.

¹⁶ Subcommittee Interview of Vice President Taha Yassin Ramadan, April 18, 2005; Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No.1, April 2005.

¹⁷ Subcommittee Interview of Vice President Taha Yassin Ramadan, April 18, 2005.

¹⁸ Id.

¹⁹ Id.

²⁰ Id.

²¹ See International Herald Tribune, "Both Sides Try to Spin French Senate Election; Chirac Support Slips as Opposition Gains," September 28, 2004.

²² See Sunday Telegraph, "Corrupt? Moi? Don't Be Silly, I'm a Politician – and a Friend of Jacques," October 3, 2004.

France's second house of parliament, last week after support from members of Mr. Chirac's UMP party. 23

B. Relationship With The Hussein Regime

As Interior Minister, Charles Pasqua was a vocal supporter of restoring economic ties with the Hussein regime. For example, in October 1993, Pasqua reportedly "stunned the French Foreign Ministry" by granting Iraqi Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz a visa to visit France. ²⁴ The purpose of Aziz's visit was ostensibly for medical treatment, but Pasqua reportedly "infuriated" the Foreign Ministry by acknowledging that he met with Aziz to discuss reestablishing relations between France and Iraq once U.N. sanctions were lifted. ²⁵ Six months later, at the March 18, 1994 meeting of the U.N. Security Council, France called for a statement recognizing that Iraq had taken positive steps to comply with the U.N. commission focusing on weapons of mass destruction. Referencing the Security Council meeting, the Washington Post reported: "France is seeking future agreements [with Iraq] for its oil companies and is pressing other commercial ventures in the high-tech realm." ²⁶ According to the article, U.S. intelligence sources believed that "France's Minister of the Interior, Charles Pasqua is coaching the Iraqi's behind the scenes." ²⁷

In early October 1994, a senior advisor to Pasqua told the press that France had "made a mistake" in supporting coalition forces in the Gulf War, and that "the time [had] come to return to Iraq, our natural ally in the Gulf." Shortly thereafter, on October 11, Pasqua again met with Deputy Prime Minister Aziz, this time in New York. Aziz informed Pasqua that Iraq planned to withdraw from the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries and would sell oil to France and other "friendly nations" at 40% of world prices. Approximately two weeks later, Bernard Guillet, Pasqua's foreign affairs advisor, told a colloquium on the U.N. embargo that he hoped a "French interests section" would be opened in Baghdad and warned that if sanctions continued, Iraq would be "reduced to despair."

IV. EVIDENCE THAT CHARLES PASQUA WAS GRANTED OIL ALLOCATIONS FROM THE HUSSEIN REGIME

A. Summary

The Subcommittee has uncovered evidence that the Hussein regime granted allocations of 11 million barrels of oil to Charles Pasqua. The evidence includes internal documents of the Iraqi Ministry of Oil created during the reign of Saddam Hussein. In addition, senior Hussein regime officials that were interviewed by this Subcommittee confirmed that Iraq granted oil allocations under the Oil for Food Program to Charles Pasqua. ³¹ As reflected in the chart below, those allocations to Pasqua fell in Phases VI, VII and VIII of the Oil for Food Program.

²³ Id.

²⁴ See The Washington Post, "Christopher May Find French Foreign Policy Obscured by Political Intrigue," January 24, 1994.

²⁵ See id.

²⁶ See The Washington Post, "The Saddam Lobby," May 8, 1994.

²⁷ See id.

²⁸ See Times Newspapers Limited, "Saddam Heads for Final Victory in the Gulf War," October 2, 1994.

²⁹ See The Washington Times, "France, Britain Oppose Enforcing Exclusion Zone," October 13, 1994.

³⁰ See Agence France Presse, "Iraq Pleads for 'Solid Relations' with France," October 27, 1994.

³¹ Subcommittee Interview of Vice President Taha Yassin Ramadan, April 18, 2005; Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No.1, April 2005.

Oil Allocations Granted to Charles Pasqua by the Hussein Regime Under the Oil for Food Program

PHASE	DATES	ALLOCATION AMOUNT
Vi	May 1999 - December 1999	4 Million Barrels
VII	December 1999 - June 2000	3 Million Barrels
VIII	June 2000 - December 2000	4 Million Barrels

Total Allocations for Charles Pasqua = 11 Million Barrels³²

When asked by the media whether he had received allocations from the Hussein regime, Pasqua denied the allegations.³³ In particular, Pasqua stated: "I have never received anything from Saddom Hussein "³⁴

The evidence concerning the Pasqua allocations is presented and examined below.

B. Allocation In Phase VI

1. Saddam Hussein's Approval of the Allocation to Pasqua

On June 17, 1999, the Executive Director of SOMO sent a handwritten note to the Minister of Oil concerning "The French Personality (Charles Pasqua)." In the first line of this letter, SOMO indicates that Saddam Hussein personally approved an allocation to Charles Pasqua, stating: "The president leader ... has approved the allocation of 3 million barrels to the French personality (Charles Pasqua)." SOMO then describes a problematic meeting with Pasqua's agent and requests that the Minister of Oil provide some advice concerning Pasqua's allocation.

In particular, SOMO stated that Pasqua's agent, a man named Bernard Guillet, had declared that Pasqua wanted a Swiss company called Genmar to contract for his allotted oil. Guillet stated that Genmar was their "chosen company." ³⁶ In response, SOMO indicated that, since Pasqua was a "French personality," it was "essential" that a French company lift his allocations. According to the SOMO letter, Guillet explained that this was "impossible for political reasons." Guillet also indicated that he had previously "explained the situation to [Deputy Prime Minister] Tariq Aziz." SOMO then requested that Guillet "provide us with a letter in which Mr. (Charles Pasqua) authorizes (Genmar) company to lift the crude oil." According to SOMO, Guillet refused to send such a letter, explaining that "they cannot do that fearing political scandals." ³⁷

On June 19, 1999, two days after SOMO's June 17th letter concerning Pasqua, Tariq Aziz's staff informed SOMO that Bernard Guillet was the authorized representative of Charles Pasqua:

³² See, e.g., Comprehensive Report of the Special Advisor to the Director of Central Intelligence on Iraq's WMD, Annex B, September 30, 2004 (the "Duelfer Report").

³³See Fox News, "French Connection to Oil for Food Probed," December 5, 2004, http://www.foxnews.com/story/02C29332C1404782C00.html.

³⁴ Id.

 $^{^{\}rm 35}$ See Letter from Saddam Zeben Hassan to H.E. the Oil Minister, June 17, 1999

³⁶ Id. On April 26, 2005, Pasqua's agent Bernard Guillet was arrested by French authorities in connection with Mr. Guillet's activities under the Oil for Food Program. See Associated Press, "French Ex-Minister Denies Scandal Ties," April 28, 2005.

³⁷ Id.

Please be informed that Mr. (Bernard Guillet) is the diplomatic and political advisor of Mr. (Charles Pasqua), the French politician and former Minister of the Interior; Mr. Guillet represents Mr. Pasqua in receiving the oil allocation allotted to the latter.³⁸

That same day, the Executive Director of SOMO and the Oil Minister held a telephone conference to discuss the allocation to Charles Pasqua. The substance of that conference was captured in a follow-up letter from SOMO to the Oil Minister.³⁹ That letter was entitled "The French Personality Charles Pasqua" and states:

With reference to the telephone conversation with your Excellency this morning, 06/19/1999, the Swiss company Genmar is the authorized company by Mr. Charles Pasqua to lift the quantity allocated to him in phase 6.

SOMO then indicated that it would execute a contract with Genmar for Pasqua's allocation.

2. Genmar Purchases Oil Allocated to Pasqua

Later that day, June 19, 1999, SOMO did in fact sign a contract with Genmar. ⁴⁰ SOMO then forwarded the contractual terms to the Oil Minister for approval. In describing the contract, SOMO indicated that the allocation for the contracted oil had been granted to Charles Pasqua. SOMO also reiterates that the Pasqua allocation had been approved by Saddam Hussein:

Based on the statement of special requests in phase 6 that was approved as per the letter of the presidency of the republic/the secretary..., please find below the details of the contract signed with Genmar Company (Charles Pasqua) as follows:

- 1 Number of Contract: M/06/74
- 2 Date of Contract: 06/19/1999
- 3 Name of Company Buyer: Genmar Resources GMBH, (Charles Pasqua) 41

According to senior representatives of the Hussein regime that were interviewed by the Subcommittee, this correspondence followed the customary form by which SOMO would request approval of Oil for Food contracts from the Oil Minister. In addition, those senior regime officials confirmed that the name in parentheses following the name of the contracting company was the name of the recipient of the oil allocation. As Accordingly, this SOMO approval letter clearly indicates that Genmar had contracted for the oil allotted to Charles Pasqua. The Oil Minister approved the contract the next day. Several weeks later, two million barrels of oil were lifted by Genmar pursuant to Contract M/06/74.

3. Pasqua Granted an Additional Allocation in Phase VI

Later in Phase VI, the Iraqis granted Pasqua a supplemental allocation. On October 5, 1999, the Executive Director of SOMO wrote to the Oil Minister to discuss "Additional Quantities in Phase 6." SOMO indicated that "All companies we do business with... have shown the desire to obtain additional quantities during this phase." SOMO also attached a list that detailed the Phase VI allocation holders and the additional quantities of oil they sought.

³⁸ See Letter from Dr. Sami Sa'doun, Director of the Deputy Prime Minister's Office, to H.E. Mr. Saddam Zeben, dated "6/19." Although the letter does not indicate the year it was written, its placement in chronological order with numerous documents from June 1999 confirm that it was written on June 19, 1999.

³⁹ See Letter from Saddam Zeben Hassan to H.E. The Oil Minister, June 20, 1999.

⁴⁰ See SOMO Crude Oil Sales Contract No. M/06/74. Because oil contracts under the Oil for Food Program contain standard language, the Subcommittee has included the entire contract for M/09/23, but will include only the cover and signature pages of subsequent contracts.

⁴¹ See Letter of Saddam Zeben Hassan to H.E. the Oil Minister, June 21, 1999.

⁴² Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No.1, April 2005.

⁴³ Id.

⁴⁴ See SOMO Commercial Invoice Nos. C/225/99 and C/231/99.

⁴⁵ See Letter of Saddam Zeben Hassan to H.E. the Oil Minister, October 5, 1999.

A handwritten note at the bottom of the letter, presumably written by the Minister of Oil, indicated that the supplemental allocations were being considered by the Vice President of Iraq and Tariq Aziz:

It is still under discussion awaiting for the instructions of the vicepresident of the republic... taking into consideration that the deputy prime minister endorsed the increase of 1 million barrels and 0.7 million barrels as indicated.

Below these handwritten comments appears: "Pasqua 1 million." This notation suggests that Tariq Aziz, the Deputy Prime Minister of Iraq, had endorsed the increase of Pasqua's allocation by 1 million barrels.

Attached to SOMO's letter was the list reflecting Phase VI allocation holders. That chart, entitled "Table No. 1," indicated who the allocation recipients were, the volume of the initial allocation for Phase VI, and how many additional quantities of oil they had requested. On the second page of Table No.1, under the heading "Special Requests" for "France," the list indicates that Charles Pasqua was granted an initial allocation of 3 million barrels. The chart also indicates that Pasqua requested an additional quantity, but that the requested increase was "unspecified."

Pasqua's request for a supplemental allocation was apparently granted, as evidenced by the fact that SOMO and Genmar amended their contract to increase the volume by another 1 million barrels. On October 14, 1999, just days after Tariq Aziz approved the supplemental allocation to Pasqua, SOMO and Genmar submitted letters to the U.N. seeking approval for the additional million barrels. ⁴⁰ The U.N. approved the 1-million-barrel increase several days later. ⁴⁷ A couple weeks after that, one million barrels of oil were lifted by Genmar pursuant to the amended contract. ⁴⁸

The fact that Pasqua's Phase VI allocation was increased by an additional million barrels is confirmed in a SOMO chart written on December 17, 1999, immediately after Phase VI had ended. 49 That chart, entitled "Statement of Quantities Allocated in the Phase Subsequent to Phase VI (Special Requests)," provides detailed information concerning the individuals who received oil allocations. In particular, the chart divides the allocation grantees by country, and indicates the size of their allocation in Phases V, VI and the period after Phase VI. The table also designates which countries were members of the U.N. Security Council, and with even more specificity, points out which were "Permanent Member Countries." As a result, this chart illustrates how the Hussein regime singled out the permanent members of the U.N. Security Council for preferential treatment in order to undermine the U.N.'s sanctions.

With respect to Pasqua, the chart indicates that the former Minister of the Interior received a 4-million barrel allocation in Phase VI. That 4 million barrel figure was comprised of the 3 million barrel initial allotment, and the supplemental 1 million barrels approved by Tariq Aziz in October 1999. This chart provides additional evidence that Pasqua asked for, and was granted, a supplemental allocation of 1 million barrels in Phase VI.

C. Allocation In Phase VII

The SOMO chart created on December 17, 1999 that is discussed above also indicates that Pasqua was granted an allocation in Phase VII of the Oil for Food Program. Under the column "Allocations in the Phase Subsequent to Phase 6," the chart indicates that Pasqua was granted another 3 million barrels. ⁵⁰

With this chart in mind, SOMO signed a contract with Genmar for the 3 million barrels that had been allotted to Charles Pasqua. 51 That contract was numbered M/07/92. Immediately

⁴⁶ See Letter from Saddam Z. Hassan to the "UN Overseers," October 14, 1999; see also Letter from Genmar Resources GMBH to United Nations, October 22, 1999.

⁴⁷ See Letter from the Oil Overseers to Genmar Resources GMBH, October 27, 1999.

⁴⁸ See SOMO Commercial Invoice No. C/286/99

⁴⁹ See "Statement of Quantities Allocated in the Phase Subsequent to Phase Six (Special Requests)," December 17, 1999.

⁵⁰ The initial entry for Pasqua's post-Phase VI allocation was 4 million barrels. That figure, however, was crossed out by hand and replaced with a "3." It is unclear why this adjustment was made.

⁵¹ See SOMO Crude Oil Sales Contract No. M/07/92.

after signing that contract, SOMO forwarded the pertinent contractual terms to the Oil Minister for approval. 52 In doing so, SOMO confirmed that this contract was on behalf of Pasqua:

Based on the statement of allocations in phase 7 that was modified and approved on 12/17/1999, please find below the details of the contract signed with Genmar Company (Charles Pasqua) as follows: 1 - Number of Contract: M/07/92

- 2 Date of Contract: 01/22/2000
- 5 Quantity: 3 million barrels

The Oil Minister approved the contract in short order.

D. Allocation In Phase VIII

As in the previous two Phases, the Hussein regime granted an oil allocation to Charles Pasqua in Phase VIII. A SOMO chart, entitled "Statement of Allocations for the Phase Subsequent to Phase 7," indicates that Pasqua was granted an allocation of 4 million barrels for Phase VIII, the "Phase Subsequent to Phase 7." Si

Later in Phase VIII, SOMO signed a contract with Genmar for those 4 million barrels that had been allotted to Pasqua. 54 The Executive Director of SOMO then informed the Oil Minister of the Genmar contract, indicating that the oil had been allocated to Pasqua:

> With reference to your editorial comment on 06/25/2000 regarding the statement of allocations in phase 8, please find below the details of the contract signed with Genmar Resources GMBH Company (Charles Pasqua):

- 1 Number of Contract: M/08/113
- 2 Date of Contract: 09/21/2000
- 5 Quantity: 4 million barrels.55

The Minister of Oil approved the contract just a few days thereafter. Several weeks after the contract was approved, Genmar lifted roughly 3.6 million barrels of Iraqi crude oil - oil that had been allocated to Pasqua.5

ALLOCATIONS TO PASQUA'S ASSISTANT BERNARD GUILLET

Additional evidence obtained by the Subcommittee indicates that Charles Pasqua's representative, Bernard Guillet, also received oil allocations under the Oil for Food Program. SOMO documents indicate that Mr. Guillet was granted oil allocations in Phases X, XII and XIII totaling 5 million barrels.

⁵² See Letter from Saddam Zeben Hassan, Executive Director of SOMO, to H.E. the Oil Minister, January 24, 2000.

⁵³ See "Statement of Allocations for the Phase Subsequent to Phase Seven" (excerpt). The first page of this chart indicates that the document was prepared on June 14, 2000.

⁵⁴ See SOMO Crude Oil Sales Contract No. M/08/113.

⁵⁵ See Letter from Saddam Zeben Hassan to H.E. the Oil Minister, September 21, 2000.

⁵⁶ See SOMO Commercial Invoice Nos. C/282/2000, C/281/2000, C/297/2000, and C/296/2000.

Oil Allocations Granted to Bernard Guillet by the Hussein Regime Under the Oil for Food Program

PHASE	ALLOCATION AMOUNT	
x	2 Million Barrels	
XI	1 5 Million Barrels	
XIII	1 5 Million Barrels	

Total Allocations for Bernard Guillet = 5 Million Barrels⁵⁷

It is unclear whether those allocated amounts were for the benefit of Mr. Pasqua.

VI. CONCLUSION

Documents created by the Ministry of Oil during the Hussein regime and interviews of high-ranking Hussein regime officials conducted by the Subcommittee provide substantial evidence that Charles Pasqua was granted oil allocations for 11 million barrels of oil from the Hussein regime under the Oil for Food Program in return for his continued support.

⁵⁷ See, e.g., The Duelfer Report, Annex B. In certain documents Mr. Guillet's name is spelled "Giyeh," reflecting the translation of the name from Arabic to English.

VII. GEORGE GALLOWAY

A. Background

1. Outspoken Supporter of Iraq and Hussein Regime

As a Member of the British Parliament, George Galloway was an outspoken supporter of Iraq and the Hussein regime. For instance, during one of his meetings with Saddam Hussein,

Galloway told the Iraqi dictator: "I salute your courage, your strength, your indefatigability." Similarly, as a guest speaker at an annual international conference in May 2001 on lifting the sanctions against Iraq that was hosted by former Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz, Galloway described Iraq as "the center of a crusade against globalization backed by the U.S." Galloway later called Mr. Aziz, "my dear, dear friend."



After the liberation of Iraq by the coalition led by the United States and the United Kingdom, Galloway meets with Saddam Hussein Galloway compared the presence of U.S. and U.K. troops in Iraq with the Nazi occupation of France during World War II, and insisted that Iraqi insurgents had "a legal and moral right to resist foreign occupiers of their country." In October 2004, Galloway was expelled from the Labour Party because of his outspoken comments concerning the Iraq war. (52)



Galloway with Tariq Aziz

After his expulsion from the Labour Party, Galloway founded the Respect party, an acronym for "Respect, Equality, Socialism, Peace, Environment, Community, Trade Unionism." Respect espouses a belief that "there is an alternative to imperialist war, unfettered global capital, and the rule of the market." On May 5, 2005, Galloway was reelected to Parliament.

⁵⁸ See BBC, "Galloway Denies Saddam 'Fawning'," November 16, 2004. This article indicates that Galloway later attempted to clarify his comment, saying that it was directed at the Iraqi people in general.

⁵⁹ See News Bulletin, "UN Sanctions will in the end be lifted from Iraq - Deputy PM Aziz," May 5, 2001.

 $^{^{60}}$ See The Times, "Globetrotter's 14 trips paid for by appeal," April 23, 2003.

⁶¹ See The Sunday Times, "Galloway Compares Iraqi Insurgents to French Resistance," November 23, 2003.

⁶² See BBC, "Galloway Expelled by Labour," October 24, 2004.

 $^{^{\}rm 63}$ See The Constitution of Respect - The Unity Coalition, September 13, 2004.

⁶⁴ Id.

2. Founded the "Mariam Appeal"

In 1998, Galloway established and served as the first chairman of an anti-sanctions campaign named for Mariam Hamza, a 4-year old Iraqi girl suffering from leukemia. Initially, Galloway declared that funds raised by the organization, called the "Mariam Appeal," would be used to pay for the girl's treatment in the U.K. and "to demand the lifting of the sanctions on Iraq." Galloway also indicated that, once Mariam's treatment was funded, excess donations would be directed to medical aid for Iraqi children. 66 Later, Galloway stated that the foundation was "a political campaign that was involved in a life-or-death struggle against the might of the British and American State."67

In April 2003, the Charity Commission of England and Wales launched an investigation into the finances of the Mariam Appeal. 68 Galloway indicated that the Appeal raised nearly one million pounds over four years. 69 Of that sum, the



United Arab Emirates allegedly contributed 500,000 pounds, a Saudi Arabian donor gave 100,000 pounds, and "the bulk of the rest" came from Fawaz Zureikat, a Jordanian businessman.⁷⁰ Galloway insisted that Mariam's Appeal "received no money from Iraq."⁷¹ The Commission's investigation lasted for more than one year, and it ultimately determined that the Mariam Appeal should have been registered as a charity. ⁷² The Commission's report also stated that: "Some of the activities of the Appeal were political by nature, in particular a campaign to end the sanctions against Iraq." The Appeal had been taken out of England and moved to Amman, Jordan. The Commission also found that, although certain salary payments to Appeal employees were unauthorized, there was no evidence of bad faith on the part of the Appeal's Executive Committee.⁷⁵ According to evidence from the Ministry of Oil, both Zureikat and Galloway's Mariam Appeal were involved in the oil allocations granted Galloway. That evidence is examined below.

3. Galloway Denies Allegations

Galloway has consistently denied receiving any money or oil from the Hussein regime. He called allegations that he received hundreds of thousands of British pounds from Saddam Hussein "a lie of fantastic proportions." In a statement issued in 2003, Galloway declared: "I have never solicited nor received money from Iraq for our campaign against war and sanctions. I have never seen a barrel of oil, never owned one, never bought one, never sold one."

⁶⁵ See The Scotsman, "Galloway Iraq appeal cleared of impropriety over funds," June 29, 2004.

⁶⁶ See The Times, "Globetrotter's 14 trips paid for by appeal," April 23, 2003.

⁶⁷ Id.

 $^{^{68}}$ See BBC, "Probe into Galloway's Mariam Appeal," April 25, 2003.

⁶⁹ See The Guardian, "Charity Commission Launches Galloway Inquiry," April 25, 2003.

⁷⁰ See The Charity Commission of England and Wales, "The Mariam Appeal," June 29, 2004; The Guardian, "Charity Commission Launches Galloway Inquiry," April 25, 2003. The name of the Jordanian businessman has been spelled many different ways. For purposes of this Report, his name will be spelled "Fawaz Zureikat," unless it appears differently in a quoted document.

⁷¹ Id.

⁷² See The Charity Commission of England and Wales, "The Mariam Appeal," June 29, 2004; The Scotsman, "Galloway Iraq appeal cleared of impropriety over funds," June 29, 2004.

⁷³ Id.

⁷⁴ Id.

⁷⁵ Id.

⁷⁶ See BBC, "Probe into Galloway's Mariam Appeal," April 25, 2003.

⁷⁷ See Statement of George Galloway, reprinted in the Guardian, April 22, 2003.

VIII. EVIDENCE THAT GEORGE GALLOWAY WAS GRANTED OIL ALLOCATIONS FROM THE HUSSEIN REGIME

A. Summary

As detailed below, the Subcommittee has uncovered significant evidence that George Galloway was allocated millions of barrels of crude oil under the OFF Program. The evidence of Galloway's allocations is primarily comprised of internal documents from the Hussein-era Ministry of Oil, documents from the Ministry of Oil created after the fall of the Hussein regime, interviews of senior officials of the Hussein regime conducted by the Subcommittee, and interviews of Hussein regime officials conducted by the U.S. Treasury Iraqi Financial Asset

In April 2005, the Vice President of Iraq, Taha Yasin Ramadan, told the Subcommittee that Galloway had been granted oil allocations "because of his opinions about Iraq" and because Galloway "want[ed] to lift the embargo against Iraq." 18 In 2003, another Hussein official told investigators of the U.S. Treasury Department that "a member of the British Parliament benefited tremendously from the illegal trade of oil by Iraq," and specifically identified Galloway:

[The source] stated that George Galloway, Labor Party, was the owner of a company \dots that was involved in the Iraqi oil trade scheme. ⁷⁹

According to the evidence presented in the Duelfer Report, the Hussein regime granted Galloway six oil allocations totaling 20 million barrels of oil, starting in Phase VIII of the Program (2000) and continuing through Phase XIII (2003). 80

Oil Allocations Granted to George Galloway by the Hussein Regime Under the Oil for Food Program

PHASE	DATES	ALLOCATION AMOUNT (MILLION BARRELS)
vin	June 2000 - December 2000	4 0
IX	December 2000 - July 2001	10
x	July 2001 - November 2001	3.0
XI	December 2001 - May 2002	30
XII	May 2002 - December 2002	60
xm	December 2002 - June 2003	30

Total Allocations to George Galloway = 20.0 Million Barrels⁸¹

For each of Galloway's allocations, the evidence indicates that SOMO contracted with one of two entities – Aredio Petroleum-France or Middle East Advanced Semiconductor, Inc. ("Middle East ASI"). The President of Middle East ASI was Fawaz Zureikat, who facilitated several oil transactions for Galloway. For instance, one Hussein regime official confirmed:

[H]e was aware that Galloway received an oil allowance of over 3 million barrels of oil. Galloway used a foreign company to broker the sale of the oil allowances. The name of the company was Middle East Semi-conducting Company (MESCC). [The source] identified the owner/manager of MESSC as Fawaz Zureqat. §2

Nubcommittee Interview of Taha Yassin Ramadan, April 18, 2005.

Memorandum of Interview of former regime official by U.S. Treasury Iraqi Financial Asset Team on November 6, 2003 (Interview #17).

⁸⁰ See Duelfer Report, Annex B.

⁸¹ Id.

⁸² Memorandum of Interview of former regime official by U.S. Treasury Iraqi Financial Asset Team on January 16, 2004 (Interview #13).

The evidence presented in this Report focuses on four of the oil allocations granted to Galloway. Specifically, the Subcommittee has obtained evidence concerning allocations granted to Galloway in Phases IX, XI, XII and XIII.

B. Allocation In Phase IX

The first allocation for which the Subcommittee has documentary evidence of Galloway's involvement took place in 2001. On January 13, 2001, a company called "Aredio Petroleum – France" executed an oil purchase contract with SOMO.⁸³ That contract was numbered M/09/23. The next day, SOMO requested approval of Contract M/09/23 from the Oil Minister. In describing the contract, SOMO stated that the contract was signed with "Aredio Petroleum Company (Fawaz Zuraiqat – Mariam's Appeal)." According to senior Hussein regime officials that were interviewed by the Subcommittee, SOMO's letter followed the traditional form used to request approval from the Oil Minister. SA t least one regime official also confirmed to the Subcommittee that the name in parenthesis after the name of the oil purchaser was the name of the allocation recipient. SA

In this case, the letter indicated that the oil had been allotted to "Mariam's Appeal," Galloway's purported charity to help the four-year old leukemia victim. This document indicates that Galloway may have used the charitable organization to conceal payments from the oil allocation he had received from the Hussein regime.

Another SOMO document makes a more direct link between the oil underlying Aredio's January 2001 contract and George Galloway. That document is a chart created after the fall of the Hussein regime entitled, "Crude Oil Allocations during Phase 9 of the Memorandum of Understanding." It lists every oil contract in Phase IX of the Program and indicates the person or entity that had been allocated that oil.⁸⁷ The entry for Contract M/09/23 indicates that the contract was executed with "Mr. Fawaz Zuraiqat/George Galloway/Aredio Petroleum – French." This SOMO document shows that the allocation for Contract M/09/23 was not just for Mariam's Appeal, but also for George Galloway.

Roughly two weeks after the contract was signed, Aredio Petroleum lifted 1,014,403 barrels of oil pursuant to M/09/23. SOMO documents reveal that, in connection with this oil transaction, Iraq demanded an under-the-table payment totaling about \$300,000 to be paid to the Hussein regime.

This payment was part of a larger Iraqi effort to obtain illegal "surcharges" on oil sold under the Oil for Food Program. The SOMO chart examined above, called "Crude Oil Allocations during Phase 9 of the Memorandum of Understanding," states that the Hussein regime "imposed" a surcharge on each contract in Phase IX:

Due to the special nature of this phase as the former regime imposed commission on the contractors (surcharge amount) and since many companies refused to pay said surcharge, therefore, instructions were given to contract with any company willing to pay the surcharge.

Since this chart also lists Aredio as a contractor on M/09/23, it suggests that Aredio was "willing to pay the surcharge."

Another SOMO document created after the fall of Hussein regime indicates that Aredio did, in fact, pay the demanded surcharge to the Hussein regime in connection with this contract. That document, a Ministry of Oil chart entitled "List of Surcharges," details (i) each contract for the purchase of oil in Phases VIII through XII of the Oil for Food Program, (ii) the name of the purchasing entity, (iii) the amount of oil lifted, (iv) the rate of the surcharge as agreed by the purchaser and SOMO, (v) the amount of the surcharge owed, (vi) the amount of the surcharge paid by the purchaser, and (vii) any outstanding balance.⁸⁹ The entry for Contract M/09/23

⁸³ See SOMO Crude Oil Sales Contract No. M/09/23.

 $^{^{84}}$ See Letter from Saddam Zeben Hassan to H.E. the Oil Minister, January 14, 2001.

⁸⁵ Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No.1.

⁸⁶ Id.

⁸⁷ See SOMO Chart, "Crude Oil Allocations during Phase (9) of the Memorandum of Understanding," undated.

⁸⁸ See SOMO Commercial Invoice No. B/13/2001

⁸⁹ See Ministry of Oil List of Surcharges (excerpt).

confirms that Aredio lifted precisely 1,014,403 barrels of oil. Next, the chart reveals the "Surcharge per Agreement" was 30 cents per barrel. The amount owed, according to the chart, was \$304,320.90. Finally, the chart shows that Aredio paid the entire amount in full.

According to the senior Hussein regime officials interviewed by the Subcommittee, every single individual who received oil allocations throughout the surcharge period (September 2000 through late 2002) knew of and were responsible for paying the illegal surcharges. 50 These officials further stated that, although the allocation recipient knew of the surcharges, the actual oil purchasers may have facilitated or made the illegal payments. According to the senior Hussein regime officials interviewed by the Subcommittee, George Galloway would have known of - and perhaps facilitated - the illegal, under-the-table payment of \$304,320.90 that was made to the Hussein regime.

C. Allocation In Phase XI

On December 12, 2001, SOMO signed a contract with Middle East ASI for three million barrels of oil in Phase XI of the Oil for Food Program. ⁹¹ That contract, numbered M/11/04, was signed for the purchaser by Fawaz Zureikat. A few days later, the Acting Executive Director of SOMO wrote to the Oil Minister, requesting approval of Contract M/11/04. ⁹² In describing the contract, SOMO indicated that the oil had been allocated to George Galloway:

Based on the statement of allocations dated 12/10/2001, please find below the details of the contract signed with Middle East ASI Company (Mr. George Galloway)/Fawaz Zuraiqat.

At the end of the letter, SOMO indicated that Middle East ASI had apparently failed to pay its surcharges from previous contracts, and that the Minister of Oil instructed SOMO to reject any of the company's proposals unless it paid off its outstanding surcharges:

Surcharge: As per the instructions of your Excellency over the phone on 12/11/2001 of not accepting the company's proposals unless they pay the debt incurred since phase eight.

A few weeks later, Middle East ASI loaded 2,360,860 barrels of Iraqi crude oil onto an oil tanker pursuant to Contract M/11/04.⁹³ This action implies that Middle East ASI paid its outstanding surcharge balance.

Although Middle East ASI apparently paid its outstanding balance for previous surcharges, a SOMO document indicates that the company failed to pay the agreed-upon surcharge for Contract M/11/04. That document, the Surcharge Chart described above, shows that the company lifted 2,360,860 barrels of oil in connection with M/11/04 and that it had agreed to pay a 30-cent surcharge for each barrel. Accordingly, the chart indicates that the company owed \$708,258 in surcharges for that contract. The chart then indicates that the company did not pay the surcharge.

D. Allocation In Phase XII

On June 3, 2002, SOMO executed another oil contract with Middle East ASI for three million barrels of oil in Phase XII of the Oil for Food Program. ⁹⁵ That contract, numbered M/12/14, was again signed by Fawaz Zureikat for the purchaser. The next day, SOMO informed the Iraqi Financial Department of Contract M/12/14. ⁹⁶ Tellingly, the Acting Executive Director of SOMO indicated that the oil for this contract had been allocated to George Galloway, referring to the contract as "Contract No. M/12/14 with Middle East ASI (Mr. Galloway)." As

⁹⁰ Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No.1.

⁹¹ See SOMO Crude Oil Sales Contract No. M/11/04.

⁹² See Letter from Ali Rajab Hassan, Acting Executive Director of SOMO, to H.E. the Oil Minister, December 19, 2001.

⁹³ See SOMO Commercial Invoice No. B/238/2001.

⁹⁴ See SOMO Surcharge Chart (excerpt).

⁹⁵ See SOMO Crude Oil Sales Contract No. M/12/14.

⁹⁶ See Letter of Ali Rajab Hassan to "The Financial Department," June 4, 2002.

noted above, senior officials in the Hussein regime confirmed to the Subcommittee that the name in parenthesis next to the purchasing company identified the recipient of the allocation.

Another SOMO document also indicates that the oil underlying Contract M/12/14 had been allocated to Galloway. That document, a letter from SOMO requesting approval of M/12/14 from the Oil Minister, states as follows:

Based on the statement of allocations dated 05/22/2002, please find below the details of the contract signed with Middle East ASI Company (on behalf of Mr. George Galloway). 97

Not only does this letter confirm that the oil had been allocated to Galloway, it also indicates "Surcharge: payable within (30) days from the date of loading."

Several months after the contract was signed, 1.4 million barrels of oil was lifted pursuant to M/12/14.98 Although the parties had agreed to pay surcharges within 30 days of the loading of the oil, it appears that no such payments were made in connection with this contract. One possible explanation for this discrepancy is that the United States and the United Kingdom, as members of the U.N. committee monitoring the Oil for Food Program, had instituted a policy called "retroactive pricing" that made payment of the illegal surcharges uneconomical.99 That retroactive pricing policy was implemented during Phase XII of the Program, precisely when this contract was executed.

E. Allocation In Phase XIII

In the final phase of the Oil for Food Program, Middle East ASI signed contract M/13/48 for the purchase of two million barrels of oil. Soon after Contract M/13/48 was signed, a senior SOMO official informed the Financial Department of the contract. On M/13/48 with Middle East ASI (Mr. Galloway). In addition, according to the senior Hussein officials interviewed by the Subcommittee, Mr. Galloway had been allocated the oil purchased under M/13/48.

Altogether, SOMO documents and interviews of Iraqi officials provide substantial evidence that Mr. Galloway was granted allocations for millions of barrels of oil by the Hussein regime.

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On December 2, 2004, Galloway won a libel suit against a British newspaper, the *Daily Telegraph*, relating to an article on Galloway's involvement in the Oil for Food Program. ¹⁰² The article that instigated the lawsuit apparently included forged documents concerning Mr. Galloway that were purported to be found in the Iraqi Foreign Ministry after the fall of the Hussein regime. ¹⁰³ The documents in that article included correspondence from 1992 and 1993. The British court ruled that the documents were "seriously defamatory," that the newspaper was obligated to provide Galloway with an opportunity to respond to the allegations in the documents, and that its failure to do so entitled Galloway to damages.

The documents presented in this Report have no relation to those discussed in the *Daily Telegraph* piece. First, the *Daily Telegraph* article cited documents from 1992 and 1993, whereas the earliest document examined here dates from 2001. In addition, the seemingly forged documents in the article were connected to the Iraqi Foreign Ministry, while the documents examined by the Subcommittee were prepared by the Iraqi Ministry of Oil and its subdivision SOMO. Finally, the *Daily Telegraph* documents reportedly included allegations that Galloway was on the payroll of the Hussein regime, receiving a salary or direct payments. In contrast, the

⁹⁷ See Letter from Ali Rajab Hassan to H.E. the Oil Minister, June 4, 2002.

⁹⁸ See SOMO Commercial Invoice Nos. B/196/2002 and B/208/2002

⁹⁹ See UPI, "Analysis: Iraq Complains About Oil Prices," June 19, 2002.

¹⁰⁰ See SOMO Crude Oil Sales Contract No. M/13/48.

¹⁰¹ See Letter of Ali Rajab Hassan, Head of Oil Marketing Second Department, to "The Financial Department," January 25, 2003.

¹⁰² See New York Times, "British Lawmaker Wins Libe! Suit Against Daily Telegraph," December 2, 2004.

¹⁰³ See BBC, "Galloway Wins Saddam Libel Case," December 2, 2004; see also Reuters, "British MP to sue over Iraqi Payoff Report (Galloway)," April 22, 2003.

evidence examined by the Subcommittee indicates that Galloway was granted oil allocations that would have to be monetized through complex oil transactions.

[N.B. After the initial release of this Report on May 17, 2005, it was discovered that the contents of the documents published by *The Christian Science Monitor* and *The Daily Telegraph* were conflated in the two preceding paragraphs. A full explanation regarding both sets of documents is set forth in Appendix C of the "Report Concerning the Testimony of George Galloway Before the Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations" released on October 25, 2005 in conjunction with the Subcommittee's hearing on October 31, 2005, entitled "Corruption In The United Nations Oil-for-Food Program: Reaching a Consensus on United Nations Reform." The full text of Appendix C, including footnotes, follows:

APPENDIX C

SUBJECT: DISTINCTION BETWEEN THE DOCUMENTS USED BY THE SUBCOMMITTEE AND THE DOCUMENTS PUBLISHED IN THE DAILY TELEGRAPH AND THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

In its investigation into the Oil-for-Food Program, the Subcommittee has relied upon documents from multiple sources, including documents obtained from the Iraqi State Oil Marketing Organization ("SOMO"). The May 12, 2005 Subcommittee report relating to Galloway ("the May 12 Report") stated that the SOMO documents were different and distinct from those featured in articles published by *The Daily Telegraph* in April 2003. In explaining the differences between the SOMO documents and the documents featured in the *Telegraph* the May 12 Report stated that the *Telegraph* documents "included correspondence from 1992 and 1993." The May 12 Report also stated that the documents were "seemingly forged." Finally, the May 12 Report stated that the *Telegraph* documents "included allegations that Galloway was on the payroll of the Hussein regime, receiving a salary or direct payments."

The May 12 Report conflated the contents of the *Telegraph* documents with the contents of documents reported on in *The Christian Science Monitor* in April 2003, which indeed "included correspondence from 1992 and 1993," were "seemingly forged," and "included allegations that Galloway was on the payroll of the Hussein regime, receiving a salary or direct payments."

In fact, the documents featured by the Telegraph dated from December 1999 through May 2000, and did not contain correspondence from 1992 and 1993. The Telegraph documents were not "seemingly forged" (nor is there any evidence to date that the Telegraph documents were forged). To the contrary, as presented in the report to which this Appendix is attached, senior Hussein regime officials – including former Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz – have confirmed the authenticity of the Telegraph documents as well as the veracity their contents.

The authenticity of the documents published by the Telegraph was not at issue in the libel lawsuit brought by Galloway. Instead, Galloway claimed that the Telegraph did not provide him with an adequate opportunity to respond to the allegations prior to the publication of their stories. Galloway also claimed that the total effect of the Telegraph's extensive coverage of the issues surrounding the documents had a defamatory effect.

A further explanation of the distinction between the documents published by *The Daily Telegraph* and those published by *The Christian Science Monitor* follows.

Documents Discovered by a Reporter from The Daily Telegraph:

On Saturday, April 19, 2003 a foreign correspondent for *The Daily Telegraph* named David Blair was in Baghdad reporting on the post-war situation. ¹⁰⁴ Blair, along with a hired interpreter, entered the Ministry of Foreign Affairs with the hope of finding documents relating to British Prime Minister Tony Blair. The Ministry was abandoned and unguarded, and there were looters going in and coming out. After some initial proporation, Blair came across a room that was filled with filing boxes stacked on the floor and on tiers of metal shelves. Blair estimates that there were over 200 such boxes in the room. Each box had a small label in Arabic. Blair had his translator go through the boxes reading off the labels. Many of the boxes were labeled by country, and eventually the translator came across two boxes labeled "Britain" and one box labeled "Britain and France." Flipping through one of the binders from one of the "Britain" boxes, Blair found one page that was written in English. This turned out to be the "To Whom it May Concern" letter from Galloway naming Zureikat as his representative on all matters relating to the Mariam Appeal. Blair and his translator took the three boxes and a few loose binders and returned to Blair's hotel from. Once back at the hotel, Blair had his translator go through the binders one by one and translate the gist of each document. Most of the documents were routine correspondence and memoranda that one would expect to cross the desk of the Iraqi foreign minister. Having found nothing more of interest, Blair instructed his translator to go home for the day.

¹⁰⁴ The facts surrounding the discovery of the documents are taken from the witness statement of David Blair in the case of George Galloway v. Telegraph Group Ltd., Case No. HQ03X02026 ("Telegraph Lawsuit").

The next day, April 20, Blair and the translator returned to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and back to the room with the stacks of orange boxes. Blair instructed the translator to look for boxes labeled "France." The translator found one quickly and they left the ministry. Returning to his hotel, Blair and the translator gagin leafed through the folders looking for documents of interest. It was during this time when the translator discovered the January 3, 2000 letter written by the head of the Iraqi Intelligence Service ("IIS"). Blair had the IIS letter translated and then had the translator identify a handful of other documents relevant to the IIS letter.

Blair considered the possibility that the IIS letter and other relevant documents had been forged. In the end, however, Blair believed that the circumstances in which he and his translator had discovered the documents favored their authenticity.

... I thought that it would have been an extraordinarily elaborate exercise to forge this intelligence memorandum running to several pages, not to mention Tariq Aziz's letter and Mr Galloway's signed letter appointing Mr Zureikat to act for him. Someone would have had to get hold of the right type of paper and forge a signature that matched those that appeared on other documents in that folder. They would have had to take that forged document into the foreign ministry, [and] find this particular folder in this particular filing-box

Then they would have had to take the folder apart and insert the document into the middle of it—in correct chronological sequence with the other documents, re-bind the folder (using an identical single-bowed knot) and then place it back in the filing-box in the room. There was a hand-written index at the start of the folder where the documents I refer to above were located listing all the documents in it. What I did not know at the time but discovered subsequently was that the document initially stapled at the front of the intelligence chief's memorandum was referred to on this index, so any forger would have had to forge this [the index] too. 105

Several articles based on the IIS letter and other relevant documents were published soon afterwards in the Telegraph.

Blair and his translator retuned to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs on April 22. At that time, the ministry was guarded by armed men who were members of the Free fraqi Forces, a militia attached to the fraqi National Congress. The men initially refused to allow Blair entry, but he was allowed in several hours later when he returned with two TV crews and a freelance photographer, Heathcliff O'Malley. O'Malley took photographs tracing Blair's route to the room that contained the boxes of documents and took photographs of the room itself. Blair did not attempt to remove any documents from the ministry that day. O'Malley took photographs of the key documents back at Blair's hotel room. Blair took all of the key documents and binders with him when he left Baghdad for London on April 25. The documents remain in the custody of the Telegraph.

Documents Reported Upon by The Christian Science Monitor:

The documents that *The Christian Science Monitor* reported on in April 2003 differ in many respects from those discovered by David Blair and reported on in *The Daily Telegraph*. *The Christian Science Monitor* ("CSM") documents, obtained in Iraq by a reporter named Philip Smucker, indicated direct payments of more than \$10 million to Galloway. ¹⁶⁸ As reported in the April 25, 2003 edition of the CSM, the documents included direct orders from the Hussein regime to issue Galloway six separate payments, starting in July 1992 and ending in January 2003. According to the article, these documents were taken from a Baghdad house purported to have been used by Saddam Hussein's son Qusay. The documents were provided to Smucker by a purported Iraqi general named Salah Abdel Rasool only after Smucker agreed to pay Rasool's neighbor \$800 to translate the documents.

The CSM articles detailed that the three most recent payment authorizations, beginning on April 4, 2000, and ending on January 14, 2003, were for \$3 million each. For example, the document dated January 14, 2003, was written on Iraqi Republican Guard stationary and indicated that a \$3 million "gratuity" was issued to Galloway in return for Galloway's "courageous and daring stands against the enemies of Iraq." This letter was purportedly signed by three Iraqi generals as well as Qusay Hussein himself. Another letter dated July 27, 1999, authorized a \$1 million dollar payment to Galloway as agreed upon by Qusay Hussein. The CSM articlated as los cited two letters detailing earlier payments to Galloway in July 1992 and October 1993. The October letter indicated a \$600,000 payment to Galloway via a representative of the directorate of the Iraqi Special Security Organization.

After the first CSM article appeared on April 25, 2003, an extensive investigation ensued stemming from a May 2003 article in The Mail newspaper. The Mail article disputed the authenticity of certain documents obtained by The Mail from Salah Abdel Rasool – the same person who was the source of CSM's documents. The documents purchased by The Mail also purportedly showed payoffs to Galloway by the Hussein regime. After an examination by experts, The Mail concluded that the documents that it had purchased from Rasool were fake. Rasool also claimed to be in possession of documents "proving" that six of the 19 September 11 hijackers learned to fly in Iraq.

As a result of CSM's investigation, the newspaper reported in June that the six documents detailed in its April 25 article were, in fact, forgeries. This conclusion was based on an examination of the documents using both

¹⁰⁵ Witness statement of David Blair from the Telegraph Lawsuit at 🖞 49-50.

¹⁶⁶ The facts relating to the documents published by *The Christian Science Monitor* are taken from two articles; Philip Smucker, *Newly found Iraqi files raise heat on British MP*, Christian Science Monitor, Apr. 25, 2003, and *Galloway papers deemed forgeries*, Christian Science Monitor, June 20, 2003.

textual analysis and a chemical analysis of the ink used on the documents. The June article, for example, indicated that Hassan Mneimmeh of the Iraq Research and Documentation Project conducted a textual examination and compared the *Telegraph* documents to the *CSM* documents. After examining copies of the *Telegraph* is documents, Mr. Mneimmeh deemed them to be consistent with other authentic Iraqi documents he had seen, but he did not have the same conclusion for the *CSM* documents. Similarly, the article explained that the *CSM* documents simply could not have been prepared when their dates said they were made based on examination by an ink chemist.]

+ + +

IX. CONCLUSION

Despite Galloway's denials, the evidence obtained by the Subcommittee, including Hussein-era documents from the Ministry of Oil and testimony from senior Hussein officials, shows that Iraq granted George Galloway allocations for millions of barrels of oil under the Oil for Food Program. Moreover, some evidence indicates that Galloway appeared to use a charity for children's leukemia to conceal payments associated with at least one such allocation. Lastly, according to senior Hussein officials, the oil allocations were granted by Iraq because of Galloway's support for the Hussein regime and his opposition to U.N. sanctions.

+ + +

Footnote (FN) Documents

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

RE: The French Personality (Charles Pasqua)

- The president leader (May God Protect him) has approved the allocation of (3) million barrels to the French personality (Charles Pasqua).
- The French personality (Bernard Guillet) visited us this morning on the part of (Charles Pasqua), and requested to send the oil contract to (Genmar), the Swiss company to be signed since this is their chosen company. When we explained it was essential to choose a French company since the quantity was allocated to a French personality, Mr. (Bernard Guillet) said that was impossible for political reasons, and that he explained the situation to Mr. Tariq Aziz.
- We asked Mr. (Bernard Guillet) to provide us with a letter in which Mr. (Charles Pasqua) authorizes (Genmar) company to lift the crude oil. He declined and explained that they cannot do that fearing political scandals.

It is worth to mention that both Mr. (Elias Al-Farzali) and Mrs. (Hamidah Na'naa) have chosen the same Swiss company (Genmar) to sign the contracts related to the quantities allocated to them, and in the same way Mr. (Bernard Guillet) requested; meaning sending the contract by fax, which also means that (Genmar) company's representative does not have to come to Baghdad to sign the contract.

Please review and advice.

Regards, Saddam Zeben Hassan Executive Director/ State Oil Marketing Organization

06/17/1999 Kadhum Razuqi

PSI Staff Rpt (PG) - FN 35

Council of Ministers Deputy Prime Minister

To: H.E. Mr. Saddam Zeben

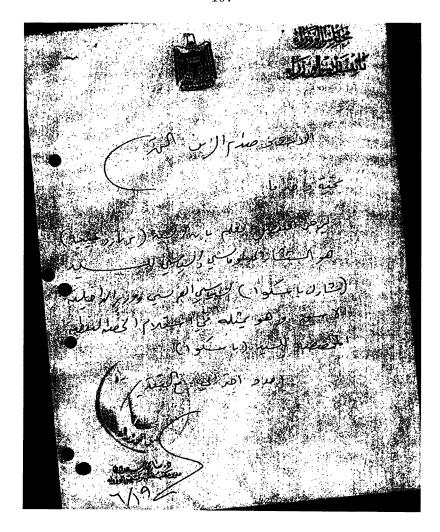
Please be informed that Mr. (Bernard Guillet) is the diplomatic and political advisor of Mr. (Charles Pasqua), the French politician and former Minister of the Interior; Mr. Guillet represents Mr. Pasqua in receiving the oil allocation allotted to the latter.

Regards,

Dr. Sami Sa'doun

Director of the Deputy Prime Minister's Office 06/19

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (PG) - FN 38



108

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq Ministry of Oil State Oil Marketing Organization (State Company) No.: KH2/9211 Date: 5 Rabi I, 1420H Equivalent to 06/20/1999

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

RE: The French Personality Charles Pasqua

With reference to the telephone conversation with your Excellency this morning, 06/19/1999, the Swiss Company Genmar is the authorized company by Mr. Charles Pasqua to lift the quantity allocated to him in phase (6). We will sign the contract and send it by fax to be signed by the aforesaid company the same method that was adopted when we dealt with Mr. Elias Al-Farzali and Mrs. Hamidah Na'naa.

For your review and approval, please.

Regards,

Saddam Zeben Hassan Executive Director

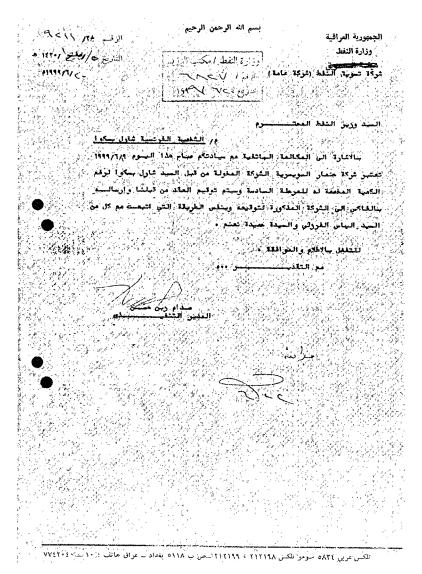
I approve

06/22

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Arabic Telex 5834 P.O. Box 5118 Baghdad – Iraq SOMO telex 212198 / 212199 Tel. 7742040 – 10

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (PG) - FN 39



22/06/1999 15:46 41-41-445-0166 22.- JUN. 1999 10:41 STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

PSI Staff Rpt (PG) - FN 40

22/06/1999 15:46 - 41-41-445-0166 22, JUN, 1999 10:41. SECTION ONE SPECIFIC PROVISIONS
F.O.B. CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

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22. JUN. 1999 10:42.

NR 6354 . S. 6 Contract between State Oll Marketing Organization. (hereinafter called SELLER) of the one part and CENNAR RESOURCES CHBH - SWITTERLAND (hereinefter called BUXER) of the other part.

Whereby it is agreed as follows:-

SECTION ONE Wherever the General Provisions of Section Two, attached and herein incorporated in this Contract, are at variance or in conflict with this Section One, the provisions of Section One shall govern.

ARTICLE ONE

DEFINITIONS

As used in this Contract, unless otherwise provided, the following words and terms shall have the following scanings:-

Barrel : means forty-two (42) D.S. Gallons at sixty degrees (60°) Fahrenheit and at normal atmospheric pressure.

Day means a period of twenty-four (24) chaming hours commencing at 00.01 hours local time at the port of loading.

Barrel per means the average number of barrels of crade oil Day (B/d): supplied during a calendar day as defined above.

means "Free on Board" as referred to an the ICC . F.O.B: Incoterns 1999

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PERICOL

- NR 6354 S. 8. 1. Subject to Article Eight below, this Contract abalt,
 Decome effective on the 19th day of June 1998, and shall continue thereafter until the 20th of November 1999, unless renewed by mutual agreement.
 - 2. The ultimate consumer of the chide oil sold inder this Contract shall be Refineries in Europa

Any change in the descination is subject to the prior approval of Seller.

AFFICLE MIREE

QUARTITY AND QUALITY.

1. SELLER undertakes to sell and deliver with and bottom undertakes to purchase, receive and pay for the collowings. Quantity Post bt Loading
3 060 SDD/BBLS CEREAR

Type of caude

KIRKUK

- 2. The quality of the crude oil shall be the stablered export quality available at the port of loading room time to time!
- 3. Quantities shall represent contracted quantities or number of barrels per day ountracted multiplied by the number of days of the relevant period salpulated in Sub Article 2.1
 - 4- Quantities shall be lifted as evenly as possible dwar the course of such delivery period in lots of approximate barrels and se will be agreed between BURN and SKILLE.

 5. Quantities lifted under allowed operational reseal alippage shall be deemed as part of the contracted quantities of the period.
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GENMAR RESOURCES PAG
NR 6354 S 9

PAGE 08

22, JUN. 1999, 10:44

- 6. In cases when SELLER, for reasons technical or otherwise that are beyond his control, is unable to meet his full contractual commitments, SELLER shall have the right to reduce the contracted quantities for the duration of the period when such circumstances shall prevail; SELLER shall advise BUYER as soon as possible before the beginning of any period during which supplies to all buyers are to be reduced.
- 7. In no event shall any loading start beyond the 20th of November 1999, unless the Security Council has authorized sales beyond that date.

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REOPENER:

Each party shall have the right not later than the 15th day of any month to request a review of the pricing machanism of this Contract.

If following a request for a review, the parties are mable to agree within a period of ten (10) days from the date upon which such request was made, either party may elect to terminate this Contract by serving written notice of phase-out to the other party and termination whall be effective at the and of the other party and termination shall be effective at the and of the month following the month during which the notice of termination has been received. in Appropri

But if the parties are able to agree within the above mentioned ten (10) days period, any agreed upon adjustment to the pricing mechanism shall be subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.

Bowsver, if such approval has not been granted by the 661 Committee, this Contract shall be considered as terminated as of the end of the month following the month during which the above mentioned ten (10) days period ends unless the parties agree otherwise.

In case of Contract termination under any of the above mentioned events, this Contract shall remain in full force and effect at the pricing mechanism applicable in accordance with this Contract terms and conditions up to the effective date of termination and such termination shall not affect the parties' rights and obligations therefrom, unless the parties agree otherwise during the period prior to the effective date. of termination.

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ARTICLE SIX

PAYMENT:

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1. BUYER shall establish in respect of each shippent listed under this Contract an irrevocable documentary lister of credit issued by a bank acceptable to sabque Martionale de Paris, S.A. ("BNP") for confirmation, in the form set out in Appendix I hereof.

In all cases, the Letter of credit shall be established, confirmed and accepted at least seven (1) days prior to loading date.

- 2 BUYER irrevocably undertakes that payment for laids cargo of orude oil lifted shall be made out of the proceeds of the confirmed Letter of tredit directly to account number 0200-201752-001-08 established by the Secretary Cemeral of the United Nations, pursuant to paragraph 7 of Sch 986, at BNP (New York Branch) (hereinafter "United Nations Irrag Account"), upon presentation to BNP of the Deciments required by the Letter of Credit, including but set limited to the Commercial Invoice and the Bill of Lading.
- 3. All charges within Iraq are for SELLER, whereas all charges outside Iraq are to be borne by BUYER.
- 4. Unless otherwise provided herein, payment shall be made not later than thirty (30) days from B/L date; in mass fate funds.

If payment falls due on a Saturday or Bank holiday other than Monday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on the last preceding banking day. If payment falls due on a Sunday or a Monday Bank holiday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on the next succeeding banking day.

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NR 6354 35. 13 GENMAR RESOURCES 22/86/1999 16:46 41-41-445-0166 22. JUN. 1999 10:46 APTICLE SEVEN SOMO STANDARD DOCUMENTATION: Bill of Lading Certificate of Origin Certificate of Quality and Quantity Loading Time Sheet Ullage Report uilage Report

Master's Receipt for Samples

Distribution of Documents Two sets of documents are handed to Master, one being for Consignee. SELLER shall saving BUXER by telexion table within forty sight (48) hours following each loading with the following details: a) Vessel's Name b) Loading Port Commenced Loading Date. c) Commenced Loading Date
d) Completed Loading Date
e) Sailing Date
f) Gross and met quantities in metric tons long and U.S. barrelet. ARTICLE EIGHT APPROVAL OF CONTRACT The state of the s This Contract is subject to the approval of the Deerseers on behalf of the 661 Committee. Such approval shall be obtained in accordance with the Procedures utilizing the form phtained in accordance with the Procedures (utilizing the set out in Appendix II hereof.

ARTICLE NIME

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

1. Loading of any shipment of cruda oil shall be sabject to the authorisation of the Inspectors at the portion loading. The Inspectors shall also have the authority to stop the loading if they determine that there is any avidance of irregularity. evidence of irregularity

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GENMAR RESOURCES

GENMAR RESOURCES

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2- Notwithstanding Sub Article 4-3 of Section Two of this
Contract, the accepted date of afrival of the vessel at
the loading ports shall be fixed on a one (1) day range.
All related Articles of Section Two of the Contract will
read to that effect and conformity.

3. Notwithstanding Sub Article (6-5) of Section Two of this
Contract SELLER shall be allowed as layting at All Make

Contract SELLER shall be allowed as laytime at A. Bakr Terminal as follows:-

Laytime (hrs)	Vessel DWT(RT)
36	Up to 129 999
54	130 000 - 199 599
65	Diller and one

65 Ower 200 000
All related Articles of Section Two of the Contract will read to that effect and conformity.

- i. In addition to the events specified in sub Article & of Section Two, any time consumed Bud to the Inspectors prohibiting loading shall not count as used layting.
- S. This Contract shall terminate forthwith in the event that the Security Council terminates the authorisation to import petroleum or petroleum products or ginating in Iraq.
- b. Assignment of the rights of obligations of the SETLER or BUYER shall be subject to the approval of the SEI Committee
- Any claims from BUYER under sub article 1:3 or article seven of Section Two, and may analyses cartied but under sub Articles 1-5 and 1-6 of Section Two, shall be copied to the Overseers. Payments or other awards under article intrates of Section Two, in respect of claims under article one and Seven of Section Two are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee. Any sum to be paid by BUYER is extlement of a dispute under Article Thirteen of Section Two article Thirteen of Section Two articles for the proceeds of the sale of crude oil under this contract shall be paid by BUYER directly to the United Section I take the Account.

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GENMAR RESOURCES

22. JUN. 1999 10:48

8. Payments to SELLER under Sib Article 5-5 and Ses Article
5-7 of Section Two, and any other payments or avaids under
Article Thirteen of Section Two, are subject to the improval
of the S61 Committee.

9. This Contract shall be subject to SCR 985, SCR 1112, SCR 1143. SCR 1153, SCR 1210, SCR 1242 the Procedurer and the Henorandum of Understanding between the Secretariat of the United Nations and the Government of Irad on the Implement action of SCR 986 (United Nations) document 5/1995/156, dated 20 May 1996).

20 May 1996).

Other Terms and Conditions as per the standard SOMO Deperal Conditions F.O.S. Crude Oil Sales Contract (Section 200).

ADDRESSES: ARTICLE TER

ADDRESSES:

In addition to the notices, declarations and other temmonications required under Article Fourteen, notices, approvals, declarations and communications required abbys for the Overseers; on behalf of the 661 Committee, shall be effected at the abdresses below:

FOR SELLER:

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION
P.O.BOX 5118
BAGEDAD - IRAQ

TELEN: 212198 - 212199 SOND IK
-PLEPHONE: 964-1-2869561

TELEK: 211198 - 2121395 5040 IK
TELERHOME: 964-1-28695637
964-1-7742040 - 10 Dines
PAR: 964-1-2853925

FOR BUYER:

GENTAR RESOURCES CMEH
ZENTRALESTRASSE, 15-12
WYDENHOFFELATZ
CH-6030 EBIKON-LUCERME
SWITZERLAND
TIX-862322 CERR CR
TEL-41 41 4450167
PAX: 41 41 4450166 POR OVERSEERS:

UNITED MATIONS NEW YORK, U.S.A. PAX: 212 + 963 - 1628

This Contract has been done and signed on the

Maddas FOR SELLER SADDAN 1. BASSAN EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL

TO-TINLIQUE AG: AL

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P. 15

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In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq Ministry of Oil

State Oil Marketing Organization (State Company)

No.: KH2/9268 Date: 8 Rabi I, 1420H Equivalent to 06/21/1999

Stamp

Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister

No.: 6890 Date: 06/21/1999

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

RE: Approval on Exported Crude Oil Contracts

Based on the statement of special requests in phase six that was approved as per the letter of the presidency of the republic- the Secretary-letter no. 3080/K dated 05/27/1999, please find below the details of the contract signed with Genmar Company (Charles Pasqua) as follows:

- 1- Number of Contract: M/06/74
- 2- Date of Contract: 06/19/1999
- 3- Name of Company Buyer: Genmar Resources GMBH, (Charles Pasqua)
- 4- Nationality: Swiss
- 5- Quantity: (3) million barrels
- 6- Type of Crude Oil: Kirkuk
- 7- Destination of Crude Oil: Europe
- 8- Pricing Formula: Europe
- 9- Period of Supply: until 11/20/1999
- 10- Estimated Value of Contract in Dollar: about (39) million dollars (based on the rate of \$13/harrel)

For your review and approval, please.

Regards

Saddam Zeben Hassan Executive Director

For the Approval of the Minister

I approve

06/22

[Page footer]

Arabic Telex 5834 P.O. Box 5118 Baghdad – Iraq SOMO telex 212198 / 212199 Tel. 7742040 – 10

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (PG) - FN 41

	بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم	
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	الطلبات الكامة للمزملة النائمة الذي تفت العواقة. • الطبات الكامة للمزملة النائمة الذي تفت العواقة. • التعمورية - السكرتين - العرقة ١٠١٠/ والموارد في	استشادا الى كثا
	لة التعبورية - المكرتين - المرقم ١٨٠٠/ك والموافقة	۱۹۹۹/٥/۲۷ .
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	مقد الموقع مع شركة GENMAR إشارك سخوا) وحمد يثن بـ شد : 1/06/74	(- روقم العلا
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State Oil Marketing Organization P.O Box 5118 Baghdad-Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/225/99

: 18.10.1999

Due date

: GENMAR RESOURCES CHBH SWITZERLAND CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY

: BRABANT : LAVERA

Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination

Sold to

Country of origin: 18AQ

BNP Confirmation No. : W 715833 : M/06/74 Contract No.

3/190707/ANI/02000

: 3/190707//ANI/0	: CK/4589
Opening Bank L/C No.	Shipment No.

136,173.683

RAQI CRUDE OIL (KIRKUK) 34.03 API GRAVITY AT 60 %

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (PG) - FN 44

Metric Tons

Description of commodity

Total U.S. Dollais: Therty one million four hindred eighty Thousand four hundred seventy eight and eifty five cent

Price Calculation : DATED BRENT MINUS \$ 1.25/BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STRATING FROM THE B/L DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLAIT'S CRUDE OIL MANKET WINE MINUS \$ 0.19 AFI DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS,

S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAG ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-001-08

B/L DATE 19/9 /1999

CRIGINAL

I. ANSHUÁEIB For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.



.:31

State Oil Marketing Organization P.O Box 5118 Baghdad-Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/231/99

GENNAR RESOURCES GHBH SWITZERLAND Due date : 23.10.1999	TURKEY : M/06/74	BNP Confirmation No. : W 716019	Opening Bank L\C No. : 3/190718/ANI/02000	Shipment No. : CK/4593
GENMAR RESOURCES	CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY	: POLAR	: ROTTERDAM	: IRAQ
Sold to	Exporting Port	Ship's Name	Destination	Country of origin: IRAG

Description of commodity		Quantity		Price per	Total value
	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in U.S. Dollars
100000					
IKACI CKUDE OIL	727 389 337	108 212 851	* 100		1
(KIRKUK)		00:010:034	\$T0'/06	41.804	21,102,216.46
33.64 API GRAVITY AT 60 P				•	
					21,102,216.46
		_			

Total U.S. Dollats: Therey one million one kindned the thousand the hondred sixters and porty six cent

Price Calculation : DATED BRENT MINUS \$ 1.25/BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE B/L DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLAIT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.21 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANGUE NATIONALE DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-001-08

I. A. SHUAEIB For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

B/L DATE 24/9 /1999

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq Ministry of Oil No.: KH2/15083

Date: Jumada Al-Akhirah, 1420 H

State Oil Marketing Organization (State Company) Equivalent to 10/05/1999

Stamp

Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister

No.: 11388 Date: 10/07/1999

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

RE: Additional Quantities in Phase Six

All companies we do business with, and with whom we had the chance to meet or have a telephone conversation with their representatives lately, have shown the desire to obtain additional quantities during this phase.

Enclosed is table no. (1) for the companies in phase six and the additional quantities they requested (which we received in the form of a written or verbal request).

Enclosed, as well, is table no. (2) with the contractual and lifted quantities in the current phase and up to date.

Please review and advice.

Regards,

Togards,

Saddam Zeben Hassan Executive Director

Enclosures:

- (2) tables

[TC: There is a hand-written note in Arabic that reads as follows] It is still under discussion waiting for the instructions of the vice-president of the republic... taking into consideration that the deputy prime minister endorsed the increase of (1) million barrels and (0.7) million barrels as indicated.

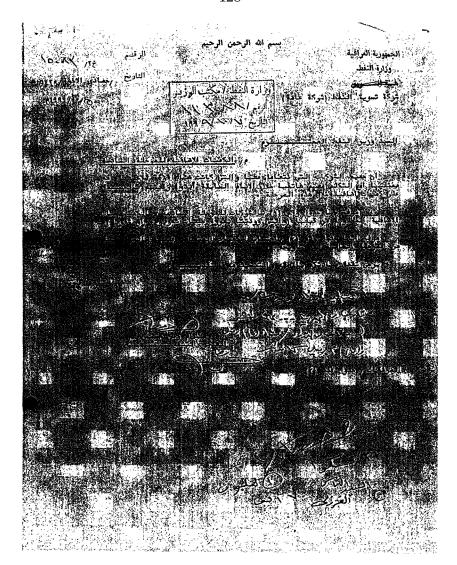


10/07

KH2

1- Pasqua (1) million

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (PG) - FN 45



129

Table no. (1)

Country/Company	Contractual Quantity (million barrels)	Additional Quantity Requested (million barrels)	Remarks
France			
A- Special requests	50.3		
Charles Pasqua			
(Genmar Company)		Unspecified	
	3	·	

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v - ,

. -JAN-1988 22:04 REPUBLIC OF IRAQ MINISTRY OF OIL STATE OIL MARKETING (SON 0) Ref : /4 /10/1999 Liare : THE UN OVERSEERS 001212 963 1628 TO : NEW YORK GENMAR RESOURCES CMBH - SWITZERLAND TLX: 662012 FAX: 41 41 4450166 ATTN: MR. STUART CLEMENZ - DIRECTOR CC FROM : SOMO - BAGHDAD : IRAO FAX : 00954-1+2853925 : CONTRACT M/06/74 DATED 19/6/1999 FURTHER OUR FAX P/9224 DATED 20/6/1999. KINDLY NOTE THAT WE HAVE AGREED WITH THE COEXIMER GENNAR RESOURCES TO INCREASE THE ABOVENENTIONED CONTRACTS QUANTITY BY 1 000 000 BBLS OF BASRAH LIGHT CRUDE OUT. DESTINATION FOR THIS ADDITIONAL QUANTITY SHALL SE THE PAR EAST WITH THE APPLICABLE PRICENC FORMULA FOR THE PARTY OF LOADING. OTHER TERMS AND CONDITIONS REMAIN UNCHANCED BEST REGARDS SADDAM Z. HASSAN EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL S.O.M.O P. O. Box 5118 BAGRDAD . IRAQ TELEX MINIS & MINIS

TOTAL P.02

PSI Staff Rpt (PG) - FN 46



22/10/95 ALC

22nd October 1999

United Nations

To Attn Fax Mr. Alex Kramer +1 212 963 1628

Genmar Resources GmbH / SOMO Crude Oil Sales Contracts M/06/66 and M/06/74 Re

Please be advised that we have agreed to the following amendments to our contracts with Somo:

Contract M/06/66

Basrah Light Crude Oil additional 800,000 bbls Al Bakr US Destinations November Quality Quantity Loadport Destination

Date of loading

Contract M/06/74
Quality
Quantity
Loadport
Destination Basrah Light Crude Oil additional 1,000,000 bbls

Al Bakr US Destinations Date of loading November

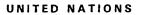
Please note that we intend to lift this cargo in one lot.

We would be grateful for your approval of the above.

Thank you for your assistance.

Yours truly,

Steart Clements Director Genmar Resources GmbH





NATIONS UNIES

SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED BY RESOLUTION 661 (1990) CONCERNING THE SITUATION BETWEEN IRAQ AND KUWAIT

/AC.25/1999/OIL/1242/OC.61/add.1	27 October 1999	
TO: GENMAR RESOURCES GMBH SWITZERLAND	FROM: THE OIL OVERSEERS UNDER SECURITY COUNCE RESOLUTION 986 (1995)	
FAX NO.:011-41-41-445-0166	FAX NO.: (212) 963-1628	
ATTENTION: Mr. Stuart CLEMENS	REF.: OIL-FOR-FOOD ARRANGEMENT	

AMENDMENT:

Re: Contract Number: M/06/74

UN REF: S/AC.25/1999/OIL/1242/COMM.74

Between: SOMO and "GENMAR RESOURCES GMBH"

Date of Receipt: 22 October 1999

PLEASE BE ADVISED THAT THE AMENDMENT TO THE ABOVE CONTRACT:

CONTRACTUAL VOLUME INCREASED BY 1,000,000 BBLS OF BASRAH LIGHT CRUDE OIL FOR USA DESTINATION.

OTHER TERMS AND CONDITIONS REMAIN UNCHANGED.

APPROVED BY SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED BY RESOLUTION 661 (1990) CONCERNING THE SITUATION BETWEEN IRAQ AND KUWAIT.

REMARKS:

cc:

SOMO BNP SAYBOLT ROTTERDAM PERMANENT MISSION OF IRAQ TO THE UN

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (PG) - FN 47

State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad-Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/286/99

GENMAR RESOURCES GMBH SWITZERLAND

CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY

Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination

Sold to

: INIGO TAPIAS

: EUROPE

Country of origin: 1RAQ

Contract No. Due date

1/02000 : 17.12.1999 : M/06/74 BNP Confirmation No. : W716811

: 3/190862/ANI	: CK/4642
Opening Bank L/C No.	Shipment No.

			l .	
1	Total value	in U . S . Dollars	24,267,417.57	24.267.417.57
	Price per	Barrel FOB	23.958	
1,		U . S . Bbls	1,012,915	
	Quantity	Long Tons	135,562.90	

137,738.685

Metric Tons

Description of commodity

IRAQI CRUDE OIL (KIRKUK) Total U , S , Dollars : twenty four million tho hundred sixty seven thousand four hundred seventern and fifty seven cent.

Price Calculation : DATED BRENT MINUS S 1.15/BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE BL DATE AS PRELISHED IN PLATY'S CNUDE OIL MARKET HIRE HINUS S 0.14 AFT DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-001-08

B/L DATE 18/11/1999

Y-H-IBRAHIM For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

CRIGINAL

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (PG) - FN 48

33.56 API GRAVITY AT 60 %

Statement of Quantities Allocated in the Phase Subsequent to Phase Six (Special Requests)

Country	Allocations in Phase Five	Allocations in Phase Six	Allocations in the Phase Subsequent to Phase Six	Remarks
Permanent Member Countries				
3- France	15%	13.3%	33.3 11.9%	
B- Special requests	4.8%	6.1%	5.5%	
- Charles Pasqua	-	4 million barrels	3 million barrels ["4" was originally written, but then crossed out]	

[There is a hand-written note in Arabic to the top right corner of this page that reads as follows]

It has been modified as per the instruction of president leader, may God protect him, during the meeting on Friday morning, 12/17/1999.

[Signature] 12/17

[There is another hand-written note in Arabic to the bottom of this page that reads as follows]

As per central order no. 2, no increase will be allowed on the quantities of special requests that were approved on 12/17/1999.

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (PG) - FN 49

1411/17/ 2/	مابعد السادسة ة)	مات للمرحلة للبات الخاص	وشف التخصيص (الم	10/1/20 04 (5 6/28 04 0)
الملاحظـــات	التقصيص المقترج لمابعد المرهلة السادسة	التخصيص للمرحلة السادسة	التخصيص للمرحلة الخامسة	الدولية
				الدول دائمة العصوية
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	// YAJA YAJ. 2V. 21)4	/ 9.5 // 27 // 27.7	ا من المن المن المن المن المن المن المن	به اکادیمیة العلام السیاسیة به جامعة (فریکن)للنفط والفار الوسیة ' - الصیدی ' - الصیدی الامتیادیة استیادیة به - الطلبات الاعتیادیة به - الطلبات الاعتیادیة به - الطلبات الاعتیادیة
•	مرکز (کرم) ملیون ۱٫۵ مرد ا	٦ مليون برميل -	٦ مليون برميل	- السيد خوان - طرئ نورنکو
•	71139 TTJT 2010 2010	۲۷٫۷٪ ۱ر۲٪	// 10 // 10	۳ - فرلسسا 1 - الطلبات الاعتيادية ب - الطلبات الخاصة
•	۱٫۲ ۱۰/۲ ۱۰/۲ (۲۰۰۱) ملیون ۱۰/۲ (۲۰۰۱) ۱۰/۲ (۱۰۰۲) ۱۰/۲ (۱۰۰۲)	۱٫۸ ۷ ۱٫۵ ۱٫۸ ۱٫۸ ۱٫۸ ۲٫۲	۱۸۸ ۷ ۱۰ ۱۸۸ ۱۸۸ ۱۸۸ ۱۸۸	- میشیل فریمار - بردائیه - بودائیه - جدیا الصداقة - بردائیه المحداقة - بردائیه المحداقة - بادان بسکوا - حدیدة نمنغ - الیاس الفرزلي
•	·			

معالمه (۱۹ د ۱۹ می د می اصلی حدیدی به

2424, JAN, 2000, 11:31 SOMO, BAGHDAD

FAX NO. 00964128535AN. 000

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

NO. M/07/92

EMPFANGSZEIT 24. JAN. 11:10

AUSDRUCKSZEIT 24. JAN. 11:21

24-JAN-2000 10:49

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (PG) - FN 51

P. 02

FAX NO. 0096412853924

- Payments to SBLLER under Sub Article 5-5 and Sub Article 6-7 of Section Two, and any other payments or awards under Article Thirteen of Section Two, are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.
- 9. This Contract shall be subject to SCR 986, SCR 1111, SCR 1143, SCR 1153, SCR 1210, SCR 1242, SCR 1281, the Procedures and the Hemorandum of Understanding between the Secretariat of the United Nations and the Government of Iraq on the implementation of SCR 986 (United Nations document S/1996/356, dated 20 May 1996).

Other Terms and Conditions as per the standard SONO General Conditions F.O.B. Crude Oil Sales Contract (Section Two) as per contract M/06/74 dated 19/6/1999.

ARTICLE TEN

ADDRESSES:

In addition to the notices, declarations and other communications required under Article Fourteen, notices, approvals, declarations and communications required above for the Overseers, on behalf of the 661 Committee, shall be effected at the addresses below:-

FOR SELLER:

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION P.O.BOX S118 BAGHDAD - IRAQ

TELEX: 212198 - 212199 SOMO IK TELEPHONE: 964-1-2869561 964-1-7742040 - 10 Lines FAX: 964-1-2853925

FOR BUYER:

GENMAR RESOURCES GMBH ZENTRALSTRASSE, 10-12 WYDENHOPPPLATZ CH-6030 EBIKON-LUCERNE SWITZERLAND TLX: 862322 GENH CH TRL: 41 41 4450167 FAX: 41 41 4450166

FOR OVERSEERS:

UNITED NATIONS, NEW YORK, U.S.A FAX: 212 - 963 - 1628

This Contract has been done and signed on the 22hd day of Jen. 2000.

FOR SELLER
SADDAH 2. HASSAN
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL

- 10 -

EMPFANGSZEIT 24. JAN. 11:23

74 TOU DOOR 11107

AUSDRUCKSZEIT 24. JAN. 11:34

DEBETOR

97%

P.05

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq

No.: KH2/1410

Date: 18 Shawal, 1420H Equivalent to 01/24/2000

Ministry of Oil State Oil Marketing Organization (State Company)

Stamp

Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister

No.: 1004 Date: 01/25/2000

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

RE: Approval on Exported Crude Oil Contracts

Based on the statement of allocations in phase seven that was modified and approved on 12/17/1999, please find below the details of the contract signed with Genmar Company (Charles Pasqua) as

- 1- Number of Contract: M/07/92
- 2- Date of Contract: 01/22/2000
- 3- Name of Company Buyer: Genmar Resources
- 4- Nationality: Swiss
- 5- Quantity: (3) million barrels
- 6- Type of Crude Oil: Kirkuk
- 7- Destination of Crude Oil: Europe
- 8- Pricing Formula: Europe 9- Period of Supply: until 06/08/2000
- 10- Estimated Value of Contract in Dollar: about (66) million dollars (based on the rate of \$22/barrel)

For your review and approval, please.

Regards,

Saddam Zeben Hassan **Executive Director**

For the Approval of the Minister I approve

01/27

01/28

[Page footer]

Arabic Telex 5834 P.O. Box 5118 Baghdad – Iraq SOMO telex 212198 / 212199 Tel. 7742040 - 10

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (PG) - FN 52

	,	بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم		
151, 14	الوقسم			الجمهورية العراقية
۸ / رشو الر۱۶۲۰ هـ	التاريخ	-		وزارة النفط
47117 EE		وزارة سي	عامة؛	حيمالا/لالمشكليكييني شركة تسويق الشقط (شركة
4114	سب الوزير	الرقير / يه _	,	J.,
	1 4	الناريخ : ١٥٥		السيد ورير النقط المعتس
		م/ العصادقة على عقوه		
	دل والمقو بشاريب	اللمرطلة السابعة المعد	فعيصات	بالاغاوة إلى كفف الت ۱۹۹۹/۱۲/۱۷ •
	(1,	شركة GENMAR (شارل بسكو	لغ مع	أدشاه تقاميل العلاد الموا
		M/07/92	:	١- وقم العقــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
		****/1/**	. :	۲- تاریخ العقـــــد
		GENMAR RESOURCES	. :	- اسم الشركة المشترية
		مويسترية	:	ب− البنــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
		(٣) مليون برميل	:	ه- الكي
		گرکو ا	: :	- نوع النفط الفـــام
		أورب	:	٧- وجبة النفط الفسسام
		أوريبا	:	<u>٨- التعيــــوا</u>
		ثغایة ۱۲۰۰٫۲۸	:	ب− فترة التجهيـــــر
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		ددا مع التحديديو ٠٠٠	والمصا	للتفهل بادمدع و
Andrew State	X			
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141

Statement of Allocations for the Phase Subsequent to Phase Seven (Million Barrels)

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PSI Staff Rpt (PG) - FN 53

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STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

NO. M/08/113

EMPFANGSZEIT 21, SEP. 7:33 AUSDRUCKSZEIT 21, SEP. 7:50

EMPFANGSZEIT 21. SEP. 7:33 AUSDRUCKSZEIT 21. SEP. 7:50

21-SEP-2000 06:07

P. 03

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SOHO, EAGHEAD 21: SEP. 2000# 9:1018

FAX NO. 009641285 MK, 5781 0. 13P. 14

Payments to SELLER under Sub Article 5-5 and 505 Article 6-7 of Section Two, and any other payments or unerds under Raticle Thirteen of Section Two, are subject to the appropriat of the 661 Committee,

This Contract shall be subject to SCR 986, SCR 1811, NOR 1123 SCR 1863, SCR 1210, SCR 1242, SCR 1281, SCR 1802, the Procedures and the Memorandum of Understanding between the Socretariat of the United Nations and the Government of Nation the implementation of SCR 986 (United Nations documents) (1996, 356, dated 20 May 1996).

There froms and Conditions as per the standard SCMG Gormal Conditions (1.6.8. Crude Oil Sales Contract (Section Two), ap nor Contract No. M/07/92 dated 22/1/2000.

ARTICLE TEN

ADDRESS:

in addition to the notices, declarations and other communications required under Article Fourteen, notices, approvais, applarations and communications required above for the Overseens, an beneit of the unit formulates, shall be effected at the addresses applow.

FOR SELLER:

SINTE P1. MARKETING ORGANIZATION P.C.005 5118 RAGHDAC \sim IRAQ

212198 - 212199 SOMO IK 964-1-2869561 964-1-7742040 - 10 Lines 964-1-2853925 THIFX: THIFPHONE:

FAX:

FOR AUABIL:

GLNMAR HESOURCES GMBH ZINTRALSTRASSE, 10-12 RYDENHOPPPLATZ CH-6030 ERTKON-LUCERNE SUTTZERLAND TLX: 862322 GENM CH TEL: 41 41 4450167 FAX: 41 41 4450166

TOR OVERSEERS:

IN) 1"D NATIONS, REW YORK, U.S.A. PAY: 212 - 963 - 1628

The Contract has been done and signed on

Werder FOR SELLER SADDAM 7. HASSAN EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL

- 10 -

EMPFANGSZEIT 21, SEP. 7:33

AUSDRUCKSZEIT 21. SEP. 7:49

tist day

SUYER

P. 13

3000. 700

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq Ministry of Oil State Oil Marketing Organization (State Company) No.: KH2/16964 Date: 23 Jumada II, 1420H Equivalent to 09/21/2000

Stamp

Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister

No.: 12641 Date: 09/22/2000

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

RE: Approval on Exported Crude Oil Contracts

With reference to your editorial comment on 06/25/2000 regarding the statement of allocations in phase eight, please find below the details of the contract signed with Genmar Resources GMBH Company (Charles Pasqua):

- 1- Number of Contract: M/08/113
- 2- Date of Contract: 09/21/2000
- 3- Name of Company Buyer: Genmar Resources GMBH
- 4- Nationality: Swiss
- 5- Quantity: (4) million barrels

- 6- Type of Crude Oil: Kirkuk
 7- Destination of Crude Oil: Europe
 8- Pricing Formula: Europe
 9- Period of Supply: until 12/05/2000
- 10- Estimated Value of Contract in Dollar: about (104) million dollars (based on the rate of \$26/barrel)

For your review and approval, please.

Regards,

Saddam Zeben Hassan Executive Director

For the Approval of the Minister

10/03

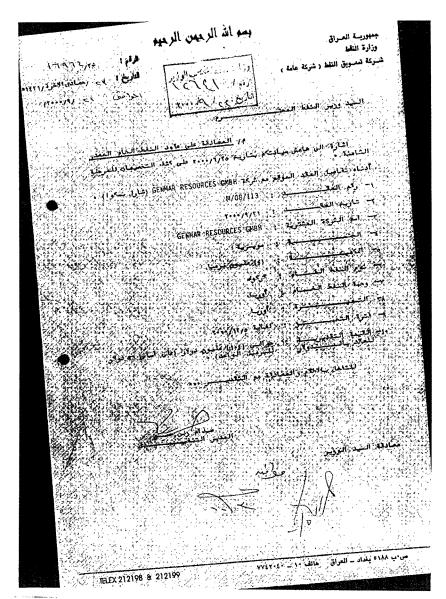
10/05

[Page footer]

Arabic Telex 5834 P.O. Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq SOMO telex 212198 / 212199 Tel. 7742040 - 10

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations

PSI Staff Rpt (PG) - FN 55





State Oil Marketing Organization P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq Commercial Inv

Commercial Invoice No.: C/282/2000

: GENMAR RESOURCES GMBH, SWITZERLAND : CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY Exporting Port Sold to

: ECLIPSE EUROPE Ship's Name Destination

Country of origin: IRAQ

: 27.11.2000 : M/08/113 BNP Confirmation no : B723567 Contract No. Due date

: CK/4914 PART(2) Openinig Bank L/c No.: F2ILC0002744 Shipment No.

		Quantity		Dies	Total
Description of commodity	Metric Tons	Long Tons	Long Tons 1. II S. Bhis	Barrel FOR	in 11 S. Dollars
	CITATION TOTAL		200	Daileiron	III O.S. Dollars
IRAQ CRUDE OIL					
(KIRKUK)	51,925.764	51,105.52	383,490	26.543	10,178,975.07
34 28 API GRAVITY AT 60° F					
					10,178,975.07
				,	

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
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Total U.S. Dollars : TEN MILLION ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY EIGHT THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED SEVENTY FIVE, AND SEVEN CENT

Price Calculation: DATED BRENT MINUS \$4.20/BBL AYERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROW THE BULD THE AS FULLSHED IN FLATIT'S CRUDE OLD MARKET WIRE MINUS \$0.1/747 DE: ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-901-98

B/L DATED 29/10/2000

CRIGINAL

I.X.SHUKED For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.



State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/281/2000

: 27.11.2000 : M/08/113 Contract No. Due date

: GENMAR RESOURCES GMBH, SWITZERLAND : CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY

: ECLIPSE EUROPE

Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination

Sold to

Country of origin: IRAQ

BNP Confirmation no : B723567

Openinig Bank L/c No.: F2ILC0002744

: CK/4914 PART(1) Shipment No.

	Total value	in U.S. Dollars	15 005 800 00	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	15 925 800 00
	Price per	Barrel FOB	26 543		
		U.S. Bbls	000 009	555	
	Quantity	Long Tons	79 858 67		
		Metric Tons	81 241 905		
		Description of commodity	IRAQ CRUDE OIL (KIRKUK)	34.28 API GRAVITY AT 60° F	

Total U.S. Dollars : FIFTEEN MILLION NINE HUNDRED TWENTY FIVE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED ONLY

Price Calculation: DATED BRENT MINUS S4.20/BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROW THE BLY LATE AS FULSHED IN PARTIT'S GRUDE OLL MARKET WIRE MINUS S.0.17/AT DE. ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO UE MADE TO THE UNITED MATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PAUS. S.A. NEW YOR IS RRACHE FOR EREDIT TO THE UNITED MATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT UNBER 020-20173-201-03

B/L DATED 29/10/2000

For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

State Oil Marketing Organization Al, MT, MST Commercial Invoice No.: C/2977:000 P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

12-05-00

03:23pm

Due date

: GENMAR RESOURCES GMBH, SWITZERLAND

: CEVIIAN TERMINAL - TURKEY

Exporting Post Ship's Name Destination

Sold to

: BERUNG SEA

: EUROPE

Country of origin: 1RAQ

: M/08/113 BNP Confirmation no : P724347 Contract No.

Openinig Bank L/c No.: F21LC0002807

: CK/4926 Shipment No.

Metric Tons

Description of commodity

83,716.932

34.83 API GRAVITY AT 60° F

IRAQ CRUDE OIL (KIRKUK)

From-United Nations TREASURY DIV

Total value	in EURO	22,046,039.81	22,046,039.81
Price per	Barrel FOB	35.534	
	U.S. Bbls	620,421	
Quantity	Long Tons	82,394.50	

Total EURO : TWENTY TWO, MILLION FORTY SIX THOUSAND THIRTY NINE, AND, EIGHTY OXE CENT.

Price Calculation: DATED BRENT MENUS SCIONABL, A VERACUE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STATEMENT STATEMENT OF THE PAREL MENUS AND PAREL MENUS OF CALCULAR OF MARKET WITHER MINUS SALIANT DE ESCALATION

2129632086

PAYMENT IS TO BE BLIDE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, EAG NEWY ONDE BRONCHES POR CHEDIST TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, AND SIDE ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NADIBLE REPORTED 20175-003-01

B/L DATED 16/11/2000

CRIGINAL

T-816 P.001

F-523

Por State Oil Markehing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

2129632086

Commercial Invoice No.: C/294/2000

State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

GENMAR RESOURCES GMBII, SWITZERL, UND

CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY

Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination

Sold to

: MACOMA

: EUROPE

Country of origin: IRAQ

Opening Bank L/c No.: '2ILC0002810 : 4/08/113 BNP Confirmation no : P724520 Contract No.

: CK/4925 Shipment No.

Total value	in EURO	73,649,684.31
Price per	Barrel FOB	35.487
	U.S. Bbls	2,075,399
Quantity	Long Tons	276,327.44

Metric Tons

Description of commodity

280,762.495

34 42 API GRAVITY AT 60° F

RAQ CRUDE OIL (KIRKUK)

Total EURO: SEVENTY THREE MILLION SIX HUNDRED FORTY, NINE THOUSAND, SIX HUNDRED EIGHTY FOUR AND THIRTY ONE CENT.

Price Calculation: DATED BIRNT MINUS SLAOBEL. AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STAUTHER PROM THE BLAL DATE, AS PUBLISHED IN PART'S CRUDE COLMANKET WHIE MINUS 90,13-FD DE: 555-1A-FDON

PAYKENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED MYTIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PAUS, S.A. NEW YOKK BRANCH FOR CEEDIT TO THE UNITED MYTIONS INA ACCOUNT, BOOKED SULFACTOURT, ACCOUNT NORBIES 0200-20173-072-30

B/L DATED 17/11/2000

CRIGINAL

For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

The Mariam Appeal

(Unregistered)

Introduction

- 1. This is a statement of the results of an inquiry under section 8 of the Charities Act 1993 ("the Act").
- 2. The Mariam Appeal ("the Appeal") was established in 1998. The objects of the Appeal as stated in its Constitution were: "to provide medicines, medical equipment and medical assistance to the people of Iraq; to highlight the causes and results of the cancer epidemic in Iraq and to arrange for the medical treatment of a number of Iraqi children outside Iraq".
- 3. Part of the Appeal's activities were to bring a young child 'Mariam Hamza' to the UK to receive treatment for Leukaemia, a cancer which the founders of the Appeal considered to have been caused by the programme of sanctions imposed by the United Nations and the use of weapons containing depleted uranium during and since the 1991 Gulf War.

Issues

- 4. In April 2003 the Charity Commission received a complaint that had been presented to the Attorney General in response to a newspaper article. The complainant was concerned that the funds held by the Mariam Appeal were held for purposes which were, or were capable of being, charitable, and that these funds had been used for non-charitable purposes, including the funding of visits abroad.
- 5. The Commission opened an evaluation on 24th April 2003. During the course of this evaluation, the Commission requested information from individuals connected to the Appeal. The Commission established that the fund-raising literature circulated prior to Mariam's arrival in the UK for hospital treatment expressed the purpose of the Appeal in charitable form and that the funds raised in connection with this were for charitable purposes. As the Commission had insufficient information from the Appeal at that point to satisfy itself that the causes for concern were unfounded, on 27th June 2003, an inquiry under Section 8 of the Act was opened to investigate how the monies raised for the Appeal between March 1998 and April 1999 had been spent.
- 6. At the same time, the Commission continued to evaluate the later stages of the Appeal. In the course of the inquiry, the Commission obtained a copy of the Appeal's Constitution that had been used to open a bank account in the Appeal's name and after consideration and review of its contents the Commission concluded that the Appeal's objects were charitable.
- 7. On 13th November 2003 a second inquiry was opened into the Appeal to investigate how the monies raised throughout the lifetime of the Appeal had been expended.

Findings

8. The Commission concluded that the objects of the Appeal were charitable and that, given the level of income raised in the name of the Appeal, it should have been registered with the Commission and placed on the Register of Charities. The Constitution placed the control and management of the administration of the Appeal with the

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (PG) - FN 70

members of the Executive Committee of the Appeal, who in accordance with the provisions of the Act were the charity trustees.

- 9. The Commission concluded that those persons who founded the Appeal were unaware that they had created a charity. The founders had received legal advice, that the Commission considers to be in error, that the Constitution did not create a charity.
- 10. The Commission used powers under Section 8 and Section 9 of the Act to obtain details of the opening of the Appeal's bank accounts, the signatories on the various mandates and the receipt and payment of funds.
- 11. Apart from public donations it was established that the major funders of the Appeal were the United Arab Emirates, a donor from Saudi Arabia and a Jordanian Businessman Fawaz Zuriekat.
- 12. The Commission has been unable to obtain all the books and records of the Appeal. Mr Galloway, the first Chairman of the Appeal, has stated that this documentation was sent to Amman and Baghdad in 2001 when Fawaz Zuriekat became Chairman of the Appeal. Mr Galloway has informed the Commission that this documentation is no longer under the control of the original trustees of the Appeal and cannot be located by them. Mr Galloway confirmed that the Appeal did not produce annual profit and loss accounts or balance sheets.
- 13. The Commission received assurances from Mr Galloway that the monies received by him from the Appeal related to expenses incurred in his duties as Chairman of the
- 14. The Commission established that Dr Amineh Abu-Zayyad and Stuart Halford, two of the original trustees, received unauthorised benefits in the form of salary payments from the Appeal's funds. The information provided to the Commission suggests that the Executive Committee considered these payments were necessary and were unaware that they were unauthorised. The Commission accepts that none of the Executive Committee acted in bad faith and that the services provided were of value to the Appeal.
- 15. Some of the activities of the Appeal were political by nature, in particular a campaign to end the sanctions against Iraq. The information provided is consistent with the view that these activities were ancillary in terms of expenditure to the purposes of the Mariam Appeal. The trustees could reasonably have formed the view that this would have the impact of enabling treatment for sick children.
- 16. The Commission is satisfied that Mariam's treatment and aftercare were funded by the Appeal in furtherance of its purposes.

Outcomes

- 17. The Commission informed the founders of the Appeal that its objects were charitable and that accordingly, the Appeal should have been registered with the Commission
- 18. The Commission informed the trustees who had received salary payments from the Appeal's funds that these were indeed unauthorised benefits made in breach of the trusts of the Appeal. The Commission has informed these trustees and Mr Galloway that, as the services provided were of value to the Appeal and as there was no evidence of bad faith on behalf of any member of the Executive Committee, none of them being aware that these payments were unauthorised and believing them to be necessary, the Commission would not be pursuing recovery of those sums.

- 19. Given that the political activities of the Appeal were capable of being viewed as ancillary to the purposes of the Appeal and in light of the fact that the Appeal was closed and in view of the difficulties in obtaining the books and records of the Appeal, the Commission decided that it would not be proportionate to pursue its inquiries further.
- 20. The Commission advised the trustees that they had a duty to keep accounting records under trust law and as a charity should have kept and produced accounts in accordance with the provisions of the Act. However given that the founders of the Appeal were unaware that they had created a charity and because the Commission has found no evidence that the funds of the Appeal were misapplied (other than the payment of unauthorised benefits to trustees), the Commission will be taking no further action on this matter.
- 21. The inquiries were closed on 17th May 2004.

Wider Issues

- 22. A body is a charity if it is:

 - Set up under the law of England and Wales; and
 Is established for exclusively charitable purposes
- 23. To be a charity an organisation must have purposes that are exclusively charitable. A charity's purposes are its objects or aims, which are usually set out in its governing document. The meaning of "charitable purposes" is largely based upon the decisions of the Court and the Charity Commission over the years. Generally, if an organisation is a charity then it must apply to the Commission for registration, and the Commission must register it.
- 24. Trustees should be aware that they may only apply their charity's assets to further its stated purposes and not for any other purposes, whether charitable or not. If there is evidence that trustees have deliberately or recklessly used charity assets for inappropriate purposes, the Commission will consider taking steps to obtain restitution from them personally.
- 25. Charities have an obligation to keep accounting records and to prepare accounts. There is a detailed statutory framework for this and for the preparation of annual reports. It is designed to meet the need for public accountability for the large resources held by charities without adding unnecessarily to the burden on trustees.
- 26. In respect of political activities, charity trustees must be able to satisfy themselves that there is a reasonable expectation that the charity's campaigning will be effective in furthering the charity's purposes, and that the resources the charity uses for campaigning are justifiable and proportionate to the outcomes the charity expects to achieve.

OPERA HELDER

Fax émis par : 8142463715 OPERA HELDER 15/81/01 12:83 Par : 2/28 13-JAN-01 SAT 22:03 SOMO BAGHDAD FAX NO. 0096412853925 P. 2

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

NO. M/09/23

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (PG) - FN 83

Fax émis par : 8142463715 OPI OPERA HELDER

FAX NO. 0096412853925 P. 14 P. 14

- a. payments to SELLER under Sub Article 5-5 and Sub Article 6-7 of Section Two, and any other nayments or awards under Article Thirteen of Section Two, are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.
- This Contract shall be subject to SCR 986, SCR 1111, SCR 1143, SCR 1173, SCR 1210, SCR 1242, SCR 1281. SCR 1302, SCR 1330, the Procedures and the Memorandum of Understanding between the Secretariat of the United Nations and the Government of Iraq on the implementation of SCR 986 (United Nations nocument 3/1996/356, dated 20 May 1996).

Other Terms and Conditions as per the standard SOMO Beneral Conditions F.O.B. Crude Oll Sales Contract (Section Two). as per Contract No. M/08/35 dated 10/7/2000.

ARTICLE TEN

ADDRESSES:

In addition to the notices, declarations and other communications required under Article Fourteen, notices, approvalle, declarations and communications required above for the Overseers, on behalf of the 661 Committee, shall be effected at the eddresses below:-

FOR SELLER!

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION P.O. BOX SILR BAGHDAD - IRAO

212198 - 212199 SONO IK 964-1-2869561 964-1-7742040 - 10 Lines 964-1-2853925 TELEX: Telephone:

FAX:

FOR BUYER:

ARENTO PETROLEUM - FRANCE 5, RUE DU HELDER F-75009 PARIS TEL: + 33, 1 48 01 61 35 FAX: + 33, 1 12 46 37 15

FOR GVERSEERS:

UNITED NATIONS, NEW YORK, U.S.A FAX: 812 - 963 - 1628

this Contract has been done and signed on the 13thy day of Jan. 2001.

TO DO DO M FOR SELLER SADDAM Z. HASSAN EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL

FOR BUYER MARTIN O. SCHENKER

156

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq Ministry of Oil

State Oil Marketing Organization (State Company)

No.: KH2/729

Date: 19 Shawal, 1421 H Equivalent to 01/14/2001

Stamp

Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister

No.: 616

Date: 01/15/2001

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

RE: Approval on Exported Crude Oil Contracts

Based on the approval of your Excellency, please find below the details of the contract signed with Aredio Petroleum Company (Fawaz Zuraiqat - Mariam's Appeal):

- 1- Number of Contract: M/09/23
- 2- Date of Contract: 01/12/2001
- 3- Name of Company Buyer: Aredio Petroleum France
- 4- Nationality: French
- 5- Quantity: (2) million barrels of Basrah light crude oil
 - (1) million barrels of Kirkuk oil
- 6- Type of Crude Oil: Basrah and Kirkuk
- 7- Destination of Crude Oil: the United States, Europe and the East
- 8- Period of Supply: until 02/28/2001
- 9- Pricing Formula: America, Europe, and the East
- 10- Estimated Value of Contract in Euro: about (64) million euros (Based on the rate of \$20 per barrel)
- 11- Surcharge: payable within one month from the date of loading each shipment

For your review and approval, please.

Saddam Zeben Hassan

Executive Director

For the approval of the minister

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (PG) - FN 84

شم الله الرحمي الرحيم	
الرقاعة الكتبالوري المقاريخ والراعة من المقاريخ	جدورية المستسراة وزارة النفط شركة تصويق النفط (تركة عامة)
احذر من نلساء لابل حسستوك انتبء الى مديلك قبل خمصات الرئيس القائد (حلفة الله ورضاة) ۲۰۰۰/۸/۸	
10	السيد وزير الثلط المعتسب
م/ المصادقة على علم د النفط الغام العمدر	
لكم . أذناه ثناسيال العند الموقع مع شركسسة ات - صلة مريم} ،	امتنادا الى دوالملة حيادة AREDIO PETROLEUM رده اد درخم
	ا- روم العلـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
Y··//Vir	٦- فاريم العالما :
AREDIO PETROLEUM - FRANCE	
فرنستا	، النسسية :
(۱) ملیون برمیال تلط خام بمرة خلیف (۱) = = خلط کرگوله	و الكياب
بعرا ۽ کرکوله	٦ بن النظ النسام :
الولايات العثندة وأوربا والثوق تصعيرة الولايات العثندة وأوربا والثرق	يرد وجهة النفط النسام :
تعميرة الولايات المتحد، واوريا والسرن للاية ٢٠٠١/٢/٢٨	ب− التعبـــرة :ب− ندرة الشبيـــرة :
خوالــي (۱۶) مليون يورو (على اساس ۲۰ نوار للبرميل الواحد) •	۱۰- التيمة الشقديريات : للمقد باليـــورو
يدفع خلال ثبن وأحد من تاريخ تمسيل كل غنثة:	11- مبلغ الاسترجسساع 1
والمهادلة مع الثلثيسير ٠٠٠	يوي الثامل بالطلاع
Italian Italia	موارده السيد النوريس = معادده السيد النوريس

Crude Oil Allocations during Phase (9) of the Memorandum of Understanding*

- Total quantities lifted reached about (354) million barrels
- Estimated profit margin of this phase is \$0.85 per barrel

*Due to the special nature of this phase as the former regime imposed commission on the contractors (surcharge amount), and since many companies refused to pay said surcharge, therefore, instructions were given to contract with any company willing to pay the surcharge.

No.	Contract No.	Contractual Company	Quantity Lifted
23	M/09/23	Mr. Fawaz Zuraiqat / George Galloway / Aredio Petroleum - French	1.014

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تخصيصات النفط الخام خلال المرحلة التاسعة من مذكرة التفاهم *

- بلغ اجمالي الكميات المحملة حوالي (٣٥٤) مليون برميل .
- _ تم تقدير هامش الربح لهذة المرحلة بحدود (٠٨٠) دولار للبرمول الواحد .

* نظرا للطبيعة الغاصة لهذة المرحلة يسبب قيام النظام المسايق بارض عنولة على المتعافدين (ميلغ الاسترجاع) ولامتناع منظم الشركات عن التعافد نتهجة لذلك قد تم الترجيه بالتعافد مع لية شركة لديها الاستحداد الطع تلك العولة.

_		العمولة.		
	9			
Ì	1	M/09/01	لكون بتزوليوم - سويسرية	21,171
	2	M/09/02	أردم هولدنك ـــ تركية	4.003
ĺ	3	M/09/03	المنود نديم شاغور . كوائتم هولدتك ماليزية	1.910
l	4_	M/09/04	فينار يتروليوم لمنت - المنتشناين	22.633
	5	M/09/05	روز ناط الروسية	
	6	M/09/06	المهد مناذي مجالي ـ مونتيكا تزيدتك بي تي واي ليمنك – جنوب الريقيا.	1.859
ı	7	M/09/07	فيتلتك الإسلابة	37.390
	8	M/09/08	يلبيتل الراي البلاروسية	6.715
l	٠	M/09/09	قطرب الديمةر اطي الاوكر الي - كولسل اواب ديل كوريوريشن — اوكر الية	
	10	M/09/10	لْجَدْرِ لْ لَلْكُولْي مَاكْرُوس (النَّقَاع) - سيدقكر الروسية	
	11	M/09/11	قَدْمِحْ نَحَمَدُ مِقْعَ مِنْعِدِ فَعَنْهِةً - بِنَزُولَ — ضَارَ قَيَّةً	
l	12	M/09/12	لسيد عملا الجلاة - القارس العزبي – مصرية	
1	13	M/09/13	عرض عمورة ومشاركوه ـ سورية	1.962
1	14	M/09/14	السيد غسان زكريا (سوري الجنسية). كوانتوم هوادنك المانيزية	
1	15	M/09/15	للبدن / نسار البار	4.135
1	16	M/09/16	أويكان يتزوليوم ناميبية	
1	17	M/09/17	نئنا يتروابوم ــ تزعية	4.008
l	18	M/09/18	قىيد قائل ئىد شريف ـ ماسئا، ــ مائيزية	38.256
1	19	M/09/19	زر فِشْلَطْ كَارٌ ﴿ لِمَا لَحَ لَعَدَى فَهِمَاتَ الْحَكُومِيةَ الروسيةَ ﴾	2.016
1	20	M/09/20	توري للتجارة ــ سوريا	1.998
1	21	M/09/21	ساماس سودالية	
1	22	M/09/22	مثبتو غيورت ــرومية	2.997
ŀ	23	M/09/23 \	السيد أو لا زريقات / جورج كلوي الحيثو يتزوليوم أونسية	1.014
1	24	M/09/24	الشيخ حمد بن على أل ثلي - يت اويل - يونانية	
4	25	M/09/25	ىيوان الرئاسة الروسي - روز نقط ابيكس — روسية	11.428
1	26	M/09/26	السيدة هميدة تعنع بأقريكان يتروليوم ليمتك النامييية	
1	27	M/09/27	لسيد محمود ابن العباس / زرايشناط كاز جوينت سترى روسية	
1	28	M/09/28	السيد اوسكار وايت ـ ميد نامًا يتروليوم كوميتي لمنك - قيرصية	8.023
4	29	M/09/29	روم بترول الومقية	2.960
4	30	1	لسيد عبد القلي الزيالي - شاهر الكهارة بيشية	0.916
4	31	M/09/31	أويل انكسكو ـــ كلدية	
1	32		لشوخ لمد مانع سعيد العلية - أيمرو اويل - اماراتية	3.984
4	33		فسيد سلفتوري تيكوترا . آي . بي. أس الإيطالية	
4	34	1	چي , في , بينقارم البلازوسية	1.982
1	35		الكون بتروليوم لعند ابيغنتشتاين	6.738
L	36	M/09/36	ميديا كونسلننگ ــ سويسرية	2.011



State Oil Marketing Organization

Commercial Invoice No.: B/13/2001

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

: AREDIO PETROLEUM FRANCE : MINA AL BAKR TERMINAL

Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination

Sold to

: ONE OR TWO U.S. PORTS : NORDMILLENNIUM

: M/09/23 Contract No. Due date

Openinig Bank L/c No.: LCIM1156916 BNP Confirmation no.: D 725637

: BBL/3043 Shipment No.

Country of origin: IRAQ				Shipment No.	s. : BBL/3043
		Quantity		Price per	Total value
Description of commodity	Metric Tons	Long Tons	· U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in EURO
IRAQ CRUDE OIL (BASRAH LIGHT)	139,682,998	137.476.50	1.014.403	22.563	22.887.974.89
31.51 API GRAVITY AT 60° F					

Total EURO: IMENITY, IND. MILLION. ELGER. HINDERD. ELGERY, SEVIN TOUSAND, NINE GINDRED SEVENTY FOUR, AND ELGERY NINE CENTS

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (PG) - FN 88

Price Calculation: WTI (SEWCON MONTH) MINUS S.R.70/BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15⁷⁸ DAY FROM THE 18-10 DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS S.0.24 API DE. ESCALATION.

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, SAL NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EUROS OEB - ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT, INDMERE 0200-201752402-65

CDIGINAL

B/L DATED 28/1/2001

For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT. 1.A.SHUAEIB

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re:To PM	

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(1) 2) 24 (19.1) (19	•	م م م المرماه	لعقود مذكرة التقام ب	بالمبالغ المسترجعه ننو	كينا القرة مي		مولات	. q
6,483,722,00 6,483,722,00 0.28 23,039,984 M/09/01 ALCONH-FENAR 6,236,219.30 6,236,219.30 0.28 22,633,183 M/09/04 ALCONH-FENAR 1,1217,170.50 1,217,170.50 0.25 4,868,682 M/09/35 ALCONH-FENAR 435,020.30 304,320.90 0.30 1,014,403 M/09/35 ALCONH-FENAR 435,020.30 435,034.25 0.25 1,740,137 M/09/32 AUCONH-FENAR 435,020.30 435,034.25 0.25 1,740,137 M/09/33 AREDIO 490,623.25 0.25 1,740,137 M/09/33 B.B. ENERGY 478,742.75 0.25 1,942,497 M/09/33 B.B. ENERGY 478,742.75 0.27 1,943,971 M/09/34 BELMET 478,742.75 0.25 1,943,971 M/09/34 BELMET 478,742.75 0.25 1,943,971 M/09/08 BELMET 478,746.50 0.25 1,940,09 BULD PERLINGAN 4455,465.40 0.25 1,040,09 B	e.K.		لاميلغ المستحق إ	مبلغ الاسترجاع دواز إيوميل	لكية / يرييل	رقم العسكا	Radico	14
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558,900.00 558,900.00 0.30 1,863,000 M/08/41 AELMET 1,455,463.30 1,455,497.10 0.30 4,851,657 M/09/08 BELMET 545,046.50 245,046.50 0.27 1,982,013 M/09/34 BELMET 251,961.00 257,600.50 0.25 1,030,422 M/09/35 BULA RESOURCES 250,311.25 0.25 1,001,245 M/09/55 BULA RESOURCES 150,000.00 150,000.00 0.30 500,000 M/09/55 BULA RESOURCES 250,311.25 0.25 1,001,245 M/09/55 BULA RESOURCES SERVIC 150,000.00 150,000.00 0.30 1,977,670 M/09/100 CAMTECH 220,380.00 227,585.00 0.25 1,002,382 M/09/13 CHAYAPORN 1,000.001 0.25 1,002,382 M/09/13 CHAYAPORN 250,585.00 0.25 1,002,382 M/09/13 CHAYAPORN 1,000.001 0.25 2,057,639 M/09/17 DELIA PETROLEUM 578,403.000		478,742.75	478,742.75	0.25	1,914,971	M/09/91	B.C.INTERNATIONAL (PVT	6
1,455,463.80 1,455,467.10 0.30 4,851,657 M/09/08 BELMET 345,046.50 544,627.55 0.27 1,982,013 M/09/34 BELMARM 251,961.00 257,600.50 0.25 1,030,402 M/09/95 BULF DREILING AND OIL 150,000.00 150,000.00 0.30 1,001,245 M/09/95 BULF DREILING AND OIL 150,000.00 150,000.00 0.30 1,001,245 M/09/95 BULF DREILING AND OIL 227,388.00 150,000.00 0.30 1,977,570 M/09/100 CAMTECH 227,388.00 227,585.00 0.30 1,977,570 M/09/100 CHALYAPORN 227,388.00 225,595.50 0.25 1,002,382 M/09/13 CHIM OIL 250,580.00 514,409.75 0.25 1,002,382 M/09/17 DELTA PETROLEUM 50,000.00 514,409.75 0.25 2,057,639 M/09/17 DELTA PETROLEUM 578,470.00 578,469.90 0.30 1,928,233 M/09/87 ENERGY RESOURCES 1,700,810.00 1,20		558,900.00	558,900,00	0.30	1,863,000	M/08/41	BELMET	O
345,046.50 544,627,55 0.27 1,982,013 M/09/34 BELPHARN 251,961.00 257,600.50 0.25 1,030,402 M/09/95 BULA RESOURSES 250,331.25 250,331.25 0.25 1,001,245 M/09/95 BULF DREILING AND OIL 150,000.00 150,000.00 0.30 1,977,670 M/09/100 CAMTECH 583,301.00 593,301.00 0.30 1,977,670 M/09/100 CHAITAPPORIN 227,385.00 227,585.00 0.25 1,002,382 M/09/10 CHAITAPPORIN 250,580.50 250,595.50 0.25 1,002,382 M/09/15 COGEP 1,099,882.50 1,100,051.55 0.25 1,002,382 M/09/17 DELTA PERROLEUM 50,000.00 514,409.75 0.25 2,057,639 M/09/17 DELTA PERROLEUM 592,630.00 992,630.00 0.25 2,057,639 M/09/17 DELTA PERROLEGS 578,470.00 578,469.90 0.30 1,928,233 M/09/87 ENERGY RESOURCES 1,200,817.50 0.30		1,455,463.80	1,455,497.10	0.30	4,851,657	80/60/W	BELMET	6
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227,388.00 227,585.00 0.25 910,340 M/08/13 OFITM OIL 250,580.50 250,580.50 0.25 1,002,382 M/09/65 COGEP 1,099,862.50 1,100,051.55 0.27 4,008,094 M/09/17 DELTA PETROLEUM 50,000.00 514,409,75 0.25 2,057,639 M/09/71 DELTA PETROLEUM 992,630.00 0.25 3,970,520 M/09/71 DELTA SERVICES 578,470.00 992,630.00 0.30 1,928,233 M/09/87 ENERGY RESOURCES 1,200,812.50 0.30 4,002,725 M/09/02 ERDEM HOLDING		593,301.00	593,301.00	0.30	1,977,670	M/09/100	CHATYAPORN	6
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\$0.000.00 \$14,409.75 0.25 2,057,639 M/09/71 DELTA SERVICES 992,630.00 9,2630.00 0,25 3,970,520 M/09/39 E.O.T.C 578,470.00 578,469.90 0,30 1,928,233 M/09/87 ENDEM HOLDING 1,200,810.00 1,200,817.50 0,30 4,002,725 M/09/02 ENDEM HOLDING		1,099,862.50	1,100,051.55	0,27	4,008,094	M/09/17	DELTA PETROLEUM	6
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578,470.00 578,469.90 0.30 1,928,233 M/09/87 EWERGY RESOURCES 1,200,810.00 1,200,817.50 0.30 4,002,725 M/09/02 ERDEM HOLDING		992,630.00	992,630.00	37.0	3,970,520	M/09/39	E.O.T.C	6
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اعداد الدائدة المالية-السمال التحارية

1 Dec 01 19:07 Fawaz Zureikat 5539114

p. 1

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

NO. M/11/04

PSI Staff Rpt (PG) - FN 91

9.This Contract shall be subject to SCR 986, SCR 1111, SCR 1143 SCR 1153, SCR 1210, SCR 1242, SCR 1281, SCR 1302, SCR 1330, SCR 1360, SCR 1382, the Procedures and the Memorandum of Understanding between the Secretariat of the United nations and the Government of Iraq on the implementation of SCR 986 (United Nations document S/1996/356, dated 20 May 1996).

All other terms and conditions as per (Section Two) General Conditions of F.O.B. crude oil sales contract and attached appendixes 1 & 2 as per Contract No. M /10/3 8dated 6 /8/2001.

ARTICLE TEN

ADDRESSES:

In addition to the notices, declarations and other communications required under Article Fourteen, notices, approvals, declarations and Communications required above for the Overseers, on behalf of the 661 Committee, shall be effected at the addresses below:-

FOR SELLER:

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION FIATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION
P.O. BOX 5118 BAGHDAD – IRAQ
TELEX : 212198 – 212199 SOMO IK
TELEPHONE: 964-1-7742040 - 10 Lines FAX: 964-1-8853925

FOR BUYER:

MIDDLE EAST ADVANCED SEMICONDUCTOR ,INC. AMMAN ,24 ABU ERSHEID CENTRE /GARDENS ST.-TLAA AL -ALI TEL:9626 5533166/5532863/5522862 FAX:9626 -5533177 TLX:21199 MARJI JO. P.O.BOX 7373 AMMAN (11118) JORDAN E-MAIL FAWAZ@ MEASI .COM -JO

FOR OVERSEERS

UNITED NATIONS, NEW YORK, U.S.A.

FAX: 212-963-1628

This Contract has been done and signed on the 12th day of December 2001.

FOR SELLER ALI R. HASSAN

ACTING EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL (S.O.M.O)

FOR BUYER FAWAZ A. ZUREIKAT PRESIDENT

164

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq Ministry of Oil

State Oil Marketing Organization (State Company)

No.: KH2/18304 Date: 4 Shawal, 1422 H Equivalent to 12/19/2001

Stamp

Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister

No.: 21214 Date: 12/20/2001

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

RE: Approval on Exported Crude Oil Contracts

Based on the statement of allocations dated 12/10/2001, please find below the details of the contract signed with Middle East ASI Company (Mr. George Galloway)/Fawaz Zuraiqat:

Name of Company: Middle East Advanced Semiconductor.

Number of Contract: M/11/04 Date of Contract: 12/12/2001

Nationality: Jordanian

Quantity: (3) million barrels (2 millions of Basrah light and 1 million of Kirkuk)

Type of Crude Oil: Basrah light and Kirkuk

Period of Supply: until 11/25/2002

Destination of Crude Oil: Europe and America for Kirkuk, and the East and America for Basrah

light

Pricing Formula: America, Europe, and the East

Estimated Value of Contract in Euro: about (66) million euros (Based on the rate of \$20 per

barrel

Surcharge: As per the instructions of your Excellency over the phone on 12/11/2001 of not accepting the company's proposals unless they pay the debt incurred since phase eight.

For your review and approval, please.

Ali Rajab Hassan Acting Executive Director

For the approval of the minister

I approve

Tapprove

12/23

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (PG) - FN 92

يسم الله الرحمن الرحيم			
الرقــم: خ۱/ ع ۲۰ / ۱۸ / التاريخ:			وزارة
المواقق ۱۹۱۰/۱۲/۱۸ م	ا عامة)	تسويق النفط (شركا	شركة
(لانقرب الياد من يطلك تحقره) وزارة النفط / مكتب الوزه الرفط / مكتب الوزه المنطقة	ط المحتر	وزير النفــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	- السيد
م/ المصادقة على عقود النقط الخام			
سات في ٢٠٠١/١٢/١٠ أدناه تفاصيل الدهد الدوقع مع شرك على المعادلة المعادلة المعادلة المعادلة المعادلة المعادلة ا MIDDLE EAST ADVANCE (السيد علوي) فويتوار الرازيم " السيد علوي)	ے التخصیہ D SEM	نشادا إلى كفة ICONDUCTO	R
MIDDLE EAST ADVANCED SEMICONDUCTOR	: L	البتر الشركــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	٤١.
M/11/04	: <u></u> -	رقم العقــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	. . Y
	;	تاريخ العقــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	٠.
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أوربا وأمزيكا بالنسبة لنفظ كركوك والشرق وأمريكا بالنسبة لفظ البصرة	ــام:	رجهة النفط الدُ	.γ.
الغنيف امريكا ، اوربا ، الشرق	ــرا ر	التبيي	٠.
لغاية ٢٠،٧/٥/٢٩ حوالمي (٦٦) ملمون يورو (طي لساس ٢٠ دولار للبرميل الولمد)	ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	فترة التجهيد القيمة التقديريب المعقد بالبيد	_9 _1•
حسب توجيه سوانتكم فالتفيا يوم ٢٠٠١/١٢/١١ بعدم قبول ترش <u>يد</u>		مبلغ الامنتر جــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	-11
دُفَة مِن التَّقَائِينِ .	ع و المصبا	جي النفضال بالإطلا	, ik
على رجب دستن على رجب دستن المدير التغيذي وكالم		Eggs	
م ا		ة المنيد الوزيز	مصلاق
	υV		



State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/238/2001

BCHA 43-013567 27/01/2002 W732581 MC11/04 BNP Confirmation no : Openinig Bank L/c No. : Confract no. Due date : ASI MIDDLE EAST ADVANCED SEMI CONDUCTOR INC. Ships Name : JAHRE POLLUX
Destination : ONE OR TWO SAFE BERTH(S)/PORT(S) U.S. Exporting port : MINA ALBAKR TERMINAL Sold to

Long Tons

Metric Tons

Description of commodity

RAQ CRUDE OIL BASRAH LIGHT

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (PG) - FN 93

Country of origin: IRAD

324,417.551

31.83 API GRAVITY AT 60 F.

Total value in EURO BBL/3240 37,164,658.12 Price per Barrel FOB Shipment No. 15.742 2,360,860 U.S. Bbis 319,292.90 Quantity

PHOS CAICUADOR: WITISECOND MONTHAMIUS \$ 5.00 / IBBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15 th DAY FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WITE MINIS \$ 0.21 API DE-ESCALATION Total EURO : THIRTY SEVEN MILLIOM ONE HUMDRED SIXTY FOUR THOUSAND SIX HUMDRED FIFTY EIGHT AND TWELVE CENT

37,164,658.12

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED MATORS AT BANGUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S. AN ENY VOKR BRANCH FO CREDIT OT THE UNITED MATORS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ELRO SIBS ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT MARBER 0206-20175-202-45

B/L DATED 29/12/2001



تأروخ وريأت فلقرير	

V:1A:EF PM	

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شركة تسويق التقط	الميالغ المسترجعه لعقود مذكرة التفاهم ك	תייב
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عمولات

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رقع العسقد	M/11/65	M/11/67	M/11/28	M/10/40	M/11/13	M/10/25	11/11/120	1,11,1112	M/11/22	M/10/73	M/11/75	M/11/83	M/11/12	M/11/61	M/11/94	M/11/17	M/11/79	M/10/16	M/11/55	M/11/34	M/10/87	M/11/04
الكنبة / يزميل	3,397,101	1,672,748	200,000	1,046,898	2,979,591	1,940,324	1,017,712	966,- 7	3,032,927	1,034,372	1,469,869	899,052	2,000,000	1,800,000	1,635,348	3,042,671	3,366,413	525,000	8,094,595	1,873,996	1,039,555	2,360,860
مبلغ الاسترجاع دولار إبرميل	0.30	0.25	0.25	0:30	0.25	0:30	C	r. 5	0.25	0.30	0.25	0:30	0.30	0.25	0:30	0.30	0,27	0.30	0:30	0.25	0.30	0.30
العباغ المستحق إدولار	1,019,130.30	418,187.00	50,000,00	314,069.40	744,897.75	132,097.20	5,313.60	41,501.75	758,231.75	310,311.60	367,467.25	269,715.60	600,000.00	450,000.00	490,604.40	912,801.30	916,603.25	157,500.00	2,428,378.50	468,499.00	311,866.50	708,258.00
المبلغ المسدد إبواير	1,019,130.30	418,187.00	50,000.00	314,095.40	744,962.00	59,985.00	0.00	241,001.75	757,062,35	310,261.30	367,467.25	269,715.60	250,000.00	450,000.00	490,604.00	912,771.30	916,603.25	157,500.00	2,388,708.51	461,567.70	311,866.50	0.00
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اعداد قدائرة المالية-السمائن التحاربة

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

NO. M/12/14

S.9

2233114

Fawaz Zureikat

00:00 SO net 00

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (PG) - FN 95

ARTICLE TEN

ADDRESSES:

In addition to the notices, declarations and other communications required under Article Fourteen, notices, approvals, declarations and Communications required above for the Overseers, on behalf of the 661 Committee, shall be effected at the addresses below:-

FOR SELLER:
STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION
P.O. BOX 5118 BAGHDAD – IRAQ
TELEX : 212198 – 212199 SOMO IK
TELEPHONE: 964-1-7742040 - 10 Lines FAX: 964-1-8853925

FOR BUYER: MIDDLE EAST ADVANCED SEMICONDUCTOR ,INC. P.O.BOX 7373 AMMAN(11118) JORDAN AMMAN, 24 ABU ERSHEID CENTRE /GARDENS ST.-TLAA AL- ALI TEL .9626 5533166/5532863/5522862 FAX:9626 5533177 E-MAIL: FAWAZ@ MEASI.COM-JO.

FOR OVERSEERS

UNITED NATIONS, NEW YORK, U.S.A.

FAX: 212-963-1628

This Contract has been done and signed on the 3rd day of June, 2002.

ALI R. HASSAN ACTING EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL

FOR BUYER FAWAZ A. ZUREIKAT

PRESIDENT

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⊁116899

Fawaz Zureikat

00:00 SO nat 00

170

Oil Marketing Company (State Company)

To: The Financial Department

No.: KH2/66

From: Crude Oil Marketing Second Department

Date: 06/04/2002

RE: Contract No. M/12/14 with Middle East ASI (Mr. Galloway)

On 06/03/2002, we signed a contract with the aforesaid company to supply it with quantity of crude oil as per the following terms:

Number of Contract: M/12/14

Date: 06/03/2002

Name of Company: Middle East Semiconductor

Nationality: Jordanian

Quantity & Quality: (3) million barrels (2 millions of Basrah and 1 million of Kirkuk) Destination of Oil: Europe and America for Kirkuk oil, and America and The East for

Basrah light

Pricing Formula: depending on destination

Period of Supply: until 11/25/2002

Approval of Overseers: we will inform you of the approval later on

Other Terms: as per the general terms in force for the company's sales FOB Al-Bakr and

Ceyhan terminals

Please be informed and act accordingly.

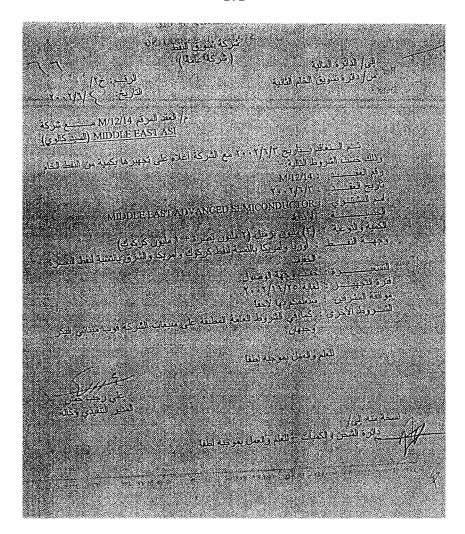


Ali Rajab Hassan Acting Executive Director

Cc:

Shipping & Quantities Department / please be informed and act accordingly

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (PG) - FN 96



Stamp

Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister

No.: 9825 Date: 06/04/2002

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq No.: KH2/6447 Ministry of Oil Date: 23 Rabi' I, 1423 H State Oil Marketing Organization (State Company) Equivalent to 06/04/2002

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

RE: Approval on Exported Crude Oil Contracts

Based on the statement of allocations dated 05/22/2002, please find below the details of the contract signed with Middle East ASI Company (on behalf of Mr. George Galloway):

Name of Company: Middle East Advanced Semiconductor.

Number of Contract: M/12/14 Date of Contract: 06/03/2002 Nationality: Jordanian Quantity: (3) million barrels

Type of Crude Oil: (2) million barrels of Basrah and (1) million barrels of Kirkuk

Period of Supply: until 11/25/2002

Destination of Crude Oil: Europe and America for Kirkuk, and America and The East for Basrah

light

Pricing Formula: depending on destination

Estimated Value of Contract in Euro: about (66) million euros (Based on the rate of \$20 per

barrel)

Surcharge: payable within (30) days from the date of loading

For your review and approval, please.

1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.

Ali Rajab Hassan

Acting Executive Director

For the approval of the minister

I approve

*,

06/06

PSI Staff Rpt (PG) - FN 97

بسوالله الرحمان الرحيم

جمهورية العراق

الرقم : ١٤٤ ١٧٤٤ ٢ التاريخ: ٧ > /ربيع الأول/١٤٢٣هـ

وزارة النقط

الموافق: کے / حزیران /۲۰۰۲م

شركة تسويق النقط (شركة عامة)

91,00 100

) (لا تعمل كل ما أنت قلار على القيام به وقِما ما يعد صحيحاً ومشروعاً على أسلمن العبادئ التي تؤمن بها بعد الاتكال على الله) الرئيس القلند (حفظه الله ورعاه) ۲۰۰۰/۸/۸

السيد وزير النفط المحترم

م/ المصادقة على عقود النفط الخام المصدر

اسستنادا إلى كشف التخصيصات في ٢٠٠٢/٥/٢٢ أدناه تفاصيل العقد الموقع مع شركة MIDDLE EAST ASI (لصالح السيد جورج كالوي) .

MIDDLE EAST ADVANCED SEMICONDUCTOR: اسم الشرك

رقم العقــــــد M/12/141

تاريخ العقـــــــ : ٢٠٠٢/٦/٣

الجنسية: أردنية

الكمبــــــة : (٣) مليون برميل

نوع النفط الخسسام : ٢ مليون بصرة + ١ مليون كركوك

فترة التجهيرين : لغاية ٢٠٠٢/١١/٢٥

وجهــة النفط الخــــــام: أمريكا وأوربا بالنسبة لنفط كركوك وأمريكا والشرق بالنسبة لنفط

البصرة الخفيف.

التسعيب الوصول

القسيمة الستقديرية للعقد باليورو: حوالي (٦٦) مليون يورو (على أساس ٢٠ دولار للبرميل

مبلغ الاسترجـــاع: يدفع خلال (٣٠) يوم بعد التحميل.

يرجى التفضل بالاطلاع والمصادقة ، مع التقدير

مصادقة السيد الوزير

AK, WT, MT

State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/196/2002

Due date : 17/1/2/2002	Contract no. : M12/14	BNP Confirmation no : X737508	Openning Bank L/c No.: CCIM1266641	Shipment No. : 8BL/1389 (1)
ASI MIDDLE EAST ADVANCED SEMI CONDUCTOR INC.	MINA ALBAKR TERMINAL	BERGE BORG	ONE OR TWO SAFE BERTH(S)/PORT(S) U.S.	IRAQ

Ships Name : Destination : Exporting part:

Sdď to

Coentry of origin:

Description of commodity		Quantity		Price per	Total value
	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in EURO
IRAQ CRUDE OF					
BASRAH LIGHT	138,680.837	136,490.17	1,000,000	20.167	20,167,600.00
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TOTAL EURO: INVENTY MILLION ONE HUNDRED SIXTY SEVEN THOUSAND ONLY

Price Caccabion: WTIGECOND MONTHIANUSS 6.44 (BBLANDERGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE OLIOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 16 th DAY FROM THE BILL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.35 API DE ESSCALATION

Payment is to be made to the united nations at banque national de paris, s.a. New ydrk branch for credit to the united nations raj account, elro sub-account account, nimber drap-actora-as

B/L DATED 18/11/2002

ORIGINAL

For State Oil Mari

D€c. 12 2002 12:41PM PS

PSI Staff Rpt (PG) - FN 98



State Oil Marketing Organization

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Marketing Organication

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03/02/03 17:11 MIDDLE EAST AS! → 2129631628

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STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

NO. M/13/48

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt(PG)-FN 100

D14

MIDDLE EAST ASI + 2129631628

This Contract shall be subject to SCR 986, SCR 1111, SCR 1143 SCR 1153, SCR 1210, SCR 1242, SCR 1281, SCR 1302, SCR 1330, SCR 1360, SCR 1382, SCR 1409, SCR 1447, the Procedures and the memorandum of Understanding between the Secretariat of the United nations and the Government of Iraq on the implementation of SCR 986 (United Nations document S/1996/356, dated 20 May 1996).

All other terms and conditions as per the standard SOMO General Conditions of F.O.B. crude oil sales contract (Section Two). As per our contract No. M/12/16 Dated 3/6/2002.

ARTICLE TEN

ADDRESSES:

In addition to the notices, declarations and other communications required under Article Fourteen, notices, approvals, declarations and Communications required above for the Overseers, on behalf of the 661 Committee, shall be effected at the addresses below:-

FOR SELLER:

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION

P.O. BOX 5118 BAGHDAD - IRAQ

TELEX : 212198 - 212199 SOMO IK

TELEPHONE: 964-1-7742040 - 10 Lines FAX: 964-1-8853925

FOR BUYER:

MIDDLE EAST ADVANCED SEMICONDUCTOR, INC.

P.O.BOX. 7373 AMMAN (11118) JORDAN AMMAN, 24 ABU ERSHEID CENTRE / GARDENS ST. TALAA AL-ALI

TEL: 9626 5533166/5532863/5522862 FAX: 9626 5533177

E-MAIL:FAWAZ@MEASI.COM..JO

FOR OVERSEERS

UNITED NATIONS, NEW YORK, U.S.A.

FAX: 212-963-1628

RAFID A. JASSIM DIRECTOR GENERAL

SOMO

This Contract has been done and signed on the 7TH day of January 2003.

FOR BUYER

FAWAZ A. ZUREIKAT

10

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In the name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

To: The Financial Department
From: Crude Oil Marketing Second Department

No.: KH2/15 Date: 01/25/2003

RE: Contract No. M/13/48 with Middle East ASI (Mr. Galloway)

On 01/07/2003, we signed a contract with the aforesaid company to supply it with quantity of crude oil as per the following terms:

Number of Contract: M/13/48

Date: 01/07/2003

Name of Company: Middle East Semiconductor, Inc.

Nationality: Jordanian

Quantity & Quality: (1) million barrels of Basrah light crude oil and (1) million barrels of

Kirkuk

Destination of Crude Oil: America and the East for Basrah, and Europe and America for

Kirkuk

Pricing Formula: depending on destination

Period of Supply: until 06/02/2003

Approval of the Overseers: we will inform you of the overseers' approval once we

receive it

Address of the Company: as in the previous contract

Other Terms: as per the general terms in force for the company's sales FOB Al-Bakr

terminal

Please be informed and act accordingly.



Ali Rajab Hassan Head of Oil Marketing Second Department



Rafid Abd-al-Halim Jassem General Director Chairman of Board of Directors

Cc:

Shipping & Quantities Department / please be informed and act accordingly

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt(PG)-FN 101

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

م/ العقد المرقم M/13/48 الموقع مع شركــــة (السيد كليوي) MIDDLE EAST ASI

تم التعاقد بتاريخ ٢٠٠٢/١/٧ مع الشركة أعلاه على تجهيزها بكمية من النفط الخام وذلك حسب الشروط التالُّية:-

رقم العقد : M/13/48

الكارينشيخ - ي ٢٠،١٢/١/٧

اسم الثركية : MIDDLE EAST ADVANCED SEMICONDUCTOR, INC.

ي اردنية 🖖 الجنسيـــــة

: (١) مليون برميل نقط خام بصرة خفيف + (١) مليون برميل كركوك الكمية والنوعية

. : أَمْرِيكَا والشرق بالنسبة لنفط البصرة وأوربا وأمريكا بالنسبة لنفط كركوك وجهة النفسط

> : حسب وجهة الرصول التمعيسترة

فترة التجهيسن بالغاية ٢٠٠٢/٦/٢

مُوافقة المشرفين ﴿ : مُنْعَلِّمُكُمْ بِمُوافقَةُ الْمُشْرِفِينَ حَالَ وَرُودُهُمَّا إِلَيْنَا .

عثوان الشركسة ﴿ زَ كَمَا فَيَ الْعَقَدِ الْعِمَانِقِ.

الشروط الأخرى ﴿ ؛ كما في الشروط العامة المطبقة على مبيعات الشركة فوب ميناء النكر

رئيس دائرة تصويق الخام الثانية

انسخة منه إلى /-دائرة الشحن والكميات / للعلم والعمل بموجيه لطفا

United States Senate
PERMANENT SUBCOMMITTEE ON INVESTIGATIONS
Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs

Norm Coleman, Chairman Carl Levin, Ranking Minority Member

REPORT ON OIL ALLOCATIONS GRANTED TO VLADIMIR ZHIRINOVSKY

PREPARED BY THE

MAJORITY AND MINORITY STAFFS OF THE PERMANENT SUBCOMMITTEE ON INVESTIGATIONS



RELEASED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE PERMANENT SUBCOMMITTEE ON INVESTIGATIONS MAY 17, 2005, HEARING

OIL FOR INFLUENCE: HOW SADDAM USED OIL TO REWARD POLITICIANS UNDER THE UNITED NATIONS OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM

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This Report presents the evidence gathered by the U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations (the "Subcommittee") establishing that Russian official Vladimir Zhirinovsky was granted lucrative allocations of oil from the Hussein regime under the U.N. Oil for Food Program. In addition, this Report reveals how Zhirinovsky assigned those allocations to Bayoil, an American oil trader, for commissions of hundreds of thousands – if not millions – of dollars. More importantly, the Subcommittee's evidence demonstrates that, in giving money to Zhirinovsky, Bayoil knew that it was paying a Russian official on behalf of the Hussein regime – in short, the Subcommittee's evidence establishes that Bayoil knowingly acted as a conduit between Saddam Hussein and Vladimir Zhirinovsky. Finally, this Report details how Zhirinovsky, Bayoil and certain Russian entities paid millions of dollars in illegal, under-thetable surcharges to the Hussein regime in connection with these oil transactions.

The evidence contained in this Report includes at least six documents related to oil allocations signed by Vladimir Zhirinovsky himself. In addition, the evidence includes more than 30 documents from the Iraqi Ministry of Oil that expressly identify Vladimir Zhirinovsky or his political party. That evidence is presented below.

I. BACKGROUND

A. Saddam's Manipulation of the Oil for Food Program

Under the Oil for Food Program, Iraq was permitted to sell its oil and use those proceeds to purchase food, medicines, and other humanitarian goods. Despite Oil for Food's noble intentions, the Hussein regime quickly exploited the Program for its own political purposes. One of its chief manipulations was the exploitation of "oil allocations" to garner political influence around the globe.³

To understand how the Hussein regime manipulated these oil transactions, one must begin with how Iraq sold its crude oil under the Program. The arm of the Iraqi government that managed the sale of Iraqi crude oil was the State Oil Marketing Organization, commonly called "SOMO." In order to manage the volume of oil flowing through its pipelines, the Iraqis divided its oil supply into discrete units, typically ranging from 1 to 10 million barrels. They then allocated these units to prospective oil purchasers, essentially giving those recipients an option to purchase that allotment of oil. These options are typically called "allocations." Assuming that SOMO and the purchaser could agree on other contractual terms, such as the loading schedule, the purchaser would contract with SOMO and proceed to buy the oil from Iraq. The Iraqis repeated this allocation process for each of the 13 phases of the Oil for Food Program.

Soon after the initiation of the Oil for Food Program, the Hussein regime manipulated this allocation process to maximize Iraq's influence around the world. As one Hussein regime official described the scheme, Saddam used oil to his geopolitical and strategic advantage.⁵ The plan was simple: rather than granting allocations to traditional oil purchasers, Iraq gave priority to foreign officials, journalists, and even terrorist entities.⁶ The central purpose of this tactic,

¹ The term "Oil for Food Program" refers to the program implemented pursuant to United Nations Security Council Resolution 986, dated April 14, 1995, and the Memorandum of Understanding between the United Nations and the Government of Iraq on May 20, 1996. Throughout this Report, the Oil for Food Program may be called the "Program" and the "OFF Program."

² The term "Bayoil" refers to the Houston-based oil trading company Bayoil (USA) Inc., and its subsidiaries and affiliates, such as Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited, Bayoil Technologies, and Bayoil SA.

³ For a more complete discussion of the oil allocation process and how Saddam Hussein's regime manipulated that process, please see the testimony of Mark L. Greenblatt, Counsel to the Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, before the Subcommittee, dated November 15, 2004.

Oil purchases under the Oil for Food Program were quite different from typical oil transactions. In particular, the U.N. was heavily involved in the sale of Iraqi oil under the Oil for Food Program. For instance, the U.N.'s Oil Overseers had to approve contracts signed between SOMO and oil purchasers, and participated in the setting and approval of the price for Iraqi oil. U.N. agents were also tasked with inspecting and verifying the loading of oil at authorized oil terminals. In addition, the proceeds from oil sales were held in escrow in a U.N.-monitored account at BNP Paribas, and could be used only to purchase approved goods under the Program.

⁵ Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No.1, April 2005.

⁶ Subcommittee Interview of Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz, April 21, 2005; Subcommittee Interview of Vice President Taha Yassin Ramadan, April 18, 2005; Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official

according to senior officials of the Hussein regime interviewed by the Subcommittee, was to engender international support for the Hussein regime and against the U.N.'s sanctions.⁷

By allocating the oil to favored people or entities, the regime forced oil purchasers to obtain allocations from those favored few. Those allocation holders essentially became gatekeepers to Iraqi oil. As gatekeepers, they demanded a "commission," which typically ranged from 3 to 30 cents per barrel. In light of the fact that most allocations consisted of millions of barrels of oil, such commissions were quite lucrative, reaching hundreds of thousands of dollars per allocation. Therefore, these allocations were extremely valuable, and by doling them out to favored individuals and entities, the Hussein regime could siphon millions of dollars to a foreign official, journalist, or terrorist entity – without actually paying a dime.

In an interview with the U.S. Treasury Iraqi Financial Asset Team, a Hussein regime official described how Saddam Hussein devised this plan in simple terms:

[The source] stated that Saddam Hussein began to utilize the Memorandum of Understanding [the Oil for Food Program] to sell oil to people who supported him. [The source] explained that this was done in order to enhance the power of Saddam Hussein. Saddam Hussein instructed that the price [of oil] should be made as low as possible and made beneficial to his supporters. Inside SOMO this system was nicknamed the "Saddam Bribery System."

Other senior members of the Hussein regime confirmed that the "Saddam Bribery System" used oil allocations to buy political influence around the world. For instance, the Vice President of the Hussein regime, Taha Yassin Ramadan, confirmed to the Subcommittee that the allocations were indeed "compensation for support." The Vice President also confirmed that "I know these people [i.e., allocation grantees] get [a] benefit." Another senior Hussein official confirmed that the allocation scheme was "buying influence." When asked whether allocation recipients would make a profit from the oil transactions, that official declared: "That's the whole point."

The Hussein regime used these lucrative allocations in its primary political struggle – ending U.N. sanctions. To that end, it primarily favored those individuals and entities from countries on the U.N. Security Council. Senior Hussein regime officials and numerous Ministry of Oil documents confirm that the regime steered a massive portion of its allocations toward Security Council members that were believed by the Hussein regime to support Iraq in its efforts to lift sanctions – namely, Russia, France, and China.¹³ For example, several Oil Ministry charts expressly separate the allocation recipients by country and specify whether the country is a permanent member of the Security Council. Russia, a permanent member of the Security Council, was consistently the largest recipient of oil allocations and, according to one Hussein regime official, this affinity for Russia resulted from Saddam's desire to show "gratitude" to the Russians for their support at the U.N. Security Council.¹⁴ To ensure that the profits of the oil transactions would remain in the favored country, allocations recipients were required to assign

No.1, April 2005. Terrorist individuals and entities who received allocations include the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine and Abu Abbas.

⁷ Id.

⁸ Memorandum of Interview of former regime official by U.S. Treasury Iraqi Financial Asset Team on March 24, 2004 (Interview #50). In order to protect the sources and methods used to obtain this evidence, memoranda of interviews conducted by the Subcommittee and the U.S. Treasury Iraqi Financial Asset Team are not included as exhibits to this Report.

⁹ Subcommittee Interview of Vice President Taha Yassin Ramadan, April 18, 2005.

¹⁰ Id.

¹¹ Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 2, April 2005; see also Subcommittee Interview of Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz, April 21, 2005; Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No.1, April 2005.

¹² Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 2, April 2005.

¹³ Subcommittee Interview of Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz, April 21, 2005; Subcommittee Interview of Vice President Taha Yassin Ramadan, April 18, 2005 (describing a "priority list" of countries that were supportive of Iraq and were granted preferential treatment in oil allocations); Comprehensive Report of the Special Advisor to the DCI on Iraq's WMD dated September 30, 2004, Volume 1 ("Duelfer Report"), p. 31.

¹⁴ Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No.1, April 2005.

their oil rights to purchasers in their country. ¹⁵ For instance, in one document examined below, the Iraqis instructed Zhirinovsky that a Russian company, not an American one, must contract for the oil allotted to him.

The recipients of the allocations were determined by a committee of Saddam Hussein's closest advisors, including Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz and the Minister of Oil Amir Muhammad Rashid. The committee was led by the Vice President of Iraq, Taha Yassin Ramadan. The committee would meet to review the allocations and make decisions concerning allocations in the upcoming phase. The committee would evaluate "Special Requests" made by individuals around the world who were soliciting allocations. The principal criterion for granting the "Special Requests" – i.e., granting an allocation – was the individual's support for Iraq. Once the committee determined the allocations for the upcoming phase, the Vice President would generally discuss the allocations with Saddam Hussein.

B. Zhirinovsky's Political Career

A prominent politician in Russia, Vladimir Zhirinovsky has long championed an ultranationalist, anti-West agenda. Zhirinovsky founded the Liberal Democratic Party of Russia (commonly called the "LDPR") in 1990 and ran for President of Russia in 1991, 1995, and 2000. Known for fiery rhetoric, Zhirinovsky gained only 8% of the popular vote in the 1991 presidential race. In the parliamentary elections of 1993, however, the LPDR stunned the world by winning 23% of Russian votes and became the second-largest faction in the Duma. In 1995, Zhirinovsky wrote a book entitled "I Spit on the West," which the LDPR called "a literary work" and a "philosophical book." In 1995, the meteoric rise of LDPR and Zhirinovsky slowed a bit, and Zhirinovsky won only 6% of the popular vote in the presidential race. In addition, LDPR's representation in the Duma dropped to 11%, making it the third largest faction in the parliament. The LDPR lost additional Duma seats in 1999, and Zhirinovsky's bid for president in 2000 netted him a meager 2.7% of the vote. In 2003, however, Zhirinovsky's party improved its standing, capturing 12% of the Duma. According to a December 2003 article in the Washington Post, Zhirinovsky was "back in vogue in Russian politics." 22

Recently, Zhirinovsky became involved in yet another controversy. On March 30, 2005, Zhirinovsky reportedly started a fistfight with opposing members of the Duma. During the brawl, Zhirinovsky spit on another parliamentarian. Zhirinovsky allegedly received a concussion in the melee. As a result of his misconduct, he was barred from speaking in the Duma for a month. ²⁴

C. Zhirinovsky's Relationship with the Hussein Regime

For years, Zhirinovsky was a tireless and vocal supporter of Saddam Hussein's regime. For example, when negotiations concerning the Oil for Food Program were underway in 1995, Zhirinovsky led a delegation of 50 people to Baghdad and called for the immediate end to U.N. sanctions against Iraq. The During the trip, he met with Saddam Hussein, Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz and Speaker of the National Assembly Saadi Mehdi Saleh. He signed "an agreement on cooperation between the parliament of Iraq and the LDPR faction." In addition,

¹⁵ Id.

¹⁶ Subcommittee Interview of Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz, April 21, 2005; Subcommittee Interview of Vice President Taha Yassin Ramadan, April 18, 2005; Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No.1, April 2005.

¹⁷ Subcommittee Interview of Vice President Taha Yassin Ramadan, April 18, 2005; Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No.1, April 2005.

¹⁸ Subcommittee Interview of Vice President Taha Yassin Ramadan, April 18, 2005.

¹⁹ Id.

²⁰ Id.

²¹ Id.

²² See Washington Post, "Russia Votes as Putin Says," December 9, 2003.

²³ See Herald Sun (Australia), "Zhirinovsky sanctioned after Duma spat," March 30, 2005.

²⁴ Id.

²⁵ See Mideast Mirror, "An Arab Day of Solidarity with Iraq," February 28, 1995.

²⁶ See Xinhua News Agency, February 28, 1995.

²⁷ See Official Kremlin International News Broadcast, March 5, 1995.

he signed an agreement on "inter-party ties" between the Hussein-controlled Baath Party and the LDPR. 25

In August 1996, just a few months before the onset of the Oil for Food Program, Zhirinovsky made a 3-day visit to Iraq.²⁶ During the trip, he met with Saddam Hussein, Tariq Aziz and the Minister of Trade, offering pledges of support in Iraq's effort to end U.N. sanctions. Zhirinovsky reportedly told Hussein that his political party, the LDPR, and Russian nationalist forces "favor the development of relations between Iraq and Russia."²⁷

Such pro-Iraq comments were commonplace for Zhirinovsky, especially during his frequent trips to Iraq. Over the life of the Oil for Food Program, Zhirinovsky traveled to Iraq on at least 16 occasions. Those visits followed a similar pattern, in which Zhirinovsky would lead a delegation of Russian politicians to Baghdad, meet with Saddam Hussein, Tariq Aziz or other senior members of the Hussein regime, and would frequently declare his support for the Hussein regime and denounce U.N. sanctions against Iraq. A handful of those trips are discussed in this Report.

II. EVIDENCE THAT VLADIMIR ZHIRINOVSKY WAS GRANTED LUCRATIVE OIL ALLOCATIONS

A. Summary of Evidence Concerning Allocations Granted to Zhirinovsky

After the fall of the Hussein regime, the Iraqi Ministry of Oil compiled data concerning the activities of the regime during the Oil for Food Program. In doing so, SOMO created several charts revealing who was granted oil allocations for each phase, and how much profit the allocation recipient or oil purchaser generated from the transactions.

According to these SOMO documents, the Hussein regime allocated millions of barrels of oil to Zhirinovsky and his political party, the LDPR, under the Oil for Food Program. Those allocations occurred throughout the life of the Oil for Food Program, starting in Phase II (mid-1997) and continuing through Phase XII (late 2002). SOMO's documents indicate that the allocations were quite lucrative for Zhirinovsky and the LDPR, generating an estimated \$8.679 million.²⁹ The information in those Ministry of Oil charts is reflected in the chart below:

²⁵ Id.

²⁶ See Agence France Presse, "Zhirinovsky Wraps up Visit to Iraq After Pledging Support," August 22, 1996.

²⁷ Id.

²⁸ See SOMO charts entitled "Table No. 1: Quantities of Crude Oil Allocated to the Companies during the Phases of the Memorandum of Understanding," and "Table No. 3: An Estimate of the Profits the Companies and Russian Parties made from Purchasing the Iraqi Crude Oil during the Phases of the Memorandum of Understanding," According to numerous sources and documents, officials in the Iraqi government would routinely refer to the Oil for Food Program as "the Memorandum of Understanding," or similar terms. This term refers to the Memorandum of Understanding executed on May 20, 1996 between the Government of Iraq and the United Nations Secretariat that governed the implementation of U.N. Security Council Resolution 986. For purposes of this Report, these charts will be called the "SOMO Allocation Charts."

²⁹ See SOMO Allocation Chart, Table No.3.

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OIL ALLOCATIONS TO VLADIMIR ZHIRINOVSKY AND/OR HIS POLICITAL PARTY UNDER THE OIL FOR FOOD PROGRAM & ESTIMATED PROFITS

PHASE	DATES	ALLOCATION AMOUNT	SOMO ESTIMATE OF ZHIRINOVSKY'S PROFITS
31	June 1997 - December 1997	3 6 Million	\$360,000
111	December 1997 - May 1998	7.2 Million	\$700,000
ŧV	May 1998 – November 1998	10 Million	\$2,000,000
v	November 1998 to May 1999	10 Million ³⁰	\$890,000
VI	May 1999 - December 1999	10 Million	\$735,000
Vil	December 1999 - June 2000	6.5 Million	\$488,000
VIII	June 2000 - December 2000	9 Million	\$2,275,000
IX	December 2000 - July 2001	6 Million	(contract not performed)
Х	July 2001 - November 2001	4 Million	\$833,000
XI	December 2001 - May 2002	5.5 Million	\$398,000
XII	May 2002 - December 2002	4 0 Million	(contract not performed)
	tal Allocations to ovsky and Estimated Profits	75.8 Million	\$8,679,000

Senior Hussein officials that were interviewed by this Subcommittee further verified that Zhirinovsky was granted oil allocations from the Hussein regime. For instance, the Vice President of the regime, Taha Yassin Ramadan, confirmed that Zhirinovsky received allotments of oil. That Another Hussein regime official confirmed not only that Zhirinovsky was granted oil allocations, but also verified that the Russian earned money on the transactions: "Of course Zhirinovsky would make a profit. That's the whole point." That's the whole point.

The Subcommittee has obtained extensive documentary evidence that Bayoil purchased the oil allocated to Zhirinovsky in Phases V, VI, VII, VIII, and X. The Subcommittee has also uncovered evidence that, in conjunction with these oil purchases, Bayoil paid millions of dollars to "Russian," and other entities based in secrecy havens such as Cyprus. Finally, the Subcommittee has uncovered detailed evidence that Zhirinovsky, Bayoil and Russian entities made massive, under-the-table payments to the Hussein regime in connection with some of these Oil for Food transactions. This evidence is presented in detail below.

B. The First Allocation (Phase II)

1. Letter from Zhirinovsky Requesting OFF Contracts

On July 30, 1997, just a few months after the onset of the Oil for Food Program, Vladimir Zhirinovsky wrote a letter to the Iraqi Ambassador to Russia Dr. Hasan Fhami Jum'ah. ³³ In that letter, Zhirinovsky reminded the Ambassador of Zhirinovsky's vocal support for the Hussein regime and his ardent opposition to the U.N. sanctions, saying that he and the LDPR "stood firmly against the enforcement of the United Nations economic sanctions" against Iraq. Zhirinovsky then stated that, "[i]n order to balance the political situation in the world, [the LDPR] used our influence on the [Duma] to adopt resolutions that will facilitate the economic

³⁰ The 10 million barrel allocation in Phase V is comprised of (i) a 3 million barrel supplemental allocation that was granted at the end of Phase IV, but lifted in Phase V, and (ii) a 7 million barrel allocation in Phase V. Those allocations are discussed in detail in this Report.

³¹ Subcommittee Interview of Vice President Taha Yassin Ramadan, April 18, 2005.

³² Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 2, April 2005.

³³ See Letter from Vladimir Zhírínovsky to Dr. Hasan Fhami Jum'ah, July 30, 1997.

cooperation between our countries. A special resolution to lift the economic sanctions on Iraq was adopted in particular and by virtue of our party's efforts."

After declaring his steadfast support for the Hussein regime, Zhirinovsky then requested that the Hussein regime provide contracts under the OFF Program to his party's "commercial institutions":

We have commercial institutions that support the program and goals of our party, and possess true potentials and wish to supply medicine and food to the Republic of Iraq. I hope that you will consider the possibility of companies and institutions we offer to participate in the mentioned operations; I suggest adding them to your list in order to implement the above-mentioned resolution of the United Nations. I hope this will serve the ideal steps to bring our countries together; it is considered one of the important basic elements of our common understanding.

In a post-script, Zhirinovsky indicates that the LDPR contact person for these "issues" is his "assistant for economic affairs," Mr. Kondratev.

2. Meeting between Iraqi Ambassador and Zhirinovsky's Deputy

Ten days after Zhirinovsky's letter, the Iraqi Ambassador met with Zhirinovsky's deputy, Mr. Kondratev. This Ambassador later described that meeting and Zhirinovsky's proposal in a letter to the Ministries of Foreign Affairs, Trade, and Oil.³⁴ Stating that Zhirinovsky "supports the participation of his party in the supply of medicine and food as per the Memorandum of Understanding signed between Iraq and the United Nations," the Ambassador recounts the meeting with Zhirinovsky's deputy:

I met with Mr. Kondratev, deputy of Mr. Zhirinovsky for Economic Affairs, in the presence of Trade Counsel in this embassy on 08/10/1997. Mr. Kondratev requested the possibility to fulfill the wish of the head of the Liberal Democratic Party of Russia, with whom we have strong relationships, and who has been supportive of Iraq's position, whether at the Duma Council or in the mass popular meetings and others. We informed him that Iraq has no objection to cooperate with them according to traditional rules of trade....³⁵

3. Oil Minister's Instruction to Grant an Allocation to Zhirinovsky

Immediately after receiving the letters from Zhirinovsky and the Iraqi Ambassador to Russia, the Minister of Oil forwarded the correspondence to SOMO, and instructed SOMO as follows:

You need to call our ambassador in Moscow to settle the issue of supplying them with an appropriate quantity of crude oil, taking into consideration that they have already put in a request in this regard.

SOMO responded to the Oil Minister's instruction two days later on September 16, 1997, in a letter entitled "Contacting Mr. Vladimir Zhirinovsky." According to SOMO's letter, it held a telephone conference with the Iraqi Ambassador to Russia "in connection with allocating a quantity of crude oil to Mr. Vladimir Zhirinovsky, head of the Liberal Democratic Party of Russia." SOMO informed the Minister of Oil that "Zhirinovsky's company has not been registered yet at the United Nations." 37

 $^{^{34}}$ See Letter from Dr. Hasan Fhami Jum'ah to multiple recipients, August 21, 1997.

³⁵ The precise meaning of the phrase "traditional rules of trade" in the Ambassador's letter is unclear.

³⁶ See Letter from SOMO Executive Director Saddam Zeben Hassan to H.E. the Minister of Oil entitled "Contacting Mr. Vladimir Zhirinovsky," September 16, 1997.

³⁷ This sentence suggests that the company Zhirinovsky proposed to contract for the allocated oil had not yet obtained authorization by the U.N., as required under the rules of the Oil for Food Program.

4. Meeting between Zhirinovsky and Hussein Regime Regarding OFF Opportunities

One high-ranking Hussein official indicated that Zhirinovsky visited the Iraqi embassy in Moscow in 1997 to request oil allocations. That meeting was captured in a letter written by the Iraqi Ambassador to Russia, who described a September 18, 1997 meeting with Zhirinovsky. The Ambassador stated that Zhirinovsky's assistants, including Mikhail Gutseriev, the Deputy Speaker of the Russian Duma, attended the meeting. At that conference, the Ambassador and Zhirinovsky agreed that Zhirinovsky would send "a delegation" to Iraq.

Following up on the agreement to dispatch a delegation to Iraq, Zhirinovsky wrote a letter to the Iraqi Ambassador listing the individuals that would travel to Iraq to "conduct negotiations with the government." Zhirinovsky wrote, "In accordance with the agreement that was reached earlier, [I] would like to inform you, that to conduct negotiations with the government, a delegation of the following composition is being planned to be sent to Iraq." Included on that list are Mikhail Gutseriev, the Deputy Speaker of the Russian Duma, and Anatoly Gromov, a senior official of the Russian oil company called Sidanco. Notably, Zhirinovsky indicated that Gromov was "empowered to conduct negotiations and to conclude contracts of oil quotas earmarked for the Liberal Democratic Party of Russia."

The Ambassador forwarded Zhirinovsky's letter to the Ministry of Oil and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. In that letter, the Ambassador noted that Zhirinovsky's delegation would arrive in Baghdad in late September 1997.

5. Letter from Tariq Aziz Concerning Zhirinovsky's Oil for Food Delegation

On October 1, 1997, Tariq Aziz, then Acting Foreign Minister for the Hussein regime, wrote a letter to the Minister of Oil entitled "Russian Delegation Visits the Country." Aziz's letter shines more light on the nature of Zhirinovsky's delegation:

[T]he Russian delegation, lead by Mikhail Gutseriev, deputy of the Duma Council leader, will arrive in the country on Sunday, 10/05/1997 to complete the contracts pertaining to oil and foods. Zhirinovsky, head of the Liberal Democratic Party of Russia, requested full support to the delegation, and mentioned that Gutseriev is his personal representative and has full authority to sign contracts.... Sidanco general manager to Iraq and the United Nations will accompany the delegation in order to buy oil on behalf of the Liberal Democratic Party.

From this letter, it is clear that Zhirinovsky was soliciting oil allocations for him and his political party under the Oil for Food Program and that he was sending a team of representatives to Baghdad to negotiate those transactions. After receiving the letter from Aziz, the Minister of Oil forwards the letter to SOMO and instructs it to "take the necessary steps to contract for the appropriate quantity." SOMO would heed this instruction within days.

6. Sidanco Contracts for Zhirinovsky's Allocation

On October 7, 1997, Anatoly Gromov, the Sidanco executive that Zhirinovsky had "empowered to conduct negotiations and to conclude contracts of oil quotas earmarked for the Liberal Democratic Party of Russia," signed a contract with SOMO for the sale of 1.8 million barrels of oil.⁴² That contract was numbered M/02/32.⁴³

³⁸ Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No.1, April 2005.

³⁹ See Letter of Dr. Hasan Fahmi Jum'ah, Iraqi Ambassador to Russia, to the Ministry of Oil and SOMO, September 23, 1997.

Nee Letter from Vladimir Zhirinovsky to Dr. Hasan Fahmi Jum'ah, Iraqi Ambassador to Russia, September 22, 1997. The Subcommittee obtained copies of this letter in both Arabic and Russian. Reading the two translated versions together, the Subcommittee was able to determine the contents of Zhirinovsky's letter.

⁴¹ See Letter from Tariq Aziz to Ministry of Oil, October 1, 1997.

⁴² See SOMO Crude Oil Sales Contract No. M/02/32. Because oil contracts under the Oil for Food Program contain standard language, the Subcommittee has included the entire contract for M/02/32, but will include only the cover and signature pages of subsequent contracts.

The day after Contract M/02/32 was signed, SOMO requested approval for the contract from the Minister of Oil. 44 At least one Hussein regime official verified that this letter was the traditional form that SOMO would use to inform the Minister of Oil of the contract and request his approval. 45 In that letter, SOMO wrote, "Please find below the details of contract signed with Sidanco Russian Co. (for Mr. Vladimir Zhirinovsky, head of the Liberal Democratic Party of Russia)." The name in parenthesis after the oil purchaser, according to several senior officials in the Hussein regime interviewed by the Subcommittee, was the name of the allocation recipient. 46 Typically, SOMO would indicate the identity of the allocation grantee by saying the contract was "for" or "on behalf of" that person or entity. In this case, the letter indicated that the oil had been allotted to "Mr. Zhirinovsky, head of the Liberal Democratic Party of Russia." The Oil Minister approved the contract just a few days later.

7. Zhirinovsky Meets with Saddam Hussein and Tariq Aziz

A few weeks after Sidanco contracted for the oil allocated to Zhirinovsky, the Russian made two well-publicized trips to Iraq to demonstrate his support for the Hussein regime. In early December 1997, Zhirinovsky led a delegation of Russian officials to Iraq. That trip culminated in a meeting between Zhirinovsky and Saddam Hussein and Husseis chief deputy, Tariq Aziz. During that meeting, Zhirinovsky informed Saddam of his efforts in the Russian parliament to lift the U.N.'s sanctions on Iraq and denounced U.S. aggression against Iraq.⁴⁷

A couple weeks later, Zhirinovsky led a group of 21 members of his political party to Iraq. The purpose of the trip was to deliver 5 tons of medical supplies to the Hussein regime. One party leader told Tariq Aziz that the LDPR leaders were prepared to act as human shields against any attack by the United States. Aziz publicly thanked Zhirinovsky for his "courageous step."

C. The Second Allocation (Phase III)

According to the SOMO Allocation Chart discussed above, Zhirinovsky received an allotment of 7.2 million barrels of oil in Phase III of the Program. Not surprisingly, Sidanco – the Russian company that lifted the oil allocated to Zhirinovsky in Phase II – contracted with SOMO for precisely the same amount (7.2 million barrels). ⁴⁹ After that contract was signed, Zhirinovsky wrote to the Iraqi Ambassador to Russia informing the Iraqis that a "delegation" from Sidanco would be traveling to Iraq in March 1998, and requested that SOMO help Sidanco in executing the contract. ⁵⁰ The Iraqi Ambassador then forwarded Zhirinovsky's request to the Executive Director of SOMO:

Mr. Vladimir Zhirinovsky, Head of the Liberal Democratic Party of Russia, has requested help to be offered to members of the delegation of the Russian company Sidanco in order to participate in the execution of phase three of the Memorandum of Understanding of Oil for Food and Medicine. The delegation will be arriving by you on Monday, 03/16/1998. Please offer them the help and greet them.

Another Oil Ministry document indicates that Zhirinovsky may have received a second oil allocation in Phase III. That document, a letter written by the Executive Director of SOMO to the Oil Minister, states that 3 million barrels of oil were allocated to Zhirinovsky, and that the oil would be lifted by a Russian company called Rosebulnefte:

⁴³ Oil contracts under the Oil for Food Program were numbered chronologically by phase. All contracts began with the prefixed letter 'M,' followed by the applicable number of the Phase of the OFF Program. The second number indicated when in the phase it had been signed. For instance, the third OFF contract in Phase VI was numbered M/06/03. Therefore, Sidanco's contract M/02/32 indicates that it was the 32nd contract reveaued in Phase II.

⁴⁴ See Letter from SOMO Executive Director Saddam Zeben Hassan to H.E. the Minister of Oil, October 8, 1997.

⁴⁵ Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No.1, April 2005.

⁴⁶ E.g., id.

⁴⁷ See Xinhua News Agency, "Saddam Meets Russian Party Leader," December 8, 1997.

⁴⁸ See Associated Press, December 27, 1997.

⁴⁹ See SOMO Crude Oil Sales Contract No. M/03/25 (cover and signature page).

⁵⁰ See Telegram from Hasan Fhami Jum'ah to "The Executive Director," March 12, 1998.

Please take into consideration that 3 million barrels of Kirkuk crude oil has already been allocated to the aforesaid company [Rosebulnefte] in phase three on behalf of the Liberal Party of Russia (Mr. Zhirinovsky), who notified the company of being the one to lift the quantity that will be allocated to the Liberal Party in phase four.⁵¹

On the same day, SOMO prepared a chart that describes the allocations doled out in Phases III and IV. 52 This chart, entitled "Quantities Allocation in Phase IV of the Memorandum of Understanding," lists the recipients of oil allocations from the Hussein regime in Phases III and IV and indicates the amount of allotted oil for each grantee. Under the heading "Russia," the chart reveals that an allocation was provided to Rosebulnefte. Next to the company's name appears "Zhirinovsky." That chart indicates that Zhirinovsky received an allocation of 3 million barrels in Phase III.

D. The Third Allocation (Phase IV)

1. Vice-President of Iraq Approves Allocation to Zhirinovsky in Phase IV

According to the SOMO Phase IV Chart, Zhirinovsky was allocated another 10 million barrels in Phase IV of the Program.⁵³ A handwritten note to the Executive Director of SOMO indicates that the Vice-President of Iraq "has approved allocating the quantities as indicated in this table." SOMO was then instructed to "take the necessary steps to carry out" the allocations.⁵⁴

2. Sidanco Contracts for Zhirinovsky's Oil

Although the chart described above suggests that Zhirinovsky's Phase IV allocation would be lifted by Rosebulnefte, later documents indicate that the allotted 10 million barrels were actually purchased by Sidanco. For instance, Sidanco signed Contract M/04/44 to purchase the same amount of oil – 10 million barrels. ⁵⁵ The next day, SOMO wrote to the Minister of Oil, requesting approval for Contract M/04/44. ⁵⁶ In describing that contract, SOMO makes clear that the Sidanco contract was "on behalf of [the] Liberal Democratic Party of Russia/Mr. Zhirinovsky":

Based on the approval of Mr. Taha Yassin Ramadhan, the vice-president of the republic, as per the statement of allocations in phase 4, please find below the details of [the] contract signed with Sidanco Russian Company (on behalf of [the] Liberal Democratic Party of Russia/Mr. Zhirinovsky).

Additional SOMO documents confirm that Sidanco's contract in Phase IV covered Zhirinovsky's allocation of oil. ⁵⁷ For example, a SOMO-created chart, entitled "Exports of Iraqi Crude Oil as per the Memorandum of Understanding/Phase Four from 06/03/1998 to 11/25/1998," indicates that Sidanco contracted for 10 million barrels. In parentheses next to the company's name appears "Zhirinovsky." The chart also indicates that 99% of the contracted volume – 9.941 million barrels of oil – was actually lifted. Of those 9.941 million barrels, 2.021 million were exported to the U.S. market.

⁵¹ See Letter from Saddam Zeben Hassan to H.E. the Minister of Oil, June 11, 1998.

⁵² See SOMO chart entitled "Allocation of Quantities in Phase Four of the Memorandum of Understanding" (the "SOMO Phase IV Chart").

⁵³ Id.

Although the signature under this handwritten note is unclear, such instructions to the Executive Director of SOMO would typically come from the Minister of Oil. Examples of such instructions from the Minister of Oil to SOMO are presented below. See, e.g., Handwritten notation on letter from Saddam Zeben Hassan to the Oil Minister, December 5, 1998 (presented in Footnote 61, below).

⁵⁵ See SOMO Crude Oil Sales Contract No. M/04/44 (cover and signature pages).

⁵⁶ See Letter from Saddam Zeben Hassan to H.E. the Minister of Oil, July 9, 1998.

⁵⁷ See SOMO table entitled "Exports of Iraqi Crude Oil as per the Memorandum of Understanding/Phase Four from 06/03/1998 to 11/25/1998."

3. Zhirinovsky Receives an Additional Allocation of 3 Million Barrels in Phase IV

On October 31, 1998, toward the end of Phase IV, the Iraqi government decided to halt dealings with the U.N. weapons inspectors. Just a few days later, Zhirinovsky met with Saddam Hussein and Tariq Aziz in Iraq for two hours. Experiments 28 Zhirinovsky pledged his support for Iraq and denounced the U.N. sanctions. Moreover, soon after his return to Russia, Zhirinovsky submitted a motion to the Russian parliament that called for the lifting of sanctions against Iraq. Of

Just two weeks after Zhirinovsky's various expressions of support, the Hussein regime rewarded him with an additional allocation of 3 million barrels of oil. To that end, the Minister of Oil instructed SOMO to execute a 2-month extension of Contract M/04/44 – the Sidanco contract for Zhirinovsky's Phase IV allocation – and include an additional 3 million barrels of oil. SOMO complied with the Minister's request, and sent him a letter confirming that it had done so.⁶¹ In that letter, SOMO once again makes clear that the Sidanco contract was "on behalf of [the] Liberal Democratic Party of Russia/Mr. Zhirinovsky'':

In compliance with the instructions of your Excellency to extend the validity of contracts with Russian companies for two months in phase 4, to expire on 01/25/1999, we have extended the contract signed with Sidanco Company (on behalf of [the] Liberal Democratic Party of Russia/Mr. Zhirinovsky).

The Minister of Oil approved the extension, but instructs SOMO to confirm with "the Party" that Sidanco is still acting as its representative: "You need to verify with the Party's representative that this company remains its representative."

Over the next few months, only two-thirds of the supplemental allocation (1,980,775 barrels) had apparently been lifted. Zhirinovsky, however, wanted to ensure that the rest of his allocation would be purchased. To that end, he sent a letter to SOMO's Executive Director requesting that the Iraqis extend his Phase IV allocation yet again.⁶² Zhirinovsky's letter, expressly referring to "Contract M/04/44 of July 8, 1998]," reads as follows:

We would like to refer to the above Contract [M/04/44] and to inform you that the balance of 1'019'225 [sic] US bbls of Kirkuk was left over under the above mentioned [sic] Contract after completion of the last [sic] shipment.

We would appreciate, [sic] if you agree to extend the validity of the above Contract in order to permit O.J.S.C Sidanco to perform their contractual obligations and to lift the balance.

We hope that our wishes will be favourably welcomed and assure you of our desire to be of service at all times.

Zhirinovsky's request appears to have been successful because Contract M/04/44, which was set to expire on January 25, 1999, was extended to April 30, 1999.⁶³

E. The Fourth Allocation (Phase V)

Zhirinovsky received another sizeable allocation in the next term of the OFF Program, Phase V. One SOMO chart lists the allocations doled out in Phase V, and indicates that 7.2

⁵⁸ See Associated Press, November 3, 1998.

⁵⁹ See BBC Summary of World Broadcasts, Republic of Iraq Radio, November 5, 1998.

⁶⁰ See Associated Press Online, "U.N. Pulls Workers From Iraq," November 11, 1998 (noting that Zhirinovsky's parliamentary motion failed).

⁶¹ See Letter from Saddam Zeben Hassan to the H.E. the Oil Minister, December 5, 1998.

⁶² See Letter from Vladimir Zhirinovsky to SOMO, undated. Although the letter was undated, it was stamped as received by the Office of the Executive Director of SOMO on April 15, 1999.

⁶³ See Letter from U.N. Oil Overseers to Sidanco, April 13, 1999 (granting approval of extension of M/04/44 to April 30, 1999).

million barrels was "the quantity of Mr. Zhirinovsky." Although Sidanco had marketed Zhirinovsky's previous allocations of oil, the contracting company for this allotment was a different Russian entity, J.S.C. Nafta Moscow. Safta Moscow's role in the transaction, however, was minimal – the company that really orchestrated this oil transaction was the American oil trading company, Bayoil.

1. Bayoil Aggressively Pursued Russian Oil Companies

In 1998, during Phases IV and V of the Program, Bayoil conducted an aggressive campaign to buy Iraqi oil under the Oil for Food Program. Bayoil's efforts were complicated, however, by the fact that the Hussein regime had initiated a policy that forbade any direct contracting with American or British companies under the OFF Program. ⁶⁶ In addition, according to senior officials in the Hussein regime interviewed by the Subcommittee, Iraq demanded that the company that purchased the oil had to be located in the same country as the recipient of the allocation. For example, oil that had been allotted to a Russian official had to be purchased by a Russian company. That meant that Bayoil, an American company, could not buy oil that had been allotted to any Russian individuals or entities. Instead, Bayoil would have to arrange for a Russian entity to act as a nominal purchaser for the oil, which would contract with SOMO for the oil, and without ever taking possession of it, sell that cargo to Bayoil.

Accordingly, Bayoil reached out to numerous Russian companies to act as a purchasing agent. To that end, on December 2, 1998, Bayoil wrote to Anatoly Gromov, the Sidanco official that was "empowered" to buy on behalf of Zhirinovsky and the LDPR.⁶⁷ In that letter, Bayoil solicited an offer to purchase Sidanco's Phase V allocation:

I understand that you may have some Iraqi oil allocation [sic]. If this is correct we would like to receive an offer from you for quantities available to you under future oil allocation [sic] of the Iraqi/UN Oil for food [sic] deal during the 5th period.

We are ready to pay market premiums for the oil as well as to open the respective Letters of Credit from your name in favor of U.N./SOMO for our account, if this is needed.

Bayoil sent a similar letter on the same day to a different Sidanco representative, and reiterated its willingness to pay "market premiums for the oil." Bayoil sent yet another letter to Sidanco that day. This third letter informed Sidanco that Bayoil's President David B. Chalmers, Jr. and its Special Advisor Ludmil Dionissiev would be traveling to Moscow from December 9-14, 1998, and requested a meeting "to discuss matters of mutual interest."

Continuing its aggressive approach, Bayoil wrote an identical letter concerning the Chalmers-Dionissiev trip to Vladislav Efremov of Nafta Moscow. Bayoil again indicated that it wanted to meet "to discuss matters of mutual interest." Bayoil's trip to Moscow and Nafta Moscow would ultimately play a central role in the Bayoil-Zhirinovsky transactions.

⁶⁴ See SOMO chart entitled "Statement of Quantities Allocated in Phase Subsequent to Phase Five," Sidanco and the "quantity of Mr. Zhirinovsky." This chart lists Sidanco as the contracting company, but indicates that Sidanco was "omitted from the list of the Ministry of Energy / in order to enable it to market the quantity of Mr. Zhirinovsky." The precise meaning of this notation is unclear.

⁶⁵ The Subcommittee will refer to J.S.C. Nafta Moscow as "Nafta Moscow" or "Nafta."

⁶⁶ See, e.g., Letter from Dr. Hassan Fifahmi Juma to "Mr. Z," December 15, 1998 (presented in Footnote 71, below).

⁶⁷ See Letter from Bayoil Special Adviser Ludmil Dionissiev to Anatolii Nickolaevich Gromov, December 2, 1998. The letter was directed to Anatoly Gromov, the Sidanco official, at an entity called "Gruppa Alliance." The nature of the Gruppa Alliance is unclear.

⁶⁸ See Letter from Bayoil Special Adviser Ludmil Dionissiev to Valerii Ivanovich Polyakov, December 2, 1998, BAY04-01467.

⁶⁹ See Letter from Bayoil Special Adviser Ludmil Dionissiev to Valerii Ivanovich Polyakov, December 2, 1998, BAY04-01469.

⁷⁰ See Letter from Bayoil Special Adviser Ludmil Dionissiev to V.A. Efremov, December 3, 1998, BAY04-01465.

2. Bayoil Orchestrates the Purchase of Zhirinovsky's Oil Allocation

Bayoil's trip to Moscow in early December 1998 set the stage for its purchase of Zhirinovsky's Phase V oil allocation. The essence of the Bayoil-Zhirinovsky transaction, as described below, involves (i) the assignment of the allocation from Zhirinovsky to Bayoil, and (ii) the arrangement of a Russian agent to purchase the oil on behalf of Bayoil. Bayoil accomplished both of those tasks in late 1998 – early 1999. The nature of this two-pronged transaction is captured in an illuminating series of letters that are presented below.

(a) Bayoil and Zhirinovsky Must Find a Russian Purchasing Agent

At some point in December 1998 – presumably during Bayoil's trip to Russia – Bayoil reached agreement with Zhirinovsky to buy his oil allocation. Soon thereafter, Zhirinovsky appears to have written to Iraqi Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz to propose that Bayoil would be lifting his allotment of oil. On December 15, 1998, the Iraqi Ambassador to Russia responde to Zhirinovsky, informing him that the Iraqis refused to do business with American companies. This correspondence was captured in translated letter to "Mr. Z, Leader of the LDPR":

To Mr. Z
Leader of LDPR
Dear Friend:
In answer of your letter address[ed] to Mr. Tariq Azis [sic], Deputy
Prime Minister of Iraq, I have the honour to convey to you the
apology of the Iraqi side that Iraq cannot do any deals with
American companies....⁷¹

The fact that this translation was found in Bayoil's letters strongly implies that Bayoil was the American company that Zhirinovsky had proposed.

In light of the Iraqi rule prohibiting American involvement, Bayoil was forced to engage a purchasing agent that would interface with SOMO. The Russian company Nafta Moscow would quickly fill that role.

(b) Nafta Accepts Bayoil's Proposal

During that same month, December 1998, Bayoil reached an agreement with Nafta such that Nafta would act as Bayoil's agent in the purchase of oil from Iraq. Nafta later provided written confirmation that it accepted Bayoil's proposal to act as an agent, in exchange for a commission of 3 cents per barrel:

In addition to our negotiations we confirm our readiness to purchase 7 – 10 million barrels of Iraqi oil, with possible increase in quantity, within the scope of the fifth phase of the UN program [Oil for Food], under quota which will be set by your company. The contract to purchase oil will be entered into by "NAFTA MOSKVA" and "SOMO" and it will be implemented exclusively by your company at the official purchase price "SOMO," plus 0.03 American dollars per net barrel of shipped oil. The stated premium added to the official sales price represents the costs of servicing the contract by the company "NAFTA MOSKVA."

The opening of letters of credit in the name of "NAFTA MOSKVA," but on the account of your company to the benefit of the UN will be implemented by "Bayoil" and will bear all expenses related to this,⁷²

⁷¹ See Letter from Dr. Hassan Fifahmi Juma to "Mr. Z," December 15, 1998 (described as "Translation answer to Mr. Z, Leader of LDPR").

⁷² See Letter from V.A. Bunin, General Director of Nafta Moscow, to Ludmil Dionissiev, Senior Advisor to Bayoil, December 18, 1998. It is unclear whether the activities of the Russian individuals and political parties detailed in this Report violate Russian law. See Memorandum from the Library of Congress, Law Library, Eastern Law Division, "Legality of Russian Business Under the Oil for Food Program," LL File No. 2005-01892, May 6, 2005.

In response to Nafta's December 18th letter, Bayoil President David Chalmers wrote to Nafta to confirm that "your letter reflects our understanding." Tellingly, Chalmers also stated: "we hope that we will be in a position very soon to indicate the quota to be contracted by Nafta and SOMO."

These letters confirm that (i) Bayoil was responsible for obtaining the "quota" of oil, (ii) Bayoil was "exclusively" responsible for implementing the oil purchase, and (iii) Bayoil was responsible for financing the transaction through funding the letter of credit. As a result, it is clear that Nafta was simply a nominal purchasing agent for Bayoil in the Zhirinovsky transaction.

The parties ultimately consummated their agreements in two written contracts. One contract was an agreement by which Bayoil would purchase the oil that Nafta had bought under the OFF Program. The second contract was an agency agreement by which Bayoil would pay Nafta three cents for each barrel of oil purchased. The second contract was an agency agreement by which Bayoil would pay Nafta three cents for each barrel of oil purchased.

(c) After Nafta is Engaged, Bayoil Details the Transaction to Zhirinovsky

On December 17, 1998, Bayoil President David Chalmers wrote to Vladimir Zhirinovsky to confirm the transaction, ⁷⁶ Chalmers's letter to Zhirinovsky, who he identified as "The Chief of the LDPR's Faction," provides crucial insight into the Bayoil-Zhirinovsky arrangement. In particular, Chalmers confirms that Bayoil would purchase Zhirinovsky's allocation and that Nafta Moscow would act on behalf of Bayoil:

Today I have returned from a long business trip and I would like to confirm that everything on our side is under control and there is no change in our position.... You know that we have succeeded to put Nafta Moscow as a contracting party for your allocation.

Chalmers then requests that Zhirinovsky send a letter back to Bayoil confirming that Bayoil will purchase his Phase V allocation. In doing so, Chalmers actually provides the precise language for the proposed letter. Not only does the draft letter confirm Bayoil's orchestration of the entire transaction, it also reveals that Bayoil agreed to pay a "premium" to Zhirinovsky for his allocation.

⁷³ See Letter from Bayoil President David B. Chalmers, Jr. to V.A. Bunin, December 23, 1998.

⁷⁴ See "Contract" between Nafta Moskva and Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited, February 19, 1999.

⁷⁵ See "Agency Agreement" between Nafta Moskva and Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited, February 19, 1999.

⁷⁶ See Correspondence from Bayoil President David B. Chalmers, Jr. to Vladimir V. Zhirinovsky, The Chief of the LDPR's Faction, December 17, 1998.

It would be very helpful for the execution of the second part of our job to receive from you on Letterhead of LDPR, [sic] the following text

Quote

To: Bayoil

Attn: David B. Chalmers, Jr. []

Dear Sirs:

We LDPR confirm that our Iraqi oil allocation of 7 million barrels is assigned to Bayoil. We will confirm to SOMO to contract this allocation with company designated by Bayoil. Upon receiving from you the agreed premium prior to January 8^{th} , 1999 [sic].

Signed,

Mr. Vladimir V. Zhirinovsky

Unquote

After proposing this language, Chalmers reiterates that Bayoil had agreed to pay Zhirinovsky a premium, and indicated that he hoped to do so before the end of 1998:

We hope that we will be in a position to effect payment prior to year end but as there are holidays in the U.S., Europe and Russian [sic] there may be some delays therefore January 8th seems an appropriate date.

(d) Bayoil Describes Its "Agreement" to Nafta

With the two prongs of the transaction set -i.e., Zhirinovsky would assign his allotment of oil to Bayoil and Bayoil had arranged with Nafta to act as an agent to interface with the Iraqis - the next step in the process was the formal contracting between Nafta and SOMO. In order to execute the contract with SOMO, however, Nafta was obligated to travel to Baghdad. That trip was scheduled for early March 1999. Immediately before Nafta's trip to Baghdad, Bayoil wrote a lengthy letter to Nafta, providing detailed advice on how Nafta should interact with the Iraqis. This letter provides startling detail concerning Bayoil's relationship with Zhirinovsky.

The first part of the letter provides Bayoil's analysis of why the price for U.S.-bound Iraqi oil is too high. Bayoil then urges Nafta to remind the Iraqis that Nafta is operating on behalf of Zhirinovsky and that increasing prices to Nafta will deny any "benefit" to Zhirinovsky. Lastly, Bayoil then reveals that it has a secret contract with Zhirinovsky:

For the reasons outlined above, it is imperative that Nafta receive full flexibility with respect to lifting period and destination for the allocation being contracted for and on behalf of Mr. Vladimir Volfovich, the LDPR. 78

... There might be some strong arguments in Baghdad and we suggest your answer should be -[sic] that you are a service company of this contract and you are providing a service to Mr. Zhirinovsky, who is one of the greatest supporter [sic] of the Iraqi cause in the world. As SOMO recently increased the price of oil for March they have denied [Zhirinovsky] of any benefit from March [sic] shipment.

⁷⁷ See Letter from Ludmil Dionissiev to Yu. N. Poukhov, Deputy General Director of Nafta Moscow, February 24, 1999.

⁷⁸ Notably, Zhirinovsky's full name is Vladimir Volfovich Zhirinovsky.

Off the record you may say that this contract further on is marketed by Bayoil. This is under the agreement between Mr. Zhirinovski [sic] and Bayoil that you are not aware of.

Bayoil also offered suggestions to Nafta and the Iraqi government on how to "maximiz[e] the economic result for the LDPR."

After providing this in-depth advice for Nafta's meetings with the Iraqis, Bayoil anticipated that Nafta would be called upon to act as a "service company" for other allocation recipients from countries like Singapore and Bangladesh. Bayoil writes:

[Nafta] might be asked [in its meeting with SOMO] to contract [for] some additional barrels on behalf of third country [sic], Singapore or Bangladesh. We have informed the contract holders [i.e., the recipients of the allocations of oil] that "Nafta Moskva" may contract with SOMO the same way you do it for LDPR.

The letter concludes by noting that Zhirinovsky wrote a letter to the Iraqis requesting an increase in his allocation and that Nafta was hand-delivering that letter on his behalf. Bayoil emphasizes that it wants to purchase any additional barrels allocated to Zhirinovsky.

(e) Nafta Confirms It Will Buy Zhirinovsky's Allocation

At some point in Phase V, Nafta wrote to SOMO to confirm that it would contract for Zhirinovsky's allocation.⁷⁹ Nafta's letter, which appears to have been drafted by Bayoil, states in clear terms that (i) Zhirinovsky received an allocation, and (ii) Nafta would "contract" for that allotment:

We have been informed to contact you regarding the allocation of Mr. Vladimir Volfovich Zhirinovski [sic]. We understood that you have approved Nafta Moscow to contract 7,000,000 barrels of Iraqi crude oil for the fifth phase under the above mentioned allocation. 80

Like the other correspondence in this series, this letter shines further light on the behind-thescenes mechanics of the Bayoil-Zhirinovsky transaction. Together with the earlier correspondence, this letter confirms of several crucial facts concerning the Zhirinovsky allocations and the Bayoil-Zhirinovsky relationship. In particular, these letters confirm that:

- Zhirinovsky and the LDPR received oil allocations from the Hussein regime in Phase V of the OFF Program;
- Bayoil knew that the allocations were granted to the Russian official and his political party;
- Bayoil knew that the oil allocations were granted to Zhirinovsky to "benefit" him, and that, by increasing the price of oil, the Iraqis would eliminate any premiums destined for Zhirinovsky;
- Bayoil had a secret "agreement" with Zhirinovsky to purchase his allocations and pay him a "premium";
- Nafta was simply a "service company" for the contract on behalf of Zhirinovsky and Bayoil;
- Bayoil expected to buy allocations from recipients in other countries, and sought to use Nafta Moscow as a conduit in those transactions; and

⁷⁹ See Letter from Nafta Moscow to Saddam Z. Hassan, Executive Director General of SOMO, undated.

The letter appears to be another letter drafted by Bayoil in the name of Nafta Moscow for three reasons. First, the letter is not on Nafta letterhead, which appears to have been Nafta's normal practice. Second, Zhirinovsky's name is spelled "Zhirinovski," which is how Bayoil executive Ludmil Dionnisiev spelled the Russian's name. See, e.g., Letter from Bayoil Special Advisor Ludmil Dionissiev to Nafta Moscow, February 24, 1999 (cited above in Footnote 77).

 Zhirinovsky wrote to the Iraqis requesting an increase in his allocation, Nafta was delivering the letter on Zhirinovsky's behalf, and Bayoil sought to purchase any supplemental allocation.

3. Bayoil Uses Nafta as an Intermediary to Buy Oil Allocated to Zhirinovsky

On March 2, 1999, two representatives of Nafta Moscow were in Baghdad to sign a contract to buy Iraqi crude oil on behalf of Zhirinovsky and Bayoil. Vladislav Efremov, Director of Nafta Moscow, signed Contract M/05/50 between Nafta and SOMO for 7 million barrels of oil. Notably, the contract amount of 7 million barrels matches the amount of Zhirinovsky's allotment, as reflected in the SOMO Allocation Chart, Bayoil's December 17, 1998 letter, Bayoil's January 12, 1999 letter, and Nafta's undated letter to SOMO.

Two days after Contract M/05/50 was signed, SOMO officials informed the Minister of Oil about Contract M/05/50, and indicated that the contract arose from the Phase V allocation to Zhirinovsky and the LDPR:

Based on the approval of the Vice-President of the republic, Mr. Taha Yassin Ramadan, as per the allocations' statement of phase five ..., a contract has been signed on 3/03/1999 with Nafta Moscow which was chosen by the Liberal Party of Russia (Zhirinovsky) for the supplemental quantity to their allocations for phase five [].

The Oil Minister approved the contract shortly thereafter.

On March 22, 1999, Bayoil drafted a letter for Nafta to send to the Acting General Director of SOMO, the Iraqi oil marketing agency. ⁸⁴ In that letter, Bayoil – under Nafta's name – reiterates that Zhirinovsky had requested an additional 1-million barrel allocation and requests confirmation that the supplemental allotment will be granted:

Dear Mr. Pukhov:

Please send the following telex to Mr. Awni – Acting General Director of SOMO.

Quote:

With reference to the contract for the 7 Million barrels of [Iraqi] crude oil, the holder of the allocation has already sent the written request to the relevant Iraqi authorities for the increase of 1 Million barrels.

Unquote.

Nafta apparently sent the letter to the Iraqis, but neither Bayoil nor Nafta received a response. Seven days later, on March 29, 1999, Bayoil prepared another letter for Nafta concerning the "7 Million Allocation." The March 29th letter reiterates the request to increase the allocation by 1 million barrels and laments that SOMO has neglected to respond:

⁸¹ See SOMO Crude Oil Sales Contract No. M/05/50 (cover and signature pages).

⁸² Although the SOMO Allocation Chart created after the fall of the Hussein regime indicates that Zhirinovsky was granted an allocation of 10 million barrels in Phase V, that figure includes the 3 million barrel supplemental allocation that was granted to Zhirinovsky at the end of Phase IV. Therefore, the figures in the SOMO Allocation Chart comport with those of the documents mentioned above.

⁸³ See Letter from Saddam Zeben Hassan to H.E. the Oil Minister, March 3, 1999.

⁸⁴ See Letter from David B. Chalmers, Jr./Ludmil Dionissiev to Y. Pukhov, March 22, 1999.

⁸⁵ See Facsimile from Bayoil to Nafta Moscow, March 29, 1999.

TO: JSC Nafta Moscow

**

Please forward following to S.O.M.O.

QUOTE:

TO: S.O.M.O.

Date: March 29, 1999

Re: 7 Million Allocation [sic]

As per our telex message March 22, 1999 regarding holder of allocations [sic] request to authorities to increase by 1 million barrels, we have yet to receive a formal response.

UNQUOTE: [sic]

Together, the evidence shows that Bayoil was a key moving party behind the Zhirinovsky transaction in Phase V. Bayoil lined up Nafta as the nominal contractor, literally wrote letters for Nafta to be sent to SOMO, and coached Nafta on dealing with Iraqi officials. In addition, the evidence shows that Bayoil – not Nafta – had direct communications with Zhirinovsky concerning his request to increase his allocation by 1 million barrels, and Bayoil was using Nafta as an intermediary to convince Iraq to increase Zhirinovsky's allocation in Phase V.

4. Shipments under Contract M/05/50

Contract M/05/50 resulted in five different shipments of Iraqi oil from late March through early May 1999, as reflected in the chart below. The volume of oil shipped in those five cargoes totaled roughly 7 million barrels. Bayoil purchased each of those shipments, and each cargo was destined for the United States. For each cargo, Bayoil maintained detailed ledger statements reflecting all income and expenses. Among other information, the ledger statements for the M/05/50 shipments show that Bayoil made a payment of exactly 17 cents per barrel to an Italian company named United Management. According to Bayoil's ledger statements, these payments were for "Commissions." A review of Bayoil's files for these shipments, which include hundreds of pages, did not reveal any service provided by United Management in connection with these shipments.

Shipment	Date	Oil Lifted (barrels)	Payment to United Management	Rate of UM Commission	
1	3/29/99	1,949,679	\$331,445.43	17 cents/barrel	
2	4/9/99 1,482,633		\$252,047.61	17 cents/barrel	
3	4/11/99		\$339,461.78	17 cents/barrel	
4	4/18/99		\$86,039.55	5 17 cents/barrel	
5	5/6/99	989,975	\$168,295.75	17 cents/barrel	

Total Commissions Paid to "United Management" by Bayoil under M/05/50 = \$1,177,290.12

F. The Fifth Allocation (Phase VI)

As in Phase V, Zhirinovsky received a substantial allocation in Phase VI of the OFF Program. Two different SOMO charts – along with a host of documents analyzed below –

⁸⁶ See SOMO Commercial Invoice Nos. B/88/99, B/101/99, B/99/99, B/111/99, and B/127/99.

⁸⁷ See Bayoil Supply & Trading Ltd. General Ledgers for M/05/50 (excerpts). Due to the length of these ledgers, only the pages from Bayoil's ledger statements with pertinent information will be exhibits to this Report.

confirm that Zhirinovsky received a 10-million barrel allocation in Phase VI. St. In fact, multiple letters presented below indicate that Saddam Hussein personally approved the Phase VI allocation to Zhirinovsky. The monetization of that Phase VI allocation followed the same pattern as in Phase V – Zhirinovsky sold the allocation to Bayoil, and Bayoil engaged Nafta Moscow as an intermediary to contract with SOMO.

1. Zhirinovsky Authorizes Nafta to Purchase His Oil Allocation

On April 27, 1999, Zhirinovsky wrote to SOMO, verifying that Nafta was the company that would contract for his allocation. ⁸⁹ The letter, written on LDPR letterhead that featured a picture of Zhirinovsky himself, stated:

We confirm that we have the cooperation with the "NAFTA MOSCOW" company.

The balance allocation for the sixth phase of 1999, in an amount of one cargo..., but not more than 2,5 million barrels of [a specific grade of Iraqi crude oil], should be assigned to "NAFTA MOSCOW" for contracting and lifting.

In light of the fact that these are Zhirinovsky's own words, this letter is truly significant. Not only does Zhirinovsky openly discuss an allocation granted to him in connection with Phase VI of the OFF Program, he also indicates which entity is authorized to contract for that allocation. Why Zhirinovsky limits the Nafta contract to only 2.5 million of his 10 million barrel allocation is unclear.

This letter may have been delivered by hand, as Zhirinovsky traveled to Baghdad the very next day. On this trip, Zhirinovsky led a delegation of Russian officials to celebrate Saddam Hussein's 62nd birthday and to attend a conference sponsored by the Hussein regime condemning U.S.-U.K. military activity against Iraq. During the trip, Zhirinovsky met with Tariq Aziz and the Vice President of Iraq Taha Yassin Ramadan, two members of the committee that doled out the oil allocations.

2. On Behalf of Bayoil, Nafta Contracts for Zhirinovsky's Oil

With Zhirinovsky's authorization in hand, Nafta prepared to travel to Baghdad to sign the contract for Zhirinovsky's allocation. On May 24, 1999, just three days before Nafta's representatives would leave for Baghdad, Nafta requested certain critical information from Bayoil concerning the contract. The letter by Nafta indicates that Bayoil was orchestrating the entire transaction and that Nafta was simply its agent:

Since our representatives intend to leave Moscow for Baghdad on 27 May 1999 please urgently advise ... whether necessary arrangements are already made in order they could sign Contract with "SOMO", also kindly indicate allocated volumes and grades of crude oil.

This letter reveals that, even though Nafta personnel were departing imminently to sign a multimillion barrel oil contract in Baghdad, they did not know (i) whether the "necessary arrangements" for the contract had been made, (ii) the volume of oil allocated for this contract, or (iii) the grade of oil to be purchased. That Nafta is demanding this information from Bayoil is telling – in particular, it reveals that Nafta understands that Bayoil is communicating directly with the allocation recipient (i.e., Zhirinovsky) concerning the volume and grade of the allocation.

⁸⁸ See SOMO Chart entitled "Statement of Allocations for Phase Subsequent to Phase 7," June 14, 2000; SOMO Chart entitled "Quantities of Crude Oil Allocated to the Russian Companies," November 1, 2000.

⁸⁹ See Letter from Vladimir Zhirinovsky to SOMO, April 27, 1999.

⁹⁰ See Associated Press Worldstream, "Senior Iraqi Leaders Meet Russian Politician Zhirinovsky," April 28, 1999.

⁹¹ See Letter from Nafta Moscow to Bayoil, May 24, 1999.

⁹² The term "grade" refers to the type of oil purchased. Under the OFF Program, buyers could contract for oil from Kirkuk or Basrah. Therefore, in this letter, Nafta is requesting that Bayoil identify whether the oil contract will be for crude oil from Kirkuk or Basrah.

Whether Bayoil responded to Nafta's request is unclear. Nevertheless, Bayoil must have made the "necessary arrangements" for the contract because, just a few days later, Nafta did indeed execute a Phase VI contract with SOMO. ⁹³ This contract, numbered M/06/25, covered only 2.5 million barrels of oil, as per Zhirinovsky's instruction in his April 27th letter.

3. SOMO Confirms Nafta's Contract is on Behalf of Zhirinovsky and His Political Party

Several days after M/06/25 was signed, SOMO notified the Minister of Oil of the agreement, and requested his approval:

Based on the allocations statement coupled with the approval of President Leader (may God protect him) as per the letter of the Presidency... regarding the allocation of (10) ten million barrels to company of the Liberal Democratic Party of Russia, please find below the details on the contract signed with Nafta Moscow Company on behalf of the aforesaid party. 94

In describing the contract, SOMO mistakenly indicated that Contract M/06/25 covered 4 million barrels of oil, rather than 2.5 million. In light of SOMO's error, the Minister of Oil refused to approve Contract M/06/25, instructing SOMO to "correct the numbers." Several days later, on June 8, 1999, SOMO wrote back to the Minister of Oil, indicating that the volume of oil for Contract M/06/25 had been corrected from 4 million barrels to 2.5 million. ⁹⁵ The Oil Minister then approved the contract for 2.5 million barrels.

Both SOMO letters state that Zhirinovsky and his political party had been granted allocations of 10 million barrels of oil. In addition, both SOMO letters affirm that Saddam Hussein had personally approved the allocations.

On June 8, 1999, Nafta lifted 2,393,440 barrels of oil pursuant to Contract M/06/25.96

4. Nafta's Contract is Increased to 10 Million Barrels

Although Nafta's contract in Phase VI was limited to 2.5 million barrels, Nafta was eventually authorized to lift the remaining 7.5 million barrels that had been allocated to Zhirinovsky in Phase VI. On June 30, 1999, Bayoil sent a letter to Zhirinovsky's son, Igor Ledebev, who is also a Member of the Russian Duma. That letter, Bayoil drafted a letter for Zhirinovsky to send to SOMO, in which Zhirinovsky "authorize[d]" Nafta to lift the remaining 7.5 million barrels. According to the letter, SOMO had agreed to supply 4 million of those remaining 7.5 million barrels in July 1999, leaving 3.5 million barrels for shipment at a later date. The Bayoil document states:

⁹³ See SOMO Crude Oil Sales Contract No. M/06/25 (cover and signature pages).

⁹⁴ See Letter from SOMO to H.E. the Oil Minister, June 3, 1999.

⁹⁵ See Letter from SOMO to H.E. the Oil Minister, June 8, 1999 (corrected request for approval of M/06/25).

⁹⁶ See SOMO Commercial Invoice No. B/155/99.

⁹⁷ See Letter from "Ludmil" to Igor Lebedev, June 30, 1999. The author appears to be Bayoil Special Advisor Ludmil Dionissiev.

PLEASE FIND BELOW FOLLOWING DRAFT TEXT OF THE LETTER WE HAVE DISCUSSED TODAY.

OUOTE

WE CONFIRM THAT WE HAVE A COOPERATION WITH "NAFTA MOSKVA", MOSCOW AND HEREBY AUTHORISE NAFTA TO CONTRACT THE WHOLE REMAINING PART OF THE ALLOCATION WHICH, AT THIS MOMENT, TOTALS 7,500,000 BARRELS OF BASRAH LIGHT CRUDE OIL.

IN ADDITION TO THIS, WE CONFIRM THAT WE HAVE AUTHORISED NAFTA TO LIFT THE ALREADY AGREED 4,000,000 BARRELS OF BASRAH LIGHT CRUDE OIL WITHIN THE PROGRAM DURING JULY 1999.

AT THIS TIME, WE KEEP OUR RIGHTS TO ADVISE YOU AT A LATER STAGE WHEN THE REMAINING 3,500,000 BARRELS OF BASRAH LIGHT CRUDE OIL WILL BE LIFTED BY NAFTA.

UNQUOTE

Three days later, on July 2, 1999, Nafta and SOMO executed an Addendum to Contract M/06/25, by which the contract volume was increased by 4 million barrels.⁹⁸ As usual, SOMO informed the Oil Minister of the agreement, and sought his approval:⁹⁹

Following to our memorandum ... dated 06/08/1999, and based on the allocations statement for phase six, which was approved as per the letter of the Presidency-Secretary ... regarding the allocation of (10) ten million barrels to the company of The Liberal Democratic Party of Russia (Zhirinovsky), please find below details on the addendum of the contract signed with Nafta Moscow Company on 07/02/1999, on behalf of the aforesaid party, as another part of the quantity subject matter.

In describing the addendum to the contract, SOMO makes clear that the revised contract with Nafta Moscow was "on behalf of Mr. Zhirinovsky." SOMO also indicated that, of the 10 million barrels allocated to Zhirinovsky in Phase VI, "3.5 million barrels remain for future contract."

An internal SOMO chart adds further confirmation that Zhirinovsky had been allocated an additional 3.5 million barrels for Phase VI. ¹⁰⁰ That chart, dated July 12, 1999, indicates the "contractual quantities through 07/12/99," which fell within Phase VI. Under the heading "Quantities allocated and expected to be allocated," the name "Zhirinovsky (Russia)" appears. Next to his name, the chart lists 3.5 million barrels.

That remaining 3.5 million barrels became the subject of extended correspondence between Bayoil and Nafta. For instance, on July 15, 1999, Nafta notified Bayoil of its attempts to obtain the remaining 3.5 million barrels:

[P]lease be advised that yesterday we applied to 'SOMO' with request to sign by fax Addendum No. 2 to Contract M/06/25 of 30.5.99 for the increase of quantity up to [10 million barrels].... By their telex ... "SOMO" gave only partial reply to our inquiry... ¹⁰¹

⁹⁸ See Addendum No.1 Contract M/06/25, July 2, 1999.

⁹⁹ See Letter of SOMO to the H.E. the Oil Minister, dated July 5, 1999.

¹⁰⁰⁰ See Memorandum from Saddam Zeben Hassan to Oil Minister, July 12, 1999 (forwarding handwritten chart reflecting oil allocations).

¹⁰¹ See Letter from Nafta Moscow to Bayoil, July 15, 1999.

Later that day, Bayoil responded to Nafta's letter, stating:

We understand SOMO answer as a silent confirmation of what the allocation holder told us, i.e. "the contract is increased to 10,000,000 barrels...." 102

From this interchange, it is clear that (i) SOMO had promised the "allocation holder" – Zhirinovsky – the additional 3.5 million barrel allocation, and (ii) Zhirinovsky had communicated that promise directly to Bayoil. Therefore, Bayoil's letter provides further confirmation that Bayoil had continuing, direct communication with the "allocation holder" – Zhirinovsky – throughout the transaction.

Bayoil's understanding that the contract would be increased to 10 million barrels ultimately proved correct – just a few weeks later, SOMO executed another addendum to Contract M/06/25, increasing the volume of oil from 6.5 million barrels to 10 million. SOMO once again requested approval for the change from the Oil Minister immediately thereafter. SOMO's letter to the Oil Minister reiterates that these barrels had been "allocat[ed] ... to Mr. Zhirinovsky" and that this contract had been executed "on behalf of Mr. Zhirinovsky."

5. Unknown Payments from Bayoil Related to Contract M/06/25

Contract M/06/25 resulted in six different cargoes of oil from June 8 through October 20, 1999, as reflected in the chart below. 105 Those six shipments carried a total of 7,843,376 barrels of oil, all of which was purchased by Bayoil.

As with each of its cargoes, Bayoil maintained detailed ledger statements reflecting all income and expenses. The ledger statements indicate that, in connection with this contract, Bayoil paid \$1,333,373.92 to an entity called "Plasco Shipping." Those payments to Plasco Shipping amount to exactly 17 cents per barrel – the precise amount that Bayoil paid to United Management in connection with the Phase V transaction. Like the payments to United Management, the Bayoil ledger statements indicate that these Plasco payments were "Agent Commissions." Despite the fact that Bayoil paid Plasco more than \$1.3 million – in payments ranging from \$42,500 to \$406,884.80 – Bayoil's files do not reflect any interaction with an entity called Plasco Shipping. In fact, Bayoil's files are completely devoid of any reference to Plasco – there is no correspondence of any kind with Plasco Shipping, no contract with any entity named Plasco, and no invoice from an entity with the name Plasco.

¹⁰² See Letter from David B. Chalmers, Jr. to Nafta Moskva, July 15, 1999.

¹⁰³ See Addendum No. 2 Contract M/06/25, July 31, 1999.

¹⁰⁴ See Letter from Saddam Zeben Hassan to H.E. the Oil Minister, August 1, 1999.

¹⁰⁵ See SOMO Commercial Invoice Nos. B/155/99, C/198/99, C/223/99, B/260/99, C/257/99, and B/193/99.

¹⁰⁶ See Bayoil General Ledgers for M/06/25 (excerpts).

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The information concerning each payment is reflected in the chart below:

Shipment	Date	Oil Lifted (barrels)	Payment to Plasco Shipping	Rate of Plasco Commission	
1	6/8/99	99 2,393,440 \$406,884.80		17 cents/barrel	
2	7/23/99	1,889,602	\$321,232.34	17 cents/barrel	
3	8/23/99	596,139	\$101,343.63	17 cents/barrel	
4	9/17/99	894,936	\$152,139.12	17 cents/barrel	
5	9/24/99	250,000	\$42,500	17 cents/barrel	
6	10/20/99	1,819,259	\$309,274.03	17 cents/barrel	

Total Commissions Paid to "Plasco Shipping" by Bayoil under M/06/25 = \$1,333,373.92

6. Zhirinovsky Requests Additional Oil in Phase VI

Toward the end of Phase VI, Zhirinovsky apparently requested a supplemental allocation of oil. In a letter dated October 5, 1999, the Executive Director of SOMO informed the Minister of Oil that every allocation grantee had requested additional allotments and requested his advice concerning the requests: "All companies we do business with ... have shown the desire to obtain additional quantities during this phase." Attached to this letter were two charts reflecting data about previous allocations. In the attached Table 1, SOMO listed "the companies in phase six and the additional quantities they requested." Under the heading "Special Requests" in Table 1, the name "Zhirinovsky" appears. Next to that entry, the chart indicates that the "contractual quantity" for Zhirinovsky's allocation was 10 million barrels, matching the other SOMO documentation concerning Zhirinovsky's Phase VI allocation. Under "Additional Quantities Requested," the table indicates that Zhirinovsky had requested a supplemental allocation of 500,000 barrels. It is unclear whether that request was granted or if the allotted oil was ever lifted

G. The Sixth Allocation (Phase VII)

Numerous SOMO records indicate that Zhirinovsky received another significant allocation -6.5 million barrels of oil - in the seventh phase of the Oil for Food Program. The SOMO Allocation Chart, described above, confirms the 6.5 million barrel allocation to Zhirinovsky in Phase VII. Like the allocations for Phases V and VI, the oil was ultimately purchased by Bayoil. The purchasing agent for this transaction, however, was not Nafta Moscow, but rather a different Russian company, called Tyumen Oil Company.

1. Zhirinovsky Visit to Iraq

In late December 1999, Zhirinovsky traveled to Iraq – apparently his tenth trip in four years. On December 29, 1999, Zhirinovsky met with Saddam Hussein, and two members of the oil allocation committee, Vice President Taha Yassin Ramadan and Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz. 109 Zhirinovsky once again reiterated his support for the Hussein regime and opposition to the U.N.'s sanctions against Iraq. Zhirinovsky stated that Russia felt "solidarity with Iraq on the lifting of the unfair embargo."

2. Tyumen Signs Contract "on Behalf of the Liberal Democratic Party of Russia (Mr. Zhirinovsky)"

On January 19, 2000, shortly after Zhirinovsky's trip to Baghdad, Tyumen executed a contract for the purchase of 6.5 million barrels of oil from Iraq. [10] SOMO submitted that

¹⁰⁷ See Letter of Saddam Zeben Hasan to H.E. the Oil Minister, October 5, 1999.

¹⁰⁸ Throughout this Report, Tyumen Oil Company will be called "Tyumen" or its widely-used abbreviation "TNK."

¹⁰⁹ See Agence France Presse, "Saddam Receives Russian Ultra-Nationalist Zhirinovsky," December 29, 1999.

¹¹⁰ See SOMO Crude Oil Sales Contract No. M/07/90 (cover and signature pages).

contract, numbered M/07/90, to the Oil Minister for approval on January 22, 2000.¹¹¹ In notifying the Oil Minister of the contract, SOMO confirmed that the contract was executed "on behalf of Zhirinovsky" or the LDPR:

Based on the statement of allocations (private) for phase seven, please find below the details of contract signed with the Russian company Tyumen on 1/19/2000 on behalf of the Liberal Democratic Party of Russia (Mr. Zhirinovsky):

- 1 Contract No.: M/07/90 dated 1/19/2000
- 2 Name of Company Buyer: Tyumen Russian on behalf of Mr. Zhirinovsky

The Minister of Oil approved the contract the next day.

Bayoil Pays Roughly \$1 Million to a "Russian" in Connection with Contract M/07/90

A couple of weeks later, on February 5, 2000, the oil tanker *Golar Dundee* lifted roughly 2 million barrels of oil on behalf of Tyumen pursuant to Contract M/07/90. The Adocument entitled "Bayoil Cargoes Loaded Under UN Oil-for-Food Program (1997-2003)" confirms that Bayoil purchased that cargo from Tyumen. Bayoil's internal accounting statement for that shipment indicates that Bayoil made a payment of \$620,000 to an entity called "Bayvan Consulting" in connection with that transaction. The entry on the ledger statement states that the \$620,000 payment was for "Agent Commissions."

A different Bayoil document, however, indicates that the \$620,000 payment to Bayvan Consulting actually went to a "Russian." That document is an email from a Bayoil employee to Bayoil's President David Chalmers listing each of Bayoil's expenses arising from this particular *Golar Dundee* shipment. The list includes, *inter alia*, the cost of the crude oil, the costs to obtain the applicable letter of credit, the U.N.'s finance charges, and the costs of chartering the oil tanker. Importantly, at the end of the list appears an entry entitled "Russian Commission" for \$620,000 – precisely the same amount as the "Agent Commission" paid to "Bayvan Consulting." The list further states that the \$620,000 payment is comprised of a commission of 31 cents per barrel for a 2 million-barrel cargo, the amount carried on the *Golar Dundee*.

Notably, the document makes clear that the \$620,000 payment to a "Russian" is not the commission owed to Tyumen, the Russian intermediary, since the Bayoil breakdown of costs includes a separate entry of 3 cents per barrel for the Tyumen commission. Specifically, the list denotes a payment of \$61,315.56 for "TNK Comm," a reference to Tyumen's initials. The amount of \$61,315.56 equates to precisely 3 cents per barrel for the *Golar Dundee* shipment of 2,043,852 barrels. As a result, the reference to a "Russian" in connection with the \$620,000 payment does not refer to Tyumen; rather, the \$620,000 payment to "Bayvan Consulting" must be for a different "Russian." That Russian – in light of the SOMO documents presented above – is likely Zhirinovsky, the allocation recipient.

Importantly, Bayoil documents reveal that at least two other shipments arising from Contract M/07/90 included identical payments of 31 cents per barrel to Bayvan Consulting for "Agency Commissions." For instance, the next M/07/90 lifting occurred on February 20th, involving the oil tanker called *Stena Congress*. That vessel loaded 750,000 barrels on behalf of Tyumen. Bayoil's ledger statement for that shipment indicates that the company purchased the *Stena Congress* cargo, and made a payment of \$221,650 to Bayvan Consulting in connection

¹¹¹ See Letter from SOMO to Honorable Minister of Oil, January 22, 2000.

¹¹² See SOMO Commercial Invoice No. B/30/2000.

¹¹³ See chart entitled "Bayoil Cargoes Loaded Under UN Oil-for-Food Program (1997-2003)" (excerpt).

¹¹⁴ See Bayoil General Ledger for Golar Dundee (excerpt).

¹¹⁵ See Email from "Jean" to "David," March 14, 2000.

¹¹⁶ Although Bayoil purchased the fourth (and final) shipment of Contract M/07/90, it could not locate the complete ledger statement for that shipment. As a result, it is unclear whether Bayoil made a similar 31-cent payment to Bayvan Consulting in connection with the fourth cargo of Contract M/07/90. That cargo amounted to 1,872,990 barrels, and was lifted onto a vessel called the Stena Conductor on March 20, 2000. If Bayoil made the 31-cent payment for the Stena Conductor cargo, the Bayvan payment for that shipment would have equaled \$580,374.90.

with that transaction. 117 That payment of \$221,650 is precisely 31 cents for each of the 750,000 barrels lifted by the Stena Congress.

The same pattern continues in the third shipment for Contract M/07/90, which involved 415,000 barrels lifted aboard the oil tanker *Boree*. Once again, Bayoil bought that cargo and made a payment for "Agency Commissions" to Bayvan Consulting of precisely 31 cents for each of the 415,000 barrels loaded onto the *Boree*. The result was a payment to Bayvan of \$128,650.

Of the three known shipments, Bayoil paid the "Russian" \$970,300, all of which went through Bayvan Consulting. Assuming that the pattern continued for the fourth shipment of Contract M/07/90 – meaning that Bayoil made the "Agent Commission" payment to the "Russian" via Bayvan Consulting – the total amount paid would equal \$1,550,647.90.

Shipment	Date	Oil Lifted (barrels)	Payment to Bayvan Consulting	
1 2/5/00		2,043,852	\$620,000 (identified as "Russian Commission")	
2	2/20/00	750,000	\$221,650	
3	3/9/00	415,000	\$128,650	
4	3/20/00	1,872,090	Unknown – File Incomplete	

Total Known Commissions Paid to "Bayvan Consulting" by Bayoil under M/07/90 = \$970,300

Total Probable Payments to "Bayvan Consulting" by Bayoil under M/07/90 = \$1,550,647.90

Although Bayoil's files contain nearly one thousand pages concerning the four cargos related to M/07/90, not a single sheet of paper indicates that Bayvan Consulting provided any services whatsoever in connection with that contract. Simply put, other than individual entries on its ledger statements, the Bayoil files contain no reference to Bayvan Consulting – no correspondence, and no invoices. Nevertheless, Bayoil saw fit to pay that entity a "Commission" of at least \$970,300 and most likely more than \$1.5 million.

4. Additional Evidence of Zhirinovsky's Phase VII Allocation

On June 14, 2000, immediately following the end of Phase VII, SOMO created a handwritten chart that summarized its allocations for Phases VI and VII, and indicated proposed future allocations. That chart, entitled "Statement of Allocations for the Phase Subsequent to Phase 7," indicates that a Russian named "Mr. Zhirinovsky" was granted allocations of 10 million barrels in Phase VI and 6.5 million barrels in Phase VII. Both of those amounts comport with the evidence discussed above concerning Zhirinovsky's allocations for Phases VI and VII. In addition, under the heading "Allocations of the Phase Subsequent to Phase 7," the chart notes that Zhirinovsky was granted an allocation of 9 million barrels.

Later in June, SOMO drafted another hand-written chart for the Minister of Oil that summarized the status of oil allocations for Phase VII. Once again, "Mr. Zhirinovsky" appears as recipient of an allocation of 6.5 million barrels for Phase VII. The chart also notes that Zhirinovsky's allocation for Phase VII "has been lifted by Tyumen." Like the previous chart, this table indicates that Zhirinovsky received an allocation of 9 million barrels for Phase VIII. A hand-written note on the chart indicates that some of the recipients of the Phase VIII allocations had not yet indicated which company would purchase their allotted oil, and therefore SOMO had not yet executed contracts for those allocations: "We are still waiting for the private parties who were granted allocations in Phase 8 to specify the companies, so that we can carry out the contract with them." Zhirinovsky's Phase VIII allocation is discussed in detail below.

¹¹⁷ See SOMO Commercial Invoice No. B/46/2000 and Bayoil General Ledger for Stena Congress (excerpt).

¹¹⁸ See SOMO Commercial Invoice No. B/64/2000 and Bayoil General Ledger for Boree (excerpt).

H. The Seventh Allocation (Phase VIII)

The Phase VIII allocation to Zhirinovsky followed the pattern established with the allocations in Phases V, VI, and VII. Namely, Zhirinovsky was granted the allocation, Bayoil agreed to purchase the oil allotted to Zhirinovsky, Bayoil engaged a Russian entity to be the purchasing agent and interface with Iraq, and Bayoil made significant payments to a mysterious entity for each shipment.

This transaction, however, included one additional element – a massive under-the-table payment to Saddam Hussein. Such illegal payments, commonly called "surcharges," began on September 1, 2000. According to several Hussein regime officials, Saddam learned of the profits going to allocation recipients and oil traders that were dealing in Iraqi oil, and sought to capture some of those earnings for himself.¹¹⁹ One regime official described Saddam's intent:

Saddam Hussein began to think the amount of the bribery [from the so-called "Saddam Bribery System" of oil allocations] became too great. At that point Saddam Hussein implement a system to recover some of the bribe money. [The official] explained that this eventually became an objective and the supporters [who received oil allocations] had to give some of their profits to Saddam Hussein ¹²⁰

Saddam's plan was straightforward: SOMO would lower the price for oil by a small margin and then demand that the oil purchaser pay a surcharge back to the Hussein regime through a designated secret bank account. Initially, the surcharges were 10 cents per barrel, meaning that a purchaser of 1 million barrels would be obligated to pay \$100,000 into a secret regime-controlled account. The amount of the surcharge fluctuated over the next two years, reaching 30 cents per barrel for more than a year. These under-the-table surcharge payments were in direct violation of U.N. sanctions and the Oil for Food Program because they were not deposited into the U.N.-controlled escrow account held at BNP Paribas.

One important aspect of this surcharge scheme was that the Iraqis placed responsibility for the surcharges squarely on the shoulders of the allocation grantee. ¹²¹ Therefore, in order to receive an oil allocation after September 1, 2000, the allocation recipient was required to promise to pay the illegal surcharge. There were no exceptions. ¹²² Accordingly, any person or entity that received an allocation after September 1, 2000 knew of and agreed to pay the illegal, under-the-table payment to the Hussein regime.

In the Zhirinovsky-Bayoil transaction in Phase VIII, illegal surcharges of more than \$800,000 were paid to the Hussein regime. Those payments, along with the initial allocation to Zhirinovsky, are described in detail below.

1. SOMO Grants Zhirinovsky an Oil Allocation for Phase VIII

As discussed above, SOMO's internal documents reveal that Zhirinovsky was allotted 9 million barrels of oil in Phase VIII of the Program. A few weeks after those charts were prepared, Tyumen entered into Contract M/08/40 for the purchase of the oil allocated to Zhirinovsky in this phase. ¹²³ That contract, however, covered only 6 million barrels, amounting to two-thirds of Zhirinovsky's Phase VIII allocation. It is unclear why the contracted volume of oil was lower than the allotted amount.

Per its typical protocol, SOMO immediately requested approval of the Minister of Oil for Contract M/08/40. ¹²⁴ That letter clearly establishes that Tyumen's Phase VIII contract was "on behalf of Mr. Zhirinovsky":

¹¹⁹ E.g., Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 1, April 2005.

¹²⁰ Memorandum of Interview of former regime official by U.S. Treasury Iraqi Financial Asset Team on March 24, 2004 (Interview #50).

¹²¹ Subcommittee Interview of Vice President Taha Yassin Ramadan, April 18, 2005.

¹²² Id

¹²³ See SOMO Crude Oil Sales Contract No. M/08/40 (cover and signature pages).

¹²⁴ See Letter from Saddam Zeben Hassan to the Honorable Minister of Oil, August 13, 2000.

Based on the statement of allocations for Phase VIII, please find below the details of contract signed with Tyumen Russian company on behalf of Mr. Zhirinovsky (as part of the 9 million barrels allocated to him)..."

The Oil Minister approved the contract shortly thereafter, on August 15, 2000.

At some point after the oil contracts had been signed, SOMO began scheduling the oil liftings arising from its Phase VIII contracts. One document provides further confirmation that Zhirinovsky received an oil allocation in that phase, and that Tyumen had contracted for that oil. That document, a hand-written chart entitled "Table of Proposed Quantities for September 2000," indicates the proposed oil lifting schedule for one month in Phase VIII. 125 The sixth entry on the table indicates that SOMO proposed scheduling Tyumen to lift 5.1 million barrels during September 2000. The name of the contracting company was written as follows: "Tyumen (Mr. Zhirinovsky)."

Another SOMO document written in Phase VIII confirms that Zhirinovsky was granted a 9-million barrel allocation in that phase. ¹²⁶ That document is a chart entitled "Quantities of Crude Oil Allocated to Russian Companies." As its title suggests, the chart lists the person or entity that received an allocation in Phase VIII and the amount of the allocation. Entry 21 on that list is "Mr. Zhirinovsky," who was scheduled to receive 9 million barrels of crude oil in Phase VIII. The chart also indicates that Zhirinovsky received a 10-million barrel allocation in Phase VI and a 6.5-million barrel allotment in Phase VII.

2. Bayoil Contracts with Tyumen to Buy the Allotted Oil

As SOMO was in the process of granting the oil allocation to Zhirinovsky, Bayoil orchestrated the purchase of the allotted oil. Like the Phase VII transaction, Bayoil engaged Tyumen to act as the Russian purchasing agent that would interface with the Iraqis. To that end, Bayoil signed a contract with a Tyumen affiliate named Crown Trade and Finance Ltd. to purchase "about 10 million barrels of Iraqi crude oil to be delivered in the frame of the 8th period of the United Nations programme 'Oil for food' subject to actual contractual quantities under the Contracts between 'OAO Tyumen Oil Company (TNK) and 'SOMO.'[sic]" The terms of the contract obligated Bayoil to pay Crown three cents for each barrel lifted pursuant to Contract M/08/40, the Tyumen-SOMO contract for Phase VIII.

3. Oil Liftings for Contract M/08/40 and Dubious Payments Totaling \$2.45 Million

Tyumen, on behalf of Bayoil, began lifting oil pursuant to M/08/40 in September 2000. 128 Bayoil's ledger statements for the Contract M/08/40 transactions show that Bayoil made payments of 3 cents per barrel to Tyumen, and other payments of exactly 27.7246 cents per barrel for each shipment. 129 These 27-cents-per-barrel payments totaled exactly \$2.45 million. The expense was identified as an "Agent Commission," but the ledgers do not reveal the identity of the Agent.

¹²⁵ See SOMO chart entitled "Table of Proposed Quantities for September 2000."

¹²⁶ See SOMO chart entitled "Quantities of Crude Oil Allocated to Russian Companies," 11/1/00 (cited above in Footnote 88).

¹²⁷ See "Contract" between Crown Trade & Finance Ltd. and Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited, June 30, 2000 (excerpt).

 $^{^{128}}$ See SOMO Commercial Invoice Nos. B/261/2000, B/270/2000, B/317/2000, B/33_/2000 (illegible), and B/1/2001.

¹²⁹ See Bayoil General Ledgers for M/08/40 (excerpts).

Shipment	Date	Oil Lifted (barrels)	Rate of "Agent Commission"	Payment to Unidentified Recipient for "Agent Commission"
1	9/8/00	2,073,906	27.7246 cents/barrel	\$574,984
2	9/16/00	2,010,489	27.7246 cents/barrel	\$557,402
3	10/23/00	1,050,000	27.7246 cents/barrel	\$291,109
4	11/11/00	1,882,481	27.7246 cents/barrel	\$521,912
5	1/6/01	1,820,015	27.7246 cents/barrel	\$504,593

Total Payments to Unidentified Recipient for "Agent Commissions" by Bayoil in Connection with Contract M/08/40 = \$2,450,000

It is particularly conspicuous that the recipient of the \$2.45 million is not named in the Bayoil ledger statements. These ledger statements reflect Bayoil's meticulous accounting for each cargo of oil. These statements contain an enormous amount of accounting information, including the category of each transaction, the date of each expense or revenue, the amount of each such transaction, the method of payment, and the name of the payer/recipient. All cash flow — from the de minimus \$3.00 receipt to the whopping \$50,000,000 expense — is listed in precise detail. For instance, the ledger statement for the first M/08/40 cargo includes 136 separate entries. Of the 136 items, the payment of \$574,984 for "Agent Commission" is one of only five entries that do not list the name of the related party. The other four unidentified transactions appear to be mere accounting adjustments. As a result, even though the ledger indicates the parties involved in dealings as minimal as \$3, it does not indicate who received the massive commission payment of \$574,984.

The same pattern emerges with respect to the second M/08/40 shipment, whose ledger includes 137 different entries. As with the first cargo, this ledger includes only one unnamed transfer of funds – the \$557,402 "Agent Commission." Although the ledger details payments as little as \$15, the identity of the "Agent" that received more than \$557,000 was omitted. The ledgers for the other cargoes of M/08/40 follow the same pattern, in which the recipient of the \$2.45 million is conspicuously unidentified.

One Bayoil document indicates that Bayoil paid a 27-cent commission to an unidentified recipient called "Russians/Other." That document is an undated chart that breaks down the costs and revenues associated with some of Bayoil's previous shipments. In particular, the document, entitled "Past Basrah Liftings," lists the costs associated with Bayoil's shipments from Basrah, one of the two Iraqi export terminals that were authorized under the Oil for Food Program. The chart reveals that, for Bayoil's previous shipments from Basrah, it had paid a 27-cent payment to "Russians/Other."

4. Bayoil Financed Illegal Surcharges to the Hussein Regime

While the recipient of Bayoil's \$2.45 million commission is unclear, other documents indicate that Bayoil financed surcharge payments in connection with this contract. One document is a spreadsheet created by an Italian company called Italtech. Italtech maintained an extremely close relationship with Bayoil during the Oil for Food Program. In fact, Bayoil and Italtech entered into a revenue sharing agreement, in which they would split profits generated from Oil for Food transactions. One of Italtech's subsidiaries is United Management, the

¹³⁰ Like ledger statement for the first M/08/40 shipment, the second ledger statement includes four accounting adjustments that are not linked with an individual or entity.

¹³¹ See Bayoil chart entitled "Past Basrah Liftings," undated.

¹³² See, e.g., Revenue Sharing Agreement between Italtech S.r.l. and Bayoil Supply & Trading Ltd., December 27, 2000.

recipient of Bayoil's 17-cent commission in the Phase V Zhirinovsky transaction. During the surcharge period from September 2000 through mid-2002, Italtech maintained a spreadsheet of the surcharges that Bayoil and Italtech owed to the Iraqis. ¹³³ Among other things, the chart listed the date of the relevant shipment, the oil tanker, the amount of oil lifted, and the "fee" owed to SOMO. At the end of the chart appears "Totals Due to SOMO for Shipment up to March 1st [2001]." The chart then indicates that Bayoil and Italtech owed SOMO surcharges of \$6,373,070.

The chart also lists "contested payment," which appears to represent payments from Bayoil and Italtech that they believed should offset their outstanding surcharge debt. One "contested payment" is a payment to "Tiumen," an apparent reference to Tyumen, Bayoil's Russian purchasing agent for Zhirinovsky's Phase VIII allocation. The chart states that Bayoil/Italtech had "[a]lready paid about 33 centsper [sic] barrel to Co TIUMEN." According to the chart, that 33-cent payment to Tyumen amounted to \$546,004. Therefore, Bayoil/Italtech was apparently claiming that it had already paid Tyumen \$546,004 and therefore that sum should offset their surcharge obligations.

That \$546,004 payment to Tyumen, according to one SOMO document, was forwarded to SOMO as a surcharge. That document – a chart reflecting all surcharges collected by the Hussein regime under the Oil for Food Program – was created by the Ministry of Oil after the fall of the Hussein regime.¹³⁴ The chart details each contract for the purchase of oil from the imposition of surcharges on September 1, 2000 through the end of the surcharge period in August 2002. The chart indicates (i) the phase when the surcharge was paid, (ii) the name of the purchasing company, (iii) the number of the relevant contract, (iv) the amount of oil lifted, (iv) the amount of the surcharge owed, (v) the amount of the surcharge paid, (vi) the amount of the outstanding balance, and (vii) the rate of the surcharge amount.

With respect to Contract M/08/40, the chart reveals that Tyumen paid surcharges totaling \$839,692.10 to Hussein-controlled accounts. That sum was spread over two different payments. The first payment was for \$293,686. The second payment was for \$546,004.50 – virtually the same figure as Bayoil's "contested payment" to Tyumen. Therefore, it appears that Bayoil and Italtech paid \$546,004 to Tyumen and that Tyumen forwarded that payment to the Hussein regime as a surcharge.

5. Zhirinovsky Paid Illegal Surcharges by Giving a Building to Iraq

In addition to the surcharge payment described above, Zhirinovsky gave significant consideration to the Hussein regime in lieu of cash payments. Several senior officials in the Hussein regime provided a similar account about how Zhirinovsky paid non-cash surcharges in connection with Contract M/08/40. According to these officials, Zhirinovsky failed to pay the outstanding surcharge for an extended time, and as a result, "we stopped giving him allocations." ¹³⁵ Zhirinovsky attempted to pay down his outstanding balance, but complained that it was "impossible" for him to do so. ¹³⁶ In light of Zhirinovsky's continued intransigence, Vice President Taha Yassin Ramadan traveled to Russia and directly threatened Zhirinovsky: "Pay or get nothing." ¹³⁷

One SOMO document confirms that the Iraqis were having difficulty obtaining the surcharge from Zhirinovsky. ¹³⁸ That document, a handwritten memorandum entitled "The Position of Companies Regarding the Settlement of Surcharge," states:

¹³³ See Italtech Chart, untitled, December 29, 2000 - March 1, 2001. Subcommittee staff has reviewed a version of this spreadsheet that was authenticated and signed by an officer of Italtech.

¹³⁴ See SOMO Surcharge Chart (excerpt).

¹³⁵ Subcommittee Interview of Vice President Taha Yassin Ramadan, April 18, 2005; Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 1, April 2005; Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 2, April 2005.

¹³⁶ Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 1, April 2005.

¹³⁷ Subcommittee Interview of Vice President Taha Yassin Ramadan, April 18, 2005.

¹³⁸ See SOMO Memorandum (excerpt entitled "The Position of Companies Regarding the Settlement of Surcharge"), undated.

The position of certain companies remains unclear with regard to the settlement of the surcharge, despite the fact they have been invited to report to Baghdad, but they have not yet."

The memorandum then lists the individuals and entities with outstanding surcharge balances. The fourth entry on the list is "Mr. Zhirinovsky." The memorandum indicates "He has been invited several times."

After continued delinquency, Zhirinovsky eventually offered to give the Iraqis a school building that he owned in Moscow as compensation for his remaining surcharge balance. ¹³⁹ On March 12, 2002, more than a year after the oil had been lifted, Zhirinovsky wrote to Tariq Aziz to take "full responsibility" for the problems associated with the surcharge debt and expressly offered to transfer a building to pay off the "duty" that he owed:

As discussed before I have taken the full responsibility to satisfy your requirements and I would like to underline once again that the only one responsible in this particular case is I [sic]. The process of settling the matters has taken longer time than expected due to a complicated documentation process, for which you are fully aware and duly informed.

During our numerous meetings we discussed question about deliver[y] of building on the free basis in the center of Moscow for Arabic school and you would cover the duty. Today the building registration documents are on the final stage of registration and it will be ready on the April of 2002 [sic]. \(^{140}\)

The Iraqis accepted Zhirinovsky's offer, and Zhirinovsky handed over the deed to this building at the Iraqi embassy in Moscow. ¹⁴¹ In relaying these facts to the Subcommittee, one official confirmed that he personally observed the transfer of the deed, saying: "I was there personally." ¹⁴²

Zhirinovsky's transfer of the building to the Iraqis was confirmed in a memorandum written by the Iraqi Ministry of Oil after the fall of the Hussein regime. ¹⁴³ According to the pertinent section of that memorandum, entitled "Collecting the surcharge," Zhirinovsky "pretended" that he could not pay the surcharge in cash, and therefore, transferred the ownership of the building:

[T]he sum of \$840,000 was collected in vain through the transfer of ownership of a house on behalf of the Iraqi embassy in Moscow, which was used later on as an Iraqi school (the sums Mr. Zhirinovsky owed, and which he pretended not being able to pay in cash; therefore, the house was accepted in return).

One high-ranking official interviewed by the Subcommittee confirmed that the value of the building was roughly \$840,000. Another official – the one who was present at the Iraqi embassy when Zhirinovsky transferred the deed – stated that the building was "worth about \$800,000." As \$800,000.

¹³⁹ Subcommittee Interview of Vice President Taha Yassin Ramadan, April 18, 2005; Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 1, April 2005; Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 2, April 2005.

¹⁴⁰ See Letter from Vladimir Zhirinovsky to Tariq Aziz, March 12, 2002.

¹⁴¹ Subcommittee Interview of Vice President Taha Yassin Ramadan, April 18, 2005; Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 1, April 2005; Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 2, April 2005.

¹⁴² Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 2, April 2005.

¹⁴³ See SOMO Memorandum (excerpt entitled "Collecting the surcharge"), undated.

¹⁴⁴ Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 1, April 2005.

¹⁴⁵ Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 2, April 2005.

I. The Eighth Allocation to Zhirinovsky (Phase IX)

1. Zhirinovsky Leads Another Delegation to Iraq

On May 3, 2001, Vladimir Zhirinovsky led yet another Russian delegation to Baghdad. The ostensible purpose of this trip was to attend an international conference concerning the U.N. "blockade" of Iraq. At the conference, Zhirinovsky met with Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz, one of the members of the oil allocation committee. Both men called for Russia to unilaterally withdraw from the U.N. sanctions regime, and Zhirinovsky called for Russia to take active measures to cancel the sanctions. Two days later, on May 5, 2001, Zhirinovsky met with another member of the committee that doled out oil allocations, Vice President Taha Yassin Ramadan. During that meeting, the two men discussed the impact of U.N. sanctions on Iraq. 146

2. While Zhirinovsky is in Baghdad, a Russian Company Contracts for His Allotment of Oil

On the same day that Zhirinovsky met with the Vice President of Iraq, a Russian company signed a contract to buy oil that had been allocated to Zhirinovsky. The Russian company, called Machinoimport, signed Contract M/09/119 for 4 million barrels of Iraqi crude. Immediately after the contract was signed, SOMO followed its typical protocol and requested approval of the contract from the Oil Minister. ¹⁴⁷ In that letter, SOMO indicates that the 4 million barrels of oil addressed in Contract M/09/119 was allotted to Zhirinovsky:

As per the approval of your Excellency on 05/01/2001, we have allocated (4) million barrels to Machinoimport Company (on behalf of Mr. Zhirinovsky) and signed a contract as per the following terms:

- 1 Number of Contract: M/09/119 Date: 05/05/2001
- 2 Name of Company Buyer: Machinoimport

Another SOMO document confirms that the 4 million barrels of Contract M/09/119 had been granted to Zhirinovsky. That document is a chart dated June 14, 2001 and entitled "Exports of Iraqi Crude Oil as per the Memorandum of Understanding/Phase (9) From 12/07/2000 to 06/03/2001." As the title indicates, the chart lists the recipients of allocations, the companies that contracted for the allotted oil, and the status of the related exports. The chart contains an entry for the Machinoimport contract, which has a contracted volume of 4 million barrels. The name of the purchasing company is "Machinoimport (Zhirinovsky)."

Contract M/09/119 ultimately resulted in three cargos lifted in July and August 2001.
Although the Subcommittee's evidence demonstrates that oil was indeed lifted pursuant to M/09/119, the Duelfer Report suggests that oil was not lifted in connection with this contract, stating that M/09/119 was "Not Performed." 150 The cause of this discrepancy is unclear.

J. The Ninth Allocation (Phase X)

1. Zhirinovsky Receives 9^{th} Allocation and Machinoimport Contracts for the Allotted Oil

On July 18, 2001, SOMO executed Contract M/010/19 with Machinoimport. ¹⁵¹ The volume of oil for that contract was 8 million barrels. In keeping with its established tradition, SOMO informed the Minister of Oil of Contract M/010/19 and requested his approval. ¹⁵² SOMO's description of the contract confirms that Zhirinovsky received an allocation in Phase X:

¹⁴⁶ See Interfax News Agency, May 5, 2001.

¹⁴⁷ See Letter from Saddam Zeben Hassan to H.E. the Oil Minister, May 6, 2001.

¹⁴⁸ See SOMO chart entitled "Exports of Iraqi Crude Oil as per the Memorandum of Understanding/Phase (9) From 12/07/2000 to 06/03/2001," June 14, 2001.

¹⁴⁹ See SOMO Commercial Invoice Nos. C/100/2001, C/101/2001, and B/118/2001.

¹⁵⁰ See Duelfer Report, Annex B at 184.

¹⁵¹ See SOMO Crude Oil Sales Contract No. M/010/19 (cover and signature pages).

¹⁵² See Letter from Saddam Zeben Hassan to H.E. the Oil Minister, July 20, 2001.

Based on the allocations' statement, a contract has been signed with Russian company Machinoimport (on behalf of Mr. Zhirinovsky)...

The Oil Minister approved the contract the next day, July 21, 2001.

On the same day, SOMO informed "The Financial Department" of the contract. ¹⁵³ Once again, in describing the contract, SOMO confirms that the oil contracted in M/010/19 had been allocated to Zhirinovsky:

A contract has been signed on 07/18/2001 to supply the aforesaid buyer [Machinoimport] with crude oil as per the following details:

1 - Name of Company Buyer: Machinoimport Russian (on behalf of Mr. Zhirinovsky)

Notably, SOMO also informs the Minister of Oil that a "Surcharge" would be "Payable within one month of loading." That surcharge will be discussed in detail below.

For an unknown reason, SOMO and Machinoimport later reduced the volume of this contract by half – from 8 million barrels to 4 million. SOMO then informed "The Financial Department" of the revised contract volume and, in describing the contract, SOMO once again declared that the oil was allocated "on behalf of Mr. Zhirinovsky":

Following to our memorandum dated 07/21/2001, we made an agreement with the above-mentioned buyer [Machinoimport] to change the contractual quantities (on behalf of Mr. Zhirinovsky) from (8) million barrels to (4) million barrels...¹⁵⁵

2. Bayoil Contracts with Machinoimport

As SOMO proceeded internally, Machinoimport and Bayoil were engaged in contract negotiations. Bayoil's President David Chalmers wrote to Machinoimport on August 7, 2001 and indicated that Bayoil Senior Adviser Ludmil Dionissiev would "visit" with Machinoimport the next day. The purpose of Dionissiev's visit was to conduct "detailed discussions" about purchasing Iraqi crude oil. ¹⁵⁶

On August 14, 2001, several days after this scheduled meeting, Bayoil and Machinoimport executed an "Agency Agreement" concerning the purchase of Iraqi oil in connection with Contract M/010/19. Certain aspects of this agreement are noteworthy. First, Bayoil agreed to purchase from Machinoimport half of the oil covered by M/010/19, which amounted to roughly 2 million barrels. Machinoimport, on the other hand, would act as Bayoil's purchasing agent, including scheduling the loadings of the oil with SOMO, "carry[ing] out operational correspondence" with SOMO and "mak[ing] contacts" with Iraqis on behalf of Bayoil. The For Machinoimport's efforts, Bayoil would pay a 40-cents-per-barrel commission, amounting to an estimated \$800,000. One other provision merits attention; specifically, in § 7.2 of the contract, Machinoimport affirms that no surcharge was paid to the Hussein regime in connection with Contract M/010/19:

¹⁵³ See Letter from SOMO to "The Financial Department," July 21, 2001.

¹⁵⁴ See Addendum No. 1 to Contract No. M/010/19, July 18, 2001.

¹⁵⁵ See Letter from SOMO to "The Financial Department," August 18, 2001.

¹⁵⁶ See Letter from David B. Chalmers, Jr. to Machinoimport State Enterprise, August 7, 2001

¹⁵⁷ See Agency Agreement No.50-0601/72011/M/010/19-/B-K, dated August 14, 2001 (the "Bayoil-Machinoimport Agreement").

¹⁵⁸ See Bayoil-Machinoimport Agreement, Preamble, § 1.2, § 6.7, §7.1.

¹⁵⁹ See id. at §1.2.

¹⁶⁰ See id. at §2.1.

[Machinoimport] specifically warrants that no surcharge or other payment was made to S.O.M.O. by [Machinoimport], or to [Machinoimport]'s knowledge by any third party, outside the U.N. escrow account in obtaining the crude oil sold to [Bayoil] hereunder.

From this provision, it is clear that both Bayoil and Machinoimport knew of the demand for illegal surcharges, and recognized that such under-the-table payments were not permitted.

3. Bayoil Lifts Oil Allocated to Zhirinovsky and Pays More Than \$800,000 to Machinoimport

On September 3, 2001, two weeks after the Bayoil-Machinoimport contract was signed, the oil tanker *Amazon Eagle* lifted 2,098,421 barrels of Iraqi crude oil on behalf of Bayoil. ¹⁶¹ On September 21, 2001, pursuant to the Bayoil-Machinoimport Agency Agreement, Machinoimport submitted an invoice requesting payment of its 40-cents-per-barrel commission. ¹⁶² The invoice recites that the *Amazon Eagle* shipped 2,098,421 barrels, and as a result, Machinoimport was owed precisely \$839,368.40. While the payment information on this invoice is illegible, Machinoimport apparently requested that Bayoil forward payment to an account for the benefit of a third party. Later that day, Bayoil responded to Machinoimport's invoice, indicating that its bank refused to make payment to an account held in the name of anyone other than Machinoimport. ¹⁶³

Machinoimport complied with Bayoil's request and resubmitted an invoice stipulating an account at Cyprus Popular Bank Ltd. in Machinoimport's name. ¹⁶⁴ Later that day, Bayoil instructed its bank to pay \$839,368.40, the requested amount, to the listed Cyprus Popular Bank account. ¹⁶⁵ The next day, October 5, 2001, Bayoil's bank confirmed that it had transferred "USD 839368.4" from Bayoil's account to Machinoimport's account at Cyprus Popular Bank. ¹⁶⁶ Bayoil's ledger statement for this *Amazon Eagle* cargo similarly confirms that Bayoil paid \$839,368.40 on October 5, 2001 to Machinoimport.

4. Machinoimport Pays a Massive Surcharge to the Hussein Regime

After receiving the \$839,368.40 payment from Bayoil, Machinoimport apparently forwarded the majority of that amount to the Hussein regime as an under-the-table surcharge. As noted in the SOMO's letter to the Minister of Oil on July 20, 2001, which is discussed above, Machinoimport promised to pay the Hussein regime a "surcharge" "within one month of loading" the oil pursuant to M/010/19. Machinoimport did in fact pay such a surcharge in connection with M/010/19, according to the SOMO Chart entitled "List of Surcharges per Agreement." That chart, which was discussed above, detailed every surcharge payment, showing each contract number, amounts owed and paid, and the identity of the payer. With respect to Contract M/010/19, the chart confirms that Machinoimport lifted a total volume of 4,070,248 barrels, and under the heading "Surcharge per Agreement," that Machinoimport agreed to a surcharge of 30 cents per barrel. The "Total Amount Owed," according to the chart, was \$1,221,074.40. The chart then shows that Machinoimport paid the surcharge amount in full.

As noted above, Bayoil purchased only half of the oil lifted pursuant to M/010/19, totaling 2,098,421 barrels. Accordingly, the surcharge owed for Bayoil's share of the oil amounted to \$629,526.30. Therefore, Bayoil paid a 40-cents-per-barrel premium to Machinoimport, which amounted to \$839,368.40. Machinoimport then paid the Hussein regime

¹⁶¹ See SOMO Commercial Invoice No. C/119/2001. Bayoil's internal documents confirm that it purchased this shipment. See, e.g., Bayoil chart entitled "Bayoil Cargoes Loaded Under U.N. Oil-For-Food Program (1997-2003)" (listing purchase of cargo of oil aboard Amazon Eagle supplied by Machinoimport with bill of lading dated 9/3/2001 for 2,098,421 barrels).

¹⁶² See Machinoimport Commercial Invoice NO 50-0601/72011/M/010/19/B-K-1 Dated 21.09.01.

¹⁶³ See Letter from Bayoil to Machinoimport, September 21, 2001. Notably, the bank Bayoil used in this transaction was different from the banks it had used in previous transactions, in which payments to third-party entities occurred without incident.

¹⁶⁴ See Machinoimport Invoice 50-0601-72011/M/010/19-/B-K-1, October 4, 2001.

¹⁶⁵ See Letter from Bayoil to Banque Cantonale Vaudoise, Lausanne ("BCV"), October 4, 2001.

¹⁶⁶ See Message from BCV to Bayoil, October 5, 2001.

¹⁶⁷ See Surcharge Chart (excerpt).

a 30-cents-per-barrel surcharge to the Hussein regime, which (for Bayoil's share) should have equaled \$629,526.30. It is unclear the extent to which Bayoil knew of Machinoimport's illegal surcharge payment to the Hussein regime.

K. The Tenth Allocation (Phase X)

For an unknown reason, Zhirinovsky received a second oil allocation from the Hussein regime in Phase X. This allocation followed the pattern of the other Phase X transaction – a Russia-based oil company contracted with SOMO to purchase the oil, Bayoil bought the oil from the Russian company for a sizeable premium, and a massive, under-the-table surcharge was paid to the Hussein regime.

1. Zhirinovsky Receives Another Allocation and Lukoil is the Contracting Party

On July 26, 2001, Zhirinovsky wrote to Tariq Aziz to inform him that yet another Russian oil company would contract for his allotted oil. ¹⁶⁸ In that letter, Zhirinovsky stated that he had a "cooperation" with the subsidiary of the Russian oil giant Lukoil, which would contract for his oil in 2001:

I would like to confirm that I have a cooperation with the company "LUKOIL ASIA PACIFIC PTE LTD" during the next phase of the United Nations oil-for-food agreements.

Next allocation for this phase of 2001, in an amount of 4 million barrels of oil should be assigned to "LUKOIL ASIA PACIFIC PTE LTD" for the contracting and lifting.

One month later, on August 26, 2001, Lukoil Asia Pacific PTE Ltd. executed Contract M/010/67 with SOMO for the purchase of 4 million barrels of crude oil. ¹⁶⁹ In typical form, SOMO requested the Oil Minister's approval of the contract. ¹⁷⁰ That letter, like its predecessors, confirms that the allocation underlying that contract had been granted to "Mr. Zhirinovsky":

Based on the allocations statement, a contract has been signed with Lukoil Russian Company (on behalf of Mr. Zhirinovsky)...¹⁷¹

Like SOMO's approval letter for the previous Phase X allocation, SOMO also informs the Minister of Oil that a surcharge would be paid within one month of loading the oil. The Minister of Oil approved the contract several days later.

Another SOMO document further confirms that the allocation for M/010/67 had been granted to Zhirinovsky. That document, a SOMO letter to the "Financial Department," indicates that Contract M/010/67 was with "Lukoil Asia Company (Mr. Zhirinovsky)." ¹⁷³

2. Lukoil Lifts the Oil on Behalf of Bayoil and Bayoil Pays \$1.1 Million Surcharge

On October 10, 2001, the vessel *Licorne Pacifique* lifted 1,908,566 barrels of Iraqi crude oil pursuant to Contract M/010/67. The Several days later, the oil tanker *Astro Gamma* lifted 1,833,263 barrels in connection with M/010/67. Bayoil purchased those shipments from Lukoil, as reflected in the chart entitled "Bayoil Cargoes Loaded Under the UN Oil-For-Food Program (1997-2003). In purchasing these shipments, Bayoil paid Lukoil a 3-cents-perbarrel premium, which amounted to \$112,254.87.

¹⁶⁸ See Letter from Vladimir Zhirinovsky to Tariq Aziz, July 26, 2001.

¹⁶⁹ See SOMO Crude Oil Sales Contract No. M/010/67 (cover and signature pages).

¹⁷⁰ See Letter of Saddam Hassan to H.E. the Oil Minister, August 27, 2001.

¹⁷¹ It is noteworthy that SOMO understood that Lukoil's parent company in Russia was the contracting party, not the Asian subsidiary.

¹⁷² See Letter from Saddam Zeben Hassan to Oil Minister, August 27, 2001 (stating "Surcharge; Payable within one month") (cited above in Footnote 170).

¹⁷³ See Letter from Saddam Zeben Hassan to "The Financial Department," August 27, 2001.

¹⁷⁴ See SOMO Commercial Invoice No.C/147/2001.

¹⁷⁵ See SOMO Commercial Invoice No. B/182/2001.

¹⁷⁶ See Bayoil chart entitled "Bayoil Cargoes Loaded Under UN Oil-For-Food Program (1997-2003)" (excerpt).

¹⁷⁷ See Letter from Lukoil Asia Pacific PTE Ltd to Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited, November 2, 2001 (fax of invoice for payment of \$57,256.98 premium for Licorne Pacific [sic] shipment, indicating that the "contractual"

In addition to the commission payment to Lukoil, Bayoil made two large payments to "Plasco Shipping" – the same mysterious company that Bayoil paid 17 cents per barrel (\$1,333,373.92) in connection with Zhirinovsky's Phase VI allocation. According to Bayoil's ledger statement for the M/010/67 shipments, Bayoil paid \$1,122,548.70 to Plasco Shipping in connection with those cargoes. That sum is exactly 30 cents for each barrel lifted under

Shipment	Oil Lifted (barrels)	Rate of Plasco Commission	Payment to Plasco Shipping
Licorne Pacifique	1,908,566	30 cents/barrel	\$572,569,80
Astro Gamma	1,833,263	30 cents/barrel	\$549,978.90

Total Payments to "Plasco Shipping" by Bayoil under M/010/67 = \$1,122,548.70

It is important to note that, aside from the entries in the ledger statements, the Subcommittee could not identify a single reference to Plasco Shipping in Bayoil's files. The Subcommittee conducted a thorough review of the pertinent files, and despite the fact that Bayoil paid Plasco more than \$1.1 million, Bayoil's documents concerning these cargoes do not contain a contract with Plasco or any correspondence involving Plasco. In short, there is no evidence that Plasco provided any service whatsoever for Bayoil to merit payments totaling \$1,122,548.70.

The facts suggest that those transfers to Plasco were illegal, under-the-table surcharges to the Hussein regime. As noted above, the Ministry of Oil prepared a detailed register of each contract for which a surcharge was paid. ¹⁷⁸ That Surcharge Chart indicates that, for Contract M/010/67, a surcharge of 30 cents per barrel was paid to the Hussein regime. The total surcharge owed for Contract M/010/67 was \$1,122,548.70 – the exact amount that Bayoil paid to "Plasco Shipping" for that contract. The chart further confirms that the surcharge had been paid. ¹⁷⁹ The chart suggests that Bayoil's payment of \$1,122,548.70 to "Plasco Shipping" financed an illegal surcharge to the Hussein regime.

L. The Thirteenth Allocation (Phase XI)

Zhirinovsky was granted another allocation from the Hussein regime in Phase XI of the Program. On January 16, 2002, the Russian company Machinoimport executed an oil contract with SOMO, in which Machinoimport agreed to purchase 5.5 million barrels. ¹⁸⁰ In keeping with its established protocol, SOMO requested approval of that contract, which was numbered M/011/79. ¹⁸¹ Like previous Zhirinovsky transactions, SOMO indicated that the contracted oil had been allocated to Zhirinovsky:

premium" was "USD 0.03 per U.S. bbl"); see also, Bayoil General Ledger (excerpt of ledger for Licorne Pacifique cargo reflecting payment of \$57,256.98 to "Lukoil Petro"); see also Letter from Lukoil Asia Pacific PTE Ltd to Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited, November 9, 2001 (invoice for payment of \$54,997.89 premium for Astro Gamma cargo, indicating that the "contractual premium" was "USD 0.03 per U.S. bbl"); see also, Bayoil General Ledger (excerpt of ledger for Astro Gamma cargo reflecting payment of \$54,997.89 to "Lukoil Petro").

¹⁷⁸ See Surcharge Chart (excerpt).

¹⁷⁹ Notably, the Surcharge Chart indicates that the surcharge was actually overpaid by \$122.30. The cause of this discrepancy is unclear.

¹⁸⁰ See SOMO Crude Oil Sales Contract No. M/011/79 (cover and signature pages).

¹⁸¹ See Letter from Ali Rajab Hassan to H.E. the Oil Minister, January 16, 2002.

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Based on the statement of allocations in phase eleven, a contract has been signed with Machinoimport Company (on behalf of Mr. Zhirinovsky) ...

At the end of the letter, SOMO also indicates that the parties had agreed that a surcharge would be "payable within one month from the date of loading." The Oil Minister approved the contract, and 5.2 million barrels of oil were later lifted pursuant to Contract M/011/79. The Surcharge Chart discussed previously indicates that the Hussein regime was paid \$1,584,399.30 in surcharges in connection with Contract M/011/79. [82]

M. The Fourteenth Allocation (Phase XII)

According to the SOMO Allocation Chart discussed above, Zhirinovsky received another allocation in Phase XII of the Program. The volume of that allocation was 4 million barrels. According to SOMO records, the oil allotted to Zhirinovsky in Phase XII was never lifted.

. . .

¹⁸² See Surcharge Chart (excerpt).

Footnote (FN) Documents

STATEMENT BY MARK L. GREENBLATT

COUNSEL

PERMANENT SUBCOMMITTEE ON INVESTIGATIONS $\label{eq:condition} \text{ON THE}$

UNITED NATIONS OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM

BEFORE THE

PERMANENT SUBCOMMITTEE ON INVESTIGATIONS
COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS
UNITED STATES SENATE
NOVEMBER 15, 2004

Mr. Chairman, Ranking Member Levin, and Subcommittee Members:

Thank you for this opportunity to testify before you concerning the Subcommittee's investigation into the United Nations Oil for Food Program and how Saddam Hussein abused that Program. The purpose of my testimony is to examine two ways in which the Hussein regime abused the Program, and present evidence obtained by the Subcommittee that illustrates our conclusions. First, I will discuss what have been called "oil vouchers" – namely, how Saddam Hussein turned oil into influence. The second portion of my presentation will illustrate how Saddam Hussein exacted millions of dollars in illegal surcharges under the OFF Program.

I. BACKGROUND: WHAT IS AN ALLOCATION OF OIL?

To understand how Saddam Hussein turned oil into influence, we start with how Iraq sold its oil under the Program. The arm of the Iraqi government that controlled the sale of Iraqi crude oil was the State Oil Marketing Organization, which was commonly called "SOMO." In order to manage the volume of oil flowing through its pipelines, SOMO divided its oil supply into discrete units. It then allocated these units to prospective oil purchasers, essentially giving those recipients an option to purchase that allotment of oil. These options are typically called "allocations" or "quotas." Allocations typically ranged from 1 to 2 million barrels of crude oil.

SOMO distributed allocations for each of the 13 Phases of the Program, which lasted 6 months apiece. Each allocation would be valid for the current phase of the Program. Witnesses, including at least one recipient of an oil allocation, have informed the Subcommittee that allocations would have a designated number that SOMO, the allocation holder, and the prospective oil purchasers used to identify the particular allotment. While some allocations were solely verbal in nature, others were documented in writing, as we will see in a few moments. These written allocations are where the term "oil vouchers" comes from.

I should note two critical characteristics of allocations. First, an allocation was only an *option* to buy a certain allotment of oil in a certain window of time – it was <u>not</u> a gift of oil and did not mean that a purchase of oil would necessarily follow. In fact, many of SOMO's allocations under the OFF Program

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never resulted in an oil sale. Page 200 of Mr. Duelfer's report provides a list of 71 unused allocations from the 13th Phase alone. The second critical fact is that allocations were transferable – that is, a recipient of an allocation could sell his/her allocation to a third party and that third party would then have the option to buy Iraqi oil.

II. HOW SADDAM USED OIL ALLOCATIONS TO GARNER INFLUENCE

In Phases I and II of the OFF Program, SOMO allocated oil to traditional oil companies throughout the world. Those companies then contracted with SOMO to purchase the oil and lifted the oil themselves. For example, if you would please turn to pages 168 and 169 of Mr. Duelfer's report, which list the oil transactions in Phases I and II, you will see that the allocation recipients, which appear in under the header "Allocation Holders," and the ultimate purchasers of the oil, which appear under the header "Contracted Company," are identical.

Starting in Phase III of the Program, however, Saddam Hussein attempted to manipulate the typical oil allocation process in order to gain influence throughout the world. His plan was simple: rather than giving allocations to traditional oil purchasers, Hussein gave oil allocations to foreign officials, journalists, and even terrorist entities, who then sold their allocations to the traditional oil companies in return for a sizeable commission. In doing so, Saddam could give a foreign official or journalist a bribe of hundreds of thousands of dollars – without actually paying a dime.

Now, the key question is why the allocations were valuable. The answer has to do with the price of Iraqi oil. Although the regulations of the OFF Program required that Iraqi oil be sold at "fair market value," Saddam Hussein instructed SOMO to sell the oil at discounted prices. For example, if the market price for oil was \$10 per barrel, Iraq would sell its oil at \$9.50 per barrel. Therefore, purchasers of Iraqi oil enjoyed massive profits, and clamored to get access to the discounted oil. By allocating the oil to favored people or entities, Hussein forced oil purchasers to obtain allocations from the favored few. Those favored recipients became gatekeepers to cheap Iraqi oil. As gatekeepers, the allocation holders demanded a "commission," which ranged from 3 to 30 cents per barrel. Oil companies were quite willing to pay that 3- or 30-cent commission because the total price for their oil, even including that commission, was still significantly lower than market price. A commission of 3 to 30 cents on an allocation of 1 million barrels would translate to a \$30,000 – \$300,000 in cash for the allocation holder. As you can see, an allocation from SOMO was certainly valuable.

According to multiple sources, including SOMO documents obtained by PSI, allocation recipients included:

- Benon Sevan, the Executive Director of U.N.'s Office of the Iraq Programme,
- Foreign officials, such as Vladimir Zhirinovsky, the Leader of the Liberal-Democratic Party of Russia, Charles Pasqua, the former French Interior Minister, and George Galloway, a Member of the British Parliament,
- Terrorist entities, such as the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine, and Mujahadeen Khalq of Iran, and
- · Journalists, such as Hamidah Na'na.

So how did these allocations get translated into cash? That monetization involved a simple process, which we have illustrated in the chart numbered **Exhibit 5**.

Exhibit 5: The chart reveals the steps used to convert an allocation into a shipment of oil and a commission to the allocation recipient.

STEP 1. Saddam himself would approve the grant of an allocation of oil to whomever he sought to influence or reward, typically a government official, journalist, or terrorist organization;

- STEP 2. Next, the recipient of the oil allocation would sell the allocation to oil companies for a hefty commission and then inform SOMO of the sale;
- STEP 3. The oil company would then formally purchase oil under the Oil for Food Program which meant entering a formal contract with the Iraqi government for the allocated oil, submitting that contract to the U.N. for approval under the OFF Program, and then lifting the oil pursuant to the contract. Once the oil was lifted, the purchaser would pay the agreed-upon commission to the allocation recipient.

This 3-step process is the basic framework for the sale of oil allocations, although each instance varied slightly. I will now explore each of these steps and present selected evidence to illustrate the various steps.

STEP 1: Saddam Gives Allocations to Foreign Officials, Journalists, and Terrorist Entities

Numerous sources, including senior officials of the former regime, have stated that Saddam Hussein personally approved the people and/or entities that received oil allocations, and would delete those who had fallen out of favor. The Subcommittee has obtained some evidence that senior officials, such as Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz, were also intimately involved in the allocation process.

chibit 6: This document is a letter from SOMO to the Minister of Oil concerning an oil allocation provided to a Syrian journalist named Hamidah Na'na. This letter illustrates the in-depth, personal involvement of high-ranking members of the Hussein regime in the granting of oil allocations. For example, the letter states in the first paragraph of text: "With reference to the allocations of 12/09/2002 for phase (13) and the approval of Mr. Taha Yasin Ramadan, the Vice-President, as per the telephone call with your Excellency on 11/29/2002 regarding the increase of the quantity allocated to Mrs. Hamidah Na'na at the rate of (1) million barrels...." This letter was personally ratified by the Minister of Oil in the bottom left corner of the letter. From this letter, we can see that both the Vice President and the Minister of Oil of the Hussein regime were intimately involved in oil allocations granted to Hamidah Na'na

Exhibit 7: Before I describe this letter, I should note that we have redacted out the names of some of the entities and/or individuals mentioned in these letters when they are part of the Subcommittee's on-going investigation. In this case, we have redacted out the name of the author of the letter and the recipient. Turning back to the exhibit, this is a letter from a prospective oil purchaser to an allocation holder that is based in Moscow. In the letter, the oil purchaser refers to a face-to-face meeting in Moscow between the allocation holder and Tariq Aziz, one of Hussein's closest aides. The meeting related to a problem that the allocation holder was having with respect to the allocation. The oil purchaser suggests that the allocation holder inform SOMO of the meeting, saying: "During last week a high ranked [sic] Iraqi delegation lead [sic] by his Excellency Mr. Tariq Aziz visited Moscow. The allocation holder... had a personal meeting with him and we are informed that the discrepancies regarding this allocation will be solved very soon."

Exhibit 8: This document appears to be one of the written allocations that I referred to previously – the original certificate in Arabic is on the left and the translation is on the right. In this allocation, it appears that Saddam Hussein personally ordered an allotment of 6 million barrels to journalist Mahmud Al-Tamimi in recognition of his pro-Saddam stances during the first Gulf War: "The President leader ... has ordered ... as follows: six million barrels of petroleum will be allocated to journalist Mahmud Al-Tamimi in appreciation of his nationalist positions which he has adopted since the thirty-nation aggression in the year 1991 in confronting the unjust blockade of our dear country." I should note that this journalist does not appear in any report of allocation recipients, including the Al Mada list, Charles Duelfer's report or SOMO documents obtained by PSI.

STEP 2: The Sale of the Oil Allocation and Assignment of the Allocation to the Purchaser

Once recipients learned that they had been allocated oil, they would negotiate with an oil company to sell the allocation. The primary issue of the negotiations was the commission paid to the allocation holder. PSI has obtained evidence, including testimony from witnesses, that some of these negotiations occurred in the lobby of the Al-Rashid Hotel in Baghdad. In those situations, an allocation recipient or their representative would literally bargain with oil traders in the hotel's lobby over the allocation and the rate of the commission. Aside from bargaining at the Al-Rashid, these negotiations also occurred in writing. PSI has obtained evidence of the written negotiations between the allocation holders and the prospective oil purchasers:

Exhibit 9: This letter is written by Vladimir Zhirinovsky, the leader of the ultra-nationalist Liberal-Democratic Party of Russia. On official Party letterhead, Zhirinovsky invites an international oil company to Moscow to "negotiate" with him: "It is my honor to invite you for negotiations to Moscow, from the 18th to the 25th of January 1999. Will be happy to meet with you." I should note that PSI has obtained evidence that Zhirinovsky obtained an oil allocation from Hussein in Phase V of the Program, which ran from November 1998 through May 1999. In addition, if you turn to page 173 of Mr. Duelfer's report and look at entry 51, you will see Mr. Zhirinovsky's name next to the Liberal-Democratic Party of Russia as the allocation recipient.

Exhibit 10: This document is a fax from a representative of an allocation holder who is offering a "Full Corporate Offer" for 2 shipments of 2 million barrels of oil. We know that this is a contract under the Oil for Food Program because it is dated April 2001, which falls in the correct timeframe, and the qualifications of the offer (which are listed in the middle of the page) require that the contract be approved by the United Nations. For our purposes, the key aspect of this offer is that the representative demands a "Seller's Fee" of "U.S.\$ 0.75 / net barrel inclusive of SOMO's." For now, the key concept is that the holder of the allocation, who is acting as the gatekeeper to the oil, is demanding a significant fee. We will return to the question of what "inclusive of SOMO's fee" means shortly. I should note that the actual recipient of this allocation is unknown.

Exhibit 11: In this series of letters between an allocation holder and a prospective oil buyer, the parties negotiate the amount of the commission. On page 1 of the first letter, the purchaser states that the allocation recipient has been offered "oil development project opportunities in Iraq, which are being offered to [the allocation recipient] for completion after sanctions are lifted." These "oil development project opportunities" for "after the sanctions are lifted" might explain why Hussein would give this company an oil allocation. We will return to this concept later in the presentation. Moving on to Page 2 of that letter, the purchaser offers to by the allocated oil at "SOMO's official selling formula price applicable for the month of lifting plus \$0.07/barrel." In the next letter, the purchaser raises its offer, saying "I refer to the portion of our proposal which includes the purchase of [the recipient]'s allocation under the fourth period U.N. oil sale [sic], we are pleased to increase our premium to S.O.M.O's official selling price from \$0.07/barrel to \$0.09/barrel." In the next letter, the allocation recipient rejects that bid, saying commissions of less than 12 cents "are not competitive and will not be taken into consideration." In the following letter, the prospective oil purchaser caves in and accepts the allocation holder's demand. Months later, the purchaser confirms its "bid of USD 0.13 premium above [official selling price] for any quantities of Iraqi oil that you may decide to make available to us.'

These letters provide a first-hand glimpse at how the negotiations between an allocation recipient and a prospective oil purchaser occurred. Once the allocation holder and the prospective oil purchaser agreed on the amount of the commission, the allocation holder would assign his/her right to the allocation to the purchaser, and inform SOMO of the assignment. In doing so, the allocation holder established a direct link between the prospective oil purchaser and SOMO, thereby eliminating his/her further involvement in the transaction. PSI has obtained evidence of such assignments by the allocation holders and the subsequent notification of SOMO:

Exhibit 12: In this letter, an allocation holder memorialized his commission agreement with a prospective oil purchaser in a letter entitled, "Acceptance of commission": "Thank you for your cooperation and your letter dated 22 November 1999 in which you guarantee the payment of US 50.10 (ten cents of a US Dollar) per barrel for my commission, referred to in your above mentioned letter. I enclose herewith a letter addressed to S.O.M.O. by which I nominate your company [] for the lifting of the crude oil allocated to me[]" In the attached letter, the allocation holder informed SOMO of the assignment and authorized the purchaser to "handle the crude oil that is allocated to me in all its stages."

Exhibit 13: In this letter, an allocation holder informs SOMO that Devon Petroleum will lift the oil in connection with her allocation, saying "I, Mrs. Hamidah Na'na the presentee cede my allocation for phase (13) totaling (1.5) million barrels to Devon Petroleum Ltd., and empower Mr. Denney Gunel to sign for me."

STEP 3: Oil Purchased & Payment to Allocation Holder

Once the allocation recipient informs SOMO of the identity of the prospective oil purchaser, that oil company would have to execute a formal contract with SOMO. Only after a contract was executed would the parties notify the U.N. of the agreement and seek approval. As a result, the moment the contract is submitted to the U.N. for approval is the first time that the U.N. gets involved.

PSI has obtained evidence of these contracts and the related correspondence with the U.N. For example, please refer back to **Exhibit 6**, which we reviewed earlier when discussing the involvement of senior Hussein officials. In that exhibit, the Minister of Oil was informed that Na'na has assigned her allocation for Phase XIII to Devon Petroleum and that Devon and SOMO had executed a contract. Notice that the contract was numbered M/13/26.

Exhibit 14: These documents illustrate how contract M/13/26 between Devon-SOMO was approved. They are (a) the first page and the signature page of the contract M/13/26, (b) the application of Devon Petroleum to the U.N. for approval of the contract M/13/26, (c) the approval of the U.N. for in contract M/13/26, and (d) the official invoice from SOMO for the purchase of oil pursuant to contract M/13/26. If you would turn to page 197 of the Duelfer Report, you will see in entry 26 that contract M/13/26 was allocated to Hamidah Na'na and ultimately purchased by

Once the oil was lifted, the commission for the allocation holders would become due. PSI has obtained some invoices from the allocation holders:

Exhibit 15: This invoice is from Al Wasel & Babel Co. for "[s]elling of Iraq oil allocation." It is our understanding that the oil purchaser actually prepared this invoice themselves and that it could be a draft of an invoice. The key point, however, is that the oil purchaser was paying a commission of 0.17 euros per barrel to Al Wasel & Babel. Notably, Al Wasel & Babel is a well-known front company for the Hussein regime.

So that is the story of how Saddam would use oil to reward friends and exert influence throughout the world. The key question remains; what did the allocation holders do for Saddam in exchange for the allocations? While we have no direct evidence of a quid-pro-quo for the allocation of oil, we have seen circumstantial evidence. For example, please turn back to Exhibit 11, which we reviewed when discussing the negotiations over the commission payment. In this letter, it appears that the allocation holder, a Russian entity that we believe to be affiliated with the Russian government, was negotiating "oil development project opportunities ... for completion after the sanctions are lifted" when it received the allocations. This could suggest that Saddam granted this company an allocation in connection with deals for the post-sanction Iraq. Similarly, the Subcommittee has learned that Vladimir Zhirinovsky and his Liberal-Democratic Party received allocations of nearly 80 million barrels of oil. We have observed that, when Hussein kicked out weapons inspectors in the late 1990s and the U.S. threatened military action in response, Zhirinovsky pushed Russia to provide military support to Iraq. That timeframe coincides with the allocation to Zhirinovsky that we discussed earlier (in Exhibit 9), which was granted in Phase V (November 1998 through May, 1999). Finally, we discussed the Syrian journalist Hamidah Na'na who received allocations and transferred those allocations to Devon Petroleum and other companies. Ms. Na'na stated in an interview in 2003 that "The embargo that was imposed on Iraq has been my biggest obsession, and I have devoted much time and effort, as both a journalist and a citizen, in endless attempts to lift the embargo. I have also written a lot about this topic in the papers and magazines I've worked for." When she made this statement, she had already received allocations totaling between 10 -12 million barrels of oil. SOMO estimated her profit from those allocations at \$1.4 million.

I will now move on to a different topic related to the oil side of the OFF Program – namely, how Saddam exacted millions of dollars in surcharges from oil purchasers.

III. SURCHARGES - BACKGROUND

A. The Surcharge period: September 2000 to Mid-2002

In mid-2000 (which fell in Phase VIII), Hussein directed SOMO to generate additional revenues outside the OFF Program in connection with the sale of oil. Pursuant to that directive, on September 1, 2000, SOMO began lowering the price of oil even further than usual and demanding a "surcharge" of 10 cents for each barrel exported from Iraq. Over the succeeding months, the rate of the surcharge fluctuated widely, reaching a peak of roughly 30 cents per barrel.

These surcharges were to be paid by the oil purchaser directly to the regime – i.e., outside the U.N.-controlled escrow account maintained at BNP Paribas. Because those payments were not deposited to the BNP account, these surcharges were in direct violation of the OFF Program. As a result, many of the traditional oil companies refused to pay the surcharges. Out of the shadows, however, came

numerous unknown middlemen that were quite eager to participate in the scheme. Those middlemen would contract with Iraq to purchase oil (at the below-market rate), pay the surcharge, and then sell that oil on to the traditional oil industry for a significant profit.

For example, if hypothetical market price of oil was \$10 per barrel, Iraq would sell oil to the middleman at only \$9.50 per barrel, and then demand a 30-cent surcharge. Therefore, the middleman would pay \$9.50 to the U.N.-controlled account at BNP and then 30 cents to a regime-controlled account. Even after paying the surcharge, the middleman would have essentially bought oil at \$0.20 per barrel below market rate. The middleman would then sell the oil on to the oil industry at market price – i.e., \$10 per barrel. While the profit margin may appear slim (in terms of cents per barrel), Iraqi oil shipments routinely amounted to millions of barrels of oil. As a result, such spreads can be incredibly lucrative – a one million barrel shipment in the example above would net the middleman a quick profit of \$200,000.

The amount of the surcharge fluctuated over the subsequent two years. Eventually, Saddam settled on a surcharge range of 25 – 30 cents per barrel. Exports to the U.S. carried a higher surcharge than shipments elsewhere in the world, possibly to spite the U.S.

B. The U.S. and U.K. End Surcharges through "Retroactive Pricing"

Complaints about the illegal surcharge were widespread. In fact, numerous articles concerning Saddam's illegal surcharges appeared in newspapers worldwide. The U.N. learned of the charges and instructed approved purchasers to refuse to make such payments, but did little more to enforce the rule. After roughly 2 years of U.N. inaction in stopping the surcharges, the U.S. and the U.K. (as members of the committee that oversaw the Program) devised a method to eliminate the illegal fees, called "retroactive pricing."

Retroactive pricing meant that the U.S. and U.K., as members of the oversight committee, would not approve the price of oil until the end of the month -i.e., after the sale had been completed. In doing so, the monitors could retroactively set the price at the market price, thereby eliminating any opportunity for a surcharge. Retroactive pricing was completely effective in ending Saddam's illegal surcharges. Over the two year "surcharge period," Saddam amassed \$228 million in illegal surcharges. Every single one of those dollars was obtained outside the OFF Program. I will now address how those dollars went into Saddam's coffers and present detailed evidence that illustrates how those transactions occurred.

IV. BEHIND THE SCENES: HOW THE SURCHARGES WERE PAID

PSI has learned that oil purchasers generally paid surcharges to the Hussein regime in two ways – (1) through direct payments to regime-controlled bank accounts and (2) through third parties that would facilitate the transaction.

Exhibit 16: This chart illustrates the two general methods that illegal surcharges were paid.

A. Direct payments by oil purchaser

The simplest method for the surcharge payments was a direct payment from the oil purchaser to the regime-controlled bank account. To that end, the Hussein regime maintained numerous accounts at banks throughout the Middle East, in particular Jordan and Lebanon.

B. Payments through Third-Parties

While many oil companies were willing to comply with Saddam's demand for illegal surcharges, they wanted to conceal those payments as much as possible. As a result, they refused to make direct payments to regime-controlled accounts. In those circumstances, the oil purchaser would make payments to a third party, who would then forward the surcharge on to the regime accounts. Similarly, the recipients of the allocation of oil were also used as a conduit for the surcharge payment.

Exhibit 17: This is an example of the surcharge payment going through the allocation recipient. In this letter, Hamidah Na'na, the Syrian journalist that we discussed earlier, commits to pay the oil surcharge, saying "I hereby undertake to settle the surcharge at the rate of 30 U.S. cents per barrel for American destination, and 25 U.S. cents per barrel for Europe or the Far East destinations for 1.5 million barrels which Devon Petroleum Company will lift from contract M/11/100 dated 02/11/2002 signed in the name of the aforesaid company on my behalf during Phase 11."

In addition, I refer back to **Exhibit 10**, in which a representative of an allocation holder issued a "Full Corporate Offer" for 2-4 million barrels of oil under the Program. In connection with this Offer, the representative demands a "Seller's Fee" amounting to "U.S.\$ 0.75 / net barrel *inclusive of SOMO's.*" Notably, the price for the oil is already set at the "SOMO price formula." Therefore, the "fee" to SOMO referred to in "Seller's Fee" cannot refer to the price of the oil, but instead must be a separate payment to SOMO -i.e., an illegal surcharge. In short, this document reveals that the seller of the allocation is offering to pay the surcharge for the oil purchaser.

Exhibit 18: This set of documents relates to a contract between Al Hoda International Trading and an oil company. Al Hoda purchased 4 million barrels of oil in connection with Contract M/9/15 under the OFF Program, and sold half of that oil to the oil company. According to Page 2 of the contract between Al Hoda and the oil company, the oil price was the official selling price of the oil plus 40 cents per barrel. Interestingly, the payment mechanism is divided in three parts. Starting with the last paragraph on page 2, we see the payment "inside the letter of credit, which we will see refers to the letter of credit used to pay the U.N.-controlled account under the OFF Program. Moving up to the next paragraph is a payment of 10 cents per barrel "outside the letter of credit" at the direction of Al Hoda. Third. however, is another "payment of [U.S. dollars] 0.30 per ... barrel to be paid outside the letter of credit as instructed by Al-Hoda..." The next document is an invoice from Al Hoda requesting payment for the "Balance amount due not covered by Letter of credit NR. LCIM 2176337," which PSI has confirmed is the letter of credit for payment for the oil to the U.N.-controlled account within the OFF Program. The balance requested is 40 cents per barrel shipped (the 10 cent commission plus the 30 cent surcharge) which amounts to more than \$836,860.60. The next document is the order from the oil company to its bank to make the payment for the \$836,860.60 invoice. The next document is an excerpt from the oil company's ledger that confirms that a payment for the \$836,860.60 invoice to Al Hoda was actually paid.

So how do we know that that payment (or some portion thereof) was a surcharge payment to Iraq? The Subcommittee has obtained SOMO records that provide detailed information about the surcharge payments it received.

Exhibit 19: This is an excerpt of a chart created by SOMO in February 2004 that details each oil contract in which a surcharge was paid. Specifically, the chart details the contract number, the surcharge payer, the amount of oil lifted, the rate of the surcharge, the surcharge owed, the amount of the surcharge that was actually paid, and whether there are any outstanding balances. If we look at the highlighted entry on the chart, which relates to Al Hoda's contract M/9/15, this chart confirms that, for Contract M/9/15, Al-Hoda made a surcharge payment of 30 cents per barrel. Therefore, it appears that the 30-cent clause in the Al Hoda-oil company contract did indeed reflect a surcharge payment.

With that, I will end my presentations and I would be happy to answer any questions that the Subcommittee may have.

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<u>Table No.1</u>
Quantities of Crude Oil Allocated to the Companies during the Phases of the Memorandum of Understanding
(Million Barrels)

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المراء/المركة	سيون نفط غاز (السيد منفر لنك)	السيد نيكولاي ريجكوف	شركة ستروي نفط غاز	شركة أخت نفط	٠٤- ادارة الثبيثان	علال الجيلاوي / اي ف الم.	للطيران	۴۶- خروزلیت	۳۶۰ مرائز نفطا	 ارئيس ديوان الرئاسة الرومس 	(السيد فلوغن)	الكنيسة الارثودوكسية الرومبية	الحزب الديمقراطي القومي	الروسم	۲۶ رس نفط (غوتسریف)	 ١٤٠ (روز نفط لمبكس 	المهمسوع
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An Estimate of the Profits the Companies and Russian Parties made from Purchasing the Iraqi Crude Oil during the Phases of the Memorandum of Understanding (Million Dollars) Table No.3

Š.	No. Country / Company	Ξ	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
	Zarubezhneft	0,412	0,650	0,149	3,640	2,450	1,575	1,725	4,875	6,375	2,250	0,373	0,570	2,235	27,289
7	Roseneftimpex Issakov		1	ı			0,368	ı	4,550	4,888	3,600	1,200	0,820	,	
	(Russian Presidential														
	Council)														
3	Russian Communist Party	,	0,370	0,710	3,180	2,220	1,200	1,073	4,095	-	3,150	0,413		,	
	Companies					,									
4	Emercom (Unity Party /	ı	,	ı	,	,	ı	ı		,	3,443	1,440	0,830	1,913	
	Ministry of Emergency)														
5	Machinoimport	0,225	0,100	0,390	1,440	0,700	0,750	0,923	1,950	1,275	1,125	0,225	0,880	2,250	
9	Alfa-Eco (Russian	0,540	0,750	0,100	2,000	1,440	096'0	0,975	3,250	0,950	0,450	869'0	0,780	,	
	Ministry of Foreign							-							
	Affairs)														
7	Tyumen (Russian	٠	ı	٠	0,740	0,660	0,300	0,225	1,300	0,950	t	0,150		٠	
	Ministry of Foreign														
	Affairs)														
∞	Slavneft (Gotzeriev)	,	à	1	,	ţ	0,143		1,625	2,210	1,350	0,300	ı	ŧ	
6	Zan Gas	,		0,560	0,780	0,500	009'0	0,450	1,950	1,700	1	0,150	1	0,713	
10	Rosneft	0,330	0,550	0,280	0,800	0,360	-	0,225	0,975			1	1	1	
=	Caspian Invest	-	٠		,	-	ı	,	ı	ı	0,450	0,113	٠	,	
	(Kalmikya)														
12	12 Kalmneftegaz (Kalmikya)	ı	r	-	,	,	1	,	1	,	0,450	0,113	0,150	t	ļ
13	Gasprom	•	ı		,		0,450	0,375	1,625	-		0,300	0,120	,	
14		0,068	0,350	0,270	1,400	0,980	899'0	0,675	1,625	,	1,125	0,63	•	1	
15	Bashneft			1	•	,	3	*	0,650		,	,		•	
16	Lukoil	0.225	0.540	096.0	3.280	0.160	0.525	0.338	,			,	,	,	-

No.	Country / Company	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(2)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	Total
17	-	,	,	,	,	,	,	0,300	-	1	٠	,	1	,	0,300
18	-	ſ	,	٠	1	1	,	0,075		1		-	1	,	0,075
16	Nafta Moscow	0,263	0,300	0,600	0,800	0,370	,	0,150	1,300		'		,	,	3,783
20	Onaco	1	١	•	1,300	0,620	0,300	0,225	1,300	,	,			1	3,745
21	Sidanco	1		ı	1,400	0,720	0,300				,	,			2,420
22	Sibneft	-	,	0,180	0,800	0,220		,			-	1	1		1,200
23	Transneft	t	•	,		1	0,225	0,150	0,650	,	-				1,025
24	Yukos				•		0,143		1	,	,		,	-	0,143
25	Liberal Democratic Party (Zhirinovsky)	,	0,360	0,700	2,000	068'0	0,735	0,488	2,275	j	0,833	0,398	,	,	8,679
26	Peace & Unity Party (Mrs. Saji)	1	ŧ	0,300	0,580	0,280	0,225	0,150	0,975	1,700	0,675	,		0,563	5,448
27	Russian Committee for Solidarity with Iraq (Mr.	ŧ		,	1	1		1	ı		0,450	t		1	0,450
28	Ruceian Society for									0.00					0.070
3	solidarity with Iraq (Juravilion)			1	•	•	1	1	ı	0,2,0	ı	ŧ	•	ŧ	0,7,0
29	Rosnefigasexport (Mr. Akababov)	ŧ	ı	1	ı		-	,	1	5	0,900	0,225	0,390	1,950	3,465
30	Ural Invest	í	,	,	*	1	1			,	0,450	860'0	,	-	0,548
31		1	,	,	1	,	ı	0,113	0,650	1		1	,	i i	0,763
32	Raomes (Son of the former ambassador in Baghdad)	0,150	0,100	0,120	1,100	0,190	0,300	0,075	0,650	1	,	,	2	1	2,685
33	Zarubezhneft (Ghopkin University)	1	,	,	,	,	ı	0,105	0,650	1			1	1	0,755
34		,		ı	ı	ı	ı	1	,	1	,		,	,	
35	Zarubezhneftgas (Gasprom) (Mr. Hassan)	1	ı	,	ı	1	1	1	,	0,850		ı	1	ı	0,850

No.	No. Country / Company	Ξ	(2)	(3)	4)	(3)	9)	6	(8)	6	(01)	(11)	(12)	(13)	Total
36	36 Soyuzneftgas (Mr.		ı	,	,	,	1	0,113	0,975	,	1,575	0,600	0,200	0,375	3,838
	Shafrank)														
37	37 Mr. Nikolai Rajkov		,	1	,	١	1			1	1	1	,	-	1
38	Stroyneftgas	,	-		,	,		-	,	,	,	0,150	1	-	0,150
39	Ukhtaneft	ı	,				ı	t	t	1	,	0,150	,	,	0,150
40	L .	3		,	,		,	ı	ŧ	1	ş	ŧ	ı	ı	,
	Administration														
41	Ĺ	1	,		,	-	,	,	,	,	,	0,150		,	0,150
	Aviation														
42	Khrizolit	1	,	1	ı	,	-	ı		3	1	,		0,750	0,750
43	Transnaffa		-	1	,	ş	ı	,	,		,	1		•	1
44	Head of the Russian			5	1	•	ı	,	,		-	1	0,300	0,338	0,638
	Presidential Council (Mr.											***************************************			
-	Voloshin)														
45	Russian Orthodox Church	,	,		٠	ŧ			-	1	,	1	1	-	
46		1	,	,	,			ł	,		,		,	,	,
	National Party														
47		1		,	ı	,	1	2	,		ì	,	,	1,125	1,125
48	Rosneftimpex	1	,		t	-	-	1	,	,	ŧ	,	0,150	0,563	0,713
<u>L</u>	Total	2,213	4,070	5,319	25,240	12,760	6,767	8,928	37,895	21,876	22,276	7,519	5,190	12,775	175,828

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المواسة / الشركية	北分子の神神	روزنفط لمبكس - از اكوف	(ديوان الرناملة الرومسي)	غركات العزب الميومي	الاروسي	لعيركوم (حزب الوحسدة/	وزارة الطواريء	شركة مشهنو امبورت	المفا ليكو (الخارجية للروميية)	يَوْيَ (لَظُرِهِمُ الروسِدُ)	ملاف نفط (غوتسريف)	شركة زان كاز	غركة روز نفط	شركة كازين انفست - كالعيكا	شركة كالمنفط غاز - كالميكا	شركة علز يروم	الل نفط - تترسكن	شركة باش نفط	شركة لوك أويل
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13m2	1,440	1,00,3		1,.90				1,90.	۲,۲٥٠	٠٠٠٠'	1,110	1,40.	٠,٩٧٥			1,170	1,170	.10.	
diamen's	1,570	1,444						1, 140	.90.	.06,	1,110		,			1	1	,	,
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は丁/式が	_	شركة ميرغوت نفط غاز	شركة النفط والغاز لشرق	سأيييريا	شركة نفئا موسكو	شركة لوناكو	شركة سيدقكو	أشركة سبنفط	اغركة تراتزنفط	شركة يوكوس	المركان لعزب الميرلي	(الديمقر اطمي (جير نوفسكم)	شركان حزب السلام والوحدة	(السيدة ساجي)	اللجنة الرومية للتضامن مع	العراق (السيد روداسييف)	الجمعية الروسية للتضامن مع	المراق (جورافيليون)	اغركة روز نقط غاز	اكىسبورت (لاسىد لكابلبوف)	مركة اورال انفست	أزيرج موسكوب اكالتيمية لأملوم	راومس (لين السفير السابق في	بعدلا)	ازر ابشنفط (جامعة غويكن)	مجموعة نور دويست	ازر ابشناطخىكار (كازبروم)	[(السبد حسان)
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الدرلة/المركة		سيون نفط خاز (السيد شفر لنك)	المبيد نيكو لاي ريجكوف	اغركة ستروي نفط غاز	فركة أغث نفط	٠٠- الدارة للثبيثان	علال الجيلاوي / اي.ف.ام.	الطيرين	۱۱- خروزلیت	次式調	رنيس ديون الرئامة الروسي	(The state of the	الكنيسة الارتودوكسية الروميية	العزب النيمترلطي للومي	(Leans)	رمن نقط (غوتسريف)	اروز نقط لمبكس	المجمسوع
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المجعوع		T, A T A	1		.,10.	•	. 10.		٠٠٨٠.		٠,۲۴۸		,	,		1,170	*17.	140,414 11,440

Duma Council Liberal Democratic Party of Russia

No.: 283-4-105 Date: 07/30/1997

To: His Excellency Dr. Hasan Fahmi Jum'ah

Extraordinary Authorized Ambassador of Iraq to Federal Russia

Dear Friend,

The Liberal Democratic Party made every effort since it was first established to bring both of our countries and people closer, and to consolidate and increase the common understanding between us, as well

We stood firmly against the enforcement of the United Nations economic sanctions which conflict with the interests of independent Iraqi people, and which were decided by order of the American capital. In order to balance the political situation in the world, we used our influence on the Duma Council to adopt resolutions that will facilitate the economic cooperation between our countries. A special resolution to lift the economic sanctions on Iraq was adopted in particular and by virtue of our party's efforts.

The party and I, personally, follow with concern the development of situation related to lift the economic sanctions on the Republic of Iraq, and we are confident that the economic sanctions, which are illegal and known to everyone, will be lifted very soon.

Today, and by virtue of the United Nations resolution no. (986), your government implements a program to sell oil for food and medicine.

We have commercial institutions that support the program and goals of our party, and possess true potentials and wish to supply medicine and food to the Republic of Iraq in the light of this operation.

I hope that you will consider the possibility of companies and institutions we offer to participate in the mentioned operations; I suggest adding them to your list in order to implement the above-mentioned resolution of the United Nations.

I hope this will serve the ideal steps to bring our countries closer together; it is considered one of the important basic elements of our common understanding.

Sincerely, Vladimir Zhirinovsky

Note: as far as the projects technical agreements issues, it can be verified with Mr. Kondratev V.V. (my assistant in economic affairs)

Telephone: 2923324 - 2929204

مجلس الدوما

كتلة الحزب الليبرالي الديمقراطي الروسي

الرقم: 105 – 4 – 283 التاريخ: 30 تموز 1997

الى / سعادة الدكتور حسن فهمي جمعه السفير المفوض فوق العادة لجمهورية العراق في روسيا الاتحادية

الصديق العزيز،

لقد بذل الحزب الليبرالي الديمقراطي ومنذ لحظة تأسيسه كل الجهود من أجل التقارب الكبير لبلدينا وشعبينا، وكذلك من أجل تعزيز وزيادة التفاهم المشترك ببننا.

وقفنا بحزم ضد تطبيق العقوبات الاقتصادية لهيئة الامم المتحدة التي تتعارض مع مصالح الشعب العراقبي المستقل والتي أتخذت بأمر رأس المال الامريكي. وبهدف موازنة الوضع السياسي في العالم، فقد أستخدمنا تأثيرنا في مجلس الدوما لاتخاذ قوانين تسهل التعاون الاقتصادي بين بلدينا، وبالاخص وبغضل جهود حزبنا، فقد تم أتخاذ قانون خاص برفع العقوبات الاقتصادية عن جمهورية العراق. أني شخصيا" والحزب نتابع بأهتمام تطور الوضع المرتبط برفع الحصار

الي سخصيا والحرب نسابع باهمام نظور الوصيع المرتبط برفع الحصار الاقتصادي عن جمهورية العراق ونحن وانقون بان العقوبات الاقتصادية غير الشرعية والمعروفة للكل سوف نزال في أقرب وقت.

ن حكومتكم اليوم وبموجب قرار هيئة الامم المتحدة الرقم (986) تنفذ برنامج لبيع النفط مقابل المواد الغذائية والإدوية.

ولدينا مؤسسات تجارية داعمة لبرنامج واهداف حزبنا تملك الامكانيات الحقيقية والرغبة لتوريد الادوية والمواد الغذائية الى جمهورية العراق في ضموء هذه العملية.

ارجو النظر في امكانية مشاركة الشركات والمؤسسات المقدمة من قبلنا في العمليات المذكورة وأقترح ضمهم الى القائمة المقدمة من قبلكم من اجل تتفيذ قرار هيئة الامم المتحدة اعلاه.

أمل بان هذا سوف يخدم الخطموات المثالية من اجل تقارب دولتينا ويعتبر الحدى العناصر المهمة في أساس تفاهمنا المشترك.

المخلص لكم فلاديمير جيرينوفسكي

ملاحظة : بخصوص قضايا الاتفاقات الفنية للمشاريع ممكن التّأكد مع السيد كوندراتيف ف. ف. (مساعدي للشوؤون الاقتصادية)

هاتف: 2923324 ، 2923324

Embassy of the Republic of Iraq Moscow

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

No.: S/1/1/45

Date: 17 of Rabi Al-Thani, 1418 Hijri Equivalent to 08/21/1997

Marketing Commission / Office of the Executive Director No.: RM/KH1/705

Date: 09/16/1997

Ministry of Oil Incoming Mail Center No.: 20318 Date: 09/14/1997 Addressee: The Minister

To: The Ministry of Foreign Affairs / Third Political Bureau

RE: Letter

We hereby enclose the letter of Mr. Vladimir Zhirinovsky, head of the Liberal Democratic Party of Russia dated 07/30/1997, which supports the participation of his party in the supply of medicine and food as per the Memorandum of Understanding signed between

Furthermore, I met with Mr. Kondratev, deputy of Mr. Zhirinovsky for Economic Affairs, in the presence of Trade Counsel in this embassy on 08/10/1997. Mr. Kondratev requested the possibility to fulfill the wish of the head of Liberal Democratic Party of Russian, with whom we have strong relationships, and who has been supportive of Iraq's position, whether at the Duma Council or in the mass popular meetings and others. We informed him that Iraq has no objection to cooperate with them according to traditional rules of trade, and asked them to submit their offers to the appropriate Iraqi parties. Please review.

Regards.

Ambassadoi Dr. Hasan Fahmı Jum'ah 08/21/1997

Enclosures:

A letter with its attachment

Cc:

- Ministry of Oil / with a copy of the letter; please review with regards Ministry of Trade / with a copy of the letter; please review with regards

Immediate and by Hand

To: Marketing Commission Executive Manager

You need to call our ambassador in Moscow to settle the issue of supplying them with an appropriate quantity of crude oil, taking into consideration that they have already put in a request in this regard.

KH1

For review

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Republic of Iraq Ministry of Oil Oil Marketing Commission

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

No.: KH1/5451 Date: 09/16/1997

To: H.E. the Minister of Oil

RE: Contacting Mr. Vladimir Zhirinovsky

With reference to the comment of your Excellency regarding contacting the Iraqi ambassador in Moscow in connection with allocating a quantity of crude oil to Mr. Vladimir Zhirinovsky, head of the Liberal Democratic Party of Russian, and based on the telephone conversation on 09/16/1997 with his Excellency, Dr. Hasan Fahmi Jum'ah – Embassy of the Republic of Iraq in Moscow, it appears that Mr. Zhirinovsky's company has not been registered yet at the United Nations. The ambassador confirmed that the company has been deliberate in this regard, and that he will be sending your Excellency a detailed letter regarding this matter. He also explained that the deputy of party leader, Mr. Kondratev will be visiting the country soon to have talks with the Ministry of Trade regarding supplying the country with food substances and medicine. Please review.

Regards,

Saddam Zeben Hasan Executive Director

[TC: there is a hand-written note that reads] "Thank you; we will follow-up closely"

09/17

KHI

09/18

[Page footer]

Arabic telex 5834 SOMO P.O. Box 5118 Baghdad – Iraq Telex 212198/212199 Tel. 7742040 - 10

PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 36

الجمهورية العراقية 1944/A117 6/14) وزارة النفط السيد وزير النفط المخترم ويهم الاتصال بالسيد فلاديميز جيرنونسكن وَ إِنْهِانَ إِنِّي مُلِمَ فِي سَهَادِتِكُمْ حِولِ الْإِيصَالُ بِالنَّبِ النَّفِينِ الفراقي في موجعو بخا مِيْقُولًا وَحِيْدًا وَمَنْ الْمُعَالِمُولِ السَّالِيةِ وَالْمَانِينِ حَرَوْدَ مِنْ وَعَيْمَ الْحَوْثُ اللَّيوالي الدينة فراطئ الرئيسي والمستجذال الديجالات الهافلية التي فعنته مع شعادة السغير الديمنور حسن عداء عبول القراق في بوليد بالرين ١٩٧٧٩/١١ السخ بان العركة روار الاستخدام المستخدم المست أخين تنعيل شاؤنكم والأمارة مع والانواليندير والاجترام المدير التنفيذي بلكش عزيي ١٢٨٥ سوس للكنس ١١١١٨٨ و ٢١٢١٩٠ سين ١٨٨٥ منداد = عراق هايف : ٧٠ = ٧٧٤٢٠٤

[Fax line] From: Iraqi Embassy Moscow Sep. 23, 1997 1:45PM Phone No.: 2302922

Embassy of the Republic of Iraq Moscow

4/3/2

Ministry of Foreign Affairs Third Political Bureau No. 1261 Date: 09/24/1997

No.: S/1/1/27

Date: Date: 21 of Jumada Al-Awal, 1418 Hijri

Equivalent to 09/23/1997

To: The Ministry of Oil / State Oil Marketing Organization (SOMO)

RE: Letter

Referring to the telephone conversation with Mr. Saddam Zeben Hassan, head of State Oil Marketing Organization (SOMO) this morning 09/23/1997, I hereby send you by fax the letter of Mr. Vladimir Zhirinovsky, head of the Liberal Democratic Party of Russia, dated 09/22/1997 regarding their delegation who will be arriving in Baghdad on Friday, 09/26/1997. Please review.

Control of the second سنند المست Ambassador

Dr. Hasan Fahmi Jum'ah 09/23/1997

Enclosures:

A letter and its translation

Cc:

- Ministry of Foreign Affairs/Third Political Bureau/with reference to your letter no. 1137 of 09/13/1997. We met with Mr. Zhirinovsky on 09/18/1997 in the presence of his senior assistants including Mr. Gotzariev, deputy of Duma Council Leader; we agreed that their delegation would visit the country. We suggest in this regard that the Ministry of Foreign Affairs meet with the members of the delegation due to their importance and to facilitate their mission with the related ministries. Attached is a copy of the above-mentioned letter; please review with regards.

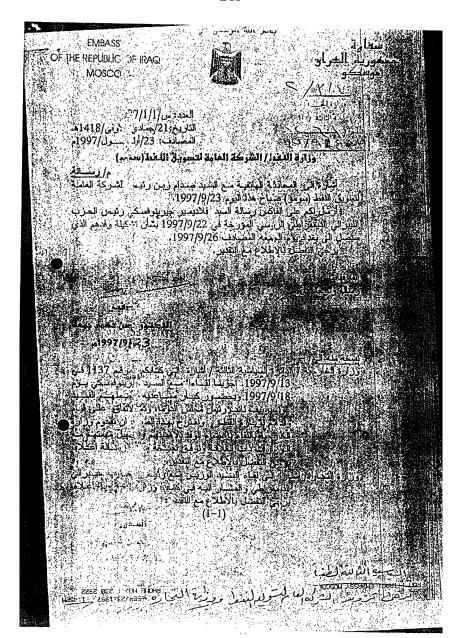
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- Ministry of Trade / with reference to the meeting of the minister with the head of the Liberal Democratic Party, which was mentioned in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs aforesaid letter. Please review with regards.

[Signature]

Ambassador Dr. Hasan Fahmi Jum'ah

To: Third Political Bureau

Please provide State Oil Marketing Organization and the Ministry of Trade... [Cut off]



[TC: Please note that most of this page is illegible]

Duma Council Liberal Democratic Party of Russia

No.: 775-40501 Date: 09/22/1997

To: His Excellency Dr. Hasan Fahmi Jum'ah / Ambassador of the Republic of Iraq to

Federal Russia

Dear friend,

As per the [Illegible] reached agreement, we planned to send a delegation to have talks with the Iraqi officials; the delegation will be formed of the following people:

- Mikael Gotzariev, deputy of Duma Council leader [TC: the rest is illegible]
- Oskalov Alisan... [TC: the rest is illegible]
- [Illegible] Askoli [Illegible] [TC: the rest is illegible]

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FEDERAL ASSEMBLY - PARLIAMENT OF RUSSIAN FEDERATION

GOVERNMENT DUMA

FRACTION OF THE LIBERAL - DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF RUSSIA

September 22, 1997

No. 5.1-4-775

His Excellency Hassan Fahmi Djum (Unintelligible)

Dear Friend!

In accordance with the agreement that was reached earlier, would like to inform you, that to conduct negotiations with the government, a delegation of the following composition is being planned to be sent to Iraq.

???eriev, Michael Safarbekovich, vice Chairman of Government Duma, deputy of ????, empowered ?????? all questions regarding this program;

???kanov, Alihan Beibotovich, vice Chairman of Federal food-stuffs corporation of the Russian Federation, empowered to conduct negotiations and to sign contracts regarding the food-stuffs portion of the program;

???romov, Anatoliy Nikolaevich, director of the external economic activity Department of a company "SIDANCO" (the firm engages in extraction, refining and transportation of oil in the regions of Siberia, Far East, Saratovskaya province), empowered to conduct negotiations and to conclude contracts of oil quotas, earmarked for Liberal – Democratic party of Russia;

Idrisov, Arsen Emilevich, deputy director of Department of a company "SIDANCO".

???nakov, Valentin Nikolaevich, assistant to the deputy;
The periods of the visits (with the exception of October 1 – 3 of this year) depend exclusively on the time of registration of visas by the embassy consulate department.

Kindly ask to communicate your thoughts in regards to the abovementioned.

With Respect

The leader of fraction LDPR /signed/

V. Zhirinovsky

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Republic of Iraq Ministry of Foreign Affairs Office of the Minister

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

No.: M.KH1/11/1620 Date: 29th of Jumada Al-Awal, 1418 Hijri Equivalent to October 1997

Stamp
Marketing Commission / Office of the Executive

Director No.: RM/KH1/814 Date: 10/05/1997

Stamp Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister

No.: 8946 Date: 10/02/1997

No.: 2355 Date: 10/02/1997 Office of the Minister

To: Ministry of Oil

RE: Russian Delegation Visits the Country

In its telegram dated 09/30/1997, our embassy in Moscow has informed us that the Russian delegation, lead by (Mikael Gotzariev), deputy of the Duma Council leader, will arrive in the country on Sunday, 10/05/1997 to complete the contracts pertaining to oil and foods. (Zhirinovsky), head of the Liberal Democratic Party of Russia, requested full support to the delegation, and mentioned that (Gotzariev) is his personal representative and has full authority to sign contracts, the embassy added. Sidanco general manager to Iraq and the United Nations will accompany the delegation in order to buy oil on behalf of the Liberal Democratic Party. The embassy mentioned that (Gotzariev) showed his interest to meet the minister of oil and the marketing director. Please review.

Secret

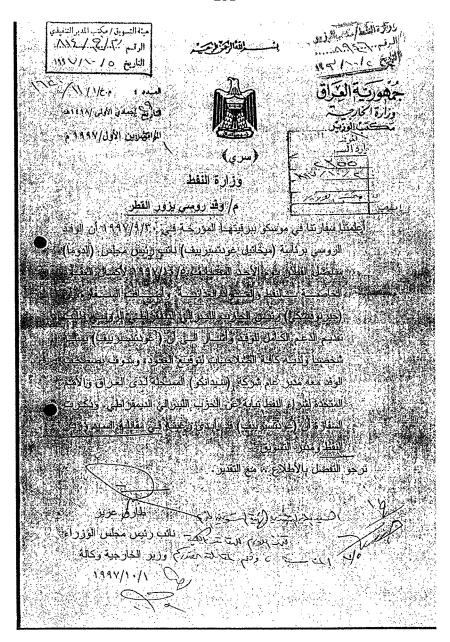
Regards,

Tarıq Azız Deputy of Prime Minister Acting Minister of Foreign Affairs 10/01/1997

[TC: There is a hand-written note to the bottom of this page that reads:]

To: The Executive Director of Marketing Commission

Please take the necessary steps to contract for the appropriate quantity. We are working on meeting him with your presence.



STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION

CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

NO. M/02/32

SECTION ONE SPECIFIC PROVISIONS F.O.B. CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

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FOB SALES CONTRACT CONTENTS

SECTION ONE

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Article Three	:	Quantity and Quality
Article Four	:	Price
Article rive	:	Reopener
Article Six	:	Payment
Article Seven	:	SOMO Standard Documentation
Article Eight	:	Approval of Contract
Article Nine		Special Conditions
Article Ten	•	Addresses

SECTION two

Article	One	:	Measurement and Sampling
Article	Two	:	Risk and Property
Article	Three	:	Lifting Programme
Article	Four	;	Nomination of Vessels
Article	Five	1	Vessel Berths
Article	Six	:	Loading Conditions
Article	Seven	:	Demurrage
Article	Eight	:	Taxes and Duties
Article	Nine	:	Termination in the event of Liquidation or Default
Article	Ten	:	Assignment
Article	Eleven	:	Destination
Article	Twelve	:	Force Majeure
Article	Thirteen	:	Arbitration
Article	Fourteen	:	Notices
Article	Fifteen	:	Applicable Law

Appendix I Appendix II Form of Letter of Credit Application Form to Request Approval of Contract

15/10 '97 13:32 FAX 095 2303405

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CONTRACT BETWEEN STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION (SOMO)

hereinafter (called SELLER) of the one part and JOINT STOCK COMPANY "SIDANCO" (hereinafter called BUYER) of the other part.

Whereby it is agreed as follows :-

SECTION ONE

Wherever the general provisions of Section Two, attached and herein incorporated in this Contract, are at variance or in conflict with this section one, the provisions of section one shall govern.

ARTICLE ONE

DEFENITIONS

As used in this Contract, unless otherwise provided, the following words and terms shall have the following meanings :-

means forty-two (42) U.S. Gallons at sixty degrees (60 Degree) Fahrenheit and at normal atmospheric pressure. Barrel

means a period of twenty-four (24) running hours commencing at 00.01 hours local time at the port of loading. Day

Barrel per : Day (b/d) means the average number of barrels of crude oil supplied during a calendar day as defined above.

F.O.B. means "Free on Board" as referred to in the ICC Incoterms 1990.

Dollar (\$) : The currency of the United States of America.

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means Gregorian Calendar Month commencing at 00.01 hours local time at the port of loading on first day of the month. Month

means a period of three (3) consecutive months beginning on a 1st January or a 1st April or a 1st July or a 1st October. Ouarter

means a Gregorian Calendar Year.

API Gravity:

means Scale adopted by the American Petroleum Institute for expressing the specific gravity of crude oil.

means Security Council resolution 986 (1995) of 14 April 1995. SCR 986

means Security Council resolution 1111 (1997) of 4 June 1997. SCR 1111

661 Committee:

means the Security Council Committee established by Security Council resolution 661 (1990).

means the procedures to be employed by the 661 Committee (United Nations document S/1996/636, dated 8 August 1996). Procedures :

Overseers :

means the independent experts in international Oil trade appointed by the Secretary-General of the United Nations pursuant to SCR 986 and the procedures.

Inspectors :

means the independent oil inspection agents appointed by the Secretary-General pursuant to SCR 986.

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ARTICLE TWO

PERIOD :

- 1. Subject to Article Eight below, this Contract shall become effective on the 7th day of October, 1997, and shall continue thereafter until 4th of Dec. 1997, unless renewed by mutual agreement.
- 2. The ultimate destination of the crude oil sold under this Contract shall be for Europe. Any change in the destination is subject to the prior approval of Seller.

ARTICLE THREE

QUANTITY AND QUALITY :

 SELLER undertakes to sell and deliver FOB and BUYER undertakes to purchase, receive and pay for the following:

Type of Crude

Quantity

Port of Loading

KIRKUK

1,800,000 BBLS.

CEYHAN

- The quality of the crude oil shall be the standard export quality available at the port of loading from time to time.
- 3. Quantities shall represent contracted quantities or number of barrels per day contracted multiplied by the number of days of the relevant period stipulated in sub Article 2.1.
- 4. Quantities shall be lifted as evenly as possible over the course of such delivery period in lots of approximate barrels and as will be agreed between BUYER and SELLER.
- Quantities lifted under allowed operational vessel slippage shall be deemed as part of the contracted quantities of the period.

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6. In cases when SELLER, for reasons technical or otherwise that are beyond his control, is unable to meet his full contractual commitments, SELLER shall have the right to reduce the contracted quantities for the duration of the period when such circumstances shall prevail. SELLER shall advise BUYER as soon as possible before the beginning of any period during which supplies to all buyers are to be reduced.

7. In no event shall any loading start beyond the 4th of December 1997, unless the Security Council has authorized sales beyond that date.

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ARTICLE FOUR

PRICE :

1. The price(s) of the crude oil to be delivered under this contract shall be as follows:-

Type of Crude API Port of Loading
KIRKUK 36.00 CEYHAN

Price Mechanism in \$ per Barrel FOB

LIRKUK EX CEYHAN : DATED BRENT - \$ 1.80/BBL
FOR EUROPE

The above - mentioned pricing mechanism is for loading in October 1997, and shall be adjusted up or down each successive month for the duration of the contract in the same direction and magnitude cent for cent per barrel as the changes in the published price for Arab Light crude oil as announced by the producer applicable for the same destination and Month of Loading.

The Brent price is calculated by taking the arithmetic average of the means of the high and low spot assessments of Brent Dated quotations as published in the Platt's Crude Oil Marketwire for five consecutive quotations starting from the Bill of Lading date (Bill of Lading date shall be day one).

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ARTICLE FIVE

REOPENER

Each party shall have the right not later than the 15th day of any month to request a review of the pricing mechanism of this Contract.

If following a request for a review, the parties are unable to agree within a period of ten (10) days from the date upon which such request was made, either party may elect to terminate this contract by serving written notice of phase-out to the other party and termination shall be effective at the end of the month following the month during which the notice of termination has been received.

But if the parties are able to agree within the above mentioned ten (10) days period, any agreed upon adjustment to the pricing mechanism shall be subject to the approval of the 661 committee.

However, if such approval has not been granted by the 661 committee, this contract shall be considered as terminated as of the end of the month following the month during which the above mentioned ten (10) days period ends unless the parties agree otherwise.

In case of Contract termination under any of the above mentioned events, this contract shall remain in full force and effect at the pricing mechanism applicable in accordance with this contract terms and conditions up to the effective date of termination and such termination shall not affect the parties' rights and obligations therefrom, unless the parties agree otherwise during the period prior to the effective date of termination.

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ARTICLE SIX

PAYMENT

 BUYER shall establish in respect of each shipment lifted under this Contract an irrevocable documentary letter of credit issued by a bank acceptable to Banque Nationale de Paris, S.A. ("BNP") for confirmation, in the form set out in Appendix I Wespecf.

In all cases, the Letter of Credit shall be established, confirmed and accepted at least seven (7) days prior to loading date.

- 2. BUYER irrevocably undertakes that payment for each cargo of crude oil lifted shall be made out of the proceeds of the confirmed Letter of Credit directly to account number 0200-201752-001-08 established by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, pursuant to paragraph 7 of SCR 986, at BNP (New York Branch) (hereinafter "United Nations Iraq Account"), upon presentation to BNP of the documents required by the Letter of Credit, including but not limited to the Commercial Invoice and the Bill of Lading.
- All charges within Iraq are for SELLER, whereas all charges outside Iraq are to be borne by BUYER.
- 4. Unless otherwise provided herein, payment shall be made not later than thirty (30) days from B/L date, in same date funds.

If payment falls due on a Saturday or Bank holiday other than Monday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on the last preceding banking day. If payment falls due on a Sunday or a Monday Bank holiday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on the next succeeding banking day.

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ARTICLE SEVEN

SOMO STANDARD DOCUMENTATION :

9 (3 Originals & 6 Copies)
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4 Bill of Lading Certificate of Origin Certificate of Quality and Quantity
Loading Time Sheet
Ullage Report
Master's Receipt for samples
Distribution of Documents

Two sets of documents are handed to Master, one being for Consignee. Seller shall advise BUYER by telex or cable within forty-eight (48) hours following each loading with the following details:-

- b) c)
- Vessel's name
 Loading Port
 Commenced Loading Date
 Completed Loading Date
 Sailing date
 Gross & net quantities in metric tons, long tons & U.S. barrels
- g) API Gravity

ARTICLE EIGHT

APPROVAL OF CONTRACT

This Contract is subject to the approval of the Overseers on behalf of the 661 Committee. Such approval shall be obtained in accordance with the Procedures, utilizing the form set out in Appendix 11 hereof.

ARTICLE NINE

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

1. Loading of any shipment of crude oil shall be subject to the authorization of the Inspectors at the port of loading. The Inspectors shall also have the authority to stop the loading if they determine that there is any evidence of irregularity.

- 8 -

SIDANCO

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2. Notwithstanding Sub Article 4-3 of section Two of this Contract, the accepted date of arrival of the vessel at the loading ports shall be fixed on a one (1) day range. All related Articles of Section Two of the Contract will read to that effect and conformity.

3. Notwithstanding Sub Article 6-5 of Section Two of this Contract SELLER shall be allowed as laytime at Al Bakr Terminal as follows :

Laytime (hrs)	Vessel DWT (MT)
36	Up to 129 999
54	130 000 - 199 999
65	Over 200 000

All related Articles of section Two of the Contract will read to that effect and conformity.

- 4. In addition to the events specified in Sub Article 6-6 of Section Two, any time consumed due to the Inspectors prohibiting loading shall not count as used laytime.
- 5. This Contract shall terminate forthwith in the event that the Security Council terminates the authorization to import petroleum or petroleum products originating in Iraq.
- 6. Assignment of the rights or obligations of the SELLER or BUYER shall be subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.
- 7. Any claims from BUYER under Sub Article 1-3 or Article Seven of Section Two, and any analyses carried out under Sub Articles 1-5 and 1-6 of Section Two, shall be copied to the Overseers. Payments or other awards under Article Thirteen of section Two, in respect of claims under Articles One and Seven of Section Two are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee. Any sum to be paid by BUYER in settlement of a dispute under Article Thirteen of Section two relating to the proceeds of the sale of crude oil under this Contract shall be paid by BUYER directly to the United Nations Iraq Account.

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8. Payments to SELLER under Sub Article 5-5 and Sub Article 6-7 of Section Two, and any other payments or awards under Article Thirteen of Section Two, are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.

9. This Contract shall be subject to SCR 986, SCR 1111, the Procedures and the Memorandum of Understanding between the Secretariat of the United Nations and the Government of Iraq on the implementation of SCR 986 (United Nations document S/1996/356, dated 20 May 1996).

ARTICLE TEN

ARTICLE TEN

ADDRESSES:

In addition to the notices, declarations and other communications required under Article Fourteen, notices, approvals, declarations and communications required above for the Overseers, on behalf of the 661 Committee, shall be effected at the addresses below:

FOR SELLER :

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION P.O. BOX 5118 BAGHDAD - IRAQ

^{*}212198 - 212199 SOMO II 964-1-2869561 964-1-7742040 - 10 lines - 212199 SOMO IK

TELEX : TELEPHONE :

964-1-2853925

FOR BUYER :

LEGEL ADDRESS : FOR CORRESPONDANCE :

JOINT STOCK COMPANY "SIDANCO" SETTLEMENT BARVIKHA, 40 ODINTSOVSKI REGION MOSCOW DISTRICT

6/1, KADASHEVSKAYA NAB. MOSCOW RUSSIA, 109017 TELE: (7095) 230-3402 FAX: (7095) 230-32-05 230-39-48

230-01-17 TELEX: 485384

FOR OVERSEERS

UNITED NATIONS, NEW YORK, U.S.A. FAX: 212 - 963 - 1628

This Contract has been done and signed on the 7th day of October 1997.

FOR SELLER
SADDAM
SADDAM Z. HASSAN
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL

FOR BUYER

ANATOM N. GROMOV

DIRECTOR OF FOREIGN ECONOMIC RELATIONS

D

Republic of Iraq Ministry of Oil Marketing Commission

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

No.: KH1/6215 Date: 7th of Jumada Al-Thani, 1418 Hijri Equivalent to 10/08/1997

Stamp

Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister No.: 9187 Date: 10/08/1997

To: His H.E. the Minister of Oil

RE: Approval

Please find below the details of contract signed with the Russian company Sidanco (for Mr. Vladimir Zhirinovsky, head of the Liberal Democratic Party of Russia)

- 1- Contract No.: M/02/32 Date: 10/07/1997 2- Name of Company Buyer: Sidanco 3- Nationality: Russian 4- Quantity: 1, 8 million barrels 5- Type: Kirkuk crude oil

- 6 Destination: Europe 7- Period of Supply: until 12/04/1997 8- Estimated value of contract in dollar: (30) million U.S. dollars

Please review and approve. Regards,



Saddam Zeben Hassan Executive Director

For the approval of minister

[Page footer]

Arabic telex 5834 SOMO P.O. Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Telex 212198/212199 Tel. 7742040 - 10

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STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION

CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

NO. M/03/25

PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 49

STRANCO

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8. Payments to SELLER under Sub Article 5-5 and Sub Article 6-7 of Section Two, and any other payments or awards under Article Thirteen of Section Two, are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.

9. This Contract shall be subject to SCR 986, SCR 1111, the Procedures and the Memorandum of Understanding between the Secretariat of the United Nations and the Government of Iraq on the implementation of SCR 986 (United Nations document S/1996/356, dated 20 May 1996).

ARTICLE TEN

ARTICLE TEN

ADDRESSES:

In addition to the notices, declarations and other communications required under Article Fourteen, notices, approvals, declarations and communications required above for the Overseers, on behalf of the 661 Committee, shall be effected at the addresses below:

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION

P.O. BOX 5118 BAGEDAD - IRAQ

DAGFDAD - IRAQ TELEX : 212198 - 212199 SOMO I TELEPHONE : 964-1-2869561 964-1-7742040 - 10 lines FAX : 964-1-2853925 - 212199 SOMO IK

FOR BUYER :

LEGIL ADDRESS :

JOINT STOCK COMPANY "SIDANCO" SETTLEMENT BARVIKHA, 40 ODINTSOVSKI REGION MOSCOW DISTRICT RUSSIA

MOSCOW RUSSIA, 109017
TELE: (7095) 230-3402
PAX: (7095) 230-34-05
230-39-48

6/1, KADASHENSKAYA NAB.

230-01-17 TELEX: 485384

FOR CORRESPONDANCE :

FOR OVERSEERS

UNITED NATIONS, NEW YORK, U.S.A. FAX: 212 - 963 - 1628

All other terms and conditions as per F.O.B. crud oil contract (Section two) No. M/02/27 dated 23/8/1997.

This Contract has been done and signed on the 12th day of January 1998.

TADDAM FOR SELLER

SADDAM Z. HASSAN EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL

FOR BUYER

VALERY I. POLITAKOV
HEAD OF THE DEPARTMENT OF OIL EXPORT

To: The Executive Director

A telegram from the Iraqi Embassy in Moscow dated 03/12/1998.

Mr. Vladimir Zhirinovsky, Head of the Liberal Democratic Party of Russia, has requested help to be offered to the members of the delegation of the Russian company Sidanco in order to participate in the execution of phase three of the Memorandum of Understanding of Oil for Food and Medicine.

The delegation will be arriving by you on Monday, 03/16/1998. Please offer them the help and greet them.

Regards, Hasan Fahmi Jum'ah Ambassador of the Republic of Iraq 03/12/1998

سيرنا

الب الدوسيد الله المراديم و المراديم م

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In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq Ministry of Oil Marketing Commission

No.: KH1/6318 Date: 15 Safar, 1419 H Equivalent to 06/11/1998

Stamp

Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister

No.: 5799 Date: 06/12/1998

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

RE: The Request of the Russian Company Rosebulnefte

On 06/09/1998, the Russian company Rosebulnefte submitted a request to this commission (hereby enclosed) regarding the allocation of (5) million barrels of Kirkuk crude oil in phase four of the Memorandum of Understanding; the quantity requested represents the immediate allocation of the company since the table submitted by the Russian Ministry of Energy & Fuel did not grant the company

Please take into consideration that (3) million barrels of Kirkuk crude oil has been already allocated to the aforesaid company in phase three on behalf of the Liberal Party of Russia (Mr. Zhirinovsky), who notified the company of being the one to lift the quantity that will be allocated to the Liberal Party in phase four.

Please review and advice.

Regards,

Saddam Zeben Hassan

Executive Director

[Miscellaneous signatures]

[Under discussion for one week]

Enclosures: Request photocopy

[Page footer]

Arabic telex 5834 SOMO P.O. Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Telex 212198/212199 Tel. 7742040 - 10

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بتاريخ ٩٨/١/٩ تلدمه فركة وورنينط الروسية بطلب أنها هذه البينة الرقة المهاة المهاة الرقة المها المناف المرابط من بلط شام كركوك للمرطة الرابطة من ملكسرة التفاهم وأن الكفية المفلوبة في كممة للشركة مباشرة ، نطع تطبير حمة ليسافي المقدم من قبل وزارة الكافة والوقود الروسة ،

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273

Allocation of Quantities in Phase Four of the Memorandum of Understanding (million barrels)

Country		Phase Fou	ır		Phase Tl	ıree
	Total	Percentage	Company	Total	Percentage	Company
Company						
Russia	120	40%		76.2	41.4%	
		Unrelated entr	es have been	omitted]		
Rosebulnefte	10					3
(Zhirinovsky)					1	

To: The Executive Director of Marketing Commission

The vice-president of the republic has approved the allocation of quantities as indicated in this table. Please take the necessary steps to carry out.

KH1 & KH2

06/11

274 مختصيص الكميّات للمرحلة الرابعة من مختكرة التفاهم امليون برميل)

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STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION

CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

NO. M/04/44

8. Payments to SELLER under Sub Article 5-5 and Sub Article 6-7 of Section Two, and any other payments or awards under Article Thirteen of Section Two, are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.

or the 661 Committee.

9. This Contract shall be subject to SCR 986, SCR 1111, SCR 1143, SCR 1153, the Procedures and the Memorandum of Understanding between the Secretariat of the United Nations and the Government of Iraq on the implementation of SCR 986 (United Nations document S/1996/356, dated 20 May 1996).

ARTICLE TEN

ADDRESSES:

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In addition to the notices, declarations and other communications required under Article Fourteen, notices, approvals, declarations and communications required above for the Overseers, on behalf of the 661 Committee, shall be effected at the addresses below:

FOR SELLER:

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION

P.O. BOX 5118 BAGHDAD - IRAQ

212198 - 212199 SOMO IK 964-1-2869561 964-1-7742040 - 10 lines 964-1-2853925

TELEX :

FOR BUYER :

LEGEL ADDRESS :

FOR CORRESPONDANCE :

OPEN JOINT STOCK COMPANY "SIDANCO" SETTLEMENT BARVIKHA, 40 ODINTSOVSKI REGION

MOSCOW DISTRICT RUSSIA

6/1, KADASHEVSKAYA NAB. MOSCOW RUSSIA, 109017 TELE: (7095) 230-3405 FAX: (7095) 230-34-05

FOR OVERSEERS

TELEX: 485384 SOCO RU

UNITED NATIONS, NEW YORK, U.S.A. FAX: 212 - 963 - 1628

All other terms and conditions as per F.O.B. crud oil contract (Section two) No. M/02/27 dated 23/8/1997.

This Contract has been done and signed on the 8th day of July 1998.

FOR SELLER

FOR BUYER

SADDAM SADDAM Z. HASSAN EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL

aucaro, MINAKOV VALENTIN NIKOLARVICH DIRECTOR

- 10 -

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq Ministry of Oil State Oil Marketing Organization (State Company)

No.: KH1/7632 Date: 15 Rabi' I, 1419 H Equivalent to 07/09/1998

Stamp

Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister

No.: 1986 Date: 07/09/1998

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

RE: Approval on Exported Crude Oil Contracts

Based on the approval of Mr. Taha Yassin Ramadan, vice-president of the republic, as per the statement of allocations in phase four, please find below the details of the contract signed with the Russian Company Sidanco (on behalf of the Liberal Democratic Party of Russia / Mr. Zhirinovsky):

- 1- Number of Contract: M/04/44
- 2- Name of Company Buyer: Sidanco
- 3- Nationality: Russian

- 4- Quantity: (10) million barrels 5- Type of Crude Oil: Kirkuk 6- Destination of Crude Oil: Europe and / or America
- 7- Pricing Formula: European and / or American markets
- 8- Period of Supply: Until 11/25/1998
- 9- Estimated Value of Contract in Dollar: (100) million U.S. dollars based on an estimated rate of \$10/barrel

For your review and approval, please.

Regards,

Saddam Zeben Hassan Executive Director

[Miscellaneous signatures]

For the Approval of Minister I approve 07/10

[Page footer]

Arabic Telex 5834 P.O. Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq SOMO telex 212198 / 212199 Tel. 7742040 - 10

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Marketing Commission / Shipping & Quantities Department Exports of Iraqi Crude Oil as per the Memorandum of Understanding/Phase Four From 06/03/1998 to 11/25/1998

As per the Security Council's Resolution no. (1153) 1998

(Thousands of Barrels)

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Company		Fotal		Sidanco (Zhirinovskv)
Country		Russia, FTotal		

To: The Executive Director

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PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 57

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In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq Ministry of Oil State Oil Marketing Organization (State Company)

No.: KH1/3690 Date: 16 Sha'ban, 1419 H Equivalent to 12/05/1998

Stamp

Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister

No.: 13062 Date: 12/05/1998

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

RE: Approval on Exported Crude Oil Contracts

In compliance with the instructions of your Excellency to extend the validity of contracts with Russian companies for two months in phase four, to expire on 01/25/1999, we have extended the contract signed with Sidanco Company (on behalf of Liberal Democratic Party of Russia / Mr. Zhirinovsky):

- 1- Number of Contract: M/04/44
- 2- Name of Company Buyer: Sidanco Company 3- Nationality: Russian

- 4- Quantity: (3) million barrels 5- Type of Crude Oil: Kirkuk
- 6- Destination of Crude Oil: Europe and / or America
- 7- Pricing Formula: As per the standard rate agreed on between SOMO and the United Nations from time to time
- 8- Period of Supply: Until 01/25/1999
- 9- Estimated Value of Contract in Dollar: (20) million U.S. dollars based on the rate of \$10/barrel

For your review and approval, please.

Regards,

[Miscellaneous signatures]

Saddam Zeben Hassan Executive Director

For the Approval of Minister

I approve.

You need to verify with the Party's representative that this company remains its representative

To take the comment of the minister into consideration

[Page footer]

Arabic Telex 5834 P.O. Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq SOMO telex 212198 / 212199 Tel. 7742040 - 10

	الجيبورة العراقية
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Republic of Iraq Ministry of oil SOMO

Attn: Mr. Saddam Z. Hassan Executive Director General

Re: Confract M/4/44 of 8/7/98, Kirkuk Crude Oil ex Ceyhan:

Dear Sir,

We would like to refer to the above Contract and to inform you that the balance of 1,019,225 US bbls of Kirkuk was left over under the above mentioned Contract after completion of the last, shipment.

We would appreciate, if you agree to extend the validity of the above Contract in order to permit O.U.S.C. Sidanco to perform their contractual obligations and to lift the balance.

We hope that our wishes will be favourably welcomed and assure you of our desire to be of service at all times.

We remain, Yours sincerely,

V. V. Zhirinovsky

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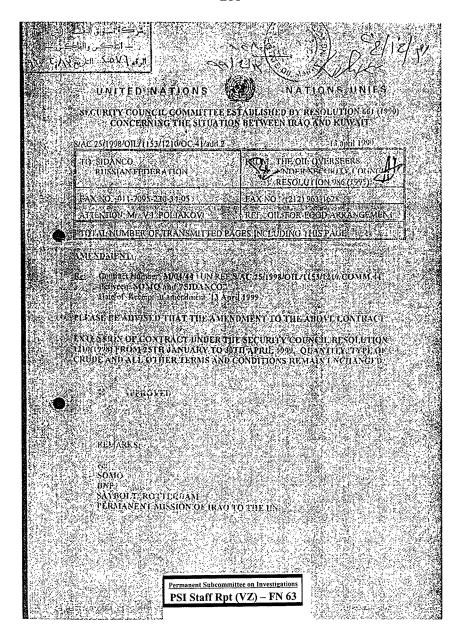
This page is in English, except for the following stamp of SOMO:

Stamp

Oil Marketing Organization /
Office of the Executive Director

No.: RM/KH1/422 Date: 04/15/1999





This page is in English, except for the following Arabic hand-written notes:

RM/KH1/KH2

04/14/1999

1285 04/13/1999

Stamp

Ministry of Oil
Oil Marketing Organization (State Company)
Telex & Fax

No.: 4576 Date: 04/13/1999

287
Statement of Quantities Allocated in the Phase Subsequent to Phase Five

No.	Country/Company	Proposed Al the Phase su Phase			ities of Phase illion barrels	Remarks	
		Qty/million barrels	Percentage out of the Total	Original	Additional	Total	
1 st	Permanent Member Country						
1-	Russia	133	37%				
	A- Regular requests						
	- Sidanco 3	3		7.2	-	7.2	It was omitted from the list of the Ministry of Energy / in order to enable it to market the quantity of Mr. Zhirinovsky

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TO:

Gruppa Alliance

ATTN:

Mr. Gromov Anatolii Nickolaevich

FAX:

011-7095-745 5809

FROM:

Ludmil Dionissiev

DATE:

December 2, 1998

Dear Sirs:

Thank you for the opportunity to talk to you today over the phone. As I mentioned Mr. Mavlit Bajaev has given me your coordinates.

Bayoil is historically one of the Major Supplier of Iraqi oil to the USGC independent refineries.

I understand that you may have some iraqi oil allocation. If this is correct we would like to receive an offer from you for quantities available to you under future oil allocation of the Iraqi/UN Oil for food deal during the 5th period.

We are ready to pay market premiums for the oil as well as to open the respective Letters of Credit from your name in favor of UN/SOMO for our account, if this is needed.

Our contacts in USA are:

Telephone: 810 1 713 222 7100; fax: 8 10 1 713 224 8101; Telex 3771825

E mail: bayoil@aol.com

I look forward to hearing from you when it will be possible to negotiate terms and conditions and to sign our deal.

Best Regards,

Ludmil Dionissiev Special Adviser

BAY04-01470

BAYOIL (USA) INC

909 TEXAS AVE., SUITE 202 HOUSTON, TX 77002 713 222 7100 FAX: 713 224 8101 TLX: 3771825



TO:

Sidanco

ATTN:

Mr. Polyakov Valerii Ivanovich

FAX:

011-7095- 230 3405 **Ludmil Dionissiev**

FROM: DATE:

December 2, 1998

Dear Sirs:

Thank you for the opportunity to talk to you today over the phone. As you had mentioned before all Iraqi crude oil was traded by UP United Petroleum, in Geneva. Although Bayoil is historically one of the major Supplier of Iraqi oil to the USGC independent refineries we have not had the opportunity thus far to cooperate handling any of your oil allocation applicable to the forth period of the iraqi/UN oil for food deal.

I understand that you will now be handling your Iraqi oil Allocation from Moscow. If this is correct we would like to receive an offer from you for quantities available to you under future oil allocation of the Iraqi/UN Oil for food deal during the 5th period.

We are ready to pay market premiums for the oil as well as to open the respective Letters of Credit from your name in favor of UN/SOMO for our account, if this is

Our contacts in USA are:

Telephone: 1 - 713 - 222 7100; fax: 1 - 713 - 224 8101; Telex 3771825

E mail: bayoil@aol.com

I look forward to hearing from you when it will be possible to negotiate terms and conditions and to sign our deal.

Best Regards,

Ludmil Dionissiev

Special Adviser

BAY04-01467

BAYOIL JUSA) INC

909 TEXAS AVE., SUITE 202: HOUSTON, TX 77002 713 222 7100 FAX 713 224 810! TLX 3771825

TRANSMIT REPORT

1998,12-03 15:44 713-2378949 BAYOIL 713-224-8101

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TO:

Sidanco

ATTN: FAX: Mr. Polyakov Valerii Ivanovich 011-7095- 230 3405

FROM: DATE: Ludmil Dionissiev December 2, 1998

Dear Sirs:

The president of Bayoil, Mr. David Chalmers Jr., and myself will be visiting Moscow in the course of the next week. We are arriving on December 9. Mr. Chalmers is leaving on Saturday, December 12th, and I am flying back to London on Monday, December 14th late in the evening. We shall be staying in Hotel Radisson - Slavianskaya.

We would appreciate meeting you on a day and time convenient for you, to discuss matters of mutual interest.

We hope this to be possible.

Faithfully Yours,

Ludmil Dionissiev Special adviser for

Bayoil Group of Companies

BAY04-01469

TRANSMIT REPORT

1998.12-03 16:07 713-2378949 BRYOLL 713-224-8101

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Houston, December 3, 1998

Via fax: 011 7095 244 3300

To: JSC Nafta Moscow Attn Mr. Efremoy V. A

Dear Vladislav Anatolievich,

The president of Bayoil, Mr. David Chalmers Jr., and myself will be visiting Moscow in the course of the next week. We are arriving on December 9. Mr. Chalmers is leaving on Saturday, December 12th, and I am flying back to London on Monday, December 14th late in the evening. We shall be staying at Hotel Radisson - Slavianskaya.

We would appreciate meeting you and Mr Pukhov on a day and time convenient for you, to discuss matters of mutual interest.

We hope this to be possible.

Faithfully Yours,

Ludmil Dionissiev Special adviser for

Bayoil Group of Companies

BAY04-01465

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations

PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 70

Translation answer to Mr. Z

Embassy of the Republic of Iraq Moscow No. 464 15 Dec. 1998

To Mr. Z Leader of LDPR

Dear Friend:

In answer of your letter address to Mr. Tariq Azis, Deputy Prime Minister of Iraq, I have the honour to convey to you the apology of the Iraqi side that Iraq cannot do any deals with American companies with sincerely

Dr. Hassan Fifahmi Juma Ambassador of Republic of Iraq, Moscow

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 71

BAYOILUSA009396

NAFTA MPSKVA	
December 18,	1998

To:

Attn:

Re: Shipment of Iraqi oil

Dear Gentlemen,

In addition to our negotiations we confirm our readiness to purchase 7-10 million barrels of Iraqi oil, with possible increase in quantity, within the scope of the fifth phase of the UN program "Oil in exchange for provisions", under quota which will be set by your company. The contract to purchase oil will be entered into by "NAFTA MOSKVA" and "SOMO" and it will be implemented exclusively by your company at the official purchase price "SOMO", plus 0.03 American dollars per net barrel of shipped oil. The stated premium added to the official sales price represents the cost of servicing the contract by the company "NAFTA MOSKVA"

The opening of letters of credit in the name of "NAFTA MOSKVA", but on the account of your company, to the benefit of the UN will be implemented by "Bayoil" and will bear all expenses related to this, beforehand sending to the corresponding bank a telex confirmation of each purchase of an oil lot.

"NAFTA MOSKVA" also does not bear any other expenses in realization of stated venture, including (?damage?). We will accept ourselves our expenses for telexing, faxing, postal and telephone connections and transportation expenses for business trips to Iraq by "NAFTA MOSKVA".

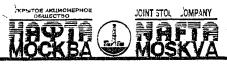
The conditions of the sale of the Iraqi oil from 'NAFTA MOSKVA" to company "Bayoil" will mirror the conditions of the contract between "NAFTA MOSKVA" and "SOMO", with the exception of the price, and will be additionally confirmed by the two-sided exchange of the telexes.

With respect,

General Director

V.A. Bunin

PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 72



109017 Москва, ул. Большая Ордынка, дом 40/37, стр. 1 Для телеграмм: Москва Нафта Телеке: 112649 Телефон: 233-94-89 Телефакс: 244-22-91

bld. 1, 40/37, Bol. Ordynka st., Moscow, 109017 Cables: Moscow-Naft Telex: 411148 A, B, C, D, E, Naft Telephone: 253-94-89 Telefax: 244-22-91

52 1990 r. № *1356*

Bayoil (USA) Inc. Attn.: Mr. Ludmil Dionissiev

Senior Advisor

Кас.: отгрузок иракской нефти

Уважаемые Господа,

В дополнение к нашим переговорам подтверждаем нашу готовность к закупке 7-10 миллионов баррелей иракской нефти, с возможным увеличением количества, в рамках пятой фазы программы ООН "Нефть в обмен на продовольствие" по квоте, которая будет указана Вашей компанией. Контракт на закупку нефти будет заключен между ОАО "Нафта Москва" и "СОМО" и она будет реализовываться исключительно Вашей компании по официальной продажной цене "СОМО" плюс 0,03 ам. долл. с нетто барреля отгруженной нефти. Указанная премия к официальной продажной цене представляет собой - стоимость обслуживания контракта компанией "Нафта Москва".

Открытие аккредитивов от имени ОАО "Нафта Москва", но за счет Вашей компании, в пользу ООН осуществляет "Bayoil" и несет все связанные с этим расходы, предварительно направив в соответствующий Банк телексное подтверждение закупки каждой партии нефти.

ОАО "Нафта Москва" не несет также никаких других расходов по осуществлению данной операции, включая демередж. Наши расходы по телексной, факсовой, почтовой и телефонной связи и транспортные расходы по командировкам в Ирак ОАО "Нафта Москва" принимает на себя.

Условия продажи иракской нефти от ОАО "Нафта Москва" компании "Bayoil" будут зеркально отражать условия контракта ОАО "Нафта Москва" и "СОМО", за исключением цены, и будут дополнительно подтверждены двусторонним обменом телексов.

С уважением,

И.О.Генерального директора

В.А.Бунин

BAY09-01485



TO:

ATTN:

Nafta, Moscow Mr. V.A. Bunin, General Director

FAX:

011-7095-244-2291

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DATE:

Deceber 23, 1998

Dear Sirs:

Thank you for your letter dated December 18, 1998 outlining the eventual possibility of contracting for our account 7-10 million barrels for the present phase of the U.N. oil-for-food program. In addition, we would like to thank you for the efforts which have enabled us to reach this stage of our agreement and your letter reflects our understanding and we hope that we will be in a position very soon to indicate the quota to be contracted by Nafta and SOAIO.

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

BAY09-01484

BAYOIL (USA) INC.

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 73

FAX: 713 224 8101 TLX: 3771825



CONTRACT

Moscow

"19th" February, 1999

Between Joint Stock Company "Nafta Moskva", Moscow, hereinafter referred to as "Sellers" and Messers. "Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited", Nassau, Bahamas, hereinafter referred to as "Buyers" and agreed as follows:

1. Object of the Contract

Sellers have sold and Buyers have bought F.O.B. Ceyhan and Mina Al Bakr about 7,000,000 barrels of Iraqi crude oil to be delivered in the frame of the 5th period of United Nations program "Oil for food" subject to actual contractual quantities under the Contracts between JSC "Nafta Moskva" and "SOMO".

2. Quantity

About 2,000,000 barrels of Kirkuk Crude Oil ex Ceyhan and about 5,000,000 barrels of Basrah Light Crude Oil ex Mina Al Bakr of normal quality usually available at mentioned ports.

3. Time of Delivery

Deliveries are to be effected during March 1999 till 24 May 1999.

4. Destination

Deliveries of mentioned quantities of Iraqi crude oil will be effected to North America/Europe. However, the actual port of destination shall be agreed between Parties for each particular shipment subject to "SOMO" confirmation.

5. Price

- a) Official selling price of "SOMO" for Kirkuk crude oil ex Ceyhan for corresponding destination effective for month of delivery plus U.S. Dollars 0.03 per net U.S. Barrel, In case A.P.I. escalation/de-escalation is used by "SOMO" the same will also be applied.
- b) Official selling price of "SOMO" for Basrah Light crude oil ex Mina AL Bakr for corresponding destination with A.P.I. escalation/de-escalation effective for month of delivery plus U.S. Dollars 0.03 per net U.S. barrel.

c) The final unit price for Kirkuk and Basrah Light crude oils shall be rounded off to three (3) decimal places to be increased to the next digit whenever the fourth decimal place is five or greater than five. Mul

BAY09-01221

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 74



6. Payment

Payment to be effected on 30th day from Bill of Lading date (B/L date = day one) in U.S. Dollars without any offset, deduction or counterclaim by telegraphic transfer in two parts:

1. Value of "SOMO" invoice at official selling price to "Banque Nationale De Paris S.A., New York Branch, telex No. 6737018 per corresponding Letter of Credit.

2. Balance amount (0.03 U.S. Dollars per net barrel of delivered crude oil) to be transferred to JSC "Nafta Moskva" account in the bank to be designated by Sellers. While effecting the transfer the details of payment should be quoted as "Commission fees under Agency Agreement dated 19th February, 1999".

Payment shall be made upon presentation of Seller's invoice and usual shipping documents (including full set of properly issued or endorsed original Bills of Lading), or Seller's Letter of Indemnity, in format acceptable to Buyer, in lieu of missing documents (telex/fax of Invoice/LOI acceptable).

If payment falls due on a Saturday or Bank Holiday other than Monday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on the last preceding banking day.

If payment falls due on a Sunday or a Monday Bank Holiday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on next succeeding banking day.

Opening of Letters of Credit in favor of United Nations and transfer of amount due to JSC "Nafta Moskva", Moscow

Upon receipt of written instructions from Sellers, the Buyers shall open with indication in the point "by order of": JSC "Nafta Moskva", Moscow", irrevocable and confirmed Letter of Credit in favor of United Nations according to format enclosed to the Contracts between JSC "Nafta Moskva" and "SOMO" through the bank acceptable for Sellers and covering each shipment of crude oil. All expenses in connection with opening, confirmation and utilization of Letters of Credit including amendments are to be made at written request of Sellers for Buyers' account. Any possible actions of Buyers relating to opening, utilization or amendments of Letter of Credit are subject to prior written consent of Sellers. Buyers' Bank is obliged to send by fax to Sellers copies of opened Letters of Credit and their possible amendments. Sellers have the right to control the process of opening and utilization of Letters of Credit.

8. Law and Jurisdiction

Each Party bears full responsibility for proper fulfillment of their obligations under present Contract.

All disputes or differences which may arise out of this Contract will be solved by Parties in an amicable way. If an amicable way of settlement is not possible, all

Page 2

Thus



disputes or differences which may arise out of or in connection with the present Contract shall be referred, jurisdiction of ordinary courts being excluded, to arbitration. The arbitration shall be organized as follows:

The Party which intends to submit the dispute or difference to arbitration shall notify the other Party by a registered letter stating the name, and surname of the arbitrator; who may be a citizen of any country, and his address as well as stating the subject of the dispute, the number and/or date of the Contract. The other Party must appoint their arbitrator within 30 days on receipt of such letter who may also be a citizen of any country, informing the Party concerned also by a registered letter of his name, surname, and address.

If the Party summoned to arbitration fails to appoint their arbitrator within the said period of time, an arbitrator shall be appointed by the Chamber of Commerce in Stockholm, Sweden for this Party at the request of the other Party.

The appointment shall be made within 30 days on receipt of the appropriate application from the party which submitted the dispute to arbitration.

Both arbitrators must appoint an umpire within 30 days after their appointment. If the arbitrators fall to appoint the umpire within the said period he shall be appointed by Chamber of Commerce in Stockholm at the request of any of the Parties.

Seat of Arbitration shall be Stockholm, Sweden. English Language to be used.

The award of the Arbitration shall be made by majority of votes on the basis of the terms and conditions of the present Contract and in conformity with the rules of law to be applied pursuant to the rule of conflict of laws of Sweden. The Arbitration may also additionally utilize generally accepted international trade customs.

The award shall be motivated and indicate the composition of the Arbitration, the date and the place when and where the award was made and appointment of the arbitration expenses between the Parties. The Arbitration award shall be made within 2 months from the date of election or appointment of the umpire and is final and binding for both parties.

9. Other Conditions

All other terms and conditions not mentioned above shall be in accordance with corresponding "SOMO" – JSC "Nafta Moskva", Moscow contracts (to be sent to Buyers).

The entire deal is done subject to "SOMO" confirmation.

Demurrage, if any, will be paid only if "SOMO" accept it and upon receipt of the funds from "SOMO", otherwise there will be no responsibility for demurrage from Sellers. If any other expenses arise in connection with fulfillment of the present Contract and they are not confirmed and paid by "SOMO" they will be for Buyers' account.

The present Contract comes into force from the date of it's signing. The validity of this Contract shall continue as long as corresponding Contracts between JSC "Nafta Moskva" and "SOMO" are valid and with regards to payment obligations until their full completion.

Page 3



10. Legal Addresses

Sellers – Joint Stock Company "Nafta Moskva", the Russian Federation, ⊠121200 MOSCOW G-200 32/34 Smolenskaya-Sennaya Sq.,

Mail Address:

Russia, 109017 MOSCOW Bolshaya Ordynka st. 40/37, bld.1

Cable: Nafta Moscow **€**Telex: 411148

☆ Telephone: 253-94-88, 253-94-89

244-19-91, 230-26-79

¹@Fax: 244-22-91

Buyers - Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited

⊠P.O. Box CB12918, Nassau, BAHAMAS

★ Telephone: 242-362-4731★ Fax: 242-362-4733★ Telex: 20644

For JSC "Nafta Moskva"

V. Boonin, General Director

David B. Chalmers, Jr. – President

For "Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited

Yu. Poukhov, Deputy General Director

Witnessed and Initialed by: Ludmil Dionissiev, Senior Adviser

Page 4



CONTRACT

Moscow

"19^{th"} February, 1999

Between Joint Stock Company "Nafta Moskva", Moscow, hereinafter referred to as "Sellers" and Messers. "Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited", Nassau, Bahamas, hereinafter referred to as "Buyers" and agreed as follows:

1. Object of the Contract

Sellers have sold and Buyers have bought F.O.B. Ceyhan and Mina Al Bakr about 7,000,000 barrels of Iraqi crude oil to be delivered in the frame of the 5th period of United Nations program "Oil for food" subject to actual contractual quantities under the Contracts between JSC "Nafta Moskva" and "SOMO".

2. Quantity

About 2,000,000 barrels of Kirkuk Crude Oil ex Ceyhan and about 5,000,000 barrels of Basrah Light Crude Oil ex Mina Al Bakr of normal quality usually available at mentioned ports.

3. Time of Delivery

Deliveries are to be effected during March 1999 till 24 May 1999.

4. Destination

Deliveries of mentioned quantities of Iraqi crude oil will be effected to North America/Europe. However, the actual port of destination shall be agreed between Parties for each particular shipment subject to "SOMO" confirmation.

5. Price

- a) Official selling price of "SOMO" for Kirkuk crude oil ex Ceyhan for corresponding destination effective for month of delivery plus U.S. Dollars 0.03 per net U.S. Barrel. In case A.P.I. escalation/de-escalation is used by "SOMO" the same will also be applied.
- b) Official selling price of "SOMO" for Basrah Light crude oil ex Mina AL Bakr for corresponding destination with A.P.I. escalation/de-escalation effective for month of delivery plus U.S. Dollars 0.03 per net U.S. barrel.
- c) The final unit price for Kirkuk and Basrah Light crude oils shall be rounded off to three (3) decimal places to be increased to the next digit whenever the fourth decimal place is five or greater than five.

Page 1



6. Payment

Payment to be effected on 30th day from Bill of Lading date (B/L date = day one) in U.S. Dollars without any offset, deduction or counterclaim by telegraphic transfer in two parts:

1. Value of "SOMO" invoice at official selling price to "Banque Nationale De Paris S.A., New York Branch, telex No. 6737018 per corresponding Letter of Credit.

2. Balance amount (0.03 U.S. Dollars per net barrel of delivered crude oil) to be transferred to JSC "Nafta Moskva" account in the bank to be designated by Sellers. While effecting the transfer the details of payment should be quoted as "Commission fees under Agency Agreement dated 19th February, 1999".

Payment shall be made upon presentation of Seller's invoice and usual shipping documents (including full set of properly issued or endorsed original Bills of Lading), or Seller's Letter of Indemnity, in format acceptable to Buyer, in lieu of missing documents (telex/fax of Invoice/LOI acceptable).

If payment falls due on a Saturday or Bank Holiday other than Monday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on the last preceding banking day.

If payment falls due on a Sunday or a Monday Bank Holiday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on next succeeding banking day.

7. Opening of Letters of Credit in favor of United Nations and transfer of amount due to JSC "Nafta Moskva", Moscow

Upon receipt of written instructions from Sellers, the Buyers shall open with indication in the point "by order of": JSC "Nafta Moskva", Moscow", irrevocable and confirmed Letter of Credit in favor of United Nations according to format enclosed to the Contracts between JSC "Nafta Moskva" and "SOMO" through the bank acceptable for Sellers and covering each shipment of crude oil. All expenses in connection with opening, confirmation and utilization of Letters of Credit including amendments are to be made at written request of Sellers for Buyers' account. Any possible actions of Buyers relating to opening, utilization or amendments of Letter of Credit are subject to prior written consent of Sellers. Buyers' Bank is obliged to send by fax to Sellers copies of opened Letters of Credit and their possible amendments. Sellers have the right to control the process of opening and utilization of Letters of Credit.

8. Law and Jurisdiction

Each Party bears full responsibility for proper fulfillment of their obligations under present Contract.

All disputes or differences which may arise out of this Contract will be solved by Parties in an amicable way. If an amicable way of settlement is not possible, all

Page 2



disputes or differences which may arise out of or in connection with the present Contract shall be referred, jurisdiction of ordinary courts being excluded, to arbitration. The arbitration shall be organized as follows:

The Party which intends to submit the dispute or difference to arbitration shall notify the other Party by a registered letter stating the name, and surname of the arbitrator, who may be a citizen of any country, and his address as well as stating the subject of the dispute, the number and/or date of the Contract. The other Party must appoint their arbitrator within 30 days on receipt of such letter who may also be a citizen of any country, informing the Party concerned also by a registered letter of his name, surname, and address.

If the Party summoned to arbitration fails to appoint their arbitrator within the said period of time, an arbitrator shall be appointed by the Chamber of Commerce in Stockholm, Sweden for this Party at the request of the other Party.

The appointment shall be made within 30 days on receipt of the appropriate application from the party which submitted the dispute to arbitration.

Both arbitrators must appoint an umpire within 30 days after their appointment. If the arbitrators fail to appoint the umpire within the said period he shall be appointed by Chamber of Commerce in Stockholm at the request of any of the Parties. Seat of Arbitration shall be Stockholm, Sweden. English Language to be used.

The award of the Arbitration shall be made by majority of votes on the basis of the terms and conditions of the present Contract and in conformity with the rules of law to be applied pursuant to the rule of conflict of laws of Sweden. The Arbitration may also additionally utilize generally accepted international trade customs.

The award shall be motivated and indicate the composition of the Arbitration, the date and the place when and where the award was made and appointment of the arbitration expenses between the Parties. The Arbitration award shall be made within 2 months from the date of election or appointment of the umpire and is final and binding for both parties.

9. Other Conditions

All other terms and conditions not mentioned above shall be in accordance with corresponding "SOMO" – JSC "Nafta Moskva", Moscow contracts (to be sent to Buyers).

The entire deal is done subject to "SOMO" confirmation.

Demurrage, if any, will be paid only if "SOMO" accept it and upon receipt of the funds from "SOMO", otherwise there will be no responsibility for demurrage from Sellers. If any other expenses arise in connection with fulfillment of the present Contract and they are not confirmed and paid by "SOMO" they will be for Buyers' account

The present Contract comes into force from the date of it's signing. The validity of this Contract shall continue as long as corresponding Contracts between JSC "Nafta Moskva" and "SOMO" are valid and with regards to payment obligations until their full completion.

Page 3



10. Legal Addresses

Sellers – Joint Stock Company "Nafta Moskva", the Russian Federation, ⊠121200 MOSCOW G-200
32/34 Smolenskaya-Sennaya Sq.,

Mail Address:

Russia, 109017 MOSCOW Bolshaya Ordynka st. 40/37, bld.1

Cable: Nafta Moscow **€**Telex: 411148

Telephone: 253-94-88, 253-94-89

244-19-91, 230-26-79

¹⊕Fax: 244-22-91

Buyers - Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited

⊠P.O. Box CB12918, Nassau, BAHAMAS

☑ Telephone: 242-362-4731 ☑ Fax: 242-362-4733 ☑ Telex: 20644

For JSC "Nafta Moskva"

V. Boonin, General Director

Yu. Poukhov, / / Deputy General Director

For "Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited

David B. Chalmers, Jr. - President

Witnessed and Initialed by: Ludmil Dionissiev, Senior Adviser

Page 4



AGENCY AGREEMENT

Maccon

19 February, 1999

This Agency Agreement (Agreement") is made on 19th February 1999 between

- (1) "Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited", Nassau, Bahamas as principal ("the Principal") and
- (2) Joint Stock Company "Nafta Moskva", Moscow, as the agent ("the Agent").

It is hereby agreed as follows:

1. Appointment of Agent.

1.1 The Principal, upon and subject to the terms of this Agreement, hereby appoints the Agent as its agent for the purpose of studying the market and finding the supplier of crude oil at reasonable price. The Agent hereby accepts such appointment and agrees to act for and on behalf of the Principal.

2. Duties of Agent

2.1 The Agent shall immediately notify the Principal of the name of the supplier, quantity of crude oil, port of loading, quality and price.

3. Duties of Principal

3.1 Upon first demand of the Agent, the Principal shall pay the amount of fee preliminary agreed by exchange of telexes or faxes between "Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited" and JSC "Nafta Moskva".

4. Effectiveness and termination

4.1 The present Agreement comes into force from the date of its signing and is valid until the date of notification by one of the parties about termination of its validity.

5. Miscellaneous

5.1 Each Party bears full responsibility for proper fulfillment of their obligations under present Agreement.
5.2 All disputes or differences which may arise out of the Agreement, will be solved by parties in an amicable way. If an amicable way of settlement is not possible, these disputes and differences will be settled in the arbitration order by the International Commercial Arbitration Court at the Russian Federation Chamber of Commerce and Industry in Moscow, in conformity with the rules and procedures of this Court.

Commerce and Industry in Moscow, in conformity with the rules and procedures of this Court.

5.3 The award of this Arbitration Court shall be final and binding upon both parties concerned. Both parties agree that Russian Federation Law will be applicable to all disputes and differences and that the arbitration clause shall be considered having legal force irrespective of the validity of the Agreement, component part of which it is.

5.4. Any notices required or permitted under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be sent to the registered address of the Parties or delivered by telex or fax to the following numbers:

Principal -

Telex 3771825

Fax: ++1 713 224 8101

Agent -

Telex 411148

Fax - ++7 095 244 22 91

BAY09-01218

Page 1

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6. Legal Addresses

Joint Stock Company "Nafta Moskva", the Russian Federation, ⊠121200 MOSCOW G-200 32/34 Smolenskaya-Sennaya Sq.,

Mail Address:

Russia, 109017 MOSCOW Bolshaya Ordynka st. 40/37, bld.1

Cable: Nafta Moscow €Telex: 411148

Telephone:

++7095 253-94-88, 253-94-89 ++ 7095 244-19-91, 230-26-79

ιeFax:

244-22-91

Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited

⊠P.O. Box CB12918, Nassau, BAHAMAS

Telephone: 'eFax: Telex:

++1 242-362-4731 ++1 242-362-4733 20644

For "Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited"

For JSC "Nafta Moskva"

David B. Chalmers, Jr. - President

Witnessed and initialed by: Ludmil Dionissiev, Senior Adviser

Yu.Poukhov, Deputy General Director

BAY09-01219

Page 2

307

TO:

Mr. Vladimir V. Zhiriniovsky The Chief of the LDPR's Faction

FAX:

011-7095-292-7961

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DATE:

December 17, 1998

Dear Mr. Zhirinovsky:

Today I have returned from a long business trip and I would like to confirm that everything on our side is under control and there is no change in our position. Ludmil Dionissiev will call on December 24, Igor Lebedev to confirm the details. You know that we have succeeded to put Nafta Moscow as a contracting party for your allocation.

It would be very helpful for the execution of the second part of our job to receive from you on Letterhead of LDPR, the following text.

Bayoil

ATTN: David B. Chalmers, Jr. FAX: (713) 224-8101

We LDPR confirm that our Iraqi oil allocation of 7 million barrels is assigned to Bayoil. We will confirm to SOMO to contract this allocation with company designated by Bayoil. Upon receiving from you the agreed premium prior to January 8th, 1999.

Mr. Vladimir V. Zhirinovsky

Unquote

We hope that we will be in a position to effect payment prior to year end but as there are holidays in U.S., Europe and Russian there may be some delays therefore January 8^{th} seems an appropriate date. This is a very important document to overcome the banking bureaucracy as well as to avoid any double contracting.

Sincerely,

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 76

BAYOILUSA009397



BAYOIL

Houston, February 24, 1999

Via fax: 011 7095 244 3300

To: JSC Nafta Moscow Attn Mr. Yu. N. Poukhov, Deputy General Director

Dear Yuri Nickolaevich,

As discussed today over the phone I am sending you by fax the duly initialed and signed Contract and Agency agreement. We shall keep it with us until tomorrow, so if you see any omissions or you need some additional correction we would be able to effect them and to courier by DHL to you latest Thursday.

As far as your discussions with SOMO are concerned we would like to share with you some experience.

SOMO probably would want your view on pricing. This is absolutely normal as you were the only Russian contact for them in the past and you are the only company with historical experience presently in Russia. We would leave to you the crude oil price situations in Europe as we think you can easily work it out. As far as the USA is concerned our view (shared with a lot of end users in USA) is:

The O.S.P. formula price discount to W.T.I. has increased since January to March from -\$4.40/WTI to -\$4.00 WTI, thereby increasing cost by USD 0.40/barrel.

During the same period freight rates have increased from 47.5 - 50.0 to 60 - 62.5 which has increased cost by an additional U.S. \$ 0.25 - 0.30 / barrel.

During the same period export volumes to North America have increased by about 4 shipments per month or 240 M barrels per day.

Together these factors of a USD 0.65 - 0.75 per barrel increase in cost accompanied by increased competition for market share in North America has left little or no economic benefit to F.O.B. lifters.

The additional fact that many Basrah light end users in North America have cut runs due to substantial negative refinery margins, has resulted in less requirements for April delivery.

The combination of factors outlined above has led to great pressure
 on delivered value of Basrah light which has so far only been offset by refusal
 of Basrah shippers to sell below cost and instead increase floating storage stocks.

BAY09-01296

BAYOIL JUSAL INC.

909 TEXAS

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) – FN 77

: 713-224 8101 TLX: 3771825

For the reasons outlined above, it is imperative that Nafta receive full flexibility with respect to lifting period and destination for the allocation being contracted for and on behalf of Mr. Vladimir Volfovich, the LDPR.

Enclosed you will find also a memorandum and suporting documents that we have recently sent to SOMO.

You have already received our new revised lifting program. There might be some strong arguments in Baghdad and we suggest your answer should be - that you are a service company of this contract and you are providing service to Mr. Zhirinovski, who is one of the greatest supporter of the Iraqi cause in the world. As SOMO recently increased the price of oil for March they have denied him of any benefit from March shipment.

Off the record you may say that this contract further on is marketed by Bayoil. This is under the agreement between Mr. Zhirinovski and Bayoil that you are not aware of. Intention is to lift all quantities for North America only, however, for reason of security and maximization of economic result for the LDPR a European option is receded. The first vessel for Ceyhan is firmly fixed and is for destination North America.

If you need to contact us you may ask SOMO. They have a satellite connection and they offer it to their partners sometime upon request. Otherwise I believe that the other place you can send a fax out of Baghdad could be the Embassy of the Russian Federation.

Please note as I told you over the phone today that you might be asked to contract some additional barrels on behalf of third country, Singapore or Bangladesh. We have informed the contract holders that "Nafta Moskva" may contract with SOMO the same way you do it for LPDR. If this is the case we shall increase the volume under our Contract only as the Agency Agreement is evergreen. The same applies for the additional barrels that have been requested by Vladimir Volfovich. This letter request is with you to be handed over to the Iraqi authorities.

We would like to assure you that we have firm interest in any incremental barrels (different from the ones stated above) that you can obtain on your own and offer to us as separate contract. Prices and conditions we would agree upon.

Mr. David Chalmers and myself are wishing you and Vladislav safe and successful trip to Iraq.

Faithfully Yours,

Ludmil Dionissiev

Executive Director General State Oil Marketing Organization Mr. Saddam Z. Hassan

Dear Sirs,

We have been informed to contact you regarding the allocation of Mr. Vladimir Volfovich Zhirinovski. We understood that you have approved Nafta Moscow to contract 7,000,000 barrels of Iraqi crude oil for the fifth phase under the above mentioned allocation.

We are pleased to work with SOMO again and thank you for your cooperation.

In order to save time and expedite the shipping program we would appreciate a fax contract covering the following grades and quantity: 5,000,000 barrels of Basrah Light crude oil and 2,000,000 barrels of Kirkuk crude oil.

Destination and pricing - North America/Europe.

We are ready to nominate vessels for lifting of the whole contract in due time.

Please confirm by return.

Sincerely Yours,

Nafta Moscow

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BAYOILUSA013922

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION

CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

NO. M/05/50

PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 81

P.15/20

- Payments to SELLER under Sub Article 5-5 and Sub Article 6-7 of Section Two, and any other payments or awards under Article Thirteen of Section Two, are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.
- This Contract shall be subject to SCR 986, SCR 1111, SCR 1143, SCR 1153, SCR 1210, the Procedures and the Memorandum of Understanding between the Secretariat of the United Nations and the Government of Iraq on the implementation of SCR 986 (United Nations document S/1996/356, dated 20 May 1996).

Other Terms and Conditions as per the standard SOMO General Conditions F.O.B. Crude Oil Sales Contract (Section Two).

ARTICLE TEN

ADDRESSES:

In addition to the notices, declarations and other communications required under Article Fourteen, notices, approvals, declarations and communications required above for the Overseers, on behalf of the 661 Committee, shall be effected at the addresses below:-

FOR SELLER:

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION P.O.BOX 5118 BAGHDAD - IRAO

212198 - 212199 SOMO IK 964-1-2869561 964-1-7742040 - 10 Lines 964-1-2853925 TELEPHONE:

FAX:

FOR BUYER:

JOINT STOCK COMPANY, "NAFTA MOSKVA" MOSCOW, 40/37 BLDG. 1. BOLSHAYA ORDYNKA, MOSCOW 109017, RUSSIA.
TELEPHONE : 7095 - 244-19-91, 7095 244-40-88
SAT : 7502 220-30-27
FAX : 7095 244-33-00

TELEX : 411148 A, B,C NAFTA RU

FOR OVERSEERS:

UNITED NATIONS, NEW YORK, U.S.A FAX: 212 - 963 - 1628

All other terms and conditions as per F.O.B. crud oil contract (Section two) No. M/02/18 dated 12th day of August 1997. This Contract has been done and signed on the 2nd day of March 1999.

FOR SELLER

SADDAM Z. HASSAN EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL

FOR BUYER

YURI N. POUKHOV VICE PRESIDENT

VLADISLA EFREMOV DIRECTOR

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq Ministry of Oil State Oil Marketing Organization (State Company)

No.: KH1/2906 Date: 08 Jumada I, 1422 H Equivalent to 03/03/1999

Stamp

Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister

No.: 2434

Date: 03/04/1999

To: H.E. the Oil Minister
RE: Approval on Exported Crude Oil Contracts

Based on the approval of the Vice-President of the republic, Mr. Taha Yassin Ramadan, as per the allocations' statement of phase five, and following to our memorandum KH1/3690 dated 12/05/1998, a contract has been signed on 03/03/1999 with Nafta Moscow which was chosen by the Liberal Party of Russia (Zhirinovsky) for the supplemental quantity to their allocations for phase five as per the following terms:

Date: 03/02/1999

- Number of Contract: M/05/50
 Name of Company Buyer: Nafta-Moscow
 Nationality: Russian
 Quantity: (7) million barrels
 Type of Crude Oil: Al-Basrah light
- 5- Pyeto Grade Oil: Europe and / or America
 7- Pricing Formula: As per the standard rate agree on between SOMO and the United Nations from time to time
- 8- Period of Supply: Until 05/24/1999
- 9- Estimated Value of Contract in Dollar: (70) million U.S. dollars based on an estimated rate of \$10/barrel

For your review and approval, please.

Saddam Zeben Hassan Executive Director

[Miscellaneous signatures]

For the Approval of Minister I approve

[Page footer]

Arabic telex 5834 SOMO P.O. Box 5118 Baghdad – Iraq

Telex 212198/212199 Tel. 7742040 - 10

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 83

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	الله الرحمن. الرحيم	بسم	بهورية المراقية
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BAYOIL TO:

Nafta Moskva

ATTN:

Mr. Y. Pukhov

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr./ Ludmil Dionissiev

DATE:

March 22, 1999

RE:

Additional Quantities - Basrah Light Crude Oil

Dear Mr. Pukhov:

Please send the following telex to Mr. Awni - Acting General Director of SOMO. Quote:

With reference to the contract for the 7 Million barrels of Basrah light crude oil, the

holder of the allocation has already sent the written request to the relevant Iraqi authorities for the increase of 1 Million barrels.

Nafta Moskva was instructed accordingly to nominate for this additional volume. Subject your confirmation for this additional volume we are confirming lifting on board of already nominated and accepted vessel "TBN" for April 26, 1999 to achieve logical size of cargo of 2,000,000 bbls. Unquote.

Best regards

Ludmil Dionissiev

BAYOIL (USA) INC.

909 TEXAS AVE., SUITE 202 HOUSTON, TX 77002 713 222 7100 FAX: 713 224 8101 TLX: 3771825

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 84

SNT 006875

SNT 006875



JSC Nafta Moskva Mr. Yu Poukhov, Deputy General Director

TO: ATTN: FAX:

011 7095 244-2291

Please forward following to S.O.M.O.

QUOTE:

TO:

S.O.M.O. Saddam Hassan

ATTN:

Mr. Awni/Shipping Dept

CC: TLX:

212198

Date:

March 29, 1999

Re: 7 Million Allocation/TBN 26 April 1 Million Barrels

As per our telex message March 22, 1999 regarding holder of allocations request to authorities to increase by $1 \, \mathrm{million}$ barrels, we have yet to receive a formal response.

In this connection, we have made full efforts to cooperate with S.O.M.O. in meeting S.O.M.O. requests to move forward lifting dates early March/April from later periods in May. This has resulted in a final lifting April 26 of only 1 million barrels representing only part shipment.

We therefore, respectfully request S.O.M.O. make a reserve for an allocation to complete a shipment on M/T GRAND LADY/SUB on April 26 or as early as April 20 and provide support to Nafta with relevant authorities to increase this allocation to complete a shipment.

Thank you for your return acceptance as soon as possible.

UNQUOTE:

Best regards, Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited

BAYOIL, SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

PO. BOX CB12018 NASSAU, BAHAMAS 242:362:4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TUX: 20644

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 85

SNT 007028

SNT 007028

State Oil Marketing Organization P.O Box 5118 Baghdad-Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/88/99

: 27.4.1999 BNP Confirmation No.: T713442 : M/05/50 Contract No. Due date

Exporting Port : HINA AL BAKR TERHINAL

: MARINE ATLANTIC . NORTH AMERICA

Ship's Name Destination

. J.S.C NAFTA MOSCOW

Sold to

Opening Bank L\C No.: LCIM2073402

: BBL/2573 PART(2) Shipment No.

Count	Country of origin: 18A9			Shipment No.	: BBL/2573 PART(2)
Description of commodity	Andrewskie in the state of the	Quantity		Price per	Total value
Description of commonity	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbis	Barrel FOB	in U.S. Dollars
IRAQI CRUDE OIL			010	000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
(BASRAH LIGHT)	600,916,913	60.060,202	1,949,019		24,060,633.30
32.45 API GRAVITY AT 60%					24,686,835.50

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
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Total U.S. Dollars: TWENTY FOUR MILLION SIX HUNDRED EIGHTY SIX THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED THIRTY FIVE AND FIFTY CENT.

Price Calculation : WII (SECOND MONIN) MINUS \$ 4.00/88L AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE CADDATIONS STARTING FROW THE 15TH DAY FROW THE BY BAY FROW THE BY APID DEFESSALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS,

S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAG ADCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-001-08

Y. H. IBRAHIM For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

B/L DATE 29 /3 /1999

pair to comber

State Oil Marketing Organization P.O. Box 5118 Baghdad-Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/101/99

: 10.5 .1999 Contract No. Due date Sold to : hoscor G-200 32/34 sholkny - sennaya sq. Exporting Poit : hina al bang terhinal NORTH AMERICA : ARGO ATHENA Country of origin: 1RM9 Ship's Name Destination

Opening Bank L\C No. : LCIM2074538 BNP Confirmation No. : T 713595 : M/05/50

: BBL/2582 Shipment No.

	. 3	Sec. 2506	
Total value	in U.S. Dollars ::	27,238,812,59	27,238,812.59
Price per	Barrel FOB	13.641	
	U.S.Bbls	1,996,834	

269,531.49

273,857.470

32.17 API GRAVITY AT 60 P

Long Tons Quantity

Metric Tons

Description of commodity

IRAQI CRUDE OIL (BASRAH LIGHT) Total U.S. Dollars: TWENTY SEVEN MILLION TWO HUNDRED THIRTY EIGHT THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED TWELVE AND FIFTY NINE CENT. Price Calculation : WII (SECOND MONTH) MINUS \$ 4.10/BBL AVERGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STANTING FROM THE 15TH DAY FROM THE B/L DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET MIRE MINUS \$ 0.18 API DE-ESCALATION PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT,

ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-001-08

B/L DATE 11/4 /1999

For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

CRIGINAL

State Oil Marketing Organization P.O Box 5118 Baghdad-Iraq C

Commercial Invoice No.: B/99/99

: 8 .5 .1999	: M/05/50	: T 713539	: LCIM2074062	: BBL/2580 PART(2)
Due date	Contract No.	BNP Confirmation No. : T 713539	Opening Bank L\C No. : LCIM2074062	Shipment No.
JOINT STOCK COMPANY 'NAFTA MOSKVA' MOSCOM 121200 : MOSCOW G-200 12/34 SMOLENSKAYA - SENNAYA SQ.	: MINA AL BAKR TERMINAL	: DOCEFJORD	NORTH AMERICA	1 ; IRAQ
Sold to	Exporting Port	Ship's Name	Destination	Country of origin: 1RAQ

14.7	1	नंद्रीः	-	1.33	111		
17	in U.S. Dollars	10	20.150.465.10	12	20,150,465.10		
Total value	Dollars	TA.	, u	,	55.1		
otal va	.S.		77		50,4		
1	in				20,15		
-	-				(1)		
Price per	Barrel FOB		õ	1			
Prij	Barr		1 402 623 13 591				
	pls		ر د	7			
	U.S. Bbls		0,00	0 7 7 0			
	Þ		,	# -1			
			_	p			
<u>\$</u>	Cons	202,990.290 199,783.76					
Quantity	Long Tons						
	_						
	SI	290					
	Metric Tons	990.					
	Met		6	707			
adito	, more				32.43 API GRAVITY AT 60 F		
Description of commodity			IRAQI CRUDE OIL	(BASRAH LIGHT)	AVITY A		
dio in	1000		CRUI	SAH L	API GRU		
1	i pero		IRAQI	(BASF	32.43		
1		1					

Total U.S. Dollars: IWENTY MILLION ONE HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND FOUR HUNDRED SIXTY FIVE AND TEN CENT.

Price Calculation : WTI (SECOND MONTH) MINUS 9 4.10/BEL ANERGGE OF FIVE CONSECTIVE GUOTATIONS STARTHYD FROM THE BALD DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATE'S CHUBE DIL MANGET WIRE HINDS \$ 0.15 API DE-ESCHARTION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANGUE NATIONALE DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-001-08

CRIGINAL

B/L DATE 9 /4 /1999

For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT. Y. H. IBRAHIM

State Oil Marketing Organization P.O Box 5118 Baghdad-Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/111/99

: BBL/2588 PART(2) Opening Bank L\C No. : CI0179410 : 17.5 .1999 BNP Confirmation No. : T 713672 : M/05/50 Shipment No. Contract No. Due date JOINT STOCK COMPANY 'NAFTA MOSKVA' MOSCOM 121200 . MOSCOM G-200 32/34 SMOLENSKAYA - SENNAYA SQ. : MINA AL BAKR TERMINAL : NORTH AMERICA BERGE FOREST Country of origin: IRAQ Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination Sold to

Docoring of commedity		Quantity		Price per	Total value
בייים טוווווסמונא	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in U.S. Dollars
IR A OT CRITINE OIL					
TO TOOK OUT	69,329.226	68,234.07	506,115	14.141	7,156,972.22
(BASRAH LIGHT)				1	
32.36 API GRAVITY AT 60 F					7,156,972.22

Total U.S. Dollars: SEVEN MILLION ONE HUNDRED FIFTY SIX THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED SEVENTY TWO AND TWENTY TWO CENT.

Price Calculation : WTI (SECOND MONTH) MINUS \$ 4.10/BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE LIST DAY FROM THE BLAIM FOR THE BLAIM OF PROMISE STARTING WIRE WINUS \$ 0.16 API De-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT,

ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-001-08

B/L DATE 18/4 /1999

For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

State Oil Marketing Organization P.O Box 5118 Baghdad-Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/127/99

: BBL/2601 PART(2) Opening Bank L\C No. : 100'765/C5 : 4.6.1999 BNP Confirmation No. : T 713889 : M/05/50 Shipment No. Contract No. Due date JOINT STOCK COMPANY 'NAFTA MOSKVA' MOSCOM 121200 : MOSCOW G-200 32/34 SMOLENSKAYA - SENNAYA SQ. : MINA AL BAKR TERMINAL NORTH AMERICA : TIJUCA Country of origin: IRAQ Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination Sold to

in U.S. Dollars 13,058,760.23 13,058,760.23 Total value Price per Barrel FOB 13.191 U.S. Bbls 989,975 133,655.12 Long Tons Quantity 135,800.285 Metric Tons 32.13 API GRAVITY AT 60 F Description of commodity

(BASRAH LIGHT) IRAQI CRUDE OIL

Total U.S. Dollars: THIRPPERN MILLION FIFTY RIGHT THOUSAND SEVEN HINDRED SIXTY AND TWENTY THREE CENTS

Price Calculation : WTI (SECOND MOWTH) MINUS \$ 3.85/BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15TH DAY FROM THE B/L DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.18 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-001-08

CEIGINAL

B/L DATE 6 /5 /1999

For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

9:42 AM 07/16/04 Accrual Basis

Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Finance Charges	***************************************				***************************************	***************************************		
Check	3/22/1999	BC	BANK CHARGES	MARINE ATLANTIC	V-50030	Cash in Ban	-1,905,00	-1,905,0
Check	3/26/1999	BC	BANK CHARGES	MARINE ATLATNIC-NAF	V-50030	Cash in Ban	-1,085,00	-2,990.0
Check	4/26/1999	BC	BANK CHARGES	MARINE ATLANTIC	V-50030	Cash in Ban	-23.06	-3,013.0
General Journal	4/27/1999	bo	BANK CHARGES	MARINE ATLANTIC	V-50030	465/Paribas	-15,00	-3,028.0
Check	4/27/1999	pymt	CARGO PAYME	MARINE ATLANTIC-NAF	V-50030	Cash in Ban	-19,899.47	-22,927.5
Chack	4/27/1999	WT	JOINT STOCK C	MARINE ATLANTIC	V-50030	Cash in Ban	-23.06	-22,950.9
Check	4/27/1999	pyrnt	CARGO PAYME	MARINE ATLANTIC	V-50030	Cash in Ban	-85.00	-23,035.5
Check	4/27/1999	PYMT	CARGO PAYME	MARINE ATLANTIC	V-50030	Cesh in Ban	-85.00	-23,120.5
Check	4/30/1999	BC	BANK CHARGES	MARINE ATLANTIC-VAL	V-50030	Cash in Ban	-15.00	-23,135.5
Check	5/14/1999	WT	MARINE ATLAN	MARINE ATLANTIC	V-50030	Cash in Ban	-23.17	-23,158.7
Check	5/21/1999	ro!	BANK CHARGES	MARINE ATLANTIC-VAL	V-50030	Cash in Ban	-500.00	-23,658.7
Deposit	5/21/1999	RCPT	CARGO RECEIP	MARINE ATLINTIC	V-50030	Cash in Ban	-85.0G	-23,743.7
Check	5/21/1999	LOi	BANK CHARGES	MARINE ATLANTIC-MO	V-50030	Cash in Ben	-500.00	-24,243.7
Check	5/21/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	MARINE ATLANTIC-FINA	V-50030	Cash in Ban.,.	-500,00	-24,743,7
Deposit	5/21/1999	RCPT	CARGO RECEIP	MARINE ATLANTIC	V-50030	Cash in Ban	-85,00	-24,828.
Deposit	5/25/1999	RCPT	CARGO RECEIP	MARINE ATLANTIC	V-50030	Cash in Ban	-85,00	-24,913.7
Check	5/25/1999	LO!	BANK CHARGES	MARINE ATLANTIC-VAL	V-50030	Cash in Ban,	-500.00	-25,413.7
Deposit	5/27/1999	RCPT	CARGO RECEIP	MARINE ATLANTIC	V-50030	Cash in Ban	-85.00	-25,498.7
Check	6/8/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	MARINE ATLANTIC, CLA.,.	V-50030	Cash in Ban	-500.00	-25,998.
Deposit	6/25/1999	RCPT	CARGO RECEIP	MARINE ATLANTIC	V-50030	Cash in Ban	-85.00	-26,083
Check	10/18/1999	WT	MARINE ATLAN	MARINE ATLANTIC	V-50030	Cash in Ban	-23,84	-26,107.0
Total Finance Cha	•						-26,107.60	-26,107.6
Agent Commissio Check	ns 12/24/1998	WT	UNITED MANAG	MARINE ATLANTIC	V-50030	Cash - CAI 1	-331,445,43	224 445
Total Agent Comm		•••	DITTED MANAG	MARINE ATEANTIC	V-30030	Casa - CAI I	-331,445.43	-331,445.4 -331,445.4
Commissions - R							-331,443.43	-331,445.4
Check	4/27/1999	WT	JOINT STOCK C	MARINE ATLANTIC	V-50030	Cash in Ban	-58,490.37	-58,490.3
Total Commission							-58,490.37	-58,490.3
Lightering Charge								
Check	8/28/1999	WT	AMERICAN EAG	MARINE ATLANTIC	V-50030	Cash in Ban	-370,979,17	-370,979.1
Deposit	6/30/1999	WT	FINA OIL CHEMI	MARINE ATLANTIC	V-50030	Cash in Ban	81,875.00	-289,104,1
Total Lightering Ch	narges						-289,104.17	-289,104.1
otal Cost of Sales							-36,709,241.15	-36,709,241.1
ommissions							-50,100,241.15	-50,703,241.1
General Journal	3/11/1999			MARINE PACIFIC	V-50030	Hedge Gain	-20,400.00	-20,400.0
General Journal	5/24/1999			MARINE ATLANTIC	V-50030	Hedge Gain	-27,975,00	-47,475.0
General Journal	6/1/1999			MARINE ATLANTIC	V-50030	Hedge Gain	-1.458.60	-48,933.0
otal Commissions							-48,933.60	-48,933.6
edge Gain /(Loss)							40,000.00	-10,200.0
General Journal	3/11/1999			MARINE PACIFIC	V-50030	-SPLIT-	1.335.000.00	4 227 600
General Journal	3/11/1999			MARINE PACIFIC	V-50030	Hedge Gain	-1,225,000,00	1,335,000.0
General Journal	5/24/1999			MARINE ATLANTIC	V-50030	-SPLIT-	-2,404,900.00	110,000.0
General Journal	5/31/1999	ddaje		MARGINE AT LANTIC	V-50030	460/Paribas	-2,404,900.00 -58,050,00	-2,294,800.0 -2,352,950.0
General Journal	6/1/1999	400,0		MARINE ATLANTIC	V-50030	SPLIT-	-58,050,00	-2,352,950,0 -2,411,000,0
General Journal	6/1/1999	JJREV		MARINE ATLANTIC	V-50030	460/Paribas	58,050,00	-2,352,950.0
otal Hedge Gain /(Lo	ss)						-2,352,950.00	-2,352,950,0
terest income								
Deposit	6/25/1999	RCPT	CARGO RECEIP	MARINE ATLANTIC	V-50030	Cash in Ben	37,549.45	37,549.4
otal Interest Income							37,549.45	37,549.4
AL.							395,144.29	395,144.2
								The second section of the second

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5:51 AM 87/15/04 Accrual Basis

Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1996 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Мето	Class	Spilt	Amount	Balance
Freight					V-50034			
Check	5/28/1999	WT	N+T ARGONAUT	ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Cash in Ban	-2,312,810.09	-2,312,810.0
Total Freight							-2,312,810.09	-2,312,810.0
Demurrage								
Deposit Check	7/7/1999 8/25/1999	RCPT wt	VALERO MARKE N+T ARGONAUT	ARGO ATHENA ARGO ATHENA	V-50034 V-50034	Cash in Ban Cash in Ban	7,974.97 -78,225.47	7,974.9 -70,250.5
Deposit	9/8/1999	wi	CLARK REFINING	ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Cash in Ban	5,657.55	-64,592.9
Total Demurrage	0.00.1000	•••		741007111101111		Outrin Dani	-64,592,95	-64,592.9
Finance Charges							-04,002,00	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Check	4/1/1999	BCF	BANK CHARGES	ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Cash in Ban	-168,77	-168.7
Check	4/27/1999	WT	JOINT STOCK C	ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Cash in Ban	-100.00	-268.7
Check	5/10/1999	WT	JOINT STOCK C	ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Cash in Ban	-85.00	-353.7
Check	5/10/1999	PYAMT	CARGO PAYME	ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Cash in Ban	-22,041.05	-22,394.8
Check	5/10/1999	PYAMT	CARGO PAYME	ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Cash in Ban	-85.00	-22,479.8
Check Deposit	5/28/1999 6/4/1999	WT RCPT	N+T ARGONAUT CARGO RECEIP	ARGO ATHENA ARGO ATHENA	V-50034 V-50034	Cash in Ban Cash in Ban	-29.40 -85.00	-22,509.2
Check	6/4/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	ARGO ATHENA, VALERO	V-50034 V-50034	Cash in Ban	-500.00	-22,594.2 -23,094.2
Check	6/7/1999	toi	BANK CHARGES	ARGO ATHENA, VALERO	V-50034	Cash in Ban	-500.00	-23,594.2
Check	6/9/1999	wr	SKAUGEN PETR	ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Cash in Ban	-22.85	-23,817.0
Check	6/9/1999	WT	G.A. BECHNEL I	ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Cash in Ban	-22.85	-23,639.9
Check	6/17/1999	WT	SUN PIPE LINE	ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Cash in Ban	-22.52	-23,662.4
Check	6/24/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	ARGO ATHENA-CLARK	V-50034	Cash in Ban	-500.00	-24,162.4
Check	6/28/1999	WT	AMERICAN EAG	ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Cash in Ban	-22.72	-24,185.1
Deposit	7/9/1999	RCPT	CARGO RECEIP	ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Cash in Ban	-85.00	-24,270.1
Check	7/13/1999	WT	CRAIG FERGUS	ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Cash in Ban	-21.96	-24,292.1
Check	7/19/1999	PYMT	CARGO PAYME	ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Cash in Ban	-21,98	-24,314.1
Deposit	7/19/1999	RCPT	CARGO RECEIP	ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Cash in Ban	-85.00	-24,399.1
Deposit	7/19/1999	RCPT	CARGO RECEIP	ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Cash in Ban	-85.00	-24,484.1
Chack	7/20/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	argo athena	V-50034	Cash in Ban	-500.00	-24,984.1
Check	7/21/1999	WT	SUN PIPE LINE	ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Cash in Ban	-22.66	-25,006.7
Check	8/25/1999	wt	N+T ARGONAUT	ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Cash in Ban	-22.67	-25,029.4
Check	10/20/1999	WY	VC BAYOIL (USA	ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Cash in Ban	-23,23	-25,052.6
Check Check	11/23/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Cash in Ban	-55.93	-25,108.5
	11/23/1999	LUI	BANK CHARGES	ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Cash in Ban,	-55.93	-25,164.5
Total Finance Cha	-						-25,164.52	-25,164.5
Agent Commission Check								
Check	12/24/1998	wt WT	UNITED MANAG UNITED MANAG	ARGO ATHENA ARGO ATHENA	V-50034 V-50034	Cash in Ban Cash - CAI 1	-322,954.82	-322,954.8
Total Agent Comp		***	O WILD WAVE	ARGUATHENA	V-50034	Cash - CAI 1	-16,506.96	-339,461.7
Commissions - R							-339,461.78	-339,461.7
Check	4/27/1999	WT	JOINT STOCK C	ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Cash in Ban	-13,996,38	40.000
Check	5/10/1999	WT	JOINT STOCK C	ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Cash in Ban	-15,996.38 -45,908.64	-13,996.3 -59,905.0
Total Commission	s - Russia				,	Oddin kii Dalii.ii	-59.905.02	-59,905.0
Lightering Charg	én						-09,000.02	0.000,000
Check	6/9/1999	wr	SKAUGEN PETR	ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Cash in Ban	-16,000.00	-16,000.0
Check	6/28/1999	WT	AMERICAN EAG	ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Cash in Ban	-160,732.64	-176,732.6
Total Lightering C	hernes					Outsir in purity	-176,732.64	
							-170,732.04	-176,732.6
tel Cost of Sales							-32,327,992.82	-32,327,992.8
ink Service Charg Deposit	es 7/12/1999	FID	FIDUCIARY DEP	ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Cash in Ban		
ital Bank Service C		110	PIDOCIANT DEF	ANGOATHENA	V-50034	Cess in Ban	-1,192.73	-1,192.7
ommissions	mungos						-1,192.73	-1,192.7
General Journal	5/24/1999			ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Hedge Gain	-4,080.00	-4,080.0
General Journal	5/31/1999			ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Hedge Gain	-24,973.48	-29,053.4
tal Commissions							-29,053.48	-29,053.4
dge Gain /(Loss)								
General Journal	5/24/1999			ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	-SPLIT-	-110,820.00	-110,820,0
General Journal	5/31/1999	ddaj e			V-50034	460/Paribas	1,839,300.00	1,728,480.0
General Journal	5/31/1999			ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	-SPLIT-	1,484,970.00	3,213,450.0
General Journal	5/31/1999	Libert		ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	Hedge Gain	-825,890.00	2,387,560.0
General Journal	6/1/1999	JJREV		ARGO ATHENA	V-50034	460/Paribas	-1,839,300.00	548,260.00
tal Hedge Gain /(L	(sac						548,260,00	548,260.00

\$49 AM 07/16/04 Accrual Basis

Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1996 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Freight Check	6/2/1999	WT	WILSEA SHIPPI	DOCEFJORD 3	V-50035	Cash in Ban	-2,291,736.30	-2,291,736.30
Total Freight							-2,291,736.30	-2,291,736.30
Demurrage Check	9/23/1999	wr	WILSEA SHIPPI	DOCEFJORD 3	V-50035	Cash in Ban	-39,336.57	-39,336.57
Total Demurrage							-39,336.57	-39,336.57
Finance Charges								
Check	4/1/1999	bc	BANK CHARGES	DOCEFJORD	V-50035 V-50035	Cash in Ban	-168.77	-168.77
Check Check	4/30/1999 5/4/1999	BC BC	BANK CHARGES BANK CHARGES	DOCEFJORD DOCEFJORD	V-50035 V-50035	Cash in Ban Cash in Ban	-22.88 -22.84	-191.65 -214,49
Check	5/7/1999	PYMT	CARGO PAYME	DOCEFJORD	V-50035	Cash in Ban	-16,370,37	-16,584.86
Check	5/7/1999	PYMT	CARGO PAYME	DOCEFJORD	V-50035	Cash in Ban	-45.00	-16,629.86
Check	6/2/1999	WT	WILSEA SHIPPI	DOCEFJORD 3	V-50035	Cash in Ban	-22.65	-16,652,51
Check	6/4/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	DOCEFJORD, FINA	V-50035	Cash in Ban	-500.00	-17,152.51
Check	6/7/1999	WT	METROPOLITAN	DOCEFJORD	V-50035	Cash in Ban	-22.58	-17,175.09
Deposit	6/7/1999	RCPT	CARGO RECEIP	DOCEFJORD	V-50035	Cash in Ban	-85.00	-17,260.09
Check	6/8/1999	WT	PETMAR	DOCEFJORD	V-50035	Cash in Ban	-22.71	-17,282.80
Deposit Check	6/9/1999 6/15/1999	RCPT WT	CARGO RECEIP METROPOLITAN	DOCEFJORD DOCEFJORD	V-50035 V-50035	Cash in Ban Cash in Ban	-85.00 -22.68	-17,367.80 -17,390.48
Check	6/15/1999	WT	METROPOLITAN	DOCEFJORD	V-50035	Cash in Ban	-22.68	-17,390.48
Check	6/29/1999	WT	METROPOLITAN	DOCEFJORD	V-50035	Cash - CAI 1	-16,13	-17,429,29
Check	6/29/1999	WT	PETMAR	DOCEFJORD	V-50035	Cash in Ban	-22.54	-17,451,83
Check	7/9/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	DOCEFJORD-LYONDELL	V-50035	Cash in Ban	-500.00	-17,951.83
Deposit	7/9/1999	RCPT	CARGO RECEIP	DOCEFJORD	V-50035	Cash in Ban	-85.00	-18,036.83
Check	9/23/1999	WT	WILSEA SHIPPI	DOCEFJORD 3	V-50035	Cash in Ben	-22.69	-18,059.52
Check	11/3/1999	BC	BANK CHARGES	DOCEFJORD 3	V-50035	Cash in Ban	-56.74	-18,116.26
Check	11/3/1999	BC	BANK CHARGES	DOCEFJORD 3	V-50035	Cash in Ban	-55.45	-18,171.71
Check	11/3/1999	BC	BANK CHARGES	DOCEFJORD 3	V-50035	Cash in Ban	-55.44	-18,227.15
Check Check	11/4/1999	BC BC	BANK CHARGES	DOCEFJORD 3	V-50035	Cash in Ban Cash in Ban	-56.39	-18,283.54
Check	11/4/1999	BC BC	BANK CHARGES BANK CHARGES	DOCEFJORD 3 DOCEFJORD 3	V-50035 V-50035	Cash in Ban	-56,39 -56,39	-18,339.93 -18,396.32
Check	11/4/1999	BC	BANK CHARGES	DOCEFJORD 3	V-50035	Cash in Ban	-56.39	-18,452.71
Total Finance Cha	•						-18,452.71	-18,452.71
Agent Commission								
Check	12/24/1998	WT	UNITED MANAG	DOCEFJORD 3	V-50035	Cash - CAI 1	-252,047.61	-252,047.61
Check	8/10/1999	WT	LONE STAR TA,	DOCEFJORD	V-50035	Cash in Ban	-1,777.39	-253,825.00
Total Agent Comm							-253,825.00	-253,825.00
Check	4/27/1999	WT	JOINT STOCK C	DOCEFJORD	V-50035	Cash in Ban	-44,478 99	-44,478.99
Total Commission	s - Russia						-44,478.99	-44,478.99
Lightering Charg								
Check	6/7/1999	WT	METROPOLITAN	DOCEFJORD	V-50035	Cash in Ban	-110,250.00	-110,250.00
Check	6/15/1999	WT	METROPOLITAN	DOCEFJORD	V-50035	Cash in Ban	-20,021.00	-130,271.00
Check	6/15/1999	WT	METROPOLITAN		V-50035	Cash in Ban	-129,248.92	-259,519.92
Deposit Check	6/15/1999 6/28/1999	RCPT WT	SKAUGEN PETR		V-50035	Cash in Ban	91,629.63	-167,890.29
Check	6/28/1999	WT	AMERICAN EAG AMERICAN EAG	DOCEFJORD DOCEFJORD	V-50035 V-50035	Cash in Ban Cash in Ban	-145,958.33	-313,848.62
Check	6/29/1999	WT	METROPOLITAN	DOCEFJORD	V-50035	Cash • CAI 1	-16,000.00 -5,490.79	-329,848.62 -335,339.41
Deposit	8/19/1999	WT	PHILLIPS PETR	DOCEFJORD	V-50035	Cash in Ban	40,638.89	-294,700.52
Total Lightering C		•••	Traces of Circus	BOOLI SOND	V-20000	Oddin ni Dan	-294,700.52	-294,700.52
otal Cost of Sales	•							
nk Service Charg	es						-30,305,714.64	-30,305,714.64
Deposit	7/14/1999	FID	FIDUCIARY DEP	DOCEFJORD	V-50035	Cash in Ban	-506.15	-506.15
otal Bank Service C	harges						-506.15	-506,15
ommissions General Journal	5/24/1999			Dogge John				
General Journal	7/8/1999			DOCEFJORD DOCEFJORD	V-50035 V-50035	Hedge Gain Hedge Gain	-4,080.00 -30,337.30	-4,080.00 -34,417.30
otal Commissions						-	-34,417,30	-34,417.30
dge Gain /(Loss)								
General Journal	5/24/1999			DOCEFJORD	V-50035	-SPLIT-	14,070.00	14,070.00
General Journal General Journal	5/31/1999	ddaje			V-50035	460/Paribas	1,790,470.00	1,804,540.00
General Journal	5/1/1999 7/8/1999	JJREV		DOCEFJORD DOCEFJORD	V-50035	460/Paribas	-1,790,470,00	14,070.00
General Journal	7/8/1999			DOCEFJORD	V-50035 V-50035	-SPLIT-	1,426,940.00	1,441,010.00
				DOGETHORD	4-20035	Hedge Gain	-1,049,140.00	391,870.00
otal Hedge Gain /(Li	088)						391,870.00	391,870.00



Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Gross Sales Sales - Oil Produ	-4-							
Sales - Oil Produ Deposit	6/15/1999	rept	CARGO RECEIP	BERGE FOREST	V-50036	Cash - CAI 1	7,349,889.12	7,349,889.17
Deposit	6/16/1999	RCPT	CARGO RECEIP	BERGE FOREST-PHILLI	V-50036	Cash - CAI 1	7,975,076.43	15,324,965.5
Deposit	7/12/1999 7/16/1999	RCPT	CARGO RECEIP CARGO RECEIP	BERGE FOREST-CLARK	V-50036 V-50036	Cash - CAI 1 Cash - CAI 1	6,887,470.33 6,966,584.41	22,212,435.8 29,179,020.2
Deposit Total Sales - Oil F		ROF I	CARGO RECEIF	BERGE FORESTODORK	4-00000	Cash - CA I	29,179,020.29	29,179,020.2
Total Gross Sales	(Oddole						29,179,020.29	29,179,020.2
cost of Sales							29,179,020.29	29,178,020.2
Crude Purchases				*				
Check	5/17/1999	PYMT	CARGO PAYME	BERGE FOREST-ALFA	V-50036	Cash - CAI 1	-20,007,400.00	-20,007,400.0
Check General Journal	5/17/1999 5/31/1999	PYMT ddaie	CARGO PAYME	BERGE FOREST-NAFTA Berge Forest	V-50036 V-50036	Cash - CAI 1 Cargos in tra	-7,156,972.22 27,218,640.00	-27,164,372.2 54,267.7
General Journal	6/1/1999	JJRE6V		BERGE FOREST	V-50036	Cargos in tra	-27,218,640.00	-27,164,372.2
Total Crude Purch	hases						-27,164,372.22	-27,164,372.2
Interest								
Check	5/31/1999	INT LOAN	INTEREST CHA	BERGE FOREST BERGE FOREST	V-50036 V-50036	Cash - CAI 1 Cash - CAI 1	-6,157,99	-6,157.9 -73,382.8
Check Check	6/1/1999 6/14/1999	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD FIXED TERM AD	BERGE FOREST	V-50036	Cash - CAI 1	-67,224.87 -3,314.20	-76,697.0
Check	6/15/1999	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	BERGE FOREST	V-50036	Cash - CAI 1	-62.082.76	-138,779.8
Check	7/12/1999	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	BERGE FOREST	V-50036	Cash - CAI 1	-51,610.51	-190,390.3
Check	7/16/1999	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	BERGE FOREST	V-50036	Cash - CAI 1	-3,488.19	-193,878,5
Total Interest							-193,878.52	-193,878.5
Inspection								
Check	6/8/1999	WT	PETMAR	BERGE FOREST	V-50036	Cash - CAl 1	-9,925.00	-9,925.0
Check Check	6/29/1999 12/24/1999	WT WT	PETMAR INSPECTORATE	BERGE FOREST BERGE FOREST	V-50036 V-50036	Cash - CAI 1 Cash - CAI 1	-15,520.00 -8,345,74	-25,445.0 -33,790.7
Check	10/24/2000	INSP	OBC SHIPPING I	BERGE FOREST	V-50036	Cash - CAI 1	-662.50	-34,453.2
Total Inspection							-34,453.24	-34,453.2
Insurance								
Check	6/22/1999	WT	CRAIG FERGUS	BERGE FOREST	V-50036	Cash - CAI 1	-26,407.87	-26,407.8
Total insurance							-26,407,87	-26,407.8
L/C Charges								
Check Check	4/7/1999 4/7/1999	LC LC	L/C CHARGES L/C CHARGES	BERGE FOREST BERGE FOREST-ALFA	V-50036 V-50036	Cash - CAI 1 Cash - CAI 1	-8,520.00 -16,050.00	-8,520.0 -24,570.0
Total L/C Charge		tc	DC CHARGES	BERGE FORES I-ALFA	V-50036	Cash - CAI 1	-24.570.00	-24,570.0
Freight	•						-24,570,00	-24,370,0
Check	6/8/1999	WT	BERGENSEN D	BERGE FOREST	V-50036	Cash - CAI 1	-1,982,701.36	-1,982,701.3
Total Freight							-1,982,701.36	-1,982,701,3
Demurrage								,
Deposit	9/8/1999	RCPT	CLARK REFINING	BÉRGE FOREST	V-50036	Cash - CAI 1	6,257,59	6,257.5
Check	1/6/2000	WT	BERGENSEN D	BERGE FOREST	V-50036	Cash - CAI 1	-78,880.21	-72,622.6
Total Demurrage							-72,622.62	-72,622.6
Finance Charges								
Check Check	5/17/1999 5/17/1999	PYMT PYMT	CARGO PAYME CARGO PAYME	BRGE FOREST BRGE FOREST	V-50036 V-50036	Cash - CAI 1 Cash - CAI 1	-145.00 -155.11	-145.0
Check	5/17/1999	WT	NAFTA MOSKVA	BERGE FOREST	V-50036	Cash - CAI 1	-155.11 -16.61	-300.1 -316.7
Check	5/17/1999	PYMT	CARGO PAYME	BERGE FOREST-NAFTA	V-50036	Cash - CAI 1	-8,022.67	-8,339,3
Check	5/25/1999	BC	BANK CHARGES	BERGE FOREST	V-50036	Cash - CAI 1	-16,66	-8,356.0
Check	5/31/1999	BC	BANK CHARGES	BERGE FOREST-SERVI	V-50036	Cash - CAI 1	-49.85	-8,405.9
Check Check	6/8/1999 6/8/1999	WT WT	PETMAR	BERGE FOREST	V-50036	Cash - CAI 1	-16.32	-8,422.2
Check	6/15/1999	LOI	BERGENSEN D BANK CHARGES	BERGE FOREST-CLARK	V-50036 V-50036	Cash - CAI 1 Cash - CAI 1	-16.35 -625.00	-8,438.5 -9,063.5
Check	6/15/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	BERGE FOREST-CLARK	V-50036	Cash - CAI 1	-625.00	-9,063.5 -9,688.5
Check	6/15/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	BERGE FOREST-PHILLI	V-50036	Cash - CAI 1	-625.00	-10,313.5
Check	6/15/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	BERGE FOREST-MOBIL	V-50036	Cash - CAI 1	-625,00	-10,938.5
Check Check	6/22/1999 6/28/1999	WT W7	CRAIG FERGUS	BERGE FOREST	V-50036	Cash - CAI 1	-16.19	-10,954.7
Check Deposit	7/12/1999	W! RCPT	AMERICAN EAG CARGO RECEIP	BERGE FOREST BERGE FOREST	V-50036 V-50036	Cash - CAI 1 Cash - CAI 1	-16.24 -55.33	-10,971.0
Deposit	7/16/1999	RCPT	CARGO RECEIP	BERGE FOREST	V-50036	Cash - CAI 1	-55.33 -214.41	-11,028.3 -11,240.7
Check	1/6/2000	WT	BERGENSEN D	BERGE FOREST	V-50036	Cash - CAI 1	-16.15	-11,256.8
Total Finance Ch							-11,256.89	-11,256.8
Agent Commissi Check	lons 12/24/1998	wt	UNITED MANAG	BERGE FOREST	V-50036	Cash in Ban	-86.039.55	** ***
		171	OTHER INVIGAG	DENGE FORES	V-30036	Casil in part		-86,039.5
Total Agent Com	mesions						-86,039.55	-86,039.5

9:59 AM 07/15/04 Accrual Basis

Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Type	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Agent Commission	ins							
Check	12/24/1998	wt	UNITED MANAG	TIJUCA 4	V-50037	Cash in Ban	-168,295.75	-168,295.75
Total Agent Comm	issions						-168,295.75	-168,295.75
Commissions - R	ussia							
Check	6/8/1999	WT	NAFTA MOSKVA	TIJUCA	V-50037	Banque Pari	-29,699.25	-29,699.25
Total Commission	s - Russia						-29,699.25	-29,699.25
Lightering Charg	es 7/7/1999	wT	SKAUGEN PETR	TIJUCA	V-50037	Banque Pari	-290,701,39	-290,701.39
Check		W)	SKAUGEN PE I K	IBUCA	V-30037	Danque ran		
Total Lightering Ch	narges						-290,701.39	-290,701.39
Total Cost of Sales							-28,938,955.38	-28,938,955,38
Commissions General Journal General Journal General Journal General Journal	7/8/1999 7/9/1999 7/23/1999 7/23/1999			TIJUCA TIJUCA TIJUCA TIJUCA	V-50037 V-50037 V-50037 V-50037	Hedge Gain Hedge Gain Hedge Gain Hedge Gain	-19,342.00 -509.00 -3,054.00 -5,497.20	-19,342.00 -19,851.00 -22,905.00 -28,402.20
Total Commissions							-28,402 20	-28,402.20
Hedge Gain /(Loss) General Journal General Journal General Journal General Journal General Journal General Journal	5/31/1999 6/1/1999 7/8/1999 7/8/1999 7/9/1999 7/23/1999 7/23/1999	ddaje JJREV		tijuga Tijuga Tijuga Tijuga Tijuga Tijuga Tijuga	V-50037 V-50037 V-50037 V-50037 V-50037 V-50037 V-50037	460/Paribas 490/Paribas -SPLIT- Hedge Gain -SPLIT- -SPLIT- Hedge Gain	678,400.00 -678,400.00 -350,650.00 -2,787,300.00 -122,500.00 103,480.00 -179,000.00	678,400,00 0.00 -350,650.00 -3,137,950.00 -3,260,450.00 -3,156,970.00 -3,335,970.00
Total Hedge Gain /(Lo	oss)						-3,335,970.00	-3,335,970.00
Interest Income Deposit	7/7/1999	FID	FIDUCIARY DEP	TIJUCA	V-50037	Banque Pari	761,06	761,06
Total Interest Income							761.06	761.08
OTAL							339,854.12	339,864.12

Statement of Allocations for the Phase Subsequent to Phase (7) (Million Barrels)

06/14/2000

No.	Country	Ph	ations in use (6)		ons in Phase (7)	th Sub P	cations for te Phase sequent to hase (7)	Remarks	
1	Russia	135	34.6%	115	32.4%	137	32.2%		
	A- Regular Requests	118		100 5		1111			
	Zarubezhneft	21		20		18		Russian Ministry of Energy	
	Machinoimport	10		10.5		8	-	Russian Ministry of Foreign Trade	
	Zan Gas	8		6		6	1	Russian Ministry of Machinery	
	Alfa Eco	13		11		12		Front company for the Russian Ministry of Foreign Affairs	
	Tyumen	4		3		4		Front company for the Russian Ministry of Foreign Affairs	
	Mr. Issakov	-		-		14		The Russian Presidential Council	
	Actec	16		14.5		16		Communist Party	
~	Tatneft	9		8		6		Taterstan Region	
	Bazhneft	-		4		3		Bashkirstan Region	
	Slavneft	2		-		5		Government company (Mr. Gotzeriev)	
	Gasprom	6		5		5		Government gas company	
	Lukoil	7		4.5		1 -		Western Al-Qiranah contract	
	Sirgotneftgas	-		3		1		Joint company	
	Oil and Gas for Eastern Siberia	-		1		-		Joint company	
	Rosneft	5		3 2		3		Government company	
	Nafta Moscow	5		2		4		Joint company	
	Onaco	4		3		4		Urenberg region (Mr. Zhinomirtin)	
	Sidanco	3		-		-		Mr. Zhirinovsky before	
	Transneft	3		2		2		Government oil transport company	
	B- Special Requests								
	Raomes	4 —		1.5		2		Former Russian ambassador	
	Mr. Zhirinovsky	10	> 17	6.5		9			
	Mrs. Saji Omalatov	3		2	14.5	3			
	Mr. Shafrank	-		1.5	1/	3	26		
	Political Science Academy	-		1.5/	1	2			
	Gobken University for Oil & Gas	-		1.5		2//			
	Mr. Stroyev, head of Unity Russian Council	•				3//			
	Nord West Group	-		1	1	2/		Mr. Tetrenco	

[TC: There is a hand-written note in Arabic that reads as follows] To: The Executive Director of SOMO

We have obtained the verbal approval of the president, may God protect him, as well as the verbal approval of the vice-president of the republic on the editorial comment on the Parliament's meeting in the morning of 06/25/2000. Please take the necessary measures for action

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) – FN 88

1	الملاظات	للزاة مابعد	الخمعمن ال	ربطه	نيون برمَنَانَ) . الإخصارض إلا	* - Als cal	التلمقمن	14 m 1 k	i in		3
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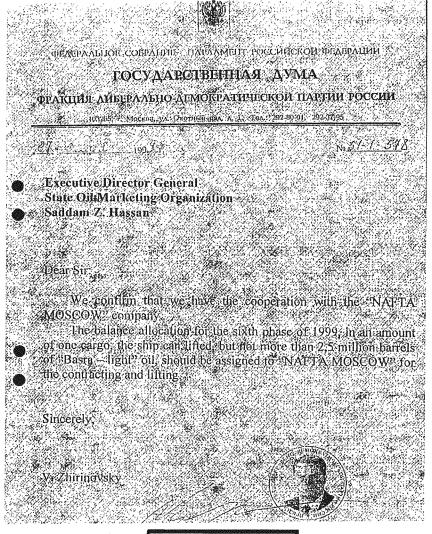
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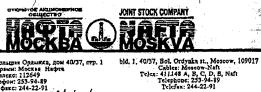
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Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 89

24 MAY '99 16:47 NAFTA M' YVA INTERCRUDE 2443300



109017 Москва, ул. Большка Ордынка, Иля телеграми: Москва Н Телеке: 112649 Телефон: 253-94-89 Телефакс: 244-22-91

_1999 r. No 132/-43/

To: BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LTD.

Attn: Mr. David B.Chalmers, Jr Mr. Ludmil Dionissley

fax: 1-713-224-81-01

Re: Basrah Light in June 1999 subject to corresponding Contracts further to our fax 1321-423 of 21.05.99.

We are enclosing herewith "SOMO" telex answer S/7432 of 24.05.99 regarding your nomination of m/t "KRAKA"/SUB to load abt 2000 MB by which they confirm loading date 5 June, 1999. Please urgently advise by return fax your reply in order we could inform "SOMO" accordingly.

Re: Conclusion of Contracts.

Since our representatives intend to leave Moscow for Baghdad on 27 May 1999 please urgently advise still today by return fax whether necessary arrangements are already made in order they could sign Contract with "SOMO", also kindly indicate allocated volumes and grades of crude oil. After receiving this information from you we shall prepare Addendum to existing Contract dated 19.02.99 between JSC "Nafta Moskva" and "Bayoil".

Simultaneously please urgently contact us by phone in order to agree on price clause. Mentioned Addendum could be signed by both sides now by fax and the originals later on either by sending them to "Bayoil" by DHL post or during next visit of your representatives to Moscow.

Awaiting your urgent reply on all above.

Enclosure: 1 sheet.

Best regards,

O. Gubanov - Acting General Director

Y.Poukhov - Deputy General Director

BAY09-01412

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 91

31 MAY '99 18:08 NAFTA MOSKVA INTERCRUDE 2443300

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION CRUDE_OIL_SALES_CONTRACT

NO. M/06/25

P.15/20

- 31 MAY '99 18:11 NAFTA MOSKVA INTERCRUDE 2443300

 8. Payments to SELLER under Sub Article 5-5 and Sub Article 6-7 of Section Two, and any other payments or awards under Article Thirteen of Section Two, are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.
- 9. This Contract shall be subject to SCR 986, SCR 1111, SCR 1143, SCR 1153, SCR 1210, SCR 1242, the Procedures and the Memorandum of Understanding between the Bearetariet of the United Nations and the Government of Iraq on the implementation of SCR 986 (United Nations document S/1996/356, dated 20 May 1996).

ARTTCLE TEN

In addition to the notices, declarations and other communications required under Article Fourteen, notices, approvals, declarations and communications required above for the Overseers, on behalf of the 661 Chemittee, shall be effected at the addresses below:-

FOR SELLER:

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION P.O.BOX 5113 BAGHDAD - IRAQ

TELEN: 212198 - 212199 SONO IK TELEPHONE: 964-1-2869561 964-1-7742040 - 10 Lines

964-1-2853925

FOR BUYER:

JOINT STOCK COMPANY, "WAFTA MOSKVA" MOSCOW, 40/37 ELDG. 1. BUSBAXA ORDINKA, MOSCOW 109017, RISSIA. TEL. 7095 - 244 - 19-19, 7095 244-40-80 SAT: 7502 220-30-27

FOR OVERSEERS: UNITED MATICNS, NEW YORK, U.S.A FAX: 212 - 963 - 1628

All other terms and conditions as per F.O.B. crude oil contract (Section two) No. M/O2/18 dated 12th day of August 1998.

This Contract has been done and signed on the 30th day of May 1999.

SABAH Y. AVNI

ACTING EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL

VIADISLAV A. EFREMOV CRUDE OTI. TRADING MANAGER MARINE DEPARTMENT

PACOSTA4

FOR BUYER

- 10 -

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq

Ministry of Oil State Oil Marketing Organization (State Company)

No.: KH1/8207 Date: 19 Safar, 1420 H Equivalent to 06/03/1999

dated 05/31/1999

Stamp Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister

No.: 677

Date: 06/03/1999

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

RE: Approval on Exported Crude Oil Contracts

Based on the allocations statement coupled with the approval of President Leader (may God protect him) as per the letter of the Presidency – Secretary no. 3080/K dated 05/27/1999 regarding the allocation of (10) ten million barrels to the company of the Liberal Democratic Party of Russia, please find below the details on the contract signed with Nafta Moscow Company on behalf of the

1- Number of Contract; M/06/25

2- Name of Company Buyer: Nafta Moscow 3- Nationality: Russian

3- Nationality: Russian
4- Quantity: (4) million barrels
5- Type of Crude Oil: Al-Basrah light FOB Al-Bakr terminal
6- Destination of Crude Oil: Europe and / or America
7- Pricing Formula: European and / or American markets depending on the need
8- Period of Supply: Until 11/20/1999
9- Estimated Value: (32.5) million U.S. dollars based on an estimated rate of \$13/barrel

For your review and approval, please.

Regards,

Saddam Zeben Hassan Executive Director

[TC: there is a hand-written note in Arabic that reads]
Please correct the numbers as per the telephone conversation.

[Miscellaneous notes]

Mr. Jalil

KH1 Follow instructions

For the approval of numster

06/09

[Page footer]

Arabic telex 5834 SOMO P.O. Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Telex 212198/212199 Tel. 7742040 - 10

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In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq Ministry of Oil State Oil Marketing Organization (State Company)

No.: KH1/8465 Date: 24 Safar, 1420 H Equivalent to 06/08/1999

dated 05/31/1999

Stamp
Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister
No.: 6322
Date: 06/202

Date: 06/08/1999

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

RE: Approval on Exported Crude Oil Contracts

Following to our memorandum no. KH1/8207 dated 06/03/1999, and based on the allocations statement coupled with the approval of President Leader (may God protect him) as per the letter of the Presidency – Secretary no. 3080/K dated 05/27/1999 regarding the allocation of (10) ten million barrels to the company of the Liberal Democratic Party of Russia, please find below the details on the contract signed with Nafta Moscow Company on behalf of the aforesaid party as a part of the above-mentioned quantity as follows:

- 1- Number of Contract: M/06/25 2- Name of Company Buyer: Nafta Moscow 3- Nationality: Russian

- 4- Quantity: (2.5) two million five hundred thousand barrels 5- Type of Crude Oil: Al-Basrah light FOB Al-Bakr terminal
- 6 Destination of Crude Oil: Europe and / or America
 7- Pricing Formula: European and / or American markets depending on the need
 8- Period of Supply: Until 11/20/1999
- 9- Estimated Value: (32.5) million U.S. dollars based on an estimated rate of \$13/barrel

For your review and approval, please.

Regards,

Saddam Zeben Hassan Executive Director

[Miscellaneous signatures]

For the approve For the approval of the minister

[Page footer]

Arabic telex 5834 SOMO P.O. Box 5118 Baghdad – Iraq

Telex 212198/212199 Tel. 7742040 - 10

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Commercial Invoice No.: B/155/90

JOINT STOCK COMPANY "HATTA MOSKVA" MOSCOM 121200 POSCOM G-200 12/34 SMOLENSKAYA - SENNAYA SQ.

Exporting Port : MINA AL BAKR TERMINAL

Sold to

Ship's Name Destination

NORTH AMERICA : EATON

7.7.1999 BNP Confirmation No. : W714526 : M/06/25 Contract No. Due date

Opening Bank L/C No. : LCIM2080315 Shipment No. : BBL/2620

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Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 96

(BASRAH LIGHT) IRAQI CRUDE OIL

Description of commodity

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CRIGINAL

For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

B/L DATE 8 /6 /1999

TO: FAX: IGOR LEBEDEV

011-7095-442-1206 011-7095-292-7724

FROM:

LUDMIL

DATE:

JUNE 30, 1999

PLEASE FIND BELOW FOLLOWING DRAFT TEXT OF THE LETTER WE HAVE DISCUSSED TODAY.

QUOTE

WE CONFIRM THAT WE HAVE A COOPERATION WITH "NAFTA MOSKVA", MOSCOW AND HEREBY AUTHORISE NAFTA TO CONTRACT THE WHOLF REMAINING PART OF THE ALLOCATION WHICH, AT THIS MOMENT, TOTALS 7,500,000 BARRELS OF BASRAH LIGHT CRUDE OIL.

IN ADDITION TO THIS, WE CONFIRM THAT WE HAVE AUTHORISED NAFTA TO LIFT THE ALREADY AGREED 4,000,000 BARRELS OF BASRAH LIGHT CRUDE OIL WITHIN THE PROGRAM DURING JULY 1999.

AT THIS TIME, WE KEEP OUR RIGHTS TO ADVISE YOU AT A LATER STAGE WHEN THE REMAINING 3,500,000 BARRELS OF BASRAH LIGHT CRUDE OIL WILL BE LIFTED BY NAFTA.

UNQUOTE

PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 97

Baya, 1 USA 9402

THE TH MOSKVA INTERCRUDE 2443300

ADDENDUM NO. 1 CONTRACT NO. M/06/25 DATED 30TH, MAY/1999

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION (SOMO) AND JOINT STOCK COMPANY "NAFTA MOSKVA" – MOSCOW, AGREED THAT:-

ARTICLE THREE (1) QUANTITY AND QUALITY IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:-

TYPE OF CRUDE

QUANTITY

PORT OF LOADING

BASRAH LIGHT

6,500,000

AL-BAKR

ALL OTHER TERMS AND CONDITIONS SHALL REMAIN UNCHANGED

DONE AND SIGNED ON THE 2ND DAY OF JULY 1999.

FOR SELLER

FOR BUYER

SABAH Y. AWNI ACTING EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL SOMO

YOURI N. PUKHOV

Mexical E.S. TSATOUROV

VICE PRESIDENT

DIRECTOR

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq Ministry of Oil State Oil Marketing Organization (State Company)

No.: KH1/10041 Date: 22 Rabi' 1, 1420 H Equivalent to 07/05/1999

date: 07/31/1999

Stamp

Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister

No.: 7484

Date: 07/05/1999

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

RE: Approval on Exported Crude Oil Contracts

Following to our memorandum no. KH1/8465 dated 06/08/1999, and based on the allocations statement for phase six, which was approved as per the letter of the Presidency – Secretary no. 3080/K dated 05/27/1999 regarding the allocation of (10) ten million barrels to the company of The Liberal Democratic Party of Russian (Zhirinovsky), please find below the details of the addendum of the contract signed with Nafta Moscow Company on 07/02/1999 on behalf of the aforesaid party, as another part of the quantity subject matter. Therefore, the quantity of (3.5) million barrels, which they requested later on, remains:

1- Number of Contract: M/06/25

2- Name of Company Buyer: Nafta Moscow (on behalf of Mr. Zhirinovsky) 3- Nationality: Russian

- 3- Nationality: Russian
 4- Quantity: It has been modified from (2.5) two-and-a-half million to (6.5) six million five hundred thousand barrels
 5- Type of Crude Oil: Al-Basrah light crude oil FOB Al-Bakr terminal
 6- Destination of Crude Oil: Europe and / or America
 7- Pricing Formula: As agreed on between Oil Marketing Company and the oil overseers
 8- Period of Supply: Until 11/20/1999
 9- Estimated Value: About (84.5) million dollars based on the rate of \$13/barrel

For your review and approval, please.

Regards,

Saddam Zeben Hassan Executive Director

[Miscellaneous signatures]

I approve

07/05

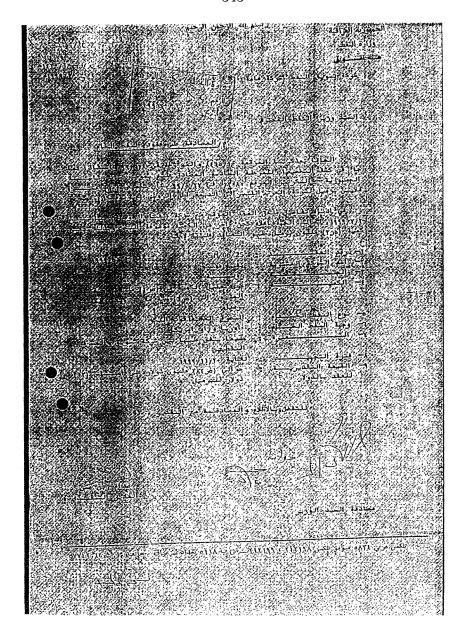
For the approval of minister

Office Copy

[Page footer]

Arabic telex 5834 SOMO P.O. Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Telex 212198/212199 Tel. 7742040 - 10



	<u>Kirkuk</u>	Al-Basrah	Total
 Contractual quantities through 07/12/1999 Quantities allocated and expected to be allocated 	156	200	356
- Zhirinovsky (Russia)	-	3.5	

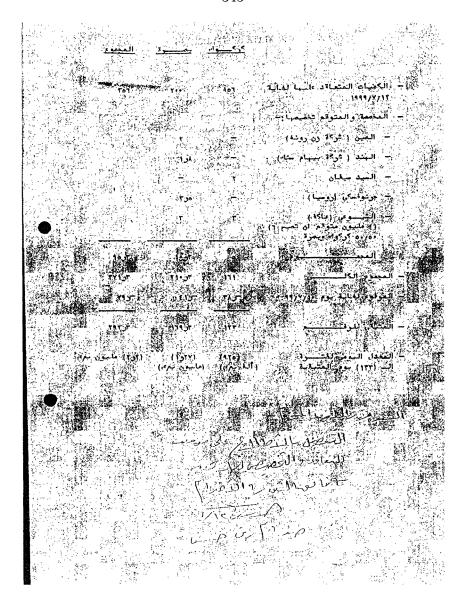
[This page has the following hand-written note in Arabic]

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

Please review the position of contractual party and the up-to-date allocation.

Regards,

Saddam Zeben Hassan 07/12



15 JUL '99 15:53 NAFTA MOSKVA INTERCRUDE 9334986

P. 1/1



bid. 1, 40/37, Bol. Ordynka st., Moscow, 109017 Cables: Moscow.Naft Telex: 41/148 A, B, C, D, B, Naft Telephone: 253-94-89 Telefax: 244-22-91

109017 Москва, ул. Большая Ордынка, дон 40/37, стр. 1

Для телестрами: Москва Нафта

Телеске: 112649

Телефан: 255-94-89

Телефане: 244-22-91

- 15 - JWY 19997. No 1550-21/1005

To : BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LTD. Attn.:David B.Chalmers, Jr

fax : 1-713-224-81-01

Ludmil Dionissiev

Re: additional volumes of Basrah Light

With reference to your fax message of 13.07.99 and telephone conversation in the morning of 14.07.99 please be advised that yesterday we applied to 'SOMO' with request to sign by fax Addendum No. 2 to Contract M/06/25 of 30.05.99 for the increase of quantity up to 10000.000 bbls Basrah Light and to accept layday 15th August 1999 for lifting of abt 2000 mb of mentioned crude.

By their telex s/10646 of 15.07.99 "SOMO" gave only partial reply to our inquiry and advised that there is no availability of Basrah Light during August.

In case we receive any additional information from "SOMO" we shall pass it to you

accordingly.

Best regards,

Deputy General Director

BAY09-01364

1999.07-15 13:19 713-2378949 BRYOIL 713-224-8101

COM No.	REMOTE STATION	START TIME	DURATION	PAGES	RESULT	USER: ID	REMARKS
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7460210182



TO:

NAFTA MOSKVA

FAX:

011 7095 933 49 06 or 244-22-91

ATTN:

Mr. O. Gubanov - Acting General Director Mr. Y. Poukhov - Deputy General Director

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.,

DATE:

July 15, 1999

Dear Sirs:

Thank you for your fax dated today.

We understand SOMO answer as a silent confirmation of what the allocation holder told us, i.e. "the contract is increased to 10,000,000 barrels and crude oil grade will be Basrah Light only".

Please request SOMO to confirm loading of Basrah Light crude oil of approx. 2,000,000 barrels on September 10 and the remaining part of the contractual quantity up to the total volume of the contract on October 10.

If, however, they find availability for loading in August we shall move back our October lifting for August 10 - 20,

Sincerely Yours, Bayoll Supply & Trading

BAY09-01363

01-JAN-1988 13:26 P.02

348

ADDENDUM NO. (2) CONTRACT NO. M/06/25 DATED 30TH, MAY/1999

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION (SOMO) AND JOINT STOCK COMPANY "NAFTA MOSKVA" - MOSCOW, AGREED THAT :-

- 1- ARTICLE TWO (2) IS AMENDED TO READ:
 THE ULTIMATE CONSUMER OF THE CRUDE OIL SOLD UNDER
 THE AM CONTRACT SHALL TO THE U.S. AND/OR EUROPE FOR
 BASRAH LIGHT, AND EUROPE FOR KIRKUK CRUDE GIL.
- 2- ARTICLE THREE (I) QUANTITY AND QUALITY IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:-

TYPE OF CRUDE

BASRAH LIGHT

KIRKUK

OUANTITY

PORTIOF LOADING

AL-BAKR

CEYHAN

ALL OTHER TERMS AND CONDITIONS SHALL REMAIN UNCHANGED

DONE AND SIGNED ON THE 31 ST DAY OF JULY 1999.

FOR SELLER

FOR BUYER

SADDAM Z HASSAN
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL
S O M O

YOURI N. PUKHOV DEPUTY GENERAL DIRECTOR v. Valuey ACTING GENERAL DIRECTOR

Herry

PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 103

TOTAL P.02

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq

Ministry of Oil
State Oil Marketing Organization (State Company)

No.; KH1/11537 Date: 08/01/1999

Stamp Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister No.: 8681 Date: 08/01/1999

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

RE: Approval on Exported Crude Oil Contracts

Following to our memorandum no. KH1/10041 dated 07/05/1999, and based on the allocations statement for phase six, which was approved as per the letter of the Presidency – Secretary no. 3038/K dated 05/27/1999 regarding the allocation of (10) ten million barrels to Mr. Zhirinovsky, please find below the details of addendum no. (2) of contract M/06/25 signed with Nafta Moscow Company on 07/31/1999 on behalf of the aforesaid party:

- 1- Number of Contract: Addendum no. (2) of contract M/06/25 dated 07/31/1999 2- Name of Company Buyer: Nafta Moscow (on behalf of Mr. Zhirinovsky) 3- Nationality: Russian

- Nationality: Russian
 A Quantity: It has been modified from (6.5) six million five hundred thousand barrels to (10) ten million barrels
 Type of Crude Oil: Kirkuk crude oil FOB Ceyhan terminal
 Destination of Crude Oil: Europe
 Pricing Formula: As agreed on between Oil Marketing Company and the oil overseers
 Formula: As agreed on between Oil Marketing Company and the oil overseers
 Form time to time.
 Period of Supply: Until 11/20/1999
 Estimated Value: (59.5) million dollars based on an estimated rate of \$17/barrel

For your review and approval, please.

Regards,

Saddam Zeben Hassan Executive Director

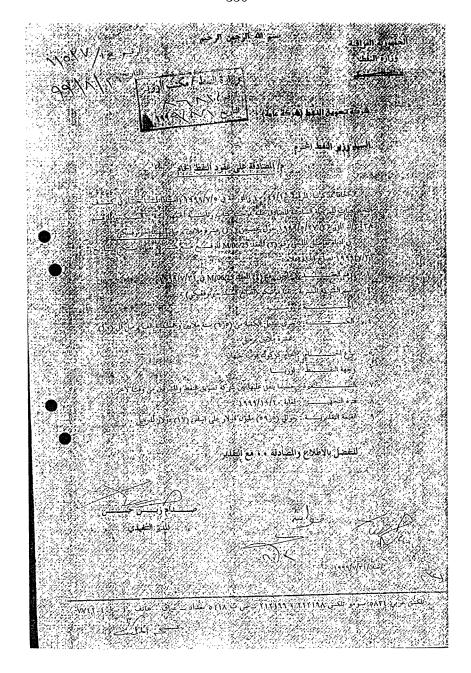
[Miscellaneous signatures]

Office copy

[Page footer]

Arabic telex 5834 SOMO P.O. Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Telex 212198/212199 Tel. 7742040 - 10



Commercial Invoice No.: B/155/90

JOINT STOCK CCMPANY 'HAFTA MOSKVA' MOSCOM 121200 : MOSCOM G-200 32/34 SMOLENSKAYA - SENNAYA SQ. HINA AL BAKR TERMINAL

: 7.7.1999 : M/06/25 Contract No.

Opening Bank LVC No. : LCIM2080315 Shipment No. : BBL/2620 BNP Confirmation No. : W714526

> . NORTH AMERICA EATON

Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination

Sold to

Countr	Country of origin: 18A0			Shipment No.	: BBL/2620
odity	-	Quantity		Price per	Total value
	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in U.S. Dollars
	326,401.196	321,245.21	2,393,440	14.148	33,862,389.12
T 60 F					33,862,389.12

Total U.S. Dollars: THIRTY THREE MILLION EIGHT HAURED SEXCY IND THEISHAUFTHEE HAURED EIGHEY NEUE, AND THEME CENUS.

33.03 API GRAVITY AT 60 %

PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 105

Description of commodity

IRAQI CRUDE OIL (BASRAH LIGHT) PERE (SICULATION : WIT (SECOND MONTH) HINDS \$ 4.00/BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE DUDATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15TH DAY FROM THE BLY DAYE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL WANKET WIRE HINDS \$ 0.09 API UE-ESCALATION

INVESTED IN THE WHITED NATIONS AT BANGUE NATIONS BY BANGUE NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT, NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT,

B/L DATE 8 /6 /1999

QRIGINAL

For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

Commercial Invoice No.: C/198/99

: CK/4564

	: 21.9 .1999	: M/06/25	lo. : W 715460	lo. : CI0198020	: CK/4564
	Due date	Contract No.	BNP Confirmation No. : W 715460	Opening Bank L\C No. : CI0198020	Shipment No.
JOINT STOCK COMPANY 'NAFTA MOSKVA' MOSCOW	121200 MOSCOM G-200 32/34 SMOLENSKAYA -SENNAYA SG.	Saporting Port : ceyhan terminal -turkey	: LEONIS	: EUROPE	I: IRAQ
	Sold to	Exporting Port	Ship's Name	Destination	Country of origin: 1RAQ
Ш	1	//			

Description of commodity		Quantity		Price per	Total value
Carolina o commodul	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in U . S . Dollars
IRAQI CRUDE OIL				1	
(KIRKUK)	80,954.648	79,675.85	596,139	18.547	11,056,590.03
33,77 API GRAVITY AT 60 %					11,056,590.03

Total U . S . Dollars ; eleven million fifty six thousand five handred ninety and three cent

Price Calculation : DATED BRENT MINUS \$ 1.55/BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE B/L DATE AS PUBLISHED IN THE PLATT'S CRUDE OIL HARKET WIRE

MINUS \$ 0.22 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONALE DE S.A. NEM YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-001-08

PARIS,

B/L DATE 23 /8 /1999

Y. H. IBRAHIM
For State Oil Marketing Organization
HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

Commercial Invoice No.: C/223/99

JOINT STOCK COMPANY 'NAFTA MOSKVA' MOSCOM
121210 MOSCOM 6-2200
132134 SMOLEMSKAYA. SERNAYA SG.
CEYHAN TERHINAL -TURKEY SEADANCER : EUROPE Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination Sold to

Opening Bank L\C No. : LCIM2090146 BNP Confirmation No. : W 715765 : M/06/25 : CK/4587 Shipment No. Contract No.

: 16.10.1999

Due date

19,014,705.19 19,014,705.19 in U . S . Dollars Total value Price per Barrel FOB 21.247 U.S. Bbls 894,936

119,499.62

121,417.589

33.93 API GRAVITY AT 60°F

Long Tons Quantity

Metric Tons

Description of commodity

IRAQI CRUDE OIL

(KIRKUK)

Country of origin: 1RAG

Total U . S . Dollays : nineteen million fourteen thousand seven hondred five and nineteen cent.

Price Calculation : DATED BRENT MINUS \$ 1,25/BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE B/L DATE AS PUBLISHED IN THE PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.20 API DE-ESCALATION PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-001-08

B/L DATE 17 /9 /1999

I. ANCHUAEIB For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

Commercial Invoice No.: B/260/99

JOINT STOCK COMPANY 'NAFTA MOSKVA' MOSCOM 121200 : MOSCOW G-200 32/34 SMOLENSKAYA - SENNAYA SQ. : MINA AL BAKR TERMINAL NORTH AMERICA : KAROLINE Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination Sold to

Country of origin: IRAQ

Opening Bank L\C No. : 102.099/C5 BNP Confirmation No. : W 715849 : M/06/25 Contract No.

: 23.10.1999

Due date

: BBL/2701 PART(1) Shipment No.

		J	104	
Total value	in U.S. Dollars	-	4,565,000.00	4,565,000.00
Price per	Barrel FOB		18.260	
	U.S.Bbls		250,000	
Quantity	Long Tons		33,778.54	
	Metric Tons		34,320.686	
Description of commodity	function to mondrose	IRAQI CRUDE OIL	(BASRAH LIGHT)	32.00 API GRAVITY AT 60%

Total U.S. Dollars: FOUR MILLION FIVE HUNDRED SIXTY FIVE THOUSAND ONLY

Price Calculation : WII (SECOND MONTH) MINUS \$ 3.60/BBL AVERACE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STAKTING FROM THE 15TH DAY FROM THE B/L DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.20 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS.

S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT,

ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-001-08

B/L DATE 24/9 /1999

CEIGINAL



State Oil Marketing Organization

Commercial Invoice No.: C/257/99

F.O Box 5118 Bagndad-1raq	JOINT STOCK COMPANY 'NAFTA MOSKVA' MOSCOW	121200 MOSCOW G-200 12/34 SMOLENSKAYA - SENNAYA SG.	CEYHAN TERMINAL -TURKEY	: STENA CONVOY	EUROPE
		Sold to	Exporting Port	Ship's Name	Destination
)		

Country of origin; 1RAQ

Opening Bank LVC No. : 102'324/C5 BNP Confirmation No. : W 716376 : M/06/25 Contract No.

: 18.11.1999

Due date

: CK/4617 Shipment No.

The state of the s	The same of the sa		The state of the s	A	Contract of the Contract of th	
vibounion of commodity		Quantity		Price per	Total value	
	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U . S . Bbls	Barrel FOB	in U . S . Dollars	
	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	070 070	0	יאל טכ	37 205 665 B1	
	246,666.233	242,163.18	1,819,259	T C #	10.000,002,10	
34.04 API GRAVITY AT 60 %					37,205,665.81	

Total U.S. Dollais: Thirty seven million the hundred five thousand six hundred sixty five and eighty che cent

Price Calculation : DATED BRENT MINUS \$ 1.25/BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 9/L DATE AS PUBLISHED IN THE PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONALE DR PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-001-08

B/L DATE 20 /10 /1999

CRIGINAL

Y. H. IBRAHIM
For State Oil Marketing Organization
HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

Commercial Invoice No.: B/193/99

JOINT STOCK COMPANY 'NAPTA MOSKVA' MOSCOW 121200 : MOSCOW G-200 32/34 SMOLENSKAYA - SENNAYA SQ. : MINA AL BAKR TERMINAL NORTH AMERICA ASTRO GAMMA Exporting Port Ship's Name Sold to

Destination

Description of commodity

Opening Bank L\C No. : 101.565/C5 BNP Confirmation No. : W 715052

: 21.8 .1999

: M/06/25

Contract No. Due date

: BBL/2651 Shipment No.

	-			
: BBL/2651	Total value	in U . S . Dollars	16.971 32,068,435.54	32,068,435,54
Shipment No.	Price per	Barrel FOB	16.971	
		U.S. Bbls	1,889,602	
	Quantity	Long Tons	255,425.57	
Country of origin: 18A0		Metric Tons	259,525.150	
Country	įį		**	4 60 4

Total U. S. Dollars :THIRTY TWO MILLION SIXTY EIGHT THOUSAND FOUR HUNDRED THIRTY FIVE AND FIFTY FOUR CENTS

31.92 API GRAVITY AT 60 %

(BASRAH LIGHT) IRAQI CRUDE OIL

Price Calculation : WTI (SECOND MONTH) MINUS \$ 4.20/BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROW THE STAND MAY FROM THE BLID DAY FROM THE BLID THE BLID DAY BROWD THE STAND AND TO BE AND THE WINGS \$ 0.20 AND TO SECOLARION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANGUE NATIONALE DE PARIS,

S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-001-08

B/L DATE 23/7 /1999

CRIGINAL

For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT. I. A. SHUAEIB

10:08 AM 07/16/04 Accrual Basis

Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1996 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Deposit	8/11/1999	RCPT	CARGO RECEIP	EATON	V-50043	Cash in Ban	-85.00	-30.880.18
Deposit	8/13/1999	RCPT	CARGO RECEIP	EATON	V-50043	Cash in Ban	-85.00	-30,965,18
Check	8/13/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	EATON-MOBIL	V-50043	Cash in Ban	-500.00	-31,465,18
Check	8/16/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	EATON-VALERO	V-50043	Cash in Ban	-500.00	-31,965,18
Deposit	8/16/1999	ropt	CARGO RECEIP	EATON	V-50043	Cash in Ban	-85.00	-32,050,18
Check	8/31/1999	WT	AMERICAN EAG	EATON	V-50043	Cash in Ban	-22.91	-32,073.09
Check	9/1/1999	WT	CRAIG FERGUS	EATON	V-50043	Cash in Ban	-23.08	-32,096,17
Check	11/23/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	EATON	V-50043	Cash in Ban	-55,45	-32,151,62
Check	11/23/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	EATON	V-50043	Cash in Ban	-55,45	-32,207.07
Check	11/23/1999	LOS	BANK CHARGES	EATON	V-50043	Cash in Ban	-55.45	-32,262,52
Check	11/23/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	EATON	V-50043	Cash in Ban	-55.45	-32,317,97
Check	11/23/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	EATON	V-50043	Cash in Ban	-55.93	32,373,90
Check	11/23/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	EATON	V-50043	Cash in Ban	-55.93	-32,429,83
Check	12/2/1999	WT	RECOLA MARIN	EATON	V-50043	Cash in Ban	-21.87	-32,451.70
Check		WT			V-50043			
	1/5/2000	VV i	LONE STAR TA	EATON	V-50043	Cash in Ban	-22.51	-32,474.21
Total Finance Cha	-						-32,474.21	-32,474.21
Agent Commission Check	12/24/1998	wt	UNITED MANAG	EATON 2	V-50043	Cash in Ban	-22,709,88	-22,709.88
		WT						
Check	6/21/1999 8/10/1999		PLASCO SHIPPI	EATON	V-50043 V-50043	Cash - CAi 1,	-384,174.92	-406,884.80
Check		WT	LONE STAR TA	EATON		Cash in Ban	-24,327.99	-431,212.79
Check	1/5/2000	WT	LONE STAR TA	EATON	V-50043	Cash in Ban	-763.86	-431,976.65
Total Agent Comm							-431,976.65	-431,976.65
Commissions - R	tussia 7/7/1999	WT	NAFTA MOSKVA	EATON	V-50043			
Check		WI	NAF IA MUSKVA	EATON	V-50043	Cash in Ban	-71,803.20	-71,803.20
Total Commission							-71,803.20	-71,803.20
Lightering Charg								
Check	8/31/1999	WT	AMERICAN EAG	EATON	V-50043	Cash in Ban	-485,109.72	-485,109.72
Check	10/13/1999	WT	AMERICAN EAG	EATON	V-50043	Banque Pari	15,000.00	-469,109.72
Total Lightering Cl	harges						-469,109.72	-469,109.72
otal Cost of Sales							-37,135,707.82	-37,135,707.82
ank Service Charg								
General Journal	8/5/1999	bo	BANK CHARGES	EATON	V-50043	461/Paribas	320.00	320.00
olal Bank Service Cl	harges						320.00	320.00
ommissions								
General Journal	6/18/1999			EATON	V-50043	Hedge Gain	-51,000.00	-51,000.00
General Journal	8/10/1999			EATON	V-50043	Hedge Gain	-17,092.00	-68,092.00
General Journal	8/10/1999			EATON	V-50043	Hedge Gain	-24,625.20	-92,717.20
stal Commissions							-92,717.20	-92,717.20
edge Gain /(Loss)								
General Journal	6/18/1999			EATON	V-50043	-SPLIT-	-541.560.00	-541.560.00
General Journal	8/10/1999			EATON	V-50043	-SPLIT-	-135,940,00	-677,500.00
General Journal	8/10/1999			EATON	V-50043	Hedge Gain	-5,286,800.00	-5,964,300.00
otal Hedge Gain /(Le	085)				. 505.45		-5,964,300.00	-5,964,300.00
AL.							401,280.49	401,280.49

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) – FN 106

Page 2

10:19-AM 07/16/04 Accrual Basis

Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Spilt	Amount	Balance
Finance Charges								
Check	8/16/1999	BC	BANK CHARGES	ASTRO GAMM	V-50047	Banque Pari	-17,32	-17.32
Check	8/20/1999	WT	NAFTA MOSKVA	ASTRO GAMMA	V-50047	Banque Parl	-17,54	-34.88
Check	8/20/1999	PYMT	CARGO PAYME	ASTRO GAMMA	V-50047	Banque Parl	-52.71	-87.57
Check	8/20/1999	PYMT	CARGO PAYME	ASTRO GAMMA-UN CH	V-50047	Banque Parl	-35,674.75	-35,762,32
Check	9/8/1999	WT	ASTRO TANKER	ASTRO GAMMA	V-50047	Banque Pari	-20.45	-35,782.77
Check	9/16/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	ASTRO GAMMA-CLARK	V-50047	Banque Pari	-500,00	-36,282.77
Deposit	9/16/1999	RCPT	CARGO RECEIP	ASTRO GAMMA	V-50047	Banque Pari	-500,00	-36,782.77
Deposit	9/16/1999	RCPT	CARGO RECEIP	ASTRO GAMMA	V-50047	Banque Parl	-70.53	-36,853.30
Check	9/17/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	ASTRO GAMMA-VALERO	V-50047	Banque Pari	-570,00	-37,423.30
Check	9/21/1999	WT	SKAUGEN PETR	ASTRO GAMMA	V-50047	Banque Parl	-16.99	-37,440.29
Check	9/22/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	ASTRO GAMMA-FINA	V-50047	Banque Pari.,.	-570.00	-38,010.29
Check	9/24/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	ASTRO GAMMA-VALERO	V-50047	Banque Parl	-570,00	-38,580.29
Deposit	9/24/1999	RCPT	CARGO RECEIP	ASTRO GAMMA	V-50047	Banque Pari	30.00	-38,550,29
Check	11/8/1999	WT	ASTRO TANKER	ASTRO GAMMA	V-50047	Banque Parl	-20.25	-38,570.54
Total Finance Char	rges						-38,570.54	-38,570.54
Agent Commissio								
Check	5/26/1999	wt	PLASCO SHIPPI	ASTRO GAMMA	V-50047	Cash - CAI 1	-15.112.92	-15,112,92
Check	7/23/1999	WT	PLASCO SHIPPI	ASTO GAMMA	V-50047	Cash - CAI 1	-306,119,42	-321,232,34
Check	1/5/2000	WT	LONE STAR TA	ASTO GAMMA	V-50047	Cash in Ban	-100.00	-321,332.34
Total Agent Comm	issions						-321,332.34	-321,332.34
Commissions - Re	ussia							
Check	8/20/1999	WT	NAFTA MOSKVA	ASTRO GAMMA	V-50047	Banque Pari	-56,688.06	-56,688,06
Total Commissions	s • Russia						-56,688.06	-56,688.06
Lightering Charge	P\$							
Check	9/21/1999	WT	SKAUGEN PETR	ASTRO GAMMA	V-50047	Banque Pari	-185.562.50	-185,562,50
Deposit	11/26/1999	WT	FINA OIL CHEMI	ASTRO GAMMA	V-50047	Banque Pari	47,734.36	-137,828.14
Total Lightering Ch	narges						-137,828.14	-137,828.14
otal Cost of Sales							-34,922,134.26	-34,922,134.26
ommissions								
General Journal	9/20/1999			ASTRO GAMMA	V-50047	Hedge Gain	-15,270.00	-15,270.00
otal Commissions							-15,270.00	-15,270.00
edge Gain /(Loss)								
General Journal	9/20/1999			ASTRO GAMMA	V-50047	-SPLIT-	-3,359,740.00	-3,359,740.00
otal Hedge Gain /(Lo	ess)						-3,359,740.00	-3,359,740.00
AL.							1,177,792.02	1,177,782.02

1:11 PM 07/16/04 Accrual Besis

Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1996 through December 2003

Type	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Salance
Gross Sales								
Sales - Oil Produ Deposit	ucts 10/15/1999	RCPT	CARGO RECEIP	SEADANCER-CROWN	V-50053	Cash in Ban	19,490,336.55	19,490,336,55
Total Sales - Oil		1107	O'TIOO NECEN	SEPERIOE (CONSTITUTE OF SEPERIOR OF SEPERI		oudr in Dan, ii	19,490,336,55	19.490.336.55
Total Gross Sales							19,490,336.55	19,490,336.56
Cost of Sales Crude Purchase Check	10/15/1999	PYMT	CARGO PAYME	SEA DANCER	V-50053	Cash in Ban	-19,014,705,19	-19,014,705,19
Total Crude Purc			ON CONTRACT	SEA DIRECTION	V-00000	Out in Danie.	-19.014,705.19	-19,014,705,19
Inspection							-10,014,100.10	-10,014,100.10
Check	5/22/2000	WT	PETRAK	SEA DANCER	V-50053	Cash - Well	-1.617.00	-1.517.00
Check	8/2/2000	INSP	INSPECTORATE	SEA DANCER	V-50053	Cash in Ben	-1,378,21	-2,995,21
Total inspection							-2,995.21	-2,995.21
Insurance								
Check	12/8/1999	WT	CRAIG FERGUS	SEA DANCER	V-50053	Cash in Ban	-13,595.99	-13,595.99
Total Insurance							-13,595.99	-13,595.99
L/C Charges	9/7/1999	LC	L/C CHARGES	SEADANCER	V-50053	Cash in Ben	*****	****
Check	*******	LC	DC CHARGES	SEADANCEN	V-50053	Cash in Ben	-22,710.00	-22,710.00
Total L/C Charge	96						-22,710.00	-22,710.00
Freight								
Check	9/24/1999	WT	INTERSEAS TR	SEADANCER	V-50053	Cash in Ban	-243,456.81	-243,456.51
Total Freight							-243,456.81	-243,456.81
Finance Charge	9/8/1999	BC	BANK CHARGES	SEADANCER-L/C AMEND	V-50053	Cash in Ben	-195.28	-195.28
Check Check	9/8/1999	WT	INTERSEAS TR	SEADANCER-L/C AMEND	V-50053 V-50053	Cash in Ben	-195,28 -22,79	-190.28 -218.07
Check	10/12/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	SEADANCER-CROWN	V-50053	Cash in Sen	-585.00	-803.07
Check	10/15/1999	PYMIT	CARGO PAYME	SEADANCER	V-50053	Cash in Ban	-15.361.78	-16,164,83
Check	10/15/1999	PYMT	CARGO PAYME	SEADANCER	V-50053	Cash in Ben	-85.00	-16,249.83
Check	10/18/1999	WT	NAFTA MOSKVA	SEADANCER	V-50053	Cash in Ben	-27.35	-15,277,18
Check	1/7/2000	WT	INTERSEAS TR	SEADANCER	V-50053	Cash in Ben	-22.52	-16,299.70
Check	8/2/2000	INSP	INSPECTORATE	SEA DANCER	V-50053	Cash in Ban	-20.66	-16,320.36
Total Finance Ch	narges						-16,320.36	-16,320.36
Agent Commiss	6/21/1999	Wτ	PLASCO SHIPPI	SEADANCER	V-50053	Cash - CAI 1	-152,139,12	-152,139,12
Check		VV ;	PDISCO SHIPPI	SEADANCER	V-50055	Casn - CAG I		
Total Agent Com							-152,139.12	-152,139.12
Commissions - Check	Russia 10/18/1999	WT	NAFTA MOSKVA	SEADANCER	V-50053	Cash in Ben	-26,848.08	-26,848.06
Total Commissio	ons - Russia					•	-26.848.08	-26,848,08
Miscellaneous (Charges							-,
Check	1/7/2000	WT	INTERSEAS TR	SEADANCER-COW EXPS	V-50053	Cash in Ban	-2,328.06	-2,328.06
Total Miscellane	oue Charges						-2,328.06	-2,328.06
Total Cost of Sales							-19,495,098.82	-19,495,098.82
OTAL							-4,762.27	4,782.27
							7,144.67	7,146.41

12:43 PM 07/18/04 Accrual Basia

Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1996 through December 2003

Type	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Demurrage								
General Journal 12	/31/1999	ddaje		Karoline	V-50054	-SPLIT-	76,906.57	-76,906.5
Deposit 15	31/2000	WT	CLARK REFINING	KAROLINE	V-50054	Banque Pari	1,405,55	-75,501.02
Chirck 2/4	4/2000	WT	ASTRO TANKER	KAROLINE	V-50054	Banque Pari	-95,103,80	-170,604,82
General Journal 3/3	31/2000	Je-Ck-10	Reverse ddaje	Karoline	V-50054	Estimated C	76,906,57	-93,698.25
Total Demurrage							-93,698.25	-93,698.25
Finance Charges								
	13/1999	BC	BANK CHARGES	KAROLINE	V-50054	Banque Pari	-16.91	-16.91
	15/1999	BC	BANK CHARGES	KAROLINE	V-50054	Banque Pari	-16.94	-33.85
	16/1999	BC	BANK CHARGES	KAROLINE	V-50054	Banque Parl	-171.00	-204.85
	27/1999	ba	BANK CHARGES	KAROLINE	V-50054	Banque Pari	-17,08	-221.9
	/22/1999	WT	NAFTA MOSKVA	KAROLINE	V-50054	Banque Pari	-17,60	-239.5
Cl:k 10	V22/1999	PYMT	CARGO PAYMÉ	KAROLINE	V-50054	Banque Pari	-45.00	-284.5
	/22/1999	PYMT PYMT	CARGO PAYME	KAROLINE	V-50054 V-50054	Banque Pari	-45,82	-330.3 -5,722.3
	V22/1999 V25/1999		CARGO PAYME BANK CHARGES	KAROLINE-UN CHRGS KAROLINE	V-50054 V-50054	Banque Pari 494/Paribes	-5,392.00 500.00	-5,722.3 -5,222.3
		BC						-5,222.3 -5,244.7
	/5/1999	WT	VALERO MARKE	KAROLINE	V-50054 V-50054	Cash in Ban Banque Pari	-22.37	
	/12/1999	wt	ASTRO TANKER	KAROLINE	V-50054 V-50054		-20.17	-5,264.8
	/16/1999	RCPT	CARGO RECEIP	KAROLINE		Banque Pari	-570,11	-5,835.0
	/16/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	KAROLINE	V-50054 V-50054	Bengue Peri,	-500.00	-6,335.0
	/18/1999	BC	BANK CHARGES	KAROLINE-CLARK		Banque Pari	-17.03	-6,352.0
	/18/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	KAROLINE	V-50054	Banque Pari	-570.00	-6,922.0
	/22/1999	RCPT	CARGO RECEIP	KAROLINE	V-50054	Banque Pari	-570.00	-7,492.0
	/23/1999	WT	ANTARES OIL S	KAROLINE	V-50054	Banque Pari	-20.14	-7,512.1
	/23/1999	WT	MTL PETROLIN	KAROLINE	V-50054	Banque Pari	-16.93	-7,529.1
	/23/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	KAROLINE-CLARK	V-50054	Banque Pari	-500.00	-8,029.1
	1/23/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	KAROLINE-FINA	V-50054	Sanque Pari	-570.00	-8,599.1
	14/2000	WT	ANTARES OIL S	KAROLINE	V-50054	Banque Pari	-19.86	-8,618.9
	4/2000	WT	ASTRO TANKER	KAROLINE	V-50054	Banque Pari	-19.34	-8,638.30
Total Finance Charges	\$						-8,638.30	-8,638.3
Agent Commissions								
	21/1999	WT	PLASCO SHIPPI	KAROLINE	V-50054	Cash - CAI 1	-42,342.33	-42,342.3
Cl:k 7/.	23/1999	WT	PLASCO SHIPPI	KAROLINE	V-50054	Cash - CAI 1	-157,67	-42,500.0
Tehal Agent Commissi	ions						-42,500.00	-42,500.0
Commissions - Russ	ia.							
	7/22/1999	WT	NAFTA MOSKVA	KAROLINE	V-50054	Banque Pari	-7,500,00	-7,500.0
To d Commissions - I	Russia						-7,500,00	-7,500.0
Li- fering Charges								
	1/23/1999	WT	MTL PETROLIN	KAROLINE	V-50054	Banque Pari	-234,861,00	-234,861,0
	14/2000	WT	FINA OIL CHEMI	KAROLINE	V-50054	Banque Pari	16,791.67	-218,069,3
To a Lightering Charg		•••	THE OLD GIVENING	- COLUMN	1-00004	Conque (un	-218,069.33	-218,069,3
1 - " Cigniering Charg	ler						-2 15,059,33	-218,069,3
ofct firest of Sales							-43,841,729.99	-43,841,729.9
om «sions								
	7/22/1999			KAROLINE	V-50054	Hedge Gain	-3,563.00	-3,563.0
	0/26/1999			KAROLINE	V-50054	Hedge Gain	-1,018.00	-4,581.0
	0/26/1999			KAROLINE	V-50054	Hedge Gain	-1,018.00	-5,599.0
	0/28/1999			karoline	V-50054	Hedge Gain	-1,018.00	-6,817.0
G raf Journal 10	0/29/1999			KAROLINE	V-50054	Hedge Gain	-1,527.00	-8,144.0
G - rai Journal 1	1/1/1999			KAROLINE	V-50054	Hedge Gain	-254.50	-8,398.5
	1/2/1999			KAROLINE	V-50054	Hedge Gain	-254.50	8,653.0
	1/2/1999			KAROLINE	V-50054	Hedge Gain	-609.00	-9,262.0
G rat Journal 1	1/17/1999			KAROLINE	V-50054	Hedge Gain	-24,835.60	-34,097.6
ota mmissions							-34,097.60	-34,097.6
ed Caln ((Loss)								
G rai Journal 19	0/22/1999			KAROLINE	V-50054	-SPLIT-	220,000.00	220,000
	0/26/1999			KAROLINE	V-50054	-SPLIT-	-98,520.00	121,480.0
	0/26/1999			KARLOLINE	V-50054	Hedge Gain	81,000.00	202,480.0
	0/28/1999			karoline	V-50054	-SPLIT-	64,000.00	266,480.0
	0/29/1999			KAROLINE	V-50054	-SPLIT-	-72,000.00	194,480,0
	1/1/1999			KAROLINE	V-50054	-SPLIT-	-19,000.00	175,480.
	1/2/1999			KAROLINE	V-50054	-SPLIT-	-27,500.00	147,980.0
	1/2/1999			KAROLINE	V-50054	-SPLIT-	-45,000,00	102,980.0
G ral Journal 1	1/17/1999			KAROLINE	V-50054	-SPLIT-	-1,977,260.00	-1,874,280.0
otal : Indge Gain /(Loss)						-1,874,280.00	-1,874,280.0
AL .							1,697,716.83	1,597,716.8
-							1,007,1710.00	1,001,110.0

10:31 AM * 07/16/04 Accrual Basis

Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1996 through December 2003

Type	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
iross Sales								
Sales - Oil Products								
	/21/199 9 0/5/1999	RCPT	CARGO RECEIP	LEONIS-CROWN	V-50057 V-50057	Cash - CAl 1 Cash - CAI 1	11,867,340.86 -65.485.68	11,867,340.86
		WY:	CROWN TRADE	LEONI	V-50057	Cash - CAI 1		11,801,855,18
Total Sales - Oil Prod	lucts						11,801,855.18	11,801,855.18
Total Gross Sales							11,801,855.18	11,801,856.18
Cost of Sales								
Crude Purchases								
Check 9	/21/1999	PYMT	CARGO PAYME	LEONIS-NAFTA	V-50057	Cash - CAI 1	11,056,590.03	-11,056,590.03
Total Crude Purchas	es.						-11,056,590.03	-11,056,590.0
Inspection								
	0/1/1999	WT	PETMAR	LEONIS	V-50057	Cash - CAI 1	-1.650.00	-1.650.0
	1/24/1999	WT	ANTARES OIL S	LEONIS	V-50057	Cash - CAI 1	3,315.00	-4.965.0
	/14/2000	WT	ANTARES OIL S	LÉONIS	V-50057	Cash - CAI 1	-825.00	-5,790.0
Total Inspection		•••	744774160 016 0111				-5.790.00	-5.790.0
							-5,780.00	-0,100.0
Insurance Check 5	/21/1999	WT	CRAIG FERGUS	LEONIS	V-50057	Cash - CAI 1	-8.016.70	-8.016.7
	0/5/1999	wt	CROWN TRADE	LEONIS	V-50057	Cash - CAI 1	-4,008.35	-12,025.0
Total Insurance							-12.025.06	-12,025.0
L/C Charges								
	V13/1999	LC	L/C CHARGES	LEONIA	V-50057	Cash - CAl 1	-14,875,00	-14,875.0
Total L/C Charges							-14,875,00	-14,875.0
							17,010.0	. ,,
Freight Check 9	V13/1999	WT	FRATELLI D'AMI	LEONIS	V-50057	Cash - CAI 1	-412,071.98	-412,071.9
Total Freight							-412.071.98	-412,071.9
Finance Charges								
	/24/1999	bc	BANK CHARGES	LEONIS	V-50057	Cash in Ban	-249.40	-249.4
	1/13/1999	WT	FRATELLI D'AMI	LEONIS	V-50057	Cash - CAI 1	-16.16	-265.5
	3/21/1999	RCPT	CARGO RECEIP	LEONIS-LOI	V-50057	Cash - CAl 1	-500.00	-765.5
	/21/1999	RCPT	CARGO RECEIP	LEONIS	V-50057	Cash - CAl 1	-55.86	-821.4
	/21/1999	PYMT	CARGO PAYME	LEONIS-BNP COMM	V-50057	Cash - CAI 1	-12.535.27	-13,356,6
	/21/1999	PYMT	CARGO PAYME	LEONIS-CAI CHRGS	V-50057	Cash - CAI 1	-184.70	-13.541.3
	721/1999	WT	NAFTA MOSKVA	LEONIS	V-50057	Cash - CAI 1	-16.30	-13,557,6
	/21/1999	WT	CRAIG FERGUS	LEONIS	V-50057	Cash - CAI 1	-16.37	-13,574.0
	0/1/1999	WT	PETMAR	LEONIS	V-50057	Cash - CAI 1	-16.77	-13,590,8
	10/5/1999	WT	CROWN TRADE	LEONIS	V-50057	Cash - CAI 1	-16.79	13,607.6
Total Finance Charg		***	CHOIM HODE	CLONIO	4-00007	Cash - Crs I	-13.607.62	-13,607.6
Agent Commission							,0,001,00	- 10,007.0
	s 5/21/1999	WT	PLASCO SHIPPI	LEONIS	V-50057	Cash - CAI 1	-101.343.63	-101,343.6
	/5/2000	WT	LONE STAR TA	LEONIS	V-50057	Cash in Ban	-5,351.58	-106,696.2
Total Agent Commis	sions						-106,695.21	-106,695.2
Commissions - Rus	sia							
	9/21/1999	WT	NAFTA MOSKVA	LEONIS	V-50057	Cash - CAI 1	-17,884.17	-17,884.1
Total Commissions	Russia						-17,884,17	-17,884.1
Total Cost of Sales							-11.639.539.06	-11,539,539.0
roam copy of Sales								,000,000.0
TAL							162,316.12	162,316.1
								The state of the s

1:18 PM 07/16/04 Accrual Basis

Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1996 through December 2003

	Date	Num	Name	Mamo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Gross Sales	4-							
Sales - Oil Produc Deposit	ts 11/18/1996	RCPT	CARGO RECEIP	STENA CONVOY	V-50060	Banque Pari,	38,570,395,61	38,570,3
Total Sales - Oil Pi		,,,,,,	D-100 (100L#	O I ELIVE USING I		ounque : um.	38.570.395.61	38,570,3
	Quicis						30,370,383.01	36,570,3
Total Gross Sales							38,570,395.51	38,570,3
Cost of Sales								
Crude Purchases Check	11/18/1999	PYMT	CARGO PAYME	errus connuc	\/ P0000	B B 1	27 227 445 44	
		PYMI	CARGO PAYME	STENA CONVOY	V-50060	Banque Pari	-37,205,665.81	-37,205,6
Total Crude Purch	2506						-37,205,665.81	-37,206,6
Interest							****	
Check Check	11/10/1999	LOAN LOAN	FIXED TERM AD FIXED TERM AD	STENA CONVOY STENA CONVOY	V-50060 V-50060	Benque Parl Benque Parl	-903.91 -1,278.25	-2.
Check	11/18/1999	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	STENA CONVOY	V-50060	Banque Pari	-1,276.25	-2.
Total Interest	711101100	2000	THE TENNITE	0.000000	4-00000	Ourque : ut	-2,370.21	-2.
							-2,314.21	-2,
Inspection Check	11/23/1999	WT	ANTARES OIL S	STENA CONVOY	V-50060	Banque Pari	-4,102.50	-4,
General Journal	12/31/1999	ddeje	THE PARTY OF ST.	Stena Convov	V-50060	Demurrage	-8,987.09	-13,
Check	1/7/2000	WT	ITS CALEB BRETT	STENA CONVOY	V-50060	Bengue Parl	-2.837.09	-15.
Check	1/14/2000	WT	ANTARES OIL S	STENA CONVOY	V-50060	Banque Pari	-6,150.00	-22,0
General Journal	3/31/2000	Je-Ck-04	Reverse ddaje	Stene Convoy	V-50060	Estimated C	8,967.09	-13,
Total Inspection							-13,089.59	-13,0
inaurance								
Check	12/8/1999	WT	CRAIG FERGUS	STENA CONVOY	V-50060	Benque Peri	-26,393.20	-26,
Total Insurance							-26,393.20	-26,
L/C Charges								
Check	10/14/1999	1c	L/C CHARGES	STENA CONVOY	V-50060	Banque Pari	-61,127,00	-61,
Total L/C Charges							-61,127,00	-81,
Freight							,	• .,
Check	11/5/1999	WT	STENA BULK AB	STENA CONVOY	V-50060	Banque Part,	-1,030,205,89	-1,030,
Total Freight							-1,030,205.89	-1,030
Demurrage							1,000,200.00	
General Journal	12/31/1999	ddaje		Stene Convoy	V-50060	-SPLIT-	-12,821.25	-12,
Check	1/24/2000	WT	STENA BULK AB	STENA CONVOY	V-50060	Banque Pari	-12,821,25	-25
General Journal	3/31/2000	Je-Ck-04	Reverse ddaje	Stene Convoy	V-50060	Estimated C	12,821.25	-12,
Total Demurrage							-12,821.25	-12,
Finance Charges								
Check	10/29/1999	LOI	BANK CHARGES	STENA CONVOY-OWN	V-50060	Benque Parl	-570.00	_
Check	11/5/1999	WT	STENA BULK AB	STENA CONVOY	V-50060	Banque Pari	-20.16	-
Check	11/18/1999	PYMT	CARGO PAYME	STENA CONVOY -UN C	V-50060	Banque Pari	-29,784.53	-30,
Check	11/18/1999	PYMT	CARGO PAYME	STENA CONVOY-PARIB	V-50060	Banque Parl	12,359.40	-42,
Check Check	11/18/1999 11/19/1999	PYMT LOI	CARGO PAYME	STENA CONVOY-PARIS	V-50060	Benque Pari	-52.26	-42,
Check	11/24/1999	WT	BANK CHARGES NAFTA MOSKVA	STENA CONVOY-CRO STENA CONVOY	V-50060 V-50060	Banque Pari Banque Pari	-570.00 -20.02	-43, -43,
Check	12/8/1999	WT	CRAIG FERGUS	STENA CONVOY	V-50060	Benque Pari	-16.84	-43,
Check	1/7/2000	WT	ITS CALEB BRETT	STENA CONVOY	V-50060	Banque Pari	-20.25	-43
Check	1/24/2000	WT	STENA BULK AB	STENA CONVOY	V-50060	Benque Pari	-19.46	-43,
Check	3/21/2000	WT	RABOBANK NED	STENA CONVOY	V-50060	Banque Pari	-18.86	-43
	4/13/2000	BK	BANK CHARGES	STENA CONVOY	V-50060	Banque Pari	-30,00	-43,
Check	mes						-43,461.78	-43,
Check Total Finance Cha								
Total Finance Cha Agent Commission	ens.							
Total Finance Cha Agent Commissio Check	ns 7/23/1999	WT	PLASCO SHIPPI	STENA CONVOY	V-50060	Cash - CAI 1	-223,722.91	
Total Finance Cha Agent Commission	ens.	WT WT	PLASCO SHIPPI PLASCO SHIPPI	STENA CONVOY STENA CONVOY	V-50060 V-50060	Cash - CAI 1 Cash - CAI 1	-223,722.91 -85,561.12	-223, -309,
Total Finance Cha Agent Commissio Check	7/23/1999 10/25/1999							
Total Finance Cha Agent Commissio Check Check Total Agent Comm Commissions - R	7/23/1999 10/25/1999 issions usala	ŴŤ	PLASCO SHIPPI	STENA CONVOY	V-50060	Cash - CAI 1	-85,551.12 -309,274.03	-309,
Total Finance Cha Agent Commissic Check Check Total Agent Comm Commissions - R Check	7/23/1999 10/25/1999 issions usala 11/24/1999						-85,561.12 -309,274.03 -54,577.77	-309, -306, -54,
Total Finance Cha Agent Commissic Check Check Total Agent Comm Commissions - R Check Total Commission	7/23/1999 10/25/1999 sissions uzala 11/24/1999 s - Russia	ŴŤ	PLASCO SHIPPI	STENA CONVOY	V-50060	Cash - CAI 1	-85,551.12 -309,274.03	-309, -309, -54,
Total Finance Cha Agert Commissic Check Check Total Agent Comm Commissions - R Check Yotal Commission Lightering Charge	7/23/1999 10/25/1999 iissions usala 11/24/1999 s - Russia	WT WT	PLASCO SHIPPI	STENA CONVOY	V-50060 V-50060	Cash - CAI 1 Benque Parl	-85,551.12 -309,274.03 -54,577.77 -54,577.77	-309, -309, -54,
Total Finance Cha Agent Commissio Check Chack Total Agent Comm Commissions - R Check Total Commission Lightering Charg- Check	7/23/1999 10/25/1999 10/25/1999 issions uzala 11/24/1999 s - Russia es 3/21/2000	ŴŤ	PLASCO SHIPPI	STENA CONVOY	V-50060	Cash - CAI 1	-85,561.12 -308,274.03 -54,577.77 -54,577.77 -16,720.22	-309, -309, -54, -54, -16,
Total Finance Cha Agent Commissio Check Check Total Agent Comm Commissions - R Check Total Commission Lightering Charg- Check Total Lightering Cl	7/23/1999 10/25/1999 10/25/1999 issions uzala 11/24/1999 s - Russia es 3/21/2000	WT WT	PLASCO SHIPPI	STENA CONVOY	V-50060 V-50060	Cash - CAI 1 Benque Parl	-85,561.12 -309,274.03 -54,577.77 -54,577.77 -16,720.22 -16,720.22	-309, -309, -54, -54, -16, -15,
Total Finance Cha Agent Commissio Check Chack Total Agent Comm Commissions - R Check Total Commission Lightering Charg- Check	7/23/1999 10/25/1999 10/25/1999 iissions uzala 11/24/1999 s - Ruesia es 3/21/2000	WT WT	PLASCO SHIPPI	STENA CONVOY	V-50060 V-50060	Cash - CAI 1 Benque Parl	-85,561.12 -308,274.03 -54,577.77 -54,577.77 -16,720.22	-309,

Page 1

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq Ministry of Oil No.: KH2/15083

Date: Jumada Al-Akhirah, 1420 H

State Oil Marketing Organization (State Company) Equivalent to 10/05/1999

Stamp

Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister

No.: 11388 Date: 10/07/1999

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

RE: Additional Quantities in Phase Six

All companies we do business with, and with whom we had the chance to meet or have a telephone conversation with their representatives lately, have shown the desire to obtain additional quantities during this phase.

Enclosed is table no. (1) for the companies in phase six and the additional quantities they requested (which we received in the form of a written or verbal request).

Enclosed, as well, is table no. (2) with the contractual and lifted quantities in the current phase and up to date.

Please review and advice.

Regards,

Saddam Zeben Hassan Executive Director

Enclosures:

- (2) tables

[TC: There is a hand-written note in Arabic that reads as follows] It is still under discussion waiting for the instructions of the vice-president of the republic... taking into consideration that the deputy prime minister endorsed the increase of (1) million barrels and (0.7) million barrels as indicated.

10/07

KH2

1- Pasqua (1) million

بسم الله الرحين الرحيم الجمهورية العراقية الرقسم رجمادي الاخرة ١٤٢٠م وزارة النفط 1 مكتب الوزيس Widdahi. No شركة تسوية النفط (شركة عامة) التاريخ ١١٠ ١٩٩٧

السيد وزير النقط المحتسب

وزارة النفط

م/ الكمسات الاشائسة للمرحلة" السائسة

ان جميع الثركات التي نتعاماً، معها والتي كانت جناف فرجة فلاحتمناية مو ممثليها أو التكلم معهم هاتليا خلال الايام السابقة أبدوا رفيتهم بالجمنسول على كميات اضافية خلال هذه المرحلة ،

مرفة فيا جدوا رام (١) سالشركات للفرحلة السادسة وسالكسيسيات الاضافية المطلوبة من قبلها (والتي وردتنا بصورة طلبات تعريبة أو تفتية)

مرفق اينا جنول رقم (٢) باحتساب الكميات المتعالى طبيا والمرابعة. من المرحلة الحالية لحد تاريخه .

يرجى تاهل سيادتكم بالأطلاع والتنسيب مع البنا

متعلمه بانتلا بيوه ماليه

		Table no. (1)	
Country/Company	Contractual Quantity (million barrels)	Additional Quantity Requested (million barrels)	Remarks
1- Russia	133		
A- Regular requests			
Zarubezhnefte	19	2	It was given (1) million barrels from the reserve quantity for Russia
Lukoil	7	Unspecified	
Machinoimport	10	-	Lifting the (4) million barrels remaining from the contract
Rosnefte Zangas Tatneft	5 8 9	Unspecified -	It was given (1) million barrels from the reserve quantity for Russia
Yucos Slavneft Gasbrom Transneft Nafta Moscow Sidanco Onaco	2 2 6 3 4 4 4	Unspecified Unspecified Unspecified - 2 - 4 -	
B- Special requests			
Unity & Peace Party Zhirinovsky Communist Party	3 10 16	- 0.5 -	
C- Regular requests / Special			
Alfa Eco / Russian Ministry of Foreign Affairs	13	Unspecified	It was given (1) million barrels from the reserve quantity for Russia
Tyumen / Russian Ministry of Foreign Affairs	4		
Raomes (the son of the ambassador)	4	10	

[There is a hand-written note in Arabic to the bottom that reads]

The minister has modified the table

النه الرابع المحاولة			بدون رمم	
المحتاد الحجاد الحداد الحد		المطلوبة	المتعادد علتها	المالة النوع المالة المالة
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翻 数:数据图像中国作用与数据中央数据 2000年间,这个时间的特别是一个人们的一种的特别。		Y		

19-JAN-00 WED 12:30 SOMO BAGHDAD FAX NO. 0096412853925 P. 2

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

NO. M/07/90

PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 110

- Payments to SELLER under Sub Article 5-5 and Sub Article 6-7 of Section Two, and any other payments or awards under Article Thirteen of Section Two, are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.
- This Contract shall be subject to SCR 986, SCR 1111, SCR 1143, SCR 1153, SCR 1210, SCR 1242,SCR 1281 the Procedures and the Memorandum of Understanding between the Secretariat of the United Nations and the Government of Iraq on the implementation of SCR 986 (United Nations document S/1996/356, dated 20 May 1996).

ARTICLE TEN

ADDRESSES:

In addition to the notices, declarations and other communications required under Article Fourteen, notices, approvals, declarations and communications required above for the Overseers, on behalf of the 661 Committee, shall be effected at the addresses below:-

FOR SELLER:

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION P.O.BOX 5118 BAGHDAD - IRAQ

212198 - 212199 SOMO IK 964-1-2869561 964-1-7742040 - 10 Lines 964-1-2853925 TELEPHONE: FAX:

FOR BÜYER:
TYUMEN OIL COMPANY (TNK) - MOSCOW
107082, MOSCOW,
BALAKIREVSKY PER., 19
TEL: 7095-959-7146
FAX: 7095-959-7421
TLX: 485365 TNK RU

FOR OVERSEERS :

UNITED NATIONS, NEW YORK, U.S.A FAX: 212 - 963 - 1628

All other terms and conditions as per F.O.B. crude oil contract (section two) No. m/04/47 dated 16th day of August 1998.

This Contract has been done and signed on the 19th day of Jan. 2000.

FOR SELLER SHOOKIN

SADDAM 2. HASSAN EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL

SERGET ALEXEEV DIRECTOR

FOR BUYER

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq Ministry of Oil Marketing Commission

State Oil Marketing Organization (State Company)

Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister

No.: 878 Date: 01/22/2000

To: The Honorable Minister of Oil

RE: Exported Crude Oil Contracts Approval

Based on the statement of allocations (private) for phase seven, please find below the details of the contract signed with the Russian company Tyumen on 01/19/2000 on behalf of the Liberal Democratic Party of Russia (Mr. Zhirinovsky):

1- Contract No.: M/07/90

dated 01/19/2000

No.: KH1/1250

Date: 01/22/2000

- 2- Name of Company Buyer: Tyumen Russian on behalf of Mr. Zhirinovsky
 3- Nationality: Russian
- 4- Quantity: (6, 5) six million five hundred thousand barrels
- 5- Type of Crude Oil: Al-Basrah light
- Pestination: America / Europe
 Pricing formula: European / American quote for Al-Basrah light crude oil
 Period of Supply: Up to 06/08/2000
- 9- Estimated Value of contract in Dollar: (130) million U.S. dollars at the rate of \$20 per barrel

Please review and approve.

Regards,

المدير التنفيذي

Saddam Zeben Hassan Executive Manager

01/23

I approve [Signature]

[Page footer] Arabic telex 5834 SOMO P.O. Box 5118 Baghdad – Iraq

Telex 212198/212199 Tel. 7742040 - 10

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 111

الجمهودية العراقية بسم الله الرحين الرحيم وزارة النفط النفط المحترم وزارة النفط المحترم وزارة النفط المحترم الدن عامة) وزارة النفط المحترم الدن عامة) المحترم المسيد وزير النفط المحترم

م/ المصادقة على عقود النفط الخام المصدر

استنادا" لما جاء في كشف التخصيصات (الخاصة) للمرحلة السابعة ادناه تفــــاصيل العقــــد الموقع مع شركة تيومين الروسية بتاريخ ٢٠٠٠/١/١٩ لصالح الحزب الليبرالي الديمقراطــــي الروســــي (السيد جيرنوفسكي) .

٢. اسم الشركة المشترية : تيومين الروسية - لصالح السيد حيرنوفسكي

٣. الجنسية : روسية

نوع النفط الخام : البصرة الخفيف

٦. وجهة النفط الخسام : امريكا و/او اوربا

٧. التســـــعيرة : الاوربية و/او الامريكية لحنام البصرة الخفيف

٨. التحهيـــــز : لغاية ٨٦/٦٠٠٠

القيمة التقديريــــة : (١٣٠) مليون دولار على اساس (٢٠) دولار للبرميل .

للتفضل التفضل بالاطلاع والمصادقة مع التقدير .

صدام زبن حسن المدير التنفيذي

m'es

(1) 15 /32352

1 99

کس عربی ۸۳۵ه سومو تلکس ۲۱۲۱۹۸ ، ۲۱۲۱۹۹ ساص ب ۸۱۸ه بغذاد ــ عراق : هاتف ۱۰ ــ ۷۷٤۲۰۶۰

State Oil Marketing Organization P.O Box 5118 Bagkdad-Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/30/2000

: 5 .3. 2000 BNP Confirmation No. : V 717864 : M/07/90 Contract No. Duc dare

> TYLMEN OLD COMPANY , MOSCON HENN AL BAKR TERMINAL COLAR DUNDER

> > Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination

9255582148630

Sold to

- EUROPE

Country of origin: 1800

Opening Bank LNC No. : LCIM2107014

: BBL7.784	Total value	in U . S . Dolfars	52,506,557.88
Shipment No.	Price per	Barrel FOB	25.69
		U.S. Bbls	2,043,852

Ouantity

Description of commodity		(mm.)		,		
Common or mondineers	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S.Bbls	Barrel FOB	in U. S. Dollars	
RAQI CRUDE OIL	C37 CD0 DFC	0000	133 670 6		000	
(BASRAH LIGHT)	CC#.7/0///7	613,483.03	7070707077	69.67	90''' 50' 90'' 75	
13 S8 API GRAVITY NT 60%					52,506,557.88	

Total U . S . Dollais z first two million five humbred cex trougher five humbred fifth seven and electric seven.

Price Databasis of the Data Targe \$ 2.26/88, NVENCE OF TITS CONSECUTOR CONTINUES STREET BY THE TIES OF THE STREET BY THE TIES OF THE STREET BY TAKE THE TIES OF THE STREET BY TAKE THE TIES OF THE STREET BY THE TIES OF THE STREET BY THE BY THE STREET BY THE BY THE STREET BY THE STREET BY THE STREET BY THE STREE

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ORIGINAL

1. A. Shuaele For State Oil Markeling Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

B/I. DATE 5 /2 /2000

PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 112

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7/2/2004 2:54 PM

TOTAL 2000	144,846,601																																
QUANTITY	2,005,434	400,000	000'099	2,043,852	2,009,707	150,000	750,000	415,000	1,988,249	1,872,090	1,400,000	2,085,644	900,000	1,000,000	900,000	1,036,878	1,895,254	1,189,133	2,009,748	350,000	2,001,702	950,000	671,786	885,431	1,000,000	938,232	1,987,558	1,954,850	1,979,134	1,568,649	1,924,713	1,883,963	1.476.797
COUNTRY/SUPPLIER	ALFA ECO	FOSDYKE	LUKOIL	TNK	ALFA ECO	FOSDYKE	TNK	TNF	ALFA ECO	TNK	TNK	FOSDYKE	SOVOIL	FOSDYKE	SOVOIL	ALFA ECO	ALFA ECO	NAFTEX (ON BEHALF OF BASHNEFT)	ALFA ECO	FOSDYKE	HORTEX	SOVOIL	FOSDYKE	NAFTEX (ON BEHALF OF BASHNEFT)	ALFA ECO	FOSDYKE	ALFA ECO	NAFTA	SOVOIL	LUKOIL	SOVOIL	ROSNEFT	SOVOIE
VESSEL	ARGO HEBE	AMAZON FALCON	AMAZON FALCON	GOLARD DUNDEE	TARIM	STENA CONGRESS	STENA CONGRESS	BOREE	FRONT COMMANDER	STENA CONDUCTOR	CROWN JEWEL	MARINE PACIFIC	MARINE PACIFIC	MARINE ATLANTIC	MARINE ATLANTIC	MARINE ATLANTIC	ASTRO GAMMA	ESSEX	REGAL UNITY	STAVROS G.L.	STAVROS G.L.	ANDROS GEORGIOS	ANDROS GEORGIOS	ALINA	FRONT VANADIS	FRONT VANADIS	FRONT SABANG	FRONT DUCHESS	FRONT VANADIS	ASTRO BETA	AMAZON EAGLE	LICORNE PACIFIQUE	AMAZON EAGLE
B/L DATE	1/13/2000	1/15/2000	1/15/2000	2/5/2000	2/15/2000	2/20/2000	2/20/2000	3/9/2000	3/15/2000	3/20/2000	II 4/11/2000	2/4/2000	10 2/4/2000	5/9/2000	26/5/2000 R	2/8/2000 pt	1 5/12/2000	000Z/8/9	(Z) 10 6/12/2000	U 6/13/2000	es 6/13/2000	N eit 6/15/2000	1 6/15/2000	0002/1/2000	6/30/2000	6/30/2000	7/10/2000	7/11/2000	7/14/2000	7123/2000	7/27/2000	8/3/2000	8/9/2000

1:46 PM 67/16/04 Accruni Benis

Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1996 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Gross Saies Saies - Oil Produc	cts							
Deposit	3/10/2000	RPT	CARGO RECEIP	GOLAR DUNDEE-EXXON	V-50070	Cash in Ben	56,638,204.70	56,638,204.70
Total Sales - Oil P	roducts						56,638,204.70	56,638,204.70
Total Gross Sales							56,638,204.70	56,638,204.70
Cost of Sales Pipeline Charges								
Check	2/11/2000	WT	SUMED	GOLAR DUNDEE	V-50070	Cash in Ban	-233,000.00	-233,000.00
Deposit	3/20/2000	WT	SUMED	GOLAR DUNDEE	V-50070	Cash in Ben	115,732.21	-117,267.79
Total Pipeline Cha	-						-117,267.79	-117,267.79
Crude Purchases Check	3/6/2000	PYMT	CARGO PAYME	GOLAR DUNDEE	V-50070	Cash in Ban	-52,506,557.88	-52,508,557.88
Total Crude Purch	2006						-52,506,557.88	-52,506,557.88
interest								
Check Check	3/9/2000 3/9/2000	INT	INTEREST CHA INTEREST CHA	GOLAR DUNDEE GOLAR DUNDEE	V-50070 V-50070	Cesh in Ben Cesh in Ben	-30,106.03 -799.79	-30,196,03 -30,905,82
Check	3/10/2000	INT	INTEREST CHA	GOLAR DUNDEE	V-50070	Cash in Ben	-10,522,57	-41,428,39
Total Interest							-41,428.39	-41,428.30
inspection								
Check Check	3/27/2000	WT WT	ANTARES OIL S	GOLAR DUNDEE	V-50070	Cash in Ben	-8,940.00	-8,940.00
General Journal	3/27/2000 3/31/2000	Je-Ck-16	ANTARES OIL S Accrual	GOLAR DUNDEE Golar Dundee(2)	V-50070 V-50070	Cash in Ben -SPLIT-	-5,340.00 -9,307.94	-14,280.00 -23,587,94
General Journal	4/30/2000	Je-Ck-12		Golar Dundee(2)	V-50070		-2,447.63	-26,035,57
Check Check	5/8/2000 5/25/2000	INSP WT	OIL INSPECTIO ITS CALEB BRETT	GOLAR DUNDEE(2) GOLAR DUNDEE	V-50070 V-50070	Cash in Ban Cash - Well	-9,307.94 -2,447.63	-35,343.51 -37,791,14
General Journal	5/31/2000	Je-Ck-15	Reverse Accruel	Goiar Dundee(2)	V-50070	Estimated C	11,755.57	-26,035,57
Total inspection				• •			-26,035.57	-26,036.57
L/C Charges								
Check Check	1/27/2000 3/15/2000	LC	L/C CHARGES	GOLAR DUNDEE-TNK GOLAR DUNDEE	V-50070 V-50070	Cash in Ban Cash in Ban	-85,395.00 -1,225.00	-65,395.00 -66,620.00
Total L/C Charges	3132300		DC COMAGES	SOLAR DONDEE	V-500710	Canal in Dail	-66,620.00	-66,620,00
Freight							-00,020.00	-50,020,00
Check	3/7/2000	WT	OSPREY MARITI	GOLAR DUNDEE	V-50070	Cash in Ban	-2,094,063.97	-2,094,063,97
Total Freight							-2,094,063.97	-2,094,063.97
Demurrage General Journal	3/31/2000	Je-Ck-16	Accruel	Golar Dundee(2)	V-50070	t	05 004 07	
General Journal	4/30/2000	Je-Ck-12a	Reverse Accrual	Goler dundee(2)	V-50070	Inspection Estimated C	-25,284.37 21,352.50	-25,284.37 -3,931,87
Check	7/7/2000	PYMT	OSPREY MARITI	GOLAR DUNDÉE-2	V-50070	Cash in Ban	-16,306.88	-20,238.75
Check General Journal	7/7/2000 7/31/2000	PYMT Je-Ck-10	OSPREY MARITI	GOLAR DUNDEE-2 G. Dundee-2	V-50070 V-50070	Cash in Ben Estimated C	-224.11 16,306.88	-20,462.86
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-65	Reverse Accrual	G. Dundee-2	V-50070	Estimated C	12,375.01	-4,155.98 -15,530.99
Total Demurrage							-16,530.99	-16,530.99
Finance Charges								
Check	1/7/2000 3/6/2000	WT	BAYVAN CONSU	GOLAR DUNDEE	V-50070	Cash - CAI 1	-16.02	-16.02
Check Check	3/6/2000	PYMT	CARGO PAYME CARGO PAYME	GOLAR DUNDEE-UN C GOLAR DUNDEE	V-50070 V-50070	Cash in Ban Cash in Ban	-42,155.25 -85.00	-42,171.27 -42,256.27
Check	3/7/2000	WT	OSPREY MARITI	GOLAR DUNDEE	V-50070	Cash in Ban	-20.73	-42,277.00
Check	3/8/2000	LOI	BANK CHARGES	GOLAR DUNDEE	V-50070	Cash in Ben	-500.00	-42,777.00
Deposit Chack	3/10/2000 7/7/2000	RPT PYMT	CARGO RECEIP OSPREY MARITI,	GOLAR DUNDEE GOLAR DUNDEE-2	V-50070 V-50070	Cash in Ben Cash in Ben	-85.00 -21.38	-42,862.00 -42,883.38
Total Finance Cha		,		2001(0010002	2 00010	Outs in Duisi.	-42,883.38	-42,883,38
Agent Commissio	-							
Check	1/7/2000	WT	BAYVAN CONSU	GOLAR DUNDEE	V-50070	Cash - CAI 1	-620,000.00	-629,000.00
Total Agent Comm							-620,000.00	-620,000.00
Commissions - R Check	3/9/2000	WT	CROWN TRADE	GOLAR DUNDEE	V-50070	Cash in Ban	-61,315.56	-61,315.56
Total Commission						0201 111 0211	-61,315.56	-61,315.56
Total Cost of Sales							-55,592,703.53	-55,592,703.53
Hedge Gain /(Loss)							~0,002,100.00	- colone (con 23
Check	3/15/2000	wt	CROWN TRADE	GOLAR DUNDEE	V-50070	Cash in Ban,	-923,000.00	-923,000.00
Total Hedge Gain /(Lo	355)						-923,000.00	-923,000.00
TOTAL							122,501.17	122,601,17

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) – FN 114

Page 1

TO:

David

FROM:

Jean

DATE:

14-Mar-00

RE:

M/T "Golar Dundee" B/L 2,043,852 - 2/5/00

David:

Please find below numbers for Golar Dundee at the moment. I do no have all the bank statements to-date, however, the numbers below should be pretty accurate.

Crown are urgently requesting we pay USD 923,000 to cover the hedge loss. I have also attached Crown's invoice for your review. All the hedging dates tie in with the Swap Agreement you signed.

Purchase from TNK: USD 52,506,557.00 (avg dtd brent Feb 21-25 less USD 2.20) = 25.69

Exxon Sale (1): 1,021,926 @ 27.488 (avg. dtd brent Feb 14-18 less USD 0.60) - USD 28,090,701.89 Exxon Sale (2): 1,021,926 @ 27.935 (avg dtd brent Feb 21 - March 3 less USD 0.80) - USD 28,547,502.81

Receipts:	56,638	204.0

<u>Payments</u>

Cargo	52,506,557.00
UN Finance Charges	42,156.13
Hedge Loss	923,000.00
Freight	2,094,063,97
Opening L/C Charges	65,395,00
Pipeline Fees-Sumed	233,000,00
Sumed Refund	(103,418,18)
T.V.M. approx	40.000.00
Finance Chrgs - approx	3,000.00
TNK Comm	61,315.56
Demurrage Approx	38,625.00
Inspection Al Bakr	8,940.00
Inspection Sumed	9,307.94
Insurance	32,229.30
	55,954,171,72
Russian Commission	
2.000,000 bbls @ 0.31	620,000,00
_,,	56,574,171.72
	00,074,171.72
Total:	\$ 64,032.28

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) – FN 115

SNT 011315 SNT 011315



State Oil Marketing Organization P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq Commercial Inv

: TYUNEN OIL COMPANY (TNK) MOSCOW : MINA AL BAKR TERMINAL : STENA CONGRESS : NORTH AMERICA

Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination

Sold to

Country of origin: 1RAQ

Commercial Invoice No.: B/46/2000

BNP Confirmation no.: V 718028 : M/07/90 Contract No.

Openinig Bank L/c No.: 103'388/C5

: BBL/2795 PART(2) Shipment No.

Total value	in U.S. Dollars	20,182,500.00	20,182,500.00
Price ner	Barrel FOB	26.91	
date and the second	U.S. Bbls	750,000	
Quantity	Long Tons	100,922.86	
ary dy constant of the table of table	Metric Tons	102,542.672	
	Description of commodify	IRAQ CRUDE OIL (BASRAH LIGHT) 32.66API GRAVITY AT 60° F	

Total U.S. Doliais, IMENIX, MILLION ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY TWO THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED ONLY

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 117

Prior Calcalation: WTI (SECOND MONTH) MINUS 53-40/BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15TH DAY FROM THE BL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS SO.13 A<u>PLDELAGE</u> PRYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PABIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0206-20175-201-08

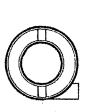
B/L DATED 20/2/2000

For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT. LA SHUNEIB

CEIGINAL

1:52 PM 07/16/64 Accrual Besis

Туре	Date	Hum	Name	Memo	Class	Spilt	Amount	Balance
mapaction								
Check	3/27/2000	WT	ANTARES OIL S	STENA CONGRESS	V-50069	Benque Pari	-14,620.00	-14,820,0
Jonaral Journal	3/31/2000	Je-Ck-09	Accrumi	S. Congress(2)	V-50069	Accounts Re	-35,128.57	-49,748.5
Seneral Journal	4/30/2000	Je-Ck-06	Reverse Accruai	S. Congress-2	V-50069	Sales - Oli P	4,965.00	-44,783.5
:heck	5/9/2000	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	S. CONGRESS	V-50069	Banque Pari	-9,885.33	-54,868.9
Joneral Journal	5/31/2000	Je-Ck-14	Reverse Accruel	S. Congress-2	V-50069	Sales - Oil P	9,885.33	-44,783.5
Check	6/20/2000	INSP	ANTARES OIL S	S. CONGRESS	V-50069	Banque Parl	-10,210.00	-54,963.5
Jeneral Journal	6/30/2000	Je-Ck-19	Reverse Accruel	S. Congress-2	V-50069	Sales - Oil P	7,733.40	-47,260.1
Jeneral Journal	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-27	Accruel OBC SHIPPING I	S. CONGRESS	V-50069	inspection	-6,618.17	-53,878.3
Zheck	10/24/2000	MSP		S. CONGRESS	V-50069	Benque Pari	-8,618.17	-80,498.5
General Journal	10/31/2000	Je-Ck-27	Reverse Accrual	S. Congress	V-50069	Inspection	5,618.17	-53,878.3
Total inspection							-53,878.34	-53,878,3
naurance Jeneral Journel	3/31/2000	Ja-Ck-09	Accruel	S. Congress(2)	V-50069	Accounts Re	-34,457,68	-34,457.8
Seneral Journal	6/30/2000	Je-Ck-19	Accrual	S. Congress-2	V-50089	Sales - Oil P	-1,457.47	-35,915.1
Total Insurance						-	-35,915,15	-35,915.1
JC Charges								
Check	2/9/2000	LC	L/C CHARGES	STENA CONGRESS-TNK	V-50069	Benque Parl,	-28,181.00	-28,181.0
Check	2/9/2000	rc.	L/C CHARGES	STENA CONGRESS-SO	V-50069	Benque Pari	-36,290.00	-64,471.0
Check	2/9/2000	LC	L/C CHARGES	STENA CONGRESS-FO	V-50069	Banque Pari	-5,517,00	-69,968.0
Fotal L/C Charges							-89,988.00	-89,988.0
Freight								
Jeneral Journal	3/31/2000	Ja-Ck-09	Accrual	S. Congress(2)	V-50069	Accounts Re	-1,977,081.78	-1,977,081.7
>heck	4/7/2000	FRT	STENA BULK AB	STENA CNOGRESS(2)	V-50069	Banque Parl	-1,977,081.77	-3,964,163.5
Jeneral Journal	4/30/2000	Je-Ck-06	Reverse Accrusi	S. Congress-2	V-50069	Sales - Oli P	1,977,081.78	-1,977,061.7
Fotal Freight							-1,977,081.77	-1,977,081.7
Эемигаде								
Jeneral Journal	3/31/2000	Je-Ck-09	Accruel	S. Congress(2)	V-50069	Accounts Re	-159,055.00	-159,055.0
3eneral Journal	4/30/2000	Je-Ck-06	Reverse Accruel	S. Congress-2	V-50069	Sales - Oil P	11,846.25	-147,208.7
Total Demurrage							-147,208.75	-147,208,7
Finance Charges Check	2/28/2000	WT	SUMED	STEMA CONGRESS	V-50069	Sangue Parl	-18.83	-18.8
Zheck	3/20/2000	PYMT	CARGO PAYME	STENA CONGRESS	V-50069	Benque Parl	-2.160.00	-2.178.8
Sheck	3/20/2000	PYMT	CARGO PAYME	STENA CONGRESS	V-50069	Benque Parl	-45.00	-2,223.8
heck	3/20/2000	PYMT	CARGO PAYME	STENA CONGRESS	V-50089	Sangue Parl	-699.75	-2,923.5
heck	3/20/2000	PYMT	CARGO PAYME	STENA CONGRESS	V-50069	Benque Pari	-45.25	2,968.8
Check	3/20/2000	PYMT	CARGO PAYME	STENA CONGRESS	V-50069	Banque Parl	-3,724.30	-6,693,1
heck	3/20/2000	PYMT	CARGO PAYME	STENA CONGRESS	V-50069	Banque Pari	-45.78	-8,738.9
Check	3/20/2000	WT	CROWN TRADE	STENA CONGRESS	V-50069	Banque Parl	-13.99	-6,752.9
Check	3/20/2000	PYMT'	CARGO PAYME	UN CHARGES	V-50069	Benque Parl	-16,296.00	-23,048.9
Check	3/31/2000	BC	BANK CHARGES	STENA CONGRESS	V-50069	Banque Parl	-30.81	-23,079.7
Check	4/7/2000	FRT	STENA BULK AB	STENA CONGRESS(2)	V-50069	Banque Pari	-19.00	-23,098.7
Check	4/11/2000	LOI	L/C CHARGES	STENA CONGRESS(2)	V-50069	Banque Pari	-570.00	-23,668.7
heck	4/12/2000	LOF	L/C CHARGES	STENA CONGRESS(2)	V-50069	Banque Parl	-680.00	-24,348.7
Check	4/14/2003	LO	L/C CHARGES	STENA CONGRESS(2)	V-50069	Banque Pari	-570.00	-24,918.7
heck	5/4/2000	LOI	BANK CHARGES	S. CONGRESS(2)	V-50069	Benque Pari	-146.00	-25,064.7
heck	5/15/2000	1131	G.A. BECHNEL I	Inv. 7159	V-50069	Cash - Well	-25.00	-25,089.7
heck	6/20/2000	INSP	ANTARES OIL S	S. CONGRESS	V-50069	Banque Pari	-19.16	-25,106,8
ieneral Journal	6/30/2000	Je-Ck-19	CLARK REFINING	S. Congress-2	V-50069	Sales - Oil P	-662.14	-25,771.0
Seneral Journal	6/30/2000	Je-Ck-19	Diamond Shamro	S. Congress-2	V-50069	Sales - Oil P	-45.06	-25,816.0
Check Check	7/27/2000	TARIFF	SUMED	S. CONGRESS-2	V-50069	Senque Pari	-20.75	-25,836.8
Joeck Deposit	7/31/2000 9/30/2000	WT REVERSE	SUN PIPE LINE SUN PIPE LINE	S.CONGRESS reverse chos-od on usa	V-50069 V-50069	Banque Pari Banque Pari	-15.71 15.71	-25,862.5 -25,836.8
Jeposii Check	10/2/2000	DEM	STENA BULK AB	reverse chge-pd on usa S. CONGRESS-2	V-50069	Banque Pari Banque Pari	15.71 -18.11	-25,836,8 -25,854,9
Jheck	11/21/2000	INSP	CALEB BRETT U	S. CONGRESS	V-50069	Benque Parl	-18.11 -14.64	-25,869,5
Fotal Finance Cha	iges.					_	-25,889.57	-25,869.5
Agent Commissio	-							
heck	1/7/2000	WT	BAYVAN CONSU	STENA CONGRESS	V-50069	Cash - CAI 1	-221,850,00	-221,650.0
Jeneral Journal	3/31/2000	Ja-Ck-09	Accrusi	5. Congress(2)	V-50089	Accounts Re	-1,500.00	-223,160.0
Fotal Agent Comm							-223,150,00	-223,150.0
Commissions - R Theck	ussia 3/20/2000	wt	CROWN TRADE	STENA CONGRESS	V-50069	Banque Parl	-22,500.00	-22,500.0
		•••				mandan Lagran	-22,000.00	-24,000.0
otal Commission							-22,500.00	-22,500,0



State Oil Marketing Organization P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq Commercial Inv

: TYLOXEN Off. CONPANY (TNK) MPSCOM : MINA 4: HAKS TERMINAL

NORTH AMERICA

Country of origin: IRAO

NORLE

Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination

Sold to

Commercial Invoice No.: Fi64/2000

Due date

BNP Confirmation no. : V713288 Contract No.

: DBL/2809 PART(II) Openinig Bank L/c No.: 1037509/C5 Shipment No.

	. ,				
Total value	in U.S. Dollars		9,672,820.00		9,672,820.00
Price per	Barrel FOB		23.308		
	U.S. Bbls		415,000		
Quantity	Long Tons		55,511.75		
	Metric Tons	. 11.	56,402.714		
The second secon	Description of commodity	IR AO CRIDE OIL	(BASRAH LIGHT)	33.64API GRAVITY AT 60° F	to the second contract of the second

TOTALUS. DOIDATS, NINE MILLION SIX HENDRED SEVENLY TWO THOUSAND EIGHT HENDRED TWENLY ONLY

Price Caladaion. WTI (SECOND MONTH) MINUS, 33,35/88I. ANTERAGO OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15°° DAY FROM THE DLIDATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET. WIRE MINUS 5º 02 API ON-ESCALATRON

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B/L DATED 9/3/2000

CRIGINAL

For State Oil Marketing Organization IIEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 118

30-WAR-00 THU 13:31

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1:56 PM 07/16/64 Accruel Besis

Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account Jenuary 1996 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Mema	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Freight								
General Journal	3/31/2000	Je-Ck-14	Accrusi	Boree(2)	V-50075	Accounts Re	-1,928,297.28	-1.928,297,28
Check	4/20/2000	FRT	ROGUEDAS SA	BOREE(2)	V-50075	Benque Pari	-1,890,107,34	-3.818.404.62
Check	4/25/2000	FRT	SUMED	BOREE (2)	V-50075	Benous Pari	-38,190,44	3,856,595,06
General Journal	4/30/2000	Je-Ck-10	Reverse Accruel	Boree(2)	V-50075	Sales - Oli P	1,928,297.28	-1,928,297,78
General Journal	4/30/2000	Je-Ck-10	Accruel	Boree(2)	V-50075	Sales - Oil P	-73,838,40	2,002,136,18
General Journal		Je-Ck-04				-SPLIT-	13,000.50	
	7/31/2000		Reverse Accruel	Boree-2	V-50075		13,000.50	-1,989,135,88
Check	8/21/2000	DEM	ROGUEDAS SA	BOREE-2	V-50075	Benque Parl	-60,838.40	-2,049,974.08
General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-04	Reverse Accruel	Boree-2	V-50075	Demurrage	60,838.40	-1,989,136.86
Total Freight							-1,989,135,68	-1,969,135.68
Domurrage								
General Journal	3/31/2000	Je-Ck-14	Accruel	Boree(2)	V-50075	Accounts Re	-45,459.37	-45,450,37
General Journal	4/30/2000	Je-Ck-10	Reverse Accrusi	Boree(2)	V-50075	Sales - Oil P	4,062,49	-41,396,88
Check	8/21/2000	DEM	ROGUEDAS SA	BOREE-2	V-50075	Bengue Pari	-41,396,88	-82,793,76
Deposit	8/22/2000	DEP	CHASE MANHAT	BOREE-2	V-50075	Benque Pari	102,235.28	19,441.52
Check	8/24/2000	DEM	ROGUEDAS SA	BOREE-2	V-50075	Benque Pari	-102,235.28	-82,793.76
General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-04	Reverse Accruel	Boree-2	V-50075	-SPLIT-	41,396,88	-41,396.88
Total Demurrage	W3 1/2000	30-OK-04	United by World and	DOI-00-5	V-50075	SPLI1.	-41,396,88	-41,396,88
Finance Charges							-1,300.00	~4 (Japa .00
Check	3/3/2000	BC	BANK CHARGES	BORFE	V-50075	Banque Pari	-125.00	-125.00
Check	3/14/2000	wT	SUMED	BOREE	V-50075	Benoue Peri	-125.00	
Check	4/7/2000	PYMT						-145.49
Check	4/7/2000		TNK	BOREE(Z)	V-50075	Banque Parl	-8,034.00	-8,179.49
		PYMT	UNITED NATIONS	BOREE(2)	V-50075	Banque Parl	-28,074.04	-36,253.53
Check	4/7/2000	PYMT	CARGO PAYME	BOREE(2)	V-50075	Sanque Pari	-1,530.83	-37,784.36
Check	4/7/2000	WT	CROWN TRADE	BOREE(2)	V-50075	Banque Part	-14.15	-37,798.51
Check	4/20/2000	FRT	ROGUEDAS SA	BOREE(2)	V-50075	Benque Parl	-15.63	-37.814.14
Check	4/25/2000	FRT	SUMED	BOREE (2)	V-50075	Banque Pari	-15.56	-37,829,70
Check	4/25/2000	LOI	LIC CHARGES	BOREE(2)	V-50075	Benque Parl	-570.00	-38.399.70
Check	4/27/2000	LOI	LIC CHARGES	BOREE(2)	V-50075	Benque Peri	-500.00	-38,800.70
Check	4/28/2000	LOI	L/C CHARGES	BOREE(2)	V-50075	Banque Pari	-570.00	-30,469.70
Check	4/28/2000	LOI	L/C CHARGES	BOREE(2)	V-50075	Banque Pari	-570.00	-40,039.70
Check	4/28/2000	ioi	LIC CHARGES	BOREE(2)	V-50075		-570.00	-40,809.70
Check	5/4/2000	LOI	BANK CHARGES	BOREE(2)	V-50075	Banque Pari Banque Pari	-146.00	
Check	5/8/2000	INSP						-40,755.70
Check			OIL INSPECTIO	BOREE(2)	V-50075	Benque Perl	-15,14	-40,770.84
	5/9/2000	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	BOREE(2)	V-50075	Benque Pari	-18.11	-40,788.9*
Check	5/19/2000	NS	CRAIG FERGUS	BOREE(2)	V-50075	Benque Parl	-15.02	-40,803.
Check	8/21/2000	DEM	ROGUEDAS SA	BOREE-2	V-50075	Banque Pari	-15.19	-40,819.1
Deposit	8/22/2000	DEP	CHASE MANHAT	BOREE-2	V-50075	Benque Parl	-25.00	-40,844,16
Check	8/24/2000	DEM	ROGUEDAS SA	BOREE-2	V-5007S	Benque Parl	-15.25	-40,859.41
Total Finance Che							-40,85 0 .41	-40,859.41
Agent Commission								
Check	1/7/2000	WT	BAYVAN CONSU	BOREE	V-50075	Cash - CAI 1	-128,650,00	-128,650,00
General Journal	3/31/2000	Je-Ck-14	Accrual	Boree(2)	V-50075	Accounts Re	-27,401,07	-156,051,07
Check	4/7/2000	WT	CROWN TRADE	BOREE(2)	V-50075	Banque Parl	-12,450.00	-168,501,07
General Journal	4/30/2000	Je-Ck-10	Reverse Accruel	Borne(2)	V-50075	Sales - Oil P	12,450.00	-158,051.07
Check	7/7/2000	COMM	PENDULUM ENE	BOREE(2)	V-50075	Banque Pari	-14,951.07	
General Journal	7/31/2000	Je-Ck-04	Reverse Accruel	Borne-2	V-50075	Freight	14,951,07	-171,002.14 -156,051.07
		30-CK-U-1	Navarad Acciden	SOLAR-Y	V-300/5	Lindan		
Total Agent Comm							-156,051.07	-156,051.07
Lightering Charg								
General Journal	3/31/2000	Ja-Ck-14	Accrust	Boree(2)	V-50075	Accounts Re	-325,500.00	-325,500,00
Check	4/28/2000	FRT	MTL PETROUN	BOREE(2)	V-50075	Banque Parl	-325,500.00	-851,000.00
General Journal	4/30/2000	Je-Ck-10	Reverse Accruel	Boree(2)	V-50075	Salot - Oli P	325,500.00	-325,500.00
Total Lightering C	harges						-325,500.00	-325,500.00
Total Cost of Sales							-47,994,112.00	-47,994,112,00
Commissions								
General Journal	3/31/2000	Je-Ck-14A	Accrusi	Boree(2)	V-50075	-SPLIT-	-68,348.34	-68,348,34
General Journal	4/24/2000	- CM-141		BOREE	V-50075			
General Journal	4/24/2000			BOREE	V-50075	Hedge Gain	-36,047.20	-104,395.54
General Journal	4/30/2000	Je-Ck-10a				Hedge Gain	-32,301.14	-136,696.68
Total Commissions	4302000	J4-CK-108	Reverse Accrusi	Boree(2)	V-50075	Accounts Re	68,348.34	-61,348.34
Hedge Gein (Loss)							-68,348.34	-66,348.34
General Journal	3/31/2000	h- 04-42*	4	B				
		Ja-Ck-14A	Accruel	Boree(2)	V-50075	Commissions	4,317,220.00	4,317,220.00
General Journal	4/24/2000			BOREE	V-50075	-SPLIT-	9,965,590.00	14,282,810.00
General Journal	4/24/2000			BOREE	V-50075	Hedge Gain	-5,648,370.00	8,634,440.00
General Journal	4/30/2000	Ja-Ck-10a	Reverse Accrusi	Borse(2)	V-50075	Accounts Re	-4,317,220.00	4,317,220.00
Total Hedge Gain /(L				-			4,317,220.00	4,317,220.00
	1							
TOTAL							2,191,876.78	2,191,876.78

Page 2

12-AUG-02 SAT 13:47 SCMO. BAGHDAD FAX NO. 0096412853925 P. 2

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

NO. M/08/ 40

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) – FN 123

- 8. Payments to SELLER under SUB Article 5-5 and Sub Article 6-7 of Section Two, and any other Payments or awards under Article Thirteen of Section Two, are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.
- This Contract shall be subject to SCR 986, SCR 1111, SCR 1143 SCR 1153, SCR 1210, SCR 1242, SCR 1281, SCR 1302, the Procedures and the Memorandum of Understanding between the Secretariat of the United nations and the Government of Iraq on the implementation of SCR 986 (United Nations document S/1996/356, dated 20 May 1996)

ARTICLE TEN

ADDRESSES:

In addition to the notices, declarations and other communications declarations and other declarations and other communications and other communications and other declarations and other communications. Communications required above for the Overseers, on behalf of the 661 Committee, shall be effected at the addresses below:-

EOR SELLER: STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION P.O. BOX 5118

BAGHDAD - IRAQ 212198 - 212199 SOMO IK TELEPHONE: 964-1-2869561 964-1-7742040 - 10 Lines

FAX 964-1-8853925

FOR BUYER: TYUMEN OIL COMPANY (TNK) – MOSCOW 107082, MOSCOW, BALAKIREVSKY PER., 19 TEL: 7095-959-7146 FAX: 7095-959-7421

TLX: 485365 TNK RU

FOR OVERSEERS

UNITED NATIONS, NEW YORK, U.S.A. FAX: 212 - 963 - 1628

All other terms and conditions as per (Section Two) General conditions of F.O.B. crude oil sales contract No. M/04/47 dated 16th day of August 1998.

This Contract has been done and signed on the 12TH day of August, 2000.

FOR SELLER

SADDAM Z. HASSAN
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL SOMO

FOR BUYER

SERGEY Y. AZEKSEEV DIRECTOR

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq Ministry of Oil
State Oil Marketing Organization (State Company)

Stamp

Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister

No.: 10643 Date: 08/13/2000

To: The Honorable Minister of Oil

RE: Exported Crude Oil Contracts Approval

Based on the statement of allocations for phase eight, please find below the details of contract signed with the Russian Company Tyumen on behalf of Mr. Zhirinovsky (as part of the 9 million barrels quantity allocated to him):

1- Contract No.: M/08/40

dated 08/12/2000

No.: KH1/13689 Date: 08/13/2000

- 2- Name of Company Buyer: Tyumen
- 3- Nationality: Russian4- Quantity: (6) six million barrels
- 5- Type of Crude Oil: Al-Basrah light FOB Al-Bakr terminal

- Post indue Oil. Al-bastain ight 100 Al-bast terminal
 Destination of Crude Oil: Europe and / or America
 Pricing formula: As agreed on between our company and the buyer from time to time
 Validity of Contract: Until 12/05/2000
 Estimated Value: (144) million U.S. dollars at an estimated rate of \$24 per barrel

Please review and approve.

Regards

Saddam Zeben Hassan Executive Director

For the approval of minister

1 approve

08/15

[Page footer]

P.O. Box 5118 Baghdad-Iraq

Tel. 7742040-10 Telex 212198 & 212199

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 124

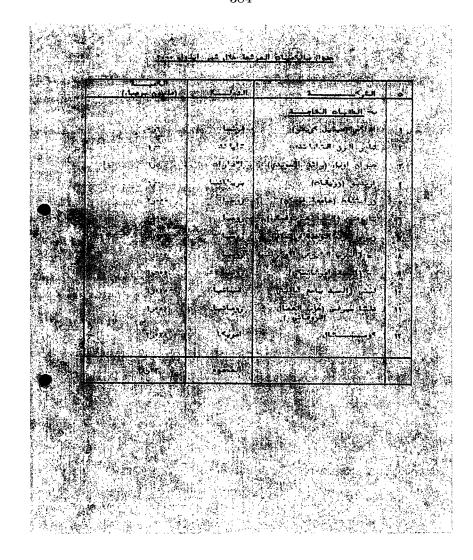
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<u>Table of Proposed Quantities for September 2000</u>

No.	Company	Country	Qty (million barrels)
	[Unrelated e	ntries have been	omitted]
6	Tyumen (Mr. Zhirinovsky)	Russia	5.100

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN125



CONTRACT

Nassau 2000 30th day of June,

Between CROWN TRADE AND FINANCE LTD., Gibraltar, hereinafter referred to as "Sellers" and Messers "BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED", Nassau, Bahamas, hereinafter referred to as "Buyers" and agreed as follows:

1. Object of the Contract

This contract operates with the frame of Agency Agreement dated $\,$ 30th June, 2000 between Crown Trade and Finance Ltd. and Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited.

Sellers have sold and Buyers have bought F.O.B. Mina Al Bakr about 10,000,000 barnels of Iraqi crude oil to be delivered in the frame of the 8th period of United Nations programme "Oil for food" subject to actual contractual quantities under the Contracts between "OAO Tyumen Oil Company (TNK) and "SOMO".

2. Quantity

Up to 10,000,000 barrels of Basrah Light Crude Oil ex Mina Al Bakr of normal quality usually available at mentioned ports.

3. Time of Delivery

Deliveries are to be effected from July 2000 until December 5, 2000.

4. Destination

Deliveries of mentioned quantities of Iraqi crude oil will be effected to North America/Europe. However the actual port of destination shall be agreed between Parties for each particular shipment subject to "SOMO" confirmation.

5. Price

- a) Official selling price of "SOMO" for Basrah Light crude oil ex Mina AL Bakr for corresponding destination with A.P.I. escalation/de-escalation effective for month of delivery plus U.S. Dollars 0.03 per net U.S. barrel.
- b) The final unit price for Basrah Light crude oils shall be rounded off to three (3) decimal places to be increased to the next digit whenever the fourth decimal place is five or greater than five.

6. Payment

Payment to be effected on 30th day from Bill of Lading date (B/L date = day one) in 0.5. Dollars without any offset or deduction by telegraphic transfer in two parts:

l) Value of "SOMO" invoice at official selling price to "Banque National De Paris S.A., New York Branch, telex No. 6737018 per corresponding Letter of

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 127

BAYOILUSA002639

State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

: TYUMEN OIL COMPANY (TNK) MOSCOW
: MINA AL BAKR TERMINAL

Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination

Sold to

: BERGE BOSS : NORTH AMERICA

Country of origin: IRAQ

Commercial Invoice No.: B/261/2000

Due date : 7.10.2000 Contract No. : M/08/40 BNP Confirmation no. : B 722333 Openinig Bank L/c No.: 105°041/C5

Shipment No. : BBL/2947

		Ouantity		Price ner	Total value
Description of commodity	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in U.S. Dollars
IRAO CRUDE OIL		-			
(BASRAH LIGHT)	285,323.960	280,816.85	2,073,906	24.462	50,731,888.57
31.66 API GRAVITY AT 60° F					
					50, 731,888.57

Total U.S. Dollary: FIFTY. MILLICN. SEVEN. HINDRED. THIRTY. CAR. THAISAND. ELGET. HINDRED. ELGETY

Price Calculation: WIT (SECOND MONTH) MINUS \$5.70689L AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE

1.7° DAY FROM THE BULDATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUSS \$6.30 API DE. ESCALATION

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) – FN 128

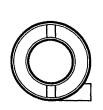
PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-001-08

.

B/L DATED 8/9/2000

CEIGINAL

I.A.SHUMEIB
For State Oil Marketing Organization
HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.





State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/270/2000

: TYUMEN OIL COMPANY (TWK) MOSCOW

Sold to

Exporting Port : MINA AL BAKR TERMINAL : BERGE PHOENIX : NORTH AMERICA

Ship's Name Destination

Country of origin: IRAQ

: 15.10.2000 BNP Confirmation no.: B 722612 : M/08/40 Contract No. Duc date

Openinig Bank L/c No.: DOC-620338-G3

: BBL/2955 Shipment No.

		Quantity		Price per	Total value
Description of commodity	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in U.S. Dollars
IRAQ CRUDE OIL (BASRAH LIGHT)	277,864.223	273,474.95	2,010,489	24.248	48,750,337.27
<u>30.91</u> API GRAVITY AT 60° F		,		,	

Total U.S. Dollars: FORTY ELIGHT, MILLION SEVEN HUNDED FIFTY THOUSAND THREE HUNDED THIRTY 48,750,337.27

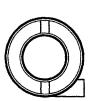
Total U.S. Dollars: FORTY ELIGHT, MILLION SEVEN HUNDED FIFTY THOUSAND THERES HUNDED THIRTY AND THEMPTY SEVEN TOTAL STATING FROM THE 15th DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$0.30API DE: ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRENCH FOR FEBLIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT WHERE 2006-201732-01-08

CRIGINAL

For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

B/L DATED 16/9/2000



State Oil Marketing Organization P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq Commercial Inv

Commercial Invoice No.: B/317/2000

: TYUMEN OIL COMPANY (TNK) MOSCOW : MINA AL BAKR TERMINAL : AMAZON EAGLE : NORTH AMERICA

> Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination

Country of origin: IRAQ

: 21.11.2000 Due date

BNP Confirmation no. : B 723415 : M/08/40 Contract No.

: BBL/2986 PART(1) Openinig Bank L/c No.: 105,469/C5 Shipment No.

		Quantity		Price per	Total value
Description of commodity	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in U.S. Dollars
IRAQ CRUDE OIL (BASRAH LIGHT)		- 1			6
	144,509.073	142,226.34	1,050,000	25.175	26,433,750.00
31.58 API GRAVITY AT 60° F					
					26.433.750.00

Total U.S. Dollais: TWENTY SIX MILLION FOUR HUNDRED THIRTY THREE THOUSAND SEVEN HUNDRED FIFTY ONLY

Price Calculation: WTI (SECOND MONTH) MINUS \$7.00BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15th DAY FROM THE BL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$0.24API DE. ESCA

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-001-08

B/L DATED 23/10/2000

For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

CEIGINAL



State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

: TYUMEN OIL COMPANY (TNK) MOSCOW : MINA AL BAKR TERMINAL : LICORNE PACIFIQUE : NORTH AMERICA

> Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination

Sold to

Country of origin: 1RAQ

Commercial Invoice No.: B/33 2 00

Due date

BNP Confirmation no.: B 724050 : M/08/40 Contract No.

Openinig Bank L/c No.: 105'588/C5

: BBL/3003 Shipment No.

		Quantity		Price per	Total value
Description of commodity	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in EURO
IRAO CI.UDE OIL	-				
(BASRAII LIGHT)	258,612.067	254,526.91	1,882,481	28.740	54, 102, 503.94
31.87 API GRAVITY AT 60° F					
The second secon					100 COS COL

| 54,102,503.94 Total EURO : ELETY. BOUR. MILLION. ONE. HINDRED. IND. THOUSAND. FIVE. HINDRED. THREE. AND NINERY. FOUR (ENTS

Pice Calculation: WTI (SECOND MONTH) MINUS 57.60/BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE. CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15th Day From The Bl. Date as published in Platt's crude oil market. Wire. Winus 8.02.pmg DE-198.CA

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, SA NEW YORK BERWEH FOR CEDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT. EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201732-03-45

For State Oil Markéting Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT. LA SHIDARIB

B/L DATED 11/11/2000



State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/1/2001

Flow

: TYUMEN OIL COMPANY (TNK) MOSCOW : MINA AL BAKR TERMINAL

> Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination

Sold to

: NORTH AMERICA : ASTRO BETA

Country of origin : IRAQ

Due date

BNP Confirmation no. : **3** 724601 Contract No.

Openinig Bank L/c No.: 105'718/C5

: BBL/3032 Shipment No.

		Quantity		Price per	Total value	
Description of commodity	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in EURO	
IRAQ CRUDE OIL (BASRAH LIGHT) 34.14 API GRAVITY AT 60° F	246,610.240	242,714.67	1,820,015	22.335	40,650,035.03	
Normal management of Assessment of Assessmen	Palancia antaga e entraga e entraga en	**************************************			40,650,035,03	

Total EURO FORTY MILLION SIX HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND THIRTY FIVE AND THREE CENTS.

Price Calculation: WTI (SECOND MONTH) MINUS \$8.70/BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15⁷⁷⁹ DAY FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE PULS \$0.01API ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANCUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, SA A NEW YORK BRACHT POR KERDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO DIBACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER ROBO-301732-302-35

B/L DATED 6/1/2001

CRIGINAL

For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT. 3:47 PM 07/15/04 Accrual Basis

Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1996 through December 2003

Type	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Finance Charges				***************************************				
Check	1/17/2001	FREIGHT	ASTRO TANKE	ASTRO BETA-2	V-50117B	Banque Pari	-19.11	-19.11
General Journal	1/31/2001	Je-Ck-12	Accruel	A. Bela-2	V-50117B	-SPLIT-	-41.083.09	-41.102.20
Check	2/5/2001	PYMT	UNITED NATIONS	A. BETA-2	V-50117B	Banque Pari	-57.445.00	-98.547.20
Check	2/7/2001	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	A. BETA-2	V-50117B	Benque Pari	-40.93	-98,588,13
General Journal	2/28/2001	Je-Ck-12	Reverse Accrual	A. BETA-2	V-50117B	Crude Purch	41.083.09	-57,505,04
Check	3/13/2001	FIN	PORT ARTHUR	A.BETA-2/S.WO	V-50117B	Banque Pari	-500.00	-58,005.04
Deposit	3/13/2001	REV	PORT ARTHUR	ABETA-2/S.WO	V-50117B	Bengue Pari	-568.50	-58,573,54
Check	3/14/2001	FIN	VALERO MARKE	A.BETA-2/S.WO	V-50117B	Banque Pad	-570.00	-59,143,54
Check	3/19/2001	FIN	BP OIL INTERN	A.BETA-2;S.WO	V-50117B	Banque Parl	-500.00	-59,643.54
Total Finance Cha	tg es						-59,643.54	-59,643.54
Agent Commission	ons							
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-01		A. Beta-2	V-50117B	Agent Com	-504,593.00	-504,593.00
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-32a		A. Bela-2	V-50117B	Cargos in tr	504,593,00	0.00
General Journal	1/31/2001	Je-Ck-12	Reverse Accruel	A. Beta-2	V-50117B	Finance Cha	-504,593.00	-604,593.00
Total Agent Comm	nissions						-504,593.00	-504,593.00
Lightering Charge								
General Journal	1/31/2001	Ja-Ck-12	Accruel	A. Beta-2	V-50117B	Finance Cha	-101,534.57	-101,534.57
General Journal	2/28/2001	Je-Ck-12	Accrual	A. BETA-2	V-501178	Crude Purch	69,036.25	-32,498.32
Total Lightering Ch	harges						-32,498.32	-32,498.32
Total Cost of Sales							-38,736,455.93	-38,736,455.93
Commissions								
General Journal	2/28/2001	Je-Ck-12	Accrual	A. BETA-2	V-501178	Crude Purch	-25.097.98	-25,097,98
General Journal	3/10/2001			ASTRO BETA/S	V-50117B	Hedge Gain	-9.190.00	-34,287.98
General Journal	3/10/2001			ASTRO BETA/S	V-50117B	Hedge Gain	-515.42	-34,803,40
General Journal	3/10/2001			ASTRO BETA'S	V-50117B	Hedge Gain	-14,920,00	-49,723,40
General Journal	3/10/2001			ASTRO BETAS	V-50117B	Hedge Gain	-472.56	-50,195,96
General Journal	3/31/2001	Je-Ck-24	Reverse Accruel	A. BETA-2	V-501178	Interest	25,097.98	-25,097,98
Total Commissions							-25,097.98	-25,097.98
Inventory Gain/Loss	:							
General Journal	1/31/2001	Je-Ck-12	Accrual	A. Beta-2	V-50117B	Finance Cha	931,485,11	931,485,11
General Journal	3/31/2001	Ja-Ck-24	Reverse Accruel	A, BETA-2	V-50117B	Interest	-931,485.11	0.00
Total Inventory Gain/L	.058						0.00	0.00
Hedge Gain /(Loss)								
General Journal	1/31/2001	Je-Ck-12	Accrual	A. Beta-2	V-50117B	Finance Cha	-834,080.00	-834,080.00
General Journal	2/28/2001	Je-Ck-12	Accrual	A. BETA-2	V-50117B	Crude Purch	-115,070.00	-949,150,00
General Journal	3/10/2001			ASTRO BETA/S	V-50117B	-SPLIT-	-1,156,950.00	-2,106,100,00
General Journal	3/10/2001			ASTRO BETA/S	V-501178	Hedoe Gain	207,800.00	-1,898,300,00
General Journal	3/31/2001	Je-Ck-24	Reverse Accrual	A. BETA-2	V-50117B	Interest	949,150.00	-949,150.00
Total Hedge Gain /(Lo	oss)						-949,150.00	-949,150.00
TAL							333,249,63	333,249,63

Page 2

3:54 PM 07/15/04 Accrusi Basia

Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1996 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Spilt	Amount	Balance
Inspection General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-05	Accrual	L. Pacific-2	V-50115	Accounts R	-47,660.64	-47,660.64
Check Check	8/9/2001 8/9/2001	INSP INSP	OIL INSPE OIL INSPE	L.PACIFIQUE-2 L.PACIFIQUE-2	V-50115 V-50115	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	-10,477.84 -7,870.06	-58,138.48 -66,008.54
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-49	Reverse Ac	L. PACIFIC-2	V-50115	Estimated C	32,532.42	-33,476,12
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-72	Accrual	L. Pacific-2	V-50115	Estimated C	467.58	-33,008.54
Check	2/7/2002	INSP	OBC SHIP	L.PACIFIQUE-2	V-50115	BNP Periba	-1,304.59	-34,313.13
Check	2/7/2002	INSP	OBC SHIP	L.PACIFIQUE-2	V-50115	BNP Paribe	-984.50	-35,297.63
Total Inspection						•	-35,297.63	-35,297.63
Insurance								
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-05	Accrual	L Pacific-2	V-50115	Accounts R	-23,000,00	-23,000.00
Check	3/23/2001	PYMNT	CRAIG FE	L PACIFIQUE-2	V-50115	Benque Parl.	-30,835.43	-53,835.43
Chack	3/23/2001	PYMNT	CRAIG FE	L.PACIFIQUE-2	V-50115	Banque Pari	-5,448.39	-59,283.82
General Journal	3/31/2001	Ja-Ck-29	Reverse Ac	L. PACIFIC-2	V-50115	Demurrage	23,000.00	-36,283.82
Total Insurance							-36,283.82	-36,283.82
LIC Charges Check	11/8/2000	LC	UNITED N	L. PACIFIC-2	V-50115	B B	-72,939.00	-72,939.00
Check	11/10/2000	LC LC	UNITED N	L. PACIFICUE-2	V-50115 V-50115	Banque Pari Banque Pari	-72,939.00 -310.00	-72,939.00 -73,249.00
		LC	ONITED N	E. PACIFICIOE-2	V-30113	Danque Patt		
Total UC Charges	ı						-73,249.00	-73,249.00
Freight Check	12/15/2000	FREIGHT	COSCOL	L. PACIFIC-2	V-50115	Samue San	-4,469,205,00	-4,469,205.00
Check	12/27/2000	FREIGHT	COSCOL	L. PACIFIC-2 L. PACIFIC-2	V-50115 V-50115	Banque Pari Banque Pari	-72,754.50	-4,541,959.50
Total Freight							-4,541,959.50	-4,541,959.50
Demurrage							.,	.,,
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-05	Accrual	L. Pacific-2	V-50115	Accounts R	-200,000.00	-200,000,00
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-05	Accruel	L. PACIFIC-2	V-50115	Accounts R	4,009.77	195,990.23
General Journal	3/31/2001	Je-Ck-29	Accruel	L. PACIFIC-2	V-50115	-SPLIT-	73,361.19	-122,629.04
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-72	Accruel	L. Pacific-2	V-50115	Estimated C	122,629.04	0.00
Total Demurrage						•	0.00	0.00
Finance Charges								
Check	11/17/2000	LOI	BANK CHA	L. PACIFIQUE-2	V-50115	Banque Pari	-1,070.00	-1,070.00
Check	11/20/2000	PYMT	SUMED	L. PACIFQUE-2	V-50115	Banque Pari	-19.06	-1,089.06
Check	12/11/2000	PYMT	UNITED N	L. PACIFIC-2	V-50115	Banque Pari	-38,068.88	-39,157,94
Check	12/11/2000	BC	UNITED N	L. PACIFIC-2	V-50115	Banque Pari	-735.49	-39,893.43
Check	12/15/2000	FREIGHT	COSCOL	L. PACIFIC-2	V-50115	Banque Parl	-40.59	-39,934.02
Check Check	12/27/2000	FREIGHT	COSCOL	L. PACIFIC-2	V-50115	Banque Parl	-16.02	-39,950.04
Check	12/27/2000	BC BC	COSCOL TOSCO	L. Pacific-2 L. PACIFIC-2	V-50115 V-50115	Banque Pari Banque Pari	-25.00 -570.00	-39,975.04 -40.545.04
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-01	10000	L. Pacific-2	V-50115	Agent Com	-15.36	-40,560.40
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-05	Accrual	L. PACIFIC-2	V-50115	Accounts R	-584.22	-41,144.62
Check	1/3/2001	BC	VALERO M	L. PACIFIC-2	V-50115	Banque Pari	-570.00	-41,714.62
Check	1/11/2001	PYMT	CROWN R	L. PACIFIC-2	V-50115	Banque Pari	-14.22	-41,728,84
General Journal	1/31/2001	Je-Ck-08	Reverse Ac	L. Pacific-2	V-50115	Cargos in tr	584.22	-41,144.62
Total Finance Cha	arges						-41,144.62	-41,144.62
Agent Commissi								
General Journal General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-01 Je-Ck-05	Accrual	L. Pecific-2 L. pecific-2	V-50115 V-50115	Agent Com Accounts R	-521,912.00 -56,474.43	-521,912.00 -578,386.43
Total Agent Com		** *** ***				T-MOGUNIA 7 TILL	-578,386.43	-578,386.43
-								
Total Cost of Sales Bank Service Charg	144						-52,994,475.22	-52,994,475.22
Deposit	1/3/2001	FID	FIDUCIAR	FID DEP-12/29-1/3	V-50115	Banque Parl	-260.68	-260.68
Total Bank Service C	harges						-260.68	-260.68
Commissions								
General Journal	10/2/2000			spec account - pre-hedge	V-50115	Hedge Gain	-5,090.00	-5,090.00
General Journal	10/2/2000			spec account - pre-hedge	V-50115	Hedge Gain	-5,090.00	-10,180.00
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-05	Accrual	L. Pacific-2	V-50115	Accounts R	-51,555.98	-61,735.98
General Journal	1/22/2001			LICORNE PACIFIQUE	V-50115	Hedge Gain	-21,172.00	-62,907.98
General Journal General Journal	1/22/2001			LICORNE PACIFIQUE LICORNE PACFIQUE	V-50115 V-50115	Hedge Gain	-29,110.00 -1.273.98	-112,017.98 -113,291.96
General Journal	1/31/2001	Je-Ck-08	Reverse Ac	L. Pacific-2	V-50115 V-50115	Hedge Gain, Cargos in tr	-1,273,98 51,555,98	-113,291.96 -61,735.98
Total Commissions						-	-61,735.98	-61,735.98
nventory Gain/Los								,
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-05	Acoruel	L. Pecific-2	V-50115	Accounts R	-2,093,165.19	-2,093,165.19
General Journal	1/31/2001	Je-Ck-08	Accrual	L. Pacific-2	V-50115	Cargos in tr	-740,637.25	-2,833,802.44
General Journal	1/31/2001	Je-Ck-08	Reverse Ac	L. Pacific-2	V-50115	Cargos in tr	2,093,165.19	-740,637.25
General Journal	2/28/2001	Je-Ck-05	Reverse Ac	L. PACIFIC-2	V-50115	Secondary	740,637.25	0.00
Total Inventory Gain/	Loss						0.00	0.00

Page 2

3:50 PM 07/15/04 Accrust Basis

Check 3/12/2001 PYNNT CROWN S.GANT-3 V-50111 Banque Parl -15.80 -108,900.5 Check 4/2/2001 PYNNT COPPLIC S.GANT-3 V-50111 Berpue Parl -15.21 -108,900.5 Check 4/2/2001 PYNNT COPPLIC S.GANT-3 V-50111 BMP Parls -19.22 -108,900.5 Check 4/2/2001 PYNNT COPPLIC S.GANT-3 V-50111 BMP Parls -19.22 -108,900.5 Check 7/2/2001 Check 7/2/2001 COPPLIC S.GANT-3 V-50111 BMP Parls -40.12 -108,900.5 Check 7/2/2001 COPPLIC S.GANT-3 V-50111 BMP Parls -40.19 -108,900.5 Check 7/2/2000 COPPLIC S.GANT-3 V-50111 BMP Parls -40.19 -108,900.5 Check 7/2/2000 Check 7/2/2000 COPPLIC S.GANT-3 V-50111 BMP Parls -40.19 -108,900.5 Check 7/2/2000 Check 7/2/2000 Check 7/2/2000 CoPPLIC S.GANT-3 V-50111 BMP Parls -40.19 -109,909.77 -	Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Check 3/22001 PYNETT CORUD FE S.GARNT-3 V-50111 Benque Parl 15-31 -103,203. Check 6122001 PYNETT LOCPILG S.GARNT-3 V-50111 BMP Parlsta 1-13-22 -103,503. Check 6122001 PYNETT LOCPILG S.GARNT-3 V-50111 BMP Parlsta 1-13-24 -103,503. Check 6122001 PYNETT LOCPILG S.GARNT-3 V-50111 BMP Parlsta 1-13-24 -103,503. Check 710,0000 LEGAL FEAT S.GARNT-3 V-50111 BMP Parlsta 1-13-24 -103,503. Check 710,0000 LEGAL FEAT S.GARNT-3 V-50111 BMP Parlsta 1-13-24 -103,503. Check 710,0000 PYNETT CORUM FEAT S.GARNT-3 V-50111 BMP Parlsta 1-0,000,77 -109,	Check	2/12/2001	LOAN	FIXED TER	S. GIANT-3 (1/31-2/12)	V-50111	Banque Pari	-35,189.79	-108,889,21
Check	Check	3/12/2001	PYMNT	PETROLIN		V-50111		-15,80	-108,905.01
Check 61/2/201 PyMAT LOOP LLC S.GANT-3 V-50111 BMP Parks -19.2 -108,695.5									-108,920.32
Check									
Check 7/88/2001 LOOP L									
Check T/10/2003 LEGAL HEALY AN. Sea Glant-3 V-50111 BMP Paribe -40.51 -109,039.77 -109,039.									
Agent Commissions 1072/2020									-109,039.77
Check 10272000	Total Finance Ch	erges						-109,039.77	-109,039.77
Check									
Commissions 1231/2000 Ja-Ck-01									
Total Agent Commissions				CROWN R					
Commissions - Russia Check 11/1/2000 PyMT CENTURY ONCE V-50111 Banque Parl .53,483.80 .583,483.80 .5			Je-CX-01		A, Eagle-5	V-50111	Agent Com		
Check 11/7/200 PYMT CENTURY. ONCE V.50111 Banque Parl 583,483.80 583,483.8								-3/9,211.28	-3/9,211.28
Lightering Charges			PYMT	CENTURY	ONCE	V-50111	Banque Parl	-583,483.80	-583,483.80
Centeral Journal 12/31/2000 Je-Ck-06 Accrual S. Giant-3 V-50111 Accounts R 23,833.3 33,933.3 33,935.3 33,93	Total Commissio	ns - Russia						-583,483.80	-583,483.80
General Journal 12/31/2000 Jo-Ck-06 Accrual S. Glant-3 V-50111 Accounts R 23,833,33 330,920.2			1- 04 05	B. am and	P. 011 2	11 5046-	A	254 752	254 752 52
General Journal 12/12/2000 Ja-Ch-06 Accrual S. Glant-3 V-50111 Banque Parl. -332,583.33 -735,503.56 -735,503									
Check 2/2/2001 PMT AKERICAN. S. GIANT-3 V-50111 Banque Parl. 332,583.33 370,350,35									
Centeral Journal 2/28/2001 Jac-Ck-03 Reverse Ac. S. GIANT-3 V-50111 Rocounte R 32,735.33 370,920.2									
Check 3/12/201 PYMT PETROLIN S.GIANT-3 V-50111 Banque Parl. -62,170.25 -433,093.5 -1599,162.5									
Center Journal 1/2/17/200 CROWN R. A EAGLE-5 CROWN R. A			PYMINT						-433,090.50
Miscellaneous Charges	General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-71	Accruel	S. Giant-3	V-50111			-599,162,50
Deposit 2/8/2001 WT FAIRDEAL S. GIANT-3 V-5011 Banque Pari. 58,564.94 55,564.94 56		-						-599,162.50	-599,162.50
Total Miscellaneous Charges folial Cost of Sales 135,894,383.68 135,894,383.68 135,894,383.68 135,894,383.68 135,894,383.68 135,894,383.68 135,894,383.68 135,894,383.68 135,894,383.68 140,000 140,00			WT	FAIRDEAL	S. GIANT-3	V-50111	Benoue Pari	58.564.94	58.564.94
Check 11/21/2000 PYMT CROWN R A EAGLE-5 V-50111 Banque Parl -40.00 -40.	•	us Charges			***			-	58,564.94
Check	otal Cost of Sales							-135.894.383.68	-135.894.383.68
Check	ank Service Chan	es							
Check 14/2001 PMT SKAUGEN S. GIANT V-50111 Banque Pari. -25.00 -9.00	Check	11/21/2000	PYMT	CROWN R	A. EAGLE-5	V-50111	Bengue Peri	-40.00	-40.00
Accord A	Check		PYMT	SKAUGEN	S. GIANT-3	V-50111	Banque Pari	-25.00	-65.00
Commissions	Check	1/23/2001	BC	BANK CHA	S. GIANT-3	V-50111	Banque Pari	-25,00	-90.00
Centeral Journal 1/2/7/2000 SEA GIANT 3 V-50111 Hedge Galin -2,545.00 -2,545.00 -2,545.00 Centeral Journal 1/2/7/2000 SEA GIANT 3 V-50111 Hedge Galin -3,056.00 -5,585.00 -7,585.00 Centeral Journal 1/2/7/2000 SEA GIANT 3 V-50111 Hedge Galin -2,036.00 -7,585.00 -		Charges						-90.00	-90.00
Septemblournal 1/12/7/2000 SEA GIANT 3 V-50111 Hedge Galin -2,085.00 -7,582.00 -7,5				* 1					
General Journal 1/12/7000 SEA GIANT 3 V-50111 Hedge Gain. -2,036.00 -7,535.00 General Journal 1/12/7000 SEA GIANT 3 V-50111 Hedge Gain. -2,545.00 -1,103.00 SEA GIANT 3 V-50111 Hedge Gain. -2,545.00 -1,103.00 SEA GIANT 3 V-50111 Hedge Gain. -1,485.00 -1,12,915.00 SEA GIANT 3 V-50111 Hedge Gain. -1,485.00 -1,12,915.00 SEA GIANT 3 V-50111 Hedge Gain. -4,57.00 -1,12,915.00 SEA GIANT 3 V-50111 Hedge Gain. -1,12,100 -1,12,100 SEA GIANT 3 V-50111 Hedge Gain. -1,12,100 -1,12,100 SEA GIANT 3 V-50111 Hedge Gain. -2,799.50 -18,590.0 SEA GIANT 3 V-50111 Sales - Oil -2,799.50 -18,590.0 SEA GIANT 3 V-50111 Sales - Oil -2,799.50 -38,655.0 SeA GIANT 3 V-50111 Sales - Oil -2,799.50 -38,655.0 SeA GIANT 3 V-50111 Sales - Oil -2,799.50 -38,655.0 SeA GIANT 3 V-50111 Sales - Oil -2,799.50 -38,655.0 SeA GIANT 3 V-50111 Sales - Oil -2,799.50 -38,655.0 SeA GIANT 3 V-50111 Sales - Oil -2,799.50 -3,865.00 SeA GIANT 3 V-50111 Sales - Oil -2,799.50 -3,865.00 SeA GIANT 3 V-50111 Sales - Oil -2,799.50 -3,865.00 SeA GIANT 3 V-50111 Sales - Oil -2,799.50 -3,865.00 SeA GIANT 3 V-50111 Sales - Oil -2,865.00 -3,865.00 SeA GIANT 3 V-50111 Sales - Oil -2,865.00 -3,865.00 SeA GIANT 3 V-50111 Sales - Oil -2,865.00 -3,865.00 SeA GIANT 3 V-50111 Sales - Oil -2,865.00 -3,865.00 SeA GIANT 3 V-50111 Sales - Oil -2,865.00 -3,865.00 SeA GIANT 3 V-50111 Sales - Oil -2,865.00 -3,865.00 SeA GIANT 3 V-50111 Sales - Oil -2,865.00 -3,865.00 SeA GIANT 3 V-50111 Sales - Oil -2,865.00 -3,865.00 SeA GIANT 3 V-50111 Sales - Oil -2,865.0									
General Journal 1/23/12/000 A-Ck-06 Acrusi SEA GANT 3 V-50111 Hedge Gein -2,545.00 -10,180.0							riedge Gain		
Centeral Journal 2/31/2000 347/2001 SEA GAINT 3 V-50111 Mogue Gain -1,4,85.00 -112,955.0					SEA GIANT 3				
Caneral Journal 36/2001 SEA GANT 3 V-50111 Hedge Cain -14,850.00 -112,915.00 Caneral Journal 36/2001 SEA GANT 3 V-50111 Hedge Cain -45,714.20 -13,862.00 SEA GANT 3 V-50111 Hedge Cain -45,714.20 -13,862.00 -17,906.00			Ja-Ck-06	Accruel					
SEA GIANT 3 V-50111 Medge Cellm. 4-5,514.20 -199,398.2 General Journal 36/2/001 SEA GIANT 3 V-50111 Hedge Cellm. -15,510.00 -175,050.0									-112,915,00
Septembor Sept									-113,882,30
SEA GIANT 3 V-50111 Hodge Cells. -4.144.00 -133.150.5						V-50111		-45,514,20	-159,396,50
SEA GIANT 3								-15,610.00	-175,006.50
General Journal 1/231/2001 Je-Ck-31 Reverse Ac., S. Giant-3 V-50111 Sales - OR., 87,855.00 -98,065.0 -98,065									-183,150.50
Total Commissions			In Ch 24	Davaras An					
New		3/3//2009	30-CR-31	raverse AL	S. Giant-3	V-50111	38/85 - Ol	***************************************	
General Journal 12/31/2000 Je-Ck-06 Accrual S. Glant-3 V-50111 Accounte R. -2,466,565.57 -2,466,565.58 Ceneral Journal 12/31/2000 Je-Ck-06 Accrual S. Glant-3 V-50111 Accounte R. -3,808,794.92 -4,269,306, Ceneral Journal 12/31/2000 Je-Ck-06 Accrual S. Glant-3 V-50111 Accounte R. -191,894.00 -4,61,284. Ceneral Journal 1/31/2001 Je-Ck-10 Accrual S. Glant-3 V-50111 Accounte R. -199,905.01 4,268,379. Ceneral Journal 1/31/2001 Je-Ck-10 Reverse Ac. S. Glant-3 V-50111 Crude Purc. 2,469,595.57 -3,207,389. Ceneral Journal 1/31/2001 Je-Ck-10 Reverse Ac. S. Glant-3 V-50111 Accounte R. 3,808,794.92 191,894.00 -3,815,889.1 Ceneral Journal 2/28/2001 Je-Ck-03 Reverse Ac. S. Glant-3 V-50111 Accounte R. 3,808,794.92 192,905.01 Ceneral Journal 2/28/2001 Je-Ck-03 S. Glant-3 V-50111 Accounte R. 3,808,794.92 192,905.01 Ceneral Journal 2/28/2001 Je-Ck-03 Reverse Ac. S. Glant-3 V-50111 Accounte R. -192,905.01 Ceneral Journal Ceneral Jou								*90,000.00	-30,000.00
General Journal 12/14/2000 Je-Ck-06 Accrual S. Glant-3 V-50111 Accounte R. 3,809,794.92 4,289.330.4			Je-Ck-06	Accrual	S. Glant-3	V-50111	Accounts R	-2.460.595.57	-2.460.595.57
General Journal 12/17/2001 Jo-Ck-06 Acctual S. Glant-3 V-50111 Accounts R. -191,894,00 -6,481,284.									-6,269,390.49
General Journal 161/2001 Je-Ck-10 Acctual S. Giank-3 V-50111 Crude Purc 197,905.01 4,288,379.						V-50111	Accounts R		-6,461,284.4
General Journal 1/3/2001 Ja-Ck-10 Reverse Ac S. Glant-3 V-50111 Clude Putro 191/394.00 -3,815.893 General Journal 2/28/2001 Ja-Ck-03 Reverse Ac S. GIANT-3 V-50111 Accounts R -192,905.01 -91/395.01 -91/3									-6,268,379.4
General Journal 2/28/2001 Je-Ck-03 Reverse Ac S. GIANT-3 V-50111 Accounts R 3,006,794.92 192,905.01 General Journal 2/28/2001 Je-Ck-03 Reverse Ac S. GIANT-3 V-50111 Accounts R -192,905.01 0.0									-3,807,783.9
General Journal 2/28/2001 Je-Ck-03 Reverse Ac., S. GIANT-3 V-50111 Accounts R.,192,905.01 0.0									-3,615,889.9
									192,905.01
otal inventory isalin/Lose 0,00 0,0			J0-CR-U3	KOYOUSO MC	3. GAN113	V-50111	ACCOUNTS H		0.00
	osai inventory Gain	/L068						0.00	0.00

11:03 AM 07/19/04 Accrusi Basis

Type	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Finance Charges				•.				
Check	9/11/2000	BC	BANK CHARGES	BERGE PHOENIX	V-50107	Banque Brux	-150.00	-150
Check	9/18/2000	BC	BANK CHARGES	BERGE PHOENIX	V-50107	Banque Brux	-40,00	-190
Check	9/19/2000	BC	BANK CHARGES	BERGE PHOENIX	V-50107	Banque Brux	-40.00	-230
Check	9/22/2000	BC	BANK CHARGES	BERGE PHOENIX	V-50107	Banque Brux	-40.00	-270
Check	9/25/2000	PIPE	SUMED	BERGE PHEONEX	V-50107	Banque Brux	-40.00	-310
Check	10/5/2000	BC	BANK CHARGES	BERGE PHOENIX	V-50107	Banque Brux	-40,00	-350
Check	10/11/2000	BC	BANK CHARGES	BERGE PHEONIX	V-50107	Banque Brux	-40.00	-390
Check	10/12/2000	BC	BANK CHARGES	BERGE PHEONIX	V-50107	Benque Brax	-40.00	-430
Check	10/12/2000	ιc	CROWN RESOU	BERGE PHEONIX	V-50107	Benque Brux	-25.00	-455
Check	-10/13/2000	BC	BANK CHARGES	BERGE PHEONIX	V-50107	Benque Brux		-496
Check	10/16/2000	PYMT	CARGO PAYME	BERGE PHEONIX	V-50107	Benque Brux	-41,895,17	-42,390
Check	10/30/2000	NSP	OIL INSPECTIO	BERGE PHEONIX	V-50107	Banque Brux	-28.00	-42,418
Check	10/31/2000	FREIGH	IGLOO SHIPPIN	BERGE PHEONIX	V-50107	Benque Brux	-40.00	-42.458
Deposit	11/2/2000	REV	VALERO MARKE	BERGE PHEONIX	V-50107	Benque Brux	-625.00	43,083
Check	11/6/2000	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	BERGE PHEONIX-11/2-1	V-50107	Banque Brux	-3,886.92	-46,970
Deposit	11/6/2000	REV	LYONDELL	BERGE PHEONIX	V-50107		-625.00	-47,595
Deposit	11/6/2000	REV	CLARK REFINING	BERGE PHEONIX	V-50107	Banque Brux	-625.00 -625.00	-48.220
Check	11/7/2000	LOAN		BENGE PREUMA	V-50107	Banque Brux	-925.00 -2.275.47	-50,495
			FIXED TERM AD	BERGE PHEONIX-11/6-1		Banque Brux		
Deposit	11/7/2000	REV	Exten	BERGE PHEONIX	V-60107	Banque Brux	-725.00	-51,220
Check	11/14/2000	PYMT	SKAUGEN PETR	BERGE PHEONIX	V-50107	Banque Brux	-40.00	-51,26
Check	11/22/2000	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	BERGE PHEONIX	V-50107	Banque Brux	-28.00	-51,28
Check	12/7/2000	INSP	CALEB BRETT U	BERGE PHOENIX	V-50107	Sengue Brux	-28.00	-51,31
Check	1/4/2001	INS	CRAIG FERGUS	BERGE PHOENIX	V-50107	Benque Brux	-28.00	-51,34
Check	2/5/2001	#NSP	OIL INSPECTIO	B. PHEONIX	V-50107	Banque Brux	-40.00	-51,38-
Check	9/11/2001	INSP	INSPECTORATE	BERGE PHEONIX	V-50107	Benque Brux	-28.00	-51,41
Check	11/1/2001	DEM	IGLOO SHIPPIN	B.PHEONIX	V-50107	Benque Brux	-40.00	-61,45
Check	12/5/2001	PIPE	BERGENSEN D	B.PHOENIX	V-50107	Cesh - CAI 1	-15.13	-51,45
Total Finance Cha	urges						-51,467.69	-51,46
Agent Commissi						_		
Check	10/12/2000	LC	CROWN RESOU	BERGE PHEONIX	V-50107	Banque Brux	-60,314.67	-60,31
Check	11/28/2000	1219	UNITED CRUDE	Deal #H41072	V-50107	Cash - Well	-500,00	-60,81
Chack	11/28/2000	1219	UNITED CRUDE		V-50107	Cash - Well	-250.00	-61,06
Check	11/28/2000	1219	UNITED CRUDE	Deal #1140921	V-50107	Cash - Well	-125.00	-61,18
Check	11/28/2000	1219	UNITED CRUDE	Deal #H40922	V-50107	Cash - Well	-125.00	-61,31
Check	11/28/2000	1219	UNITED CRUDE	Deel #H40837	V-50107	Cash - Well	-500.00	-61,81
Check	11/28/2000	1219	UNITED CRUDE	Deal \$1140638	V-50107	Cash - Well	-125.00	-61,93
Check	11/28/2000	1219	UNITED CRUDE	Deal #140890	V-50107	Cash - Well	-125.00	-62.06-
Check	11/28/2000	1219	UNITED CRUDE	Deal #140891	V-50107	Cash - Well	-125.00	-62,18
Check	12/28/2000	1232	ECHO ENERGY	Trens, No.C1236	V-50107	Cash - Well	-250.00	-62,43
Check	12/28/2000	1232	ECHO ENERGY	Trens, NO.C1239	V-50107	Cash - Well	-1,000,00	-63,43
Check	12/31/2000	1233	SYNTEXENERGY	December statement- He	V-50107	Cash - Well	-1,000,00	-64,43
Check	12/31/2000	1233	SYNTEXENERGY	December statement-Era	V-50107	Cesh - Well	-1.000.00	-65,43
Check	12/31/2000	1234	ARC OIL, LLC	Invoice NO.C16339-0012	V-50107	Cash - Well	-300,00	-65,73
Check	12/31/2000	1235	OIL ASSOCIATE	Invoice No. 2204466	V-50107	Cesh - Well	-500.00	-66.23
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-01		Berge Pheorix	V-50107	Agent Cons	-557,402.00	-623,64
Total Agent Comm				ange , month		- Com Commi	-623,641.67	-623,64
Lightering Charg								
General Journal	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-03	Accruel	BERGE PHEONIX	V-50107	Accounts Re	-520,515,47	-520,51
General Journal	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-03	Accruel	BERGE PHEONIX	V-50107	Accounts Re	126,406,25	-394,10
General Journal	10/31/2000	Je-Ck-09	Reverse Accruel	Berge Pheonix	V-50107	Interest	16,432.25	-377,57
Check	11/14/2000	PYMT	SKAUGEN PETR	BERGE PHEONIX	V-50107	Benque Brux	-280,703.12	658,38
Check	11/14/2000	PYMT	MTL PETROUN	BERGE PHEONEX	V-50107	Banque Brux	-239,812,35	-898,19
Deposit	11/24/2000	DEM	LYONDELL	BERGE PHEONIX	V-50107	Banque Brux	82,132,50	-816,05
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-17	Reverse Accrual	Berge Pheonix	V-50107	interest	377,676.97	-438,38
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-17	Accruel	Berge Pheonix	V-50107	Interest	27,841.50	-410,54
Total Lightering C	harges						-410.541.47	-410,54
otal Cost of Sales	-						-55,292,268.81	-55,292,26
Commissions							-33,432,200.81	-55,282,26
General Journal	10/23/2000			BERGE PHOENIX	V-50107	Hedge Gain	-22,360.00	-22,36
Contract of Contract	10/23/2000			BERGE PHOENIX	V-50107	Hedge Gain	-27,450.00	
	10/23/2000			BERGE PRICENTA	V-30107	Hedge Gast	-49,810,00	-49,61 -49,81
General Journal							-49,010,00	-49,01
Total Commissions					V-50107	Accounts Re	-2,241,720.00	-2,241,72
l'otel Commissions ledge Gain ((Loss)	9/30/2000	la China	Accord	REDUCE OFFICIALLY				
Fotal Commissions ledge Gain ((Loss) General Journal	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-03	Accruel	BERGE PHEONIX	V 50107	COLIT.		0.014.64
Total Commissions Hedge Gain ((Loss) General Journal General Journal	10/23/2000	Je-Ck-03	Accruel	BERGE PHOENIX	V-50107	-SPLIT-	-7,672,840.00	-9,914,56
l'otal Commissions Hedge Gain ((Loss) General Journal General Journal General Journal	10/23/2000 10/23/2000			BERGE PHOENIX BERGE PHOENIX	V-50107 V-50107	-SPLIT+ Hedge Gain	-7,672,840.00 5,480,930.00	-9,914,56 -4,433,63
Total Commissions Hedge Gain (Loss) General Journal General Journal General Journal General Journal	10/23/2000 10/23/2000 10/31/2000	Je-Ck-03 Je-Ck-09	Accrual Reverse Accrual	BERGE PHOENIX	V-50107	-SPLIT-	-7,672,840.00 5,480,930.00 2,241,720.00	-8,914,56 -4,433,63 -2,191,81
Total Commissions Hedge Gain /(Loss) General Journal General Journal General Journal	10/23/2000 10/23/2000 10/31/2000			BERGE PHOENIX BERGE PHOENIX	V-50107 V-50107	-SPLIT+ Hedge Gain	-7,672,840.00 5,480,930.00	-8,914,56 -4,433,63 -2,191,81 -2,191,81

18:66 AM 57/19/04 Accruel Basis

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Finance Charges								
Check	9/6/2000	BC	BANK CHARGES	BERGE BOSS	V-50104	Banque Pari	-130.00	-130,0
Check	9/15/2000	PIPE	SUMED	BERGE BOSS	V-50104	Banque Pari	-19.37	-149.3
Check	10/6/2000	WT	CROWN RESOU	BERGE BOSS	V-50104	Banque Pari	-13.24	-162.0
Check	10/6/2000	PYMT	UNITED NATIONS	BERGE BOSS	V-50104	Banque Pari	-40,96	-203.5
Check	10/12/2000	BC	BANK CHARGES	BERGE BOSS	V-50104	Banque Pari	-15.02	-218.5
Check	10/13/2000	BC	BANK CHARGES	BERGE BOSS	V-50104	Benque Peri	-15.05	-233.6
Check	10/13/2000	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	BERGE BOSS-10/12-10/13	V-50104	Banque Pari	-1,140,63	-1,374,2
General Journal	10/16/2000	BC	BANK CHARGES	BERGE BOSS	V-50104	490/Peribes	-100.00	-1,474,2
Check	10/24/2000	FREIGHT	BERGENSEN D	BERGE BOSS	V-50104	Banque Pan	-17.42	-1,491.6
Check	10/26/2000	10t	CLARK REFINING	BERGE BOSS	V-50104	Banque Pari	-500.00	-1,991.0
Check	10/26/2000	LOI	BANK CHARGES	BERGE BOSS	V-50104	Benque Parl	-570.00	-2.561.6
Check	10/26/2000	LOI	PHILLIPS 86	BERGE BOSS	V-50104	Benque Pari	-570.00	3.131.6
Deposit	10/27/2000	REV	CLARK REFINING	BERGE BOSS	V-50104	Bengue Peri	-570.99	-3.702.6
Check	10/27/2000	LOI	Exon	BERGE BOSS	V-50104	Banque Parl	-570.00	-4,272.6
Check	11/10/2000	PYMT	MTL PETROLIN		V-50104		-14.92	-4,287.6
				B. BOSS		Banque Parl		
Check	11/10/2000	PYMT	SKAUGEN PETR	BERGE BOSS	V-50104	Banque Parl	-14.92	-4,302.5
Check	12/5/2000	PYMT	Tosco Corp.	BERGE BOSS	V-50104	Banque Pari	-40,38	-4,342.5
Check	12/6/2000	INSP	CALEB BRETT U	BERGE BOSS	V-50104	Banque Parl	-40.49	-4,383.3
Check	1/4/2001	INS	CRAIG FERGUS	B. BOSS	V-50104	Banque Pari	-16.35	-4,399.7
Check	2/1/2001	DEM	BERGENSEN D	BERGE BOSS	V-50104	Banque Pari	-19.22	-4,418.9
Deposit	3/5/2001	REV	Exxon	B. Boss	V-50104	Sangue Parl	-3.00	-4,421.5
Total Finance Cha	arges						-4,421.96	-4,421.5
Agent Commissi								
Check	10/6/2000	WT	CROWN RESOU	BERGE BOSS	V-50104	Banque Pari	-62,217.18	-62,217.1
General Journal	10/31/2000	Je-Ck-11	Reverse Accrual	Berge Boss	V-50104	Crude Purch	-373,945.74	-436,162.9
General Journal	12/31/2000	Jo-Ck-01		Berge Boss	V-50104	-SPLIT-	-574,984.00	-1,011,146.6
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-19	Reverse Accruel	Berge Boss	V-50104	Inspection	373,945.74	-637,201.1
Total Agent Comm	nissions						-637,201.18	-637,201.1
Lightering Charg	es							
General Journal	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-05	Accruel	BERGE BOSS	V-50104	Accounts Re	-398,875.00	-398,875.6
General Journal	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-05	Accrual	BERGE BOSS	V-50104	Accounts Re	40,125.00	-358,750.0
Total Lightering C	harges						-358,750.00	-358,750.0
Total Cost of Sales							-57,340,913.58	-57,340,913.5
Commissions								
General Journal	10/23/2000			BERGE BOSS	V-50104	Hedge Gain	-40,600,00	-40,600,0
General Journal	10/23/2000			BERGE BOSS	V-50104	Hedge Gain	-791.80	-41,391,8
General Journal	10/23/2000			BERGE BOSS	V-50104	Hedge Gain	-35,691.00	-77,082.8
Total Commissions	1025200			ucroc ucos	4-00104	racego cann	-77,082.80	-77,082.1
Hedge Gain /(Loss)							-11,002.00	-77,002.0
General Journal	9/30/2000	1. 01. 02	Accruel	*****	V-50104			
		Je-Ck-05	ACCTUR!	BERGE BOSS		Accounts Re	-3,089,462.80	-3,089,462.
General Journal	10/23/2000			BERGE BOSS	V-50104	-SPLIT-	-630,500.00	-3,719,962.
General Journal	10/23/2000			BERGE BOSS	V-50104	Hedge Gain	-2,381,880.00	-8,101,842.
General Journal	10/31/2000	Je-Ck-11	Reverse Accrual	Berge Boss	V-50104	Crude Purch	3,089,462.80	-3,012,380,
Total Hedge Gain /(L	(220						-3,012,380.00	-3,012,380
Interest Income Deposit	10/13/2000	MISC	INTEREST REC	BERGE BOSS	V-50104	Bengue Peri	100.00	100.0
Total Interest income		moo	PHILIPPOI REG	DELIGE WAS	4-00104	wandan Later	100.00	100.0
	ļi.							
TAL.							28,154.05	28,164.0

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Past Basrah Littings

KIRKUK CEY/USG "TBN"

	CEY/USG
Vessel	TBN
Discharge	Houston
B/L Date	1-Aug
Freight Lump Sum	0
Worldscale Rate	1.6
Address	2.50%
Flat Rate	10.93
Minimum Volume tons	75,000
Loaded Quantity (bbls)	549,000
bbl / ton	7.32
Voyage Time days	21.5
Freight Insurance Overage L/C Inspection Outturn Demurrage Loadport Demurrage Disport Lighterage OPA TVM Hedge Losses Russians / Other api credit	2.329 0.014 0.000 0.050 0.015 0.100 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.020 0.000 0.020 0.020 0.020
Total Costs	2.568
WTI M1 (aug) WTI M2 (sept) DTD IH	0.00 0.00
Purchase WTI M2	5.80
Landed WTI M2	3.23
Sale Average M2	2.90
Profit	0.33
\$\$ Total	182,079

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 131

BAYOILUSA000009



DECEMBER 27, 2000

REVENUE SHARING AGREEMENT

THIS AGREEMENT BETWEEN ITALECH S.R.L., LIVORNO ITALY (ITALTECH) AND BAYOIL SUPPLY AND TRADING LIMITED, NASSAU BAHAMAS (BAYOIL) SHALL BE EFFECTIVE FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING DECEMBER 27, 2000 AND APPLICABLE TO THE CONTRACT BETWEEN ITALTECH AND BAYOIL DATED DECEMBER 27, 2000 (AND ANY SUBSEQUENT AMENDMENTS) COVERING CONTRACT REFERENCE NO. M/09/07 BETWEEN ITALTECH S.R.L. AND SOMO, UNDER PHASE 9 OF THE UNITED NATIONS OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM WHEREBY BAYOIL AGREES TO PURCHASE ALL QUANTITIES OF BOTH BASRAH LIGHT CRUDE OIL AND KIRKUK CRUDE OIL FROM ITALTECH, UNDER THE STANDARD SOMO CONTRACT TERMS AND CONDITIONS AS APPROVED BY THE UNITED NATIONS, AND SPECIFICALLY INCLUDING THE OBLIGATION TO NOMINATE LIFTING DATES AND ARRANGE SHIPMENTS, DESPITE UNCERTAIN MARKET CONDITIONS, AND PRIOR TO ESTABLISHMENT OF U.N. APPROVED PRICE FORMULAS APPLICABLE FOR EACH SHIPMENT.

THE TERMS OF THIS AGREEMENT SHALL PROVIDE FOR ITALTECH TO RECEIVE A REASONABLE SHARE OF REVENUES GENERATED FROM THE SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF SHIPMENTS BAYOIL LIFTS FROM THE PURCHASE CONTRACT, NOT TO EXCEED AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO US\$0.20 PER NET BARREL FOR TOTAL QUANTIES LOADED UNDER THE CONTRACT AND AS A PROPORTION OF NET REVENUES OF APPROXIMATELY 40%.

DISTRIBUTION OF REVENUE SHALL BE DISTRIBUTED TO ITALTECH IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD INDUSTRY PRACTICE FOR AGREEMENT OF THIS TYPE, AND AS SUCH WHIEREIN SUCH A DISTRIUTION CAN BE FAIRLY ESTABLISHED BY BAYOIL AFTER EACH DELIVERIES ARE FULLY EFFECTED.

AS SUCH, BOTH PARTIES SHALL ACT IN GOOD FAITH WITH REGARD TO REASONABLE

i/1/.

ALJUATION OF DISTRIBUTION AMOUNTS AND PERIOD

AUGUSTO GIANGRANDI FOR AND ON BEHALF OF ITALTECH S.F.L. DAVID B. CHALMERS, JR.\
FOR AND ON BEHALF OF
BAYOU SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 132

SNT 019843 SNT 019843

Sedacted by the Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations

UMOS UMOS UM05 UM05 UMOS UMOS UMOS UM05 96,336 367,834 292,221 321,884 308,091 224,334 207,627 392,677 358,002 Contr. No 0200 1010 0201 0301 0401 0501 0601 0701 343,885 403,086 357,655 341,319 365,529 363,851 443,215 404,078 320,227 340,350 6,872,525 3,790,284 667,649 649,409 589,863 571,479 835,892 762,080 203,426 770,920 612,448 629,539 Amount Euro 0.9545 0.9290 0.9227 0.9227 0.9288 0.9275 0.9113 0.9363 0.9357 0.9357 0.8996 713,078 546,004 1,212,341 188,983 537,543 535,076 711,328 565,106 631,156 602,327 782,144 600,617 6,373,070 3,456,897 4,669,238 Amount US\$ 0.30 0.30 0.25 0.30 0.30 0.25 0.30 Oty 2,022,854 2,607,148 2,371,092 1,883,686 2,150,170 2,140,302 2,002,058 629,942 2,103,854 2,007,757 2,376,927 who confirmed in writing that was settling TOTALS DUE TO SOMO FOR SHIPMENT UP TO MARCH 1st any and all obligation with SOMO and therefore Italtech has no Vready paid 40 cents per barrel for a total of 2 M\$ directly to Aready paid about 33 centsper barrel to Co TIUMEN Basrah CONTESTED PAYMENT CONTRACT TIUMEN TOTAL PENDING CLAIMS IN OUR FAVOUR 23.01.01 HELLESPONT PARADISE OTAL CONTESTED PAYMENTS FINDING DEMURRAGE CLAIMS 24.01.01 GOLDEN FOUNTAIN 27.02.01 GOLDEN FOUNTAIN FINDING SHORTAGE CLAIM AMAZON FALCON Vessel 29.12.00 AMAZON FALCON 0.02.01 AMAZON EAGLE 18.02.01 OLYMPIA SPIRIT CONTESTED PAYMENT 21.01.01 ASTRO BETA 31.12.00 SEA WORLD 20.01.01 TINA 3 TINA 4 urther liabilities. 27.01.01 19,02.01 Date

FROM 29.12.00 TO 01.03.01

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) – FN 133

تاريخ دوفث قتفرير	
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a a gV.∪	المشتري	TYUMEN	TYUMEN	TYUMEN	TYUMEN	TYUMEN	UKHTA-NEFT	UNICHEM	UNICONSULT MIDDLE EAST	UNIFUEL	UNIPEC	URAL INVESTOIL (UOIL)	URAL INVESTOIL (UOIL)	VAZHMASHIMPEX	VAZHMASHIMPEX	VITOL	VITOL	VITO,	ZANGAS	ZANGAS	ZANGAS	ZANGAS	ZARNEST SERVICE	ZARUBEZHNEFT	ZARUBEZHNEFT
۲	رفم العسقة	M/08/25	M/08/40	M/08/40	M/09/102	M/11/35	M/11/99	M/08/98	M/10/52	M/09/106	M/08/14	M/10/69	M/11/51	M/10/51	M/11/77	M/09/97	M/09/97	M/10/78	M/08/38	M/09/77	M/11/102	M/11/19	M/12/29	M/08/02	M/08/82
، بعبالغ الاسترم للفترة من	الكمية / برميل	2,007,740	2,936,876	1,820,015	2,005,666	2,085,074	1,941,693	800,000	2,000,833	961,158	2,002,954	1,920,929	1,261,851	1,047,900	611,101	1,000,869	985,279	966,440	3,034,272	3,888,845	1,549,841	2,030,961	670,761	3,192,892	2,051,085
شركة تسويق الفط كفف يعبلغ الاسترجاع المستحلة والمسددة لكافة المراحل حسب الشركة للترة من	للبلغ المستحق/بولار	200,774.00	293,686.00	546,004.50	501,416.50	521,268.50	485,423.25	80,000.00	500,208.25	288,347.40	200,295.00	576,278.70	315,462.75	261,975.00	91,665.15	250,217.25	295,583.70	241,610.00	303,426.00	1,166,653.50	464,952.30	609,288.30	100,614.15	319,288.00	205,108.00
ا لكافة المراحل حسب ا	الميلغ المسددابه لا	200,774.00	293,686.00	546,004.50	501,416.90	0.00	485,400.00	99,730.00	500,000.00	288,348.00	00:00	576,300.00	315,500.00	261,975.00	0.00	250,217.25	295,583.70	240,988.00	303,430.90	1,166,643.50	464,952.00	609,290.00	00:0	319,288.00	205,108.00
الشركة	المياغ المتلقي/بولار	0.00	00.00	0.00	-0.40	521,268.50	23.25	-19,730.00	208.25	-0.60	200,295.00	-21.30	-37.25	0.00	91,665.15	000	0.00	622.00	-4.90	10.00	0.30	-1.70	100,614.15	00.00	0.00
	معلل مبلغ الاسترجاع(توالا /برميل)	0.10	0.18	0.18	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.10	0.25	0.30	0.10	0:30	0.25	0.25	0.15	0.27	0.27	0.25	0.10	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.15	0.10	0.10
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مغطة ١٧ من ١٨

اعداد الدائدة المائلة-السملان التحذية

Second: Companies that Were Granted Additional Quantities in Phase Eight

Company	Million Barrels
1 - Zarubezhneft	2
2- Machinoimport	1
3- Zangas	1
4- Tatneft	1
5- Slavneft (Gotzariev)	1
6- Gasprom	1
7- ACTEC	2
8- Alfa Eco	1
9- Rosneftimpex (Mr. Issakov)	2 (Zero if he does not pay)
Total	12 million harrala

Total 12 million barrels

Third: The Position of Companies Regarding the Settlement of Surcharge

The position of certain companies remains unclear with regard to the settlement of the surcharge, despite the fact they have been invited to report to Baghdad, but they have not yet. These companies are:

- 1- Rosnefteimpex (Mr. Issakov): He has been invited once again
- 2- Political Science Academy: they did not approve
- 3- Onaco: They wanted to look into the issue; they have been invited once again
- 4- Mr. Zhirinovsky: He has been invited several times
- 5- Mrs. Sezhi: She has been invited several times
- 6- Bashneft: They have been invited several times
- 7- Transneft: They have been invited

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نائیا۔ الثرکان التی سملت باتکہاں لاضافیہ

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رصد ادالهدم)	(()	مرزننا ، من در النا الله الله الما
du	۱ ملترت بر	السيا
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- تمنت وعوثه فائلي	منكره وراسة متكره	(۷) اربالو
عواقه المساقة المالية	مر طلبه وراست هنگره به وویس که عدی و درست که که که	۵ اربانی ۵ السیه جبربوشتی
عواقه عداد ومراقه	منكره وراسة متكره	(۷) اربالو

FFOM: 0000

PHONE NO. : 00000000

MAR. 12 2002 02:59PM

федеральное собрание российской федерации ЗАМЕСТИТЕЛЬ ПРЕДСЕДАТЕЛЯ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННОЙ ДУМЫ

103265, Москва, ул. Охотный ряд, д. 1

"12" unpru 2002 r.

No 15 - 4-720

TO HIS EXCELLENCY DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER MR. TARIQ AZIZ

Your Excellency

Dear Friend,

I would like to trouble you once again about the situation with the vessel "Astro Beta" with B/L January 6th, 2001 (this vessel waited for loading since 27th of November 2000 till 6th of January 2001).

I was sure that all pending matters with the above referenced vessel had been discussed and solved, and thus came to me as a great surprise that the "third party", assisting us on the case is still liable for the execution of this contract. Therefore, I feel obliged to make the following statement:

- As discussed before I have taken the full responsibility to satisfy your requirements and I would like to underline once again that the only one responsible in this particular case is I. The process of settling the matters has taken longer time than expected due to a complicated documentation process, for which you are fully aware and duly informed. I would like to assure you once again that we are doing the utmost to prevent any further delays.
- 2. Having said this I would like to thank this "third party", who have made oral and written Guarantees in favor of the Supplier in a moment when I was unable to do the same and therefore contributed greatly for the prompt release of the vessel. I would like to request that you also release this "third party" from any further obligations, if you have not done it already.
- There were also certain obligations undertaken by the Supplier to cover all the accumulated costs during the extensive waiting time, and for the

PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN140

WM000015

FROM: 0000

PHONE NO. : 00000000

MAR. 12 2002 03:00PM |

purpose a well-documented claim has been presented. However, thus far we did not want for any action from the side of the Supplier to process the claim.

4. During our numerous meetings we discussed question about delivery of building on the free basis in the center of Moscow for Arabic school and you would cover the duty.
Today the building registration documents are on the final stage of registration and it will be ready on the April of 2002.

I hope very much that during the visit of this "third party" next week you will find such a constructive way and will satisfy the interest of all the parties involved.

If, however, my additional assistance is required please don't hesitate to contact

Sincerely Yours,

Vladimir Zhirinovsky

Fourth: Collecting the surcharge

The only commitment on the part of the contractual parties is the personal obligation to pay since there was no other way to force them to pay due of the sensitivity and secrecy of the operation.

But through the quick efforts, \$228 millions out of \$263 millions were collected, which means the percentage of collection reached 87% after using all different methods of payment, including making payment to Iraqi embassies abroad since some companies feared to pay through banks in order to secure their cover and avoid legitimate requests, such as paying in cash.

As far as the outstanding amounts these contractual companies owe, which totaled \$35 millions, some of these companies had already refused to pay as we explained in paragraph 3 above, while others refused to pay in order to keep the money they owed, expecting the issuance of some instructions that would exempt them from paying, taking into consideration that the efforts to collect the sums continued until the present circumstances took place.

Most of the sums collected were paid in the following banks and locations:

- 1- Al Ahli Bank [Jordan National Bank] / Amman
- 2- France bank/ Lebanon
- 3- Sardar bank/ Lebanon
- 4- Central Bank of Iraq / Baghdad
- 5- Al Rafidain Bank / Baghdad, main branch
- 6- Iraqi Embassies abroad (Moscow, Athens, Cairo, Ankara, Sanaa, Vietnam, Malaysia, Rome, Vienna, Damascus, Geneva)
- 7- Wasel and Babel Company / United Arab Emirates
- 8- the sum of \$840,000 was collected in vain through the transfer of ownership of a house on behalf of the Iraqi embassy in Moscow, which was used later on as an Iraqi school (the sums Mr. Zhirinovsky owed, and which he pretended not being able to pay in cash; therefore, the house was accepted in return).

رابعاً: تحصيل مبالغ الاسترجاع:

أن الإلتزام الوحيد من قبل الجهات المتعاقدة معنا هو التعهد الشخصي بالتسديد ولم تكن هناك أي طريقة أخرى لإلزامها بالدفع بسبب حساسية وسرية العملية •

ولكن من خلال الجهود الحثيثة المبنولة تم التمكن من تحصيل مبلغ ٢٢٨ مليون دولار مناصل ٢٦٣ مليون دولار والتسديد ٢٦٣ مليون دولار أي نسبة تحصيل بلغت حوالي ٨٨٧ بعد استخدام شتى طرق التسديد منهاالتسديد في السفار ات العراقية في الخارج لكون بعض الشركات تخشى التسديد من خلال مصارف لضمان عدم انكشاف أمرها وتعرضها للمسائلة القانونية ومنها التسديد نقدا

أما بصند المبالغ المتبقية بذمة الشركات المتعاقدة معنا والبالغة ٣٥ مليون دولار فإن قسم من هذه الشركات كانت قد رفضت التسديد كما أوضحنا في ثالثا أعلاه والقسم الآخر من هذه الشركات رفضت التسديد لأجل الاحتفاظ بالمبالغ المدينة لها توقعا منهم صدور توجيه بإعفائهم من هذه المبالغ ، علما بأن جهود تحصيل المبالغ كانت مستمرة معهم لحين حصول الظرف الراهن .

أن معظم المبالغ التي تم تحصيلها جرى تسديدها في المصارف والجهات التالية : -

- ١ البنك الأهلي / عمان ٠
 - ٢ فرنسبنك / لبنان ٠
 - ٣ سردار بنك / لبنان ٠
- ٤ البنك المركزي العراقي / بغداد •
- ٥ مصرف الرافدين / بغداد الفرع الرئيسي ٠
- آسفارات العراقية في الخارج (موسكو ، أثينا ، القاهرة ، أنقرة ، صنعاء ، فيتنام ، ماليزيا ، روما، فينا ، دمشق ، جنيف)
 - ٧ شركة الوصل وبابل / الإمارات ٠
- ٨ جرى تسديد مبلغ ٨٤٠ ألف دو لار عبثاً من خلال تمليك دار لصالح السفارة العراقية
 في موسكو ومن ثم استخدامها كمدرسة عراقية (المبالغ التي كانت بذمة السيد جير نوفسكي والذي أدعى بأنه غير قادر على تسديدها نقداً فقبلت الدار بالمقابل) .

406

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq Ministry of Oil

State Oil Marketing Organization (State Company)

No.: KH1/6990 Date: 13 Safar, 1422 H Equivalent to 05/06/2001

Date: 05/05/2001

Stamp Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister

No.: 6116

Date: 05/06/2001

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

RE: Approval on Exported Crude Oil Contracts

As per the approval of your Excellency on 05/01/2001, we have allocated (4) million barrels to Machinoimport Company (on behalf of Mr. Zhirinovsky) and signed a contract as per the following terms:

- 1- Number of Contract: M/09/119
- 2- Name of Company Buyer: Machinoimport 3- Nationality: Russian
- 4- Quantity: (4) million barrels divided as follows:
- 5- Type of Crude Oil: (2) million Barrels of Al-Basrah FOB Al-Bakr terminal (2) million Barrels Kirkuk FOB Ceyhan terminal
- 6- Destination of Crude Oil: America and / or Europe for Al-Basrah light Europe for Kirkuk crude
- 7- Pricing Formula: As per the price tariff of Kirkuk and Al-Basrah light crude oil for the aforesaid destinations 7- Validity of Contract: Effective as of 07/01 till 08/31/2001
- 8- Estimated Value: About (88) million Euros based on an estimated rate of \$20/barrel

For your review and approval, please.

Regards,

Saddam Zeben Hassan Executive Director

[Miscellaneous signatures]

For the Approval of Minister

l approve

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 147

وزارةالنفط/مسبالوزير ارقم/ ۱۱/۲۰۰۱ عدریهٔ در ۱۸ ۲۰۰۷ جمهوریهٔ العراق

الوقع / خ/ م م م م م م م م م م م م م م م الوقع / ﴿ مِنْ مُ مِن الموافق/ مس/م/ / ۲۰۰۱

وزارة النفط شركة تتسويق النفط (شركة عامة)

اجعل عدوك امام عينك وأسبقه ولا تدغه خلف ظهرك

الرئيس القائد صدام حسين (حفظه الله ورعاه) . ۲۰۰۰/۸/۸

السيد وزير النفط المحترم

م/ المصادقة على عقود النفط الخام المصدر

إِنَاءِ عَلَيْ مُوافَقَة سِيادِتِكُم يوم ١١/٥١/٥ ثم تخصيص كُمْية (١) مليون برمَيل لشركة مُشْتَ يَتُوافَيْلُورب

(لصَالَحُ الْسَيْدُ حَيْرَ تُوْفَسَكَيْ ﴿ الْتَعَاقَدُ مَعْهَا ۚ وَفَقَ الْآلِي : -

رُقْمُ الْعَقَالُ وْتَارِيْحُهُ : 19 (M/09/119 التاريخ: ٥/ ٥/٠٠٠٠

٧- أَسُمُ الطركة المشرية الله مشينوامبورت

٣-) المستنفظ الله المنافظ المن

إلكيت الكيت (٤) ملون برميل موزعة إلى الآبي .

ُهُ ﴿ يُوْجُعُ ٱلنَّفُطُ ۚ إَلَّهُمْ اللَّهُ مِنْ إِلَى مِلْمُونَ بِرَمِيلُ نَفْطُ خَامُ الْبَصْرَةِ الْجُفَيْقِ فَوْبُ البَّكُرُ

(٢) مليون برميل نفط خام كركوك قوب جيهان

٦- وجهة النفط الحامُ : ` امريكا و/أو أوربا بالنسبة للبصرة الخفيف .

اوربا بالنسبة لحام كركوك

٧- السمسسسعر : ﴿ جَسَبِ المِعَادَلَةِ السعريةِ لنفطى عام البصرة الخفيف وكركوك

للوجهتين اعلاه .

المُعْمَدُةُ وَالْعَمَاتُ مِنْ ١٠/٨/٣١ - ١٠ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْ ١٠/٨/٣١ - ١٠/٨/٣١

٨ُ- ٱلْقَيْمَةُ الْتَقْلَيْدِرَةِ ﴿ إِنَّ خُوْالِي (٨٨)مَلَيُونَ يُؤْرُو عَلَى أَسَاسَ سَعَرَ تَقْلَيْدِي ﴿ ﴿ ٢٠٪ كَا يُولِلْإِ

للبرميل الواحد .

للتفضل بالإطلاع والمصادقة .

ع التقدير

صدام زبن حسن المدير التنفيذي

مصادقة السيد الوزير

~\\\

Oil Marketing Company Shipping & Quantities Department

Date: 06/14/2001

Exports of Iraqi Crude Oil as per the Memorandum of Understanding/Phase (9) From 12/07/2000 to 06/03/2001

As per the Security Council's Resolution no. (1330) / 2000

(Thousands of Barrels)

	East		0	
Markets	Europe U.S.A. East		0	
	1		0	
Percentage	OI 10tal Carry out		0.00%	
Percentage	oi Carry oi		%0	
Total			0	
Shipped Qty		Ceyhan	0	
Shipp		Al- Bakr	0	
Contractual	<u> </u>		4000	
Company			Machinoimport	(Zhirinovsky)
Country			Russia	

To: H.E. the Minister

Please review with sincere regards. Saddam Zeben Hassan 06/18

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 148

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βk , $m\tau$, $\eta \Omega \hat{\tau}$ State Oil Marketing Organization

24 80/

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/100/2001

611/60/W HARRY :

Contract no.

Due date

GP / VO'MACHINOIMPORT' MOSCOW

Sold to

Exporting port : CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY OLYMPIC LEGACY EUROPE

Ships Name Destination Country of origin: IRAQ

: 31/08/2001

BNP Confirmation no : N729282

DOC-621930-G1 Openinig Bank L/c No. :

: CK/5033 (1)	Total value
Shipment No.	Price per

Total value	in EURO		26,149,000.00	
Price per	Barrel FOB		26.149	
	U.S. Bbis		1,000,000	
Quantity	Long Tons		133,414.32	•
	Metric Tons		135,555.619	
Description of commodity		IRAQ CRUDE OIL	KIRKUK	34.08 API GRAVITY AT 60 F*

Total EURO: IWENTY SIX MILLION ONE HUNDRED FORTY NINE THOUSAND ONLY

Price Calculation:

DATED BRENT MINUS \$ 2.35 /BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATTS CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.19 API DE-ESCALATION

26,149,000.00

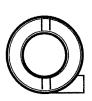
PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK RRAUCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ELIRO SIBLACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-002-06.

ORIGINAL

For State Oil Marketing HEAD OF FINANCED I.A.S.E

B/L DATED 02/08/2001

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) – FN 149



State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/101/2001

GP / VO'MACHINOIMPORT' MOSCOW Sold to

Exporting port : CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY OLYMPIC LEGACY EUROPE Ships Name Destination

Country of origin: IRAQ

N729282 BNP Confirmation no : Contract no.

Due date

DOC-621930-G1 Openinig Bank L/c No.:

CK/5033 (2)	
••	
Shipment No.	

Total value	in EURO		26,213,692.63	- Cunt - Cunt	26,213,692.63
Price per	Barrel FOB		26.149		
	U.S. Bbis		1,002,474		
Quantity	Long Tons		133,744.37		
	Metric Tons		135,890.968		
Description of commodity		IRAQ CRUDE OIL	KIRKUK	34.08 API GRAVITY AT 60 F *	

Total EURO : IWENTY SIX MILLION TWO HUNDRED THIRTEEN THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED NINETY TWO AND SIXTY THREE CENT

Price Calculation:

DATED BRENT MINUS \$ 2.35 IBBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATTS CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.19 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-003-05

B/L DATED 02/08/2001

CRIGINAL

I.A.SHOADER CONTRACTION FOR State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.



State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/118/2001

26/08/2001 M/09/119 N729359

Due date MACHINOIMPORT

STAVROS G.L.
NORTH AMERICA Ships Name Destination

Country of origin: IRAQ

MINA ALBAKR TERMINAL

Exporting port:

Sold to

BNP Confirmation no :

Contract no.

BCHA 42-010926 BBL/3140 (2) Openinig Bank L/c No. : Shipment No.

Metric Tons Long Tons U.S. Bbls Barrel FOB 272,973.840 288,661.62 1,971,827 21.366	Description of commodity		Quantity		Price per	Total value
272,973.640 268,661.62 1,971,827 21.366		Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbis	Barrel FOB	in EURO
272,973.640 268,661.62 1,971,827 21.366	IRAQ CRUDE OIL					
30.63 API GRAVITY AT 60 F°	BASRAH LIGHT	272,973.640	268,661.62	1,971,827	21.366	42,130,055.68
	30.63 API GRAVITY AT 60 F°					

Total EURO ; FORTY, TWO MILLION ONE HUNDRED, THIRTY, THOUSAND FIFTY FIVE AND SIXTY BIGHT CENTS

Price Calculation: WTI(SECOND MONTH)MINUS \$ 6.75 / JBBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15 th DAY FROM THE BAL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.33 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK RRAKCH FOR CREDIT OT PIE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUBACCOUNTIACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-002-05

B/L DATED 28/07/2001

ORIGINAL

HEAD OF FIKAN For State Oil Mark

FROM : MACHINOIMPORT 07/18/2001 13:21 +964-1-7742797

PHONE NO. : 9373115

JUL. 19 2001 04:13PM P3 PAGE 02

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

NO. M/10/ /9

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) – FN 151

 Payments to SELLER under SUB Article 5-5 and Sub Article 6-7 of Section Two, and any other Payments or awards under Article Thirteen of Section Two, are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.
 This Contract shall be subject to SCR 986, SCR 1111, SCR 1143 SCR

 This Contract shall be subject to SCR 986, SCR 1111, SCR 1143 SCR 1153, SCR 1210, SCR 1242, SCR 1281, SCR 1302, SCR 1330, SCR 1360, the Procedures and the Memorandum of Understanding between the Secretariat of the United nations and the Government of Iraq on the implementation of SCR 986 (United Nations document S/1996/356, dated 20 May 1996).

ARTICLE TEN

ADDRESSES:

In addition to the notices, declarations and other communications required under Article Fourteen, notices, approvals, declarations and Communications required above for the Overseers, on behalf of the 661 Committee, shall be effected at the addresses below:-

FOR SELLER:
STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION
P.O. BOX 5118
BAGHDAD - IRAQ
TELEX : 212198 - 212199 SOMO IK
TELEPHONE: 964-1-2869561

964-1-7742040 - 10 Lines : 964-1-8853925

FAX : 964-1-

FOR BUYER: STATE ENTERPRISE FOREIGN ECONOMIC ASSOCIATION "MACHINOIMPORT" 32/34 SMOLENSKAJA PL., 121200, MOSCOW RUSSIA TEL: 7095-2443309

TEL: 7095-2443309 FAX: 7095-2443807 TLX: 411231 MIM SU

FOR OVERSEERS UNITED NATIONS, NEW YORK, U.S.A. FAX: 212-963-1628

All other terms and conditions as per (Section Two) General conditions of F.O.B. crude oil sales contract No. M/02/25 dated 17th day of August 1997. and attached appendices 1 & 2.

This Contract has been done and signed on the 18th day of July 2001.

FOR SELLER

FOR BUYER

SADDAM Z. HASSAN EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL SOMO

TUMANOV SERGEI V. VICE-PRESIDENT

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq Ministry of Oil State Oil Marketing Organization (State Company) No.: KH1/10772 Date: 29 Rabi' II, 1422 H Equivalent to 07/20/2001

Date: 07/18/2001

Stamp Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister No.: 11038

Date: 07/20/2001

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

RE: Approval on Exported Crude Oil Contracts

Based on the allocations' statement, a contract has been signed with the Russian company Machinoimport (on behalf of Mr. Zhirinovsky) as per the following terms:

- 1- Number of Contract: M/10/19
- 2- Name of Company Buyer: Machinoimport
- 3- Nationality: Russian
- 4- Quantity: (8) million barrels divided as follows:
 - (4) million Barrels of Al-Basrah light crude oil FOB Al-Bakr terminal
 - (4) million Barrels Kirkuk crude oil FOB Ceyhan terminal
- 5- Destination of Crude Oil: Europe and / or America
 6- Pricing Formula: As per the rate in effect of Kirkuk and Al-Basrah light crude oil for the aforesaid destinations
 7- Validity of Contract: From 07/18/2001 till 11/30/2001
- 8- Estimated Value of Contract in Dollar: (184) million Euros based on an estimated rate of \$20/barrel
- 9- Surcharge: Payable within one month of loading

For your review and approval, please.

Regards.

Saddam Zeben Hassan Executive Director

[Miscellaneous signatures]

07/21

For the Approval of Minister

I approve

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 152 وزارة النفط/مكتب الوزير رقم / ۲۰۷۸ / ۲۰۱۷ / ۲۰۱۷ / ۲۰۱۷ / ۲۰۰۷ /

بسم الله الوحمن الوحيم

الرقم / خ / / ٧ ٧ ٠ ١ الرقم / خ / / ٧ ٠ ١ ١٤٢٢ ١ هـ التاريخ / ح ربيع التاني / ٢٠١ ١ هـ الموافق / - / / ٢٠٠١ ١ ٢

جمهوریه العراق وزارة النفط شرکه تسوین النفط (شرکه عامة)

اجعل عدوك امام عينك وأسبقه ولا تدعه حلف ظهرك

الرئيس القائد صدام حسين (حفظه الله ورعاه)

Y . . . / A / A

السيد وزير النفط المحترم

م/ المصادقة على عقود النفط الخام المصدر

استناداً الل كشف النخصيصات تم التعاقد مع شركة مشيوامبورت الروسية للمبالح السيد حرنوفسكي . عوجب الشيروط التالية : ٧- رقع العقد وثاريخيسة : (M/10/19 : التاريخ : ٨٠/٧/٨٠ : ٢- رفع العقدة : مشيوامبورت . ٢- الجنسسسية : روسية

: (A) غَمَانُهُ مِلاَيْين برمَيل موزعة الى الآي (.) (٤) مليونُ برميل نقط عام المصرة الخفيف فوب البكر

(3) - - - - - كركوك فوب جيهان :

هِ - وَيَسْهُمُ النَّفْطُ الْحَامِ ﴿ ﴿ ﴿ اللَّهِ الْوَرِبَا ۚ وَالْوَ الرَّبِكَا ۗ ﴿

١- النَّهَ عيرة : حسب النسجيرة النافذة لنفطى حام كركوك والبصرة الخفيف للوحهتين اعلاه.

تُ مِنْ إِلَّهُ مِنْ مُمَارِهُ / ﴿ أَمِنْ مُمَارِهُ مِنْ مُمَارِهُ مِنْ مُمَارِهُ مِنْ مُمَارِهُ مِنْ

٨- القيمة النِقَلَّم يسبَّة : ﴿ يَ خُوالِي (١٨٤) مِليون بِوْرُوْ عِلَي أَسِّمُم سَمِّ تَقْلَبُرِي قَلِرُه

اللعقد بالدولار (۲۰) دولار أبرميل

٩- مبلغ الاسترجاع : يدفع حلان شهر من تاريخ التحميل.

للتفضل بالاطلاع والمصادقة .

مع التقدير .٠

صدام زبن حسن المدير التنفيذي

مصادقة السيد الوزير

٧- فترُّ قَ تَفَادُ الْعَقَسُد

37.27.

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

To: The Financial Department

No.: KH1

From: Crude Oil Marketing First Department

Date: Rabi' Al-Thani, 1422H

Equivalent to 07/21/2001

RE: Contract M/10/19 with the Russian Company Machinoimport

A contract has been signed on 07/18/2001 to supply the aforesaid buyer with crude oil as per the following details:

- 1- Name of Company Buyer: Machinoimport Russian (on behalf of Mr. Zhirinovsky)
- 2- Validity of Contract: Until 11/30/2001
- 3- Quantity and Type: (8) million barrels divided as follows:
 - (4) million Barrels of Al-Basrah light crude oil FOB Al-Bakr terminal
 - (4) million Barrels of Kirkuk crude oil FOB Ceyhan terminal
- 4- Destination of Oil: Europe and / or America
- 5- Pricing Formula: As per the standard price of Kirkuk and Al-Basrah light crude oil for the aforesaid destinations
- 6- Approval of the United Nations: S/AC.25/2001/OIL/1360/COMM
- 7- Address:

STATE ENTERPRISE FOREIGN ECONOMIC ASSOCIATION "MACHINOIMPORT" 32/34 SMOLENSKAJA PL. 121200, MOSCOW

TEL: 7095-2443309 FAX: 7095-2443807 TLX: 411231 MIM SU

- 8- Point of Contact: Mr. S. Tumanov
- 9- Payment and Other Terms: As per the unified formula of crude oil supply contract and L/C

Please take note and act accordingly.

Saddam Zeben Hassan

Executive Director

Abd-al-Jalil Hammadi

Head of Oil Marketing First Department

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) – FN 153

سم ائله الرحمن الرحيم االى /العائرة المالية إ الرقع: خ١/ التاريخ: ربيع الثان/ ١٤٢٢ هـ من / دَائرةِ تَشِويْقُ الْحَيَامُ الْأُولَى الموافق الما/٧/ م م/ العقد M/10/19 مع شركة مشينوامبورت الروسية جرى بتأريخ ٢٠٠١/٧/١٨ التوقيع على عقد تجهيز النقط الخام مع المشتري أعلاة وفق التفاصيل الثالية: " اسم الشركة المشترية : مَشَيْنُوامُبُورِكَ الروسية (لصَّالَحُ السِيدُ حَرَيُوفُمُنكِي) فترة بسزيان العقسسد : لغاية ٢٠٠١/١١/٣٠ . الكمية والنوعينة : ﴿ (٨) مليون برميل موزعة كالآني :-سَرَ ﴿ وَ} مَلِيوَانِ بَرَمِيلَ نَفَظَ خَامُ البِصَرَةُ ٱلخَفَيْقَ قُوبِ الْبِكُرُ ينط : - جاوربا و/أن امزيكا -: ﴿ الْاسْتِبَارِ الْقَيَاسِيَةِ لِنَفِطَى خِنَامُ كُنَّ كُوكَ وَالْبَصْرَةِ الْجَلِّيْقِ للوحهتين اعلاه. مصادقة الاسم المتحدة . . . S/AC.25/2001/OIL/1360/COMM STATE ENTERPRISE FOREIGN ECONOMIC ASSOCIATION "MACHINOIMPORT" 32/34 SMOLENSKAJA PL., 121200, MOSCOW RUSSIA TEL: 7095-2443309 FAX: 7095-2443807 TLX: 411231 MIM SU MR. S. TUMANOV الشخص الذي يتصل به الدفع والشروط الأحرى: حسب الصيغة الموجدة لعقد تجهيز النقط الحام ولكتاب الاعتماد للغلم والعمل مخوجية رجاءً. المدير التنقيذي

PHONE NO. : 9373115

FROM : MACHINGIMPORT #964-1-7742797

AUG. 16 2001 12:10PM P2

PAGE 02

ADDENDUM NO. (1) TO CONTRACT NO. M/10/19 DATED 18/7 /2001.

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION (SOMO) AND STATE ENTERPRISE FOREIGN ECONOMIC ASSOCIATION "MACHINIMPORT" WE HEREBY AGREED TO THE FOLLOWING:-

1- ARTICLE (THREE) ONE QUANTITY AND QUALITY IS AMENDED TO READ :-

TYPE OF CRUDE QUANTITY PORT OF LOADING

- BASRAH LIGHT 2,000,000 BBLS ALBAKR
- KIRKUK 2,000,000 BBLS CEYHAN

2- OTHER TERMS AND CONDITIONS

ALL OTHER TERMS AND CONDITIONS SHALL REMAIN UNCHANGED.

DONE AND SIGNED ON THE 16th DAY OF AUGUST 2001.

FOR SELLER
SADDAM Z. HASSAN
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL
S O M O

FOR BUYER

TUMANOV SERGEI V. VICE PRESIDENT

PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 154

420

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

To: The Financial Department

No.: KH1

From: Crude Oil Marketing First Department

Date: Jumada Al-Akhira, 1422H

Equivalent to 08/18/2001

RE: Contract no. M/10/19 with Machinoimport Russian Company

Following to our memorandum dated 07/21/2001, we made an agreement with the abovementioned buyer to change the contractual quantities (on behalf of Mr. Zhirinovsky) from (8) million barrels to (4) million barrels divided as follows:

- (2) million Barrels of Kirkuk crude oil FOB Ceyhan terminal
- (2) million Barrels of Al-Basrah light crude oil FOB Al-Bakr terminal

Other terms remain unchanged.

Please take note and act accordingly.

Saddam Zeben Hassan Executive Director

Abd-al-Jalil Hammadi
Head of Oil Marketing First Department

Cc:

Shipping & Quantities department – following to our memorandum dated 07/19/2001 for the same purpose mentioned above, please.

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) – FN 155

بسم الله الوحمن الوحيم

الرقم/ خ١/ التاريخ/ جمادي الاولى ٤٣٢ (هــــ الموافق/ جم/ ٢٠٠١/٨ الى /الدائرة المالية من / دائرة تسويق الحام الاولى

م/ العقد رقم M/10/19 مع شركة مشينوامبورت الروسية

الحاقاً بمذكرتنا المؤرخة في ٢٠٠١/٧/٢١ .

نم الاتفاق مع المشتري اعلاه على تعديل الكميات المتعاقد عليها معهم (لصالح السيد

جيرتوفسكي) من (٨) مليون برميل الى (٤) مليون برميل موزعة كالآبي :

(۲) ملیون برمیل نفط جام کرکوك فوب حیهان .

(٢) مليون برميل نفط خام الصبرة الخفيف فوب البكر

مع الابقاء على كافة الشروط الاحرى دونٌ يُغير .

للعلم والعمل بموجيه رجاء

صدام زبن خسن المذي

له كريم المستخدم الم

نسعة منه الي /

دائرة الشحن والكميات - الحاقاً بمذكرتنا المؤرخة في ٢٠٠١/٧/١٩ لنفس الغرض اعلاه رجاء .

08/07/2001 16:45 FAX 7132248101 Ø001 ******* *** TX REPORT ***
************** TRANSMISSION OK TX/RX NO 1970 CONNECTION TEL CONNECTION ID 01170952441093 ST. TIME USAGE T PGS. SENT RESULT 08/07 16:45 00'29 ok 1



10: Machinoimport State Enterprise

Foreign Trade Association Mr.Sergei Valentinovich Tumanov 011-7095-244-1093 ATTN:

FAX:

FROM: David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DATE: August 7, 2001

Iraqi Crude Contract RE:

Dear Sirs:

We are aware of your meeting today and discussions carried our with Mr. Ludmil Dionissiev. At this time, we would like to support your endeavor for a future Iraqi crude oil contract and are ready to nominate against this future contract subject to reaching an agreement with you on prices and delivery dates.

Mr. Dionissiev will visit you tomorrow for detailed discussions on the matter.

Yours sincerely

David B. Chalmers, Jr. For and on behalf of

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 156

SNT 024280

17/08 101 15:58 FAX 242 362 4743

OIL NASSAU

AGENCY AGREEMENT NO.50-0601/72011/M/10/19-/FI-K

"14" August, 2001

State Enterprise "Forcian Economic Association "Machinoimport", Moscow, Russia, hereinafter referred to as the Seller, and "BAYOH, SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED," Nessau, Baharnas, hereinafter referred to as the Buyer, together called as the parties,

-taking into account that the Seller is one of the operators from the Russian part, concerning the UN program "Oil for Food", Phase 10 - bearing in mind that the huyer is ready to provide financial resources to meet the requirements of the program, -realizing that the common activity in frame of about pointed program will be municiply beneficial for the Parties, have come to the following agreement:

- 1. Subject of the agreement.
- 1.1 Seller undertakes to do the following:
- To agree with S.O.M.O. schedule and destination of the delivery, exact dates
 of shipment, layers and vessel nomination.
- To instruct the Buyer to issue for and on behalf of the Setter L/C for each ablomout.
- To carry out operational correspondence, to make contacts with S.O.M.O. and Overseers, to provide the Buyer with all seceived information concerning the fulfillment of the Agreement.
- 1.2 Buyer undertakes to do the following:
- To buy 2,000,000 tible of Kirkerk oil allocated to the Seller and lift on accepted date of September 2rd, 2001, for destination North America.
- To give nomination with the full information of the vessel, her technical parameters, her final destination, layean, etc.

Cu

Any

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) – FN 157

SNT 024276

FROM : GP/VD MACHINDIMPORT MARKETING PHONE NO. : 2441160

Aug. 20 2001 10:48AM P04

08-18-2001 09:36AM FROM

01170952421231

- To issue 10 days prior to the laycan date a Letter of Credit covering the total value of the crude off to be lifted, in strict conformity with the provisions of the Contract signed between the Seller and S.O.M.O. The Buyer shall open a Letter of Credit at its own expense and account.
- To lift and sell the quantity allotted to the Seller in the international oil market in frame of allotted quots strictly in accordance with the Contract concluded between S.O.M.O. and the Seller and the provisions of the U.N. program.
- 1.3 All other terms and conditions where not in conflict with this Agency Agreement shall be in accordance with corresponding SOMO State Enterprise Foreign Economic Association "Machinimpon" contracts, Demurage, it, any, will be paid if SOMO accept it and upon receipt of funds from SOMO, otherwise no responsibility for demurage will be due from Sellers. If any other expenses arise in connection with fulfillment of the present Agreement are not confirmed and paid by SOMO, they will be for Buyers' account.
- 2.1 Official sching price of S.O.M.O. for corresponding destination with A.F.I. escalation/de-escalation effective for month of delivery plus US Dollars 0.40
- 2.2 Payment! Payment inside Letter of Credit shall be made by Buyer in the Euros in full without discount, withholding, earth, commercialm or other deduction within thirty (30) days from Bill of Lading data (B/L date included).
- 2.3 Payments of US Dollars 0.40 per not Bill of Lading barrel to be paid ourside Letter of Credit as instructed by the Seller value 20 days from the Bill of Lading date (B/L date = day one) against receipt of commercial invoice.
- 2.4 If the Buyer for some reason delays psyment of the amount due outside Letter of Credit stipulated in Article 2.3 here above, the Buyer pays the Seller a penalty in the amount of one percent of the total amount due for each day of the delay.
- 3. Force-Majeurs.
- 3.1 The parties shall not be responsible for failure to fulfill their contractual obligations in whole or partially except the payment for the goods already delivered, if such failure is the result of Force-Majeure circumstances, supulated in the contract between the Seller and S.O.M.O. company.
- 4. Law and Jurisdiction.

SNT 024277

HU9. 20 2001 10:49HM F05

08-18-2001 09:39AM FROM

81178952421231 F.QL

- 4.1 The Present Agreement is made under, and shall be governed by and be consumed in all respects in accordance with the laws of Sweden.
- 4.2 All the disputes and claims concerning and/or in connection with the Present Agreement or its violation or termination or the Agreement will become ineffective to be solved by Parties by negotiations.
- 4.3 Should the Parties full to agree by negotiations, then any dispute or claims arising out of the Present Agreement shall be finally sattled by the International Arbitration Court of Stockholm, Sweden and shall be examined. in accordance with the material law and regulations in affect.
- 4.4 The language of the arbitration is English. The award of the arbitration is final and binding on both parties.
- 5. Validity and termination of the Agreement.
- 5.1 The Present Agreement becomes effective from the date it is signed and shall be in force until the Parties fulfill their obligations.
- 5.2 The Present Agreement shall be null and void upon mutual written agreement of the Parties.
- 6. Miscellaneous.
- 6.1 Lifting of oil under the Present Agreement is accepted by S.O.M.O. to load on September 2nd, 2001 on vessel M/T "Amazon Esgle"/Sub.
- 6.2 Neither Party is entitled to transfer its rights and obligations hereunder to the third Party without the other party's written consent thereto.
- 6.3 All Amendments and Supplements to the Present Agreement are valid only if they are made in writing and signed by both Parties.
 All Appendices and Addenda hereto make foregral parts of the Present Agreement.
- 6.4 After signing the Present Agreement all preceding negotiations and correspondence between the Parties shall be deemed null and void.
- 6.5 In case of reorganization of the juridical person, either of the Parties of the Present Agreement, all the rights and liabilities to be transferred to the corresponding successor.
- 6.6 The Present Agreement is signed in two originals in English, one original for each Party, both originals being equally authentic.

SNT 024278

08-18-2001 09:42AM FROM 17/08 01 15:55 FAX 242 362 4733

OIL NASSAU

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6.7 The Contract No. M/10/19 signed between the Seller and S.O.M.O. will form an integral part of the Present Agreement and shall be the basis of cooperation between the Parties.

7. Special Conditions.

- 7.1 Seller warrants that the crude oil sold to the Buyer pursuant to this Agreement was obtained pursuant to all necessary approvals and in accordance with all applicable procedures of the United Nations (U.N.) resolutions 986 and the U.N. Security Council Committee established by SCR 661 (1990). Seller also warrants that the provisions of all applicable U.N. resolutions have been compiled with, including, without limitation, SCR 986 (1995), SCR 1111 (1997), SCR 1143 (1997) and SCR 661 (1990).
- 7.2 Seller specifically warrants that no nurcharge or other payment was made to S.O.M.O. by the Seller, or to the Seller's knowledge by any third party, outside the U.N. escrow account in obtaining the crude oil sold to the Buyer hereunder.
- 7.3 Saller shall provide Buyer a copy of the U.N. Certification, U.N. appointed inspector's Certificate and the Certificate of Origin upon vessel's departure from the load port and as soon as S.O.M.O. provides the required papers.

THE SELLER

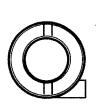
THE BUYER

GP/VO "MACHINOIMPORT"

has midmit BAYOLL SUPPLY & TRADING

LIMITED

SNT 024279



State Oil Marketing Organization

Commercial Invoice No.: C/119/2001

02/10/2001

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Due date MACHINOIMPORT

Exporting port : CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY AMAZON EAGLE Ships Name

Sold to

Country of origin: IRAQ Destination

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 161

NORTH AMERICA

CK/5050 Shipment No.

IX00117010038247

N730032 M/10/19

> BNP Confirmation no : Openinig Bank L/c No. :

Contract no.

Totai Euro : <u>"Roriy", Sevien, nillilon one, handred ning.</u> Thousand pive handred pipty one and popuy pive cents

Price Calculation: WTI(FIRST MONTH)MINUS \$ 6.15 /18BL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15 Un DAY FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.24 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS (RAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT, NUMBER 0200-201752-002-05

For State Oil Markening HEAD OF FINANCE

B/L DATED 03/09/2001

1,820,015 1,982,832 2,027,902 2,103,164 2,082,293 250,000 2,160,000 2,160,000 1,822,670 200,000 1,912,822,670 200,000 1,912,822,670 2,098,471 2,09

1,928,233 600,000 400,000 2,928,233

QUANTITY

QUANTITY

TOTAL 2001 122,853,572

QUANTITY

BAYOIL CARGOES LOADED UNDER UN OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM (1997 - 2003)

7/2/2004 2:54 PM

LDATE VESSEL VE	COUNTRY/SUPPLIER	TNK NAFTA-CYPRUS ROSNEFT	ROSNEFT SLAVNEFT	ROSNET	SLAVNEFT	ROSNEFT	ROSNEFT(MED NAFTA-CYPRUS)	ROSNEFT(MED NAFTA-CYPRUS)	ROSNEFT(MED NAFTA-CYPRUS)	ROSNEFT(MED NAFTA-CYPRUS)	ROSNEFT (MED NAFTA-CYPRUS)	ROSNEFT(MED NAFTA-CYPRUS)	EMERCOM M/10/61	COUNTRY/SUPPLIER UKRAINE	ENERGY	FEDERALNIY	COUNTRY/SUPPLIER ITALY	ITALTECH	ITALTECH	
ATE //2001	VESSEL	ASTRO BETA HELLESPONT CAPITOL MAJESTIC UNITY	HELLESPONT PARADISE STAVROS G.L.	STAVROS G.L.	AMAZON EAGLE	ASTRO BETA OLYMPIC SPIRIT	STENA CONVOY	MAGDELAINE	SETTEBELLO	SAHARA	NOTO	OLYMPIC SPIRIT	AMAZON EAGLE(12)	VESSEL	TINA	HELLESPONT CAPITOL	VESSEL	TINA ASTRO BETA	HELLESPONT PARADISE GOLDEN FOUNTAIN	
178 172 172 172 172 172 173	B/L DATE	1/6/2001 1/27/2001 2/14/2001	2/25/2001	4/3/2001	4/18/2001	5/20/2001	8/21/2001	8/15/2001	8/26/2001	9/8/2001	9/15/2001	10/9/2001	12/24/2001	B/L DATE	5/31/2001	8/6/2001	B/L DATE	1/20/2001	1/23/2001 1/24/2001	09-01

581

09-21-2001 06:16AM FROM

7132248101 P.02

FROM : GP/UG MACHINGIMPORT MARKETING PHONE NO. : 2441160

Sep. 21 2001 04:12PM P01

STATE ENTERPRISE FOREIGN ECONOMIC ASSOCIATION MACHINIMPORT

COMMERCIAL INVOICE NO 50-0601/72011/M/10/19/B-K-1 DATED 21.09.01

TO: BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED P.O. BOX CB 12918 NASSAU BAHAMAS

FURTHER TO OUR CONTRACT DATED AUGUST 14, 2001

VESSEL NAME: VESSEL NAM.
B/L DATE:
LOADPORT:
GRADE:
ORIGIN:
QUANTITY:

M/T "AMAZON EAGLE" SEPTEMBER 3, 2001 CEYHAN, TURKEY KIRKUK CRUDE OIL IRAQ 2,098,421 NET US BARRELS

BALANCE AMOUNT DUE NOT COVERED BY LETTER OF CREDIT NR. 1X00117010038247 USD 839,368.40

USD 839,368.40

PAYABLE VALUE: 20 DAYS FROM BILL OF LADING DATE OR TWO BANKING DAYS FOLLOWING RECEIPT OF INVOICE AS FOLLOWS:

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 162

SNT 024344 SNT 024344



TO:

Machinoimport State Enterprise

Foreign Trade Association

ATTN:

Mr.Sergei Valentinovich Tumanov

FAX:

011-7095-244-1093

FROM:

Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited

DATE:

September 21, 2001

REF:

M/T "Amazon Eagle" - Invoice No. 50-0601/72011/M/10/19-/B-K-1

Dear Sirs:

In follow up to your invoice received today, please be advised our bank will not allow us to transfer funds to any account name other than whom we have contracted the barrels

Please advise if we can forward funds to the bank account as per your invoice instructions with Machoimport noted as beneficiary?

Your prompt reply will be greatly appreciated in order to effect payment.

Thanks & regards,

Ludmil Dionissiev For and on behalf of

Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

P.O. BOX CB12918 NASSAU BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 T(x: 20644

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 163

SNT 024353 SNT 024353 10-04-2001 07:23AM FROM

TO

7132248101 P.01

FROM : MASHINDIMPORT

PHONE NO. : 9377315

OCT, 04 2001 11:28AM P1



STATE ENTERPRISE FOREIGN ECONOMIC ASSOCIATION

AR 109017, Moscow, Bolshays Ordynka St., 40/37 edifice 1, sec. +B+, -MACHINQIMPORT+ Tel. 244-33-09. Telex: 411231. Fex: 244-38-07

4.10.2001 N 50-1103 554

INVOICE 50-0601/72011/M/10/19-/B-K-1

Ref. Agency Agreement 50-0601/72011/M/10/19-/B-K

Dear Mr. Dionissiev,

In compliance with our Agency Agreement you are kindly requested to URGENTLY transfer the sum of US Dollars 839,368-40 to the following account:

Beneficiary – MACHINOIMPORT Account No. 070 – 33 – 065124 With Cyprus Popular Bank Ltd 11-13 Arch Makarios III Ave., Nicosia, Cyprus SWIFT - LIKICY2N Attn. Mrs. Rena Adamides Payment "Amazon Eagle".

Your prompt actions will be highly appreciated.

Best regards,

Bayuil-Phase 10-Kirkuk

S.Tumanov First Vice President MACHINOIMPORT

DO IT AS BUICKILY AS

PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 164

TOTAL P.01 SNT 024345



TO:

BANQUE CANTONALE VAUDOISE, LAUSANNE

ATTN: FAX:

CEDRIC SOGUEL 011-41-21-212-2581

FROM:

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

DATE:

OCTOBER 4, 2001

RE:

M/T "AMAZON EAGLE" - V-50166

DEAR CEDRIC:

BAYOIL HEREBY AUTHORIZES THE FOLLOWING NET PAYMENT BY DEBIT TO OUR ACCOUNT WITH VALUE OCTOBER 5, 2001.

AMOUNT:

US\$839,368.40

BANK:

CYPRUS POPULAR BANK LTD 11-13 ARCH MAKARIOS III AVENUE NICOSIA, CYPRUS

ATTN: MRS. RENA ADAMIDES

SWIFT:

LIKICY2N

ACOUNT NO. 070-33-065124

CREDIT:

MACHINOIMPORT

THANK YOU AND REGARDS,

DAVID B. CHALMERS, JR.

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF BAYOIL SUPPLY AND TRADING LIMITED

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

PO. BOX CB12918 NASSAU BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TIX: 20644

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 165

SNT 024343

5. OCT. 2001 16:58 PaA : BAYOIL Name: un. tled

BCV. INT. TRADE FIN. +41 21 2122581

№8233 P. 1

X098

APPICHER MESSAGE SWIFT SORTIE

05.10.01 16:55

PRESSER ENTER POUR CONTINUER

TYPE MESSAGE REFERENCE

SWIFT MT103 SINGLE CUTOMER CREDIT TRANSFER 4625704924012780

EMETTEUR

BCVLCH2LXXX BANQUE CANTONALE VAUDOISE SIEGE 1002 LAUSANNE

RECEPTEUR

LIKICY2NXXX CYPRUS POPULAR BANK LTD, THE NICOSIA / LEFKOSIA

NO MESSAGE

2795614924,01,278

AC 05.10.2001 11:55:41 05.10.2001 12:09:00

NO MESSAGE ETAT DATE/HEURE CREATION DATE/HEURE EMISSION REFERENCE EN RELATION ORIGINE INTERNE

TP

F12=OUIT

ATIN. Jean
BR Lionel.

Date: 05.10.2001 Time: 16:55:29

1/2

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 166

SNT 024340 SNT 024340 5. OCT. 2001 16:58

BCV INT. TRADE FIN. +41 21 2122581

№98233 P. 2

Page: 1 Document Name: un. cled

AFFICHER MESSAGE SWIFT

05.10.01 16:55

POUR CONTINUER PRESSER ENTER

TYPE MESSAGE SWIFT MT103 SINGLE CUTOMER CREDIT TRANSFER

20 TRANSACTION REFERENCE NUMBER 4625704924012780

71a DETAILS OF CHARGES OUR
72 SENDER TO RECEIVER INFORMATION /ACC/ATTN MRS RENA ADAMIDES

F07=PREV F08=NEXT F12=QUIT

PAGE/CSR PAGE LINES 1 TO 14 OF 14

Date: 05.10.2001 Time: 16:55:35

2/2

SNT 024341 SNT 024341

تكريخ يرفث فتكرير	
1.14.14.1	
1:-0:E1 AM	

شركة تسويق النفط كثف بعبائغ الاسترجاع المستحلة والممددة لكافة العراهل حسب الشركة

عمولان	14.43	01	01	12	10	8	6	10	10	11	11	12	12	8	6	10	=======================================	6	10	6	5	11	12	80	27
	المشتري	LUBNA	LUBNA	LUBNA	LUKOIL	MACHINOIMPORT	MARBEL RESOURCES	MARBEL RESOURCES	MARBEL RESOURCES	MARBEL RESOURCES	MASEFIELD	MASEFIELD	MASTEK	MASTEK	MED NAFTA	MED NAFTA	MEDCO	MEDCO							
	رقم العسكة	M/09/105	M/10/43	M/11/63	M/10/67	M/08/37	M/09/22	M/10/11	M/10/19	M/11/17	M/11/79	M/11/79	M/12/01	M/08/95	M/09/76	M/10/16	M/10/16	M/09/54	M/10/57	M/08/60	M/09/18	M/11/55	M/12/19	M/08/97	M/10/72
司(1人	الكمية / برميل	1,002,739	1,006,073	1,046,945	3,741,829	2,919,856	2,997,319	5,088,147	4,070,248	3,042,671	3,366,413	1,914,918	1,908,622	3,550,846	3,538,143	5,469,675	525,000	1,935,892	1,000,896	1,786,267	36,469,888	8,094,595	2,054,449	2,018,386	1,904,781
nt.	الميلغ المستحق/بولار	250,684.75	251,518.25	157,041.75	1,122,548.70	291,985.00	849,080.80	1,426,320.40	1,221,074.40	912,801.30	916,603.25	287,237.70	286,293.30	355,083.00	1,061,442.90	1,450,167.10	157,500.00	498,973.00	250,224.00	535,880.10	10,380,361.39	2,428,378.50	308,167,35	201,838.00	571,434.30
	Tanka Rames/ce Ki	250,685.00	251,518.00	0.00	1,122,671.00	291,985.00	849,080.80	1,426,265.80	1,221,074.40	912,771.30	916,603.25	667,796.05	286,240.00	350,000.00	1,061,442.90	1,439,656.10	157,500.00	498,518.00	250,022.00	0.00	9,803,960.13	2,388,708.51	00.0	201,838.00	571,434.30
	المثلغ المتنقى/بولار	-0.25	0.25	157,041.75	-122.30	00'0	00'0	54.60	00:00	30.00	00'0	-380,558.35	53.30	5,083.00	0.00	10,511.00	0000	455.00	202.00	535,880.10	576,401.26	39,669,99	308,167.35	00.00	00.00
	معل مبلغ الاستر هاع(او لا أيرمط)	0.27	0.25	0.15	0.30	0.10	0.28	0.28	0.30	0.30	0.23	0.23	0.15	0.10	0.30	0.27	0.27	0.26	0.25	0.30	0.28	0.30	0.15	0.10	0.30
<u></u>							Peri PS	man I S	ent S taf	Subc T R			e on	Inv		atio		Water Control of the		NAME OF THE PERSON NAMED AND POST OF THE PERS	PORTIONAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AN	TO A A A STORY OF THE PARTY OF	Anna de la companya d	THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND	The state of the s

اعداد الدائدة الماللة-السحائ التحدية

"26" mous 200 fr.

14x 11v -----

VICE PREMIER-MINISTER OF THE REPUBLIC OF IRAQ MR. TARIQ AZIZ

To His Excellency,

Dear friend,

Thank you very much for your time and undeniable at the developing our cooperation.

I would like to confirm that I have a cooperation with the company "LUKOIL ASIA PACIFIC PTE LTD" during the next phase of the United Nations oil-for-food agreements.

Next allocation for this phase of 2001, in an amount of 4 million barrels of oil should be assigned to "LUKOIL ASIA PACIFIC PTE LTD" for the contracting and lifting.

Sincerely Yours,

Vladimir Zhirinovsky

WM000023

PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 168

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION
CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

NO. M/10/67

PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 169

- 8. Payments to SELLER under SUB Article 5-5 and Sub Article 6-7 of Section Two, and any other Payments or awards under Article Thirteen of Section Two, are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee
- 9. This Contract shall be subject to SCR 986, SCR 1111, SCR 1143 SCR 1153, SCR 1210, SCR 1242, SCR 1281, SCR 1302, SCR 1330, SCR 1360, the Procedures and the Memorandum of Understanding between the Secretariat of the United nations and the Government of Iraq on the implementation of SCR 986 (United Nations document S/1996/356, dated 20 May 1996).

ARTICLE TEN

ADDRESSES:

In addition to the notices, declarations and other communications required under Article Fourteen, notices, approvals, declarations and Communications required above for the Overseers, on behalf of the 661 Committee, shall be effected at the addresses below:-

FOR SELLER:

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION P.O. BOX 5118 BAGHDAD - IRAQ

TELEX : 212198 - 212199 SOMO IK

TELEPHONE: 964-1-2869561

964-1-7742040 - 10 Lines

FAX 964-1-8853925

FOR BUYER:

LUKOIL ASIA PACIFIC PTE LTD 65 CHULIA STREET, #48-07, OCBC CENTRE, SINGAPORE 049513

TEL: 423 1311 FAX: 438 5335

TLX: LUKOIL RS20804

FOR OVERSEERS

UNITED NATIONS, NEW YORK, U.S.A.

FAX: 212-963-1628

All other terms and conditions as per (Section Two) General conditions of F.O.B. crude oil sales contract and attached appendices 1 & 2 . This Contract has been done and signed on the 26^{TH} day of August , 2001.

FOR SELLER

SADDAM Z. HASSAN EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL SOMO

FOR BUYER

PIERRE WAVRE

DIRECTOR

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq Ministry of Oil State Oil Marketing Organization (State Company) No.: KH1/12653 Date: 08 Jumada I, 1422 H Equivalent to 08/27/2001

Stami

Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister

No.: 13331 Date: 08/27/2001

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

RE: Approval on Exported Crude Oil Contracts

Based on the allocations statement, a contract has been signed with the Russian company Lukoil Asia (on behalf of Mr. Zhirinovsky) as per the following terms:

1- Number of Contract: M/10/67 Date: 08/26/2001

2- Name of Company Buyer: Lukoil Asia Russian company

3- Nationality: Russian

4- Quantity: (4) million barrels divided as follows:

- (2) million Barrels of Al-Basrah light crude oil FOB Al-Bakr terminal
- (2) million Barrels Kirkuk crude oil FOB Ceyhan terminal
- 5- Destination of Crude Oil: Europe and / or America
- 6- Pricing Formula: As per the rate in effect of Kirkuk and Al-Basrah light crude oil for the aforesaid destinations
- 7- Validity of Contract: From 08/26 till 11/30/2001
- 8- Estimated Value: (92) million Euros based on an estimated rate of \$20/barrel
- 9- Surcharge: Payable within one month of loading

For your review and approval, please.

Regards,

Saddam Zeben Hassan Executive Director

[Miscellaneous signatures]

For the Approval of Minister I approve

09/03

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 170

وزارة النفط المكتب الوزير رقم البه ۲۷۷ م التاريخ: ۲۰۰۷ م ۲۰۰۷

الله الرحمن الرحيم

الرقم / ح / / ٧ ٥ ٦ > / الرقم / ح / / ٢

جمهورية العراق

التاريح√جمادي الاول/١٤٢٢هـــ

وزارة النفط

الموافق/٧ > ١١/٨/ ٢٠٠١

شركة تسويق النفط (شركة عامة)

اجعل عدوك امام عينك وأسبقه ولا تدعه خلف ظهرك

الرئيس القائد صدام حسين (حفظه الله ورعاه) ۲۰۰۰/۸/۸

السيد وزير النفط المحترم

م/ المصادقة على عقود النقط الحام المصدر

استناداً الى كشف التخصيصات نم التعاقد مع شركة لوك اوبسل اسميا - الرومسية (لصمالح السميد

حرنوفسكي) يموجب الشروط التالية :

۱- رقم العقب له وتأريخه: M/10/67 التاريخ: ۲۰۰۱/۸/۲۲

٧- اسم الشركة المتعاقدة : لوك اويل اسيا الروسية

٣- الجنسية : روسية

٤- الكميـــــة : (٤) اربعة ملايين برميل موزعة كالآتي :-

(٢) مليون برميل نفط خام البصرة الخفيف فوب البكر.

(٢) مليون برميل نقط حام كركوك فوب جيهان.

٥- وحهة النفط الحام : اوريا و/أو امريكا

٦- التسميميرة : حسب التسعيرة النافذة لفطي خام كركوك و البصرة الخفيف

للوحهتين اعلاه.

٧- فترة نهاد العقــد : للفترة ما بين ٨/٢٦ ولغاية ٢٠٠١/١١/٣٠

٨- القيمة التقديريسة : (٩٢) مليون يورو على اساس سعر تقديري قدره (٢٠) دولار/برمبل

٩- مبلغ الاسترجاع : يدفع خلال شهر من تاريح التحميل.

للتفضل بالاطلاع والمصادقة .

مع التقدير .

صدام زبن حسد

المديو التنفيذي

مصادقة السيد الوزير

20

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

To: The Financial Department

No.: KH1

From: Crude Oil Marketing First Department

Date: Jumada Al-Akhira, 1422H Equivalent to 08/27/2001

RE: Contract M/10/67 with Lukoil Asia Company (Mr. Zhirinovsky)

A contract has been signed on 08/26/2001 to supply the aforesaid buyer with crude oil as per the following details:

- 1- Name of Company Buyer: Lukoil Asia Pacific
- 2- Validity of Contract: Until 11/30/2001
- 3- Quantity and Type: (4) million barrels divided as follows:
 - (2) million Barrels of Al-Basrah light crude oil FOB Al-Bakr terminal
 - (2) million Barrels of Kirkuk crude oil FOB Ceyhan terminal
- 4- Destination of Oil: Europe and / or America
- 5- Pricing Formula: As per the standard price of Kirkuk and Al-Basrah light crude oil for the aforesaid destinations
- 6- Approval of United Nations: S/AC.25/2001/OIL/1360/COMM
- 7- Address:

LUKOIL ASIA PACIFIC PTE LTD 65 CHULIA STREET, #48-07, OCBC CENTER SINGAPORE 049513 TEL: 0065 423 1311 FAX: 0065 438 5335

TLX: LUKOIL R20804

- 8- Point of Contact: Mr. Pierre Wavre
- 9- Payment and Other Terms: As per the unified formula of crude oil supply contract and L/C

Please take note and act accordingly.

Saddam Zeben Hassan Executive Director

Abd-al-Jalil Hammadi Head of Oil Marketing First Department

PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 173

بسه الله الرحمن الرحيم

الرقم: خ1/

االى /الدائرة المالية

التاريخ: /جمادي الأخرة/ ١٤٢٢ هـــ

من / دائرة تسويق الحام الاولى

الموافق: ١/٨/٨٠ م

م/ العقد M/10/67 مع شركة لوك اويل اسيا (السيد حرثوفسكي)

تم يتاريخ ٢٠٠١/٨/٢٦ التوقيع على عقد تجهنز النقط الحام مع المشتري اعلاه وفق التفاصيل التالية:--

١- اسم الشركة المشترية : لوك اويل اسيا باستك

- فترة شريان العقـــــد : لغاية ٢٠٠١/١١/٣٠ .

٣- الكمية والنوعيـــة : (٤) مليون برميل موزعة كالآتي :-

(٢) مليون برميل نفط حام البصرة الخفيف فوب البكر

(٢) = = = کرکوك فوب جيهان

٤- وجهة النفيط : اوربا و/أو امريكا

للوجهتين اعلاه.

7- مصادقة الامم المتحدة : S/AC.25/2001/OIL/1360/COMM

ن / /۱۰۰۲

: j) _____

LUKOIL ASIA PACIFIC PTE LTD 65 CHULIA STREET, #48-07, OCBC CENTRE, SINGAPORE 049513

TEL: 0065 423 1311 FAX: 0065 438 5335 TLX: LUKOIL RS20804

MR. PIERRE WAVRE : الشخص الذي يتصل به

٩- الدفع والشروط الاحرى: حسب الصيغة الموحدة لعقد تجهيز النفط الحام ولكتاب الاعتماد.

للعلم والعمل بموجبه رجاء .

مدام زبن حسن

المدير التنفيذي

عبد الجليل سعيد حمادي رئيس دائرة تسويق الحام الاولى



State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/147/2001

LCIM2196042 08/11/2001 N731107 M/10/67 CK/5078 Openinig Bank L/c No. BNP Confirmation no Shipment No. Contract no. Due date : ` LUKOIL ASIA PACIFIC PTE LTD Exporting port : CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY LICORNE PACIFIQUE NORTH AMERICA Country of origin: IRAQ Ships Name Destination Sold to

32,602,124.41 32,602,124.41 Total value in EURO Price per Barrel FOB 17.082 1,908,566 U.S. Bbls 255,508.20 Quantity Long Tons Metric Tons 259,609.107 33.52 API GRAVITY AT 60 F * **Description of commodity** IRAQ CRUDE OIL KIRKUK Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) – FN 174

WTIFIRST MONTHIMINUS \$ 6.15 /BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15 th DAY FROM THE B/L DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATTS CRUDE CIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.24 API DE-ESCALATION Total EURO : THIRDY INO MILLION SIX HINDRED INO TROUSAND ONE HANDRED IMPATY FOUR AND FORTIONE CENTS Price Calculation:

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED MATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS. SA NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EJSO SIB-ACCOUNT ACCOUNT WINNER 0200-20175-002-08

B/L DATED 10/10/2001

For State Oil Whicketh Organization Heavyork finance dept.

ORIGINAL

Total value in EURO

Price per Barrel FOB

U.S. Bbis

Metric Tons

Quantity Long Tons

BBL/3196

Openinig Bank L/c No.:

Shipment No.

28,067,256.53

15.310

1,833,263

250,103.54

254,117.702

28,067,256.53



State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/182/2001

12/11/2001 Due date : LUKOIL ASIA PACIFIC PTE LTD Sold to

LCIM2196355 M/10/67 BNP Confirmation no : N731121 Contract no. Exporting port : MINA ALBAKR TERMINAL ASTRO GAMMA NORTH AMERICA

30.40 API GRAVITY AT 60 F Description of commodity Country of origin: IRAQ IRAQ CRUDE OIL BASRAH LIGHT Ships Name Destination Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 175 Total EURO : "TWENTY EIGHT MILLION SIXTY, SEVEN, TROUSAND INO HANDRED FIFTY SIX AND FIFTY THREE CENTS

Price Calculation: WTI(SECOND MONTH)MINUS \$ 7.00 / IBBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15 th DAY FROM THE 8/L DATE AS PRICE CALCULATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT,ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-002-05

B/L DATED 14/10/2001

CRIGINAL

For State Oil Market HEAD OF FINAL

	QUANTITY 1,000,000 1,950,588 550,000 1,997,855	5,498,443 QUANTITY 1,013,696	2,148,386 1,547,185 3,695,571	÷ .		
						• •
(2003)		÷				
(1997 - 2						
R-FOOD PROGRAM	COUNTRY/SUPPLIER RUSSIA ALFA ECO ALFA ECO ALFA ECO ALFA ECO	COUNTRY/SUPPLIER NETHERLANDS TRAFIGURA	COUNTRY/SUPPLIER IRAG SOMO			
OIL-FO	ा विवय	ol 1⊨	ଠା 10 0			
BAYOIL CARGOES LOADED UNDER UN OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM (1897 - 2003)	VESSEL JAHRE VENTURE MARINE ATLANTIC RUHR ORE	VESSEL BIRCH	<u>VESSEL</u> ARCADIA JAHRE VENTURE			
BAYOIL CARG	B/L. DATE 8/23/1997 9/29/1997 11/1/1997	B/L DATE 9/30/1997	B/L DATE 8/15/1997 8/23/1997			BAY09-015
			nent Subcommitte Staff Rpt (V	ee on Investigations Z) – FN 176		
					_	

7/2/2004 2:53 PM

02/11 '01 FRI 17:53 FAX 65 438 5335

LUKOIL ASIAPAC

FROM : LUKOIL ASIA PACIFIC PTE LTD, SINGAPORE

TO : BAYOIL SUPPLY AND TRADING LIMITED TLX : 20644 FAX : 1 713 224 8101

CC : BMP PARIBAS (SUISSE) SA ATTN : GINA GRECO / CHRISTINE GENILLOUD TLX : 412100

CC : LUKOIL SA ATTN : NEIL MAJSKI

______ RE: M/T ''LICORNE PACIFIC'' - B/L DATED 10.10.2001 AT CEYHAN, TURKEY
1,908,566 NET US BBLS OF KIRKUK CRUDE OIL
CONTRACT DATED JULY 20, 2001
O/REF. SC-004-01S

PLEASE FIND HEREAFTER OUR TELEX INVOICE COVERING THE ABOVE MENTIONED DELIVERY.

LUKOIL ASIA PACIFIC PTE LTD 65 CHULIA STREET, HEX48-07 OCBC CENTRE SINGAPORE 049513

BAYOIL SUPPLY AND TRADING LIMITED PO BOX CB 12918 NASSAU BARAMAS

INVOICE NO SC-004-01S DATED NOVEMBER 01,2001

PRODUCT KIRKUK CRUDE OIL, FOB CEYHAN TURKEY

SHIPMENT M/T ''LICORNE PACIFIQUE'' B/L DATED 10.10.2001 FOB CEYHAN

TERMS FOB CEYHAN

B/L QUANTITY

259'684.782 MT GROSS B/L 259'609.107 MT NET B/L

API 33.02

1'908'566 NET US BARRELS

FULL PRICE CALCULATION :

SOMO OFFICIAL PRICE: LESS API VARIATION

USD 15.723 PER US BBL - USD 0.29 PER US BBL

USD 15.433 PER US BBL

PLUS CONTRACTUAL PREMIUM

FINAL PRICE FOB CEYHAN

+ USD 0.03 PER US BBL

TOTAL AMOUNT DUE FOB CEYHAN USD 29'512'156.06

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 177

SNT 024241 SNT 024241

Ø1001

02/11 '01 FRI 17:53 FAX 65 438 5335

LUKCIL ASIAPAC

Ø 002

PAYMENT IN IMMEDIATELY AVAILABLE FUNDS, WITHOUT SET-OFF, DEDUCTION AND/OR COUNTERCLAIM: 30 CALENDAR DAYS FROM BILL OF LADING DATE (B/L DATE TO COUNT AS DAY ONE) AS FOLLOWS

- A) USD 29'454'899.08 CONVERTED IN EURO BY USING THE EURO/US EXCHANGE RATE AS PER SOMO'S PAYMENT FORMULA PER L/C NO LCIM 2196042 OPENED BY RNP PARIBAS (SUISSE) SA GENEVA IN FAVOUR OF THE UNITED NATIONS.
- B) USD 57'256.98 TO BE PAID TO LUKOIL ASIA PACIFIC PTE

LTD

ACCOUNT NO 79739/1N WITH BNP PARIBAS (SUISSE) SA,

GENEVA ATTN MS GINA GRECO.

DUE DATE : 08.11.2001

PLEASE CONFIRM PAYMENT WITH GOOD VALUE ON DUE DATE

BEST REGARDS LUKOIL ASIA PACIFIC PTE LTD

VICTOR LIM CHRISTOPHE MILLET

SNT 024242 SNT 024242 12:35 PM 07/16/04 1ccrusi Basis

Bayoll Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Spilt	Amount	Balance
Gross Sales Sales - Oil Prod	urte							
Deposit	11/13/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165	BNP Panba	7,678,190.25	7,678,190.25
Deposit	11/16/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165	BNP Panba	7.880,197.79	15,558,388.04
Deposit Deposit	11/19/2001	REV REV	EQUIVA VALERO MARK	L.PACIFIQUE-3 L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165 V-50165	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	7,819,569.81 7,914,054,15	23,377,957.85 31,292,012.00
Total Sales - Oil			VILLIO III III.	2.7710111402	* 00100	Dru - Grown	31,292,012.00	31,292,012.00
Total Gross Sales							31,292,012.00	31,292,012.00
Cost of Sales							31,000,000	01,000,010,000
Exchange gain/l Check	11/8/2001	PURCH	UNITED NATIO	L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165	BNP Pariba .	-14,909 16	-14.909.16
Total Exchange		FUNCTI	OHITED NATIO	L.FAOIFIGGE-3	¥*30103	DIW Falloa .	-14,909 16	-14,909.16
Crude Purchase	-						-14,300 15	14,300.10
Chack	10/30/2001	PUR	PLASCO SHIPP	L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165	Cash - CAI	-572,569.80	-572,569.80
Check	11/8/2001	PURCH	LUKOIL PETRO .	L PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165	BNP Panba	-57,256.98	-629,826.78
Check General Journal	11/8/2001 11/30/2001	PURCH Je-Ck-03	UNITED NATIO Accrual	L.PACIFIQUE-3 A. Gamma-7	V-50165 V-50165	BNP Pariba Accounts R	-29,550,327.38 -130,000.00	-30,180,154 16 -30,310,154 16
Total Crude Puro		00-CM-003	Accida	A. Gairina-7	¥-50 105	Accounts II	-30,310,154.16	-30,310,154.16
Interest	718505						-30,310,154.16	-30,310,134.16
Check	10/19/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A .	L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165	BNP Pariba	-1,290.67	-1,290 67
Check	10/19/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	L PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165	BNP Panba	-182.09	-1,472.76
Check	11/5/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165	Cash - CAI BNP Pariba	-539.39	-2,012 15
Check Check	11/8/2001	LOAN LOAN	FIXED TERM A	L.PACIFIQUE-3 L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165 V-50165	BNP Pariba	-2,960.00 -788.67	-4,972.15 -5.760.82
Check	11/13/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50166	BNP Panba	13,537.85	19,298 67
Check	11/16/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165	BNP Panba	-6,418.66	-25,717.33
Check	11/19/2001	LOAN LOAN	FIXED TERM A FIXED TERM A	L.PACIFIQUE-3 L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165 V-50165	BNP Panba BNP Panba	-4,494.00 -816.33	-30,211.33 -31,027.66
Check Total Interest	11/20/2001	LOAN	FIXED FERM A	L.PACIFIQUE-3	A-00100	DINF PAIDA	-31,027.66	-31,027.66
Inapaction							-51,027.00	-51,021.00
Check	10/24/2001	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO.	L PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165	BNP Pariba	-802.40	-802 40
Check	11/7/2001	FRGHT	SGS CSI	L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165	BNP Pariba	-900.00	-1,702 40
Check	11/7/2001	FRGHT	SGS CSI	L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165	BNP Panba	-900.00	-2,602.40
General Journal Check	11/30/2001 4/10/2002	Ja-Ck-09 INSP	Accrual OiL INSPECTIO	L. Pacific-3 L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165 V-50165	-SPLIT- BNP Panba	-25,000.00 -5,936.89	-27,602.40 -33,539 29
Check	9/19/2002	INSP	INSPECTORAT	L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165	BNP Panba .	-1,957.09	-35,496.38
Check	9/19/2002	INSP	INSPECTORAT	L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165	BNP Panba	-1,815.83	-37,312 21
Check	9/19/2002	INSP	INSPECTORAT	L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165	BNP Panba	-2,040.25	-39,352.46
Check Check	9/19/2002 9/19/2002	INSP	INSPECTORAT INSPECTORAT	L.PACIFIQUE-3 L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165 V-50165	BNP Panba BNP Panba	-831.60 -1,112.60	-40,184.06 -41,296.66
General Journal	9/30/2002	Je-C09-21	Reverse Accrual	L. Pacific-3	V-50165	Estimated .	6,457 98	-34,838.68
Total Inspection							-34,838.68	-34,838.68
Insurance General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-09	Accrual	L Pacific-3	V-50165	Inspection	-20,000.00	-20,000.00
Check	1/3/2002	INS	CRAIG FERGU	L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165	BNP Pariba	-22,045.69	-42,045.69
Check	3/25/2002	INS	CRAIG FERGU	L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165	BNP Pariba	-2,593.88	-44,639.67
General Journal	3/31/2002	Je-Ck-08	Reverse Accrual	L. Pacific-3	V-50165	Estimated	20,000.00	-24,639 57
Total Insurance							-24,639.57	-24,639.57
L/C Charges Check	10/5/2001	LC	UNITED NATIO	L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165	BNP Panba	-46,696 40	-46,696.40
Total L/C Charge	18						-46,696.40	-46,696.40
Freight								
Check Check	9/2 7/200 1 9/28/2001	FRGHT	LICORNE PACI NATWEST OFF.	L.PACIFIQUE-3 L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165 V-50165	BNP Panba BNP Panba	-783,164.20 -1.000.00	-783,164.20 -784,164.20
Check	10/5/2001	FRGHT	LICORNE PACI	L PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165	BNP Pariba	495,996.90	1,280,161.10
Deposit	10/15/2001	CREDIT	NATWEST OFF.	L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165	BNP Panba	990.00	1,279,171.10
Check	10/17/2001	FRGHT	BOUTROS MA	L PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165	BNP Panba	-201,882 00	1,481,053.10
Check Check	10/26/2001 11/8/2001	FRGHT	SHELL MARINE LICORNE PACI	L.PACIFIQUE-3 L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165 V-50165	BNP Panba	-634,685.42 -175,998.90	-2,115,738.52 -2,291,737.42
Check	11/16/2001	FRGHT	CEPSA GIBRAL	L PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165	BNP Pariba	-741,089.91	3,032,827.33
Deposit	11/30/2001	FRGHT	LICORNE PACI	L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165	BNP Panba	965,536.68	-2,067,290.65
Check	12/3/2001	FRGHT	LICORNE PACI	L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165	BNP Parlba	-325.00	-2,067,615.65
Check Check	3/11/2002 4/12/2002	FRGHT	LICORNE PACI	L.PACIFIQUE-3	V-50165	Banque Bru	-5,553.05	-2,073,168.70
Check	5/17/2002	FRGHT	SGS CSI BARWIL AGEN	L.PACIFIQUE-3 L.PACIFIQUE	V-50165 V-50165	Cash - CAI	-450.00	-2,073,618.70
Check	11/6/2002	FRGHT	BARWIL AGEN	L.PACIFIQUE	V-50165 V-50165	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	-1,000.00 -1,000.00	-2,074,618.70 -2,075,618.70
General Journal	5/22/2003	FRGHT		LPACIFIQUE-3	V-50165	Prepaid Items	-230.00	-2,075,848.70
Total Freight							-2,075,848.70	-2,075,848.70
							-,,	-11

Page 1

00/11 '01 FRI 18:59 FAX 65 438 5335

LUKOIL ASIAPAC

FROM : LUKOIL ASIA PACIFIC PTE LTD, SINGAPORE

TO : BAYOIL SUPPLY 6 TRADING LIMITED TLX : 20644 FAX : 001 713 224 8101

CC : BMP PARIBAS (SUISSE) SA ATTN : GINA GRECO / CHRISTINE GENILLOUD TLX : 412100

CC : LUKOIL SA ATTN : NEIL MAJSKI

RE: M/T ''ASTRO GAMMA'' - B/L DATED 14.10.2001 AT MINA AL BAKR 1'833'263 NET US BBLS OF BASRAR LIGHT CRUDE OIL CONTRACT DATED JULY 20, 2001 0/REF. SC-005-01S

PLEASE FIND HEREAFTER OUR TELEX INVOICE COVERING THE ABOVE MENTIONED DELIVERY.

LUKOIL ASIA PACIFIC PTE LTD 65 CHULIA STREET, HEX48-07 OCBC CENTRE SINGAPORE 049513

BAYOIL SUPPLY AND TRADING LIMITED PD BOX CB 12918 NASSAU BAHAMAS

INVOICE NO SC-005-01S DATED NOVEMBER 06,2001

PRODUCT BASRAH LIGHT CRUDE OIL, FOB MINA AL BAKR

SHIPMENT M/T ''ASTRO GAMMA'' B/L DATED 14.10.2001 FOB MINA AL BAKR

FOB MINA AL BAKR TERMS

B/L OUANTITY

254'481.661 MT GROSS B/L 254'117.702 MT NET B/L

API 30.40

1'833'263 NET US BARRELS

FULL PRICE CALCULATION :

SOMO OFFICIAL PRICE: LESS API VARIATION

USD 14.225 PER US BBL - USD 0.36 PER US BBL USD 13.865 PER US BBL

PLUS CONTRACTUAL PREMIUM

+ USD 0.03 PER US BBL USD 13.895 PER OS BBL

FINAL PRICE FOB MINA AL BAKR

TOTAL AMOUNT DUE FOB MINA AL BAKR USD 25'473'189.39

PAYMENT IN IMMEDIATELY AVAILABLE FUNDS, WITHOUT SET-OFF, DEDUCTION AND/OR COUNTERCLAIM: 30 CALENDAR DAYS FROM BILL OF LADING DATE (B/L DATE TO COUNT AS DAY ONE) AS FOLLOWS

A) OSD 25'418'191.50 CONVERTED IN EURO BY USING

SNT 024997 SNT 024997

Ø1001

GJ/11 '01 FRI 18:59 FAX 65 438 5335

LUKOIL ASIAPAC

2 002

THE EURG/US EXCHANGE RATE AS PER SOMO'S PAYMENT FORMULA PER L/C NO LCIM 2196355 OPENED BY BNP PARTBAS (SUISSE) SA GENEVA IN FAVOUR OF THE UNITED NATIONS.

B) USD 54'997.89 TO BE PAID TO LUKOIL ASIA PACIFIC PTE LTD ACCOUNT NO 79739/1N WITH ENP PARIBAS (SUISSE) SA, GENEVA ATTN MS GINA GRECO.

DUE DATE : 13.11.2001

PLEASE CONFIRM PAYMENT WITH GOOD VALUE ON DUE DATE

BEST REGARDS LUKOIL ASIA PACIFIC PTE LTD VICTOR LIM CHRISTOPHE MILLET

> SNT 024998 SNT 024998

2:14 PM 07/16/04 Accrual Basis

Bayoli Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
ross Sales								
Sales - Oll Produ								
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-03	Various	A. GAMMA-7	V-50173	Accounts R	26,476,986.66	26,476,986.6
Deposit	12/17/2001	REV	PACC	A.GAMMA-7	V-50173	BNP Pariba	8,194,846.65	34,671,833.3
Deposit	12/17/2001	REV	CHEVRON	A.GAMMA-7	V-50173	BNP Pariba	6,839,439.44	41,511,272.7
Check	12/17/2001	HEV	CHEVRON	A.GAMMA-7	V-50173	BNP Pariba	6,839,439.44	34,671,833.3
Deposit	12/17/2001	REV	CHEVRON CO	A.GAMMA-7	V-50173	BNP Panba	6,839,439.44	41,511,272.7
Deposit	12/20/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	A.GAMMA-7	V-50173	BNP Pariba	7,065,703.89	48,576,976.6
Deposit	12/21/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	A.GAMMA-7	V-50173	BNP Pariba	4,376,996 68	52,953,973 3
Check	12/27/2001	PYMNT	PACC	A.GAMMA-7	V-50173	BNP Panba	-25,858.20	52,928,115.12
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-33	Reverse Accrual	A. GAMMA-7	V-50173	-SPLIT-	-26,476,986.66	26,451,128.40
Total Sales - Oil F	Products					-	26,451,128.46	26,451,128.40
otal Gross Sales							26,451,128.46	26,451,128.46
oet of Sales Broker Comm								
Check	3/12/2002	1427	SYNTEXENER	A.gamma-7	V-50173	Cash - Well	-250.00	-250.00
Check	3/12/2002	1427	SYNTEXENER	A Gamma-7	V-50173	Cash - Well	-250 00	-500.00
Check	3/12/2002	1427	SYNTEXENER	A.Gamma-7	V-50173	Cash - Well	-250.00	-750.00
Check	3/12/2002	1427	SYNTEXENER	A.Gamma-7	V-50173	Cash - Well	√500.00	-1,250.00
Check	3/12/2002	1427	SYNTEXENER	A.Gamma-7	V-50173	Cash - Well .	-300.00	-1,550.00
Check	3/12/2002	1427	SYNTEXENER	A.gamma-7	V-50173	Cash - Well.	-300.00	-1,850.00
Check	3/12/2002	1427	SYNTEXENER	A Gamma-7	V-50173	Cash - Well	-300.00	-2.150 00
Check	3/12/2002	1427	SYNTEXENER	A Gamma-7	V-50173	Cash - Well	-300.00	-2.450.00
Check	3/12/2002	1427	SYNTEXENER	A.Gamma-7	V-50173	Cash - Well	-300.00	-2,750.00
Check	3/12/2002	1427	SYNTEXENER	A.Gamma-7	V-50173	Cash - Well	-1,000.00	3,750 00
Check	6/17/2002	1456	UNITED CRUD	A.GAMMA-7	V-50173	Cash - Well	-125.00	-3,875.00
Check	6/17/2002	1458	UNITED CRUD	A GAMMA-7	V-50173	Cash - Well.	-500.00	-4,375.00
Total Broker Com	ım					-	-4,375.00	-4,375.00
Exchange gain/le Check	11/13/2001	PURCH	UNITED NATIO	A.GAMMA-7	V-50173	BNP Pariba	-10,742.91	-10,742.91
Total Exchange g		FUNCI	GHITEDHATIO	A.GANININA-7	1-30173	DHF Falba	-10,742.91	-10,742.91
Crude Purchase								
Check	10/30/2001	PUR	PLASCO SHIPP	A, Gamma-7	V-50173	Cash - CAI	-103,630,39	-103,630,39
Check	10/30/2001	PUR	PLASCO SHIPP	A. Gamma-7	V-50173	Cash - CAL	-66,799.81	-170,430.20
Check	11/13/2001	PURCH	LUKOIL PETRO	A.GAMMA-7	V-50173	BNP Panba	-54.997.89	-225,428.08
Check	11/13/2001	PURCH	UNITED NATIO	A.GAMMA-7	V-50173	BNP Pariba	-25,418,191,50	-25,643,619.59
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-03	Accrual	A. Gamma-7	V-50173	Accounts R	-130,000,00	-25,773,619.5
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-03	Accrual	A. Gamma-7 A. Gamma-7	V-50173 V-50173	Accounts R	-250,512.72	-26,024,132.3
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-33	Accrual	A. Gamma-7	V-50173	Sales - Oil	-129,035.98	-26,153,168.29
Total Crude Purch						-	-26,153,168.29	-26,153,168 29
Interest								
Check	11/13/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	A.GAMMA-7	V-50173	BNP Pariba	-962.50	-962 50
Check	11/13/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	A GAMMA-7	V-50173	BNP Panba	-1,717 53	-2,680.03
Check	11/13/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	A GAMMA-7	V-50173	BNP Panba	-292.36	-2,972 39
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-03	Accrual	A. Gamma-7	V-50173	Accounts R	-135,000 00	-137,972.39
Check	12/10/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	A.GAMMA-7	V-50173	BNP Pariba	-63,315.00	-201,287.3
Check	12/10/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A .	A.GAMMA-7	V-50173	BNP Panba	-1,155.00	202,442.3
Check	12/12/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	A.GAMMA-7	V-50173	BNP Panba	-4,417 34	-206,859.73
Check	12/17/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	A GAMMA-7	V-50173	BNP Padba	-11,015 97	-217,875,70
Check	12/20/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	A.GAMMA-7	V-50173	BNP Pariba	-3,027 44	-220,903,14
Check	12/21/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A.	A.GAMMA-7	V-50173	BNP Pariba	-894 58	-221,797.72
Check	12/24/2001	LOANS	FIXED TERM A	A.GAMMA-7	V-50173	BNP Panba	-1.846.58	-223,644,30
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-33	Reverse Accrual	A GAMMA-7	V-50173	Sales - Oil	135,000.00	-88,644.30
Total Interest						-	-88,644.30	-88,644.30
Inspection	11/20/2005	le Clans	A		14 50470			
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-03	Accruel	A Gamma-7	V-50173	Accounts R	-35,000.00	-35,000.00
Check	3/11/2002	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	A.GAMMA-7	V-50173	BNP Pariba	-23,709.96	-58,709.96
General Journal	3/31/2002	Je-Ck-12	Reverse Accrual	A. Gamma-7	V-50173	Lightening C	12,540 86	-46,169.10
Check	9/18/2002	FRGHT	OBC SHIPPING	A. Gamma-7	V-50173	BNP Panba	-2,878.60	-49,047.70
Check	9/19/2002	INSP	INSPECTORAT	A GAMMA-7	V-50173	BNP Pariba	-1,814 44	-50,862.14
Check	9/19/2002	INSP	INSPECTORAT	A.GAMMA-7	V-50173	BNP Pariba	-2,026 84	-52,888.98
Check	9/19/2002	INSP	INSPECTORAT	A.GAMMA-7	V-50173	BNP Panba	-2,370.95	-55,259.93
Crieck		INSP	INSPECTORAT		V-50173	BNP Parlba		
Check	9/19/2002							
	9/19/2002 9/30/2002	Je-C09-18		A.GAMMA-7 A. Gamma-7			-1,034.09 11,012.51	
Check			Reverse Accrual	A. Gamma-7	V-50173	Estimated	-1,034.09 11,013.51	-56,294.02 -45,280.51

2:20 PM 07/16/04 Accruel Basis

Bayoli Supply & Trading, Ltd. General Ledger As of December 31, 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Split	Amount	Balance
Estimated Cargo C General Journal General Journal General Journal General Journal Check General Journal Deposit Check General Journal	20sts Psyable 11/30/2001 11/30/2001 11/30/2001 12/31/2001 12/31/2001 3/31/2002 4/10/2002 4/30/2002 5/1/2002 9/3/2002 9/3/2002	Je-Ck-03 Je-Ck-03 Je-Ck-33 Je-Ck-12 INSP Je-Ck-12 DEM FRGHT PUR Je-C09-18	Accrual Accrual Reverse Accr OIL INSPECT Reverse Accr VALERO MA KRISTEN NA PLASCO SHI Reverse Accr	A. Gamma-7	Accounts R Accounts R Sales - Oil Sales - Oil Lightering BNP Parib BNP Parib BNP Parib Cash - CAI Inspection	-527.189.53 -250,512.72 -227,158.40 -129,035.98 369,730.39 11,445.63 28,334.44 402,468.40 379,546.70	0.00 -527,189,25 -777,702,25 -1,004,860,65 -1,133,896,62 -764,196,24 -752,720,61 -724,386,17 -793,030,61 -390,562,21 -11,013,51
Total Estimated Car						0.00	0.00
Loans Payable Loan - BBL							0.00 0.00
Total Loan - BBL							0.00
Loan - Paribas Deposit Deposit Deposit Check Check Check Deposit Check Total Loan - Pari	10/19/2001 10/22/2001 11/8/2001 11/8/2001 11/19/2001 11/19/2001 11/19/2001 11/19/2001 12/10/2001 12/10/2001 12/10/2001 12/10/2001 12/10/2001 12/10/2001 12/10/2001 12/10/2001 12/10/2001 12/10/2001 12/10/2001 12/20/2001 12/20/2001 12/20/2001 12/20/2001 12/20/2001 12/20/2001 12/20/2001 12/20/2001 12/20/2001 12/20/2001 12/20/2001 12/20/2001 12/20/2001	LOAN LOAN LOAN LOAN LOAN LOAN LOAN LOAN	FIXED TERM	A.GAMMA-7 A.GAMMA-7 A.GAMMA-7 A.GAMMA-7 A.GAMMA-7	BNP Parib	-385,000.00 -803,000.00 -868,000.00 -885,000.00 803,000.00 -86,800,000.00 -550,000.00 -550,000.00 -27,350,000.00 -27,350,000.00 -27,350,000.00 -12,315,000.00 -12,315,000.00 -13,300,000.00 -13,300,000.00 -7,830,000.00 -7,830,000.00 -7,830,000.00	0.00 -385,000.00 -1,186,000.00 -1,186,000.00 -1,656,000.00 -1,627,1000.00 -468,000.00 -26,800,000.00 -27,350,000.00 -27,350,000.00 -27,350,000.00 -27,350,000.00 -27,350,000.00 -27,350,000.00 -27,350,000.00 -11,300,000.00 -11,300,000.00 -7,830,000.00 -7,830,000.00 -0.00
Loan - CAI Total Loan - CAI							0.00
Loan - UOB Total Loan - UOB Loans Payable - Total Loans Paya	Other						0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
Total Loans Payable						0.00	0.00
Deferred Income Total Deferred Inco Accured Expenses Total Accured Expe Property Taxes Pa Total Property Tax Accrued Payrot Total Accrued Payrot Payroti Taxes Paye	me s nses y able s Payable						0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
Total Payroll Taxes							0.00

Page 8

تكريخ ورفث التخرو	
1.1/2.1/2.7	
:E1 AM	1

شركة تسريق اللط كثف بمبالغ الاسترجاع المستحلة والمسددة لكافة المراهل هسب الشركة

عمولان	(a) 413	10	10	12	10		O	10	8	11	11	12	112	80	6	10	# 	6	10	0	6	11	77	80	
	المشتري	LUBNA	LUBNA	LUBNA	LUKOTL	MACHINOIMPORT	MARBEL RESOURCES	MARBEL RESOURCES	MARBEL RESOURCES	MARBEL RESOURCES	MASEFIELD	MASEFIELD	MASTEK	MASTEK	MED NAFTA	MED NAFTA	MEDCO								
i	رقم العبك	M/09/105	M/10/43	M/11/63	M/10/67	M/08/37	M/09/22	M/10/11	M/10/19	M/11/17	M/11/79	M/11/79	M/12/01	M/08/95	M/09/76	M/10/16	M/10/16	M/09/54	M/10/57	M/08/60	M/09/18	M/11/55	M/12/19	M/08/97	
H . 5	الكمية / برميل	1,002,739	1,006,073	1,046,945	3,741,829	2,919,856	2,997,319	5,088,147	4,070,248	3,042,671	3,366,413	1,914,918	1,908,622	3,550,846	3,538,143	5,469,675	525,000	1,935,892	1,000,896	1,786,267	35,469,888	8,094,595	2,054,449	2,018,386	
3	الملغ المستحل/بولار	250,684.75	251,518.25	157,041.75	1,122,548.70	291,985.00	849,080.80	1,426,320.40	1,221,074.40	912,801.30	916,603.25	287,237.70	286,293.30	355,083.00	1,061,442.90	1,450,167.10	157,500.00	498,973.00	250,224.00	535,880.10	10,380,361.39	2,428,378.50	308,167,35	201,838.00	
	Tails Sance/ce St	250,685.00	251,518.00	0.00	1,122,671.00	291,985.00	849,080.80	1,426,265.80	1,221,074.40	912,771.30	916,603.25	667,796.05	286,240.00	350,000.00	1,061,442.90	1,439,656.10	157,500.00	498,518.00	250,022.00	0.00	9,803,960.13	2,388,708.51	000	201,838.00	
-	المبلغ المكنقي/بولار	-0.25	0.25	157,041.75	-122.30	00.00	00.00	54.60	00.00	30.00	00:00	-380,558.35	53.30	5,083.00	00:00	10,511.00	0.00	455.00	202.00	535,880.10	576,401.26	39,669.99	308,167.35	00:00	
	معل ميلغ البيتو هاح(ليو الرابوسال)	0.27	0.25	0.15	0.30	0.10	0.28	0.28	0.30	0.30	0.23	0.23	0.15	0.10	0.30	0.27	0,27	0.26	0.25	0.30	0.28	0.30	0.15	0.10	
									nent Sta			nmit ot (tee o	n (r 2) -	vesi		ions 78								

اعداد الدائد د المالية-السحلات التحدية

FROM ;

PHONE NO. : 88

Jan. 21 2002 10:27PM P02

B 3.5 K & 0

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

NO. M/11/79



PSI Staff Rpt(VZ) - FN 180 FROM :

- Payments to SELLER under SUB Article 5-5 and Sub Article 6-7 of Section Two, and any other Payments or awards under Article Thirteen of Section Two, are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.
 This Contract shall be subject to SCR 986, SCR 1111, SCR 1143 SCR 1153, SCR 1210, SCR 1242, SCR 1281, SCR 1302, SCR 1303, SCR 1360, SCR 1382, the Procedures and the Memorandum of Understanding between the Secretariat of the United nations and the Government of Iraq are the implementation of SCR 986 (United Nations document Sc1906/356 on the implementation of SCR 986 (United Nations document S/1996/356, dated 20 May 1996).

ARTICLE TEN

ADDRESSES:

In addition to the notices, declarations and other required under Article Fourteen, notices, approvals, declarations and communications required above for the Overseers, on behalf of the 661 Committee, shall be effected at the addresses below:-

FOR SELLER: STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION P.O. BOX 5118 BAGHDAD – IRAQ

TELEX : 212198 - 212199 SOMO IK TELEPHONE: 964-1-2869561 964-1-7742040 - 10 Lines

FAX 964-1-8853925

FOR BUYER:

FOR BUYER:
STATE ENTERPRISE FOREIGN ECONOMIC
ASSOCIATION "MACHINOIMPORT"
32/34 SMOLENSKAJA PL.,
121200, MOSCOW RUSSIA
TEL: 7095-2443309
FAX: 7095-2443807
TLX: 411231 MIM SU

FOR OVERSEERS
UNITED NATIONS, NEW YORK, U.S.A.
FAX: 212-963-6128

All other terms and conditions as per (Section Two) General conditions of F.O.B. crude oil sales contract No. M/02/25 dated 17TH day of August and attached appendices 1 & 2.

This Contract has been done and signed on the 16th day of January, 2002.

ALI R. HASSAN
ACTING EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL
S O M O

FOR BUYER

TUMANOV SERGEI V. VICE PRESIDENT

456

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq

Ministry of Oil
State Oil Marketing Organization (State Company)

No.: KH1/853 Date: 3 Thu Al-Ki'dah, 1422 H Equivalent to 01/16/2002

Date: 01/16/2002

Stamp

Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister

No.: 885

Date: 01/17/2002

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

RE: Approval on Exported Crude Oil Contracts

Based on the statement of allocations in phase eleven, a contract has been signed with Machinoimport Company (on behalf of Mr. Zhirinovsky) as per the following terms:

1- Number of Contract: M/11/79

2- Name of Company Buyer: Machinoimport

3- Nationality: Russian

- 4- Quantity: (5.5) million barrels divided as follows:
 - (2) million Barrels of Kirkuk oil FOB Ceyhan terminal
 - (3.5) million Barrels of Basrah light crude oil FOB Al-Bakr terminal
- 5- Destination of Crude Oil: Europe and / or America
- 6- Pricing Formula: As per the rate in effect of Kirkuk and Basrah light crude oil for the aforesaid destinations
- 7- Validity of Contract: Until 05/29/2002
- 8- Estimated Value: About (99) million Euros based on an estimated rate of \$16/barrel
- 9- Surcharge: Payable within one month from the date of loading

For your review and approval, please.

Regards,

Ali Rajab Hassan Acting Executive Director

[Miscellaneous signatures]

For the Approval of Minister

I approve

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (VZ) - FN 181

وزارةالنفط/مكتبالوزير No 1/43/ 世(点: 2/1/1917

Norhith to A الناريخ/ م /دُو القعدة/١٤٢٢هـ الموافق/٧-١/ ٢٠٠٢/١/

جمهورية العراق وزارة النفط

شركة تسويق النفط (شركة عامة)

الجعل علموك أمام عينك وأسبقه ولا تدعه خلف ظهرك الرئيس القائد صدام حسين (حفظه الله ورعاه) Y ... /A/A

القاريخ: ۲۰۰۲/۱/۱۹

السيد وزير النفط المحترم

م/ المصادقة على عقود النفط الخام المصدر

استناداً الى كشف التحصيصات للمرحلة الحادية عشرة، تم التعاقد مع شركة مشينوامبورت

لصالح (السيد حرنوفسكي) وفق الآقي :-

إلى المشركة المتعاقدة : مشينوامبورت

*****——# (٥,٥) همــة ملايين وحمسمائة ألف برميل موزعة كالأتي ع- الكبـــة

(٢) مليون برميل نفط خام كركرك فوب جيهان

(٣,٥) مليون برميل لنفط حام البصرة الحفيف فوب البكر

اوربا و/او امریکا ٥- وجهة النفط الخام

الاسعار النافذة لنفطى خام البصرة الخفيف وكركر كرا

للوجهتين اعلاه .

: لغاية ٢٩/٥/٢٩ ٧- ملة العقب ب

(11) دولار للبرميل الواحد .

يدقع حلال شهر من تاريخ التحميل . ٩- مبلغ الاسترجاع

مريك التفضل بالإطلاع والمصادقة .. مع النقدير .

على رجب حسن المدير التنفيذي وكالة

مصادقة السيد الوزير

تلريخ ووطث فتفرير	
*	
1:-0:E1 AM	

شرکهٔ تصویق الناط کشف بعیالغ الاسترجاع المستحقاً والمسددة لکافاء العراط حسب الشرکهٔ تعد تامی

عمولان	المرطة	01	2	12	10	60	6	10	10	11	11	12	12	80	6	9	=	6	10	6	6	11	12	80	5
	المشتري	LUBNA	LUBNA	LUBWA	LUKOIL	MACHINOIMPORT	MACHINOIMPORT	MACHINOIMPORT	MACHIMOIMPORT	MACHINOIMPORT	MACHINOIMPORT	MACHINOIMPORT	MACHINOIMPORT	MARBEL RESOURCES	MARBEL RESOURCES	MARBEL RESOURCES	MARBEL RESOURCES	MASEFIELD	MASEFIELD	MASTEK	MASTEK	MED NAFTA	MED NAFTA	MEDCO	New Contract of the Contract o
	رقم العسك	M/09/105	M/10/43	M/11/63	M/10/67	M/08/37	M/09/22	M/10/11	M/10/19	M/11/17	M/11/79	M/11/79	M/12/01	M/08/95	M/09/76	M/10/16	M/10/16	M/09/54	M/10/57	M/08/60	M/09/18	M/11/55	M/12/19	M/08/97	M/40/73
Hate and	الكمية / برميل	1,002,739	1,006,073	1,046,945	3,741,829	2,919,856	2,997,319	5,088,147	4,070,248	3,042,671	3,366,413	1,914,918	1,908,622	3,550,846	3,538,143	5,469,675	525,000	1,935,892	1,000,896	1,786,267	36,469,888	8,094,595	2,054,449	2,018,386	1 007 701
ıa,	المبلغ المستحق/بولار	250,684.75	251,518.25	157,041.75	1,122,548.70	291,985.00	849,080.80	1,426,320.40	1,221,074.40	912,801.30	916,603.25	287,237.70	286,293.30	355,083.00	1,061,442.90	1,450,167.10	157,500.00	498,973.00	250,224.00	535,880.10	10,380,361.39	2,428,378.50	308,167.35	201,838.00	OC 124 173
	الميلغ المصدد/دولاز	250,685.00	251,518.00	0.00	1,122,671.00	291,985.00	849,080.80	1,426,265.80	1,221,074.40	912,771.30	916,603.25	667,796.05	286,240.00	350,000.00	1,061,442.90	1,439,656.10	157,500.00	498,518.00	250,022.00	0.00	9,803,960.13	2,388,708.51	0.00	201,838.00	E71 434 20
	الملغ المتنقى/بولار	-0.25	0.25	157,041.75	-122.30	0.00	0.00	54.60	0.00	30.00	0.00	-380,558.35	53.30	5,083.00	0.00	10,511.00	00:00	455.00	202.00	535,880,10	576,401.26	39,669.99	308,167.35	0.00	500
	محل مبلغ الاسترجاع(در لارليرميل)	0.27	0.25	0.15	0.30	0.10	0.28	0.28	0.30	0.30	0.23	0.23	0.15	0.10	0.30	0.27	0.27	0.26	0.25	0.30	0.28	0.30	0.15	0.10	0.30
_					!	ſ	Per	rmai			com	mitt	ee oi	ı Iny	vesti	gatio	ons	 							
Ì							PS	SIS			Rpi		VZ,) –	FN		82	ł						!	

اعداد الدائدة -السحلات التحارية

United States Senate
PERMANENT SUBCOMMITTEE ON INVESTIGATIONS
Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs

Norm Coleman, Chairman Carl Levin, Ranking Minority Member

REPORT ON OIL ALLOCATIONS GRANTED TO THE RUSSIAN PRESIDENTIAL COUNCIL

PREPARED BY THE

MAJORITY AND MINORITY STAFFS OF THE PERMANENT SUBCOMMITTEE ON INVESTIGATIONS



RELEASED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE PERMANENT SUBCOMMITTEE ON INVESTIGATIONS MAY 17, 2005, HEARING

OIL FOR INFLUENCE: HOW SADDAM USED OIL TO REWARD POLITICIANS UNDER THE UNITED NATIONS OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM

460

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This Report presents the evidence gathered by the U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations (the Subcommittee) establishing that the former regime of Saddam Hussein attempted to influence the Russian government through the issuance of lucrative allocations of oil under the U.N. Oil-for-Food Program. In addition, this Report reveals how the recipients of these oil allocations utilized a series of trading companies and other intermediaries in Cyprus and the Channel Islands to execute the transactions necessary to monetize the oil allocations. Bayoil, an American oil trader, performed the actual liftings of oil from Iraqi ports and paid massive "premiums" and "commissions" to the trading companies and intermediaries amounting to millions of dollars. Finally, this Report details how funds transferred by Bayoil to certain intermediaries resulted in the payment of millions of dollars in illegal, under-the-table surcharges to the Hussein regime.

I. BACKGROUND

A. Saddam Hussein's Manipulation of Oil Sales Under the Oil-for-Food Program

Under the Oil-for-Food Program, Iraq was permitted to sell its oil and use the proceeds to purchase food, medicine, and other humanitarian goods. As is well documented, the Hussein regime quickly exploited the Program for its own purposes. One of the regime's chief strategies was the use of "oil allocations" to garner political influence and reward allies around the globe.

To understand how the Hussein regime manipulated these oil transactions, one must begin with how Iraq sold its crude oil under the Program. The arm of the Iraqi government that managed the sale of Iraqi crude oil was a division of the Ministry of Oil called the State Oil Marketing Organization, or "SOMO." In order to manage the volume of oil flowing through its pipelines, the Iraqis divided its oil supply into discrete units, typically ranging from 1 to 10 million barrels. These units were allocated to prospective oil purchasers, essentially giving those recipients an option to purchase that allotment of oil. These options were typically called "allocations." Once SOMO and the oil purchaser agreed on other contractual terms, such as the loading schedule, the purchaser would execute a contract with SOMO, purchase the oil, and ship its allotted quantity.

Soon after the initiation of the Program, however, the Hussein regime used the allocation process to maximize Iraq's influence around the world. The plan was simple: rather than granting allocations to traditional oil purchasers, the Hussein regime gave priority to foreign officials, journalists, and even terrorist entities.³ The central purpose of this tactic, according to senior officials of the Hussein regime interviewed by the Subcommittee, was to engender international support for the Hussein regime and against U.N. sanctions.⁴ To that end, the Hussein regime favored individuals and political parties from countries that were members of the U.N. Security Council. Senior Hussein regime officials and numerous Ministry of Oil documents confirm that the regime steered a massive portion of its allocations toward Security Council members that were believed by the Hussein regime to support Iraq in its efforts to lift sanctions — namely, Russia, France, and China.⁵ The recipients of the allocations were chosen by a committee of Hussein's closest advisors, including Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz and Vice President Taha Yasin Ramadan.⁶ SOMO documents reveal that these individuals — along with Saddam Hussein himself — were personally involved in the process.⁷ Some of those documents are presented in this Report.

By granting the rights to purchase oil to a limited number of individuals and entities, the regime forced oil purchasers to obtain allocations from those favored few. The allocation holders essentially became gatekeepers to Iraqi oil. As gatekeepers, they demanded a "commission," which typically ranged from 3 to 30 cents per barrel. In light of the fact that most allocations amounted to millions of

¹ The phrase "Oil-for-Food Program" refers to the humanitarian aid program implemented pursuant to U.N. Security Council Resolution 986, dated April 14, 1995, and the Memorandum of Understanding between the Secretariat and the Government of Iraq dated May 20, 1996. Throughout this Report, the Oil-for-Food Program may be called the "Program" and the "OFF Program."

² The term "Bayoil" refers to the Houston-based oil trading company Bayoil (USA) Inc., as well as its subsidiaries and affiliates, such as Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited, Bayoil Technologies, and Bayoil SA.

³ Subcommittee interviews of Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz, April 21, 2005, Vice President Taha Yasin Ramadan, April 18, 2005, and Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 1, April 14, 2005. Terrorist individuals and entities who received allocations include the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine, Abu Abbas, and the Mujahedin-e Khalq.

⁴ Subcommittee interviews of Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz, April 21, 2005 and Vice President Taha Yasin Ramadan, April 18, 2005.

⁵ Subcommittee interview of Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz, April 21, 2005; Comprehensive Report of the Special Advisor to the DCI on Iraq's WMD dated September 30, 2004, Volume 1 ("Duelfer Report"), p. 31.

Subcommittee interview of Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz, April 21, 2005.

⁷ Id.

barrels of oil, such commissions were quite lucrative, reaching hundreds of thousands of dollars per allocation. Therefore, these allocations were extremely valuable, and by doling them out to favored individuals and entities, the Hussein regime could direct the payment of millions of dollars to a foreign official, political party, journalist, or terrorist entity without incurring any loss.

B. Efforts to Influence Russian Policy Towards Iraq by Awarding Oil Allocations

Russia topped the list of nations from whom the Hussein regime wanted support at the Security Council. As a result, the Hussein regime granted allocations to Russian individuals, political parties, and others due to their good relationship with Iraq and their support for the lifting of sanctions.8 oil allocations, which could be sold for large commissions, often resulted in pecuniary gain for the The Vice President of the Hussein regime, Taha Yasin Ramadan, confirmed to the Subcommittee that oil allocations were indeed "compensation for support." Another senior official from the Hussein regime confirmed that the oil allocation scheme was for the purpose of "buying influence." The scale of the oil allocations given to Russian individuals and political parties was The scale of the oil allocations given to Russian individuals and political parties was substantial, totaling approximately 30 percent of all the oil allocated during the course of the Program. ¹² One Russian political party that received a large number of allocations was the Unity Party (now known as the Unified Russia Party¹³), a pro-Kremlin party associated with Russian president Vladimir Putin. Tariq Aziz stated that the Unity Party received such a large number of allocations because Russia was taking positions at the Security Council that were favorable to Iraq. President Ramadan stated that the Unity Party received the largest quantity of allocations in Russia because it was the governing party and the party of the president. 15 Other key Russian recipients of oil allocations included the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, the Communist Party, and the Liberal Democratic Party of Russia. The focus of this Report -- the Russian Presidential Council -- also received a significant number of oil allocations.¹⁶ The Russian Presidential Council consisted of advisors appointed by the Russian president who were responsible for devising presidential policy, drafting presidential decrees, and coordinating policy among government agencies.

At the head of the Russian Presidential Council was Alexander Stalevich Voloshin, who was originally appointed to that position by former president Boris Yeltsin and reappointed by President Putin upon Putin's ascendancy to the presidency in December 1999. Although Voloshin resigned in late 2003 over a scandal involving the Russian oil giant Yukos, there is little debate over the magnitude of Mr. Voloshin's influence in Russian government during the Oil-for-Food Program. Mr. Voloshin, whose middle name means "son of steel," was widely known as the "power behind the throne" at the Kremlin. Mr. Voloshin reportedly assisted in President Putin's rise to power, managed Putin's first election campaign, and helped to create the pro-Kremlin Unity Party.¹⁷ He was once referred to as "de facto ... Russia's most powerful man" after President Putin, as well as the "eminence grise" behind President Putin.¹⁸ Alexi Mukhin, a Moscow lobbyist, described Mr. Voloshin as a guide for those who needed things "fixed" at the Kremlin:

⁸ Subcommittee interview of Senior Flussein Regime Official No. 1, April 14, 2005.

⁹ Id.

¹⁰ Subcommittee interview of Vice President Taha Yasin Ramadan, April 18, 2005.

¹¹ Subcommittee interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 2, April 20, 2005 and Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz, April 21, 2005.

¹² Duelfer Report, p. 31.

¹³ The Unified Russia Party currently holds 37% of the seats in the State Duma. The next highest percentage is held by the Communist Party, which holds 12% (December 7, 2003 election results). CIA World Factbook (2005).

¹⁴ Subcommittee interview of Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz, April 21, 2005.

¹⁵ Subcommittee interview of Vice President Taha Yasin Ramadan, April 18, 2005.

¹⁶ Various sources have alternatively referred to this entity as the "Presidential Administration" and the "Presidential Executive Office." Since the former Hussein regime referred to it as the "Presidential Council" this Report will, for the sake of consistency and clarity, use that terminology. It is unclear whether the activities of the Russian individuals and political parties detailed in this Report violate Russian law. See Memorandum from the Library of Congress, Law Library, Eastern Law Division, "Legality of Russian Business Under the Oil for Food Program," LL File No. 2005-10822, May 6, 2005.

¹⁷ Voloshin, power behind the throne in two Kremlin administrations, Agence France Presse, October 30, 2003; Key Kremlin Figure Removed, BBC News, October 30, 2003.

¹⁸ European Press Review, BBC News, citing Austria's Der Standard, October 30, 2003; Nikolai Gorshkov, Kremlin 'coup' forces key Putin choice, BBC News, October 29, 2003.

In any ministry or department there are fixers. ... [T]hey get money for bringing things to people's attention. These are people who don't use the main road but take the tracks by the side of the road, which are faster, with less traffic and fewer checkpoints. Voloshin was a guide along that path.¹⁹

The Hussein regime had reason to believe that Mr. Voloshin would be an effective conduit to President Putin. Kremlin adviser Gleb Pavlovsky was quoted as saying that "the Putin-Voloshin link is the strongest link in the political game." Former Hussein regime officials apparently shared that belief. Vice President Ramadan recognized Mr. Voloshin as the head of Russia's presidential administration and stated that the oil allocations awarded to him had been approved by Saddam Hussein. 21 Other regime officials stated that the allocations given to Mr. Voloshin were a show of support to him, and were granted to him because of his relationships with "very important characters." 2 To date, Mr. Voloshin has declined to comment on the allegations that he received oil allocations from the Hussein regime.

Another name associated with the allocations to the Russian Presidential Council was Scrgei Isakov, a known friend of Mr. Voloshin.²³ As detailed in this Report, Mr. Isakov traveled to Iraq on several occasions and executed many of the contracts associated with allocations to the Russian Presidential Council. The former Deputy Prime Minister stated that the purpose of giving allocations to Mr. Isakov was to buy influence.²⁴

The influence desired by the Hussein regime was that which would bring an end to the sanctions against Iraq — influence which could be brought to bear only at the U.N. Security Council. Establishing a direct correlation between an oil allocation and a specific vote in the Security Council is problematic. Former regime officials, however, described one such occurrence. In the summer of 2000, the United States proposed a resolution at the Security Council to restrict the illicit trade occurring at Iraq's borders in violation of the sanctions. Russia, however, threatened to use its veto on the proposal, effectively ending any efforts to pass the resolution. Hussein instructed his subordinates to "show gratitude" to the Russians for supporting Iraq in the Security Council on that issue. This gratitude entailed giving the Russians additional oil allocations and commodity contracts in order to repay them for the threatened use of the veto and for their future cooperation. This was a "new shift" since it was the first time that oil allocations were linked to a specific act. The supporting the contract of the council of the contract of the cooperation.

There are other examples of where Russia took positions at the Security Council that favored the Hussein regime and opposed the position of Security Council members who sought to enforce the sanctions. In 2001, Russia reportedly fought off efforts to shorten the list of companies eligible to contract for Iraqi oil and was in turn rewarded with large oil contracts:

This dominance [by Russian trading firms] occurs as Russia continues to thwart US-British efforts to shorten the list of eligible firms that buy Iraqi crude. ... [O]n Monday and Tuesday, three Russian companies were awarded a total of 30 [million] barrels of Iraqi crude, showing that Baghdad is rewarding Moscow for fending off a US-British plan to overhaul sanctions, diplomats said.

Britain and the US have since last autumn led efforts in the UN Iraqi sanctions committee to limit the firms that can buy Iraqi crude because they fear some oil firms accept demands for under-the-table payments directly to Baghdad and against UN sanctions.²⁸

¹⁸ Rafael Baer, Power Behind the Throne - Alexander Voloshin, Financial Times, May 17, 2003.

²⁰ Id.

²¹ Subcommittee interview of Vice President Taha Yasin Ramadan, April 18, 2005.

²² Subcommittee interviews of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 1, April 14, 2005 and Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 2, April 20, 2005.

²³ Subcommittee interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 2, April 20, 2005.

²⁴ Subcommittee interview of Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz, April 21, 2005.

²⁵ Id.

²⁶ Subcommittee interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 1, April 14, 2005.

²⁷ Id.

²⁸ Russian firms continue to dominate Iraqi crude sales, Lloyd's List, July 27, 2001.

One of the three beneficiaries named in the article quoted above was Rosnefteimpex, which had signed a contract with SOMO on July 14, 2001 for 17 million barrels of oil that had been allocated to the Russian Presidential Council.²⁹

Another example of mutual support between Russia and Iraq involves Russia's opposition in 2002 to the practice of "retroactive pricing," a tool used by the United States and the United Kingdom to combat Iraq's scheme of selling oil at below market rates for the purpose of generating revenue to be split between the Hussein regime and the recipients of oil allocations. On August 16, 2002 the Russian Foreign Ministry (itself a recipient of oil allocations for massive quantities of oil) published a press release calling for a special session of the Iraq Sanctions Committee to address the issue:

Russia has come up with an initiative to hold a special session of the U.N. Security Council Iraq Sanctions Committee to discuss ... the continuing practice of retroactive pricing of the oil exported by Iraq. The delegation of Russia intends to decisively raise the question of changing the pricing mechanism imposed on the Committee and reverting to the previous, consensus-based procedure for setting the price of oil in advance³⁰

In sum, the evidence suggests that Russian individuals and political parties were consistently favored by the Hussein regime as a result of Russia's support for positions favorable to Iraq at the U.N. Security Council.³¹

C. The Division of Profits and Payment of Surcharges Resulting from Oil Allocations

The profits generated from the monotization of oil allocations were generally divided between the parties to the transaction — the allocation holder and the company nominated by the allocation holder to execute the contract with the Hussein regime. The company nominated by the allocation holder to execute the contract with SOMO would receive a portion of the profits in the form of a "commission" based on the number of barrels lifted under the contract, usually 2-3¢ a barrel. When asked whether the allocation recipients would personally profit from the oil transactions, one senior Hussein official declared: "That's the whole point." Another former senior regime official confirmed the profit-sharing arrangement, and estimated that the oil allocations yielded a 15 percent profit margin which would be split between the allocation holder and the company that executed the contract with SOMO.³³

The director of the Military Industrialization Commission informed Saddam Hussein about the large profits being made from the oil transactions, which upset Hussein.³⁴ As a result, starting in the middle of Phase 8, the Hussein regime required that a portion of the profits resulting from the oil allocations be paid back to the regime as a "surcharge" fee, based on the number of barrels lifted. Between September 1, 2000 and November 30, 2000 the surcharge was 10½ per barrel of oil lifted.³⁵ Starting on December 1, 2000, the surcharge was increased to 25½ a barrel for shipments destined for European markets and 30½ a barrel for shipments destined for the North American market.³⁶ The surcharge amount was dropped to 15½ a barrel starting on May 30, 2002 and was canceled altogether on September 1, 2002.³⁷ The two-year period beginning on September 1, 2000 and ending September 1, 2002 is referred to as the "surcharge period."

During the surcharge period, the profits generated by oil transactions were split between the allocation recipient, the company that executed the contract with SOMO, and the Hussein regime. One former regime official described the division of profits and payment of surcharges from funds derived from oil allocations as follows:

²⁹ Contract between Rosnefteimpex and SOMO designated M/10/15 dated July 14, 2001 (See II. D., infra).

³⁶ Press Release from Russian Foreign Ministry: "On Russia's Initiative to Hold a Session of the U.N. Security Council Iraq Sanctions Committee" dated August 16, 2002.

³¹ Subcommittee interview of Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz, April 21, 2005.

³² Subcommittee interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 2, April 20, 2005.

³³ Subcommittee interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 1, April 14, 2005.

³⁴ Id.

³⁵ Memorandum of SOMO official titlec "Allocations and Sales of Crude Oil in the Phases of the Memorandum of Understanding (1996-2003)" dated February 19, 2004 ("SOMO Memorandum"), Attachment 4 titled "The Surcharge."

³⁶ Memorandum from the Crude Oil Marketing Second Department to the Financial Department dated March 24, 2001; SOMO Memorandum dated February 19, 2004, Attachment 4.

³⁷ SOMO Memorandum dated February 19, 2004, Attachment 4,

Source discussed oil allowances and how they were sold through brokerage companies. He stated that the profit margins were not in the \$1's to the brokerage companies but usually in the .15 to .25 per barrel. The profit margins went away completely after 9/2000 when the Saddam Hussein surcharge went into effect.

* * :

Source stated that the proceeds from the sale of the oil allowances are made to pay the brokerage companies and the brokerage companies make the payments to the owner of the oil allowances and to Saddam Hussein for his agreed upon cut.³⁸

Another former regime official described the division of profits similarly, including the surcharge payments made to the Hussein regime:

Source explained his knowledge of the oil allowance program through the following example: The market value for a barrel of oil would be \$25. The oil allowance would be given to whomever at Saddam Hussein's discretion. The oil allowance must be sold through a brokerage company that was willing to participate in the scheme. The brokerage company would submit the contract for the sale of the oil allowance through the U.N. under the [Memorandum of Understanding]. Of the \$25 per barrel amount \$20 would go into the Oil for Food Program account at a French bank. The other five dollars would be split [] with the oil brokerage company receiving \$1 and Saddam and the recipient of the oil allowance sharing the other \$4 with each receiving about \$2 per barrel. The oil brokerage company would make the disbursements into special accounts for Saddam Hussein and the recipient of the oil allowance.

Many Russian companies who owed surcharge fees to the Hussein regime delivered those payments in cash to the Iraqi embassy in Moscow. From time to time the cash at the Iraqi embassy would be flown to Iraq:

The cash was delivered to the Iraqi embassy in Moscow where it was placed in the accountant's safe. ... When the cash built up to approximately \$3 million to \$4 million (USD), it was couriered to Baghdad in a diplomatic pouch. Approximately every three to four months such a diplomatic pouch would be delivered via a special flight from Moscow by the Iraqi ambassador to the trade consulate. 40

Other officials of the former regime confirmed the arrangement for the payment of surcharges by Russian companies: "A surcharge (either 10% or 10¢ per barrel) was charged to the companies with the surcharge amount paid in cash to the Iraqi embassy in Moscow. ... Representatives from each of the companies purchasing the oil would come to the embassy with a suitcase full of cash and say that this was the surcharge that was due to Iraq." 41

II. OIL ALLOCTIONS GRANTED TO THE RUSSIAN PRESIDENTIAL COUNCIL

Beginning in Phase 6 and continuing through the end of the Program (with the exception of Phase 7), the Hussein regime allocated 90 million barrels of oil to the Russian Presidential Council.⁴² The Hussein regime allocated the oil to the head of the council, Alexander Voloshin, as well as to his close confidant Sergei Isakov.

 $^{^{38}}$ U.S. Treasury Iraqi Financial Asset Team interview #12 of former regime official, February 1, 2004.

³⁹ U.S. Treasury Iraqi Financial Asset Team interview #15 of former regime official, January 27, 2004.

 $^{^{40}}$ U.S. Treasury Iraqi Financial Asset Team interview #19 of former regime official, November 29, 2003

⁴¹ U.S. Treasury Iraqi Financial Asset Team interview #32 of former regime official, November 29, 2003. The practice of depositing surcharge payments at the Iraqi embassy was recently confirmed by another former regime official. Subcommittee interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 2, April 29, 2005.

⁴² SOMO Memorandum dated February 19, 2004, Attachment 5 titled "The Role of Russian Companies During the Phases of the Memorandum of Understanding," Table No. 1 titled "Quantities of Crude Oil Allocated to the Companies during the Phases of the Memorandum of Understanding."

Table 1: Oil Allocations to the Russian Presidential Council by Phase.

PHASE ALLOC		ALLOCATION (BARRELS)
VI I	The Russian Presidential Council	5,000,000
VIII 2	Serget Isakov (The Russian Presidential Council)	14,000,000
IX 3	Sergei Isakov (The Russian Presidential Council)	16,500,000
X 4	Sergei Isakov (The Russian Presidential Council)	16,000,000
XI, 5	Sergei Isakov (The Russian Presidential Council)	16,000,000
XII 6	Sergei Isakov (The Russian Presidential Council)	12,560,000
7	Alexander Voloshin (The Russian Presidential Council)	3,000,000
XIII 8	Alexander Yoloshin (Head of the Russian Presidential Council)	2,000,000
9	Sergei Isakov (The Russian Presidential Council)	5,000,000

In order to initiate the transaction that would lead to the eventual shipment of the oil, it was first necessary for the allocation recipient to designate a company to actually travel to Baghdad and execute a contract with SOMO. For the first allocation in Phase 6, the Russian Presidential Council designated a Russian oil company -- Rosneft -- to execute the contract with SOMO. Rosneft was the successor entity to the defunct USSR Ministry of Oil, and was then and is now owned and controlled by the Russian government.⁴³

For the allocations granted in Phases 8 through 10, a second company -- "Rosneftempex NK Rosneft" -- was designated by the Russian Presidential Council to execute contracts with SOMO. At the time of the OFF Program, Rosnefteimpex was an oil trading subsidiary of Rosneft. ⁴⁴ Near the end of the OFF Program Rosneft divested itself of the stock it held in Rosnefteimpex. ⁴⁵ Later, after the Oil-for-Food scandal became public, Rosneft claimed that Rosnefteimpex was not a Rosneft subsidiary, despite the fact that Rosneft had owned 56.7% of Rosnefteimpex's voting shares in 2003. ⁴⁶ SOMO documents named Sergei Isakov as the contact person for the oil allocations that resulted in contracts between Rosnefteimpex and SOMO. Mr. Isakov was also at the time the deputy chairman of Vnukovo Airlines, and traveled regularly to Iraq in an effort to reestablish flights between Moscow and Baghdad. ⁴⁷

Beginning in Phase 11, a third company, called the "Russian Engineering Company" became the designated purchasing agent for the allocations awarded to the Russian Presidential Council. The evidence suggests that the Russian Engineering Company is affiliated with Rosnefteimpex. For example, both companies at one point shared the same address at 37 Leningradsky Prospect, Building 6, in Moscow. 48 Additionally, Sergei Isakov executed contracts with SOMO on behalf of both Rosnefteimpex and the Russian Engineering Company (on whose board Mr. Isakov currently serves as

⁴³ See http://www.rosneft.ru/english/company/history.html (website for Rosneft).

⁴⁴ Alexei Sukhodoyev, Oil Company Promises to be in the Focus of News, RusData DiaLine - BizEkon News, December 14, 1995; Russia - The Export Coordinators, APS Review Oil Market Trends, August 21, 2000.

⁴⁵ JSC 'Rosneft' sells its stakes in JSC 'GIVTsneftegaz', JSC 'Rosneft-Central Design Office ASUnefteproduct' and JSC 'Rosnefteimpex', Skrin Market and Corporate News, February 26, 2003.

⁴⁶ Greg Walters, Valeria Korchagina, CIA: Russia Got Rich Violating Sanctions, Moscow Times, October 8, 2004; Ben Wetherall, Russian Companies Dismiss CIA 'Oil for Food' Allegations, World Markets Analysis, October 8, 2004.

²⁷ Russian Airline Applies to Run Moscow-Baghdad Flights, BBC WorldwideMonitoring, April 13, 1998.

⁶⁸ See, fax from Rosnefteimpex to Bayoil dated July 12, 2000 (SNT 015621) (listing both companies at the same address).

chairman).⁴⁹ One energy trade publication described the relationship between Mr. Isakov and the two companies as follows:

The contracts [between Rosnefteimpex and SOMO] were signed with Sergei Isakov, a close confidant of the head of the Kremlin administration at the time, Alexander Voloshin, who resigned last year. Isakov would travel back and forth to Baghdad to negotiate the contracts, sources say, and was also responsible for getting allocations on the Kremlin's behalf for the Russian Engineering Co., which took over the duties of Rosnefteimpex towards the end of the program. ⁵⁰

It is not clear why the parties decided to ccase using Rosnefteimpex as the designated purchasing agent, but some reports link Rosnefteimpex with the Russian Engineering Company as well as Mr. Isakov's airline. One energy trading publication took note of a large contract signed by the Russian Engineering Company in Phase 11:

Loyalty continues to pay off for the group of Russian companies whose cooperation is rewarded with contracts to lift Iraqi crude under the UN oilfor-food deal. ... The largest volume so far -- 17 million barrels -- has gone to the little-known Russian Engineering Co., the new name for former state oil trader Rosnefteimpex, which received large contracts in previous phases. Moscow sources say the company's barrels originate via Trading House Vnukovo Airlines, which plans to sell a fleet of Tupolev passenger jets to Baghdad once UN sanctions are lifted. ⁵¹

Mr. Isakov's travel to and from Baghdad may have been assisted by the fact that Vnukovo Airlines had set up an office there as early as 1998. 52

In Phases 12 and 13, the Hussein regime made separate allocations to both Mr. Isakov and directly to the head of the Russian Presidential Council, Alexander Voloshin. Mr. Voloshin nominated a company called "Impexoil LLC" to execute contracts with SOMO for his allocations. Prior to Phase 12, Impexoil had conducted no business under the OFF Program. After serving as the designated purchaser for Mr. Voloshin, however, Impexoil was nominated as the designated purchaser for other Russian entities (such as the Russian Orthodox Church) during Phase 13. 53

Once the allocation holder had nominated a company to execute the "official" contract with SOMO, it was necessary to find an oil company capable of actually loading and shipping the oil. For five of the allocations awarded to the Russian Presidential Council, Bayoil was that company. Bayoil was responsible for contracting with shipping companies to lift the Iraqi oil and ship it to end users in North America, Europe, and the Far East. As the entity that was the beneficiary of the profits from the ultimate sale of the oil to the end user, Bayoil was the party responsible for paying the other parties connected to the transaction -- namely, the designated purchaser and the allocation holder. To that end, Bayoil often entered into separate contracts with the designated purchasing agent for the distribution of "premium payments" and "fecs" owed by Bayoil to the other parties.

Payments from Bayoil to the allocation holder and the designated purchasing agent (Rosnefteimpex and the Russian Engineering Company) were often routed through a purported "trading company" called Haverhill Trading Limited ("Haverhill"). The payments to Haverhill are suspicious, since Haverhill appears to have performed no function related to the transactions detailed below other than sending invoices to Bayoil for payments owed. The corporate existence of Haverhill is also suspicious. Located in Cyprus, which is known for corporate and bank secrecy laws, Haverhill exists "... care of a corporate services company which merely maintains the company's registered office and files appropriate documents with the Authorities to comply with the local laws." Although a man named Oleg Kalougin of Moscow is named as Haverhill's sole director and Marios Kontemeniotis is named as a shareholder, Haverhill's "... directors and shareholders are merely

⁴⁹ See, http://www.rectrude.ru/bulex.php (website for Russian Engineering Company). The Russian Engineering Company also sold over \$121 million in goods to Iraq under the Program between Phase 7 and 13. See Table 4, "Humanitarian Goods and Oil Spares Purchases by Vendor & Vendor Country per Phase for Central & Southern Regions of Iraq (Sorted by Vendor)," published by the Independent Inquiry Committee into the United Nations Oil-for-Food Programme on October 21, 2004, p. 41.

⁵⁰ Ciao Buhy: Russia Confirmed as Top Lifter of Saddam Oil Contracts, Nefte Compass, October 14, 2004.

⁵¹ Baghdad Boys: Iraq Rewards Russian Steadfasiness, Nefte Compass, February 13, 2002.

⁵² Vnukovo Airlines opens office in Baghdad, BBC Summary of World Broadcasts, February 17, 1998.

⁵³ Duelfer Report, p. 198. The Subcommittee has discovered very little information about Impexoil.

⁵⁴ Company Status Report from International Company Profile on Haverhill.

nominees for the beneficial owners," whose identities are unknown other than the fact that they are non-Cypriots. ⁵⁵ As for its business activities, Haverhill "... is not allowed to engage in any trading activity in Cyprus," and the Subcommittee has been unable to determine the exact nature or the extent of Haverhill's operations or where any such operations are conducted. ⁵⁶ Nevertheless, millions of dollars flowed through Haverhill in connection with the transactions detailed in this Report.

The transactions described below followed the same basic pattern: (i) At the beginning of each relevant phase, the Hussein regime granted an oil allocation to the Russian Presidential Council, (ii) the allocation holder (cither Sergei Isakov or Alexander Voloshin) nominated a company (such as Rosnefteimpex, the Russian Engineering Company, or Impexoil) to act as the nominal purchaser of the oil in exchange for a small commission, (iii) a representative of the nominal purchaser (often Mr. Isakov) traveled to Baghdad and entered into a contract with SOMO to buy the oil allocated to the allocation holder, (iv) the nominal purchaser then entered into a separate contract with Bayoil for Bayoil to lift the oil, and (v) Bayoil lifted the oil and contemporaneously made one or more payments into certain bank accounts in favor of the nominal purchaser or Haverhill. The available evidence indicates that the money wired to those accounts by Bayoil was split between the nominal purchaser and the allocation holder.

The remainder of this Report describes in detail the transactions resulting from each allocation awarded to the Russian Presidential Council.

A. The First Allocation (Phase 6: May 25, 1999 to December 11, 1999)

During Phase 6, the Hussein regime awarded the first of its nine oil allocations to the Russian Presidential Council in an amount of five million barrels. This first allocation resulted in Contract M/06/54 between Rosneft and SOMO. Contract M/06/54, which was executed in Baghdad on June 5, 1999, was for 5 million barrels of oil — 3 million barrels of Basrah Light crude and 2 million barrels of Kirkuk crude. As such, the amount of oil contracted for in Contract M/06/54 exactly matched the amount of oil allocated to the Russian Presidential Council. Contract M/06/54 was approved by the U.N. Oil Overseers on June 10, 1999. 59

Unlike many of the contracts detailed in this Report, Bayoil did not ship any oil under Contract M/06/54 and therefore the Subcommittee is unable to determine whether any money was paid to the benefit of the allocation holder. What is known is that the oil contracted for under Contract M/06/54 was indeed lifted in six shipments between June and October 1999, and that a total of 4,973,344 barrels were lifted. ⁵⁰

B. The Second Allocation (Phase 8: June 9, 2000 to December 5, 2000)

On the second day of Phase 8, June 10, 2000, prior to the date that any contract was signed by Iraq or approved by the U.N., Bayoil entered into an "Agency Agreement" with Haverhill Trading Ltd. Under the terms of the agreement, Bayoil agreed to purchase and ship 8 million barrels of Basrah Light crude and to pay certain "fees" to both Haverhill and the purchasing agent, Rosnefteimpex. The terms of the agreement were as follows:

According to the Agency Agreement signed between "BayOil Supply & Trading Limited" and "Haverhill Trading Limited" on June 10, 2000 please be kindly asked to sign the Contract with "Rosneftcimpex NK Rosneft" for buying 8 bbls of Basrah light crude oil and pay fees as following:

- USD0,02 to "Rosnefteimpex NK Rosneft" as per Contract;
- USD0,12 to "Haverhill Trading Limited" after the nomination of the vessel;

⁵⁵ fd.

⁵⁶ Id.

⁵⁷ Memorandum from the Executive Director of SOMO to the Minister of Oil dated October 5, 1999; SOMO Memorandum dated February 19, 2004, Attachment 5, Table No. 1; Duelfer Report, p. 175.

³⁸ Contract between Rosneft and SOMO designated M/06/54 dated June 5, 1999.

⁵⁹ U.N. Oil Overseers approval of Contract M/06/54 dated June 10, 1999.

⁶⁰ SOMO invoice statements for Contract M/06/54; Duelfer Report, p. 175.

 USD0,10 to "Haverhill Trading Limited" 30 (thirty) days after the [bill of lading].⁶¹

This "contract before the contract" detailed payments that would be made to parties outside of the Oil-for-Food Program. With the "Agency Agreement" in place, on June 14 the Hussein regime allocated 14 million barrels of oil to the Russian Presidential Council. Sergei Isakov was named as the contact person for the allocation. A hand-written note to the Executive Director of SOMO on the Phase 8 allocation list indicated that the 14-millon barrel allocation to the Russian Presidential Council had been approved at the highest levels of Iraq's government:

To: The Executive Director of SOMO

Verbal approval of the President Leader, may God protect him, has been obtained as per the verbal notification of the Vice-President of the republic along the margins of the Cabinet's meeting the morning of 06/25/2000.

Please take the necessary measures for action.⁶³

With the allocation approved and the Bayoil-Haverhill agency agreement in place, Demitry Kossarev of Rosnefteimpex traveled to Baghdad on or about July 4, 2000 and executed Contract M/08/85 with SOMO for 14 million barrels (the same amount allocated to the Russian Presidential Council for Phase 8).⁶⁴ The 14 million barrels were split between 8 million barrels of Basrah Light crude and 6 million barrels of Kirkuk crude.⁶⁵ The terms of Contract M/08/85 were then forwarded in a letter from the Executive Director of SOMO to the Minister of Oil for approval:

To: [His Excellency] the Oil Minister Re: Approval on Exported Crude Oil Contracts

Based on the statement of allocations in phase (8), please find below the details of the contract signed with Rosnefteimpex Russian Company on behalf of Mr. Issakov (The Russian Presidential Council):

Date: 07/04/2000

- 1 Number of Contract: M/08/85
- 2 Name of Company Buyer: Rosnefteimpex
- 3 Nationality: Russian
- 4 Quantity: (14) million barrels divided as follows:
 - (6) million barrels of Kirkuk crude oil FOB Ceyhan terminal
 - (8) million barrels of Basrah light crude oil FOB Al-Bakr terminal⁶⁶

The Minster of Oil approved Contract M/08/85 on July 8, 2000. Contract M/08/85 was sent to the U.N. for approval and was approved by the U.N. Oil Overseers on July $10, 2000.^{67}$

With Contract M/08/85 fully approved, Bayoil entered into a separate contract with Rusnaftaimpex (BVI) Limited, a company located on Jersey in the Channel Islands. Under the terms of that contract, Rusnaftaimpex agreed to sell 8 million barrels of Basrah Light crude to Bayoil in exchange for a "premium" equal to an amount of 2¢ a barrel, to be transferred to a bank account designated by Rusnaftaimpex. ⁶⁸ This contract was the first of three versions of the same contract, all of which are dated July 11, between Bayoil and, alternatively, Rusnaftaimpex and Rosnefteimpex. The final, executed version of the contract directed that the premium be paid to Rusnaftaimpex as per the terms of an addendum. ⁶⁹ The addendum to this final contract, dated July 26, 2000, directed Bayoil to

⁶⁷ Memorandum from Haverhill to Bayoil dated June 10, 2000 (SNT 015625).

⁶² SOMO chart titled "Statement of Allocations for the Phase Subsequent to Phase (7)" dated June 14, 2000.

⁶³ Id.

⁶⁴ Contract between Rosnefleimpex and SOMO designated M/08/85 dated July 4, 2000.

⁶⁵ Id. Bayoil did not lift any of the Kirkuk oi. in connection with Contract M/08/85, and it is not known which company or companies did.

⁶⁶ Letter from the Executive Director of SOMO to the Minister of Oil dated July 5, 2000 (emphasis added).

⁶⁷ U.N. Oil Overseers approval of Contract M/08/85 dated July 10, 2000.

⁶⁸ Contract between Bayoul and Rusnattaimpex dated July 11, 2000 (unexecuted) (SNT 014953-955).

⁶⁹ Contract between Bayoil and Rusnaftaimpex dated July 11, 2000 (executed) (SNT 017014-017). Yet another version of this contract mirrors the terms of the other two versions, but names Bayoil and Rosnefteimpex as the parties and

pay 24¢ a barrel into a bank account designated by Rusnaftaimpex -- 12¢ in advance and 12¢ after the completion of each lifting. ⁷⁰

Prior to the execution of that addendum, on July 14, 2000, Bayoil directed its bank in Geneva to wire the first of several "premium" payments in connection with Contract M/08/85 to a bank account at Hellenic Bank Ltd. in Cyprus in favor of Haverhill. The first was a pre-payment of \$240,000, which amounts to 12¢ a barrel for the 2 million barrels that Bayoil was scheduled to lift in July. Bayoil performed its first lifting, a shipment of 1,833,963 barrels, on August 3, 2000 on the vessel *Licorne Pactifique*. Then, on August 25, 2000, Bayoil made its first post-lifting payment in an amount of \$212,151.12, which was based on the actual amount of oil lifted (1,833,963 barrels @ 12¢ a barrel). That payment was made, not to Haverhill, but to Rusnaftaimpex in an account at United Bank of Switzerland AG in Geneva. The contraction of the second of the

In total, Bayoil completed four shipments of oil under Contract M/08/85 and lifted a total of 8,009,014 barrels of Basrah Light crude. There is each shipment, Bayoil made pre-payments in an amount equal to 12¢ per barrel of oil that Bayoil was scheduled to ship. For the last three shipments, Bayoil was invoiced by and made its pre-payments to Rusnaftaimpex instead of Haverhill. Bayoil made all four of its post-lifting payments to Rusnaftaimpex as well. In total, as detailed in the table below, Bayoil wired payments totaling \$1,922,163.36 to bank accounts in favor of Haverhill and Rusnaftaimpex in connection with Contract M/08/85:

Table 2: Bayoil Payments to Third Parties in connection with Contract M/08/85.

Shipment	Date of Lifting	Number of Barrels Lifted	Prepayment to Haverhill	Prepayments to Rusuaftaimpex	Post-Lifting Payments to Rusnaftaimpex	Total Payments to Third Parties
1	08/03/00	1,883,963	\$240,000.00		\$212,151.12	\$452,151.12
2	08/12/00	1,857,303		\$240,000.00	\$205,752.72	\$445,752.72
3	09/12/00	1,943,729		\$240,000.00	\$226,494.96	\$466,494.96
4	10/21/00	2,324,019		\$240,000.00	\$317,764.56	\$557,764.56
Total	Payments ⁷⁶		o Third Parties in barrels @ 24¢ a	Connection with C barrel)	ontract M/08/85:	\$1,922,163.36

Bayoil made all of these payments to bank accounts in favor of Haverhill and Rusnaftaimpex -- totaling \$1,922,163.36 -- despite the fact that neither entity had performed any discernable services in connection with Contract M/08/85.

Bayoil's internal accounting documents repeatedly refer to the payments to Haverhill and Rusnaftaimpex as "premiums" and "Price Premium Over O.S.P." (the official sales price). Significantly, Bayoil's ledgers generally list these payments under an entry titled "Commissions - Russia." Bayoil's ledgers related to Contract M/08/85 record these payments as follows:

was executed by D.I. Kossarev as Deputy Director General of Rosnefteimpex (SNT 915622-624). It is unclear why there were multiple iterations of this contract.

³⁰ Addendum No. 1 to contract dated July 11, 2000 between Rusnaftaimpex and Bayoil (SNT 017013).

²¹ Wire transfer request from Bayoil to Credit Agricole Indosuez SA (Geneva) dated July 14, 2000 (SNT 015735).

¹² Wire transfer request from Bayoil to Credit Agricole Indosucz Suisse SA (Geneva) dated August 25, 2000 (SNT 015706).

²³ SOMO invoice statements for Contract M/08/85.

⁷⁴ Invoices from Rusnaftaimpex to Bayoil for pre-shipment payments related to Contract M/08/85 (SNT 014950, 01698).

⁷⁵ Invoices from Rusnaftaimpex to Bayoii for post-shipment payments related to Contract M/08/85 (SNT 015708, 015053, 016286, 017115).

⁷⁶ Bayoil Transaction Detail By Account for Licorne Pacifique (B/L August 3, 2000), Tina (B/L August 12, 2000), Berge Chief (B/L September 12, 2000), and Olympia Spirit (B/L October 21, 2000).

Wire transfer request from Bayoil to Credit Agricole Indosuez Suisse SA, Geneva, dated July 14, 2000 regarding pre-payment of \$240,000 to Haverhill (SNT 015735); Wire transfer request from Bayoil to Banque Cantonale Vaudoise dated August 2, 2000 regarding pre-payment of \$240,000 to Rusnaftaimpex (SNT 015050); See also, Bayoil's internal pricing tables for calculating the price-per-barrel wherein the 24¢ is calculated into the price as a "premium" (SNT 015704).

Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Commissions - Russi	a		
Check 7/18/2000 Check 9/1/2000 Total Commissions -	RUSNAFTAIMPEX		-240,000.00 -212,151.12 -452,151.12
* * *			
Check 8/2/2000 Check 9/11/2000 Total Commissions -	RUSNAFTAIMPEX	***	-240,000.00 -205,752.72 -445,752.72
	RUSNAFTAIMPEX RUSNAFTAIMPEX Russia		-240,000.00 -226,494.96 -466,494.96
Cheek 10/13/2000 Total Commissions -	RUSNAFTAIMPEX Russia		-240,000.00 -240,000.00
Agent Commissions Check 11/20/2000	RUSNAFTAIMPEX	•••	-317,764.56 ⁷⁸

It is clear that these payments did not go into the Iraq Escrow Account at BNP Paribas for the benefit of the Iraqi people. What is less clear is where the money went once it was wired to bank accounts in Switzerland and Cyprus.

Reading the terms of the June 10, 2000 agency agreement between Bayoil and Haverhill and the subsequent July 11, 2000 agreement between Bayoil and Rusanflaimpex *en toto*, Bayoil was obligated to compensate Rusanflaimpex at a rate of $2\dot{\epsilon}$ per barrel for acting as the purchasing agent for Contract M/08/85. As such, Rusanflaimpex was entitled to \$160,180.28 (8,009,014 barrels x $2\dot{\epsilon}$). After the deduction of the \$160,180.38 due to Rusanflaimpex, \$1,761,983.08 remains unaccounted for. Based on SOMO's documents and the testimony of senior members of the former Hussein regime, the logical conclusion to be drawn is that the remaining funds inured to the benefit of the allocation holder.⁷⁹ If such is the case, the Subcommittee estimates that \$1,761,983.08 went to the benefit of Sergei Isakov on behalf of the Russian Presidential Council in connection with Contract M/08/85:

Table 3: Estimated Division of Bayoil's Payments Between Haverhill/Rusnastaimpex and the Russian Presidential Council in connection with Contract M/08/85.

Shipment	Number of Barrels Lifted	Rate of Payment to Haverhill & Rusnaftaimpex	Payments to Haverbill & Rusnaftaimpex	Suspected Amount Paid to the Benefit of the Russian Presidential Council
1	1,883,963	2¢ a barrel	\$37,679.26	\$414,471.86
2	1,857,303	2¢ a barrel	\$37,146.06	\$408,606.66
3	1,943,729	2¢ a barrel	\$38,874.58	\$427,620.38
4	2,324,019	2¢ a barrel	\$46,480.38	\$511,284.18
		Totals:	\$160,180.28	\$1,761,983.08 ⁸⁰

⁷⁸ See Bayoil Transaction Detail By Account for Licorne Pacifique, Tina, Berge Chief, and Olympia Spirit.

Subcommittee interviews of Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz, April 21, 2005, Vice President Taha Yasin Ramadan, April 18, 2005, Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 1, April 14, 2005, and Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 2, April 20, 2005; U.S. Treasury Iraqi Financial Asset Team interviews of former regime officials, February 1, 2004 (#12) and January 27, 2004 (#15).

⁸⁰ This figure amounts to 22¢ per barrel on the 8,009,014 barrels lifted by Bayoil under Contract M/08/85.

The suspected payment of \$1,761,983.08 to Mr. Isakov on behalf of the Russian Presidential Council under contract M/08/85 accounts for the 8,009,014 barrels lifted by Bayoil, and does not account for the 6 million barrels of Kirkuk crude also contracted for under Contract M/08/85. SOMO documents indicate that a total of 14,000,000 barrels were lifted under M/08/85. Therefore, depending on the terms of the deal struck between Rusnaftaimpex and whichever company lifted the Kirkuk oil, there were likely to have been substantial additional payments in favor of the Russian Presidential Council in excess of the \$1,761,983.08 resulting from payments made by Bayoil.

There is no evidence that any "surcharge" payments were made to the Hussein regime in connection with Contract M/08/85. Contract M/08/85 was executed prior to September 1, 2000 (the date that the Hussein regime first imposed "surcharges" on oil contracts). A possible explanation for the absence of any surcharge payments on Contract M/08/85 is found in a memorandum written by a SOMO official explaining the origin and initial implementation of the surcharge demand:

A decision was made in August 2000 to impose a surcharge of 10¢ per barrel for all markets (as of mid phase (8) and until the end of the phase) on the shipments that will be lifted as of September 1, 2000.

* * *

[S]ome of these parties declined to pay the surcharge in phase (8) claiming that the payment notification for the shipments lifted on September 1, 2000 came late, and that they had already sold the quantities allocated to them to other companies before they had been told to pay; therefore, they were unable to pay 10ϕ per barrel. 82

Although two of the four Bayoil liftings occurred after September 1, 2000, there is no indication that any of Bayoil's payments to Haverhill and Rusnaftaimpex were in satisfaction of surcharge demands. Finally, other SOMO documents indicate that no surcharge payments were made in connection with Contract M/08/85. 83

C. The Third Allocation (Phase 9: December 6, 2000 to July 3, 2001)

There was no approved list of allocations at the beginning of Phase 9, which commenced on December 6, 2000. This was due to the fact that the Hussein regime had begun to demand 10¢ per barrel "surcharges" on oil purchases lifted after September 1, 2000, and since many companies refused to pay, SOMO was instructed to sign contracts with any company willing to pay the surcharge. Sergei Isakov was apparently willing to comply with the surcharge demand and he traveled to Iraq to sign a contract on behalf of Rosnefteimpex. Contract M/09/25 so was executed in Baghdad on January 17, 2001 between Rosnefteimpex and SOMO and was signed by Mr. Isakov as "Adviser to General Director" of Rosnefteimpex. Contract M/09/25 was approved by the U.N. Oil Overseers on January 18, 2001. The property of Rosnefteimpex and SOMO and was signed by the U.N. Oil Overseers on January 18, 2001.

Mr. Isakov was personally involved in the negotiations between Rosnefteimpex and Bayoil in relation to Contract M/09/25, and specifically demanded that Bayoil pay high premiums as part of the deal:

To: Bayoil

Re: Shipment of Basrah Light crude in April-May-June

M/t <<Stavros>> B/L 3.04.01

M/t <<Mariner>> Laycan May 14th and about 2,000,000 bbls

loading in June (Subject agreement of SOMO)

⁸¹ SOMO Memorandum dated February 19, 2004, Attachment 5, Table 2 titled "Quantities of Crude Oil Lifted by the Companies and Russian Parties during the Phases of the Memorandum of Understanding."

⁸² SOMO Memorandum dated February 19, 2004, Attachment 4.

⁸³ Id. (excerpts relating to Contract M/08/85). In the row that lists the surcharge rate for Contract M/08/85, it states "what has been paid is higher than." In no other part of Attachment 4 is such an entry made. The meaning of the notation is unknown.

⁸⁴ SOMO table titled "Crude Oil Allocations during Phase (9) of the Memorandum of Understanding," Duelfer Report, p. 182.

⁸⁵ Contract between Rosnefteimpex and SOMO designated M/09/25 dated January 17, 2001.

⁸⁶ The original volume for Contract M/09/25 was 6 million barrels, but that amount was subsequently increased to 16.35 million barrels, of which 11.428 million barrels were ultimately lifted. SOMO memorandum from the Crude Oil First Marketing Department to the Financial Department dated May 14, 2001; SOMO chart titled "Crude Oil Purchases during Phase (9) of the Memorandum of Understanding."

⁸⁷ U.N. Oil Overseers approval of Contract M/09/25 dated January 18, 2001.

Att: Mr. David Chalmer [sic], President

Dear Sirs.

Taking into account the relationships between our companies and also the fact that your company is one of the important Suppliers of crude oil to US and European Consumers, we would like to continue our collaboration. Subject agreement with Supplier we propose to you above quantities and any other quantities within this period.

We consider that after last decision of OPEC to cut crude oil output, crude oil market improved and we have intention to cooperate with your company for promotion purposes of Iraqi oil to the market.

Having in mind the above we would like to receive higher trading benefit after selling of crude oil on the market at the level of not less than USD 0.35 per each barrel.

In case of your agreement we are ready to conclude respective deal with your company.

We expect your answer.

Best regards,

S. Issakov⁸⁸

The fee arrangement between Bayoil, Rusnaftaimpex, and Haverhill (established in connection with Contract M/08/85) continued during Contract M/09/25, as referenced in an invoice relating to Bayoil's first lifting under the contract. On April 3, 2001, the vessel *Stavros G.L.* lifted 250,000 barrels of Basrah Light crude under Contract M/09/25. ⁸⁹ In connection with that lifting, on April 25, 2001, Rusnaflaimpex invoiced Bayoil for \$87,500 (250,000 barrels at 35¢ a barrel) that was owed under the "Contract dated July 11, 2000, addendum No2 dated 18 January 2001." ⁹⁰ Tellingly, Rusnaflaimpex instructed Bayoil to pay the money into an account in favor of *Haverhill* and not into an account in its own favor, which is further evidence of a close association between the two entities. Bayoil made this first payment relating to Contract M/09/25 to a bank account in Haverhill's name at the Hellenic Bank Ltd. in Cyprus on May 2, 2001. ⁹¹ For unknown reasons beginning with Contract M/09/25, Bayoil ceased to refer to these payments as "Commissions - Russia" in its ledgers, as it had done with the payments it made under Contract M/08/85 in the previous phase. Instead, Bayoil's ledgers list the payments to Haverhill as "Crude Purchases... ⁹² Another departure from Contract M/08/85 was that Bayoil ceased to take note of these payments in its internal pricing worksheets. All references to "premiums" and "Price Premium Over" the official sales price are notably absent from Bayoil's internal documents relating to Contract M/09/25.

In total, Bayoil completed four shipments of oil under Contract M/09/25 and lifted a total of 6,271,688 barrels of Basrah Light crude. ⁹³ As was the case with Bayoil's first shipment under Contract M/09/25, after each subsequent shipment Haverhill invoiced Bayoil for the "fee" that it was owed pursuant to the terms of the July 11, 2001 contract. ⁹⁴ As detailed in the table below, Bayoil made payments totaling \$2,140,039.62 in connection with Contract M/09/25 to accounts in Haverhill's name at the Hellenie Bank:

⁸⁸ Facsimile from Rosnefteimpex to Bayoil dated April 20, 2001 (SNT 020928) (emphasis added).

⁸⁹ SOMO invoice statement for Contract M/09/25.

Notice from Rusnaftaimpex to Bayoil dated April 25, 2001 (SNT 021260). Rusnaftaimpex billed Bayoil an additional \$3,000 in this invoice for unknown reasons.

⁹¹ Wire transfer request from Bayoil to BNP Paribas (Suisse) SA, Geneva, dated May 2, 2001 (SNT 021259).

⁵² Bayoil Transaction Detail By Account for Stavros G.L. (B/L April 3, 2001), Settebello (B/L April 19, 2001), Astro Betti (B/L May 20, 2001), and Olympia Spirit (B/L July 13, 2001).

⁹³ SOMO invoice statements for Contract M/09/25.

⁹⁴ Invoices from Haverhill to Bayoil for payments related to Contract M/09/25 (SNT 019650, 020995, 022344).

Table 4: Bayoil Payments to Haverhill in connection with Contract M/09/25.

Shipment	Date of Lifting	Number of Barrels Lifted	Rate of Payment to Haverhill	Destination of Shipment	Payments to Haverhill
l	04/03/01	250,000	35¢ a barrel	North America	\$87,500.00
2	04/19/01	2,160,986	30¢ a barrel ⁹⁵	Europe	\$651,295.80
3	05/20/01	1,860,777	35¢ a barrel	North America	\$651,271.95
4	07/13/01	1,999,925	37.5¢ a barrel	North America	\$749,971.87
la de la companya de		and the second second	ill for in Connection wi @ 35¢ a barrel; 1,999,		\$2,140,039.62

As is plainly evident from the table, the rate of payment to Haverhill was lower for the shipment that was bound for the European market. That difference corresponds to the fact that the Hussein regime charged a lower surcharge rate for shipments destined for the European market than for shipments destined for the North American market.

Unlike Contract M/08/85, the evidence indicates that surcharges were paid to the Hussein regime in connection with Contract M/09/25, and these surcharges were substantial. The liftings performed under Contract M/09/25 occurred during the period when the Hussein regime charged 25¢ a barrel for shipments destined for the European market and 30¢ a barrel for shipments destined for the North American market. All the available evidence indicates that the Russian Presidential Council/Rosnefteimpex/Haverhill paid the surcharges demanded in connection with Contract M/09/25. For instance, correspondence between Bayoil and Rosnefteimpex indicates that the price calculation for the shipment on the vessel *Stavros G.L.* included the surcharge amount: "This Contract or Agreement should cover ... m/t 'Stavros' B/I. 3.04.01 - 250 000 bils of Basrah Light surcharge to OSP 0,35 - 0,40 \$/bbl." Additionally, in March 2001 Rosnefteimpex made a request to SOMO to extend the expiration date of Contract M/09/25 and to increase the quantity of oil under the contract in consideration for the surcharge payments that Rosnefteimpex had made. An internal SOMO memorandum detailed the request:

To: [His Excellency] the Executive Director

Re: Contract M/09/25 with Rosimpex [sic] Russian Company (The Presidential Council)

* * *

4 - Rosnefteimpex company requested to change the quantity of the contract to the following:

Basrah	<u>Kirkuk</u>	<u>Total</u>	
4	2	<u>6</u>	

to be lifted in April/May 2001, and to extend the validity of the contract until 05/15/2001, taking into consideration that the company has settled both of the surcharge amounts due to our embassy in Moscow as per the telephone conversation with their representative in Baghdad. 782

Furthermore, SOMO's documents indicate that all of the surcharges due in connection with Contract M/09/25 were paid. In total, 14,431,154 barrels were lifted under Contract M/09/25, 6,271,688 of which were lifted by Bayoil.⁹⁹ A total of \$3,918,481.80 in surcharge payments was due to Iraq, all of which was paid. ¹⁰⁰ Ipso facto, all of the surcharges that were owed in connection with Bayoil's

⁹⁵ The actual rate calculates to \$0.301388 per barrel.

⁹⁶ Bayoil Transaction Detail By Account for Stavros G.L. (B/L April 3, 2001), Settebello (B/L April 19, 2001), Astro Beta (B/L May 20, 2001), and Olympia Spirit (B/L July 13, 2001).

⁹⁷ Facsimile from Rosnefteimpex to Bayoil dated April 17, 2001 (SNT 020929-931).

Memorandum from the Head of Crude Oil First Marketing Department to the Executive Director of SOMO dated March 24, 2001 (emphasis added).

⁹⁹ SOMO invoice statements for Contract M/09/25.

¹⁰⁰ SOMO Memorandum dated February 19, 2004, Attachment 4 (excerpts relating to Contract M/09/25). It appears as though the parties involved overpaid by a de minimis amount, \$61.20.

lifitings under the contract were also paid. The Subcommittee estimates that \$1,773,457.10 of Bayoil's payments into Haverhill's bank accounts at the Hellenic Bank was ultimately routed to the Hussein regime for the satisfaction of surcharges:

Table 5: Estimated Surcharge Payments Made in Connection with Bayoil's Shipments Under Contract M/09/25.

Shipment	Number of Barrels Lifted	Destination of Shipment	Rate of Surcharge	Surcharge Payments to Iraq
1	250,000	North America	30¢ a barrel	\$75,000.00
2	2,160,986	Europe	25¢ a barrel	\$540,246.50
3	1,860,777	North America	30¢ a barrel	\$558,233.10
4	1,999,925	North America	30¢ a barrel	\$599,977.50
Total Surc	harge Payments fron	n Bayoil Liftings Und	er Contract M/09/25:	\$1,773,457.10

The surcharge payments that were drawn from Bayoil's payments to Haverhill do not account for all of the surcharge payments made to Iraq in connection with Contract M/09/25. SOMO's documents reflect that a total of \$3,918,543 in surcharges were paid to Iraq under Contract M/09/25, which indicates that other unknown purchasing agents and/or oil companies made surcharge payments amounting to \$2,145,085.90 for their portion of the oil lifted under the contract. ¹⁰¹

Once the surcharge payments have been taken into account, the question remains as to what happened to the remainder of the payments made by Bayoil to Haverhill in connection with Contract M/09/25. Under the terms of the prior contracts between Bayoil and Rusnaftaimpex dated July 11, 2000, ¹⁰² Bayoil was obligated to compensate Rusnaftaimpex at a rate of 2¢ per barrel for being the purchasing agent. As such, Rusnaftaimpex was owed \$125,433.76 (6,271,688 barrels @ 2¢ a barrel). Once Rusnaftaimpex's fees have been deducted from the amount paid by Bayoil to Haverhill, there remains a balance of \$241,148.76. Based on SOMO's documents and the testimony of senior members of the former Hussein regime, the logical conclusion to be drawn is that those remaining funds were paid to the allocation holder. ¹⁰³ If that is the case, the Subcommittee estimates that \$241,148.76 went to the benefit of Sergei Isakov on behalf of the Russian Presidential Council in connection with Contract M/09/25:

Table 6: Estimated Division of Bayoil's Payments Between Iraq, Rusnaftaimpex, and the Russian Presidential Council in connection with Contract M/09/25.

Shipment	Number of Barrels Lifted	Surcharge Payments to Iraq (25 or 30¢ a barrel)	Payments to Rusnaftaimpex (2¢ a barrel)	Suspected Payments for the Benefit of the Russian Presidential Council
t	250,000	\$75,000.00	\$5,000.00	\$7,500.00
2	2,160,986	\$540,246.50	\$43,219.72	\$67,829.58
3	1,860,777	\$558,233.10	\$37,215.54	\$55,823.31
4	1,999,925	\$599,977.50	\$39,998.50	\$109,995.87
Totals:	6,271,688	\$1,773,457.10	\$125,433.76	\$241,148.76 ¹⁰⁴

The suspected payment of \$241,148.76 to Sergei Isakov on behalf of the Russian Presidential Council under Contract M/09/25 accounts only for such payments made on the 6,271,688 barrels lifted by

 $^{^{\}mathrm{I}01}$ Id.

¹⁰² Contract between Bayoil and Rusnaftaimpex dated July 11, 2000 (SNT 014953-955); Contract between Bayoil and Rusnaftaimpex dated July 11, 2000 (executed) (SNT 017014-017).

¹⁰³ Subcommittee interviews of Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz, April 21, 2005, Vice President Taha Yasin Ramadan, April 18, 2005, Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 1, April 14, 2005, and Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 2, April 20, 2005; U.S. Treasury Iraqi Financial Asset Team interviews of former regime officials, February 1, 2004 (#12) and January 27, 2004 (#15).

¹⁰⁴ This figure amounts to 3.845¢ per barrel for the 6,271,688 barrels lifted by Bayoil under Contract M/09/25.

Bayoil. SOMO documents, however, indicate that a total of 14,431,154 barrels were lifted under Contract M/09/25, and therefore what is not accounted for in the above table is any money that may have been paid to the Russian Presidential Council in connection with the remaining 5,156,312 barrels that were lifted under Contract M/09/25. Depending on the terms of the deal struck between Rusnaftaimpex and the company or companies that lifted the oil, there may have been additional payments in favor of the Russian Presidential Council in excess of the \$241,148.76 resulting from payments made by Bayoil.

D. The Fourth Allocation (Phase 10: July 4, 2001 to November 30, 2001)

The Hussein regime allocated 16 million barrels to the Russian Presidential Council in Phase 10. The Hussein regime executed Contract M/10/15 with Rosnefteimpers for 17 million barrels -- 10 million barrels of Basrah Light crude and 7 million barrels of Kirkuk crude. SOMO documents indicate that the extra 1 million barrels included in Contract M/10/15 was for the benefit of the Russian ambassador to Iraq, Vladimir Titorenko. The Contract for 17 million barrels was executed in Baghdad by "Adviser to General Director" Sergei Isakov on behalf of Rosnefteimpex. Sergei Sakov on behalf of Rosnefteimpex.

Certain correspondence connected with Contract M/10/15 provides additional evidence that there is no discernable difference as to who controls the various entities conducting these transactions. For instance, on August 21, 2001 Yuri Poukhov of Rosnefteimpex delivered an invoice to Bayoil on Haverhill's letterhead for the premium payment owed in connection with a shipment of oil lifted under Contract M/10/15:

HAVERHILL TRADING LIMITED 23, ARISTIDOU STR., PIREAS, GREECE

To: Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited

Att: Mrs. Jean Johnston

CC: Mr. Ludmil Dionissiev

Herebelow we are sending to you final invoices No. 03/17/08 for m/t <<Magdelaine>> B/L 17.08.01 and No. 04/17/08 for m/t <<Stena Convoy>> B/L 21.08.2001.

Best regards,

Y. Poukhov¹¹¹

The memorandum forwarded an invoice charging Bayoil \$683,501.25 for the *Stena Convoy* shipment. 112 Prior to that memorandum, all such invoices and other correspondence from Haverhill had been delivered by Marios Kontemeniotis, the purported "director" of Haverhill. In response to the letter from Mr. Poukhov, on September 13, 2001, Jean Johnston of Bayoil wrote a memorandum to Rosnefteimpex to the attention of *Mr. Kontemeniotis*, although he supposedly had no connection to the Russian oil trading company:

TO: Rosnefteimpex, Moscow

ATTN: Mr. Marios Kontemeniotis FAX: 7095 979-6071

CC: Mr. Y. Poukhov FROM: Jean Johnston

* * *

¹⁰⁵ SOMO Memorandum dated February 19, 2004, Attachment 5, Table 1; Duelfer Report, p. 185.

¹⁰⁶ Contract between Rosnesteimpex and SOMO designated M/10/15 dated July 14, 2001.

¹⁰⁷ SOMO Memorandum dated February 19, 2004, Attachment 5, Table 2.

Letter from the Crude Oil First Marketing Department to the Financial Department dated July 18, 2001.

¹⁰⁰⁹ Contract between Rosnefteimpex and SOMO designated M/10/15 dated July 14, 2001, at p. 10.

 $^{^{110}}$ U.N. Oil Overseers approval of Contract M/10/15 dated July 24, 2001.

¹¹¹ Letter from Haverhill to Bayoil dated August 21, 2001 (SNT 023706).

¹¹² Haverhill invoice to Bayoil dated August 17, 2001 (SNT 023712).

Dear Sirs:

With reference to your faxed invoices of today, please be advised following payments have been made:

Magdelaine (Your invoice no. 03/17/08) US \$716,933.25 - value August 20, 2001

Stena Convoy (Your invoice no. 04/17/08) US \$683,501.25 - value Aug. 22, 2001

* * *

Best regards,

Jean Johnston¹¹³

Other correspondence illustrates that Haverhill did not even prepare the invoices sent under its own letterhead. For example, a letter from Rosnefteimpex to Bayoil indicates that Rosnefteimpex, and not Haverhill, prepared an invoice to Bayoil in connection with Contract M/10/15:

To: Bayoil

Re: M/t <<Hellespont Capitol>> B/L 02.11.2001

Att: Mrs. Jean Johnston Date: 26.11.01

Dear Jean!

We are preparing invoice for above cargo. As soon as price differences are clear we will present respective invoice.

* * *

Many thanks.

Best regards,

Y. Poukhov114

These documents are additional evidence that Rosnefteimpex, Haverhill, and Rusnaftaimpex were not independent corporate entities conducting oil transactions at arm's length, but were related and acting in concert to facilitate the payment of premiums on oil purchases under the Oil-for-Food Program, and in many instances forwarding payments to the Hussein regime in satisfaction of "surcharges."

In total, Bayoil completed eight shipments of oil under Contract M/10/15 and lifted a total of 12,828,688 barrels. After each shipment, Haverhill invoiced Bayoil for the amount that it was owed. 115 For Contract M/10/15, Bayoil paid a premium of 37.5¢ per barrel for the first six shipments, 39.5¢ per barrel for the seventh shipment, and 42.5¢ per barrel for the eighth shipment. In total, as detailed in the table below, Bayoil made payments totaling \$4,953,020.64 to Haverhill's account at Hellenic Bank in Nicosia in connection with Contract M/10/15:

Table 7; Bayoil Payments to Haverhill in connection with Contract M/10/15.

Shipment	Date of Litting	Number of Barrels Lifted	Rate of Payment to Haverhill	Destination of Shipment	Payments to Haverbill
1	08/01/01	200,000	37.5¢ a barrel	North America	\$75,000.00
2	08/15/01	1,911,822	37.5¢ a barrel	North America	\$716,933.25
3	08/21/01	1,822,670	37.5¢ a barrel	North America	\$683,501.25
4	08/26/01	150,000	37.5¢ a barrel	North America	\$56,250.00
5	09/08/01	2,356,360	37.5¢ a barrel	North America	\$883,635.00

¹¹³ Memorandum from Bayoil to Rosnefteimpex dated September 13, 2001 (SNT 023693).

¹¹⁴ Facsimile from Rosnefteimpex to Bayoil dated November 26, 2001 (SNT 025304).

 $^{^{115}}$ Invoices from Haverhill to Bayoil for payments related to Contract M/10/15 (SNT 023554, 023698, 023700, 024006, 022658, 024141, 024624, 025301).

6	09.15.01	1,990,489	37.5¢ a barrel	North America	\$746,433.38
7	10:09:01	2,586,824	39.5¢ a barrel	North America	\$1,021,795.48
8	11/02/01	1,810,523	42.5e a barrel	North America	\$769,472.28
1			averhill in Connection v @ 39.5¢ a barrel; 1,810	with Contract M/10/15: ,523 @ 42.5¢ a barrel)	\$4,953,020.64

The Subcommittee currently has no explanation for the spike in the rate of premiums for the final two shipments on October 9, 2001 (39.5c a barrel) and November 2, 2001 (42.5c a barrel). All of Bayoil's shipments under Contract MT0.15 were destined for the North American market and therefore carried a surcharge rate of 30c per barrel (see Table 8, below). As such, there was no need to raise the price per barrel to account for any variance in the surcharge rate.

Contract M/10/15 was executed and performed during the surcharge period, and therefore resulted in multiple payments to the Hussein regime. A letter from the Executive Director of SOMO to the Minister of Oil noted that the surcharge payments due under Contract M/10/15 were "Payable in one month from the date of loading." Over 16 million barrels were lifted under Contract M/10/15. 12,828,688 of which were lifted by Bayoil. SOMO's documents indicate that all of the surcharges due in connection with Contract M/10/15 were paid. If pso facto, all of the surcharges that were owed in connection with Bayoil's liftings under the contract were also paid. The Subcommittee estimates that 33,848,606,40 of Bayoil's payments to Haverhill's account at the Hellenic Bank were forwarded to the Hussein regime for the satisfaction of surcharges:

Table 8: Estimated Surcharge Payments Made in Connection with Bayoil's Shipments Under Contract M/10/15.

Shipment	Number of Barrels Lifted	Destination of Shipment	Rate of Surcharge	Surcharge Payments to Iraq
1	200,000	North America	30c a barrel	\$60,000.00
2	1.911,822	North America	30e a barrel	\$573,546.60
3	1,822,670	North America	30¢ a barrel	\$546,801.00
4	150,000	North America	30e a barrel	\$45,000.00
5	2,356,360	North America	30c a harrel	\$706,908.00
6	1,990,489	North America	30e a barrel	\$597,146.70
7	2,586,824	North America	30¢ a barrel	\$776,047.20
8	1,810,523	North America	30e a barrel	\$543,156.90
Total Surcha	rge Payments from	Bayoil Liftings Unde	r Contract M/10/15;	\$3,848,606.40

The surcharge payments that resulted from Bayoil's payments to Haverhill do not account for all of the surcharge payments made to Iraq in connection with Contract M/10/15. SOMO's documents reflect that approximately S5 million in surcharges were paid to Iraq under Contract M/10/15, which indicates that other oil companies and or purchasing agents made surcharge payments amounting to over \$1 million for their portion of the oil lifted under the contract. ²⁶

¹¹⁶ Bayorl Transaction Detail By Account for Siena Companion (B.I. August 1, 2001), Magdelaine (B.I. August 15, 2001), Stena Convoy (B.I. August 21, 2001), Settebello (B.I. August 26, 2001), Sahara (B.I. September 8, 2001), Noto (B.I. September 15, 2001), Olimpia Spira (B.I. October 9, 2001), and Hellespoin Capitol (B.I. November 2, 2001).

¹¹⁵ Letter from the Executive Director of SOMO to the Minister of Oil dated July 15, 2001

^{1.8} SOMO invoice statements for Contract M 10.15 (indicating that 16,818,559 barrels were lifted); SOMO Memorandum dated February 19, 2004, Attachment 4.

¹¹⁹ SOMO Memorandum dated February 19, 2004, Attachment 4 (excerpts relating to Contract M to 15), indicating that \$154.15, a de minimis amount, was still owed under Contract M to 15.

¹²⁰ SOMO Memorandum dated February 19, 2004, Attachment 4

Once the surcharge payments have been deducted, the question remains as to what happened to the remainder of the payments made by Bayoil into Haverhill's bank account in connection with Contract M 10.15. Under the terms of prior contracts, Bayoil was to compensate the purchasing agent at a rate of 2e per barrel. As such, the purchasing agent for Contract M10/15 (either Rosnefteimpex or Rusnaftaimpex) was entitled to keep \$256.573.76 (12,828,688 barrels @ 2e a barrel). Once those fees have been deducted, there remains a balance of \$847,840.48. Based on SOMO's documents and the testimony of senior members of the former Hussein regime, the logical conclusion to be drawn is that the remaining funds went to the allocation holder. It such is the case, the Subcommittee therefore estimates that \$847,840.48 went to the benefit of Sergei Isakov on behalf of the Russian Presidential Council in connection with Contract M 10.15:

Table 9: Estimated Division of Bayoil's Payments Between Iraq, Rosneftcimpex/Rusnaftaimpex, and the Russian Presidential Council in connection with Contract M/10/15.

Shipment	Number of Barrels Lifted	Surcharge Payments to Iraq (30¢ a barrel)	Bayoil Payments to Purchasing Agent (2¢ a barrel)	Suspected Payments for the Benefit of the Russian Presidential Council
1	200,000	\$60,000.00	\$4,000.00	\$11,000.00
2	1,911,822	\$573,546.60	\$38,236,44	\$105,150.21
3	1,822,670	\$546,801.00	\$36,453.40	\$100,246.85
4	150,000	\$45,000.00	\$3,000,00	\$8,250.00
_ 5	2,356,360	\$706,908.00	\$47,127.20	\$129,599.80
6	1,990,489	\$597,146.70	\$39,809.78	\$109,476.90
7	2,586,824	\$776,047.20	\$51,736.48	\$194,011.80
8	1.810,523	\$543,156.90	\$36,210.46	\$190,104.92
Totals:	12,828,688	\$3,848,606.40	\$256,573.76	\$847,840.48123

The suspected payment of \$847,840.48 to Sergei Isakov on behalf of the Russian Presidential Council in connection with Contract M 10 15 accounts only for the payments made in connection with the 12,828,688 barrels lifted by Bayoti. SOMO documents indicate that over 16 million barrels were lifted under that contract ¹²⁴ and therefore what is not accounted for here is any money paid to the allocation holder in connection with the over 3 million barrels that were lifted under Contract M:10/15 by companies other than Bayoti. Depending on the terms of the deal struck between Rosnefteimpex and the company that lifted that oil, there would likely have been additional payments in favor of the Russian Presidential Council in excess of the \$847,840.48 resulting from payments made by Bayoti.

E. The Fifth Allocation (Phase 11: December 1, 2001 to May 29, 2002)

The Russian Presidential Council, through Sergei Isakov, was awarded an allocation of 16 million barrels by the Hussein regime during Phase 11.¹²⁸ This allocation resulted in Contract M/11.05 between the Russian Engineering Company and SOMO. Contract M/11/05 was executed in Baghdad on December 26, 2001 for 16 million barrels of oil -- 9 million barrels of Basrah Light crude and 7

¹²³ Fach of the eight invoices sent by Haverhill to Bayoil in connection with Contract M 10 15 refered to a contract dated July 19, 2001 and various addenda to that contract. The Subcommittee has not yet obtained a copy of that contract or any addenda. If the arrangement between the parties held true to form, then the July 19, 2001 contract and its addenda would have adhered to the terms of prior contracts entered into by Bayoil and Rusnaffaimpex in connection with Contract M 08 85 and Contract M 09 25. For the purposes of this Report, we assume that the rate of compensation for the purchasing agent remained at 2c per barrel (8NT 014953-958; SNT 017014-017).

³⁷² Subcommittee interviews of Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz, April 21, 2005. Vice President Taha Yasin Ramadan, April 18, 2005, Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 1, April 14, 2005, and Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 2, April 20, 2005; U.S. Treasury Iraqi Financial Asset Team interviews of former regime officials, February 1, 2004 (#12) and January 27, 2004 (#15).

¹²⁸ This figure amounts to approximately 6.6c per barrel on the 12,828,688 barrels lifted by Bayoil under Contract M 10 15.

 $^{^{124}}$ SOMO invoice statements for Contract M 10 15.

³²⁸ SOMO Memorandum dated February 19, 2004, Attachment 5, Table 1; Duelfer Report, p. 188.

million barrels of Kirkuk crude. 126 Sergei Isakov executed the contract as chairman of the Russian Engineering Company. 127 SOMO documents indicate that, like Contract M/10/15, an extra 1 million barrels was included in Contract M/10/15 for the benefit of the Russian ambassador to Iraq, Vladimir Titorenko. 128 Contract M/11/05 was approved by the U.N. Oil Overseers on December 31, 2001. 129

Unlike many of the contracts detailed in this Report, Bayoil did not perform any liftings in connection with Contract M/11/05 and therefore the Subcommittee has limited documentation as to what amounts, if any, were paid to the benefit of the allocation holder. What is known is that the oil contracted for under Contract M/11/05 was indeed lifted in 10 shipments between January and July 2002, and that approximately 15 million barrels were lifted. 130

F. The Sixth and Seventh Allocations (Phase 12: May 30, 2002 to December 4, 2002)

During Phase 12 the Hussein regime made two allocations for the benefit of the Russian Presidential Council. The first was to Sergei Isakov, an allocation that resulted in Contract M/12/69, and the second was to the head of the Russian Presidential Council, Alexander Voloshin, which resulted in Contract M/12/109.

1. The Sixth Allocation

The Russian Presidential Council, through Sergei Isakov, was awarded an allocation of 12.5 million barrels by the Hussein regime during Phase 12. This allocation resulted in Contract M/12/69 between the Russian Engineering Company and SOMO. Contract M/12/69 was executed in Baghdad on July 20, 2002 and was originally for 1 million barrels of oil, but was subsequently amended and increased to a total of 12.5 million barrels -- 6.5 million barrels of Basrah Light crude and 6 million barrels of Kirkuk crude. Sergei Isakov executed the contract as chairman of the Russian Engineering Company. Sergei Isakov executed the contract as chairman of the Russian Engineering Company.

As with Contract M/11/05, Bayoil did not perform any liftings in connection with Contract M/12/69 and therefore the Subcommittee has limited documentation as to what amounts, if any, were paid to the benefit of allocation holder. What is known is that the oil contracted for under Contract M/12/69 was indeed lifted in eight shipments between October and December 2002, and that 7,242,551 million barrels were lifted.¹⁵⁴

There is no evidence indicating that any surcharges were paid to the Hussein regime in connection with Contract M/12/69, ¹³⁵ This is due to the fact that such surcharges had been cancelled for all liftings that occurred after September 1, 2002, ¹³⁶ and that all of the liftings performed under Contract M/12/69 occurred after that date.

2. The Seventh Allocation

On or about August 24, 2002, Taha Yasin Ramadan, the Vice President of Iraq, approved a 3 million barrel allocation to the head of the Russian Presidential Council -- Alexander Voloshin. ¹³⁷ A month later, on September 24, 2002, Chertioukov Arkady of Impexoil LLC executed Contract M/12/109 with SOMO for 3 million barrels of oil -- 2 million barrels of Basrah Light crude and 1 million barrels of Kirkuk crude. ¹³⁸ Sergei Tumanov of Impexoil forwarded the contract to the U.N. on

¹²⁶ Contract between the Russian Engineering Company Ltd. and SOMO designated M/11/05 dated December 26, 2001.

²⁷ Id., a: p. 10.

²⁸ SOMO Memorandum dated February 19, 2004, Attachment 5, Table 2; Duelfe: Report, p. 188.

¹²⁰ U.N. Oil Overseers approval of Contract M/11/05 dated December 31, 2001.

¹³⁰ SOMO invoice statements for Contract M/11/05; Duelfer Report, p. 188.

¹³¹ SOMO Memorandum dated February 19, 2004, Attachment 5, Table 1; Duelfer Report, p. 193.

¹³² U.N. Oil Overseers approval to amendment to Contract M/12/69 dated August 5, 2002.

¹³³ Contract between the Russian Engineering Company Ltd. and SOMO designated M/12/69 at p. 10.

¹³⁴ SOMO invoice statements for Contract M/12/69; Duelfer Report, p. 193.

¹³⁵ See SOMO Memorandum dated February 19, 2004, Attachment 4 (excerpt), indicating that no entry was recorded for Contract M/12/69.

¹³⁶ Memorandum from the Crude Oil Marketing Second Department to the Financial Department dated September 17, 2002; SOMO Memorandum dated February 19, 2004, Attachment 4.

¹³⁷ Memorandum from the Acting General Director of SOMO to the Minister of Oil dated September 26, 2002.

¹³⁸ Contract between Impexoil Ltd. and SOMO designated M/12/109 dated September 24, 2002.

September 26 and the contract was approved by the U.N. Oil Overseers on the same day. ¹³⁹ On the same day, the Acting General Director of SOMO sought the approval of the Minister of Oil for Contract M/12/109, and indicated that the Vice President of Iraq had approved the allocation:

To: [His Excellency] the Oil Minister Re: Approval on Exported Crude Oil Contracts

In compliance with the approval of the vice-president of the republic, Mr. Taha Yassin Ramadan dated 08/24/2002 regarding the allocation of (3) million barrels in phase (12) to Mr. Voloshin, head of the Russian Presidential Council, please find below the details of the contract signed with Impexoil Russian Company:

- I Number of Contract: M/12/109 Date: 09/24/2002
- 2 Name of Company Buyer: Impexoil LLC.
- 3 Nationality: Russian
- 4 Quantity & Quality: (3) million barrels divided as follows:
 - (2) million barrels of Al-Basrah light crude oil FOB Al-Bakr terminal
 - (1) million barrels of Kirkuk crude oil FOB Ceyhan terminal

* * :

For your review and approval, please. 140

The Minister of Oil approved Contract M/12/109 on September 28. ^[41] Another internal SOMO document noted that the contract was "on behalf of the Russian Presidential Council," but that the point of contact was Chertioukov Arkady of Impexoil. ^[42] With Contract M/12/109 in place, Mr. Tumanov of Impexoil made the following offer to Bayoil on October 2, 2002:

BAYOIL October 2nd, 2002

Attn: MR. LUDMIL DIONISSIEV

Ref: PHASE 12 Contract with SOMO for the procurement of Iraqi Oil

Dear Mr. Dionissiev.

Further to our discussions we would like to offer the following quantities of Iraqi crude oil allocated to our company under Contract M/12/109 UN Program.

2'000'000 barrels of Basrah Light Oil ex Mina Al Bakr 1'000'000 barrels of Kirkuk Crude Oil ex Ceyhan The period of lifting - October 2002 at your options Price - OSP + US Dollars 0.06 Letter of Credit is at your expense.

We would very much appreciate your comments and are always open for discussions

Your prompt reply will be highly appreciated

Sincerely yours,

S. Tumanov

Director for Iraqi Projects¹⁴³

¹³⁹ Memorandum from Impexoil to the U.N. Oil Overseers dated September 26, 2002; U.N. Oil Overseers approval dated September 26, 2002.

 $^{^{140}}$ Memorandum from the Acting General Director of SOMO to the Minister of Oil dated September 26, 2002 (emphasis added).

¹⁴¹ Id.

 $^{^{142}}$ Memorandum from the Oil Marketing First Department to Shipping & Quantities Department dated September 26, 2002.

¹⁴³ Letter from Impexoil to Bayoil dated October 2, 2002 (emphasis added) (SNT 027864).

Bayoil responded to Impexoil's letter on the same day and accepted the offer to purchase 2 million barrels of Basrah Light crude and to pay 6c per barrel over the official sale price. [44] Bayoil requested that Impexoil extend its offer on the Kirkuk crude until early the next week.

Thereafter, on October 4, 2002, Impexoil and Bayoil entered into a contract for the purchase and sale of 2 million barrels of Basrah Light crude wherein Bayoil would pay a "commission" of 6c per barrel. ¹⁴⁸ Bayoil completed the first of its three liftings under Contract M/12-109 on October 16, 2002 in an amount of 1,340,073 barrels. Impexoil invoiced Bayoil on October 30, 2002 for \$80,404.38 (1,340,073 barrels & 6c a barrel) and directed that the payment be made into an account at the Cyprus Popular Bank Ltd. in Nicosia, Cyprus. ¹⁴⁶ Impexoil invoiced Bayoil for payments due after the remaining two shipments as well. ¹⁴⁷ In total, as detailed in the table below, Bayoil made payments totaling \$182,267.94 into Impexoil's account at the Cyprus Popular Bank in connection with Contract M.1.2/109

Table 10: Bayoit Payments to Impexoil in connection with Contract M/12/109.

Shipment	Date of Lifting	Number of Barrels Lifted	Rate of Payment to Impexoil	Payments to Impexoil
1	10/16/02	1,340,073	6¢ a barrel	\$80,404.38
2	12 02 02	660,000	6c a barrel	\$39,600.00
3	12.18 02	1,037,726	6c a barrel	\$62,263.56
Total Paymer		o Impexoil in Connection 199 barrels @ 6¢ a barrel	a with Contract M/12/109:	\$182,267.94

There is no evidence indicating that any surcharges were paid to the Hussein regime in connection with Contract M:12/109. This is due to the fact that such surcharges had been cancelled for liftings that occurred after September 1, 2002¹⁵⁰ and all of the liftings performed under Contract M/12/109 occurred after that date.

The ultimate destination of the \$182,267.94 paid by Bayoil into Impexoil's account at the Cyprus Popular Bank is not definitively known. Unlike Bayoil's prior fee arrangements with Rusnaftaimpex/Haverhill wherein Bayoil agreed to pay the purchasing agent 2e per barrel, the Subcommittee does not have an analogous contract outlining any such arrangement between Bayoil and Impexoil, and therefore does not have direct evidence relating to the division of the premium payments between the purchasing agent and the allocation holder. Based upon the testimony of senior members of the former Hussein regime, however, the purpose of awarding oil allocations was for the financial benefit of the allocation holder. The logical conclusion is that some or all of the \$182,267.94 went to the allocation holder — Alexander Voloshin, as head of the Russian Presidential Council. If such is the case and on the assumption that Impexoil was compensated at the same rate as Haverhill and Rusnaftaimpex (2c a barrel), the Subcommittee estimates that \$121,511.96 went to the benefit of Alexander Voloshin in connection with Contract M/12/109:

¹⁴⁴ Letter from Bayoil to Impexoil Ltd. dated October 2, 2002 (SNT 027858).

¹⁴⁵ "Agreement No M 12-01 B" between Impexoil Ltd. and Bayorl dated October 4, 2002 (SNT 027842-845).

¹⁴ⁿ E-mail from Impexoil LLC to Bayoil dated October 30, 2002 (SNT 027937).

¹⁴⁷ Invoices from Impexoil to Bayoil for payments related to Contract M 12 109 (SNT 028481, 028771). The latter invoice erroneously attributes the payment due as in connection with Contract M 13 33.

¹⁴⁸ Bayorl Transaction Detail By Account for Tina (B.I. October 16, 2002), Marine Atlantic (B.I. December 2, 2002), and Direct (B.I. December 18, 2002).

¹⁴⁴ SOMO Meniorandum dated February 19, 2004, Attachment 4 (excerpt), indicating that no entry was recorded for Contract M 12 109.

¹⁵⁶ Memorandum from the Crude Oil Marketing Second Department to the Financial Department dated September 17, 2002; SOMO Memorandum dated February 19, 2004. Attachment 4.

¹⁵¹ Subcommittee interviews of Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz, April 21, 2005, Vice President Taha Yasin Ramadan, April 18, 2005, Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 1, April 14, 2005, and Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 2, April 20, 2005, U.S. Treasury Iraqi Financial Asset Team interviews of former regime officials, February 1, 2004 (#12) and January 27, 2004 (#15).

Vable 11: Estimated Division of Bayoll's Payments Between Impexoil and the Russian Presidential Council in connection with Contract M/12/109.

Shipment	Number of Barrels Lifted	Assumed Rate of Payment to Impexoil	Suspected Payments to Impexoil	Suspected Payments to the Russian Presidential Council
1	. 1,340,073	2c a barrel	\$26,801.46	\$53,602.92
2	660,000	2¢ a barrel	\$13,200.00	\$26,400
3	1,037,726	2e a barrel	\$20,754.52	\$41,509.04
	·	Totals:	\$60,755.98	\$121,511.96152

G. The Eighth and Ninth Allocations (Phase 13: December 5, 2002 to June 3, 2003)

During Phase 13 the Hussein regime made two allocations for the benefit of the Russian Presidential Council. The first was to the "Head of the Russian Presidential Council." Alexander Voloshin, which resulted in Contract M 13 33. The second was to Sergei Isakov, which did not ultimately result in a contract.

1. The Eighth Allocation

For the last phase of the Oil-for-Food Program, a total of 2 million barrels were allocated to the "Head of the Russian Presidential Council," Mr. Voloshin.¹⁵³ On December 17, 2002, Contract M/13/33 was executed between Impexoil and SOMO for a quantity of 350,000 barrels of Basrah Light crude.¹⁵⁴ The contract was forwarded to the U.N. Oil Overseers for approval on December 19, 2002 and was approved on the same day.²⁵⁵ On December 25, 2002, an internal SOMO memorandum indicated that the "party benefiting" from the oil allocation was the "Head of the Russian Presidential Council":

To: The Financial Department

From: Crude Oil Marketing First Department

Date: 12/25/02

RE: Contract No. M-13-33 Signed with Impexoil LLC Company

On 12/12/2002, we signed a contract with the aforesaid company to supply it with quantity of crude oil as per the following terms:

- 1 Number of Contract: M 13 33
- 2 Date: 12/12/2002
- 3 Name of Company: Impexoil LLC.
- 4 Nationality: Russian <u>Nationality of Allocation Holder: Russian</u>
- 5 Party Benefiting from Allocation: Head of the Russian Presidential Council
- 6 Quantity & Quality: (2) million barrels of Basrah light FOB Al-Bakr terminal, including (1.650) million barrels that were lifted as per contract M 12 109

* * *

Please be informed and act accordingly. 156

Notably, this letter makes reference to a prior contract -- M/12/109 -- that was executed in connection with a separate allocation given to Mr. Voloshin during the previous phase.

Another reference to Mr. Voloshin was made a few days later, when the volume of oil was increased for Contract M $^{\circ}$ 13 33. On January 2, 2003 the Director General of SOMO sent a

 $^{^{152}}$ This figure amounts to 4e per barrel on the 3,037,799 barrels lifted by Bayoil under Contract M 12,109.

¹⁵³ SOMO Memorandum dated February 19, 2004. Attachment 5, Table 1; Duelfer Report, p. 197 (listing the allocation at 1.35 million barrels)

¹⁵⁴ Contract between Impexoil and SOMO designated M 13-33 dated December 17, 2002.

¹⁰⁸ Memorandum from Impexoil to the U.N. Oil Overseers dated December 19, 2002; U.N. approval of contract dated December 19, 2002.

 $^{^{106}}$ Memorandum from the Crude Oil Marketing First Department to the Financial Department dated December 25, 2002 (emphasis added)

memorandum to Impexoil to the attention of "Mr. A. Voloshin." The memorandum approved an amendment to the original contract to allow an additional 1 million barrels to be lifted:

REPUBLIC OF IRAQ MINISTRY OF OIL STATE OIL MARKETING SOMO

DATE: 2/1/2003

TO: IMPEXOIL I.I.C - MOSCOW - RUSSIA FAX: 7095 9562615 ATTN:MR, A. VOLOSIIIN

RE: CRUDE OIL CONTRACT M 13 33 DATED 17.12.2002

WE ARE PLEASED TO ATTACH HEREWITH ADDENDUM NO. (1) TO THE AFOREMENTIONED CONTRACT. IT IS TO BE SIGNED BY MR. VLADIMIR EFROS (DIRECTOR) AND TO BE FAXED BACK TO SOMO AND TO THE U.N. OIL OVERSEERS FOR APPROVAL.³⁵

Addendum number one to Contract M*13.33 was executed by Impexoil and the volume of oil contracted for under M*13/33 was increased to a total of 1,350,000 barrels. Impexoil forwarded the amendment to the U.N. Oil Overseers on January 8, 2003 and the amendment was approved on the same day.¹⁸⁸ Bayoil lifted the original contract amount of 350,000 barrels on January 10 abourd the *Hellespont Grand*.¹⁶⁹

On January 22, 2003, Impexoil invoiced Bayoil for \$17,500 (the equivalent of only 5¢ per barrel on 350,000 barrels), ¹⁶⁰ which Bayoil paid the next day. ¹⁶¹ The ultimate destination of the \$17,500 paid by Bayoil to Impexoil is not definitively known. Unlike the arrangement between Bayoil and Rusnaftaimpex wherein Bayoil agreed to pay Rusnaftaimpex 2¢ per barrel, the Subcommittee does not have an analogous contract outlining any such arrangement between Bayoil and Impexoil, and therefore does not have direct evidence relating to the division of the premium payment between the allocation holder and the purchasing agent. Based upon the testimony of senior members of the former Hussein regime, however, the purpose of awarding oil allocations was for the financial benefit of the allocation holder. ¹⁶² The logical conclusion is that some or all of the \$17,500 went to the allocation holder. If such is the case and on the assumption that Impexoil was compensated at the same rate as Haverhill and Rusnaftaimpex (2¢ a barrel), the Subcommittee estimates that \$10,500 went to the benefit of Alexander Voloshin in connection with Contract M:13:33:

Table 12: Estimated Division of Bayoil's Payments Between Impexail and the Russian Presidential Council in connection with Contract M/13/33.

Shipment	Number of Barrels Lifted	Assumed Rate of Payment to Impexoil	Suspected Payment to Impexoil	Suspected Payment to the Russian Presidential Council
1	350,000	2e a barrel	\$7,000.00	\$10,500.00
		Totals:	\$7,000.00	\$10,500.00 ¹⁶³

The suspected payment of \$10,500 to Mr. Voloshin as head of the Russian Presidential Council under Contract M:13/33 accounts only for payments made on the 350,000 barrels lifted by Bayoil. SOMO documents, however, indicate that approximately 900,000 barrels were lifted under Contract

¹⁰⁵ Memorandim from SOMO to Impexoil LLC dated January 2, 2003 (emphasis added)

¹⁸⁶ Memorandum from Impexoil LLC to the U.N. Oil Overseers dated January 8, 2003; U.N. Oil Overseers approval of amendment dated January 8, 2003.

³⁵⁹ SOMO invoice statement for Contract M 13/33.

¹⁶⁶ Invoice from Impexoil to Bayoil dated January 22, 2003 (SNT 029027)

¹⁵¹ Bayotl Transaction Detail By Account for *Hellespont Grand* (B.I. January 10, 2003).

⁶² Subcommittee interviews of Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz, April 21, 2005, Vice President Taha Yasin Ramadan, April 18, 2005, Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 1, April 14, 2005, and Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 2, April 20, 2005, U.S. Treasury Iraqi Financial Asset Team interviews of former regime officials, February 1, 2004 (#12) and January 22, 2004 (#15).

⁽⁶⁾ This figure is the equivalent of 5¢ per barrel on the 350,000 barrels lifted by Bayoil under Contract M 13-33.

M/13.33. ¹⁶⁴ and therefore what is not accounted for here is any money that may have been paid to Mr. Voloshin in connection with the remaining 550,000 barrels that were lifted under Contract M/13/33. Depending on the terms of the deal struck between Impexoil the oil company that lifted the remaining 550,000 barrels, there may have been additional payments to Mr. Voloshin in excess of the \$10,500 resulting from payments made by Bayoil.

There is no evidence indicating that any surcharges were paid to the Hussein regime in connection with Contract $M^{\circ}13/33$. This is due to the fact that such surcharges had been cancelled for all liftings that occurred after September 1, 2002^{166} and the single lifting performed under Contract $M^{\circ}13^{\circ}33$ occurred after that date.

2. The Ninth Allocation

According to SOMO documents, Sergei Isakov was granted an allocation of 5 million barrels in Phase 13 on behalf of the Russian Presidential Council. There is no evidence, however, that a contract was executed in furtherance of that allocation.

III. FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

Based on the foregoing, the Subcommittee estimates that a total of \$2,982,984.28 was ultimately paid to the benefit of the Russian Presidential Council, through either Sergei Isakov or the former head of the Council, Alexander Voloshin. The Subcommittee also estimates that \$5,622,063.50 was paid to the Hussein regime in the form of surcharges resulting from these transactions. Finally, the Subcommittee concludes that the nominal purchasing agents involved in the transactions detailed herein were paid \$609,943.78. This estimate encompasses only those profits derived from transactions where Bayoil lifted oil, namely the transactions related to Contracts M 08/85, M/09/25, M/10/15, M/12/109, and M/13/33:

Table 13: Estimated Division of Bayoil's Payments Between Iraq, the Designated Purchasing Agents, and the Russian Presidential Council in connection with Contracts M/08/85, M/09/25, M/10/15, M/12/109, and M/13/33.

Contract	Number of Barrels Lifted	Surcharge Payments to Iraq (25-30¢ a barre!)	Bayoil Payments to Purchasing Agent (2¢ a barrel)	Suspected Payments for the Benefit of the Russian Presidential Council
M/08/85	8,009,014		\$160,180.28	\$1,761,983.08
M:09/25	6,271,688	\$1,773,457.10	\$125,433.76	\$241,148.76
M/10/15	12,828,688	\$3,848,606.40	\$256,573.76	\$847,840.48
M/12/109	7. — — — — ; 3,037,799	1	\$60,755.98	\$121.511.96
M/13/33	350,000		\$7,000.00	\$10,500.00
Totals:	30,497,189	\$5,622,063.50	\$609,943.78	\$2,982,984.28

•

¹⁶⁴ SOMO Memorandum dated February 19, 2004, Attachment 5, Table 2.

¹⁰⁸ SOMO Memorandum dated February 19, 2004, Attachment 4 (there are no surcharges recorded for any contract entered into during Phase 13).

¹⁰⁶ Memorandum from the Crude Oil Marketing Second Department to the Financial Department dated September 17, 2002; SOMO Memorandum dated February 19, 2004, Attachment 4.

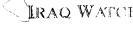
^{16*} SOMO Memorandum dated February 19, 2004, Attachment 5, Table 1; Duelfer Report, p. 200.

Footnote (FN) Documents

Russian MFA: Statement on Oil Pricing - 8-16-02

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PRESS RELEASE

On Russia's Initiative to Hold a Session of the UN Security Council **Iraq Sanctions Committee**

RUSSIAN FOREIGN MINISTRY

August 16, 2002

Russia has come up with an initiative to hold a special session of the UN Security Council Iraq Sanctions Committee to discuss the critical situation that has evolved in financing the UN humanitarian "oil for food" program for Iraq as a result of the continuing practice of retroactive pricing of the oil exported by Iraq.

The delegation of Russia intends to decisively raise the question of changing the pricing mechanism imposed on the Committee and reverting to the previous, consensus-based procedure for setting the price of oil in advance, as well as of ending the attempts to introduce discriminatory criteria for purchasers of Iraqi oil, which leads to a disruption of the financing of contracts for supply of humanitarian goods to Iraq and is threatening a full-scale crisis of the UN program as a whole.





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Attachment (4) The Surcharge

In a measure aiming at helping the extinct regime to acquire cash amounts, a surcharge sum was imposed on the lifted quantities of crude oil as per to the Memorandum of Understanding. Below is the surcharge related information:

First: Percentage of the Surcharge Sum

- A decision was made in August 2000 to impose a surcharge of 10¢ per barrel for all markets (as of mid phase (8) and until the end of the phase) on the shipments that will be lifted as of September 1, 2000.
- The sum was adjusted as of the beginning of phase (9) in December 2000 to become 30¢ per barrel for the American market and 25¢ for all other markets, and continued through the end of phase (11).
- The sum was adjusted as of May 30, 2002 to become 15¢ per barrel for all markets (from the beginning of phase (12) until the end of the phase).
- The surcharge sum was cancelled starting with the shipments that will be lifted on September 01, 2002, the beginning of phase (13).

Second: Oil Companies Owning Refineries

When the surcharge was imposed in phase (8), the response of oil companies owning refineries such as (Total, ALF, Petropras, AGP, Repsol, OMV, Tupras and others) was their unwillingness to pay because it contradicts with the laws of their countries and the resolutions of the United Nations. And since the payment notification took place in August (for the shipments that will be lifted as of September 1, 2000), those companies were nominated to buy oil for September and the following months in phase (8). Therefore, their unwillingness to pay was overlooked as per the approval of the oil minister at that time, and a decision was made to notify them to continue lifting in order to guarantee the continuation of carry out. That way these companies continued to lift till December 5, 2000, the end of phase (8). Dealing with those companies stopped during the following phases until the surcharge was cancelled on September 1, 2002 when it became necessary to deal with those companies again following the obvious delay in lifting and the extreme decline in the rates of exports.

Third: Other Companies, Personalities and Parties

As far as other allocated companies and parties, they showed willingness to pay the surcharge sum, and dealing with them continued during the phases subsequent to phase (8), although some of these parties declined to pay the surcharge in phase (8) claiming that the payment notification for the shipments lifted on September 01, 2000 came late, and that they had already sold the quantities allocated to them to other companies before they had been told to pay; therefore, they were unable to pay $10 \, \text{pm}$ per barrel.

(1-2)

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Fourth: Collecting the surcharge

The only commitment on the part of the parties in contract with us is the personal obligation to pay since there was no other way to force them to pay due of the sensitivity and secrecy of the operation.

But through the quick efforts, it was possible to collect \$228 millions out of \$263 millions, which means the collection percentage reached 87% after using all different methods of payment, including making payment to Iraqi embassies abroad since some companies feared to pay through banks in order to secure their cover and avoid legitimate request, such as paying in cash.

As far as the outstanding amounts of these contractual companies, which totaled \$35 millions, some of these companies had already refused to pay as we explained in paragraph 3, while some of them refused to pay in order to keep the money they owed us, expecting the issuance of some instructions that would exempt them from paying, taking into consideration that the efforts to collect the sums continued until the present circumstances took place.

Most of the sums collected were paid in the following banks and locations:

- 1- Al Ahli Bank [Jordan National Bank] / Amman
- 2- France bank/ Lebanon
- 3- Sardar bank/ Lebanon
- 4- Central Bank of Iraq / Baghdad
- 5- Al Rafidain Bank / Baghdad, main branch
- 6- Iraqi Embassies abroad (Moscow, Athens, Cairo, Ankara, Sanaa, Vietnam, Malaysia, Rome, Vienna, Damascus, Geneva)
- 7- Wasel and Babel Company / United Arab Emirates
- 8- The sum of \$840,000 was vainly collected through the transfer of ownership of a house on behalf of the Iraqi embassy in Moscow, which was used later on as an Iraqi school (the sums Mr. Zhirinovsky owed, and which he pretended not being able to pay in cash; therefore, the house was accepted in return).

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Oil Marketing Company A Statement of the Surcharge Summary and the Sums the Companies Outstanding Sums

Phase	Quantity Lifted Thousand Barrels	Amount Due Thousand Dollars	Amount Paid Thousand Dollars	Outstanding Balance Thousand Dollars	Rate of the Surcharge Dollar / Barrel
8	185,618	18,562	11,197	7,365	0.10
9	291,996	81,588	72,187	9,401	0.28
10	301,188	85,699	82,171	3,528	0.28
11	228,943	64,059	53,959	10,100	0.28
12	89,331	13,400	8,515	4,885	0.15
	1,097,076	263,308	228,028	35,279	

Date & Time of Issuing the Report 02/18/2004 7:20:30 PM Page 1 of 1
Prepared by the Financial Department – Commercial Registers

ملحق رقم (٤)

مبلغ الاسترجاع (Surcharge)

في إجراء القصد منه حصول النظام البائد على مبالغ نقدية تم فرض مبلغ الاسترجاع على الكميات المحملة من النفط الخام بموجب مذكرة التفاهم وأدناه المعلومات الخاصة بمبالغ الاسترجاع ٠

أولاً: نسب مبالغ الاسترجاع

- أتخذ قرار في أب/ ٢٠٠٠ بغرض مبلغ استرجاع على الشحنات التي يتم تحميلها اعتبارا من ١٠٠٠/٩/١ بمبلغ ١٠ سنت للبرميل الكافة الأسواق (من منتصف المرحلة الثامنة ولغاية نهاية المرحلة) ٠
- عدل المبلغ اعتبارا من بداية المرحلة التاسعة في شهر كانون الأول /٢٠٠٠ ليكون ٣٠ سنت للبرميل للسوق الأمريكية و ٢٠ سنت للبرميل للأسواق الأخرى واستمرت لغاية نهاية المرحلة الحادية عشر ٠
- عدل المبلغ اعتبارا من ٢٠٠٢/٥/٣٠ ليصبح ١٥ سنت للبرميل لكافة الأسواق (من بداية المرحلة الثانية عشر ولغاية نهاية المرحلة) .
- ألغي مبلغ الاسترجاع اعتبارا من الشحنات التي ترفع في ٢٠٠٢/٩/١ بداية المرحلة الثالثة عشر

ثانيا : الشركات النقطية من أصحاب المصافى :

عندما تم فرض مبلغ الاسترجاع في المرحلة الثامنة كان موقف الشركات النفطية من أصحاب المصافيمثل (توتال ، ألف ، بتروبراس ، أجب ، ربسول ، أو ، أم ، في ، تبراش وغيرها) يتمثل بعدم استعداده للدفع لكون ذلك يتعارض مع قوانين دولها وقرارات الأمم المتحدة بما أن التبليغ بالدفع كان في شهر أب (الشحفات التي ترفع اعتبارا من ١٩/١، ٢٠) فقد كانت هذه الشركات قد رشحت الشهر أيلول و الأشهر اللاحقة من المرحلة الثامنة لذلك تم التغاضي عن موقفها الرافض بالدفع حسب موافقة وزير النفط وقتذاك وتقرر تبليغها بالاستمرار بالتحميل لمصمان استمرارية التنفيذ و هكذا استمرت هذه الشركات بالتحميل لغاية نهاية المرحلة الثامنة في ٥/٢ /١٠٠٠/١ وتوقف التعامل معها في المراحل اللاحقة لحينالغاء مبلغ الاسترجاع في معن ١٢/٥ عندما دعت الحاجة للتعامل معها مجددا بعد تلكؤ التحميل بشكلواضح ووصول معدلات التصدير إلى أدنى مستوياتها و

ثالثاً: الشركات والشخصيات والجهات الأخرى:

أما بالنسبة للشركات والجهات الأخرى من أصحاب التخصيص فقد أعربت عن استعدادها لدفع مبلغ الاسترجاع واستمر التعامل معها خلال المراحل اللاحقة للمرحلة الثامنة وأن كان بعض هذه الجهات قدامتنع عن دفع مبلغ الاسترجاع للمرحلة الثامنة مدعيا بأن تبليغهم بالدفع للشحنات التي ترفع في ٢٠٠٠/٩/١ جاء متأخرا وأنهم باعوا الكميات المخصصة لهم إلى شركات أخرى قبل تبليغهم بالدفع وبذلك لايتسنى لهم دفع ١٠٠ سنت للبرميل ٠

رابعا : تحصيل مبالغ الاسترجاع :

أن الإلنزام الوحيد من قبل الجهات المتعاقدة معنا هو التعهد الشخصي بالتسديد ولم تكن هناك أي طريقة أخرى لإلزامها بالدفع بسبب حساسية وسرية العملية •

ولكن من خلال الجهود الحثيثة المبنولة تم التمكن من تحصيل مبلغ ٢٢٨ مليون دو لار مناصل ٢٦٣ مليون دولار أي نسبة تحصيل بلغت حوالي ٨٧% بعد استخدام شتى طرق التسديد منهاالتسديد في السفار ات العراقية في الخارج لكون بعض الشركات تخشى التسديد من خلال مصارف لضمان عدم انكشاف أمرها وتعرضها للمسائلة القانونية ومنها التسديد نقدا٠

لما بصدد المبالغ المتبقية بنمة الشركات المتعاقدة معنا والبالغة ٣٥ مليون دولار فإن قسم من هذه الشركات كانت قد رفضت التسديد كما أوضحنا في ثالثا أعلاه والقسم الآخر من هذه الشركات رفضت التسديد لأجل الاحتفاظ بالمبالغ المدينة لها توقعا منهم صدور توجيه بإعفائهم من هذه المبالغ ، علما بأن جهود تحصيل المبالغ كانت مستمرة معهم لحين حصول الظرف الراهن ،

أن معظم المبالغ التي تم تحصيلها جرى تصديدها في المصارف والجهات التالية : -

- ١ البنك الأهلى / عمان ٠
 - ٢ فرنسبنك / لبنان ٠
 - ٣ سردار بنك / لبنان ٠
- ٤ البنك المركزي العراقي / بغداد •
- ٥ مصرف الرافدين / بغداد الفرع الرئيسي ٠
- ٦ السفارات العراقية في الخارج (موسكو، أثينا، القاهرة، أنقرة، صنعاء، فيتنام، ماليزيا، روما، فينا، دمشق، جنيف).
 - ٧ شركة الوصل وبابل / الإمارات ٠
- ٨ جرى تسديد مبلغ ٨٤٠ ألف دولار عبثاً من خلال تمليك دار لصالح السفارة العراقية
 في موسكو ومن ثم استخدامها كمدرسة عراقية (المبالغ التي كانت بذمة السيد جيرنوفسكي والذي أدعى بأنه غير قادر على تسديدها نقداً فقبلت الدار بالمقابل) .



شركة تسويق النفط كثف يخلاصة المبالغ المسترجعة والمبالغ المتبقية بذمة الشركات

معل مبلغ الاسترجاع دو لار اورميل	الميلغ المتبقي الف مولار	المبلغ المصدد الف بولار	الميلغ المستحق الله دولار	الكمية المحملة الف برميل		العرطة
	٧,٣١٥	11,194	11071	110611	8	Elvi?
	4.6.1	YYUY	41.044	191,197	တ	Thus
	4.01	146141	191,04	#.1.1AA 10	5	العاشرة
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Ш	40,449	4476.47	イ・ル・ル・ト	14.44.44	#	

اعداد الدفارة المالية فسجلان

In the name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

To: The Financial Department From: Crude Oil Marketing Second Department

No.: KH2/176 Date: 03/24/2001

RE: Percentage of the Surcharge

With reference to your memorandum dated 03/19/2001 regarding the aforesaid subject, please be informed that the surcharge percentage in effect for the crude oil contracts under the Memorandum of Understanding since 12/01/2000 and up to date is as follows:

- 25¢ per barrel for the quantities lifted to Europe and the Far East markets
- 30¢ per barrel for the quantities lifted to North America markets

We will inform you shall any changes occur. Please be informed and act accordingly.

Regards,

Ali Rajab Hassan

Head of Crude Oil Marketing Second Department Executive Director

Saddam Zeben Hassan

PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 36

غركة تسويبة الشقط (غركة عامة)

البرقم ۽ عام / / / / الشاريخا کي /۲۰۰۱/۳۰

م / تسبة المبالغ المسترجعة

بالاشارة الى مذكرتكم في ٢٠٠١/٣/١٩ بنموص الموفوم اهلاه ، يرجى العلم بنان ثنية الاسترجام السارية المفعول لفقود النفط الغام تمسينت مذكرة التفاهم مئذ ٢٠١١/٥٠٠٠ ولغاية تاريخه هي كالتالي :--

الكمينات المرقومة الى اسواق اوربنا والشرق الاقمى 10 متحربرميا، الكمينات المرقومة الى اسواق امريكا الكماليسسة 10 متحرمرميل، وسيتم اعلامكم في حالة حدوث آية تابيرات .

للعلم والعمل يموجيه لطفاء

مع العلاديسيشيسر ٠٠٠

علي رجب هن رئيس دافرة تبوية، الخام الشائيا

cykle

<u>Table No.1</u>

Quantities of Crude Oil Allocated to the Companies during the Phases of the Memorandum of Understanding (Million Barrels)

ŀ															
-	Country / Company	Ξ	(5)	(3)	4	9	9	6	8	6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	Total
7	Zarubezhneft	5.5	6.7	14.8	18	24.4	21	23	81	17.6	10	7	5.5	7	178.5
_	Roseneftimpex - Issakov	,	١.				5		14	16.5	16	**17	**13.5	**	87
_	(Russian Presidential											;	!	ı	i
_	Council)														
	Russian Communist Party		4	13	15	23	16	15	16		12	6	12	œ	142
\neg	Companies								;		ļ.		į	,	!
	Emercom (Unity Party /				Į.		,				20	19	12	01	73.5
-	Ministry of Emergency)										ì	ì	ļ		!
	Machinoimport	3	_	3.9	7.6	7	10	12.5	7	5	5	3	01	10	85
-	Alfa-Eco (Russian Ministry	7	7.2	10.2	10	14.4	13.0	13	12	2	,	9	20	4	124.8
-	of Foreign Affairs)							1	!			•	ì		
_	Tyumen (Russian Ministry		1		3.6	6.5	4	~	4	2	2	٠,	2	- 5	30 1
-	of Foreign Affairs)							ı		1		,	2	:	
	Slavneft (Gotzeriev)	i ,					2		'n	~	ý	4	2	1.5	25.5
	Zan Gas			5.6	4	S	80	9	9	9	4		2	4	53.6
_	Rosneft	4	9	2.7	4	3.6	,	3	3	2			,	2	30.3
	Caspian Invest (Kalmikya)			,	ļ,			,		2	2	- 2	5	~	× ×
	Kalmneftegaz (Kalmikya)	,			,		١.	,		2	2	1.5	1.5	1.5	8.5
_	Gasprom						9	5	5		S	2	1.5	1.5	26
-	Tatneft - Taterstan	_		3	8	10	6	6	5	4	S	3.5	2	2	64.5
_	Bashneft				,			4	3				·~	2	12
_	Lukoil	3	5.5	6	81	16	7	4	0.5						63

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															-	
Š.		(C)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	6	(8)	6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	Total	
17	Sirgutnefigas	1	,					4	1	,				,	4	
81	-	•			'	,		1						ļ '	_	
61	Nafta Moscow	3.5	6	9.0	4	3.6		2	4						20.7	
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24	Yukos		l'				2		-	,					2	
25	Liberal Democratic Party (Zhirinovsky)		3.6	7.2	10	10	10	6.5	6	9	4	5.5	4		75.8	
26	Peace & Unity Party (Mrs. Saji)		m	3	S	. 3	<u>ر</u>	2		4	3	2	1.5	1.5	34	
27	Russian Committee for									•	2	1.5	1.5	1.5	6.5	
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	Rudasiev)															
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34	Nordwest Group	•		,		1			2				,	•	2	
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	(Mr. Hassan)]													

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(1) million of which is allocated to Mr. Tatrinko – the Russian ambassador to Baghdad General Anatoli (2) millions have been lifted

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** (1) مليون منها للسيد تتزيكو –سفير روسيا في بغداد *** للجنرال لتنول *** منة (1) مليون

07/12/2000 00:58 +7-895-941135 VAL TH

PAGE 01

w. Pussie, 101854

ROSNEFTEIMPEX

Fax

To: Bayoil

Att,: Mr.Ludmil

Re,: Basrah contract

Dear Ludmil,

Further to our telecom yesterday we are sending to you here below our contract.
You are kindly requested to sign this contract as soon as possible and to send to our address by fax and by DHL.

fax and by DHL.

By DHL the contract should be sent to the following address.

Russian Engineering Company

Russia, 125167 Moscow

Leningradsky prospect 37, bld. 6

All other conditions had been agreed before. The necessary instruction follows.

We also inform you that contract "SOMO"-"ROSNEFTEIMPEX" approved by United Nations on the 10th of July.

Please, send us urgently draft of L/C to be opened in favour of "SOMO" on behalf of "ROSNEFTEIMPEX"

You are kindly requested to call me today in the evening.

Best regards,

Y. Poukhov

Enclosure: contract (3 pages)

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 48

SNT 015621 SNT 015621

COMPANY STATUS REPORT

CO. NAME: HAVERHILL TRADING LTD

ADDRESS

Care of: Marios Kontemeniotis

Street: 2B Office 403, Makarios Avenue & Orpheos

P.O. Box: 26749 Town: 1647 Nicosia Country: Cyprus

Telephone: (357 2) 750390 Fax: (357 2) 750382

SENIOR COMPANY PERSONNEL

Name Position

- 1. Oleg Kalougin Director
- 2. Marios Kontemeniotis Secretary

PAYMENTS

This is an Exempt Company which has its registered office care of a corporate services company which merely maintains the company's registered office and files appropriate documents with the Authorities to comply with the local laws. Actual trading is done outside Gibraltar, although from local enquiries we cannot tell precisely where the company trades or the extent of its operations.

The company's directors and shareholders are merely nominees for the beneficial owners.

Opinion on maximum credit:

In the circumstances we have insufficient basis on which to speak for unsecured credit and recommend international suppliers deal on fully secured terms for all transactions.

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

NAME: HELLENIC BANK Branch: O.B.U Nicosia

Town: Nicosia

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

As an Exempt Company subject is not required to publish or disclose Balance Sheets.

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
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Subject's registered agents have declined to provide any financial information as they are prohibited by the prevailing laws of secrecy from releasing any such details regarding their clients.

LEGAL STATUS AND HISTORY

Date Started: 12 July 1995

C.R. No: 72260

Authorised, Issued & Paidup Capital: CY PNDS 1,000 divided into

1,000 shares of CY PNDS 1 each

Limited Liability Company (with "Exempt" offshore status) with the

following director and shareholders:

Director

Oleg Kalougin

Nationality: Russian

Apt 6 House 31/18 Bldg, 2 Prospect of 60th Anniversary of October

Moscow 117036 Russia

Shareholders Number of Shares

- 1. Marios Kontemeniotis CY PNDS 500
- 2. Aristotelis Vryonides CY PNDS 500

Exempt Companies are owned by non-Cypriots and are registered in Cyprus for tax purposes.

ACTIVITIES

The Company is involved in the following activities:

As an Exempt Company, subject is not allowed to engage in any trading activity in Cyprus. From local enquiries it has not been possible to determine the exact nature or the extent of the company's operations and where they are actually conducted.

FACILITIES

The Company has the following facilities:

The company's registered office is care of:

Marios Kontemeniotis 2B Office 403, Makarios Avenue & Orpheos P.O. Box 26749 1647 Nicosia Cyprus

Main operational address could not be obtained SPECIAL NOTE

As per your special questions, as the company does not engage in any activities in Cyprus, we cannot comment.

504

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq Ministry of Oil No.: KH2/15083

Date: Jumada Al-Akhirah, 1420 H

State Oil Marketing Organization (State Company) Equivalent to 10/05/1999

Stamp

Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister

No.: 11388 Date: 10/07/1999

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

RE: Additional Quantities in Phase Six

All companies we do business with, and with whom we had the chance to meet or have a telephone conversation with their representatives lately, have shown the desire to obtain additional quantities during this phase.

Enclosed is table no. (1) for the companies in phase six and the additional quantities they requested (which we received in the form of a written or verbal request).

Enclosed, as well, is table no. (2) with the contractual and lifted quantities in the current phase and up to date.

Please review and advice.

Regards,

Saddam Zeben Hassan Executive Director

Enclosures:

- (2) tables

[TC: There is a hand-written note in Arabic that reads as follows] It is still under discussion waiting for the instructions of the vice-president of the republic... taking into consideration that the deputy prime minister endorsed the increase of (1) million barrels and (0.7) million barrels as indicated.



10/07

KH2

KAP

1- Pasqua (1) million

PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 57

Table no. (1)									
Country/Company	Contractual Quantity (million barrels)	Additional Quantity Requested (million barrels)	Remarks						
1- Russia	133								
A- Regular requests									
Zarubezhnefte	19	2	It was given (1) million barrels from the reserve quantity for Russia						
Lukoil	7	Unspecified							
Machinoimport	10	-	Lifting the (4) million barrels remaining from the contract						
Rosnefte	5								
Zangas	8	Unspecified							
Tatneft	9	•	It was given (1) million barrels from the reserve quantity for Russia						
Yucos	2	Unspecified							
Slavneft	2	Unspecified							
Gasbrom	6	Unspecified							
Transneft	3	-							
Nafta Moscow	4	2 - 4							
Sidanco Onaco	4 4	•							
B- Special requests	4	-							
D- Special requests									
Unity & Peace Party	3	-							
Zhirinovsky	10	0.5							
Communist Party	16	-							
C- Regular requests / Special									
Alfa Eco / Russian Ministry of Foreign Affairs	13	Unspecified	It was given (1) million barrels from the reserve quantity for Russia						
Tyumen / Russian Ministry of Foreign Affairs	4								
Raomes (the son of the ambassador)	4	10							

[There is a hand-written note in Arabic to the bottom that reads]

The minister has modified the table

البنهورية العراقية بسم ما فرضين الوحيم الرقيم عبر ١٥٠٨ مردية النفط وزرة النفط معادى الافرة/١٤٢٠ هـ النفط معادى الافرة/١٤٢٠ هـ النفط وزرة النفط وزرة النفط وزرة النفط وزرة النفط وزرة النفط وزرة النفط وزيع النفط المحتسوم

در الكمياء الادائدة للدخلة البيارية

ان حصيد الدومات التي نتعاماً، بعها والتي كانت فناه قومة للاستعماع مع ممثلها أو التثلم معهم عادنيا ذلا الهام السابقة أبدوا ولمهتم بالخصيول على محميات المالهية ذلا حلم المعرفية ،

مراة طياحدول رقم (١) بالشركات للفرحلة السائسة عبالكمبسسات الفافية المحلوبة من قبل كمبسسات المفافية المحلوبة من قبلها (والتي وردتنا بمورة طلبات تعربوبة ال المعرفة الم

مرتة لينا حدول رقم (٢) باحتصاب الكميات المتعاقد عليها والمرفوعية من الموطنة العالية لند تارينه ،

سرمي تامل سيادتكم بالاطلاع والتنسيب مع التنديسسس

> ع الغزيي ١٠٠٠ أحق الماري عليون ع الغزيي ١٠٠٠ أحق الماري

جدول رقم (۱)

الملاعقات	المطلوبة امليون سرميارا	العثماقد عليها (مليون بوميل)	الدرنة والخركة
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أعطيت (۱) مليون بوميل من الكمية الامتياط لروسيا • 	قين محددة	1. v	لوك اويان
اطلام (ع) مليون برميستان المشيقية من العقلاء	1 1	•	مگینٹو امبورت رون نقط
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10 Tel. 10 Tel		η	الغرب الثيوسي - <u>طلبات استادية/ خامة</u>
أعليت (1) مليون برميسان من الكمية الحتباط لروسياء	غير محددة	đ L	الفا ايكو) الفارسة شيومبسن) الروسية
		1 5 6	ي راومين (ابن السفين)

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غ نييزالارلىن لك كسالازار 01-JAN-1988 21:22

P.02

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

NO. M/06/54

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 58

01-JAN-1988 21:23 P.03

SECTION ONE SPECIFIC PROVISIONS F.O.B. CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

01-JAN-1988 21:23 P.04

FOB SALES CONTRACT CONTENTS

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Section One

Article One
Article Two
Article Three
Article Four
Article Sive
Article Seven
Article Eight
Article Nine
Article Ten

Section Two

Article One
Article Two
Article Three
Article Four
Article Six
Article Seven
Article Eight
Article Nine

Article Ten
Article Eleven
Article Twelve
Article Thirteen
Article Fourteen
Article Fifteen

Appendix I Appendix II Definitions
Period
Quantity and Quality
Price
Reopener
Psyment
SOMO Standard Documentation
Approval of Contract
Special Conditions

Measurement and Sampling Risk and Property Lifting Programme Nomination of Vessels Vessel Berths Loading Conditions

Addresses

Demurrage
Taxes and Duties
Termination in the event of
Diquidation or Default
Assignment
Destination

Force Majeure Arbitration Notices Applicable Law

Form of Letter of Credit Application form to Request Approval of Contract.

Jele

P.05

Contract between State Oil Marketing Organization (SOMO) (hereinafter called SELLER) of the one part and OIL COMPANY "ROSENEFT" - MOSCOW (hereinafter called BUYER) of the other part.

Whereby it is agreed as follows:-

SECTION ONE

Wherever the General Provisions of Section Two, attached and herein incorporated in this Contract, are at variance or in conflict with this Section One, the provisions of Section One shall govern.

ARTICLE ONE

DEFINITIONS

As used in this Contract, unless otherwise provided, the following words and terms shall have the following meanings:

Barrel: means forty-two (42) U.S. Gallons at sixty degrees (60°) Fahrenheit and at normal atmospheric pressure.

Day : means a period of twenty-four (24) running hours commencing at 00.01 hours local time at the port of loading.

Barrel per means the average number of barrels of crude oil.
Day (B/d): supplied during a calendar day as defined above.

F.O.B: means "Free on Board" as referred to in the ICC Incoterms 1990.

Dollar (\$): The currency of the United States of America

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01-JAN-1988 21:26 P.06

Month: means Gregorian Calendar Month commencing at 00.01 hours local time at the port of loading on first day of the month. means a period of three (3) consecutive months beginning on a lat January of a lat April or a lat July or a lat October. Quarter means a Grenozian Celendar Year. Tear means Scale adopted by the American Petroleum Institute for expressing the specific gravity of crude oil. API Gravity: means Security Council resolution 986 (1995) of 14 April 1995. SCR 986: SCR 1111 means Security Council resolution 1111 (1997) of 4 June 1997. means Security Council resolution 1143 (1997) of SCR 1143 4 December 1997. means Security Council resolution 1153 (1998) of SCR 1153 : 20 February 1998 means Security Council sesolution 1210 (1998) of SCR 1210 : 24 November 1998, means Security Council resolution 1242 (1999) of 21 May 1999. 661 Committees means the Security Council Committee established by Security Council resolution 661 (1990)

Procedures: weens the procedures to be employed by the 661 Committee (United Rations deciment 5/1996/636, dated 8 August 1996).

Overseers : means the independent experts is intermetional oil trade appointed by the Secretary-General of the United Nations pursuent to SCR 986 and the procedures.

Inspectors : means the independent oil inspection agents appointed by the Secretary-General pursuant to SCR 986.

Ju

01-JAN-1988 21:27

P. 977

PERIOD:

ARTICLE TWO

- subject to Article Eight below, this Contract shall become effective on the 25th day of May. 1999, and shall continue thereafter until the 20th of November 1999, unless renewed by mutual agreement.
- The ultimate consumer of the crude oil sold under this Contract shall be for the U.S.A. AND/OR FAR EAST FOR BASKAH LIGHT CRUDE AND EUROPE FOR KIRKUK.

Any change in the destination is subject to the prior approval of Seller.

ARTICLE THREE

QUANTITY AND QUALITY:

 SELLER undertakes to sell and deliver FOB and BUYER undertakes to purchase, receive and pay for the following:-

Type of crude Quantity	Port of Loading
BASRAH LIGHT 3,000,000 BBLS	AL BAKR
KIRKUK 2,000,000 BBLS	CEYHAN

- The quality of the crude oil shall be the standard export quality available at the port of loading from time to time.
- Quantities shall represent contracted quantities or number of barrels per day contracted multiplied by the number of days of the relevant period stipulated in Sub Article 2.1
- 4. Quantities shall be lifted as evenly as possible over the course of such delivery period in lots of approximate barrels and as will be agreed between BUYER and SELLER.
- Ouantities lifted under allowed operational vessel slippage shall be deemed as part of the contracted quantities of the period.

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- 3 -

P.08

6. In cases when SELLER, for reasons technical or diherwise that are beyond his control, is unable to meet his full contractual commitments, SELLER shall have the right to reduce the contracted quantities for the duration of the period when such circumstances shall prevail. SELLER shall advise BUYER as soon as possible before the beginning of any period during which supplies to all huyers are to be reduced.

7. In no event shall any loading start beyond the 20th of November 1999, unless the Security Council has enthorised sales beyond that date.

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- 4 -

01-JAN-1988 21:29 P.09

ARTICLE FOUR

PRICE:

1. The price(s) of the crude oil to be delivered under this contract shall be as follows:-

7	TYPE OF CRUDE		API	•		POR	COF	LOAL	INC
		13 -			jey Mari		e Lin		- (1
'n	BASRAH LIGHT		34.00				L-BAR		Ny
	KIRKUK		36.00			CI	EYHAN		A 2 3

Price Mechanism in S per Barrel FOE

Price shall be the standard SOMO price as agreed upon between SOMO and the United Nations from time to time.



- 5 -

01-JAN-1988 21:31 P.10

ARTICLE PIVE

REOPENER:

Each party shall have the right not later than the 15th day of any month to request a review of the pricing machinism of this Contract.

If following a request for a review, the parties are unable to agree within a period of ten (10) days from the date upon which such request was made, either party may elect to terminate this Contract by serving written notice of phase-out to the other party and termination shall be effective at the end of the month following the month during which the notice of termination has been received.

Nut if the parties are able to agree within the above mentioned ten (10) days period, any agreed upon adjustment to the pricing mechanism shall be subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.

However, if such approval has not been granted by the 661 Committee, this Contract shall be considered as terminated as of the end of the month following the month during which the above mentioned ten (10) days period ends unless the parties agree otherwise.

In case of Contract termination upder any of the store mentioned events, this Contract shall remain in full force and effect at the pricing medianism applicable in accordance with this Contract terms and epoditions up to the effective date of termination and such termination shall not affect the parties rights and obligations therefrom, unless the parties agree otherwise during the neifod prior to the effective of termination.

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ARTICLE SIX

PAYMENT:

 BUYER shall establish in respect of each shipment lifted under this Contract an irrevocable documentary latter of credit issued by a bank acceptable to Sanque Retionale de Paris, S.A. ("BNP") for confirmation, is the form set out in Appendix I hereof:

In all cases, the Letter of Credit shall be established, confirmed and accepted at least seven (7) days prior to loading date.

- 2. BUYER irrevocably undertakes that payment for each cargo of crude oil lifted shall be made out of the proceeds of the confirmed Letter of Credit directly to account number 0200-201752-001-08 established by the Secretary-General of the United Rations, pursuant to paragraph 7 of SCR 986, at BNP (New York Branch) (Rereinsiter "United Rations Iraq Account"), upon presentation to BNP of the documents required by the Letter of Credit, including but not limited to the Commercial Invoice and the Bill of Leding.
- All charges within Irac are for SELLER, whereas all charges outside Irac are to be borne by BUYER.
- Unless otherwise provided herein, payment shall be made not later than thirty (30) days from 5/L date, in same date funds.

If payment falls due on a Saturday or fishk holiday other than Monday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on the last preceding bunking day. If payment falls due on a Sunday or a Monday Sank holiday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on the next succeeding banking day.

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01-JAN-1988 21:33 P.12

ARTICLE SEVEN

SONO STANDARD DOCUMENTATION

Rill of Lading 9 (3 orig. & 6 copies)
Certificate of Origin 4
Certificate of Origin Quantity
Losding Time Sheet 4
Ullage Report
Haster's Receipt for Semples
Distribution of Documents

Two sets of documents are handed to Heater, one being for Consignee. SELLER shall saving morre by teles or cable within forty eight (48) hours following each leading with the following details:

- al Vosaci's Hame
- b) Loading Port
- c) Commonced Loading Dates
- d) Completed Loading Date.
- e) Seiling Date
- f) Gross and net quantities in metric tons, long tons and U.S. barrols.
- o) API Gravity.

ARTICLE EIGHT

APPROVAL OF CONTRACT

This Contract is subject to the approval of the Decreases on behalf of the 661 Committee. Such approval shall be obtained in accordance with the Procedures, stilling the form set out in Appendix II hereof.

ARTICLE NINE

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

 Loading of any shipment of crade oil shell be subject to the authorization of the Inspectors at the port of loading. The Inspectors shall also have the authority to stop the loading if they determine that there is any evidence of irregularity.

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- 8 -

- 2- Notwithstanding Sub Article 4-3 of Section Two of this Contract, the accepted date of arrival of the vessel at the loading ports shall be fixed on a one (1) day range. All related Articles of Section Two of the Contract will read to that effect and conformity.
- Notwithstanding Sub Article (6-5) of Section Two of this Congrect SSLLER shall be allowed as laytime at Al Bekr Terminal as follows:-

1	Layelme (hrs)	Vesse	1 DETCATI
	36		129 999
	54	130 0	00 - 199 999
	65	Over	200 000

All related Articias of Section Two of the Contract will read to that effect and conformity.

- 4. In addition to the events specified in Sub Article 5-6 of Section Two, any time consumed due to the Inspecious prohibiting idealing shall not count as used legitime.
- 5. This Contract shall terminate forthwith in the event that the Security Council terminates the authorization to import petroleum or petroleum products originating in Iraq.
- 6. Assignment of the rights or obligations of the SPLES or BUYER shall be subject to the approval of the 661 Compittee.
- 7. Any claims from BUTER under Sub Article 1-3 or Article
 Seven of Section Two, and any analyses carried out under Sub
 Articles 1-5 and 1-6 of Section Two, shall be copied to the
 Overseers. Payments or other awards under Article Thirteen
 of Section Two, in respect of claims under Articles One and
 Seven of Section Two are subject to the approval of the 661
 Committee. Any sum to be paid by BUYER is settlement of a
 dispute under Article Thirteen of Section Two relating to
 the proceeds of the sele of crude oil under this Contract
 shall be paid by BUYER directly to the United Mations Iraq
 Account.

July 1

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- Payments to SELLER under Sub Article 5-5 and Sub Article 6-7 of Section Two, and any other payments or swards under Article Thirteen of Section Two, are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.
- This Contract shall be subject to SCR 986, SCR 1111, SCR 1143, SCR 1153, SCR 1210, SCR 1242, the Procedures and the Memorandum of Understanding between the Secretariat of the United Nations and the Government of Iraq on the implementation of SCR 986 (United Nations document \$/1996/356, dated 20 May 1996).

ARTICLE TEN

ADDRESSES:

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In addition to the notices, declarations and other communications required under Article Fourteen, notices, approvals, declerations and communications required above for the Overseers, on behalf of the 661 Committee, shall be effected at the addresses below:

FOR SELLER:

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION P.O.BOX 5118 BAGHDAD - IRAQ

212198 - 212199 SOMO IK TELEX: TELEPHONE: 964-1-2869561 964-1-7742040 - 10 Lines

964-1-2853925

FOR BUYER:

OIL COMPANY "ROSNEFT - MOSCOW"

26, SOFIJSKAYA NAB.

POB 113816 MOSCOW, M-35.

RUSSIAN FEDERATION

TEL (7095) 239 - 86 36

(7085) 239 - 86 50

FAX (7095) 953 - 88 10

TLX 1 412789 NEFT RU

FOR OVERSEERS:

UNITED NATIONS, NEW YORK, U.S.A. FAX: 212 - 963 - 1628

All other terms and conditions as per F.O.B. crude oil contract (Section two) No. M/02/20 dated 30th day of August 1997.

This Contract has been done and signed on the 5th day of June 1999.

FOR SELLER

SADDON SADDAM Z. HASSAN EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL

ROSYAN VICTOR KIMOVICH VICE PRESIDENT PETROSYAN

4 10 -

UNITED NATIONS



NATIONS UNIES

SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED BY RESOLUTION 661 (1990) CONCERNING THE SITUATION BETWEEN IRAQ AND KUWAIT

S/AC.25/1999/OIL/1242/OC.44	10 June 1999				
TO: ROSNEFT RUSSIAN FEDERATION	FROM: THE OIL OVERSEERS UNDER SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION 986 (1995)				
FAX NO.: 011-7095-953-88-10/88-21	FAX NO.: (212) 963-1628				
ATTENTION: Mr. P. V. KIMOVICH	ENTION: Mr. P. V. KIMOVICH REF.: OIL-FOR-FOOD ARRANGEMENT				
TOTAL NUMBER OF TRANSMITTED P	AGES INCLUDING THIS PAGE 1				

Re: Contract Number: M/06/54 UN REF: S/AC.25/1999/OIL/1242/COMM.54

Between: SOMO and "ROSNEFT" Date of Receipt: 8 June 1999 Quantity: 3,000,000 bbls Quality: Basrah Light

Pricing Formula: US and/or Far East Market

Port of Loading: Mina-al Bakr Quantity: 2,000,000 bbls Quality: Kirkuk

Pricing Formula: Europe Market
Port of Loading: Ceyhan

FURTHER TO YOUR ABOVE REFERENCED APPLICATION FOR APPROVAL OF THE OIL CONTRACT, PLEASE BE ADVISED THAT THE APPLICATION HAS BEEN: APPROVED BY SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED BY RESOLUTION 661 (1990) CONCERNING THE SITUATION BETWEEN IRAQ AND KUWAIT

REMARKS:

cc: SOMO BNP SAYBOLT ROTTERDAM PERMANENT MISSION OF IRAQ TO THE UN

PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 59

State Oil Marketing Organization P.O Box 5118 Baghdad-Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/161/99

: AMBON Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination Sold to

OIL COMPANY 'ROSNEFT' MOSCOM, MINA AL BAKR TERMINAL

: EUROPE

Country of origin: 1830

: 18. 7.1999 BNP Confirmation No. : W714592 : M/06/54 Contract No. Due date

Opening Bank L\C No. : DOC-617893-G1

: BBL/2625 Shipment No.

Description of commodity		Quantity	a.	Price per	Total value
conspication of continuously	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S.Bbls	Barrel FOB	in U.S. Dollars
RAQI CRUDE OIL	1	. (
(BASRAH LIGHT)	270,876.115	266,597.23	1,973,048	15.934	31,438,546.83
32.00 API GRAVITY AT 60 F			-		31,438,546.83

Total U.S. Dollars : THIRRY ONE MILLION FOUR HUNDRED THIRTY RIGHT THOUSAND FIVE HANDRED FORTY SIX AND EIGHTY THREE CENTS

Price Calculation : DATED BRENT MINUS \$ 2.55/BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15TH DAY FROM THE B/L DATE AS FUBLISHED IN PLAIT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.20 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANGUE NATIONALE DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAG ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-001-08



For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

B/L DATE 19 /6 /1999

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 60 Revised to error in pricing mechanism.

State Oil Marketing Organization
P.O Box 5118 Baghdad-Iraq
C

Revision Commercial Invoice No.: B/161/99

: 18. 7.1999 Contract No. OIL COMPANY 'ROSNETT', 26 SOFIJSKAJA NAB Due date : POB 113816 MOSCOM M 35, RUSSIA FEDERATION CONTACT N. MINA AL BANK TERMINAL CONTACT N

BNP Confirmation No. : W714592 : M/06/54

> : AMBON EUROPE

Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination

Sold to

Opening Bank L/C No. : DOC-617893-G1 : BBL/2625 Shipment No.

: BBL/2625	Total value	in U.S. Dollars	\$31,306,352.62
Shipment No.	Price per	Barrel FOB	15.867
æ		U.S. Bbls	1,973,048
	Quantity	Long Tons	266,597.23
Country of origin: 1880		Metric Tons	270,876.115
Country	Description of commodity	famouran to houd town	IRAQI CRUDE OIL (BASRAH LIGHT) 32.00 API GRAVITY AT 60°F

Total U.S. Dollars: THIRITY ONE MILLION THREE HUNDRED SIX THOUSAND THREE HUNDRED FIFTY TWO AND 62/100 U.S. DOLLARS

Price Calculation : DATED BREAT HINUS \$ 2.55/BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15TH DAY FROM THE B/L DATE AS FUBLISHED IN PLATY'S GRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.20 API DE-ESCALATION

PATHENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANGUE NATIONALE DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-001-08

B/L DATE 19 /6 /1999

CRIGINAL

Y. H. IBRAHIM For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

State Oil Marketing Organization P.O. Box 5118 Baghdad-Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/184/99

Due date OIL COMPANY 'ROSHEFT' MOSCOM,

CEYHAN TERMINAL -TURKEY SANDRA TAPIAS

Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination

Sold to

EUROPE

Country of origin: 1RAQ

: 6 . 9.1999

BNP Confirmation No. : W715216 : M/06/54 Contract No.

Opening Bank L\C No. : 3/190552/ANI/02000

: CK/4551 Shipment No.

Description	escription of commodity		Quantity		Price per	Total value
ndina.	an or common to me	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S.Bbls	Barrel FOB	in U . S . Dollars
IRAQI CI (KIR	RAQI CRUDE OIL (KIRKUK)	134,272.816	132,151.78	068'866	18.692	18,577,791.88
34.65 API	34.65 API GRAVITY AT 60 %					18,577,791.88

Total U . S . Dollais : etghtesh million pive hundred seventy seven thousand seven hundred ninety one and etghty eight cent

Price Calculation : DATED BRENT MINUS \$ 1.55/BEL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STRRTING FROM THE B/L DATE AS FUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.13 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-001-08

CRIGINAL

Y. H. IBRAHIM For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

B/L DATE 8 /8 /1999

State Oil Marketing Organization P.O Box 5118 Baghdad-Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/216/99

Opening Bank L\C No. : 3/190590/ANI/02000 : BBL/2670 PART (2) : 13, 9,1999 BNP Confirmation No. : W715337 : M/06/54 Shipment No. Contract No. Due date OIL COMPANY 'ROSNEFT' MOSCOM, . MINA AL BAKR TERMINAL : CHEVRON FELUY Country of origin: 1RAO Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination Sold to

		525)
Total value	in U . S . Dollars	8,775,500.00	8.775.50.00
Price per	Barrel FOB	17.551	
	U.S. Bbls	500,000	
Quantity	Long Tons	67,722.24	-
	Metric Tons	68,809.182	
	Price per	Quantity Price per Long Tons U.S. Bbls Barrel FOB in	Quantity Price per Long Tons Total value Long Tons U.S. Bbis Barrel FOB in U.S. Dollars 67,722.24 500,000 17.551 8,775,500.00

Total U.S. Dollars: ETGH, MILLICA, SEARN, HADRED, SEARALY, FIVE, THOUSAND, FIVE, HADRED, CALX......

31.60 API GRAVITY AT 60 PP

Description of commodity

IRAQI CRUDE OIL (BASRAH LIGHT) Price Calculation : MTI (SECOND MONTH) MINUS \$ 4.10/BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15TH DAY FROM THE B/L DATE AS FUBLISHED IN PLAIT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.24 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-001-08

B/L DATE 15 /8 /1999

CRIGINAL

Y. H. IBRAHIM

For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

State Oil Marketing Organization P.O.Box 5118 Baghdad-Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/201/99

: 23.9.1999

Opening Bank L\C No. : 3/190653/ANI/02000 Contract No. : M/06/54 BNP Confirmation No. : W715538 Due date CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY ROSNEFT : POLAR Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination Sold to

Country Description of commodity	Country of origin : 1820 dity Metric Tons	Quantity Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Shipment No. Price per Barrel FOB	: CK/4567 Total value in U . S . Dollars
IRAQI CRUDE OIL	130,306.918	128,248.53	958,406	18.731	17.951.902.79
				!))	
33.60 API GRAVITY AT 60 %					17,951,902.79

Total U.S. Dollais: seventeen million nine hindred fifty one thousand nine hindred tho and seventy nine cent

Price Calculation : DatED BRENT MINUS \$ 1.55/BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE B/L DATE AS PUBLISHED IN THE PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.24 API DE-ESCALATION PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-001-08

Y. H. IBRAHIM For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

B/L DATE 25/8 /1999

State Oil Marketing Organization

Sold to

Sold to

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Contract No. Michigal Port. 1 min. Na. nov. Tracerson

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Sold P.O. Box 5118 Bagildia-Ling.
Commercial Invoice No. B/229/98.

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The state of the s	31.62 APT GRAVITT AT 60 %			9,768,500.00
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FROM THE ASYN DAY PROX THE RE-POSLANTION.
MANUES 6.23 AFT DE-POSLANTION.
FROM THE START SCHOOL HORIZON TO THE UNITED MATIONS AT SAME SHIPS IN PARTS.
S.A. KHN TONE SHANKS FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED MATIONS INA ACCOUNT.
ACCOUNT NUMBER, GOOD-101/52-001-04

For State Oil Walkeing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

BIL DATE, 27 18 11998

979,104.00

: CK/4605 PART(1)

Shipment No.

Country of origin: 1820

State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad-Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/243/99

Opening Bank L\C No. : 3/190766/ANI/02000 : 5.11.1999 BNP Confirmation No. : W716183 : M/06/54 Contract No. Due date CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY : DUNKERQUE ROSNEPT : ARDENNE Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination Sold to

in U.S. Dollars 979,104:00 Total value 20.398 Price per Barrel FOB U.S. Bbls 48,000 6,393.33 Long Tons Quantity 6,495.943 Metric Tons Description of commodity IRAQI CRUDE OIL (KIRKUK)

Total U.S. Dollars: nine hundred seventy nine thousand one hundred four only

34.36 API GRAVITY AT 60%

Price Calculation : DATED BRENT MINUS \$ 1.25/88L AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE B/L DATE AS PUBLISHED IN THE PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.16 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANGUE NATIONALE DE PARIS. S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-001-08

B/L DATE 7/10/1999

CRIGINAL

For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT. MEIB

TO

HAVERHEL TRADING LTD

Nicosia, Cyprus

DATE: June 10, 2000

TIME:

TO:

Bayoll Supply Trading Limited PHONE: FAX:

+1 713 781 8387

Marios Kontemaniotis PHONE: +357 2 750 390 FROM:

FAX; +357 2 750 382 641 411

CC:

Number of pages including cover sheet: 1

Dear Sir;

According to the Ageory Agreement signed between "BayOil Supply & Trading Limited" and Javerhili Trading Limited" on June 10, 2000 please be kindly december sign the Contract with "Rosnettempex NK Rosnett" for buying 8 to of Sasruh light crude oil and pay fees as following:

- USD0,02 to "Rossier and pex NK Rosneft" as per Contract;
- . USD0,12 to "Have the Trading Limited" after the nomination of the vessel;
- USD0,10 to "Have trading Limited" 30 (thirty) days after the B/L.

Shipment in July + 2 both in August - 4 bills, in September - 2 bbls.

Marios Konterneniotis

TOTAL P.01

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 61

SNT 015625

SNT 015625

Statement of Allocations for the Phase Subsequent to Phase (7) (Million Barrels)

06/14/2000

No.	Country	Allocat Phas	e (6)	Ph	ations in ase (7)	for t Sub to I	ocations he Phase osequent Phase (7)	Remarks
1-	Russia	135	34.6%		32.4%		32.2%	
	A- Regular Requests	118		100.5		111		
	Zarubezhneft	21		20		18		Russian Ministry of Energy
	Machinoimport	10		10.5		8		Russian Ministry of Foreign Trade
	Zan Gas	8		6		6		Russian Ministry of Machinery
	Alfa Eco	13		11		12		Front company for the Russian Ministry of Foreign Affairs
	Tyumen	4		3		4		Front company for the Russian Ministry of Foreign Affairs
	Mr. Issakov	-		-		14		The Russian Presidential Council
	Actec	16	-	14.5	-	16		Communist Party
	Tatneft	9		8		6		Taterstan Region
	Bazhneft	-		4		3		Bashkirstan Region
	Slavneft	2		-		5		Government company (Mr. Gotzeriev)
	Gasprom	6		5		5		Government gas company
	Lukoil	7		4.5		-		Western Al-Qiranah contract
	Sirgotneftgas	-		3		1		Joint company
	Oil and Gas for Eastern Siberia	-		1		-		Joint company
	Rosneft	5		3		3		Government company
	Nafta Moscow	5		2		4		Joint company
	Onaco	4		3		4		Urenberg region (Mr. Zhinomirtin)
	Sidanco	3		-		-		Mr. Zhirinovsky before
	Transneft	3		2		2		Government oil transport company
	D C				ļ <u>.</u>	ļ		
	B- Special Requests Raomes	4		1.5		-		
	Mr. Zhirinovsky	10	12	1.5		2		Former Russian ambassador
	Mrs. Saji Omalatov	3	17	6.5	14.5	9		
	Mr. Shafrank	3		2	14.5		26	
	Political Science Academy	-		1.5		3	26	
	Gobken University for Oil & Gas	-		1.5		2		
	Mr. Stroyev, head of Unity Russian Council	-				3		
	Nord West Group	1-			l	2		Mr. Tetrenco

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt(RPC) - FN 62

[hand-written note]

To: The Executive Director of SOMO

Verbal approval of the President Leader, may God protect him, has been obtained as per the verbal notification of the Vice-President of the republic along the margins of the Cabinet's meeting the morning of 06/25/2000.

Please take the necessary measures for action

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KH1 + Kh2 + SH

V 544

06/26

الدرالة	التخصوص لا السالت		التخصيص للمرحا إسابعة	التحصيص القردمابا الراسانيعة ص	(2000) -/5/10(4)
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يسوا	144	%41,1	and the second second second		3 3 1
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STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

NO. M/08/ 85

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Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 64

FOB SALES CONTRACT CONTENTS

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Article Three Quantity and Quality Article Four Price Article Five

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Article Ten Assignment Destination Article Eleven Article Twelve Force majeure Article Thirteen Arbitration Article Fourteen Notices Article Fifteen Applicable Law

Appendix I Appendix II

Form of Letter of Credit Application Form to Request Approval of

Contract.

06-JUL-00 09:56 ALEX-BAGHDAD

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SECTION ONE SPECIFIC PROVISIONS F.O.B. CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

Contract between State Oil Marketing Organization (SOMO) (hereinafter called SELLER) of the one part and JSOC "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT RUSSIA, MOSCOW (hereinafter called BUYER) of the other part.

Whereby it is agreed as follows:-

SECTION ONE

Wherever the General Provisions of Section Two, attached and herein incorporated in this Contract, are at variance or in conflict with this Section One, the provisions of Section One shall govern.

ARTICLE ONE

DEFINITIONS

As used in this Contract, unless otherwise provided, the following words and terms shall have the following meanings :-

means forty-two (42) U.S. Gallons at sixty degrees Barrel

(60) Fahrenheit and at normal atmospheric pressure.

means a period of twenty-four (24) running hours Day Commencing at 00.01 hours local time at the port

of loading.

Barrel per means the average number of barrels of crude oil

Day (B/d) supplied during a calendar day as defined above.

F.O B. means "Free on Board" as referred to in the ICC

Incoterms 1990.

Dollar (\$) : The currency of the United States of America.

means Gregorian Calendar month commencing at 00.01 hours local time at the port of loading

on first day of the month.

Quarter means a period of three (3) consecutive months Beginning on a 1st January or a 1st April or a 1st July or a 1st October.

Year : means a Gregorian Calendar Year.

Api Gravity : means scale adopted by the American

Petroleum Institute for expressing the specific

Gravity of crude oil.

SCR 986 : means Security Council resolution 986 (1995)

of 14 April 1995.

SCR 1111 : means Security Council resolution 1111 (1997)

of 4 June 1997.

SCR 1143 : means Security Council resolution 1143 (1997)

of 4 December 1997.

SCR 1153 : means Security Council resolution 1153 (1998)

of 20 February 1998.

SCR 1210 : means Security Council resolution 1210 (1998)

of 24 November 1998.

SCR 1242 : means Security Council resolution 1242 (1999)

of 21 May 1999.

SCR 1281 : means Security Council resolution 1281 (1999)

Of 10 December 1999.

SCR 1302 : means Security Council resolution 1302 (2000)

of 8 June 2000.

661 Committee : means the Security Council Committee

established by Security Council Resolution 661

(1990).

Procedures : means the procedures to be employed by the

661 Committee (United Nations document

S/1996/636, dated 8 August 1996).

means the independent experts in international

Oil trade appointed by the Secretary-General of The United Nations pursuant to SCR 986 and

the procedures.

Inspectors : means the independent oil inspection agents

Appointed by the Secretary-General pursuant

to SCR 986.

ARTICLE TWO

PERIOD:

- Subject to Article Eight below, this Contract shall become effective on the 4TH day of June, 2000, and shall continue thereafter until the 5th of December 2000, unless renewed by mutual agreement.
- The ultimate consumer of the crude oil sold under this Contract shall be European Market for Kirkuk Crude oil and U.S.A. and/or Far East for Basrah Light.

Any change in the destination is subject to the prior approval of Seller.

ARTICLE THREE

QUANTITY AND QUALITY:

 SELLER undertakes to sell and deliver FOB and BUYER undertakes to purchase, receive and pay for the following:-

Type of Crude	Quantity	Port of Loading
KIRKUK	6,000,000 BBLS	CEYHAN
BASRAH LIGHT	8,000,000 BBLS	ALBAKR

- 2. The quality of the crude oil shall be the standard export quality available at the port of loading from time to time.
- Quantities shall represent contracted quantities or number of barrels per day contracted multiplied by the number of days of the relevant period stipulated in sub Article 2.1
- Quantities shall be lifted as evenly as possible over the course of such delivery period in lots of approximate barrels and as will be agreed between BUYER and SELLER.

Whoes.

- 5. Quantities lifted under allowed operational vessel slippage shall be deemed as part of the contracted quantities of the period.
- 6. In case when SELLER, for reasons technical or otherwise that are beyond his control, is unable to meet his full contractual commitments, SELLER shall have the right to reduce the contracted quantities for the duration of the period when such circumstances shall prevail. SELLER shall advise BUYER as soon as possible before the beginning of any period during which supplies to all buyers are to be reduced.
- 7. In no event shall any loading start beyond the 5th of December, 2000, unless the Security Council has authorized sales beyond that date.

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ARTICLE FOUR

PRICE:

1. The price(s) of the crude oil to be delivered under this contract shall be as follows:-

TYPE OF CRUDE	<u>API</u>	PORT OF LOADING
KIRKUK BAASRAH LIGHT	36.00 34.00	CEYHAN ALBAKR
Di il iolo il i Eloi i	3 1.00	<i>nebma</i>

Price Mechanism in \$ per Barrel FOB

Price shall be the standard SOMO price as agreed upon between SOMO and the United Nations from time to time.

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REOPENER:

06-JUL-00 10:04

Each party shall have the right not later the 15th day of any month to request a review of the pricing mechanism of this Contract.

ARTICLE FIVE

If following a request for a review, the parties are unable to agree within a period of ten (10) days from the date upon which such request was made, either party may elect to terminate this Contract by serving written notice of phase-out to the other party and termination shall be effective at the end of the month following the month during which the notice of termination has been received.

But if the parties are able to agree within the above mentioned ten (10) days period, any agreed upon adjustment to the pricing mechanism shall be subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.

However, of such approval has not been granted by the 661 Committee, this Contract shall be considered as terminated as of the end of the month following the month during which the above mentioned ten (10) days period ends unless the parties agree otherwise.

In case of Contract termination under any of the above mentioned events, this Contract shall remain in full force and effect at the pricing mechanism applicable in accordance with this Contract terms and conditions up to the effective date of termination and such termination shall not affect the parties' rights and obligations therefrom, unless the parties agree otherwise during the period prior to the effective date of termination.

6

ARTICLE SIX

PAYMENT:

 BUYER shall establish in respect of each shipment lifted under this Contract an irrevocable documentary letter of credit issued by a bank acceptable to Banque Nationale de Paris, S.A. ("BNP") for confirmation, in the form set out in Appendix I hereof.

In all cases, the Letter of Credit shall be established, confirmed and accepted at least seven (7) days prior to loading date.

- 2. BUYER irrevocably undertakes that payment for each cargo of crude oil lifted shall be made out of the proceeds of the confirmed Letter of Credit directly to account number 0200-201752-001-08 established by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, pursuant to paragraph 7 of SCR 986, at BNP (New York Branch) (hereinafter "United Nations Iraq Account"), upon presentation to BNP of the documents required by the Letter of Credit, including but not limited to the Commercial Invoice and the Bill of Lading.
- 3. All charges within Iraq are for SELLER, whereas all charges outside Iraq are to be borne by BUYER.
- 4. Unless otherwise provided herein, payment shall be made not later than thirty (30) days from B/L date, in same date funds.

If payment falls due on a Saturday or Bank holiday other than Monday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on the last preceding banking day. If payment falls due on a Sunday or a Monday Bank holiday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on the next succeeding banking day.

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ARTICLE SEVEN

SOMO STANDARD DOCUMENTATION:

Bill of Lading	9 (3 orig. & 6 copies)
Certificate of Origin	4
Certificate of Quality and Quantity	4
Loading Time Sheet	4
Ullage Report	4
Master's Receipt for Samples	4
Distribution of Documents	4

Two sets of documents are handed to Master, one being for consignee. SELLER shall advise BUYER by telex or cable within forty eight (48) hours following each loading with the following details:-

- (a) Vessel's Name.(b) Loading Port.
- (c) Commenced loading Date.
- (d) Completed Loading Date.
- Sailing Date . (e)
- Gross and net quantities in metric tons, long tons and **(f)** U.S. barrels.
- API Gravity. (g)

ARTICLE EIGHT

APPROVAL OF CONTRACT:

This Contract is subject to the approval of the Overseers on behalf of the 661 Committee. Such approval shall be obtained in accordance with the Procedures, utilizing the form set out in Appendix II hereof.

ARTICLE NINE

SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

- Loading of any shipment of crude oil shall be subject to the authorization of the Inspectors at the port of loading. The Inspectors shall also have the authority to stop the loading if they determine that there is any evidence of irregularity.
- Notwithstanding Sub Article 4-3 of Section Two of this Contract, the accepted date of arrival of the vessel at the loading ports shall be fixed on a one (1) day range. All related Articles of Section Two of the Contract will read to that effect and conformity.
- Notwithstanding Sub Article (6-5) of Section Two of this Contract SELLER shall be allowed as laytime at Al Bakr Terminal as follows:-

Laytime (hrs)	Vessel DWT (MT)
36	Up to 129 999
54	130 000 - 199 999
65	Over 200 000

All related Articles of Section Two of the Contract will read to that effect and conformity.

- In addition to the events specified in Sub Article 6-6 of Section Two, any time consumed due to the Inspectors prohibiting loading shall not count as used laytime.
- This Contract shall terminate forthwith in the event that the Security Council terminates the authorization to import petroleum or petroleum products originating in Iraq.
- 6. Assignment of the rights or obligations of the SELLER or BUYER shall be subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.
- 7. Any claims from BUYER under Sub Article 1-3 or Article Seven of Section Two, and any analyses carried out under Sub Articles 1-5 and 1-6 of Section Two, shall copied to the Overseers. Payments or other awards under Article Thirteen of Section Two, in respect of claims under Articles one and Seven of Section Two are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee. Any sum to be paid by BUYER in settlement of a dispute under Article Thirteen of Section Two relating to the

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P. 13

proceeds of the sale of crude oil under this Contract shall be paid by BUYER directly to the United Nations Iraq Account.

- 8. Payments to SELLER under SUB Article 5-5 and Sub Article 6-7 of Section Two, and any other Payments or awards under Article Thirteen of
- Section Two, are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.

 9. This Contract shall be subject to SCR 986, SCR 1111, SCR 1143 SCR 1153, SCR 1210, SCR 1242, SCR 1281, SCR 1302, the Procedures and the Memorandum of Understanding between the Secretariat of the United nations and the Government of Iraq on the implementation of SCR 986 (United Nations document S/1996/356, dated 20 May 1996).

ARTICLE TEN

ADDRESSES:

In addition to the notices, declarations and other communications required under Article Fourteen, notices, approvals, declarations and Communications required above for the Overseers, on behalf of the 661 Committee, shall be effected at the addresses below:-

FOR SELLER: STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION P.O. BOX 5118 BAGHDAD - IRAQ

TELEX : 212198 – 212199 SOMO IK TELEPHONE: 964-1-2869561 964-1-7742040 - 10 Lines

FAX 964-1-8853925

FOR BUYER: JSOC "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT RUSSIA, MOSCOW, 125167 LENINGRADSKY PROSPECT, 37 BLD. 6 TELEPHONE: (007095) 152 9751; 1514462 FAX: (007095) 9416035 TELEX: 6123**9**VATH MOBILE: (007095) 1047900; 7607652

FOR OVERSEERS UNITED NATIONS, NEW YORK, U.S.A. FAX: 212-963-1628

All other terms and conditions as per (Section Two) General conditions of F.O.B. crude oil sales contrac (attached).

This Contract has been done and signed on the 4th day of July, 2000.

FOR SELLER

SADDAM Z. HASSAN EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL SOMO

Whoes DEMITRY I. KOSSAKEV DEPUTY GENERAL DIRECTOR

FOR BUYER

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq Ministry of Oil Oil Marketing Company (State Company) No.: KH1/11162 Date: 04 Rabi' II, 1421 H Equivalent to 07/05/2000

Stamp Ministry of Oil/Office of the

Minister No.: 8757 Date: 07/06/2000

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

RE: Approval on Exported Crude Oil Contracts

Based on the statement of allocations in phase (8), please find below the details of the contract signed with Rosnefteimpex Russian Company on behalf of Mr. Issakov (The Russian Presidential Council):

- 1- Number of Contract: M/08/85 Date: 07/04/2000
- 2- Name of Company Buyer: Rosnefteimpex
- 3- Nationality: Russian
- 4- Quantity: (14) million barrels divided as follows:
 - (6) million barrels of Kirkuk crude oil FOB Ceyhan terminal
 - (8) million barrels of Basrah light crude oil FOB Al-Bakr terminal
- 5- Destination of Crude Oil: Europe for Kirkuk crude oil

America and / or the Far East for Basrah light crude oil

- 6- Pricing Formula: As agreed on between the buyer and our company from time to time
- 7- Validity of Contract: Until 12/05/2000
- 8- Estimated Value: (336) million U.S. dollars based on an estimated rate of \$24/barrel

For your review and approval, please.

Regards,

Saddam Zeben Hassan Executive Director

I approve

07/08

PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 66

بعم الله الرجهن الرجيم ルハマく / ど:ルル جمهورية العراق وزارة النفسط التاريغ ۾ ريسج لڏائرد ۽ کاري شركة تسويق النفط (شركة عامة) الموافق ١٥/٥/--- ٢٥ شركة سويق النفط (شركة عامة) وزارةالتفط/مكتب الوزير NOV 1 はよっていいいい السيد وزير النقط المحترم مُ/ المصادقة على عقود النفط الحام المُصدّرُ استناداً لما حاء في كشف التخصيصات للموجلة الثامنة في ادناه تفاصيل العقد الموقد ع جميع: شركة زوزتفت البكس الروسية لصالح السيد اساكوف (ديوان الرئاسة الروسي). ۱ - رقم العقب نيد : M/08/85 القاريخ: ٢٠٠٠،/٧/٤ ٢- اسم الشركة المشترية : روز نفت امبكس ۲- الجناب، : روسین ۱- الکیسی : (۱۹) ملاین نوبل مورعه کالاین ٥- نوع النقط الحسام : (٦) مليون برميل نقط خام كركولًا قوب جيهان (A) ملبون برميل نقط خام البضرة الحقيف قوب البكر ٦- وجهة النفط الحام : اوربا بالنسبة لحام كركوك أمريكا والو الشرق الاقصى بالنمية لحام البصرة الخفيف ٧- التستيفيرة : ﴿ حَسِمًا يَفْقَ عَلِيهُ بَيْنِ الْمُشْتَرِي وَشُرَكْتِنَا مِنْ وَقْتَ لَآخِرُ ﴿ ٩- الفيمة التقديريسة 🕟: (٣٣٦) مليون دولار امريكي بسعر تقديري (٢٤) دولار للمرميل يزجني التفضل بالاطلاع والصادقة مع التقدير المدير التنفيذي

س.ب ۱۸ اه بغداد ـ العراق ماتف ۱۰ ـ ۲۷۶۲۰۰ ۱۳ (۱۲۹۶ REX 212198 & 212199

UNITED NATIONS



NATIONS UNIES

SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED BY RESOLUTION 661 (1990) CONCERNING THE SITUATION BETWEEN IRAQ AND KUWAIT

S/AC.25/2000/OIL/1302/OC.46	10 July 2000	
TO: "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT RUSSIAN FEDERATION	FROM THE OIL OVERSEERS UNDER SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION 986 (1995)	
FAX NO.: 011-7095-941-6035	FAX NO.: (212) 963-1628	
ATTENTION: Mr. DEMITRY I. KOSSAREV	REF.: OIL-FOR-FOOD ARRANGEMENT	
TOTAL NUMBER OF TRANSMITTED PAGES INCLUDING THIS PAGE: 1		

Contract Number: M/08/85

UN REF: S/AC.25/2000/OIL/1302/COMM.85

Between: SOMO and "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT

Date of Receipt:

6 July 2000

Quantity:

6,000,000 bbls

Quality:

Kirkuk

Pricing Formula:

Europe Market

Port of Loading:

Ceyhan

Quantity:

8,000,000 bbls

Quality:

Basrah Light

Pricing Formula:

USA and/or Far East

Port of Loading:

Mina al-Bakr

FURTHER TO YOUR ABOVE REFERENCED APPLICATION FOR APPROVAL OF THE OIL CONTRACT, PLEASE BE ADVISED THAT THE APPLICATION HAS BEEN: APPROVED BY THE SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED BY RESOLUTION 661 (1990) CONCERNING THE SITUATION BETWEEN IRAQ AND KUWAIT

REMARKS:

cc: **SOMO** BNP

SAYBOLT ROTTERDAM

PERMANENT MISSION OF IRAQ TO THE UN

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 67 07-24-2000 09:10AM FROM

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CONTRACT

Мовсоуи

July 11, 2000

Between RUSNAFTAIMPEX (BVI) LIMITED, Moscow, hereinafter referred to as "Sellers" and Messers "BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED", Nassau, Baharnes, hereinafter referred to as "Buyers" and agreed as follows: 1. Object of Contract.

Selers have sold and Buyers have bought F.O.B. Mins Al Bakr about 8 000 000 barrels of Iraq crude off to be delivered in the frame of 5" period of United Nations program "Off for food" subject to actual contractual quantities under the contracts' between JSOC "ROSNEFTEINPEX" NK ROSNEFT and "SOMO".

2. Quantity.

About 5 000 000 berrels of Bearth Light Crude Oil ex Mins Al Bakr of normal quality usually available at mentioned port, 3. Time of Delivery.

Deliveries are to be effected:

2 000 000 berreis July 2000

4 000 000 berrefs August 2000

2 000 000 barrels by end of Phase 8 period

4. Destination.

Deliveries of mentioned quantities of Iraq crude oil will be effected to USA. However the actual port of destination will be agreed between Parties for each particular shipment subject to "\$OMO"

a) Official selling price of "SOMO" for Bearsh Light Crude Oil ex Ming Al Bakt for corresponding destination with A.P.I. escalation/ de-escalation effective for month of delivery plus A. PREMILIAN per net US parrie to be agreed between Sellers and Buyers for each cargo.
b) The final unit price for Bearsh Light Crude Oils shall be rounded off to three (3) decimal places to be increased to the next digit whenever the fourth decimal place is five or greater than five.

8. Payment.

Payment to be effected on the 30th day from Bill of Lading date (B/L date-one day) in US Dollars without any offset or deduction by telegraphic transfer in two parts:

1) Value of "SOMO" Invoice at official selling price to "Benque National De Paris S.A., New York Branch, telex NB3737018 per corresponding Letter of Credit.

2) Balance amount (0,02 US Dollars per net barrel of delivered crude bil) to be transferred to account in the bank to be designated by Sellars.

Payment shall be made upon presentation of Sellers' invoice and usual shipping documents (including full set of property lesued of endorsed original Bills of Lading), or Sellers' Letter of indemnity, in format acceptable to Buyer, in fieu of missing documents (telexifax of invoice/LOI

ecceptable).
If payment falls due on a Saturday or Bank Holiday other than Moriday in the place where payment is to be made then payment stieff be made on the last preceding banking day.
If payment falls due on a Sunday or a Monday Bank Holiday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on next succeeding banking day.

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 68

TO

7. Opening Letter of Credit.

Upon receipt of written instructions from Sellers, the Buyers shall open with Indication the point "by order of: JSOC "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT, Moscow" irrevocable and confirmed Letter of Credit in Favor of United Nations according to format enclosed to the Contracts between JSDC "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT and "SOMO" through the bank acceptable for Sellers and covering each shipment of crude oil. All expenses in connection with opening, confirmation and utilization of Letter of Credit including amendments to be made at written request of Sellers for Buyers' account. Any possible actions of Buyers relating to opening, utilization or amendments of Letter of Credit are subject to prior written consent of Sellers. Buyers' Bank is obliged to send by fax to Sellers copies of opened Letters of Credit and their possible amendments. Sellers have right to control the process of opening and utilization of Letters of Credit.

Each Party bears full responsibility for proper fulfillment of their obligations under present Contract

All disputes or differences which may arise out of this Contract will be solved by Parti amicable way. If an amicable way of settlement is not possible, all disputes or differences which may arise out of or in connection with the present Contract shall be referred, jurisdiction of ordinary

courts being excluded, to arbitration.

The arbitration shall be organized as follows:

The Party which intends to submit the dispute or difference to arbitration shall notify the other Party.

the rarry which intends to supplie the despute to dimensions to abundation shall follow in spring the party by a registered letter stating the name, and surname of the arbitrator, who may be a citizen of any country, and his address as well as stating the subject of the dispute, the number and/or date of the Contract. The other Party must appoint their arbitrator within 30 days on receipt of such letter who may also be a citizen of any country, informing the Party concerned also by a registered letter of his name, surname, and address

name, summers, and sources, if the Party summoned to arbitration fells to appoint their arbitrator within the said period of time, an arbitrator shall be appointed by the Chamber of Commerce in Stockholm, Sweden for this Party at the request of the other Party.

The appointment shall be made within 30 days on receipt of the appropriate application from

the party, which submitted the dispute to arbitration.

Both arbitrators must appoint an umpire within 30 days after their appointment.

If the arbitrators fall to appoint the umpire within the said period he shall be appointed by Chamber of Commerce in Stockholm at the request of any of the Parties.

Seat of Arbitration shall be Stockholm, Swaden, English Language to be used.

The award of the Arbitration shall be made by majority of votes on the basis of the terms and conditions of the present Contract and in conformity with the rules of law to be applied pursuant to the rule of conflict of laws of Sweden. The Arbitration may also additionally utilize eccepted international trade customs.

The award shall be motivated and indicate the composition of the Arbitration, the date and the

place when and where the award was made and appointment of the arbitration expenses between the Parties. The Arbitration award shall be made within 2 months from the date of election or appointment of the umpire and is final and binding for both parties.

9.Other Considerations.

All other terms and conditions not mentioned above shall be in accordance with corresponding

"SOMO" – JSOC "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT, Moscow contracts (to be send to Buyers).

The entire deal is done subject to "BOMO" confirmation, demurage, it any, will be paid if "SOMO" accept it and upon receipt of the funds from "SOMO", otherwise there will be no responsibility for demurage from Sellers. If any other expenses arise in connection with fulfillment of the present Contract and they are not confirmed and paid by "SOMO" they will be for Buyers' account.

The present Contract comes into force from the date of signing. The validity of this Contract shall continue as long as corresponding Contracts between JSOC "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT and "SOMO" are valid and with regards to payment obligations until their full completion.

10.Legal Addresses.

07-24-2000 09:12RM FROM

TO

7132248101 P.05

10.Legal Addresses.

Sellers -RUSNAFTAIMPEX (BVI) LIMITED

Buyers - BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

C/O Jardine House, 1 Weeley Str., St.Heller Jersey, JE4 8HD, Channel Islands United Kingdom Tel::44 01534 888111 Fax:44 01534 88115

P.O.Box CB 12918 Nassau, Beghamas

tel.: 242 362 4731 fex; 242 362 4733 fx; 20644

For Sellers A. Milovanov Director, Moscow Representation Office

For Buyers D.B. Chairners Jr.- President

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 $\begin{array}{ll} & \text{for } c \in \mathcal{F}(\mathcal{G}_{k}^{k}) \\ & \text{for } c \in \mathcal{F}(\mathcal{G}_{k}^{k}) \\ & \text{for } c \in \mathcal{F}(\mathcal{G}_{k}^{k}) \end{array}$

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TOTAL P.05

SNT 014955 SNT 014955 08-22-2000 07:18AM FROM

TO

CONTRACT

Moscow

July11, 2000

Between RUSNAFTAIMPEX (BVI) UMITED, United Kingdom, hereinafter referred to as "Seller," and Messers BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED", Nassau, Bahamse, hereinafter referred to as Buyers" and agreed as follows:

1.Object of Contract.

Sellers have sold and Buyers have bought FOB Mina Al Bakr about 8,000,000 barrels of Iraq crude oil to be delivered in the frame of 8th period of United Natione program "Oil for food" subject to actual contractual quantities under the contracts between JSOC "RUSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT and "SOMO".

2. Quantity.

About 6,000,000 barrels of Basrah Light Crude Oil ex Mina Al Bakr of normal quality usually available at mentioned port.

3. Time of Delivery.

Deliveries are to be effected:

2,000,000 barrels

July 2000

4,000,000 barrels 2,000,000 barrels August 2000 by end of phase 8 period

The lifting program is subject to SOMO approval!

4. Destination.

Deliveries or mentioned quantities of iraq crude oil will be effected to USA, However the actual port of destination will be agreed between Parties for each particular shipment subject to "SOMO" confirmation.

5. Price.

a) Official selling price of "SOMO" for Basrah Light Crude Oll ex Mina Al Bakr for corresponding destination with A. P. I. escalation de-escalation effective for month of delivery plus a PREMIUM per net US barrelagreed between Sellers and Buyers for each sauge, so seems in the Addendum...

Page 1

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 69

SNT 017014

0 7132248101 P.04

b) The final unit price for Basrah Light Crude Oils shall be rounded off to three (3) decimal places to be increased to the next digit whenever the fourth decimal place is five or greater than five.

6. Payment

Payment to be effected on the 30th day from Bill of Lading date (B/L date = day one) in US Dollars without any offset or deduction by telegraphic transfer in two parts:

- 1) Value of "SOMO" Invoice at official selling price to "Banque National De Paris, S.A., New York branch, telex No: 6737018 per corresponding Letter of Credit.
- Balance amount in US Dollars per net barrel of delivered crude oil to be transferred to account in the bank to be designated by Sellers.

Payment shall be made upon presentation of Seller's Invoice and usual shipping documents (including full set of properly issued or endorsed original Bills of Lading), or Sellers Letter of Indemnity, in format acceptable to Buyer, in lieu of missing documents (telex/fax of invoice/LOI acceptable).

if payment falls due on a Saturday or Bank Holiday other than Monday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on the last preceding banking day.

If payment falls due on a Sunday or Monday Bank Holiday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on next succeeding banking day.

7. Opening Letter of Credit.

Upon receipt of written instructions from Sellers, the Buyers shall open with indication the point "by order of JSOC"ROSNEFTEIMPEX NK ROSNEFT, Moscow" irrevocable and confirmed Letter of Credit in favor of United Nations according to format enclosed to the Contracts between JSOC "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT and "SOMO" through the bank acceptable for Sellers and covering each shipment of crude oil. All expenses in connection with opening, confirmation end utilization of Letter of Credit including amendments to be made at written request of Sellers are for Buyers' account. Any possible actions of Buyers relating to opening, utilization or amendments of Letter of Credit are subject to prior written consent of Sellers. Buyers' Bank is obliged to send by fax to Sellers copies of opened Letters of Credit end their possible amendments.

Sellers have right to control the process of opening and utilization of Letters of Gredit.

S. Law and Jurisdiction.

स्वरंभ ल्यान्त्रे अवशेष्य रामः विषयनगर्धात्राधि का वृत्तिवृत्ता गामान्यवर वर व्यवस्थ कार्यव्यवस्था under present Contract

All disputes or differences which may arise out of this Contract will be solved by Parties in an amicable way if on amicable way of settlement is not possible, all dispute

Page 2

Shows

SNT 017015 SNT 017015

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or differences which may arise out of or in connection with the present Contract shall be referred, jurisdiction of ordinary courts being excluded, to arbitration

The arbitration shall be organized as follows:

The Party which intends to submit the dispute or difference to arbitration shall notify the other Party by a registered letter stating the name, and surname of the arbitrator, who may be a citizen of any country, and his address as well as stating the subject of the dispute, the number and/or date of the contract. The otter Party must appoint their arbitrator within 30 days on receipt of much letter who may also be a citizen of any country, informing the Patty concerned also by a registered letter of his name, surname, and address.

if the Party summoned to arbitration fails to appoint their arbitrator within the said period of time, an arbitrator shall be appointed by the Chamber of Commerce in Stockholm, Sweden for this Party at the request of the Other Party

The appointment shall be made within 30 days on receipt of the appropriate

application from the party, which submitted the dispute to arbitration.

Both arbitrators must appoint an umpire within 30 days offer their appointment. if the arbitrators fall to appoint the umpire within the said period he shall be appointed by Chamber of Commerce in Stockholm at the request of any of the Parties.

Seat of Arbitration shall be Stockholm, Sweden. English Language to be used. The sward of the Arbitration shall be made by majority of votes on the basis of the terms and conditions of the Present Contract and in conformity with the rules of law to be applied pursuant to the rule of conflict of laws of Sweden. The Arbitration may also additionally utilize generally accepted international trade customs.

The award shall be motivated and indicate the composition of the Arbitration, the date and the place when and where the award was made and appointment of the arbitration expenses between the Parties. The Arbitration award shall be mode within 2 months from the date of election or appointment of the umpire and is final and binding for both parties.

9. Other Considerations.

All other term; and conditions not mentioned above shall be in accordance with corresponding "\$OMO" - JSOC ROSNEFTEIMPEX NK ROSNEFT, Moscow contracts (to be send to Buyer.)

The entire deal is done subject to "SOMO" confirmation, demurrage, if any, will be paid if 'SOMO" accept it and upon receipt of the funds from "SOMO" otherwise there will be no reaponsibility for demurrer from Seller's. If any other expenses arise in connection with fulfillment of the present Contract and they are not confirmed and paid by "80MO they will be for Buyers' account

The present Contract comes into force from the date of signing. The validity of this Contract shell continue as long as corresponding Contract between JSOC "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT and "SOMO" are valid and with regards to payment obligations until their full completion.

Page 3

SNT 017016 SNT 017016

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TO

P.02

10. Legal Addresses

Sellers RUSNAFTAIMPEX (BVI) LIMITED c/o Jardine House, 1 Wesley St., St. Heller Jersey, JE4 8HD, Channel Islands United Kingdom Tel: +44 01534 885111 Fex: +44 01534 88118

Buyers — BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED P.O. Box CB 12918, Nassau, Bahamas

Tel: +1 242 362 4731 Fax: +1 242 362 4733 Tlx: 20644

For Sellers:
A. Milovanov
Director, Moscow Representation Office

For Buyers: David B. Chaimers, Jr. President

SNT 017017 SNT 017017 07/12/2000 00:58 +7-095-941 9035

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PAGE 82

CONTRACT

Moscow

July 11, 2000

Between JSOC "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT, Moscow, hereinafter referred to as "Sellers" and Massers "BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED", Nassau, Bahamas, hereinafter referred to as "Buyers" and agreed as follows:

1. Object of Contract.

Setters have sold and Buyers have bought F.O.R. Mina Al Bakr about 8 000 000 barrels of traq crude oil to be delivered in the frame of 8th period of United Nations program "Oil for food" subject to actual contractual quantities under the contracts between JSOC "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT and "SOMO".

2. Quantity.

About 8 000 000 barrels of Basrah Light Crude Oil ex Mina Al Bakr of normal quality usually available at mentioned port.

3. Time of Delivery.

Deliveries are to be effected:

2 000 000 barrels

July 2000

4 000 000 barrels

August 2000

2 000 000 barrels (Subject agreement of the price) by end of Phase 8 period

4. Destination.

Deliveries of mentioned quantities of Iraq crude oil will be effected to USA. However the actual port of destination will be agreed between Parties for each particular shipment subject to "SOMO" confirmation.

5. Price.

a) Official selling price of "SOMO" for Basrah Light Crude Oil ex Mina Al Bakr for corresponding destination with A.P.I, escalation/ de-escalation effective for month of delivery plus US Dollars 0,02 per net US barrel.

b) The final unit price for Basrah Light Crude Oils shall be rounded off to three (3) decimal places to be increased to the next digit whenever the fourth decimal place is five or greater than five. Price for the last 2 000 000 BBLs to be agreed additionally.

6. Payment,

Payment to be effected on the 30th day from Bill of Lading date (B/L date=one day) in US Dotlars without any offset or deduction by telegraphic transfer in two parts:

1) Value of "SOMO" invoice at official selling price to "Banque National De Paris S.A., New York Branch, telex Ne6737018 per corresponding Letter of Credit.

2) Balance amount (0,02 US Dotlars per net barrel of delivered crude oil) to be transferred to account in the bank to be designated by Sellers.

Payment shall be made upon presentation of Selters' invoice and usual shipping documents (including full set of property issued or endorsed original Bills of Lading), or Sellers' Letter of indemnity, in format acceptable to Buyer, in lieu of missing documents (telex/fax of invoice/LOI acceptable).

acceptance).
If payment falls due on a Saturday or Bank Holiday other than Monday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on the last preceding banking day.
If payment falls due on a Sunday or a Monday Bank Holiday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on next succeeding banking day.

SNT 015622

7. Opening Letter of Credit in Favor of United Nations and Transfer of Amounts Due to JSOC "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT

Upon receipt of written instructions from Sellers, the Buyers shall open with indication in the point "by order of JSOC "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT, Moscow" irrevocable and confirmed Letter of Credit in Favor of United Nations according to format enclosed to the Contracts between JSOC "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT and "SOMO" through the bank acceptable for Sellers and covering each shipment of crude oil. All expenses in connection with opening, confirmation and utilization of Letter of Credit Including amendments to be made at written request of Sellers for Buyers' account. Any possible actions of Buyers relating to opening, utilization or amendments of Letter of Credit are subject to prior written consent of Sellers. Buyers' Bank is obliged to send by fax to Sellers copies of opened Letters of Credit and their possible amendments.

Sellers have right to control the process of opening and utilization of Letters of Credit.

8. Law and Jurisdiction.

Each Party bears full responsibility for proper fulfillment of their obligations under present

All disputes or differences which may arise out of this Contract will be solved by Parties In an amicable way. If an amicable way of settlement is not possible, all disputes or differences which may arise out of or in connection with the present Contract shall be referred, jurisdiction of ordinary courts being excluded, to arbitration.

The arbitration shall be organized as follows:

The Party which intends to submit the dispute or difference to arbitration shall notify the other Party the Party which fittened to subtilit the dispute of otherspice to arbitrator, who may not other remy by a registered letter stating the name, and sumame of the arbitrator, who may and/or date of the country, and his address as well as stating the subject of the dispute, the number and/or date of the Contract. The other Party thust appoint their erbitrator within 30 days on receipt of such letter who may also be a clizen of any country, informing the Party concerned also by a registered letter of his name, sumame, and address.

name, surname, and accress.

If the Party summoned to arbitration falls to appoint their arbitrator within the said period of time, an arbitrator shall be appointed by the Chamber of Commerce in Stockholm, Sweden for this

Party at the request of the other Party.

The appointment shall be made within 30 days on receipt of the appropriate application from the party, which submitted the dispute to arbitration.

the party, which submitted the dispute to arbitration.

Both arbitrators must appoint an umprise within 30 days after their appointment.

If the arbitrators fall to appoint the umpire within the said period he shall be appointed by Chember of Commerce in Stockholm at the request of any of the Parties.

Seat of Arbitration shall be Stockholm, Sweden. English Language to be used.

The award of the Arbitration shall be made by majority of votes on the basis of the terms and conditions of the present Contract and in conformity with the rules of law to be applied pursuant to the rule of conflict of laws of Sweden. The Arbitration may also additionally utilize generally accepted international trade customs. accepted international trade customs.

The award shall be motivated and indicate the composition of the Arbitration, the date and the

place when and where the award was made and appointment of the arbitration expenses between the Parties. The Arbitration award shall be made within 2 months from the date of election or appointment of the umpire and is final and binding for both parties.

9. Other Considerations.

All other terms and conditions not mentioned above shall be in accordance with corresponding "SOMO" – JSOC "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT, Moscow contracts (to be send by Buyers).

The entire deal is done subject to "SOMO" confirmation, denurrage, if any, will be paid if "SOMO" accept it and upon receipt of the funds from "SOMO", otherwise there will be no responsibility for demurrage from Sellers. If any other expenses arise in connection with fulfillment of the present Contract and they are not confirmed and paid by "SOMO" they will be for Buyers' account.

The present Contract comes into force from the date of signing, The validity of this Contract shall continue as long as corresponding Contracts between JSOC "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT and "SOMO" are valid and with regards to payment obligations until their full completion.

SNT 015623

07/12/2000 00:58 +7-095-94*5935

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PAGE 04

10.Legal Addresses.

Sellers - JSOC "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" LIMITED NK ROSNEFT Russia, Moscow, 113813 B. Yakimanka Street bld. 33/13 Tel.: 7(095) 152 97 51; 151 44 62 / 238 84 02 Fax: 7(095) 941 60 35 / 929 61 40 tbx:: 612303 VATH

Buyers - BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING

P.O.Box CB 12918 Nassau, BAGHAMAS

tel.: 242 362 4731 fax: 242 362 4733 tlx: 20644

Account No 40702840100010006227 with INTERNATIONAL MOSCOW BANK, MOSCOW

For Sellers
D.I. KOSSAREV
Deputy Director General

Alloea

For Buyers D.B. Chalmers Jr.- President

SNT 015624 SNT 015624

TO

Addendum Nol to contract dated July 11, 2000 between Ruenaftimpex" (BVI) United Kingdom and Messrs. 'Bayoli Supply & Trading Limited, Nassau, Bahamas

Moscow

July 26, 2000

In accordance with contract dated July 11. 2000 regarding 8,000,000 barrels of Basrah Light crude oil ex Mina Al Bakr, the price of cargoes to be delivered in the frame of 8 period will be official selling price of SOMO for "Basrah Light" for US destination(or any other destination that may be agreed there after) plus premium per net US barrels of USD 0,24 (twenty four cents)

Value of 80M0 invoice at official selling price will be paid to Bank National de Paris, 9. A., New York as per corresponding Letter of Credit.

Balance amount in US dollars per net barrel of delivered crude oil will be tranferred by Buyers to account in the bank to be designated by Sellers against Sellers invoice in the following way.

USD 0.12 in advance upon SOMO's acceptance of vessel nomination USD 0.12, on the 30^{th} day from Bill of Lading date (B/L date = day one)

Seliers RUSNAFTAIMPEX (BVI) LIMITED c/o Jardine House, 1 Wesley St., 8t Heller Jersey, JE4 8HD,Channel Islands United Kingdom

United Kingdom Tel: +44 01534 888111 Fax: +44 01534 88118

And

Buyers - BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

P.O. Box CB 12918, Nassau,

Bahamas

Tel: +1 242 362 4731 Fax: +1 242 362 4733

Tix: 20644

For Buyers: David B. Chaimers, Jr.

President

For Seners; A. Milovanov

Director, Moscow Representation Office

PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 70

SNT 017013

ANSMIT REPORT

2000,07-17 09:23 713-224-8101 BRYOIL 713-224-8101

COM No.	REMOTE STATION	START TIME	DURATION	PAGES	RESULT	USER ID	REMARKS
141	+4122 3199228	07-17 09:2	3 00'26	01/01	OK		

7450210182



TO: ATTN:

CREDIT AGRICOLE INDOSUEZ SA, GENEVA

TAREK EL-GOWHARI

FROM:

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

DATE:

JULY 14, 2000

RE:

M/T "BOURGOGNE"/SUB EX MINA AL BAKR – JULY 2000 2,000,000 BBLS BASRAH LIGHT CRUDE OIL

PLEASE EFFECT PAYMENT VALUE MONDAY JULY 17, 2000 TO COVER PREMIUM FOR ABOVE REFERENCED CARGO:

AMOUNT:

USD 240,000.00

TO:

HELLENIC BANK LTD 92 DHIGENIS AKRITAS AVE., P.O. BOX 4529 1300 NICOSIA, CYPRUS

140-07-075660-01

SWIFT: ACCT NO.;

140-07-075660-01

CREDIT:

HAVERHILL TRADING LIMITED

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ASSISTANCE.

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations

PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 71

SNT 015735



TO:

CREDIT AGRICOLE INDOSUEZ SUISSE SA, GENEVA

ATTN:

Mr. Tarek El-Gowhari

FAX:

011-4121-319-9228

FROM:

Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited

DATE:

August 25, 2000

REF:

1,883,963 bbls basrah light ex Mina Al Bakr M/T "Licorne Pacifique" B/L August 3, 2000.

Our Ref. V-50100

Dear Tarek:

Grateful if you could please wire following value Friday September 1, 2000 to cover premium payment for above referenced cargo:

Amount:

US\$212,151.12

To:

UBS AG

Confederation 2 1201 Geneva Switzerland

Credit:

RUSNAFTAIMPEX LTD

Account:

0240-322926

Swift:

UBSWCHZH12A

Thank you for your assistance.

Best regards,

David B. Chalmers, Jr. For and on behalf of

Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

P.O. BOX CB12918 NASSAU, BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TIX: 20644

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 72

SNT 015706

19,414,221.60

19.68

986,495

131,987.51

134,105.910

33.62 API GRAVITY AT 60° F

IRAQ CRUDE OIL (KIRKUK)

MINISTRY OF GIL REPUBLIC OF ITAQ

ાશ

19,414,221.60



Sold to

State Oil Marketing Organization P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq Commercial Inv

Commercial Invoice No.: C/181/2000

Total value in U.S. Dollars Openinig Bank L/c No.: ES00101169 : CK/4822 : 18.8.2000 BNP Confirmation no : B721453 : M/08/85 Price per Barrel FOB Shipment No. Contract No. U.S. Bbls Long Tons : JSOC ROSNEFTEIMPEX NK ROSNEFT, MOSCOW Metric Tons : CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY Description of commodity : WILMINA : HUELVA Country of origin: IRAQ **Exporting Port** Ship's Name Destination

Total U.S. Dollars : <u>Nineteen million four hundred Fourteen Thousand two hundred twenty one and sixty cent</u> Price Calculation: DATED RRENT MINUS \$6.00/BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE BL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$0.23 API DE-ESCALATION

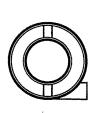
PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PAUS, SA NEW YORK BRANCH FOR EREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT TUNBER DIOA-20173-401-40

B/L DATED 20/7/2000

For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

CRIGINAL

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 73



State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/221/2000

· Rosnet Kimpex nk · Rosnett Moscow M35 RUSSIAN FEDERATION

: MINA AL BAKR TERMINAL : LICORNE PACIFIQUE : NORTH AMERICA

Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination

Sold to

Country of origin: IRAQ

53.

Merche viction

Contract No. Due date

: 1.9.2000

BNP Confirmation no : B721605 : M/08/85

Openinig Bank L/c No.: CIO249220 : BBL/2915 Shipment No.

			Quantity		Price per	Total value
	Description of commodity	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in U.S. Dollars
Property of	RAQ CRUDE OIL (BASRAH LIGHT) 31.79_API GRAVITY AT 60° F	258,971.393	254,880.56	1,883,963	25.283	47 · 632 · 236 · 53
						47 632 236 53

Total U.S. Doliars: FORTY SEVEN MILLION SIX HINDRED, THERY TWO TROUSAND TWO HINDRED THIRETY SIX AND PIFFTY THERE CRAISE.

SIX AND PIFFTY THERE CRAISE.

PICK CALCULATION STATEMENT AND STATEMENTS AND STATEMENT OF THE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE BLIDATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATTY CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$0.22 APPRESENDED.

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PABIS, S.A. NEW TORK BENACH FOR KEEDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT TO NATION TUMBER @200-20175-401-08

B/L DATED 3/8/2000

For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

CRIGINAL



State Oil Marketing Organization P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq Commercial Inv

Commercial Invoice No.: B/231/2000

Due date

: 'ROSNEFTEIMPEN' NK ROSNEFT : MINA AL BAKR TERMINAL

: NORTH AMERICA

Country of origin: IRAQ

: TINA

Exporting Port Ship's Namo Destination

Sold to

: 10.9.2000

BNP Confirmation no : B721900 : M/08/85 Contract No.

Shipment No.

: BBL/2922 PART(2) Openinig Bank L/c No.: 1X00117010020933

		Quantity		Price per	Total value	
Description of commodity	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in U.S. Dollars	
IR AO CRIME OIT						·
(BASRAH LIGHT)	256 515 021	252.462.99	1 857 303	25,389	47 155 065.87	
31.02_API GRAVITY AT 60° F						
						_
					47 155 065 87	

Total U.S. Doliars: FOKTY SEVEN MILLION ONE HUNDRED FIFTY FIVE THOOSAND SIXTY FIVE AND EIGHTY SEVEN CENTS

Price Calculation: WTI (SECOND MONTH) MINUS \$6,30/BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15⁷¹¹
DAY FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$0.29 API DE-ESCALATION PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS. S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-001-08

B/L DATED 12/8/2000

CRIGINAL



State Oil Marketing Organization P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq Commercial Inv

Commercial Invoice No.: C/217/2000

: JSOC ROSNEFTEIMPEX NK ROSNEFT, MOSCOW

: CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY

Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination

Sold to

: INIGO TAPIAS : ALGECIRAS

Country of origin: IRAQ

: 23.9.2000 : M/08/85 Contract No. Due date

Openinig Bank L/c No. ; ES00101186 BNP Confirmation no : B721965

: CK/4855 Shipment No.

Total value	in U.S. Dollars	30,762,203.82		30,762,203.82
Price per	Barrel FOB	30.802		
	U.S. Bbls	998,708		
Quantity	Long Tons	133,321.85		
	Metric Tons	135,461.665		-
	Description of commodity	IRAQ CRUDE OIL (KIRKUK)	33.99 API GRAVITY AT 60° F	

Total U.S. Doliats: THIRTY MILLION SEVEN HUNDRED SIXTY TWO THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED THREE AND EIGHTY TWO CENT

Price Caloulation: DATED BRENT MINUS St. 40:BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$0.20 API DE. ESCALATION PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR KEIDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT UNIBER 0200-20175-201-08

B/L DATED 25/8/2000





State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

: JSOC ROSNEFTEIMPEX NK ROSNEFT, MOSCOW

: CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY

Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination

Sold to

: NORD HOPE : HUELVA

Country of origin: 1RAQ

Commercial Invoice No.: C/231/2000

: 10.10.2000 : M/08/85 Contract No. Due date

Openinig Bank L/c No.: ES00101205 BNP Confirmation no : B72J381

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2		
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2		
2		

		Quantity		Price per	Total value
Description of commodify	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in U.S. Dollars
IRAQ CRUDE OIL (KIRKUK)	135,666.004	133,522.96	997,300	27.568	27,493,566.40
33. 5. API GRAVITY AT 60° F					
					27,493,566.40

Total U.S. Dollars : TWENTY SEVEN MILLION FOUR HUNDRED NINETY THREE THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED SIXTY SIX AND FORTY CENT

Price Calculation: DATED BRENT MINUS \$3,00/BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE BL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$0,25 AFI DE. ESCALATION PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PABIS. S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT VINIBER 6700-201752-001-48

B/L DATED 11/9/2000

CCIGINAL



State Oil Marketing Organization P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq Commercial Inv

Commercial Invoice No.: B/266/2000

: ROSNEFTEIMPEN 'NK ROSNEFT : MINA AL BAKR TERMINAL

> Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination

Sold to

: NORTH AMERICA : BERGE CHIEF

Country of origin: IRAQ

: 11.10.2000 : M/08/85 Contract No. Due date

Openinig Bank L/c No.: C10254620 BNP Confirmation no : B722488

: BBL/2951 Shipment No.

46,979,929.93					
	•				31.28 API GRAVITY AT 60° F
46,979,929.93	24.17	1,943,729	263,792.97	268,026.847	IRAQ CRUDE OIL (BASRAH LIGHT)
in U.S. Dollars	Barrel FOB	U.S. Bbls	Long Tons	Metric Tons	Description of commodity
Total value	Price per		Quantity		3.7

Total U.S. Doliats FORCE. SIX. MILLION. NINE, HINDRED. SERVICITY HINE THOUSAND, NINE, HINDRED NINE
AND NINERY THREE CENTS

AND NINERY THREE CENTS

Price Calculation: WIT (SECOND MONTH) MINUS SA 709BL. AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING PROM THE 15"

DAY FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE NINUS SO. 27 API DE. ESCAMATION.

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-001-08

B/L DATED 12/9/2000

CRIGINAL



State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/248/2000

: JSOC ROSNEFTEIMPEX NK ROSNEFT, MOSCOW

: CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY
: SANDRA TAPIAS
: ALGECIRAS

Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination

Sold to

Country of origin: IRAQ

Due date : 26.10,2000 Contract No. : M/08/85

BNP Confirmation no: B722740
Openinig Bank L/c No: ES00101223

Shipment No. : CK/4883

Ouantity Price ner Total value	
Drice	
Onantity	

		Quantity		Price per	Total value
Description of commodity	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in U.S. Dollars
IRAQ CRUDE OIL (KIRKUK)	134,941.428	132,809.83	994,202	25.734	25,584,794.27
33.87_API GRAVITY AT 60° F					

Total U.S. Dollars: IWENTY FIVE MILLION FIVE HUNDRED EIGHTY FOUR THOUSAND SEVEN HUNDRED NINETY FOUR AND TWENTY SEVEN CENT

Price Calculation: DATED BRENT MINUS \$3.50/BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE BAL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLAITT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$0.21 API DE ESCALATION PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201732-401-48

B/L DATED 27/9/2000

ORIGINAL



State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/261/2000

: 11.11.2000

: JSOC ROSNETTEIMPEX NK ROSNEFT. MOSCOW Dee date

Exporting Post : CEVHAN TERMINAL-TURKEY Ship's Name : Borja taphas /

Sold to

Destination : HUELVA
Country of origin : IRAQ

Contract No. : M/08/85 BNP Confirmation no : B723230 Openinig Bank L/c No.: ES00101251 Shipment No. : CK/4895

		Quantity		Price per	Total value
Description of commodity	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in U.S. Dollars
IRAQ CRUDE OIL					
(KIRKUK)	129 150 965	135 069 57	1 022 134	25 518	26.087.815.41
	130,130.003	10.000,001	1,727,131	27.73	11:010,200,02
34. 57 API GRAVITY AT 60° F					
		West-owners and a second secon			26,082,815.41
				,	

Total U.S. Doliats: TWENTY SIX MILLION EIGHTY TWO THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED FIFTEEN AND FORTY ONE CENT
Price Calculation: DATED BRENT MINUS SS. GOOBB. AYERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM
THE BUL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLAITY'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS SO.14 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0020-20173-201-35-201-35-

B/L DATED 13/10/2000

ORIGINAL



State Oil Marketing Organization P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq Commercial Inv

Commercial Invoice No.: B/315/2000

: NI/08/14 85 : 19.11.2000 Contract No. Due date

: ROSNEFTEIMPEX : NK ROSNEFT : MINA AL BAKR TERMINAL

> Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination

Sold to

: NORTH AMERICA : OLYMPIA SPIRIT

Country of origin: IRAQ

Openinig Bank L/c No.: 1X00117010023770 BNP Confirmation no : 1 723348

: 13BL/2984 Shipment No.

Metric Tons Long Tons U.S. Bbls - Barrel FOB i 321,269.157 316,194.24 2,324,019 25.105			Quantity		Price per	Total value
321,269.157 316,194.24 2,324,019 25.105	Description of commodify	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	i 1 U.S. Dollars
58,344,497.00	IRAQ CRUDE OIL (BASRAH LIGHT) 30.87_API GRAVITY AT 60° F	321,269.157	316,194.24	2,324,019	25.105	\$8,344,497.00
						\$8,344,497.00

Total U.S. Dollars : FIFTY EIGHT MILLION THREE HUNDRED FORTY FOUR THOUSAND FOUR HUNDRED NINETY SEVEN

Price Calculation: WTI (SECOND MONTH) MINUS STOORBEL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 11¹⁷⁸ DAY FROM THE BL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS SO 31 API DE-SECHAMING. PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NIEW YORK BEANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT.

B/L DATED 21/10/2000



Commercial Invoice No.: C/298/2000 State Oil Marketing Organization P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq Commercial Inv

: ISOC ROSNEFFEIMPEX NK ROSNEFT, MOSCOW Exporting Port : CEYHAN TERMINAL - TUREEY

Sold to

: BORJA TAPIAS Ship's Name Destination

: HUBLVA Country of origin: 18:3Q

Contract No. Due date

Openinig Bank L/c No.: E1:00101295 : C:X/4927 Shipment No.

BNP Confirmation no : P724119

		e,
Total value	EURO	35,369,827.43
L	.=	35,3
Price per	Barrel FOB	35.325
П		65
	U.S. Bols	1,001,269
Quantity:	ong rons	33,223.08

135,361.310

34. 53 API GRAVITY AT 60° F

IRAQ CRUDE OIL (KIRKUK)

Metric Tons

Description of commodity

35,369,827.43 TOTAL UNO : THIRTY BIVE AUGLION THREE HINDRED SIXTY WINE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED I'WENTY SEVEN AND FORTY THREE CAN Pric Cricibion: DATED BRENT MINUS 33 20/BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE BL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIREMINUS 5 0.14 API DE-ESCALATION

Payment is to de made to the lunted nations at banque national de pais, sal new york ubanchi for ciedit to the untidd nations fraq account, estend to the untidd nations fraq account, estend the account, account yumers someoness.

B/L D \TED 18 /11/2000

CRIGINAL

07-28-2000 08:04AM FROM

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7132248101 P.01

FROM : VOTUM

PHONE NO. : 929 61 39

JUL, 03 2000 11:24AM P1

RUSNAFTAIMPEX (BVI) LIMITED
C/O Jurdine House. I Wesley Street St. Heller, Jersey. JE4 8HD Channel Islands, UK

INVOICE No. 02/27/07

Contract dtd 11.07.2000, Addendum No.1 dtd 26.07.2000

To: BAYOIL SYPPLY & TRADING LIMITED P.O. Box CB 12918, Nassau, Bahamas

Description: m/t TINA/Sub laycan 10,08,2000 BASRAH LIGHT crude oil ex MINA AL BAKR 2 000 000 BBLS * 0,12

Total amount: \$240,000.00(Two hundred and forty Thousand US Dollars only)

The above mentioned amount should be paid to:

Beneficiary: RUSNAFTAIMPEX LTD

Account No. 0240 322926

Bank: UBS AG, Confederation 2. 1201 Geneve, Switzerland

SWIFT Code: UBSWCHZH12A

Alexei Milovanov Director Moscow Office Representative

> Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 74

SNT 014950

08-14-2000 06:34AM FROM

TO

Spurchauch

32248101 P.01

FROM : VOTUM

PHONE NO. : 929 61 39

JUL. 20 2000 03:25PM P1

RUSNAFTAIMPEX (BVI) LIMITED ("O terdion House, 1 Weekly Execut Di. Hallor, Jasey, 184 Africanstanti Islands, UK

INVOICE No. 05/27/07

Contract dtd 11,07,2000, Addendum No.1 dtd 26,07,2000

To: BAYOIL SYPPLY & TRADING LIMITED P.O. Dox CD 12918, Nesseu, Ballemes

Description: ro/t «BERGE CHIEF»/Sub layean 09.09.2000 BASRAH LIGHT crude oil ex MINA AL BAKR 2 000 000 BBLS * 0,12

Total amount: \$240,000,000Two hundred and forty Thousand US Dollers only)

The above mentioned amount should be paid to:

Beneficiary: RUSNAFTAIMPEX LTD

Account No. 0240 322926

Bank: UBS AG, Confederation 2, 1201 Geneve, Switzerland

SWIFT Code: UBSWCHZH12A

Alexel Miloyanov Director Moscow Office Representative

> SNT 016308 SNT 016308

10/12/2000 17:31 +7-095-9416035 4

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PAGE 86

RUSNAFTIMPEX (BVI) LIMITED C/O Jardine House, 1 Wesley St. Helier, Jersey, JE4 8HD Channel Islands, UK

INVOICE No 14/28/09 dated 28.09.00. Contract dated July 11, 2000, addendum No1 dated 26 July 2000

To: Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited P.O.Box CB 12918, Nassau, Baghamas

<u>Discription</u>: m/t "Olympia Spirit"/Sub laycan 15.10.2000 Basrah Light crude oil ex Mina Al Bakr 2 000 000 bbls* 0,12

Total amount: USD 240, 000, 000 (Two hundred and forty thousand US dollars only)

The above amount should be paid to:

<u>Beneficiary:</u> Rusnaftalmpex LTD

<u>Account No</u>: 0240 322926

<u>Bank:</u> UBS AG, Confederation 2.1201 Geneve, Switzerland

<u>Swift Code</u>: UBSWCHZH12A

Alexei Milovanov Director Moscow Office Representative

Judans

08-24-2000 05:18PM FROM 98/24/2020 20:1/ +/-033-341 00.

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7132248101 P.03

Rusnaflaimpex BVI Limited C/O Jardine House, 1Westley St. Helier, Jersey, JE4 8HD, Channel Islands, UK

Invoice No 07/24/08 Contract dated July 11, 2000, addendum No1 dated 1 July 26, 2000

To: Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited P.O.Box CB 12918, Nassau, Baghamas Stamer: m/t "Licome Pacifique" B/L 03.08.00. ex Al Bakt Discription: Basrah Light crude oil 1,883.963 net bbls

Freunum: USD 0,24 per net bbls Amount: USD 452,151.12

Less Prepayment: USD 240,000.00 Total Annuari USD 217,151 13

Speckend

212,157.12 DUE 9/1/00

The above amount should be paid at 30 days from the B/L date

(include B/L, date) to:

Beneficiary: Rusnaftaimpex LTD

Account No: 0240 322926

Bank: UBS AG, Confederation 2.1201 Geneve, Switzerland

Swift Code: UBSWCHZH12A

Alexsei Milovanov

Director

Moscow office representative

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 75

VAL TH

PAGE 03

RUSNAFTIMPEX:(BVI) LIMITED C/O Jardine House, 1 Wesley St. Helier, Jersey, JE4 8HD Channel Islands, UK

INVOICE No 09/04/09 dated 04.09.2000

Contract dated July 18, 2000, addendum No1 dated 26 July 2000

To: Bayoii Supply and Trading Limited P.O.Box CB 12918, Nassau, Baghamas Steamer, m/t "Tina" B/L 12.08.00.ex Al Bakr Discription: Basrah Light crude oil 1,857.303 net bbls Premium; USD 0,24 per net bbls Amount; USD 445,752.72
Less Prepayment; USD 240,000,00
Total amount; USD 205,752.72

The above amount should be paid at 30 days from the B/L date (including B/L date) to:

<u>Beneficiary:</u> Rusneftaimpex LTD

<u>Account No:</u> 0240.322928

<u>Benk:</u> UBS AG, Confederation 2.1201 Geneve, Switzerland

<u>Swift Code</u>: UBSWCHZH12A

Alexei Milovanov Director Moscow Office Representative

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PAGE 03

RUSNAFTIMPEX (BVI) LIMITED C/O Jardine House, 1 Wesley St. Helier, Jersey, JE4 8HD Channel Islands, UK

INVOICE No 16/13/10 dated 03.10.2000

Contract dated July 18, 2000, addendum No1 dated 26 July 2000

To: Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited P.O.Box CB 12918, Nassau, Baghamas Steamer: m/t "Berge Chief" B/L 12.09.00.ex Al Bakr Discription; Basrah Light crude oil 1,943.729 net bbls Premium: USD 0,24 per net bbls Amount: USD 466,494.96
Less Prepayment: USD 240,000.00
Total amount: USD 225,494.96

The above amount should be paid at 30 days from the B/L date (including B/L date) to Beneficiary: Rusneftaimpex LTD
Account No: 0240 322926
Bank: UBS AG, Confederation 2.1201 Geneve, Switzerland
Swift Code: UBSWCHZH12A

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Alexei Milovanov Director Moscow Office Representative

> SNT 016286 SNT 016286

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PAGE 03

RUSNAFTIMPEX (BVI) LIMITED C/O Jardine House, 1 Wesley St. Helier, Jersey, JE4 8HD Channel Islands, UK

INVOICE No 22/13/11 dated 13.11.00. Contract dated July 11, 2000, addendum No1 dated 26 July 2000

To: Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited P.O.Box CB 12918, Nassau, Bagharnas

Steamer: m/t "Olympia Spirit", B/L 21.10.2000 ex Al Bakr Discription: Basrah Light crude oil 2 324 019 net bbls Premium; USD 0.24 per net bbls Amount: USD 557.764.96 Less Prepayment: USD 240.000.00 Total amount: USD 317.764.56

The above amount should be paid at 30 days from the B/L date (including B/L date)to: Beneficiary; RusnaftaImpex LTD
Account No: 0240 322926
Bank: UBS AG, Confederation 2.1201 Geneve, Switzerland
Swift Code: UBSWCHZH12A

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Alexei Milovanov Director Moscow Office Representative

> SNT 017115 SNT 017115

3:55 PM 87/16/04 Accrual Basis

Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1996 through December 2003

Type	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Spill	Amount	Balance
Gross Sales								
Sales - Oli Produc					V-50100	Accounts Re	17,143,154.15	17,143,154.15
General Journal General Journal	8/31/2000 8/31/2000	Je-Ck-24 Je-Ck-24	CLARK REFINING	Licome Pacific Licome Pacific	V-50100	Accounts Re	16,677,172.40	33.820.328.55
General Journal	8/31/2000	Ja-Ck-24	CLARK REFINING	Licome Pacific	V-50100	Accounts Re	9,917,140.59	43,737,467.14
General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-24	Exxon	Licome Pacific	V-50100	Accounts Ra	15,219,231.50	58,956,698.64
Total Sales - Oil P							58,956,698.64	58,956,698.64
Total Gross Sales							58,956,698,64	58,956,698,64
Cost of Sales								***************************************
Demurrage @ Lig	hter							
General Journal	8/31/2000	Jo-Ck-24	Accruel	Licome Pacific	V-50100	Accounts Re	66,593.75	86,593.75
Deposit	4/17/2001	DEM Ja-Cir-68	Exxon Revenue Accruei	LPACIFIC	V-50100 V-50100	Cash - CAI 1 Estimated C	24,562.50 -30,187.50	91,156.25 60,968.75
General Journal Total Demurrage (12/31/2001	JB-CA-00	Movemen vocame	L. Pacific	A-20 100	CHIMMOU O	60,968.75	80,968,75
Crude Purchases							44,444.11	
General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-24	Accrual	Licome Pacific	V-50100	Accounts Re	-47,632,236.53	-47,632,236.53
Total Crude Purch	202						-47,632,236.53	-47,632,236.53
interest General Journal	8/31/2000	Ja-Ck-24	Accruel	Licome Pacific	V-50100	Accounts Ra	-300,000.00	-300,000.00
Check	9/15/2000	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	LICORNE PACIFIC-9/1-9/	V-50100	Cash - CAI 1	-145,571.71	-445,571,71
Check	9/26/2000	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	LICORNE PACIFIC-9/15	V-50100	Cash - CAI 1	-114,086.36	-559,658.07
Check	9/26/2000	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	LICORNE PACIFIC-9/19	V-50100	Cash - CAI 1	-5,345.33	-565,003.40
Check	9/29/2000	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	LICORNE PACIFIC-9/26	V-50100	Cash - CAi 1	-33,330.16	-596,333.56
Check	9/30/2000 9/30/2000	INT Je-Ck-13	INTEREST CHA	INT-9/8-9/30-LICORNE P L. PACIFIC	V-50100 V-50100	Cash - CAI 1 -SPLIT-	-8,736.51 300.000.00	-807,070,07 70,070,700
General Journal Check	10/2/2000	LOAN	Reverse Accruel FDCED TERM AD	L. PACIFIC-9/29-10/2	V-50100	Cesh - CAI 1	-11,827.92	-318,897.99
Check	10/3/2000	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	L. PACIFIC	V-50100	Cash - CAI 1	-1.666.23	-320,564,22
General Journal	10/19/2000		INTEREST CHA	LICORNE PACIFICUE	V-50100	25301/Cerr	-28,216.22	-348,780.44
Check	10/30/2000	LOAN	FEXED TERM AD	L. PACIFIC-9/29-10/30	V-50100	Cash - CAI 1	-13,045.62	-361,826.06
Total Interest							-361,826.06	-361,826.08
Inspection								
General Journal Check	8/31/2000 9/13/2000	Je-Ck-24 INSP	Accruel OIL INSPECTIO	Licome Pacific LICORNE PACIFIC	V-50100 V-50100	Accounts Re Cash - CAI 1	-24,362.19 -13,930.80	-24,362.19 -38,292.99
General Journal	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-13	Reverse Accruel	L. PACIFIC	V-50100	Interest	3,961,69	-34,331,30
General Journal	10/31/2000	Je-Ck-19	Accruel	L. PACIFIC	V-50100	-SPLIT-	-4,797.04	-39,128.34
Total Inspection							-39,128.34	-39,128.34
Insurance								
General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-24	Accruel	Licome Pacific	V-50100	Accounts Re	-35,000.00	-35,000.00
General Journal	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-13	Accruel	L. PACIFIC	V-50100	Interest	-3,978,39	-38,978.39
Total Insurance							-38,978.39	-38,978.39
L/C Charges Check	7/24/2000	LC	UNITED NATIONS	LICORNE PACIFIQUE	V-50100	Cash - CAI 1	-59,580.00	-59,580.00
Total L/C Charges			OIL I LO I OI I OI I O	DOORNIC 1700 NOOL	*-00100	Cast - Ora 1,	-59,580,00	-59,580.00
Freight							-00,000,00	400,000.00
General Journal	8/31/2000	Ja-Ck-24	Accrual	Licome Pacific	V-50100	Accounts Re	-3,536,680.75	-3,538,680.75
Total Freight							-3,538,680.75	-3,538,680.75
Demurrage General Journal	8/31/2000	Ja-Ck-24	Accrual	Licome Pacific	V-50100			
General Journal	12/31/2001	Ja-Ck-68	Reverse Accruel	L. Pecific	V-50100	Accounts Re Estimated C	-117,715.00 117,715.00	-117,715.00 0.00
Total Demurrage							0.00	0.00
Finance Charges								
Check	7/18/2000	PYMT	HAVERHILL TRA	LICORINE PACIFIC	V-50100	Cash - CAI 1	-15.09	-15.09
Check	7/26/2000	BC	BANK CHARGES	LICORNE PACIFIQUE	V-50100	Cash - CAI 1	-115.00	-130.00
General Journal	8/31/2000	Jo-Ck-24	Accrual	Licorne Pacific	V-50100	Accounts Re	-53,000.00	-53,130.09
Check	9/1/2000	PYMT	ROSNEFT IMPEX	LICORNE PACIFIQUE	V-50100	Cash - CAI 1	-52,768.47	-105,898.56
Check Check	9/1/2000 9/12/2000	PYMT BC	RUSNAFTAMPE BANK CHARGES	LICORNE PACIFIQUE LICORNE PACIFIC	V-50100 V-50100	Cash - CAI 1	-14,59	-105,913.15
Check	9/13/2000	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	LICORNE PACIFIC	V-50100 V-50100	Cash - CAI 1 Cash - CAI 1	-14.19 -14.14	-105,927.34 -105,941.48
Check	9/13/2000	BC	BANK CHARGES	LICORNE PACIFIC	V-50100	Cash - CAI 1	-14.17	-105,941.46 -105,955,65
Check	9/19/2000	FREIGHT	COSCOL MARIN	LICORNE PACIFIC	V-50100	Cash - CAI 1	-14.06	-105,969.71
Deposit	9/29/2000	REV	Exxon	LICORNE PACIFI	V-50100	Cash - CAI 1	-82.40	-106,052.11
Deposit	9/29/2000	REV	CLARK REFINING	LICORNE PACIFIC	V-50100	Cash - CAI 1	-84.45	106,136.56
Check Check	9/29/2000 9/29/2000	LOI	CLARK REFINING CLARK REFINING	LICORNE PACIFIC LICORNE PACIFIC	V-50100 V-50100	Cosh - CAI 1	-605.00	-106,741.56
Check	9/29/2000	LOI	CLARK REPINING	LICORNE PACIFIC	V-50100 V-50100	Cash - CAI 1 Cash - CAI 1	-605.00 -605.00	-107,346.56
General Journal	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-13	Reverse Accrusi	L. PACIFIC	V-50100	interest	-605.00 53.000.00	-107,951.56 -54,951.56
Deposit	10/3/2000	REV	Excen	L. PACIFIC	V-50100	Cash - CAI 1	-81.50	-55,033,08
Deposit	10/3/2000	REV	CLARK REFINING	L. PACIFIC	V-50100	Cash - CAI 1	-85.59	-55,118.65
			Parmanent Subc	ommittee on Investige	tions			Page

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 76

3:56 PM 67/16/64 Accruel Mania

Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1896 through December 2003

Тура	Date	Nom	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Check	10/4/2000	LOI	Exxon	L. PACIFIC	V-50100	Cash - CAI 1	-605.00	-86,723.6
Check	10/10/2000	PYMT	MTL PETROLIN	L. PACIFIC	V-50100	Cash - CAI 1	-14.27	-86,737.90
Check	12/7/2000	INSP	CALES BRETT U	L. PACIFIC	V-50100	Cash - CAI 1	-14.76	-56,752.8
Deposit	1/11/2001	DEM	CLARK REFINING	L. PACIFIC	V-50100	Cash - CAI 1	-20.00	-66,772.6
Total Finance Cha	arges						-55,772.68	-55,772.6
Commissions - P								
Check	7/18/2000	PYMT	HAVERHILL TRA	LICORINE PACIFIC	V-50100	Cesh - CAI 1	-240,000.00	-240,000.0
General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-24	Accruei	Licome pecific	V-50100	Accounts Re	-212,151.12	-452,151.1
Check	9/1/2000	PYMT	rusnaftampe	LICORNE PACIFIQUE	V-50100	Cash - CAI 1	-212,151.12	-864,302.2
General Journal	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-13	Reverse Accruel	L. PACIFIC	V-50100	Inforest	212,151.12	-462,151.1
Total Commission							-452,151.12	-452,151.1
Lightering Charg General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-24	Accruel	Licome Pecific	V-50100	Accounts Re	-982,999,85	-082,999,8
Total Lightering C		30-CK-21	- Connie	Could Leone	4-30100	ACCOUNTS AU	-982 999 85	-882,900,8
	nargas							
otal Cost of Sales							-53,100,384.97	-53,100,384.9
Commissions General Journal	8/15/2000		COMMISSIONS	LICORNE PACIFICUE	V-50100	25301/Carr	-1.342.32	-1,342.3
General Journal	8/18/2000		COMMISSIONS	LICORNE PACIFICOUE	V-50100	25301/Carr	-1.342.32	-2,684.6
General Journal	8/21/2000		COMMISSIONS	LICORNE PACIFICUE	V-50100	25301/Cerr	-1.342.32	-4,026.9
General Journal	8/22/2000		COMMISSIONS	LICORNE PACIFICUE	V-50100	25301/Carr	-1,342,32	-5,369.2
General Journal	8/23/2000		COMMISSIONS	LICORNE PACIFICUE	V-50100	25301/Cerr	-1.342.32	-6,711.0
General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-24	Accruel	Licome Pacific	V-50100	Accounts Re	-15.000.00	-21,711,8
General Journal	9/13/2000	24-CK-24	COMMISSIONS	LICORNE PACIFICUE	V-50100	25301/Cerr	-696.15	-22,407,7
General Journal	9/14/2000		COMMISSIONS	LICORNE PACIFICUE	V-50100	25301/Cerr	-696.15	-23,103.9
General Journal	9/15/2000		COMMISSIONS	LICORNE PACIFIQUE	V-50100	25301/Cerr	-2,559.69	-25,663.5
General Journal	9/18/2000		COMMISSIONS	LICORNE PACIFICILE	V-50100	25301/Carr	-767.55	-26,431,1
General Journal	9/19/2000		COMMISSIONS	LICORNE PACIFICUE	V-50100	25301/Cerr	-767.55	-27,196.6
General Journal	9/20/2000		COMMISSIONS	LICORNE PACIFICUE	V-50100	25301/Carr	-2.449.02	-29,647,7
General Journal	9/21/2000		COMMISSIONS	LICORNE PACIFIQUE	V-50100	25301/Cerr	-242.76	-29,890.4
General Journal	9/72/2000		COMMISSIONS	LICORNE PACIFICUE	V-50100	25301/Cert	-242.76	-30,133,2
General Journal	9/25/2000		COMMISSIONS	LICORNE PACIFICUE	V-50100	25301/Cerr	-242.76	-30,375.0
General Journal	9/25/2000		COMMISSIONS	LICORNE PACIFIQUE	V-50100	25301/Gerr	-242.76	-30,0
General Journal	9/26/2000		COMMISSIONS	LICORNE PACIFIQUE	V-50100	25301/Carr	-242.76	-30,
General Journal	9/27/2000		COMMISSIONS	LICORNE PACIFIQUE	V-50100	25301/Carr	-10.71	-30,8,
General Journal	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-13	Accruni	L. PACIFIC	V-50100	interest	8,997.90	-21,874.3
General Journal	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-13	Aconsi	L. PACIFIC	V-50100	interest	-1,303,80	-23,178.1
Deposit	10/5/2000	90-CW-13	COMMISSIONS	LICORNE PACIFIQUE	V-50100	25301/Cerr	6,002,10	-17,176,0
General Journal	10/9/2000		COMMISSIONS	LICORNE PACIFIQUE	V-50100	25301/Cert	-12,004,20	-29,180,2
General Journal	10/31/2000	Je-Ck-19	Reverse Accrual	L. PACIFIC	V-50100	Inspection	7.305.90	-21,874,3
General Journal	11/17/2000	20-04-13	NOTION ALCOHOL	LICORNE PACIFICUE	V-50100	-SPLIT-	3,375,12	-18,400.2
General Journal	11/17/2000			LICORNE PACIFIQUE	V-50100	Commissions	-3,375.12	-21,874,3
otal Commissions							-21,874.32	-21,874.3
iedge Gain ((Loss)								
General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-24	Accruel	Licome Pacific	V-50100	Accounts Re	-7,812,100,00	-7,812,100.0
General Journal	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-13	Accrual	L. PACIFIC	V-50100	interest	-134,154.00	-7,946,254.0
General Journal	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-13	Accruel	L. PACIFIC	V-50100	Interest	1,190,040.00	-6,756,214.0
General Journal	10/31/2000	Je-Ck-19	Reverse Accruel	L. PACIFIC	V-50100	Inspection	134,154.00	6,622,080.0
General Journal	11/13/2000			LICORNE PACIFIQUE	V-50100	-SPLIT-	-7,812,100.00	-14,434,160.0
General Journal	11/13/2000			LICRONE PACIFIQUE	V-50100	Hedge Gain	1,190,040.00	-13,244,120.0
General Journal	11/17/2000			LICORNE PACIFIQUE	V-50100	Commissions	-1,190,040.00	-14,434,160.0
General Journal	11/21/2000			LICORNE PACIFIQUE	V-50100	-SPLIT-	1,190,040.00	-13,244,120.0
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-26	Reverse Accruel	LPACIFIC	V-50100	Mark to Market	6,622,060.00	-6,622,060.0
otel Hedge Gein /(L	064)						-6,622,060.00	-6,622,060.0
AL.							-787,820,66	-787,620.6

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Bayoll Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1996 through December 2003

Type	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Gross Sales								
Sales - Oli Produc	ts							
General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-23	MARATHON	Tine-2	V-50095	Accounts Re	22,776,522.50	22,776,522,50
General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-23	CLARK REFINING	Ting-2	V-50095	Accounts Re	15.839.752.40	38,616,274,90
General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-23	VALERO MARKE	Tina-2	V-50095	Accounts Re	15,741,112.34	54,357,387.24
General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-23	CLARK REFINING	Tino-2				
					V-60095	Accounts Re	15,708,727.70	70,066,114.94
Deposit	10/3/2000	REV	CLARK REFINING	TINA-2	V-50095	Benque Cen	15,708,100.00	85,774,214.9
Deposit	10/6/2000	REV	MARATHON	TINA-2	V-50095	Banque Can	4,296.77	85,778,511.71
General Journal	10/31/2000	Ja-Ck-16	Reverse Accruel	Tina-2	V-50095	-SPLIT-	-15,708,727.70	70,069,784,01
Total Sales - Oil Pr	oducts						70,069,784.01	70,069,784.01
Total Gross Sales							70,069,784.01	70,069,784.01
Cost of Sales Pipeline Charges								
Check	8/23/2000	PYMT	SUMED	TINA-2	V-50095	Banque Can	-161,400,00	-161,400,00
General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-23	Aporual	Tine-2	V-50095	Accounts Re	14,059,73	-147,340,27
		********	rouge	144.5	4-20000	ACCOMING NO		
Total Pipeline Char Crude Purchases	Bos						-147,340.27	-147,340.27
General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-23	Accruel	Tina-2	V-50095	Accounts Re	-59,849,565.87	-59,849,565.87
Total Crude Purcha	368					•	-59,849,565.87	-59,849,565.87
Interest								
General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-23	Accruel	Tine-2	V-50095	Accounts Re	-300,000,00	-300,000,00
Check	9/30/2000	INT	INTEREST CHA	TNA-2	V-50095	Banque Cen	-308,048.36	
General Journal	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-10		TINA-2				-608,048.36
Check			Reverse Accruel		V-50095	-SPLIT-	300,000.00	-308,048.36
	12/31/2000	INT	INTEREST CHA	TINA-2	V-50095	Banque Cen	-52,845.20	-360,893.56
Total interest						,	-360,893,56	-360,893.56
Inspection								
General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-23	Accrual	Tine-2	V-50095	Accounts Re	-36.340.98	-36,340,98
General Journal	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-10	Accruel	TINA-2	V-50095	Interest	-8,335,12	-44,676,10
Check	10/27/2000	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	TINA-2	V-\$0095	Banque Can	-10.096.56	-54,772.86
Check	10/27/2000	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	TINA-2	V-50095	Banque Can	-25,485,30	
General Journal	10/31/2000	Je-Ck-16	Reverse Accruel	Tine-2	V-50095	Sales - Oil P		-80,257.96
Check	9/12/2001	INSP	INSPECTORATE	TINA-2			35,581.86	-44,676.10
Check		INSP			V-50095	Banque Cun	-2,021.77	-46,697.87
	9/12/2001		INSPECTORATE	TINA-2	V-50095	Banque Cen	-1,889,94	-48,587.81
Check	9/12/2001	INSP	INSPECTORATE	TINA-2	V-50095	Banque Can	-1,884,97	-50,472,78
General Journal	9/30/2001	Jo-Ck-54	Reverse Accrual	TINA-2	V-50095	Estimated C	6.369.24	-44,103,54
Check	2/7/2002	INSP	OBC SHIPPING I	TINA-2	V-50095	Banque Can	-817.50	-44,921,04
Check	2/7/2002	INSP	OBC SHIPPING I	TINA-2	V-50095	Banque Can	-352.44	
T-1-10		,,,,,	000 0/ m / m/O I	14072	4-00000	Densing Central		-45,273.48
Total Inspection Insurance							-45,273.48	-45,273.48
General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-23	Accruel	**** A				
General Journal				Tine-2	V-50095	Accounts Re	-32,000.00	-32,000.00
	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-10	Accruel	TINA-2	V-50095	interest	-8,262.72	-40,262.72
Total Insurance							-40,262.72	-40,262.72
L/C Charges								
Check	8/3/2000	LC	UNITED NATIONS	TINA-2	V-50095	Banque Can	-37,590.00	-37.590.00
Check	8/4/2000	LC	UNITED NATIONS	TINA-2	V-50095	Banque Can	-10,225.00	-47,815,00
Total L/C Charges						-	-47.815.00	-47,815,00
Freight							•	,
General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-23	Accruel	Tina-2	V-50095	Accounts Re	-4,600,066,83	-4,600,066,83
Total Freight							-1,600,066.83	-1,600,066,83
Demurrage								.,,
	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-23	Accrual	Tine-2	11.500			
	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-23	Accrusi		V-50095	Accounts Re	-231,345.83	-231,345.83
				Tina-2	V-50095	Accounts Re	33,861,11	-197,484.72
	11/13/2000	DEM	NORTH CARIBB	TNA-2	V-50095	Banque Can	-249,437,50	-446.922.22
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-24	Reverse Accrusi	Tina-2	V-50095	Estimated C	231,345,83	-215,576,30
								-2.10,010,00
Total Demurrage							-215,576.39	-215,576,30

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Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1996 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Gross Sales								
Sales - Oil Produ	cts							
General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-23	MARATHON	Tine-2	V-50095	Accounts Re	22,776,522.50	22,776,522.50
General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-23	CLARK REFINING	Tina-2	V-50095	Accounts Re	15,839,752.40	38,516,274,90
General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-23	VALERO MARKE	Ting-2	V-50095	Accounts Re	15,741,112,34	54,357,387,24
General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-23	CLARK REFINING	Tine-2	V-50095	Accounts Re	15,708,727,70	70.066.114.94
Deposit	10/3/2000	REV	CLARK REFINING	TINA-2	V-50095	Banque Can	15,708,100.00	85,774,214,94
Decosit	10/6/2000	REV	MARATHON	TINA-2	V-50095	Banque Can	4,296.77	85,778,511,71
General Journal	10/31/2000	Je-Ck-16	Reverse Accruel	Tina-2	V-50095	-SPLIT-	-15,708,727,70	70,069,784.01
Total Sales - Oil F	Products						70,069,784.01	70,069,784.91
Total Gross Sales							70,069,784.01	70,069,784.01
Cost of Sales Pipeline Charges								
Check	8/23/2000	PYMT	SUMED	TINA-2	V-50095	Banque Cen	-161,400,00	-161,400.00
General Journal	8/31/2000	Jo-Ck-23	Accruel	Tina-2	V-50095	Accounts Re	14,059.73	-147,340.27
Total Pipeline Ch	espec						-147,340.27	-147,340.27
Crude Purchases General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-23	Accruel	Tina-2	V-50095	Accounts Re	ED 840 EEE 97	50 a 40 506 a7
Total Crude Purch		30-04-23	Accium	1 11111-12	4-20092	ACCOUNTS PO	-59,849,565.87 -59,849,565.87	-59,849,565.87 -59,849,565,87
Interest	12505						~39,649,303.0 <i>1</i>	18.600,840,40-
General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-23	Acerual	Tine-2	V-50095	Accounts Re	-300,000,00	-300,000,00
Check	9/30/2000	INT	INTEREST CHA	TINA-2	V-50095	Banque Can	-308,048.36	-608,048,36
General Journal	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-10	Reverse Accruei	TINA-2	V-50095	-SPLIT-	300,000,00	
Check	12/31/2000	INT	INTEREST CHA	TINA-2	V-50095	Banque Can	-52,845.20	-308,048.36 -360,893.56
Total Interest	120112000	***	attended; Office	18002	¥-00050	Darque Car		
Inspection							-360,893,56	-360,893.56
General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-23	Account	Tine-2	V-50095	Accounts Ra	-36,340,98	-36,340,98
General Journal	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-10	Accruel	TINA-2	V-50095	interest	-8,335.12	-44,676,10
Check	10/27/2000	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	TINA-2	V-50095	Banque Can	-10.096.56	-54,772.66
Check	10/27/2000	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	TINA-2	V-50095	Banque Can	-25.485.30	-80,257,96
General Journal	10/31/2000	Je-Ck-16	Reverse Accruel	Tine-2	V-50095	Sales - Oil P	35,581,86	-44,676,10
Check	9/12/2001	INSP	INSPECTORATE	TNA-2	V-50095	Banque Cen	-2,021.77	-46,697.87
Check	9/12/2001	INSP	INSPECTORATE	TINA-2	V-50095	Banque Can	-1.889.94	-48,587,81
Check	9/12/2001	INSP	INSPECTORATE	TINA-2	V-50095	Banque Can	-1.884.97	-50,472,78
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-54	Reverse Accrual	TINA-2	V-50095	Estimated C	6.369.24	-44,103,54
Check	2/7/2002	INSP	OBC SHIPPING I	TINA-2	V-50095	Banque Can	-817.50	-44,921,04
Check	2/7/2002	INSP	OBC SHIPPING I	TINA-2	V-50095	Banque Can	-352,44	-45,273,48
Total Inspection							-45,273,48	-45.273.46
insurance							-40,273.40	-45,273,46
General Journal	8/31/2000	Jo-Ck-23	Accrual	Tine-2	V-50095	Accounts Re	-32,000.00	-32,000.00
General Journal	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-10	Accrual	TINA-2	V-50095	Interest	-8.262.72	-40,262,72
Total insurance							-40,262.72	-40.262.72
L/C Charges								
Check	8/3/2000	ŁC	UNITED NATIONS	TINA-2	V-50095	Benque Can	-37.590.00	-37,590,00
Check	8/4/2000	ic	UNITED NATIONS	TINA-2	V-50095	Benque Cen	-10,225.00	-47,815.00
Total L/C Charges	1						-47,815.00	-47,815.00
Freight General Journal	8/31/2000	in the sec						
Total Freight	m3 112000	Je-Ck-23	Accruel	Ting-2	V-50095	Accounts Re	-4,600,066.83	-4,600,066.83
-							-4,600,066.83	-4,600,066.83
Demurrage								
General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-23	Accruei	Tine-2	V-50095	Accounts Re	-231,345.83	-231,345.83
General Journal	8/31/2000	Je-Ck-23	Accruel	Tina-2	V-50095	Accounts Re	33,861.11	-197,484.72
Check	11/13/2000	DEM	NORTH CARIBB	TINA-2	V-50095	Banque Can	-249,437.50	-446,922,22
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-24	Reverse Accruel	Tine-2	V-50095	Estimated C	231,345.83	-215,576.30
Total Demurrage							-215,576.39	-215,576.30
							0,070.00	210,010.30

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Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1996 through December 2003

Type	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
iross Sales								
Sales - Oil Product								
General Journal General Journal	9/30/2000 9/30/2000	Je-Ck-04 Je-Ck-04	PHILLIPS 66	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Accounts Re	14,230,042.06	14,230,042.
General Journal	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-04	CLARK REFINING Excon	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Accounts Re	11,712,096.93	25,942,138.
	9/30/2000			BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Accounts Re	14,767,102.45	40,709,241.
		Je-Ck-04	CLARK REFINING	BERGE CHEIF	V-50105	Accounts Ra	15,919,432.08	56,628,673.
Total Seles - Oil Pr	oducts					-	56,628,673.52	56,628,673.
otal Gross Sales							56,628,673.52	56,628,673.
cost of Sales Pipeline Charges								
Check General Journal	9/21/2000	PYMT Je-Ck-04	SUMED Accruel	BERGE CHIEF BERGE CHIEF	V-50105 V-50105	Cash - CAI 1 Accounts Re	-76,900.00 7.123.67	-76,900
Total Piceline Char		OB-CA-O4	Acciden	DEMOR CHIEF	V-50105	Accounts Re	-69,776.33	-69,776. -69,776.
Crude Purchases	,						40,110.00	-00,710
General Journal	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-04	Accrust	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Accounts Re	-47.206.424.89	-47.206.424
Check	10/11/2000	PYMT	ROSNEFT IMPEX	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Cash - CAI 1	-46,979,929,93	-94,186,354
General Journal	10/31/2000	Je-Ck-10	Reverse Accruel	Berge Chief	V-50105	-SPLIT-	47,205,424,89	-46,979,926
Total Crude Purcha	1565					-	-46,979,929.93	-46,979,929
Interest								
General Journal Check	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-04 LOAN	Accrust	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Accounts Re	-300,000.00	-300,000
Check	10/25/2000	LOAN LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	BERGE CHIEF-10/11-10/,	V-50105	Cash - CAI 1	-144,467.98	-444,467
Check	10/31/2000	INT	FIXED TERM AD	BERGE CHIEF-10/24-10/	V-50105	Cash - CAl 1	-963,30	-445,43
General Journal	10/31/2000	Je-Ck-10	Reverse Accruel	BERGE CHIEF-9/30-10/31 Berge Chief	V-50105 V-50105	Cash - CAI 1 Crude Purch	-6,182.56	-451,61
Total interest	10/3//2000		reverse Accruss	berge Uniar	V-30105	Crude Purch	300,000.00	-151,81
Inspection							-151,613.84	-151,613
	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-04	Accruel	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Accounts Re	-38.800.00	-38,800
General Journal	10/31/2000	Je-Ck-10	Reverse Accruel	Berge Chief	V-50105	Crude Purch	-3,696,61	42.49
Check	11/22/2000	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Cesh - CAI 1	-16,388,75	-58.88
Check	12/7/2000	INSP	CALEB BRETT U	B. CHIEF	V-50105	Cash - CAI 1	-2,293,38	-61,17
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-18	Reverse Accrusi	Berge Chief	V-50105	-SPLIT-	18,682.13	42,496
Total Inspection						-	-42,496.61	-42,496
Insurance General Journal	9/30/2000	Jo-Ck-04		-				
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-18	Accruel Reverse Accruei	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Accounts Re	-36,000,00	-36,000
	12/3/12/00	Je-CK-16	Reverse Accruai	Berge Chief	V-50105	Inspection	836.42	-35,163
Total insurance							-35,163,58	-35,163
L/C Charges Check	9/1/2000	LC	L/C CHARGES	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Cash - CAI 1	-61,810,00	-61,810
Total UC Charges		•••		DENOE OF IEE	1-00100	Casil Con I	-61,810.00	
Preight							-01,010.00	-61,810
	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-04	Accruel	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Accounts Re	-4,446,210.36	-4,446,210
Total Freight						_	-4,446,210.36	-4,446,210
Demurrage General Journal	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-04	Accrual	BERGE CHIEF				
	9/30/2000	Ja-Ck-04	Accruei	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105 V-50105	Accounts Re	-258,449,48	-258,449
	10/31/2000	Je-Ck-10	Reverse Accrual	Borge Chief	V-50105 V-50105	Accounts Re Crude Purch	89,016.67	-169,432
	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-18	Reverse Accrual	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105		3,717.00	-165,715
	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-53	Accruel	8. CHEF	V-50105	Inspection Estimated C	-1,112.71 -37.554.69	-166,828
General Journal	11/2/2001	DEM	BERGENSEN D	8.CHEF	V-50105	Cash - CAI 1	-37,554.69 -193,422,40	-204,383 -397,805
Check	11/2/2001							
Check Check	12/5/2001	PIPE	BERGENSEN D	B.CHEF				
Check Check					V-50105 V-50105	Cash - GAI 1 Estimated C	-79,446.00 296,004.17	-477,251 -181,247

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Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Type	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Finance Charges								
Check	8/25/2000	PYMT	RUSNAFTAMPE	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Cash - CAI 1	-14.64	-14.64
Check	9/21/2000	PYMT	SUMED	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Cash - CAI 1	-14.06	-28.70
Check Check	9/27/2000	BC	BANK CHARGES	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Cash - CAI 1	-14.44	-43.14
Check	9/29/2000	BC BC	BANK CHARGES	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Cash - CAI 1	-14.38	-57.52
Check	10/2/2000	BC BC	BANK CHARGES	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Cash - CAI 1	-14.43	-71,95
Check	10/10/2000	BC	BANK CHARGES BANK CHARGES	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Cash - CAI 1 Cash - CAI 1	-14,43	-86.38
Check	10/11/2000	PYMT	RUSNAFTAIMPE	BERGE CHIEF BERGE CHIEF	V-50105 V-50105	Cash - CAI 1	-14.27 -14.27	-100.65 -114.92
Check	10/11/2000	PYMT	ROSNEFT IMPEX	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Cash - CAI 1	-52,670.07	-52,784.99
Check	10/11/2000	BC	BANK CHARGES	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Cash - CAI 1	-14,44	-52,799,43
Check	10/12/2000	BC	BANK CHARGES	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Cash - CAI 1	-14.35	-52,813,78
Check	10/13/2000	BC	BANK CHARGES	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Cash - CAI 1	-14.30	-52,828.08
Check	10/24/2000	FREIGHT	BERGENSEN D	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Cash - CAI 1	-13.96	-52,842.04
Deposit	10/27/2000	REV	CLARK REFINING	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Cash - CAI 1	-76.93	-52,918.97
Check	10/30/2000	LOI	BANK CHARGES	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Cash - CAI 1	-595.00	-53,513.97
Deposit Check	10/30/2000	REV	PHILLIPS 66	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Cash - CAl 1	-62,05	-53,576.02
Check	10/31/2000	LOI LOAN	PHILLIPS 66 FIXED TERM AD	BERGE CHIEF BERGE CHIEF-10/30-11/1	V-60105	Cash - CAI 1	-582.00	-54,158.02
Deposit	11/1/2000	REV	CLARK REFINING	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105 V-50105	Cash - CAi 1 Cash - CAi 1	-11,512.04 -82.08	-65,670.06
Deposit	11/1/2000	REV	MOBIL OIL CORP	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Cesh - CAL1	-72,44	-65,752.14
Check	11/2/2000	LOI	CLARK REFINING	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Cash - CAI 1	-588.00	-65,824.58 -66,412.58
Check	11/2/2000	LOI	MOBIL OIL CORP	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Cash - CAI 1	-582.00	-86,994,58
Check	11/13/2000	PYMT	SKAUGEN PETR	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Cash - CAI 1	-14.16	-67,008.74
Check	11/15/2000	PYMT	MTL PETROLIN	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Cash - CAI 1	-14.06	-67,022.80
Check	11/22/2000	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Cash - CAI 1	-13.87	-67,036.67
Deposit	1/29/2001	LOAN	CLARK REFINING	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Cash - CAI 1	-20.00	-67,056.67
Check	11/2/2001	DEM	BERGENSEN D	8.CHREF	V-50105	Cesh - CAI 1	-15.35	-67,072.02
Total Finance Char							-67,072.02	-67,072.02
Commissions - R								
Check Check	8/25/2000 10/11/2000	PYMT	RUSNAFTAIMPE	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Cash - CAI 1	-240,000.00	-240,000.00
Total Commissions		PYMT	RUSNAFTAIMPE	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Cash - CAI 1	-226,494.96	-466,494.96
Lightering Charge							-466,494.96	-466,494.96
General Journal	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-04	Accruel	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Accounts Re	-434,541,87	-434.541
General Journal	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-04	Accruel	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Accounts Re	43,093,75	-391,440
General Journal	10/31/2000	Je-Ck-10	Reverse Accrual	Berge Chief	V-50105	Crude Purch	-5,501.50	-396,949
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-18	Reverse Accrual	Berge Chief	V-50105	Inspection	-10,093,50	-407,043.12
Total Lightering Ch	arges						-407,043.12	-407,043.12
Total Cost of Sales							-52,908,858,19	-52,908,858,19
Commissions							-UZ,804,000,18	102,000,000,19
General Journal	9/26/2000		COMMISSIONS	BERGE CHIEF		*****		
General Journal	9/27/2000		COMMISSIONS	BERGE CHEEF	V-50105 V-50105	25300/Carr 25300/Carr	-2,017.20	-2,017.20
General Journal	9/28/2000		COMMISSIONS	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	25300/Carr	-2,017.20	-4,034.40
General Journal	9/29/2000		COMMISSIONS	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	25300/Carr	-2,017,20 -2,017,20	-6,051.60 -8,068.80
General Journal	10/2/2000		COMMISSIONS	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	25300/Cerr	-2,509.20	-10,578,00
General Journal	10/3/2000		COMMISSIONS	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	25300/Carr	-492.00	-11,070,00
General Journal	10/4/2000		COMMISSIONS	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	25300/Cart	-492.00	-11,562.00
General Journal	10/5/2000		COMMISSIONS	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	25300/Cary	-492.00	-12,054.00
General Journal	10/6/2000		COMMISSIONS	BERE CHIEF	V-50105	25300/Cert	-492.00	-12,546.00
General Journal General Journal	10/9/2000		COMMISSIONS	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	25300/Carr	-319.80	-12,865,80
General Journal	10/10/2000		COMMISSIONS COMMISSIONS	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	25300/Carr	-319.80	-13,185,60
General Journal	10/12/2000		COMMISSIONS	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	25300/Carr	-319.80	-13,505.40
General Journal	10/13/2000		COMMISSIONS	BERGE CHIEF BERGE CHIEF	V-50105 V-50105	25300/Cerr	-319.80	-13,825.20
General Journal	10/16/2000		COMMISSIONS	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105 V-50105	25300/Cerr	-319.80	-14,145.00
General Journal	10/17/2000		COMMISSIONS	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	25300/Cerr 25300/Cerr	-910.20 -910.20	-15,065.20 -15,965.40
General Journal	10/18/2000		COMMISSIONS	BERGE CHIEF	V-50106	25300/Cert	-910.20	-16,875.60
General Journal	10/19/2000		COMMISSIONS	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	25300/Carr	-910.20	-17,785.80
General Journal	10/20/2000		COMMISSIONS	BEERGE CHIEF	V-50105	25300/Cerr	-3,468.60	-21,254,40
General Journal	10/23/2000		COMMISSIONS	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	25300/Carr	-314.88	-21.569.28
General Journal	10/24/2000		COMMISSIONS	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	25300/Cerr	-314.88	-21,884,16
General Journal General Journal	10/25/2000		COMMISSIONS	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	25300/Carr	-314.88	-22,199,04
General Journal	10/26/2000		COMMISSIONS COMMISSIONS	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	25300/Carr	-314,88	-22,513.92
Total Commissions	10/21/2000		COMMISSIONS	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	25300/Carr	-314.88	-22,828.80
Hedge Gain /(Loss)							-22,828.80	-22,828.80
	9/30/2000	Je-Ck-04	Accrual	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Accounts the	0.400.000.00	
General Journal	11/8/2000		New	BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Accounts Re	-2,490,069.00 -4,021,050.00	-2,490,069.00
General Journal	11/8/2000			BERGE CHIEF	V-50105	Hedge Gain	1,530,980,00	-6,511,119.00 -4,980,139.00
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-18	Reverse Accrual	Borge Chief	V-50105	Inspection	2,490,069.00	-2,490,070.00
Total Hedge Gain /(Loc	ss)						-2,490,070.00	-2,490,07C

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Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1996 through December 2003

Type Interest Income	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Deposit General Journal	11/7/2000 12/31/2000	INT Ja-Audit-43	INTEREST INCO	BERGE CHIEF Audit Je-B. Chief	V-50105 V-50105	25300/Carr Banque Parl	136,812.52 102,335.59	136,812.52 239,148.11
Total interest income				•			239,148.11	239,148.11
TOTAL							1,446,064.64	1,446,064.64

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Bayoli Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Gross Sales Sales - Oil Produc				-				
Deposit	12/8/2000	REV	OLADY DETINING	01.144014.00	V-50114	0	40 005 000 05	40.000.000.00
			CLARK REFINING	OLYMPIA SP		Banque Can	13,825,292.05	13,825,292.05
Deposit	12/11/2000	REV	KOCH PETROL	OLYMPIA SP	V-50114	Banque Can	12,266,500.13	26,091,792.18
Deposit	12/21/2000	REV	MOBIL OIL CORP	OLYMPIA SP	V-50114	Banque Can	12,484,241.06	38,576,033.24
Deposit	12/21/2000	REV	Diamond Shamr	OLYMPIA SP	V-50114	Banque Can	14,109,432.46	52,685,465.70
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-09	Exxon	Olympic Spirit	V-50114	Accounts Re	66,651.64	52,752,117.34
General Journal	12/31/2000	Ja-Ck-09	PACC	Olympic Spirit	V-50114	Accounts Re	11,342,741.87	64,094,859.21
General Journal Check	12/31/2000 8/29/2001	Je-Ck-09 PYMNT	Diamond Shamr Mobil Corp.	Olympic Spirit O.SPIRIT	V-50114 V-50114	Accounts Re Banque Can	0.00 -1,000.00	64,094,859.21 64,093,859,21
Total Sales - Oil Pr				0.07 11.11		Danies Sami	64,093,859.21	64,093,859.21
Total Gross Sales						-	64,093,859,21	64,093,859.21
Cost of Sales								
Broker Comm								
Check	5/2/2001	1312	UNITED CRUDE		V-50114	Cash - Well	-250.00	-250.00
Check	5/2/2001	1312	UNITED CRUDE	O.SPIRIT/H4	V-50114	Cash • Well	-500.00	-750.00
Check	5/2/2001	1312	UNITED CRUDE	O.SPIRIT/H4	V-50114	Cash - Well	-750.00	-1,500.00
Total Broker Comr	n						-1,500.00	-1,500.00
Pipeline Charges Check	10/31/2000	PIPE	ARAB PETROLE	OLYMPIA SP	V-50114	Banque Can	-171,800.00	-171,800,00
General Journal	10/31/2000	Je-Ck-30	Anab re i noce		V-50114 V-50114			
Deposit	12/27/2000	WT	ARAB PETROLE	Olympia Spirit		Cargos in tr	171,800.00	0.00
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-09		OLYMPIA SP	V-50114	Cash in Ban	17,047.65	17,047.65
		J4-CK-09	Reverse Accrual	Olympic Spirit	V-50114	Accounts Re	-171,800.00	-154,752,35
Total Pipeline Cha Crude Purchases	•						-154,762.35	-154,752.35
Check	11/20/2000	PYMT	ROSNEFT IMPEX	OLYMPIA SP	V-50114	Banque Can	-58,344,497.00	-58,344,497.00
Total Crude Purch	ases					,	-58,344,497.00	-58,344,497.00
interest								
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-09	Accrual	Olympic Spirit	V-50114	Accounts Re	0.00	0.00
Check	12/31/2000	INT	INTEREST CHA	OLYMPIC SP	V-50114	Banque Can	-187,600.07	-187,600.07
Check	12/31/2000	INT	INTEREST CHA	OLYMPIC \$P	V-50114	Banque Can	-339,194.28	-526,794.35
Check	3/12/2001	INT	INTEREST CHA	O.SPIRIT	V-50114	Banque Can	-4,161.00	-530,955.35
Check	3/31/2001	INT	INTEREST CHA	O.SPIRIT	V-50114	Banque Can	-10,970.40	-541,925.75
Check	3/31/2001	INT	INTEREST CHA	O.SPIRIT	V-50114	Banque Can	-2,969.08	-544,894.83
Total Interest							-544,894.83	-544,894.83
Inspection								
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-09	Accrual	Olympic Spirit	V-50114	Accounts Re	-66,287.65	-66,287.65
Check	7/5/2001	INSP	CALEB BRETT	O.SPIRIT	V-50114	Banque Can	-2,178.90	-68,466.55
Check	8/9/2001	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	O.SPIRIT	V-50114	Banque Can	-10,024.06	-78,490.61
Check	9/12/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT	O.SPIRIT	V-50114	Banque Can	-1,848.00	-80,338.61
Check	9/12/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT	O.SPIRIT	V-50114	Banque Can	-1,157.98	-81,496.49
Check	9/12/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT	O.SPIRIT	V-50114	Banque Can	-759.50	-82,265.99
Check	9/12/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT	O.SPIRIT	V-50114	Banque Can	-1,715.92	-83,971.91
Check	9/12/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT	O.SPIRIT	V-50114	Banque Can	-1,913.14	-85,885.05
Check	9/28/2001	INSP	OBC SHIPPING	O.SPIRIT	V-50114	Banque Can	-6,005.59	-91,890.64
Check	9/28/2001	INSP	OBC SHIPPING	O.SPIRIT	V-50114	Banque Can	-3,500.00	-96,390.64
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-50	Reverse Accrual	O. SPIRIT	V-50114	Estimated C	26,307.88	-69,082.76
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-34	Accrual	O. SPIRIT	V-50114	Estimated C	-16,734.54	-85,817,30
Total Inspection Insurance							-85,817.30	-85,817,30
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-09	Accrual	Olympic Spirit	V-50114	Accounts Re	-42,138.65	-42,138.65
Total Insurance						-	-42,138.65	-42,138.65
L/C Charges								
Check	10/11/2000	LC	ROSNEFT IMPEX	OLYMPIA SP	V-50114	Banque Can	-50,825.00	-50,825.00
		Je-Ck-30	Accrual	Olympia Spirit	V-50114	Cargos in tr	50,825.00	0.00
General Journal	10/31/2000							
	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-09	Reverse Accrual	Olympic Spirit	V-50114	Accounts Re	-50,825.00	-50,825.00

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Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Type Date Num Name Memo Class Split Amount Balance Freight Check Check Check Banque Can...
Banque Can...
Banque Can...
Cargos in tr...
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Total Finance Charges -69.677.44 -69 677 44 Agent Con Check -317,764.56 -250.00 -250.00 -250.00 -250.00 -500.00 -250.00 -500.00 -250.00 OLYMPIA SP... Inv. No.P1E4... Banque Cen...
Cash - Well...
-317,764.56 -318,014.56 -318,264.56 -318,514.56 -319,264.56 -319,514.56 -319,514.56 RUSNAFTAMP... SYNTEXENERGY SYNTEXENERGY SYNTEXENERGY SYNTEXENERGY SYNTEXENERGY SYNTEXENERGY SYNTEXENERGY V-50114 V-50114 V-50114 V-50114 V-50114 V-50114 11/20/2000 WT 1251 1251 1251 1251 1251 1251 1251 2/2/2001 2/2/2001 2/2/2001 2/2/2001 2/2/2001 2/2/2001 2/2/2001 SYNTEXENERGY SYNTEXENERGY -320,014.56 -320,264.56 Total Agent Co Commissions - Russia Check 10/13/2000 General Journal 10/31/2000 General Journal 12/31/2000 -240,000.00 240,000.00 -240,000.00 -240,000.00 0.00 -240,000.00 PYMT Je-Ck-30 Je-Ck-09 OLYMPIA SP. Olympia Spirit Olympic Spirit V-50114 V-50114 V-50114 Banque Can... Cargos in tr... Accounts Re... Reverse Accrual -240,000.00 -240,000.00

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Bayoll Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Lightering Charg	es							
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-09	Accrual	Olympic Spirit	V-50114	Accounts Re	-1,012,128.60	-1,012,128.60
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-09	Accrual	Olympic Spirit	V-50114	Accounts Re	15,781.23	-996,347.37
General Journal	12/31/2000	Je-Ck-09	Accrual	Olympic Spirit	V-50114	Accounts Re	-6,763.52	-1,003,110.89
Check	9/26/2001	LGHT	MTL PETROLIN	O.SPIRIT	V-50114	Banque Can	-2,196.40	-1,005,307.29
Total Lightering Cl	harges			•			-1,005,307.29	-1,005,307.29
Total Cost of Sales							-65,785,119.45	-65,785,119.45
Commissions	40/00/0000			011/01/01/4 @P				
General Journal	12/20/2000			OLYMPIA SP	V-50114	Hedge Gain	-22,283.44	-22,283.44
Total Commissions							-22,283.44	-22,283.44
Hedge Gain /(Loss)								
General Journal	12/20/2000			OLYMPIA SP	V-50114	-SPLIT-	3,442,150.00	3,442,150.00
Total Hedge Gain /(L	oss)						3,442,150.00	3,442,150.00
TAL							1,728,606.32	1,728,606,32

ANSMIT REPORT

2000.07-17 09:23 713-224-8101 BAYOIL 713-224-8101

COM No.	REMOTE STATION	START TIME	DURATION	PAGES	RESULT	USER ID	REMARKS
141	+4122 3199228	07-17 09:23	ØØ' 26	01/01	OK		

7450210182



TO: ATTN:

CREDIT AGRICOLE INDOSUEZ SA, GENEVA TAREK EL-GOWHARI

FROM:

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

DATE:

JULY 14, 2000

RE:

M/T "BOURGOGNE"/SUB EX MINA AL BAKR – JULY 2000 2,000,000 BBL3 BASRAH LIGHT CRUDE OIL

PLEASE EFFECT PAYMENT VALUE MONDAY JULY 17, 2000 TO COVER PREMIUM FOR ABOVE REFERENCED CARGO:

AMOUNT:

USD 240,000.00

TO:

HELLENIC BANK LTD 92 DHIGENIS AKRITAS AVE., P.O. BOX 4529 1300 NICOSIA, CYPRUS

SWIFT:

140-07-075660-01

ACCT NO.:

140-07-075660-01

CREDIT:

HAVERHILL TRADING LIMITED

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ASSISTANCE.

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 77

SNT 015735

SNT 015735

RANSMIT REPORT

2000,08-02 13:50 713-224-8101 BAYOIL 713-224-8101

Cost Sale: Agents "Premium"

COM No.	REMOTE STATION	START	TIME	DURRITION	PAGES	RESULT	USER ID	REMARKS
469	+41 21 212 25 81	08-02	13:50	00, 53	01/01	ОК		

7450210182

TO: BANQUE CANTONALE VAUDOISE

ATTN: Mr. Fabrizio Ferrari

FAX: 011-4121-212-2581

FROM: Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited

DATE: August 2, 2000

1,900,000 bbls basrah light ex Mina Al Bakr M/T "Tina" – Price Premium Over O.S.P. Our Ref. V-50095

Dear Fabrizio:

REF:

Grateful if you could please wire following value Thursday August 3, 2000 to cover premium payment for above referenced cargo:

Amount:

US\$240,000.00

To:

UBS AG

Confederation 2 1201 Geneva Switzerland

Credit:

RUSNAFTAIMPEX LTD

Account:

0240-322926

Swift:

UBSWCHZH12A

SNT 015050 SNT 015050 DATE:

08/19/2000

FROM: TO:

DARLEEN SAMAYOA BOBBY HAMBLIN

RE:

CONFIRM PRICE: 2ND MONTH PLATT'S FIVE QUOTATIONS 15 DAYS FROM B/L DATE

SUPPLIER(S):		ROSNEFT
VESSEL NAME:	LICORNE	PACIFIQUE
VENTURE NO.:		V-50100
B/L DATE:		08/03/00
O.S.P.		6.20
A.P.I.		31.79
B/L QTY:		1,883,963
QUOTE: 1	August 17, 2000	\$31.335
QUOTE: 2	August 18, 2000	\$31.650
QUOTE: 3	August 21, 2000	\$31.950
QUOTE: 4	August 22, 2000	\$31.210
QUOTE: 5	August 23, 2000	\$32.370
	AVERAGE	\$31.703
	LESS OSP	-\$6.200
		\$25.503
	LESS API	-\$0.220
		\$25.283
	PLUS PREMIUM	\$0.240
	FINAL PRICE	\$25.523

AMOUNT DUE: DUE DATE

\$48,084,387.65 09/01/00

RH APPROVAL:

SNT 015704 SNT 015704

<u>Table No.2</u> Quantities of Crude Oil Lifted by the Companies and Russian Parties during the Phases of the Memorandum of Understanding (Million Barrels)

	Ē	3	3	4	છ	9	6	€	<u></u>	(10)	<u>=</u>	(12)	(13)	Total
arubezhnett	5.5	6.5	14.9	18.2	24.5	21	23	15	15	10	5.1	5.7	6.2	170.6
Roseneftimpex - Issakov	,		,			4.9	,	4	11.5	*16	*16	*8.2	,	9.07
Russian Presidential														
Council)														
tussian Communist Party	,	3.7	7.1	15.9	22.2	16	14.3	12.6		14	5.5	,	'	111.3
Ompanies														
imercom (Unity Party /				,	,		,		•	15.3	19.2	8.3	5.1	47.9
Amistry of Emergency)														
Aachinoimport	3		3.9	7.2	7	10	12.3	9	3	5	3	8.8	9	76.2
Ma-Eco (Russian Ministry	7.2	7.5	10	10	14.4	12.8	13	10	2	2	9.3	8.7	,	106
f Foreign Affairs)														
yumen (Russian Ministry			1	3.7	9.9	4	3	4	2		2		,	25.3
f Foreign Affairs)						ugayana a								
lavneft (Gotzeriev)	,		٠			1.9		5	5.2	9	4	,	•	22.1
an Gas			5,6	3.9	5	∞	9	9	4	-	2	,	1.9	42.4
osneft	4.4	5.5	2.8	4	3.6		3	3	,		,		1	26.3
aspian Invest (Kalmikya)	-			,					-	2	1.5		,	3.5
almneftegaz (Kalmikya)		,	,	,	,	-	,			2	1.5	1.5	,	5
iasprom	-		,			9	5	5	,	-	7	1.2	,	19.2
atneft Taterstan	6.0	3.5	2.7	7	8.6	6.8	6	5		5	3.5	-	,	55.3
ashneft	,			,			,	2	-	,	,			2
ukoil	3	5.4	9.6	16.4	91	7	4.5			-	,	ŧ	,	61.9

| Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Construction | Cons

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No. Country / Company	Sirgutneftgas	Eastern Siberia Gas & Oil	Nafta Moscow	Onaco	Sidanco	Sibneft	Transneft		Liberal Democratic Party (Zhirinovsky)			Solidarity with Iraq (Mr. Rudasiev)	Russian Society for solidarity	with Iraq (Juravillon)	Rosneftgasexport (Mr. Akababov)	Ural Invest	Zerich Moscow - Science	Academy	Raomes (Son of the former	ambassador in Baghdad)	Zarubezhneft (Ghopkin	University)		Zarubezhneftgas (Gasprom) (Mr. Hassan)
No.	17	18		20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27		28		53	30	31		32		33		34	

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(1) million of which is allocated to Mr. Tatrinko - the Russian ambassador to Baghdad

—سنول رئے سے ہے ۔ ' _ میات النظ لیفاج البتلناء من قبل المرتبات والجهات الروسیة، خلال مراحل بنکرة التقالة (مثنون برمیل)

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الله (المركة) المراثة (المركة)	غىركةن ليشتقط	روزيفط اميكس – او لكوف (بيوان الرئاسة الرومسي)	شركات الحزب الشيوعي الرومي	المواكمة (حراب الوحساء) وزارة المغوارية	TO Sharmed Language	النا يكو (أخارجية الروسية)	اليومن (الخارجية الروسية)	الكانط (موشريف)	4人24人の2人	1,500,000	غركة كارين لقست – كالميكا	شركة كالمنقط غاز ـ كالمركا	شركة طاريروم	- 引引 (14.25.145.14T	اغرغة لوك أريك
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غرىة ت	بالمبالغ المع	
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	المبلغ المتنقى أيوولار	المبلغ المسدد أدولار المبلغ المتنقي أيولار	العبلغ المستحق أدولار	مبلغ الاسترجاع دولار ليرميل	الكمية / برميل	رغ بغ العامًا	المشتري	4
	4,805.00	99,950.00	104,755.00	0.10	1,047,555	M/08/36	PERENCO	8
	303,416.00	0.00	303,416.00	0.10	3,034,181	M/08/18	PERTA OIL	8
	87,831.00	110,000.00	197,831.00	0.10	1,978,313	M/08/62	PETMAL OIL	∞
	179,654,00	0.00	179,654.00	0.10	1,796,551	M/08/30	PETROBRAS	8
	243.489.00	0.00	243,489.00	0.10	2,434,904	M/08/11	PETROFINA	æ
ern SI	02/20	286,573.30	286,770,50	0.10	2,867,705	M/08/91	PETROGAZ	80
	00 E	563,307.00	563,306.00	0.10	5,633,076	M/08/66	PETROLEUM(PTSC)	8
nt S af		0.00	257,426.00	0.10	2,574,276	M/08/17	PETRONAS	œ
ubco R		0.00	152,937.00	0.10	1,529,381	M/08/78	PETROPLUS	8
mm pt		524,481.00	524,480.00	0.10	5,244,814	M/08/22	PETROVIETNAM	80
ittee (R		8,000.00	8,000.00	0.10	80,002	M/08/73	PHOENIX	®
on In		50,000.00	50,000.00	0.10	500,000	M/08/01	PONGBOOM INTERTRADE CO	∞
vest		00.0	98,385.00	0.10	983,851	M/08/23	التابلندية 777	· 60
igat 7N		0.00	208,099.00	0.10	2,080,996	M/08/105	RAO MES	80
ions 83		0.00	85,000.00	0.10	850,000	M/08/70	RAYMAN	80
	20199	0.00	309,661.00	0.10	3,096,626	M/08/29	REPSOL	80
	8	100,193.20	100,240.00	0.10	1,002,402	M/08/27	ROSNEFTIMPEX	œ
	900	0.00	000	0.00	33	M/08/85	ROSNETIMPEX	80
	289,789,60	0.00	203,789.00	0.10	2,037,893	M/08/07	SAMIR	∞
	3	97,103.40	97,103.00	0.10	971,034	M/08/74	SETA	ø
		580,472.00	580,472.00	0.10	5,804,737	M/08/12	SINOCHEM	œ
	970	252,551.00	252,551.00	0.10	2,525,518	M/08/26	SLAVNEFT	8
	356,592.00	0.00	398,592.00	0.10	3,985,924	M/08/09	SOCAP	80

شركة تمويق الفط كثف ببلاغ الامترجاع المستحقة والمسددة لكافة العراهل حسب الثركة

				للفترةمن		3	عمولان
معدل مهايغ الاستير جاعواني الارابير ميل)	المبلغ المتطي/يولار	المناخ المسدداره لار	الملخ المستحق/بولار	الكمية / يوميل	رقم العسكا	المثنزي	47
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0:30	00.00	90,000.00	90,000.00	300,000	M/10/88	PRIMACOSA	22
0.30	00:00	220,500.00	220,500.00	735,000	M/10/88	PRIMACOSA	=
0.26	235,555.00	30,000.00	265,555.00	1,012,220	M/11/24	PRIMACOSA	=
0,10	98,385.00	0.00	98,385.00	983,851	M/08/23	التايلىدية TTT	∞
0.30	272,972.70	300,000.00	572,972.70	1,909,909	M/09/03	QUANTUM	Ġ.
0.10	208,099,00	0.00	208,099.00	2,080,996	M/08/105	RAO MES	80
0.10	85,000.00	00:00	85,000.00	820,000	M/08/70	RAYMAN	8
0.10	309,661.00	0.00	309,661.00	3,096,626	M/08/29	REPSOL.	00
0.25	72.00	739,815.75	739,887.75	2,959,551	M/09/29	ROMPETROL.	o,
0.27	-4.75	1,101,610.80	1,101,606.05	4,006,395	M/10/07	ROSNEIT GAS EXPORT	2
0.30	00:00	930,000.00	930,000.00	3,100,000	M/11/21	ROSNEFT GAS EXPORT	11
0.15	0.05	210,505.00	210,505.05	1,403,367	M/12/05	ROSNEFT GAS EXPORT	77
0.10	46.80	100,193.20	100,240.00	1,002,402	M/08/27	ROSNEFTIMPEX	80
المسدد اعلى من	0.00	00:00	0.00	æ	M/08/85	ROSNEFTIMPEX	∞
0.27	000	3,067,802.55	3,067,802.55	11,428,422	M/09/25	ROSNETTIMPEX	0
0.27	-61.20	850,740.45	850,679.25	3,002,732	M/09/25	ROŚNEFITMPEX	ន
0.28	154.15	4,552,763.10	4,552,917.25	16,008,036	M/10/15	ROSNETTIMPEX	엄
0.30	00'00	543,156,90	543,156.90	1,810,523	M/10/15+M/10 /23	ROSNEFTIMPEX	91
0.23	595,184.05	1,727,000.00	2,322,184.05	8,085,235	M/11/05	RUSSIAN ENGINERERING	#

اعداد الدائرة المالية -السملان التحارية

14 is 16 take

Crude Oil Allocations during Phase (9) of the Memorandum of Understanding*

- Total quantities lifted reached about (354) million barrels
- Estimated profit margin of this phase is \$0.85 per barrel

*Due to the special nature of this phase as the former regime imposed commission on the contractors (surcharge amount), and since many companies refused to pay said surcharge, therefore, instructions were given to contract with any company willing to pay the surcharge.

No.	Contract No.	Contractual Company	Quantity Lifted
25	M/09/25	The Russian Presidential Council	11.428
		- Rosnefteimpex - Russia	
			,

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 84

تخصيصات النفط الخام خلال المرحلة التاسعة من مذكرة التفاهم *

- بلغ اجمالي الكميات المحملة حوالي (٢٥٤) مليون برميل
- _ تم تقدير هامش الربح لهذة المرحلة بحدود (٠,٨٥) دولار للبرميل الواحد .

		العبولة.	
تكمية لمطلقة	CHANGE.	رثرتند	.
ملون برشق			
21.171	کون بترولیم - سویسریة	M/09/01	1
4.003	سون پروتور - سروسرپ اُوم هولنگ - ترکیهٔ	M/09/02	2
1,910	وم موسد - توبي المديد نديم شاغور - كو انتم هولدنك ماليزية	M/09/03	3
22.633	غينار بتروليوم لمند - لفتشناين	M/09/04	4
	روز نقط الروسية روز نقط الروسية	M/09/05	5
1,859	روير حروب المند سندي مجالي - مونتيكا تريدنك بي تي واي ليمند - جنوب افريقيا.	M/09/06	6
37.390	فيتلته الإطالية	M/09/07	7
6,715	بلميتال الركل البلازومنية	M/09/08	8
	الحزب الايماراطي الإكرائي - كونسل اوف نيل كوريوريشن - اوكرانية	M/09/09	9
	لمِنْرِقَ لَتَكُولُي مِكْرُوسِ (الْفَاعِ) - سيدَلكو الروسية	M/09/10	10
	الشيخ لدمد ماتع سعيد العتبية - بنزول - اماراتية	M/09/11	11
	المهود عملا المجلاة - المفارس العربي مصوية	M/09/12	12
1,962	عوض عمورة ومشاركوه ـ سورية	M/09/13	13
	السيد غسان زكريا (سوري البنسية)- كوالتوم هولاتك العاليزية	M/09/14	14
4,135	للهذن / استاريمية	M/09/15	15
SECTION AND THE	قريكان بتروليوم – ناميبية	M/09/16	16
4.008	دلتا بتروليوم – تركية	M/09/17	17
38.256	قسيد فاتق لحمد شريف ـ ماستك ماليزية	M/09/18	18
2.016	زَرَائِمُنْلَطَ كَازُ (لِصَافِح لَعَدَى فَجَهَاتَ الْحَكُوبَيَةُ الرَّوْسِيةُ)	M/09/19	19
1.998	نوري للتجارة - سوريا	M/09/20	20
#UE 19444	سلماسو ــ سودائية	M/09/21	21
2.997	مثيتو فيورت ــ رومية	M/09/22	22
1.014	للسيد قواز زريقات / جورج كلوي الزيدو بتزوليوم – فرنسية	M/09/23	23
	الشيخ حمد بن علي ال ثاني - بت اويل - يونانية	M/09/24	24
11.428	ديوان الزئاسة الروسي ـ روز نقط ابيكس – روسية	M/09/25	25
	السيدة حميدة نطع بأفريكان بتروليوم ليمتد الناميبية	M/09/26	26
	السيد معمود فيو العباس / زرفيلتقط كاز جوينت ستوله – روسية	M/09/27	27
8.023	المسيد اوبسكار وانيت ـ ميد تفتا بتروليوم كوميشي لمنك ـ خيرصية	M/09/28	28
2.960	روم بتزول الروماقية	M/09/29	29
0.916	قسيد عبدقظي الاريائي ـ شاهر التجارة – يمنية	M/09/30	30
	أو يل المسكو كندبة	M/09/31	31
3.984	الشوخ لعمد مانع سعيد العليبة - أمرو أويل - اسار اتهة	M/09/32	32
製造学の対象	المسيد مسلفاتوري تيكوترا - آي . يس. أس الإطلابة	M/09/33	33
1.982	چي ۽ قي ۽ بيلقارم البلازومنية	M/09/34	34
6.738	لكون بتزوليوم لمت ليغتشئتان	M/09/35	35
2.011	مرديا كونسلنتك – سويسرية	M/09/36	36

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STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

NO. M/09/25

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PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 85

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SECTION ONE

SPECIFIC PROVISIONS

F.O.B. CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

The

ZO BONA

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FOB SALES CONTRACT CONTENTS

Section One

Article One Definitions Article Two Period

Article Three Quantity and Quality

Article Four Price Article Five Reopener Article Six Payment

SOMO Standard Documentation Article Seven

Article Eight Approval of Contract Article Nine Special Conditions

Article Ten Addresses

Section Two

Article One Measurement and Sampling Article Two Risk and Property Article Three Lifting Programme

Article Four Nomination of Vessels Article Five Vessel Berths

Article Six **Loading Conditions** Article Seven Demurrage Taxes and Duties Article Eight

Article Nine Termination in the event of

Liquidation or Default

Article Ten Assignment Article Eleven Destination Article Twelve Force majeure Article Thirteen Arbitration Article Fourteen Notices Article Fifteen

Form of Letter of Credit Appendix I

Appendix II Application Form to Request Approval of

Applicable Law

Contract.

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Contract between State Oil Marketing Organization (SOMO) (hereinafter called SELLER) of the one part and JSC "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT RUSSIA, MOSCOW (hereinafter called BUYER) of the other part.

Whereby it is agreed as follows :-

SECTION ONE

Wherever the General Provisions of Section Two, attached and herein incorporated in this Contract, are at variance or in conflict with this Section One, the provisions of Section One shall govern.

ARTICLE ONE

DEFINITIONS

Quarter

As used in this Contract, unless otherwise provided, the following words and terms shall have the following meanings:-

means forty-two (42) U.S. Gallons at sixty degrees Barrel

(60') Fahrenheit and at normal atmospheric pressure.

Day means a period of twenty-four (24) running hours

Commencing at 00.01 hours local time at the port

of loading.

means the average number of barrels of crude oil Barrel per Day (B/d) supplied during a calendar day as defined above.

F.OB. means "Free on Board" as referred to in the ICC

Incoterms 1990.

The currency of the United States of America. Dollar (\$)

The currency of the European Union Euro

means Gregorian Calendar month commencing Month at 00.01 hours local time at the port of loading

on first day of the month.

means a period of three (3) consecutive months

Beginning on a 1st January or a 1st April or a 1st July or a 1st October.

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Year means a Gregorian Calendar Year.

Api Gravity means scale adopted by the American

Petroleum Institute for expressing the specific

Gravity of crude oil.

SCR 986 means Security Council resolution 986 (1995)

of 14 April 1995.

SCR 1111 means Security Council resolution 1111 (1997)

of 4 June 1997.

SCR 1143 means Security Council resolution 1143 (1997)

of 4 December 1997.

SCR 1153 means Security Council resolution 1153 (1998)

of 20 February 1998.

SCR 1210 means Security Council resolution 1210 (1998)

of 24 November 1998.

SCR 1242 means Security Council resolution 1242 (1999)

of 21 May 1999.

SCR 1281 means Security Council resolution 1281 (1999)

Of 10 December 1999.

SCR 1302 means Security Council resolution 1302 (2000)

of 8 June 2000.

SCR 1330 means Security Council resolution 1330 (2000)

Of 5 December 2000. means the Security Council Committee

661 Committee established by Security Council Resolution 661

(1990).

Procedures means the procedures to be employed by the

661 Committee (United Nations document

S/1996/636, dated 8 August 1996).

Overseers means the independent experts in international

Oil trade appointed by the Secretary-General of The United Nations pursuant to SCR 986 and

the procedures.

Inspectors means the independent oil inspection agents

Appointed by the Secretary-General pursuant

to SCR 986.

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ARTICLE TWO

PERIOD:

- Subject to Article Eight below, this Contract shall become effective on the 17TH day of January, 2001, and shall continue thereafter until the 28th of February 2001, unless renewed by mutual agreement.
- The ultimate consumer of the crude oil sold under this Contract shall be Refineries in Europe and/or U.S.A.
 Any change in the destination is subject to the prior approval of Seller.

ARTICLE THREE

QUANTITY AND QUALITY:

1. SELLER undertakes to sell and deliver FOB and BUYER undertakes to purchase, receive and pay for the following:-

Type of Crude	Quantity	Port of Loading
KIRKUK	2,000,000 BBLS	CEYHAN
BASRAH LIGHT	4,000,000 BBLS	ALBAKR

- The quality of the crude oil shall be the standard export quality available at the port of loading from time to time.
- Quantities shall represent contracted quantities or number of barrels per day contracted multiplied by the number of days of the relevant period stipulated in sub Article 2.1
- Quantities shall be lifted as evenly as possible over the course of such delivery period in lots of approximate barrels and as will be agreed between BUYER and SELLER.
- 5. Quantities lifted under allowed operational vessel slippage shall be deemed as part of the contracted quantities of the period.

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- 6. In case when SELLER, for reasons technical or otherwise that are beyond his control, is unable to meet his full contractual commitments, SELLER shall have the right to reduce the contracted quantities for the duration of the period when such circumstances shall prevail. SELLER shall advise BUYER as soon as possible before the beginning of any period during which supplies to all buyers are to be reduced.
- In no event shall any loading start beyond the 3rd of June, 2001, unless the Security Council has authorized sales beyond that date.

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ARTICLE FOUR

PRICE:

The price(s) of the crude oil to be delivered under this contract shall be as follows:-

TYPE OF CRUDE PORT OF LOADING <u>API</u> KIRKUK 36.00 CEYHAN **BASRAH LIGHT** 34.00 ALBAKR

Price Mechanism in EURO per Barrel FOB

Price shall be the standard SOMO price as agreed upon between SOMO and the United Nations from time to time.

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ARTICLE FIVE

REOPENER:

Each party shall have the right not later the 15th day of any month to request a review of the pricing mechanism of this Contract.

If following a request for a review, the parties are unable to agree within a period of ten (10) days from the date upon which such request was made, either party may elect to terminate this Contract by serving written notice of phase-out to the other party and termination shall be effective at the end of the month following the month during which the notice of termination has been received.

But if the parties are able to agree within the above mentioned ten (10) days period, any agreed upon adjustment to the pricing mechanism shall be subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.

However, of such approval has not been granted by the 661 Committee, this Contract shall be considered as terminated as of the end of the month following the month during which the above mentioned ten (10) days period ends unless the parties agree otherwise.

In case of Contract termination under any of the above mentioned events, this Contract shall remain in full force and effect at the pricing mechanism applicable in accordance with this Contract terms and conditions up to the effective date of termination and such termination shall not affect the parties' rights and obligations therefrom, unless the parties agree otherwise during the period prior to the effective date of termination.

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ARTICLE SIX

PAYMENT:

BUYER shall establish in respect of each shipment lifted under this
Contract an irrevocable documentary letter of credit issued by a
bank acceptable to Banque Nationale de Paris, S.A. ("BNP")for
confirmation, in the form set out in Appendix I hereof.

In all cases, the Letter of Credit shall be established, confirmed and accepted at least seven (7) days prior to loading date.

- 2. BUYER irrevocably undertakes that payment for each cargo of crude oil lifted shall be made out of the proceeds of the confirmed Letter of Credit directly to United Nations Iraq Account Euro sub account account number 0200-201752-002-05 established by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, pursuant to paragraph 7 of SCR 986, at BNP (New York Branch) (hereinafter "United Nations Iraq Account Euro sub Account"), upon presentation to BNP of the documents required by the Letter of Credit, including but not limited to the Commercial Invoice and the Bill of Lading.
- All charges within Iraq are for SELLER, whereas all charges outside Iraq are to be borne by BUYER.
- Unless otherwise provided herein, payment shall be made not later than thirty (30) days from B/L date, in same date funds.

If payment falls due on a Saturday or Bank holiday other than Monday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on the last preceding banking day. If payment falls due on a Sunday or a Monday Bank holiday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on the next succeeding banking day.

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ARTICLE SEVEN

SOMO STANDARD DOCUMENTATION:

Bill of Lading	9 (3 orlg. & 6 copies)
Certificate of Origin	4
Certificate of Quality and Quantity	4
Loading Time Sheet	4
Ullage Report	4
Master's Receipt for Samples	4
Distribution of Documents	4

Two sets of documents are handed to Master, one being for consignee. SELLER shall advise BUYER by telex or cable within forty eight (48) hours following each loading with the following details:-

- (a) Vessel's Name.
- (b) Loading Port .
- (c) Commenced loading Date.
- (d) Completed Loading Date.
- (e) Sailing Date.
- (f) Gross and net quantities in metric tons, long tons and U.S. barrels.
- (g) API Gravity.

ARTICLE EIGHT

APPROVAL OF CONTRACT:

This Contract is subject to the approval of the Overseers on behalf of the 661 Committee. Such approval shall be obtained in accordance with the Procedures, utilizing the form set out in Appendix II hereof.

ARTICLE NINE

SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

 Loading of any shipment of crude oil shall be subject to the authorization of the Inspectors at the port of loading. The Inspectors shall also have the authority to stop the loading if they determine that there is any evidence of irregularity.

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PAGE 11

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- Notwithstanding Sub Article 4-3 of Section Two of this Contract, the accepted date of arrival of the vessel at the loading ports shall be fixed on a one (1) day range. All related Articles of Section Two of the Contract will read to that effect and conformity.
- Notwithstanding Sub Article (6-5) of Section Two of this Contract SELLER shall be allowed as laytime at Al Bakr Terminal as follows:-

Laytime (hrs)	Vessel DWT (MT)
36	Up to 129 999
54	130 000 - 199 999
65	Over 200 000

All related Articles of Section Two of the Contract will read to that effect and conformity.

- 4. In addition to the events specified in Sub Article 6-6 of Section Two, any time consumed due to the Inspectors prohibiting loading shall not count as used laytime.
- 5. This Contract shall terminate forthwith in the event that the Security Council terminates the authorization to import petroleum or petroleum products originating in Iraq.
- Assignment of the rights or obligations of the SELLER or BUYER shall be subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.
- 7. Any claims from BUYER under Sub Article 1-3 or Article Seven of Section Two, and any analyses carried out under Sub Articles 1-5 and 1-6 of Section Two, shall copied to the Overseers. Payments or other awards under Article Thirteen of Section Two, in respect of claims under Articles one and Seven of Section Two are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee. Any sum to be paid by BUYER in settlement of a dispute under Article Thirteen of Section Two relating to the proceeds of the sale of crude oil under this Contract shall be paid by BUYER directly to the United Nations Iraq Account, Euro sub account.

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- 8. Payments to SELLER under SUB Article 5-5 and Sub Article 6-7 of Section Two, and any other Payments or awards under Article Thirteen of Section Two, are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.
- 9. This Contract shall be subject to the SCR 986, SCR 1111, SCR 1143 SCR 1153, SCR 1210, SCR 1242, SCR 1281, SCR 1302, SCR 1330, the Procedures and the Memorandum of Understanding between the Secretariat of the United nations and the Government of Iraq on the implementation of SCR 986 (United Nations document S/1996/356, dated 20 May 1996).

ARTICLE TEN

ADDRESSES:

In addition to the notices, declarations and other communications required under Article Fourteen, notices, approvals, declarations and Communications required above for the Overseers, on behalf of the 661 Committee, shall be effected at the addresses below:-

FOR SELLER: STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION P.O. BOX 5118

BAGHDAD - IRAQ

: 212198 - 212199 SOMO IK TELEX

TELEPHONE: 964-1-2869561

964-1-7742040 - 10 Lines

: 964-1-8853925 FAX

FOR BUYER:

JSC "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT

38, OBRAZTSOVA STR. MOSCOW 127018, RUSSIA PHONE: (7095), 289 14 96 - 289 24 63, 219 26 01 FAX: (7095) 979 6071

TELEX: 612378 RENK MOBILE PHONES: 007095 - 1047900 - 7607652

FOR OVERSEERS UNITED NATIONS, NEW YORK, U.S.A. FAX: 212-963-1628

All other terms and conditions as per (Section Two) General conditions of F.O.B. crude oil sales contract No, M/08/85 Dated 4/7/2000 and attached appendices 1 & 2.

This Contract has been done and signed on the 17TH day of January,

2001.

FOR SELLER

SADDAM Z. HASSAN EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL DIRECTOR

ѕомо

FOR BUYER SERGEY ISSAKOV ADVISER TO GENERAL DIRECTOR

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In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

To: The Financial Department

From: Crude Oil First Marketing Department

No.: KH1

Date: Safar 1422 Hijri Equivalent to: 05/14/2001

RE: Addendum no. (3) of Contract M/09/25 with Rosnefteimpex Russian Company

In addition to our memorandum dated 04/19/2001, we have amended the quantity of the above-mentioned contract on 05/08/2001 as follows:

- 1- Quantity & Quality: the contractual quantity has been changed from (11,350) million barrels to (16,35) million barrels divided as follows:
 - (8.0) million barrels of Kirkuk crude oil FOB Ceyhan terminal (8.35) million barrels of Basrah light crude oil FOB Al-Bakr terminal
- 2- Validity of Contract: until 06/30/2001 instead of 05/15/2001

Other terms of contract remain unchanged.

Please be informed and act accordingly.

Abd-al-Jalil Said Hammadi

Head of Crude Oil First Marketing Department

Saddam Zeben Hassan Executive Director

Cc:

Shipping & quantities department – in addition to our memorandum dated 04/22/2001 for the same aforesaid purpose.

PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 86

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

الرقم/ خ١/ التاريخ/ صفر ١٤٢٢هــ الموافق كـ٧١/ ٥/٢٠١/ الى /الدائرة المالية
 من / دائرة تسويق الحام الاولى

م/ ملحق رقم (٣) للعقد M/09/25 مع روزنفط امبكس الروسية

الحاقاً بمذكرتنا المورجة في ١٩/١/٤/١٩ .

تم بتأريخ ٨/٥/٨ تعديل كمية العقد اعلاه لتصبح كالآبي :-

 الكمية والنوعية: تعديل المتعاقد عليها من (١١,٣٥٠) مليون برميل الى (١٦,٣٥) مليون برميل مؤزعة الى الآتي:-

(۸,۰) مليون يرميل نفط خام كركوك فوب جيهان .

(٨,٣٥) مليون برميل نقط خام البصرة الخفيف قوب البكر .

۲- فترة سريان العقد لغاية ١٠٠١/٦/٣٠ بدلاً من ١٥١/٥/١٥ .
 مع الابقاء على كافة شروط العقد دون تعديل .

للعلم والعمل بموجيه رجاء .

صدام (بن محسن المدير التنفيذي

معرمه. عبد الجليل سعيد خمادي رئيس دائرة تسويق الخام الاولى

نسخة منه الى /

دائرة الشحن والكميات - الحاقاً بمذكرتنا المؤرخة في ٢٠٠١/٤/٢٢ لنفس الغرض رجاء.

UNITED NATIONS



NATIONS UNIES

SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED BY RESOLUTION 661 (1990) CONCERNING THE SITUATION BETWEEN IRAQ AND KUWAIT

S/AC.25/2001/OIL/1330/OC.17	18 January 200
TO: "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT RUSSIAN FEDERATION	FROM: THE OIL OVERSEERS UNDER SECURITY COUNTY RESOLUTION 986 (1995)
FAX NO.: 011-7095-979-6071	FAX NO.: (212) 963-1628
ATTENTION: Mr. Sergey ISSAKOV	REF.: OIL-FOR-FOOD ARRANGEMENT
TOTAL NUMBER OF TRANSMITTED PA	GES INCLUDING THIS PAGE: 1

Re: Contract Number: M/09/25 UN REF: S/AC.25/2001/OIL/1330/COMM.25

Between: SOMO and "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT

Date of Receipt:

18 January 2001

Quantity:

2,000,000 bbls

Quality:

Kirkuk

Pricing Formula:

Europe and/or U.S.A Market

Port of Loading:

Ceyhan

Quantity:

4,000,000 bbls Basrah Light

Quality:

Europe and/or U.S.A

Pricing Formula: Port of Loading:

Mina al-Bakr

FURTHER TO YOUR ABOVE REFERENCED APPLICATION FOR APPROVAL OF THE OIL CONTRACT, PLEASE BE ADVISED THAT THE APPLICATION HAS BEEN:

APPROVED

cc: SOMO BNP

SAYBOLT ROTTERDAM

PERMANENT MISSION OF IRAQ TO THE UN

PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 87

04-23-2001 05:13AM FR

TC -

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04/23/2001 13:15 +7-095-941-6035

E-mail: recms@online.ru

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PAGE 01

P.01

38, Obraztsova str., Moscow 127018, Russia Phone: (7095), 289 14 96, 289 24 63, 219 26 01 Fax: (7095) 979 60 71 Telex: 612378 RENK

ROSNEFTEIMPEX

To:	Bayoil	From:	Y. Poukhov
Fax:	1713-7818377	Pages:	1
Re:	Shipment of Baarah Light crude in April-May-June, M/t «Stavros» B/L 3.04.01. M/t «Mariner» Laycan May 14 th and about 2.000 000 bbls loading in June(Subject agreement of SOMO).	Date:	20.04.2001
Att:	Mr. David Chalmer, President	No.:	66/04 NB

Dear Sire,

Taking into account the relationships between our companies and also the fact that your company is one of the important Suppliers of crude oil to US and European Consumers, we would like to continue our collaboration. Subject agreement with Supplier we propose to you above quantities and any other quantities within this period.

We consider that after last decision of OPEC to cut crude oil output, crude

oll market improved and we have intention to cooperate with your company for promotion purposes of Iraqi oil to the market.

Having in mind the above we would like to receive higher trading benefit after selling of crude oil on the market at the level not less than USD 0.35 per each barrel.

In case of your agreement we are ready to conclude respective deal with your company.
We expect your answer.

Best regards,

S.Issakov

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 88

SNT 020928

SNT 020928

5,047,000.00



PK, MT, MEJ State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/52/2001

: MID9125 V-50147 : 02/05/2001 Contract no. Due date

BNP Confirmation no : D726597

Openinig Bank L/c No. : LCIM2166231 : BBL/3080 (1) Shipment No.

Quantity		Price per	Total value
Long Tons	U.S. Bbís	Barrel FOB	in EURO
33,926,16	250,000	20.188	5,047,000.00

de Calculation: WTISECOND MONTHIMINUS \$ 385 18BL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15 th DAY FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.27 API DE-ESCALATION PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201782-002-05 CRIGINAL

Pop Starte Oil Manketing Organization



: ROSNEFTEIMPEX / NK ROSNEFT Sold to

Exporting port : MINA ALBAKR TERMINAL Ships Name : STAVROS G.L.
Destination : NORTH AMERICA

Country of origin: IRAQ

Metric Tons 34,470.675 Description of commodity RAQ CRUDE OIL BASRAH LIGHT

Total EURO : FIVE MILLION FORTY SEVEN THOUSAND ONLY

31.28 API GRAVITY AT 60 F *

B/L DATED 03/04/2001

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 89

RUSNAFTIMPEX (BVI) LIMITED C/O Jardine House, 1 Wesley St. Helier, Jersey, JE4 8HD Channel Islands, UK

INVOICE No 07/25/04 dated 25.04. 2001.

Contract dated July 11, 2000, addendum No2 dated 18 January 2001

To: Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited P.O.Box CB 12918, Nassau, Baghamas

Steamer: m/t "Stavros G.L.", B/L 03.04.2001 ex Al Bakr

Discription: Basrah Light crude oil

250.000 net bbls

Premium: USD 0,35 per net bbls

Amount: USD 87.500

+ 3.000 90.500

The above amount should be paid upon receipt of this invoice to:

Beneficiary: Haverhill Trading Limited

Address of beneficiary: 12 Promitheus str., Nicosia, Cyprus.

Account No: 140 - 07 - 075660 - 01

Bank: Hellenic Bank LTD, 92, Dhigenis Akritas Ave., PO Box 4529, 1300

Nicosia, Cyprus.

Correspondent Bank: The Chase Manhattan Bank NA.

Address of Correspondent Bank: 1 Chase Manhattan Plasa, New York, NY

10081, USA.

Swift Code: HEBA CY 2N

Alexei Milovanov

Moscow Office Representative

PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 90

SNT 021260

SNT 021260



BAYOIL

BNP PARIBAS (SUISSE) SA, GENEVA

ATTN: ANTHONY GUERNE

FAX:

TO:

4122-738-0150

FROM:

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

DATE:

MAY 2, 2001

RE:

WIRE TRANSFER REQUEST

DEAR ANTHONY:

PLEASE WIRE FOLLOWING FUNDS VALUE ${\bf MAY}$ 2, 2001 FROM OUR BAYOIL ACCOUNT:

AMOUNT:

US\$90,500.00

CREDIT:

HAVERHILL TRADING LIMITED

ACCOUNT NO:

140-07-075660-01

BANK

HELLENIC BANK LTD

92, DHIGENIS AKRITAS AVE.,

P.O. BOX 4529

1300 NICOSIA, CYPRUS

CORRESPONDENT: THE CHASE MANHATTAN BANK NA

1 CHASE MANHATTAN PLAZA

NEW YORK, NY 10081

SWIFT:

HEBA CY 2N

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ASSISTANCE.

REGARDS,

DAVID B. CHALMERS, JR. FOR AND ON BEHALF OF

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

P.O. BOX CB12918 NASSAU, BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TIX: 20644

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 91

SNT 021259

10:42 AM 07/16/04 Accrual Basis

Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Spilt	Amount	Balance
Gross Sales								
Sales - Oil Produ	cts							
Deposit	5/25/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	10,643,102.56	10,643,102.56
Deposit	5/25/2001	REV	PORT ARTHUR	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba.	12,416,488 70	23,059,591,26
Deposit	5/25/2001	REV	PREMCOR	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	7,764,225.99	30,623,817 25
Deposit	5/30/2001	REV	VALEBO MARK	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba	11,420,081 90	42,243,899,15
General Journal	5/31/2001	Je-Ck-12	VALERO MARK	STAVROS G.L2	V-50147	Receivable	31,759 83	42,275,658,98
Deposit	7/20/2001	BEV	Alon USA	S. GI-2	V-50147	BNP Panba	1,576,587.26	43,852,246.24
General Journal	7/31/2001	Je-Ck-11	Reverse Accrual	Stayrors GI-2	V-50147	Sales - Oil P	-1.576,587.26	42,275,658,98
Total Sales - Oil P	roducts						42,275,658.98	42,275,658.98
Total Gross Sales							42,275,658.98	42,275,658.98
Cost of Sales								
Broker Comm								
Check	7/27/2001	1335	SYNTEXENERGY	D6F637U/Stavr	V-50147	Cash - Well	-250.00	-250.00
Check	7/27/2001	1335	SYNTEXENERGY	D6F694U/Stavr	V-50147	Cash - Well	-250.00	-500.00
Check	7/27/2001	1335	SYNTEXENERGY	D6F695U/Starv.	V-50147	Cash - Weil	-250.00	-750 00
Check	7/27/2001	1335	SYNTEXENERGY	D6F696U/Stavr	V-50147	Cash - Well	-250.00	-1,000.00
Check	7/27/2001	1335	SYNTEXENERGY	D6F697U/Stavr	V-50147	Cash - Well .	-250.00	-1,250.00
Check	7/27/2001	1335	SYNTEXENERGY	D6F721U/Stavr.	V-50147	Cash - Well	-250.00	-1,500 00
Check	7/27/2001	1335	SYNTEXENERGY	D6F722U/Stavr	V-50147	Cash - Well	-250 00	-1,750.00
Check	7/27/2001	1335	SYNTEXENERGY	D6F723U/Stavr	V-50147	Cash - Well	-250 00	-2,000.00
Check	7/27/2001	1335	SYNTEXENERGY	D6F724U/Stavr	V-50147	Cash - Well	-250.00	-2,250.00
Check	8/28/2001	1349	SYNTEXENERGY	Stavros GL-2	V-50147	Cash - Well	-5,250.00	-7,500.00
Check	8/31/2001	1347	ECHO ENERGY	July/Stavros GL-2	V-50147	Cash - Well	-6,000 00	-13,500.00
Total Broker Com							-13,500.00	-13,500.00
Secondary Chgs. General Journal	5/31/2001	Je-Ck-12	Accrual	STAVROS G.L2	V-50147	Receivable	86,742.96	86,742.96
Total Secondary C	thgs.						86,742.96	86,742.96
Exchange gain/id Check	5/2/2001	wr	UNITED NATIONS	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	-30,148.44	-30,148.44
Total Exchange go	ain/loss						-30,148 44	-30,148.44
Crude Purchases	1							
Check	4/24/2001	PYMNT	SLAVENFT OIL	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	-167,383,44	-167,383.44
Check	4/24/2001	PYMNT	FANSTEAD TRA	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba	-460,304.46	-627,687.90
Check	5/2/2001	WT	UNITED NATIONS	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba	-42,566,490.69	-43,194,178 59
Check	5/2/2001	PYMINT	HAVERHILL TR	STAVROSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba	-90,500.00	-43,284,678.59
General Journal	5/31/2001	Je-Ck-12	Accruat	STAVROS G.L2	V-50147	Receivable	9,786,066.83	-33,498,611.76
General Journal	6/30/2001	Je-Ck-21a	Accruat	Stavros Gt 2	V-50147	Receivable	1,409,867.16	-32,088,744.60
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-61	Reverse Accrual	Stavros GI-2	V-50147	Hedge Gain	-1,409,867.16	-33,498,611.76
Total Crude Purch	ases						-33,498,611.76	-33,498,611 76
interest								
Check	4/10/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	STARVOSGL	V-50147	BNP Panba .	-1,592.50	-1,592.50
Check	4/24/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	-2,552.08	-4,144.58
Check	4/24/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	-1,545 14	-5,689.72
Check	4/30/2001	LOAN	FIXED YERM AD	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	-5,750.00	-11,439.72
Check	5/1/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba	-5,750.00	-17,189.72
Check	5/1/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba	-1,895.83	-19,085.55 -19,493.90
Check	5/10/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	STAVROSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba.	-408 35	
Check	5/10/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba	-5,910 94	-25,404.84
Check	5/18/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba	-106,425 00	-131,829.84
Check	5/18/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba	-3,016.67	-134,846 51
Check	5/18/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	STAVROSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba	-1,230.10	-136,076 61
Check	5/21/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	-19,443.05	-155,519.66
Check	5/29/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	-52,592.33	-208,111.99
Check	5/30/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	-2,236.67	-210,348.66
Check	6/8/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	STAVROSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	-5,400.47	-215,749 13
Check	6/11/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	STAVROSGL-2	V-50147	SNP Pariba	-1,772.40	-217,521.53
Total Interest							-217,521 53	-217,521.53

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Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
inspection								
Check	6/13/2001	PYMNT	OIL INSPECTIO	STAVROSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	-11,435.61	-11,435.61
General Journ Check		Je-Ck-20	Accrual	Stavros-2	V-50147	Estimated C	-27,819.20	-39,254.81
Check	8/31/2001	INSP INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	STAVROSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	-15,693.00	-54,947.81
Check	9/11/2001 9/11/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT INSPECTORAT	STAVROS GL-2 STAVROSGL-2	V-50147 V-50147	BNP Panba BNP Panba	-1,572.48 -3,940.94	-56,520.29
Check	9/11/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT	STAVROSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	-3,940 94	-60,461.23 -62,818,62
Check	9/11/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT.	STAVROSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba	-905 10	-63,723.72
Check	9/11/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT	STAVROSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	-157.72	-63,881.44
Check	9/11/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT	STAVROSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	-1,980.78	-65,862.22
Check	9/11/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT	STAVROSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	-1,300.37	-67,162,59
Check	9/11/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT	STAVROSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba .	-1,279.60	-68,442.19
Check	9/11/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT	STAVROSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	-1,061.20	-69,503.39
General Journ	al 9/30/2001	Je-Ck-31	Reverse Accrual	Stavros gl-2	V-50147	Estimated C	27,819.20	-41,684 19
Total Inspection	on .						-41,684 19	-41,684.19
Insurance								
Check	5/3/2001	PYMNT	CRAIG FERGUS	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba	-26,229.66	-26,229.66
Check	8/9/2001	INS	CRAIG FERGUS	STAVROS GL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	-1,400.53	-27,630.19
Total Insurance	e						-27,630.19	-27,630.19
L/C Charges								
Check	3/26/2001	L/C	L/C CHARGES	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	Banque Pan	-79.670.00	-79,670.00
Check	3/29/2001	LC	CLARK REFINING	STAVRO GL -2	V-50147	Cash in Ban	-45,792 31	-125,462.31
Check	4/30/2001	L/C	L/C CHARGES	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	-6,339 35	-130,801.66
Total L/C Cha	roes						-130,801.66	-130,801 66
Freight								
Preignt Check	4/2/2001	PYMNT	SOUTH CARIBE	STARVOSGL	V-50147	BNP Panba	-1,170,000.00	-1,170,000,00
Check	5/7/2001	PYMNT	FAL ENERGY C	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	-1,322,197,00	-2,492,197,00
Check	5/11/2001	PYMINT	SOUTH CARIBE	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba	-1,206,356.00	-3,697,553.00
Check	6/21/2001	PYMNT	SOUTH CARIBE	STAVROSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	-1,074,935 38	4.772.488.38
Check	7/20/2001	FRGHT	THE KANOO GR	STAVROS GL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	-601.56	4,772,989.94
Check	9/28/2001	INSP	OBC SHIPPING	STAVROS-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba.	-5.745.85	4,778,735,79
Total Freight							-4,778,735 79	-4,778,735.79
Demurrage								
General Journ General Journ		Je-Ck-21a Je-Ck-84	Accrual Accrual	Stavros GI 2 Stavros GI-2	V-50147 V-50147	Receivable Estimated C .	-26,650.00 26,650.00	-26,650.00 0.00
Total Demurra	ge						0,00	0.00
Finance Char	-							
Check	3/30/2001	LC	PREMCOR	STAVRO GL-2	V-50147	Cash in Ban	-85.00	-85.00
Check	4/2/2001	PYMNT	SOUTH CARIBE	STARVOSGL	V-50147	BNP Panba	-19.92	-104 92
Check	4/24/2001	PYMNT	SLAVENFT OIL	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba .	-20.33	-125.25
Check	4/24/2001	PYMNT	FANSTEAD TRA	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba	-20.33	-145 58
Check	4/27/2001	WT	BANK CHARGES	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba	-30 35	-176.93
Check	5/2/2001	WT	UNITED NATIONS	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	-34,080,11	-34,256.04
Check	5/2/2001	PYMNT	HAVERHILL TR.,	STAVROSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba	-20.03	-34,276.07
Check Check	5/7/2001	PYMNT	FAL ENERGY C	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba	-20 03	-34,296 10
	5/11/2001	PYMINT	SOUTH CARIBE	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba	-19.84	-34,315 94
Check Check	5/22/2001 5/25/2001	BC BC	PREMCOR VALERO MARK.,	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147 V-50147	BNP Pariba	-585.00	-34,900.94
Deposit	5/25/2001 5/25/2001	REV	PORT ARTHUR	STARVOSGL-2 STARVOSGL-2	V-50147 V-50147	BNP Panba	-500.00 -85.00	-35,400 94 -35,485,94
Deposit	5/25/2001	REV	PREMOOR	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba	-85 00	-35,570.94
Check	5/28/2001	BC	PORT ARTHUR .	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba.	-600 00	-36,070.94
Deposit	6/6/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba	-85.00	-36,155 94
Deposit	6/11/2001	REV	PORT ARTHUR	STAVROSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	-85.00	-36,240 94
Deposit	6/18/2001	REV	PORT ARTHUR .	STARVOSGL-2	V-60147	BNP Pariba	-85.00	-36,325.94
Check	6/21/2001	PYMNT	SOUTH CARIBE .	STAVROSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba .	-19.51	-36,345.45
Check Check	7/20/2001 9/11/2001	FROHT	THE KANOO GR .	STAVROSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba	-20 06	-36,365.51
Check	5/24/2002	FIN	INSPECTORAT ROSNEFT IMPEX	STAVROSGL-2 STAVROSGL-2	V-50147 V-50147	BNP Pariba BNP Panba	-20.54 -56.60	-36,386.05
Check	5/24/2002	FIN	PREMOOR	STAVROSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Panba	-56.04	-36,442.65 -36,498.69
Check	5/24/2002	FIN	PORT ARTHUR	STAVROSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	-56.04	-36,554.73
Total Finance	Charges						-36,554.73	-36,554.73
Lightering Ch General Journal	arges al 5/31/2001	Je-Ck-12	Accrual	STAVROS G.L2	V-50147	Receivable	-311,291.67	
Total Lightering				ommoo dalez	170017/	i iguelyauxe"	-311,291.67	-311,291.67 -311,291.67
otal Cost of Sale	s					,	-38,999,737.00	
ank Service Ch							-30,181,000	-38,999,737.00
Check otal Bank Servic	5/2/2001	WT	UNITED NATIONS	STARVOSGL-2	V-50147	BNP Pariba	-324.32	-324.32
Manual Cust AIC	an Anos						-324.32	-324.32

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Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Commissions								
General Journal	5/29/2001			STAVROS GL 2	V-50147	Hedge Gain	-23,300 00	-23,300 00
General Journal	5/29/2001			STAVROS GL 2	V-50147	Hedge Gam .	-969.40	-24,269.40
General Journal	5/29/2001			STAVROS GL 2	V-50147	Hedge Gain	-4,500.00	-28,769.40
General Journal	5/29/2001			STAVROS GL 2	V-50147	Hedge Gain	-531 00	-29,300.40
Total Commissions							-29,300.40	-29,300.40
Hedge Gain /(Loss)								
General Journal	5/29/2001			STAVROS GL 2	V-50147	-SPLIT-	-914,170.00	-914,170 00
General Journal	5/29/2001			STAVROS GL 2	V-50147	Hedge Gain	-818,790.00	-1,532,960 00
General Journal	5/31/2001	Je-Ck-12	Accruel	STAVROS GL-2	V-50147	Receivable	302,765.05	-1,230,194.95
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-61	Reverse Accrual	Stavros GI-2	V-50147	-SPLIT-	-302,765.05	-1,532,960.00
Total Hedge Gain /(Lo	oss)						-1,532,960.00	-1,532,960.00
TOTAL							1,713,337.26	1,713,337.26

10:44 AM 07/16/04 Accrust Basis

Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Ciass	Split	Amount	Balance
Gross Sales								
Sales - Oli Produ Deposit	icts 6/18/2001	REV	Expon	SETTEBELLO-6	V-60135	Cash - CAI.	51.520.067.23	51.520.067.23
Total Sales - Oil F							51,520,067.23	61,520,067.23
Total Gross Sales							51,520,067 23	51,520,067,23
Cost of Sales							0.,000,000	4 · (024)04 · (20
Exchange gain/i Check	5/18/2001	WT	UNITED NATIONS	SETTEBELLO-5	V-50135	Cash - CAI.	-32,982 48	-32,982,48
Total Exchange of							-32,982.48	-32,982.48
Crude Purchase								
Check Check	5/18/2001 5/18/2001	PYMNT WT	HAVERHILL TR UNITED NATIONS	SETTEBELLO-6 SETTEBELLO-5	V-50135 V-50135	BNP Pariba Cash - CAI	-651,295.80 -48,062,489.63	-651,295.80 -48,713,785.43
Total Crude Purci		***	UNITED NATIONS	SETTEBELLOS	V-50135	Gasij - GAI	-48,713,785 43	-48,713,785.43
	44000						-10,7 10,7 00 -10	44,770,700.40
Interest Check	5/15/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	SETTEBELLO-5	V-50135	Cash - CAI	-7.475.42	-7.475.42
Check	5/15/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD		V-50135	Cash - CAI	-1,005.33	-8,480.75
Check	5/18/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD		V-50135	Cash - CAI	-109.46	-8,590.21
Check	5/21/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD		V-50135	Cash - CAI	-3,780.00	-12,370,21
Chack	6/15/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD		V-50135	Cash - CAI	-633.08	-13,003,29
Check	6/30/2001	INT	INTEREST CHA	Settebello-5	V-50135	Cash - CAI	-143,075,51	156,078 80
Check	7/5/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM AD	SETTEBELLO-5	V-50135	Cash - CAI	-2,558.16	158,636.96
Total Interest							-158,636.96	-158,636.96
Inspection		1- 0- 01	D 41	Calladada 6	V-50135	Estimated C	-25,000.00	-25,000.00
General Journal	6/30/2001	Je-Ck-21 INSP	Reverse Accruel CALEB BRETT	Settebello-5 Settebello-5	V-50135 V-50135	Cash - CAI	-25,000.00 -2,425.86	-25,000.00 -27,425.86
Check	7/5/2001	Je-Ck-19	Reverse Accruel	Settebello-5	V-50135	Estimated C	14,090.55	-13,335,31
General Journal Check	7/31/2001 11/7/2001	FRGHT	SGS CSI	SETTEBELLO-5	V-50135	BNP Panba	-450.00	-13,785.31
General Journal	4/30/2002	Je-Ck-22	Reverse Accrual	Settebello-5	V-50135	Estimated C	2,750.00	-11,035.31
Total Inspection							-11,035.31	-11,035.31
Insurance		DIG B PT	ODAIO FERGUIO	PETTERELLO F	V-50135	BNP Panba	04 000 05	04 000 05
Check	5/3/2001	PYMNT	CRAIG FERGUS.	SETTEBELLO-5	V-00135	BINF Panba	-24,809.35	-24,809.35 -24,809.35
Total Insurance L/C Charges							-24,809 35	-24,809.35
Check	4/30/2001	LC	L/C CHARGES	SETTEBELLO-5	V-50135	Cash - CAI .	-1,000,00	-1,000.00
General Journal	6/30/2001	JE-LH03/CAI	200,20,000	Settebello-5	V-50135	L/C Charges	-53,795,98	-54,795,98
Total L/C Charge							-54,795.98	-54,795 98
Freight								
General Journal	3/31/2001	Je-Ck-03C	Reclass	Sattebello-5	V-50135	Prepaid Items	129,559.31	129,559 31
Check	4/5/2001	PYMNT	DENIS PATRIKI.	SETTEBELLO-5	V-50135	Cash - CAI .	-1,900 00	127,659.31
Check	4/11/2001	PYMNT	OMI CORPORA .	Settebello-5	V-50135	Cash - CAI	1,462,500.00	-1,334,840.69
Check	4/19/2001	PYMNT	BOUTROS MAR.	SETTEBELLO-5	V-50135	Cash - CAI	-240,000 00	-1,574,840.69
Check	5/4/2001	PYMNT	HR ROTTERDA	SETTEBELLO-5	V-50135	Cash - CAI	-249,000 00	-1,823,840.69
General Journal	5/31/2001	Je-Ck-01	Reverse Accrual	Sattebello-5	V-50135	Freight	-616,000.00	-2,439,840.69
General Journal	5/31/2001	Je-Ck-01	Reverse Accrual Accrual	Settebello-5 SETTEBELLO-5	V-50135 V-50135	Freight -SPLIT-	-129,559.31	-2,569,400 00 -3,070,459,76
General Journal General Journal	5/31/2001 5/31/2001	Je-Ck-11 Je-Ck-11	Accrual	SETTEBELLO-S	V-50135	Freight	-501,059.76 540,565.64	-2,529,894.12
Deposit	6/29/2001	DEM .	OMI CORPORA	SETTEBELLO-5	V-50135 V-50135	Cash - CAI	540,565.64	-1,989,328,48
Deposit	6/29/2001	DEM	OMI CORPORA	SETTEBELLO-5	V-50135 V-50135	Cash - CAI	-4,822 88	-1,994,151.36
General Journal	6/30/2001	Je-Ck-10	Reverse Accrual	Settebello-5	V-50135	-SPLIT-	-540,565.64	-2,534,717.00
General Journal	6/30/2001	Je-Ck-10	Accrual	Settebello-5	V-50135	Freight	-415,000.00	-2,949,717.00
Deposit	2/14/2002	WT	OBC SHIPPING	SETTEBELLO-5	V-50135	Cash - Well	6,005.98	-2,943,711.02
Check	4/12/2002	FRGHT	SGS CSI	SETTEBELLO-5	V-50135	Cash - CAI	-2,300.00	-2,946,011.02
Total Freight							-2,946,011.02	-2,946,011.02
Demurrage Deposit	9/21/2001	DEM	Exxon	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50135	Cash - CAI	56,944.44	56,944.44
Total Demurrage							56.944.44	56,944.44
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Bayoll Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Туре	Dete	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Finance Charges								
Check	4/5/2001	PYMNT	DENIS PATRIKI.	SETTEBELLO-5	V-50135	Cash - CAI	-14.70	-14.70
Check	4/11/2001	PYMNT	OMI CORPORA	Settebello-5	V-50135	Cash - CAI	-14.58	-29.26
Check	4/19/2001	PYMNT	BOUTROS MAR	SETTEBELLO-5	V-50135	Cash - CAI	-14.50	-43.76
Check	4/30/2001	LC	L/C CHARGES	SETTEBELLO-5	V-50135	Cash - CAI.	-95.75	-139.51
Check	5/3/2001	PYMNT	CRAIG FERGUS	SETTEBELLO-5	V-50135	BNP Pariba	-20.06	-159.57
Check	5/4/2001	PYMNT	HR ROTTERDA	Settebello-5	V-50135	Cash - CAI	-14.47	-174.04
Check	5/16/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	SETTEBELLO-5	V-50135	Cash - CA!	-618 00	-792.04
Check	5/18/2001	PYMNT	HAVERHILL TR	SETTEBELLO-5	V-50135	BNP Pariba	-19.86	-811.90
Deposit	5/18/2001	REV	Exxon	SETTEBELLO-5	V-50135	Cash - CAI	-73.23	-885.13
Check	5/18/2001	WT	UNITED NATIONS	SETTEBELLO-5	V-50135	Cash - CAI	-53,173.61	-54,058 74
Check	5/21/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	MARINER	V-50135	Cash - CAI	-606.00	-54,664.74
Check	6/8/2001	PYMNT	POSTOIL B.V.	SETTEBELLO-5	V-50135	Cash - CAl	-38.24	-54,702.98
Check	6/12/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	SETTEBELLO-5	V-50135	Cash - CAI	-192.33	-54.895.31
Deposit	6/29/2001	DEM	OMI CORPORA	SETTEBELLO-5	V-50135	Cash - CAI	-20.00	-54,915.31
Check	4/12/2002	FRGHT	SGS CSI	SETTEBELLO-5	V-50135	Cash - CAI	-15.02	-54,930.33
Total Finance Ch	arges						-54,930.33	-54,930.33
Total Cost of Sales							-51,940,042.42	-51,940,042.42
Bank Service Charg								
General Journal	6/30/2001	JE-LH03/CAI		Raphael	V-50135	L/C Charges	-121.14	-121.14
Total Bank Service (≯harges						-121,14	-121.14
TAL							-420,096.33	-420,096.33

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Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Type	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Gross Sales								
Sales - Oil Produ			DI III I IDA 04					
General Journal General Journal	6/30/2001	Je-Ck-13 Je-Ck-13	PHILLIPS 66 VALERO MARK	A. Bela-4/Swansea	V-50145 V-50145	Accounts R	10,295,115.64	10,295,115.64
General Journal	6/30/2001	Je-Ck-13	VALERO MARK	A. Beta-4/Swansea A. Beta-4/Swansea	V-50145 V-50145	Accounts R	7,742,850.07 11,715,413.59	18,037,965.71 29,753,379,30
General Journal	6/30/2001	Je-Ck-13	PREMOOR	A. Beta-4/Swansea	V-50145	Accounts R	8,934,409,81	38,687,789.11
General Journal	6/30/2001	Je-Ck-13	Diamond Shamr	A. Dota-Wowanisea Swansea	V-50145 V-50145		10,319,786,45	
General Journal	6/30/2001	Je-Ck-13	PACC	Swansea Swansea	V-50145 V-50145	Accounts R Accounts R	10,319,780,45	49,007,575.56 59,498,425,26
Deposit	7/23/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	A.BETA-4	V-50145 V-50145	Cash - CAi		
Deposit	7/23/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAL	11,715,413.59 7,591,634.07	71,213,838.85 78,805,472,92
General Journal	7/31/2001	Ja-Ck-10	VALERO MARK	A. Beta-4	V-50145	-SPLIT-		59,498,425,26
Total Sales - Oil I		J8-CK-10	VALERO MARK	A. 0619-9	V-50145	-SPUI-	-19,307,047.66 59,498,425.26	59,498,425.26
	rioducis							
Total Gross Sales							59,498,425.26	59,498,425.26
Cost of Sales								
Broker Comm								
Check	10/15/2001	1356	STARSUPPLY	Swanses	V-50145	Cash - Well	-4,871.50	-4,871.50
Total Broker Corr							-4,871.50	-4,871.50
Secondary Chgs General Journal	i. 5/31/2001	Je-Ck-03	Accrual	A. BETA-4	V-50145	Estimated	5,185,968,85	5,185,968,85
General Journal	6/30/2001	Je-Ck-13	Reverse Accrual	A. Beta-4/Swansea	V-50145	Accounts R	-5,185,968,85	0.00
Total Secondary			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			recouns it	0.00	0.00
Exchange gain/	-						0.00	0.00
Check	6/18/2001	PYMNT	UNITED NATIO	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-24,108.23	-24,108.23
Total Exchange g	ain/loss						-24,108.23	-24,108.23
Demurrage @ Li	ghter							
Deposit	11/30/2001	DEM	VALERO MARK	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	3,188.34	3,188,34
Total Demurrage	Lighter						3,188.34	3,188.3
Crude Purchase								
Check	6/18/2001	PYMNT	HAVERHILL TR	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAi	-651,271,95	-651,271.95
Check	6/18/2001	PYMNT	UNITED NATIO	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-34,571,375.88	-35,222,647,8
General Journal	6/30/2001	Je-Ck-13	Accruel	Swansea	V-50145	Accounts R	-9,754,418.42	-44,977,066.2
General Journal	6/30/2001	Je-Ck-13	VALERO MARK	Swansea	V-50145	Accounts R	-10,183,871.59	-55,160,937.8
Check	7/13/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	SWANSEA	V-50145	BNP Pariba	-132,312.78	-55,293,250.6
Deposit	7/19/2001	FRGHT	VALERO MARK	SWANSEA	V-50145	BNP Pariba	132,312.78	-55,160,937.84
Total Crude Purc	hases						-55,160,937.84	-55,160,937.8-
Interest								
Check	4/6/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	A.BETA-4	V-50145	BNP Pariba	-360.94	-360.94
Check	5/10/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	A.BETA-4	V-50145	BNP Pariba	-5,304.69	-5,665,6
Check	5/10/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	A.BETA-4	V-50145	BNP Pariba	-1,769.44	-7,435.0
Check Check	5/15/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-563,55	-7,998.6
Check	5/24/2001 6/1/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-1,844.99	-B,843.5
Check	6/1/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-2,231.33	-12,074.9
Check	6/1/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-1,432.65	-13,507.59
Check	6/1/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-206.87	-13,714.4
General Journal	6/30/2001	Je-Ck-13	FIXED TERM A	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-2,033.85	-15,748.3
Check	7/5/2001	LOAN	Accrual	A. Beta-4/Swansea	V-50145	Accounts R	-100,000.00	-115,748,3
Check	7/5/2001	loan	FIXED TERM A	MARINER	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-3,493.72	-119,242.03
Check	7/5/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CA!	-84,521.45	-203,763.48
Check	7/5/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A FIXED TERM A	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-1,599.23	-205,362,7
General Journal	7/10/2001	INT	INTEREST CHA	ABETA-4 ASTRO BETA 4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-541.75	-205,904.4
Check	7/16/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	ASTROBETA 4	V-50145 V-50145	25302/Cerr	-32.88	-205,937.3
Check	7/20/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	A.BETA-4	V-50145 V-50145	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-54,803.94	-260,741.2
Check	7/23/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-19,998.94	-280,740.2
Check	7/24/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	ABETA-4	V-50145 V-50145	Cash - CAI	-10,586.53 -817.18	-291,326.7
Check	7/25/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAL	-817.78 -533.67	-292,143.9
Check	7/26/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAL	-533,67 -1,463,26	-292,677.6
General Journal	7/31/2001	Je-Ck-10	Reverse Accrual	A. Beta-4	V-50145	Sales - Oil	100,000,00	-294,140.8
General Journal	8/8/2001	INT	INTEREST CHA	ASTRO BETA 4	V-50145	25302/Carr	-40.71	-194,140,8 -194,181,5
							-qu./1	~134,151,5
Total Interest							-194,181.57	

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Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Inspection	6000001	(- OL 43	Accrual	A D	V 504.45		£0.000.00	£0.000.00
General Journal Chack	6/30/2001 8/10/2001	Je-Ck-13 INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	A. Beta-4/Swanse A.BETA-4	V-50145 V-50145	Accounts R Cash - CAI	-50,000.00 -13,713.40	-50,000.00 -63,713.40
Check	9/28/2001	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	ASTRO BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAL	-3,450,68	-67,164.08
Check	9/26/2001	MSP	OBC SHIPPING	ASTRO BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-4,933.09	-72,097.17
Check	9/28/2001	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	ASTRO BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	692.96	-71,404,21
Check General Journal	9/28/2001 9/30/2001	INSP Je-Ck-23	OIL INSPECTIO	ASTRO BETA-4	V-50145 V-50145	Cesh - CAI	-12,885.40	-84,289,61
Check	12/20/2001	INSP	Reverse Accrual INSPECTORAT	A. BETA-VSWANS A.BETA-4	V-50145 V-50145	Estimated Cash - CAI	50,000.00 -1,034.73	-34,289.61 -35,324.34
Check	12/20/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-1,130.94	-36,455.28
Check	12/20/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-1,758,15	-38,213.43
Check	12/20/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-1,223.94	-39,437.37
Check Check	12/20/2001	INSP INSP	INSPECTORAT INSPECTORAT	A.BETA-4	V-50145 V-50145	Cash - CAI	-1,373.01	-40,810.38
Check	12/20/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT	A.BETA-4 A.BETA-4	V-50145 V-50145	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-740.00 -905.96	-41,550.38 -42,456.34
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-11	Accrual	A. Beta-4/Swansea	V-50145	-SPLIT-	-977.60	-43,433.94
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-11	Accruel	A. Beta-4/Swansea	V-50145	Inspection	-896.48	-44,330.42
Check	8/14/2002	INSP	CORE LABORA	A.BETA-4	V-50145	BNP Pariba	-1,200.00	~45,530.42
Total Inspection							-45,530.42	-45,530.42
Insurance General Journal	6/30/2001	Je-Ck-13	Accrual	A. Beta-4/Swansea	V-50145	Accounts R	20 200 20	24 525 50
Check	8/8/2001	INS	CRAIG FERGU	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-38,000.00 -23,919,94	-38,000.00 -61,919.94
Check	11/5/2001	INS	CRAIG FERGU	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-1,256,80	-63,176,74
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-11	Accrual	A. Beta-4/Swansea	V-50145	Inspection	38,000.00	-25,176,74
Total Insurance							-25,176.74	-25,176.74
L/C Charges								
Check	4/18/2001	LC	L/C CHARGES	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Banque Bru	-54,600,45	-54,600.45
Check Check	6/18/2001 6/18/2001	LC LC	L/C CHARGES	SWANSEA SWANSEA	V-50145	BNP Paribe	-17,515.00	-72,115,45
General Journal	6/30/2001	JE-LH03/CAI	DC CHARGES	A.Beta-4	V-50145 V-50145	BNP Pariba L/C Charges	-17,282.50 -44,870.64	-89,397.95 -134,268.59
Total L/C Charge				, 10012		are energed	-134,268.59	-134,268.59
Freight								
Check	4/4/2001	PYMNT	ASTRO TANKE	A.BETA-4	V-50145	BNP Pariba	-1,049,552.90	-1,049,552.90
Check	4/25/2001	PYMNT	LETH SUEZ TR	A BETA-4	V-50145	BNP Pariba	-164,445.00	-1,213,997.90
Check Check	4/27/2001 4/27/2001	PYMNT	DENIS PATRIKI	A.BETA-4	V-50145	BNP Pariba	-1,900.00	-1,215,897.90
Check	5/2/2001	PYMNT PYMNT	ASTRO TANKE KRISTENSONS	A.BETA-4 A.BETA-4	V-50145 V-50145	BNP Pariba Banque Bru	-877,500.00 -233,012,54	-2,093,397.90 -2,326,410.44
Check	5/8/2001	PYMNT	LUCAS IMOSSI	A.BETA-4	V-50145	BNP Pariba	-1,315,00	2,327,725.44
Check	5/11/2001	PYMNT	PARIBAS SUISSE	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-874,466,70	-3,202,192.14
Check	5/17/2001	PYMNT	AEGEAN MARI	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Banque Bru	-119,500.00	-3,321,692.14
Check	5/21/2001	PYMNT	ASTRO TANKE	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-888,533.30	-4,210,225.44
Check Check	5/25/2001	PYMNT	AEGEAN MARI	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-348,000.00	-4,558,225.44
Deposit .	5/30/2001 6/1/2001	PYMNT FRGHT	Exxon PARIBAS SUISSE	A.BETA-4 A. Bela-4	V-50145 V-50145	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-916,963,84 974,466,70	-5,475,189.28
General Journal	6/30/2001	Je-Ck-06	Accruel	A. BETA-4	V-50145	-SPLIT-	874,466,70 -571,594.73	-4,600,722.58 -5,172,317.31
General Journal	6/30/2001	Je-Ck-06	Accrual	A. BETA-4	V-50145	Freight	304,434,93	4,867,882.38
Deposit	7/3/2001	CREDIT	CAI	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	8,000,00	4,859,882.38
Deposit Check	7/26/2001	REV FRGHT	PREMICOR	A. BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	143,500.00	-4,716,382.38
Check	10/17/2001 11/7/2001	FRGHT	LETH SUEZ TR LUCAS MOSSI	A.BETA-4 A.BETA-4	V-50145 V-50145	Cash - CAI BNP Pariba	-108,487.98 -366.09	-4,824,870.36 -4,825,236.45
Check	11/9/2001	FRGHT	NORWOOD SH	A.BETA-4	V-50145	BNP Pariba	-32.668.00	4,857,904,45
Total Freight							-4,857,904.45	-4,857,904.45
Finance Charge:								
Check	4/4/2001	PYMINT	ASTRO TANKE	A.BETA-4	V-50145	BNP Pariba	-20.48	-20.48
Check Check	4/18/2001 4/25/2001	LC PYMINT	L/C CHARGES LETH SUEZ TR	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Banque Bru	-25.00	-45.48
Check	4/27/2001	PYMINT	DENIS PATRIKI	A.BETA-4 A.BETA-4	V-50145 V-50145	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	-20.23	-65.71
Check	4/27/2001	PYMNT	ASTRO TANKE	A.BETA-4	V-50145	BNP Pariba	-20.35 -20.34	-86,06 -106,40
Check	5/2/2001	PYMNT	KRISTENSONS	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Banque Bru	-28.00	-134.40
Check	5/8/2001	PYMINT	LUCAS IMOSSI	A.BETA-4	V-50145	BNP Pariba	-19,99	-154.39
Check	5/11/2001	PYMNT	PARIBAS SUISSE	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-14.28	-168,67
Check Check	5/17/2001 5/21/2001	PYMNT PYMNT	AEGEAN MARI ASTRO TANKE	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Banque Bru	-28.00	-196.67
Check	5/25/2001	PYMNT	AEGEAN MARI	A.BETA-4 A.BETA-4	V-50145 V-50145	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-14.29 -14.03	-210.96
Check	5/30/2001	PYMNT	Exxon	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-14,05	-224,99 -239,04
Check	6/5/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-13.98	-253.02
Check	6/8/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-13.91	-265,93
Check Check	6/11/2001	BC PYMNT	BANK CHARGES	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-13.86	-280.79
Check	6/18/2001	PYMNT	HAVERHILL TR UNITED NATIO	A.BETA-4 A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-14.04	-294.83
Check	6/20/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	SWANSEA	V-50145 V-50145	Cash - CAI BNP Pariba	-27,676,38 -139,68	-27,971.21 -28,110.89
Check	7/12/2001	8C	BANK CHARGES	SWANSEA	V-50145	BNP Pariba	-139,08 -585,00	-28,110,89 -28,695,89
Check	7/12/2001	BC BC	BANK CHARGES	SWANSEA	V-50145	BNP Pariba	-585.00	-29,280.89
Check	7/13/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	SWANSEA	V-50145	BNP Pariba	-28.80	-29,309.69

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Bayoll Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Deposit	7/13/2001	REV	PORT ARTHUR	SWANSEA	V-50145	BNP Paribe	-85.00	-29,394,69
Check	7/20/2001	BC	VALERO MARK	ABETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-614.00	-30,008.69
Check	7/20/2001	BC	VALERO MARK	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-614.00	-30,622.69
Deposit	7/23/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-20,00	-30,642.69
Check	7/24/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-74.00	-30,716.69
Check	7/24/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-74.00	-30,790.69
Check	7/24/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-74.00	-30,864,69
Check	7/24/2001	BC	PREMCOR	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-618.00	-31,482.69
Deposit	7/26/2001	REV	PREMOOR	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-588.00	-32,070.69
Check	7/30/2001	FRGHT	ASTRO TANKE	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-14.47	-32,085,16
Deposit Check	8/9/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	A. BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-20.00	-32,105.16
	8/10/2001		OIL INSPECTIO	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-14.83	-32,119.99
Check	9/7/2001	LGHT	MTL PETROLIN	ASTRO BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-14.78	-32,134.77
Check	9/28/2001	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	ASTRO BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-15.49	-32,150.26
Check	9/28/2001	INSP	OBC SHIPPING	ASTRO BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-15.49	-32,165.75
Check	9/28/2001	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	ASTRO BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-15.49	32,181,24
Check Check	10/17/2001 8/14/2002	FRGHT INSP	LETH SUEZ TR	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	-15.36	-32,196.60
		INSP	CORE LABORA	A.BETA-4	V-50145	BNP Pariba	-23,39	-32,219.99
Total Finance Ch	_						-32,219.99	-32,219.99
Lightering Charg		1- 04 42	Annual	4 0.4. 40	11.00440			
General Journal		Je-Ck-13	Accrual	A. Beta-4/Swansea	V-50145	Accounts R	-186,013.13	-186,013.13
Total Lightering C	harges						-186,013.13	-186,013.13
Total Cost of Sales							-60,662,024.12	-60,662,024.12
Interest Expense								
Check	9/30/2001	INT	INTEREST CHA	A.BETA-4	V-50145	Cash - CAI	~2,325.07	-2,325.07
Total Interest Expens	\$ 0						-2,325.07	-2,325.07
Commissions								
General Journal	6/1/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	ASTRO BETA 4	V-50145	25300/Carr	-4,920.00	-4.920.00
General Journal	6/4/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	ASTRO BETA 4	V-50145	25301/Carr	-1,845,00	-6.765.00
General Journal	6/5/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	ASTRO BETA 4	V-50145	25301/Carr	-1,845.00	
General Journal	6/6/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	ASTRO BETA 4	V-50145	25301/Carr	-1,845.00 -1,845.00	-8,610.00
General Journal	6/7/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	ASTRO BETA 4	V-50145	25301/Carr	-1,845.00 -1,845.00	-10,455.00
General Journal	6/8/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS					-12,300.00
General Journal	6/27/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	ASTRO BETA 4	V-50145	25301/Carr	-16,605.00	-28,905.00
General Journal				ASTRO BETA 4	V-50145	25301/Carr	-73,80	-28,978.80
General Journal	7/2/2001 7/3/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	ASTRO BETA 4	V-50145	25301/Carr	-166.60	-29,145.40
General Journal	7/5/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	ASTRO BETA 4	V-50145	25301/Carr	-1,131.90	-30,277.30
General Journal			COMMISSIONS	ASTRO BETA 4	V-50145	25301/Carr	-784.00	-31,061,30
	7/6/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	ASTROBETA 4	V-50145	25301/Cart	-784.00	-31,845.30
General Journal	7/9/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	ASTRO BETA 4	V-50145	25301/Carr	-1,078.00	-32,923.30
General Journal	7/10/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	ASTRO BETA 4	V-50145	25301/Carr	-1,078.00	-34,001.30
	7/11/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	ASTRO BETA 4	V-50145	25301/Carr	-1,078.00	-35,079,30
General Journal	7/12/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	ASTRO BETA 4	V-50145	25301/Carr	-1,078.00	-36,157.30
General Journal	7/13/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	ASTRO BETA 4	V-50145	25301/Carr	-1,078.00	-37,235.30
General Journal	7/16/2001			SWANSEA	V-50145	Hedge Gain,	-4,690,00	-41,925.30
General Journal	7/16/2001			SWANSEA	V-50145	Hedge Gain	-65.66	-41,990.96
General Journal General Journal	7/16/2001			SWANSEA	V-50145	Hedge Gain	-6,020.00	-48,010.96
General Journal	7/16/2001			SWANSEA	V-50145	Hedge Gain	-84.28	-48,095.24
	7/16/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	ASTRO BETA 4	V-50145	25301/Cerr	-171.50	-48,266.74
General Journal	7/17/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	ASTRO BETA 4	V-50145	25301/Carr	-171.50	-48,438.24
General Journal	7/18/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	ASTRO BETA 4	V-50145	25301/Cart	-171.50	-48,609.74
General Journal	7/19/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	ASTRO BETA 4	V-50145	25301/Carr	-171,50	-48,781,24
General Journal	7/20/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	ASTRO BETA 4	V-50145	25301/Carr	-171.50	-48,952.74
Total Commissions							-48,952.74	-48,952.74
Hedge Gain /(Loss)								
General Journal	5/31/2001	Je-Ck-03	Accruel	A. BETA-4	V-50145	Estimated	916,000.00	916,000,00
General Journal	6/20/2001			ASTRO BETA 4	V-50145	25301/Carr	-360,000.00	556,000,00
General Journal	6/30/2001	Je-Ck-13	Reverse Accrual	A. Bela-4/Swanse	V-50145	Accounts R	-916,000.00	-360,000,00
General Journal	6/30/2001	Je-Ck-13	Reverse Accrual	A. Beta-4/Swanse	V-50145	Accounts R	2.443,010.00	2,083,010,00
General Journal	7/16/2001			SWANSEA	V-50145	-SPLIT-	-410,000.00	1.673.010.00
General Journal	7/16/2001			SWANSEA	V-50145	Hedge Gain	-393,110.00	1,279,900.00
General Journal	7/25/2001			ASTRO BETA 4	V-50145	25301/Cerr	3,246,120.00	4,526,020.00
General Journal	7/31/2001	Je-Ck-10	Reverse Accrual	A. Beta-4	V-50145	Sales - Oil	-2,443,010.00	2,083,010.00
Total Hedge Gain /(L	.oss)						2,083,010.00	2,083,010.00
Interest Income Deposit	7/10/2001							
Deposit	7/10/2001 8/8/2001	INT	INTEREST INC	ASTRO BETA 4 ASTRO BETA 4	V-50145 V-50145	25301/Carr	2,572.74	2,572.74
Total Interest Income			MILOT HYO,	THE POLICE	4-20145	25301/Carr	7,327.32	9,900.06
TOTAL							9,900.06	9,900.06
IUIAL							878,033.39	878,033,39

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Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Gross Sales						-		
Sales - Oll Produ	icts							
General Journal	7/31/2001	Jo-Ck-04	Various	O. SPIRIT-3	V-50152	Accounts R	58,375,950,49	58,375,950,49
Deposit	9/4/2001	REV	PORT ARTHUR	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Paribe	12,498,571.24	70,874,521.73
Deposit	9/7/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	11,852,332,29	82,726,854.0
Deposit	9/7/2001	REV	Diamond Shame	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	12,343,137.61	95,069,991.6
Deposit	9/10/2001	REV	ENRON	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Periba	3,363,450.00	98,433,441.6
Deposit	9/10/2001	REV	MARATHON	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	10,886,681.19	109,320,122.8
Deposit	9/10/2001	REV	TOSCO	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	7,035,618,28	116,355,741.1
Deposit	9/12/2001	REV	TOSCO	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	138,222.45	116,493,963.5
Deposit	9/12/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	257,937.44	116,751,900.9
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-17	Various	O. SPIRIT-3	V-50152	-SPLIT-	-58,375,950,49	58,375,950.5
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-17	MARATHON	O SPIRIT-3	V-50152	Sales - Oll	-2,822.02	58,373,128.4
Total Sales - Oil I	Products						58,373,128.48	58,373,128.4
Total Gross Sales							58,373,128.48	58,373,128.48
Cost of Sales								
Broker Comm								
General Journal	7/31/2001	Je-Ck-04	Accrual	O. SPIRIT-3	V-50152	Accounts R.,.	-20,005.00	-20,005.0
General Journal	12/31/2001	JE-LH/38	STARSUPPLY	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	Broker Comm	-5,000.00	-25,005.00
General Journal	12/31/2001	JE-LH/38	STARSUPPLY	DORSET	V-50152	Broker Comm	-1,500.00	-26,505.00
Check	1/14/2002	1395	STARSUPPLY	O.Spirit-3/19746CS	V-50152	Cash - Well	-5,000,00	-31,505.00
Check	1/14/2002	1395	STARSUPPLY	Dorset/20179CS	V-50152	Cash - Well	-1,500.00	-33,005.00
General Journal	2/28/2002	JE-LH/02	STARSUPPLY	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	Broker Comm	5,000.00	-28,005.00
General Journal	2/28/2002	JE-LH/02	STARSUPPLY	DORSET	V-50152	Broker Comm	1,500.00	-26,505.00
Check	4/12/2002	1438	LONE STAR R	c.spir#-3	V-50152	Cash - Well	-4,125.00	-30,630.00
Total Broker Com							-30,630.00	-30,630,00
Secondary Chgs								
General Journal	6/30/2001	Je-Ck-35	Accrual	O. Spirit-3	V-50152	Secondary	78,586.78	78,586.78
General Journal	7/31/2001	Je-Ck-04	Accruel	O. SPIRIT-3	V-50152	Accounts R	-78,586.78	0.00
Total Secondary	-						0.00	0.00
Exchange gain/le	0\$\$							
General Journal	7/31/2001	Je-Ck-04	Accrual	O. SPIRIT-3	V-50152	Accounts R	-31,000.00	-31,008.00
Check	8/10/2001	PYMINT	UNITED NATIO	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-31,025.32	-62,025.32
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-17	Reverse Accrual	O. SPIRIT-3	V-50152	Sales - Oil	31,000.00	-31,025.32
Total Exchange g							-31,025.32	-31,025.32
Demurrage @ Li								
Deposit	12/4/2001	LIGHT	VALERO MARK	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	16,408,33	16,408.33
Total Demurrage	Lighter						16,408.33	16,408.33
Crude Purchase	_							
General Journal	7/31/2001	Je-Ck-04	Accrual	O. SPIRIT-3	1/ 50450	•	17 400 400 45	
General Journal	7/31/2001	Je-Ck-04 Je-Ck-04	Accrual Accrual	O. SPIRIT-3	V-50152 V-50152	Accounts R	-47,833,420.15	-47,833,420.15
Total Crude Purci		J8-CK-04	Accruai	U. SPIRIT-3	V-50152	Accounts R	-974,971.87	-48,808,392.02
Interest	18362						-48,808,392.02	-48,808,392.02
Check	6/29/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-1,881,25	-1,881,25
Check	7/2/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-276.81	-2,158.00
Check	7/16/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-1,241,63	-3,399.69
Check	7/16/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Peribe	-1,154,83	-4.554.52
Check	7/31/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Paribe	-2,627.08	-7,181.60
General Journal	7/31/2001	Je-Ck-04	Accrual	O. SPIRIT-3	V-50152	Accounts R	-250,000.00	-257,181.60
Check	8/10/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Periba	-1,762.22	-258,943.82
Check	8/17/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-46,302.67	-305,246.49
Check	8/24/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-45,922.62	-351,169,11
Check	8/31/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-45,734.11	-396,903,22
Check	9/4/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-27,093.33	-423,996.55
Check	9/7/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-4,895.84	-428,892,39
Check	9/7/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	O SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-15,000.84	-443,893.23
Check	9/10/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-5,611,66	-449,504.89
Check	9/14/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-11,180,56	-460,685.45
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-17	Reverse Accrual	O. SPIRIT-3	V-50152	Sales - Oil	250,000.00	-210,685.45
Total Interest							-210,685,45	-210,685.45
Inspection								
General Journal	7/31/2001	Je-Ck-04	Accrual	O. SPIRIT-3	V-50152	Accounts R	-35,000,00	-35,000.00
Check	10/24/2001	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-10,105.70	-45,105,70
Check	10/24/2001	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-13,337.25	-58,442.95
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-25	Reverse Accruel	O. SPIRIT-3	V-50152	-SPLIT-	15,490.54	-42,952.41
Total Inspection								
							-42,952.41	-42,952.41

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Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Insurance								
General Journal	7/31/2001	Ja-Ck-04	Accrual	O. SPIRIT-3	V-50152	Accounts R	-35,000,00	-35,000.00
Check	10/1/2001	INSP	GRACESEA LIM	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-3,000.00	-38,000.00 -65,268,69
Check General Journal	10/5/2001	INS Je-Ck-25	CRAIG FERGU Reverse Accrual	O.SPIRIT-3 O. SPIRIT-3	V-50152 V-50152	BNP Paribe	-27,268.69 35,000,00	-30,268,69
Check	1/3/2002	INS	CRAIG FERGU	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Paribe	-1,400.53	-31,669.22
Total insurance							-31,669.22	-31,669.22
L/C Charges								
Check	6/7/2001	LC	L/C CHARGES	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-58,522.50	-58,522.50
Check	6/7/2001	LC	L/C CHARGES	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-17,518.25	-76,138.75
Total L/C Charge	•						-76,138.75	-76,138.75
Freight	700004	****	nntorert i mi	- angre	14 50450	0410 0 14	000 400 00	*** 40* 60
Check Check	7/3/2001 7/13/2001	FRGHT	GRACESEA LIM THE KANOO G	O.SPIRIT-3 O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152 V-50152	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	-656,425.00 -1,275.00	-656,425.00 -657,700.00
Seneral Journal	7/31/2001	Je-Ck-04	Accrual	O. SPIRIT-3	V-50152	Accounts R	-2,340,981,29	-2,998,681.29
Seneral Journal	7/31/2001	Je-Ck-04	Accrual	O. SPIRIT-3	V-50152	Accounts R	496,580.50	-2,502,100.79
Seneral Journal	7/31/2001	Je-Ck-04	Accruel	O. SPIRIT-3	V-50152	Accounts R	-1,192,000.00	-3,694,100.79
heck	8/15/2001	FRGHT	GRACESEA LIM	O.SPIRIT-3 11TH	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-864,950,00	-4.359.050.79
check	8/15/2001	FRGHT	GRACESEA LIM	O. SPIRIT-3 10TH	V-50152	BNP Paribe	-8,525.00	-4,367,575,79
Check	8/15/2001	FRGHT	GRACESEA LIM	O. SPIRIT-3 11TH	V-50152	BNP Pariba	143,437.55	-4,224,138.24
Check	8/17/2001	FRGHT	FAL ENERGY C	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-1,588,943.84	-5,813,082.08
heck	9/7/2001	COMM	LONE STAR R	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-8,525.00	-5,821,607.08
heck	9/7/2001	COMM	LONE STAR R	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Paribe	-8,525.00	-5,830,132.08
heck	9/7/2001	FRGHT	GRACESEA LIM	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-643,500,00	-8,473,632.08
heck	9/19/2001 9/30/2001	FRGHT Je-Ck-17	LETH SUEZ TR	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Periba	-222,000.00	-6,695,632.08
Seneral Journal		Je-Ck-17 INSP	Reverse Accrual GRACESEA LIM	O. SPIRIT-3	V-50152	Sales - Oil	2,340,981.29	-4,354,650.79
heck	10/1/2001			O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-8,525.42	-4,363,176.21
Check Check	3/11/2002 5/23/2002	FRGHT	GRACESEA LIM ROBIN MARITI	O.SPIRIT-3 O SPIRIT-3	V-50152 V-50152	Banque Bru BNP Pariba	-8,525.42 -3,415.97	-4,371,701.83 -4,375,117.80
Total Freight	2721001	1 110111	ACCES MARKETES.	O OF WALL-O	4-30132	ON PARONI	-4,375,117.60	-4,375,117.60
Finance Charge							1,2,11,111	4214111111
Check	6/21/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-141.74	-141.74
Check	6/21/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-141.74	-283.48
Sheck	6/28/2001	BC	Bank Charges	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-141.65	-425.13
heck	6/28/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Paribe	-141.65	-568.78
Check	7/3/2001	FRGHT	GRACESEA LIM	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-19.33	-586.11
Check	7/13/2001	FRGHT	THE KANOO G	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-19.60	-605.71
Seneral Journal Check	7/31/2001	Je-Ck-04 BC	Accrual	O. SPIRIT-3	V-50152	Accounts R	-39,000.00	-39,605.71
neck Sheck	8/2/2001 8/3/2001	PUR	BANK CHARGES HAVERHILL TR	O.SPIRIT-3 O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152 V-50152	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	-30.24	-39,635.95
heck	8/10/2001	PYMINT	UNITED NATIO	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152 V-50152	BNP Pariba	-20.24 -38.291.55	-39,656.19 -77,947,74
Check	8/13/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-30,291,55	-78,467.74
Check	8/15/2001	FRGHT	GRACESEA LIM	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Paribe	-20.73	-78,488.47
theck.	8/17/2001	FRGHT	FAL ENERGY C	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-20.87	-78,509,34
Check	8/27/2001	FRGHT	ROBIN MARITI	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-20.73	-78,530.07
check	8/31/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-585.00	-79,115.07
Deposit	9/4/2001	REV	PORT ARTHUR	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-85.00	-79,200.07
heck	9/4/2001	BC	PORT ARTHUR	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-25.00	-79,225.07
Check	9/5/2001	BC	Diamond Shamr	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-585,00	-79,810.07
Check	9/7/2001	COMM	LONE STAR R	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-20.51	-79,830,58
Check	9/7/2001	BC	VALERO MARK	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-500.00	-80,330.58
Deposit	9/7/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	SNP Pariba	-85.00	-80,415.58
heck	9/7/2001	BC	TOSCO	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-500.00	-80,915.58
heck	9/7/2001	BC	MARATHON	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-500.00	-81,415.58
Check	9/7/2001	FRGHT	GRACESEA LIM	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-20.51	-81,436,09
Check	9/10/2001	BC REV	ENRON	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-500.00	-81,936.09
Deposit	9/10/2001 9/10/2001	REV	MARATHON	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-85.00	-82,021.09
Deposit Check	9/10/2001	REV RC	TOSCO ENRON	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Periba	-85.00	-82,106.09
zneck Check	9/12/2001	FRGHT	LETH SUEZ TR	O.SPIRIT-3 O. SPIRIT-3	V-50152 V-50152	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	-607.29 -21,79	-82,713.38 -82,735,17
Seneral Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-17	Reverse Accrual	O. SPIRIT-3	V-50152	Sales - Oil	39,000.00	-62,735,17 -43,735,17
Check	10/1/2001	INSP	GRACESEA LIM	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-21.36	-43,758.53
Check	10/5/2001	LGHT	GENMAR ALEX	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-21.42	-43,777.95
Deposit	10/9/2001	BC	ENRON	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	607.29	-43,170,68
Check	10/17/2001	REV	MARATHON	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-21,18	-43,191,84
Check	10/24/2001	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Peribe	-20.90	-43,212,74
Check	1/3/2002	INS	CRAIG FERGU	I.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-20.90 -21.04	-43,233.78
Check	3/11/2002	FRGHT	GRACESEA LIM	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	Banque Bru	-40,00	-43,273,78
Check	5/23/2002	FRGHT	ROBIN MARITI	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-37.09	-43,310.87
Check	7/19/2002	FIN	PORT ARTHUR	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-62.53	-43,373.40
Check	7/19/2002	FIN	Diamond Shamr	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-62,53	-43,435.93
Check	7/22/2002	FIN	TOSCO	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Paribe	-62.40	-43,498,33
Check	7/22/2002	FIN	ENRON	O.SPIRIT-3	V-50152	BNP Pariba	-62.40	-43,560.73
Total Finance Ch	arges						-43.560.73	-43,560.73
							10,000,10	

Page 2

11:32 AM 07/16/04 Accruel Basis

Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1996 through December 2003

Type	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Spilt	Amount	Balancu
Lightering Char								
General Journal	7/31/2001	Je-Ck-04	Accrual	O. SPIRIT-3	V-50152	Accounts R	-150,290.05	-150,290.05
Total Lightering C	Charges						-150,290.05	-150,290.05
Total Cost of Sales							-53,784,053.22	-53,784,053.22
Commissions								
General Journal	7/31/2001	Je-Ck-04	Accrual	O. SPIRIT-3	V-50152	Accounts R	-43,145,52	-43,145.52
General Journal	9/21/2001			OLYMPIA SPIRIT 3	V-50152	Hedge Gain	-11,680.00	54,825.52
General Journal	9/21/2001			OLYMPIA SPIRIT 3	V-50152	Hedge Gain	-338.52	-55,164.04
General Journal	9/21/2001			OLYMPIA SPIRIT 3	V-50152	Hedge Gein	-30,500.00	-85,864,04
General Journal	9/21/2001			OLYMPIA SPIRIT 3	V-50152	Hedge Gain	-627,00	-86,291.04
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-17	Reverse Accrual	O. SPIRIT-3	V-50152	Sales - Oil	43,145.52	-43,145.52
Total Commissions							-43,145.52	-43,145.52
Hedge Gain /(Loss)	1							
General Journal	7/31/2001	Je-Ck-04	Accruel	O. SPIRIT-3	V-50152	Accounts R	-1,138,980.00	-1,138,980.00
General Journal	9/21/2001			OLYMPIA SPIRIT 3	V-50152	-SPLIT-	-986,360,00	-2,125,340.00
General Journal	9/21/2001			OLYMPIA SPIRIT 3	V-50152	Hedge Gain	-152,620.00	-2,277,960.00
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-17	Reverse Accrual	O. SPIRIT-3	V-50152	Sales - Oil	1,138,980.00	-1,138,980.00
Total Hedge Gain /(L	Loss)						-1,138,980.00	-1,138,980.00
TOTAL							3,406,949.74	3,406,949.74



P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/21/2001

: 'ROSNEFTEIMPEX' NK ROSNEFT : MINA AL BAKR TERMINAL : MAJESTIC UNITY : EUROPE

> Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination

Sold to

Country of origin: IRAQ

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 93

: 15.3.2001 : M/09/25 Contract No. Due date

Openinig Bank L/c No.: 106'297/C5 BNP Confirmation no : D725881

: BBL/3051 Shipment No.

		Quantity		Price per	Total value	
Description of commodity	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in EURO	
RAQ CRUDE OIL (BASRAH LIGHT) 33 39 API GRAVITY AT 60° F	276,034.378	271,674.01	2,027,902	22.204	45,027,536.01	<u> </u>
					45.007.536.01	

Totaleuro: **ecrey riyr mililion twenty seven teousand pive hundred thirty six and one cent**

Proc Calculation: DATED BRENT MINUS \$473/BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15⁷⁸
DAY FROM THE BL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.06 API DE-ESCALATION PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201732-022-45

B/L DATED 14/2/2000

For State Oil Marteting-Organization HEAD OF PINANCE DEPT.



P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/27/2001

: 'ROSNEFTEIMPEX' NK ROSNEFT : MINA AL BAKR TERMINAL Exporting Port Sold to

: HELLESPONT PARADISE Ship's Name

: NORTH AMERICA Country of origin: IRAQ Destination

BNP Confirmation no : D726068 : M/09/25 Contract No.

: 26.3.2001

Due date

Openinig Bank L/c No.: CI0279500

: BBL/3057 Shipment No.

		Quantity		Price per	Total value
Description of commodity	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in EURO
RAQ CRUDE OIL (BASRAH LIGHT)	289 231 241	284 662 41	2 103 164	John	
31.71_API GRAVITY AT 60° F				97.57 13.50	40,000,779.10

Total EURO: ECRETY.MILLION.SIX.HINDRED.SIXTY.SIX.THOUSAND.SEVEN.HUNDRED SEVENITY NINE AND TEN CENTS

Price Calculation: WTI (SECOND MONTH) MINUS \$9.64/BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15⁷⁷¹ DAY FROM THE BL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$0.22 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-402-45

B/L DATED 25/2/2000

ORIGINAL

For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FRANCE DEFT.



State Oil Marketing Organization P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq Commercial Inv

Commercial Invoice No.: C/23/2001

: JSOC ROSNEFTEIMPEX NK ROSNEFT, MOSCOW

: 13,4,2001 Contract No.

BNP Confirmation no : D 726272 : M/09/25

Openinig Bank L/c No.: LCIM1163305 : CK/4965 Shipment No.

: ONE ITWO SAFE EUROPEAN BERTH (S) /PORT (S)

Country of origin: IRAQ

: CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY

Exporting Port Ship's Name Destination

Sold to

: CRUDEMED

		Quantity		Price per	Total value
Description of commodity	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in EURO
IRAQ CRUDE OIL (KIRKUK)	138,412.447	136.226.02	1,023,223	20,615	21 000 245 15
34.44 API GRAVITY AT 60° F					CT-22-11050177

21,093,742.15 Total EURO ; JAMBATY CARE MILLICAN -- NINEETY-THREE THOUSAND SEVEN HARKED PORTY TWO AND PIFTEEN CENTS

Phoc Calcalation: DATED BRENT MINUS \$4.70/BBL AVERAGE OF PIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE BL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$0.15 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE MATIONAL DE PARIS, SA A NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EINSO SHE ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0700-20175-4007-05

CRIGINAL

For State Oil Marketing Organization
HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

B/L DATED 15/3/2001



P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/52/2001

: 02/05/2001

: M/09/25

Contract no. Due date

Exporting port : MINA ALBAKR TERMINAL Ships Name : STAVROS G.L.
Destination : NORTH AMERICA

Country of origin: IRAQ

: ROSNEFTEIMPEX / NK ROSNEFT

Sold to

Openinig Bank L/c No. : LCIM2166231 : BBL/3080 (1) Shipment No.

BNP Confirmation no : D726597

Description of commodity		Quantity		Price per	Total value
•	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in EURO
IRAQ CRUDE OIL					
BASRAH LIGHT	34,470.675	33,926.16	250,000	20.188	5,047,000.00
31.28 API GRAVITY AT 60 F					

Total EURO : FTVE MILLION FORTY SBVEN THOUSAND ONLY

Price Calculation: WTI(SECOND MONTH)MINUS \$ 8.65 / IBBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15 th DAY FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATTS CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.27 API DE-ESCALATION

5,047,000.00

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-002-05

B/L DATED 03/04/2001

CRIGINAL

POP SHAPE RAHIM
POP SHAPE OIL Manketing Organization
S. G. HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.



P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/50/2001

: JSOC ROSNEFTEIMPEX NK ROSNEFT, MOSCOW Sold to

Exporting port : CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY Ships Name : SANDRA TAPIAS

: ALGECIRAS Destination

Country of origin: IRAQ

: M/09/25 Contract no.

: 17/05/2001

Due date

Openinig Bank L/c No. : CDI-2001/005

BNP Confirmation no : D726710

: CK/4990 Shipment No.

Description of commodity		Quantity		Price per	Total value
	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in EURO
IRAQ CRUDE OIL					
KIRKUK	135,480.869	133,340.75	1,000,724	24.857	24,874,996.47
34.30 API GRAVITY AT 60 F°					
		- Company of the Comp		THE RESERVOIS ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY OF TH	24.874.996.47

Total EURO : TWENTY FOUR MILLION EIGHT HUNDRED SEVENTY FOUR THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED NINETY SIX AND FORTY SEVEN CENT

Price Calculation: DATED BRENT MINUS \$ 3.29 / JBBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE BAL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.17 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201762-002-05

B/L DATED 18/04/2001

ORIGINAL

I.A.SHUAEIB
I.A.SHUAEIB
For State Oil Marketing Organization
HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT.

U.S. Bbls

Quantity Long Tons

Metric Tons

2,160,986

288,003.87

292,626.332

34.26 API GRAVITY AT 60 F °



State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/49/2001

Sold to : ROSNEFTEIMPEX / NK ROSNEFT

Exporting port : CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY

Ships Name : SETTEBELLO Destination : EUROPE

Country of origin: IRAQ

Description of commodity

IRAQ CRUDE OIL KIRKUK

Due date : 18/05/2001 Contract no. : M/09/25

Openinig Bank L/c No. : CI0284770 Shipment No." : CK/4989

BNP Confirmation no : D726638

Total value in EURO	53,719,950.97	53,719,950.97
Price per Barrel FOB	24.859	

Total EURO : FIFTY THREE MILLION SEVEN HUNDRED NINETEEN THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED FIFTY AND NINETY SEVEN CENT
Price Calculation: DATED BRENT MINUS \$ 3.20 IBBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATTS
CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.17 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-002-05

BIL DATED 19/04/2001 ORIGINAL

For State Cil Marketing Degration



P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/55/2001

: 24/05/2001

: M/09/25

Contract no. Due date

: JSOC ROSNEFTEIMPEX NK ROSNEFT, MOSCOW Sold to

Exporting port : CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY

Ships Name : NURIA TAPIAS
Destination : ALGECIRAS

Country of origin: IRAQ

Openinig Bank L/c No.: CDI-2001/007 BNP Confirmation no : D726885

Shipment No.

Description of commodity		Quantity		Price per	Total value	
	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in EURO	ĺ
IRAQ CRUDE OIL						
KIRKUK	135,982.340	133,834.30	1,001,646	26.571	26,614,735.87	
33.93 API GRAVITY AT 60 F					1	
					26,614,735.87	

Total EURO : TWENTY SIX MILLION SIX HUNDRED FOURTEEN THOUSAND SEVEN HUNDRED THIRTY FIVE AND EIGHTY SEVEN CENT

Price Calculation: DATED BRENT MINUS \$ 3.20 /BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.20 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS RAD ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-02-49.

ORIGINAL

B/L DATED 25/04/2001

ization



P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/90/2001

18/06/2001 Due date

BNP Confirmation no : D727174 : MI09/25 Contract no.

Opening Bank L/c No.: C10289910 : BBL/3114

Total value	in EURO	40,825,447.38
Price per	Barrel FOB	21.940
	U.S. Bbls	1,860,777
Ouantity	Long Tons	253,391,34
era resentativa depresentativa de se	Metric Tons	257,458.271

30.72 API GRAVITY AT 60 F

FOAT CURO : FORTY MALLION EIGHT HUNDRED "WENTY FIVE THOUSAND FOUR HUNDRED FORTY SEVEN AND THIRTY EIGHT CENT

40,825,447.38

Price Calcubator. WTI(SECOND MONTH/WANDS § 946 YEBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATICKS STARTING FROM THE 16 IN DAY FROM THE BILL DATE AS PUBLISHED BY PLATTS GRODE OIL MARNET WIRE, MINIOS SALZ APP DE ESSCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED HATONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED MATTONS RAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0206.201753.402.45

B/L DATED 20/05/2001

CRIGINAL

For State Oil Mark

ананяня омая

: ROSNEFTEIMPEX / NK ROSNEFT

Sold to

Exporting port: MINA ALBAKR TERMINAL Ships Name : ASTRO BETA
Destination : NORTH AMERICA

TREASURER

RAQ CRUDE OIL BASRAH LIGHT

Description of commodity

Country of origin: IRAQ

SEFTIT OR 13:08 FRUM: SEATBHS3925 7812 786 718 1 XAT 01:31 1005/11/80



P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/107/2001

Sold to : ROSNEFTEIMPEX / NK ROSNEFT

Exporting port : MINA ALBAKR TERMINAL

Ships Name : OLYMPIA SPIRIT
Destination : NORTH AMERICA

Country of origin: IRAQ

Due date : 11/08/2001 Contract no. : M/09/25

BNP Confirmation no : D728097

Openinig Bank L/c No.: LCIM2176336 Shipment No. : BBL/3130 (2)

Description of commodity		Quantity		Price per	Total value
	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in EURO
IRAQ CRUDE OIL					
BASRAH LIGHT	275,224.698	270,877.12	1,999,925	20.935	41,868,429.88
31.60 API GRAVITY AT 60 F°					
				The state of the s	41,868,429.88

Total EURO : <u>"Exrey", one milition, etiget, findred, styct</u>y etiget thousand exemencement four hondred twanety nine m and etiget / Etiget cents Price Calculation: WTI(SECOND MONTH)MINUS \$ 7.55 (BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15 th DAY FROM THE BIL DATE AS PLICE CALCULATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-002-05

B/L DATED 13/07/2001

ORIGINAL





P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/95/2001

21/08/2001

M/09/25

Contract no. Due date

AK, MT, MET

: ROSNEFTEIMPEX / NK ROSNEFT Sold to

Exporting port : CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY Ships Name : CRUDE ENA

: HUELVA

Country of origin: IRAQ Destination

CDI-2001/010 D727823 BNP Confirmation no : Openinig Bank L/c No.:

CK/5029 Shipment No.

Description of commodity		Quantity		Price per	Total value
	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in EURO
IRAQ CRUDE OIL					- <u>4-</u> -2
KIRKUK	135,365.395	133,227.10	1,002,807	24.952	25,022,040.26
34.79 API GRAVITY AT 60 F°					100 to

Total EURO: TWENTY FIVE MILLION TWENTY TWO THOUSAND FORTY AND TWENTY SIX CENT

25,022,040.26

Price Calculation: DATED BRENT MINUS \$ 2.50 IBBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATTS CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.12 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANDUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-002-05

CRIGINAL

B/L DATED 23/07/2001

For State Oil Marketin HEAD OF FINANC

HAVERHILL TRADING LIMITED 23, ARISTIDOU STR., PIREAS, GREECE COMMERCIAL INVOICE NO. 08/25/04 DATED 25.04.2001 BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED P.O. BOX CB 12918 NASSAU BAHAMAS FURTHER TO OUR CONTRACT DATED JULY 11, 2000, ADDENDUM No2 DATED 18 JANUARY, 2001 VESSEL NAME: M/T "SETTEBELLO" B/L DATE: APRIL 19, 2001 LOADPORT: CEYHAN, TURKEY KIRKUK CRUDE OIL GRADE: ORIGIN: QUANTITY: **IRAQ** 2,160,986 NET US BARRELS BALANCE AMOUNT DUE NOT COVERED BY LETTER OF CREDIT NR. C1284770 USD 651,295.80 PAYABLE VALUE MAY 18, 2001 AS FOLLOWS: HAVERHILL TRADING LIMITED CREDIT: ACCOUNT NO: 18127 BANK HELLENIC BANK GREECE A/C # 4409348 WITH BANKERS TRUST COMPANY 11, VAS. SOFIAS AVE., & MERLINE ST., PO BOX 30597 100-33 ATHENS, GREECE SWIFT CODE: HEBA GR AA XXX CORRESPONDENT:BANKERS TRUST COMPANY 280 PARK AVENUE NEW YORK, NY 10017 MARIOS KONTEMENIOTIS DIRECTOR

PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 94

SNT 019650

HAVERHILL TRADING LIMITED 23, ARISTIDOU STR., PIREAS, GREECE

INVOICE No 15/07/06 dated 07.06. 2001. Contract dated April 26, 2001, addendum No.1 dated 26 April 2001.

To: Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited P.O.Box CB 12918, Nassau, Baghamas

Steamer: m/t "Astro Beta", B/L 20.05.2001 ex Al Bakr Discription: Basrah Light crude oil 1.860.777 net bbls

Amount: USD 651.271,95

Balance amount due not covered by Letter of Credit CI 0289010

The above amount should be paid upon receipt of this invoice to: Beneficiary: Haverhill Trading Limited
12 Promitheus str., Nicosia, Cyprus.
Account No: 140 – 07 – 075660 - 01

Bank: Hellenic Bank LTD

Bank address: 92, Dhigenis Akritas Ave., PO Box 4529, 1300 Nicosia,

Cyprus.

Swift Code: HEBA CY 2N

Correspondent Bank: The Chase Manhattan Bank NA.

Address of Correspondent Bank: 1 Chase Manhattan Plasa, New York, NY

10081, USA.

Account with Correspondent Bank: 001-1-190667 Swift of Correspondent Bank: CHAS US 33

Marios Kontemeniotis

Director

SNT 020995

HAVERHILL TRADING LIMITED 23, ARISTIDOU STR., PIREAS, GREECE

INVOICE No 16/25/07 dated 25.07, 2001.

Contract dated April 26, 2001, addendum No.1 dated 26 April 2001.

To: Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited P.O.Box CB 12918, Nassau, Baghamas

Steamer: m/t "Olympia Spirit", B/L 13.07.2001 ex Al Bakr Discription: Basrah Light crude oil

1.999.925 net bbls

Amount: USD 749.971.87

Balarice amount due not covered by Letter of Credit LCIM 2176336

The above amount should be paid upon receipt of this invoice to:

Beneficiary: Haverhill Trading Limited 12 Promitheus str., Nicosia, Cyprus.

Account No: 140 - 07 - 075660 - 01

Bank: Hellenic Bank LTD

Bank address: 92, Dhigenis Akritas Ave., PO Box 4529, 1300 Nicosia,

Cyprus.

Swift Code: HEBA CY 2N

Correspondent Bank: The Chase Manhattan Bank NA.

Address of Correspondent Bank: 1 Chase Manhattan Plasa, New York, NY

10081, USA.

Account with Correspondent Bank: 001-1-190667 Swift of Correspondent Bank: CHAS US 33

Marios Kontemeniotis

Director

SNT 022344

John Prving 01256889028 p.2 17 Apr 01 14:11 38, Oct aztsova str., Moscow 127018, Russia Phone (7095), 298 14 96, 289 24 63, 219 26 01 Fax: (7095) 979 60 71 Telex: 912378 RENK E-mail recme@online.ru ROSNEFTEIMPEX To: Bayoil From: Y. Poukhov Fax: 1713-7818377 Pages: 2+1 Re: Basrah crude oil 17.04.2001 Date: Mr. David Chalmer, President Att: 64/04 NB CC. Mr.Ludmil Dionissiev Mr.John Irving No.: TOP URGENT Dear Sirs, We are pleased to agree a new cargo in May 14th, M/T "Mariner" 2 000 000 bbls of Basrah Light.
We inform you also that we received confirmation from SOMO for another 2 000 000 bbls of Basrah Light in June. For myt "Mariner" in position May 14th price had been agreed in Geneva during our meeting in March 30th OSP + 0,35 USD/bbl In case of your confirmation of cargo in June please advise your exact dates of loading and also price indication. You know that we always need improvement. Taking into account that after loading of m/t "Majestic Unity" B/L 14.02.01, m/t "Hellespont Paradise" 25.02.01, and m/t "Settebello" B/L 18th or 19th April our Contract is over and it is necessary to conclude new contract with new company from our side (the name of our company is in enclosure) This Contract or Agreement should cover:

1. in/t "Stavros" B/L 3.04.01 - 250 000 bbls of Basrah Light surcharge D OSP 0,35 - 0,40 \$/bbl. m/t "Mariner" position 14th May Basrah Light 2 000 000 bbls urcharge to OSP 0,35 – 0,40 \$/bbl. 2. m/t "TBN" in June 2 000 000 bbls surcharge to OSP 0,40 \$/bbl.

PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 97

SNT 020929

17 Apr 01 14:11 John Irving 01256889028 Please urgently send to our address new Contract with new company from our side. In case you need some quantities of Kirkuk in June please let us know. We expect your urgent answer. Best regards, Y.Poskhov Enclosure: 1 pagé

> SNT 020930 SNT 020930

p.3

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	Company:	CROSSOIL S.A.		
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	1	Panama, Republic of I	anama	
	Representati	e ANATOLI FEDORO	VSKI -	•
	in Moscov			_
•	Bank:	AIZKRAUKLES BAT	1kv	
	Bank addres	s: Elizabetes iela 23, Rig	ro I V-1010 Y atvis	
	Bank addres	Tal - +271 701 56 00-	Fax: +371 701 56 01; S.W.I.F.T.: AIZK LV 22	2:
		Telex: 161171 AIZKI	LV	-,
	1	E-mail: bank@sizkrau	ikles.com; Reuter Source: AIZB;	
		Reuter Dealing: AIZX	; www.aizkraukles.com	
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SNT 020931 SNT 020931 To: H.E. the Executive Director

RE: Contract M/09/25 with Rosimpex Russian Company (The Presidential Council)

1- The original contractual quantities are:

<u>Basrah</u>	<u>Kirkuk</u>	<u>Total</u>
4	3	7

2- The quantities lifted up to this date are:

1 <u>5</u>

3- The remaining quantities are:

2

4- Rosnefteimpex company requested to change the quantity of the contract to the following:

Basrah	<u>Kirkuk</u>	<u>Total</u>
4	2	6

to be lifted in April/May 2001, and to extend the validity of the contract until 05/15/2001, taking into consideration that the company has settled both of the surcharge amounts due to our embassy in Moscow as per the telephone conversation with their representative in Baghdad.

Please review and advice.

Regards,

03/24

Abd-al-Jalil Hammadi

Head of Crude Oil First Marketing Department

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PSI Staff Rpt (RPC) - FN 98

ا لسيدالدر هنشت إنتم	
ترین خراه ۱/05/25 میزیار ۲	
رون مین پورسید و دوره براس	
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	30	614,773.80	614,773.80	0.30	2,049,246	M/10/60	PETROLINE	20
	000	552,010.20	552,010.20	0.30	1,840,034	M/10/81	PETROLINE	10
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	*	1,101,610.80	1,101,606.05	0.27	4,006,395	M/10/07	ROSNEFT GAS EXPORT	10
		850,740.45	850,679.25	0.28	3,002,732	M/09/25	ROSNEFTIMPEX	10
	200	4,552,763.10	4,552,917.25	0.28	16,008,036	M/10/15	ROSNEFTIMPEX	10

اعديد للدلارة للمالية-المدولان للحاربة

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

NO. M/10/15

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 106

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

NQ. M/10/15

SECTION ONE SPECIFIC PROVISIONS #.O.B. CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

FOB SALES CONTRACT CONTENTS

Section One

Article One : Definitions
Article Two : Period

Article Three : Quantity and Quality

Article Four : Price
Article Five : Reopener
Article Six : Payment

Article Seven : SOMO Standard Documentation

Article Eight : Approval of Contract Article Nine : Special Conditions

Article Ten : Addresses

Section Two

Article One : Measurement and Sampling

Article Two : Risk and Property
Article Three : Lifting Programme
Article Four : Nomination of Vessels
Article Five : Vessel Berths
Article Six : Loading Conditions
Article Seven : Demurrage

Article Seven : Demurrage
Article Eight : Taxes and Duties

Article Nine : Termination in the event of

Liquidation or Default

Article Ten : Assignment
Article Eleven : Destination
Article Twelve : Force majeure
Article Thirteen : Arbitration
Article Fourteen : Notices
Article Fifteen : Applicable Law

Appendix I

Form of Letter of Credit

Applendix II : Application Form to Request Approval of

Contract.

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Contract between State Oil Marketing Organization (SOMO) (hereinafter called SELLER) of the one part and JSC "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT RUSSIA, MOSCOW (hereinafter called BUYER) of the other part.

Whereby it is agreed as follows:-

SECTION ONE

Wherever the General Provisions of Section Two, attached and herein incorporated in this Contract, are at variance or in conflict with this Section One, the provisions of Section One shall govern.

ARTICLE ONE

DEFINITIONS

Euro

As used in this Contract, unless otherwise provided, the following words and terms shall have the following meanings:

Barrel : means forty-two (42) U.S. Gallons at sixty degrees

(60') Fahrenheit and at normal atmospheric pressure.

Day : means a period of twenty-four (24) running hours

Commencing at 00.01 hours local time at the port

of loading

Barrel per : means the average number of barrels of crude oil Day (B/d) supplied during a calendar day as defined above.

F.O.B. : means "Free on Board" as referred to in the ICC

Incoterms 1990.

Dollar (\$) ; The currency of the United States of America.

: The currency of the European Union

Month: means Gregorian Calendar month commencing

at 00.01 hours local time at the port of loading

on first day of the month.

Quarter : means a period of three (3) consecutive months

Beginning on a 1st January or a 1st April or a 1st

July or a 1st October.

Year	:	means a Gregorian Calendar Year.
Api Gravity	:	means scale adopted by the American Petroleum Institute for expressing the specific Gravity of crude oil.
SCR 986	:	means Security Council resolution 986 (1995) of 14 April 1995.
SCR 1111	:	means Security Council resolution 1111 (1997) of 4 June 1997.
SCR 1143	:	means Security Council resolution 1143 (1997) of 4 December 1997.
SCR 1153	:	means Security Council resolution 1153 (1998) of 20 February 1998.
SCR 1210	:	means Security Council resolution 1210 (1998) of 24 November 1998.
SCR 1242	:	means Security Council resolution 1242 (1999) of 21 May 1999.
SCR 1281	:	means Security Council resolution 1281 (1999) Of 10 December 1999.
SCR 1302	:	means Security Council resolution 1302 (2000) of 8 June 2000.
SCR 1330	:	means Security Council resolution 1330 (2000) Of 5 December 2000.
SCR 1360	:	means Security Council Resolution 1360 (2001)
661 Committee	;	means the Security Council Committee
		established by Security Council Resolution 661 (1990).
Procedures	:	means the procedures to be employed by the 661 Committee (United Nations document S/1996/636, dated 8 August 1996).
Overseers	:	means the independent experts in international Oil trade appointed by the Secretary-General of The United Nations pursuant to SCR 986 and the procedures.
Insp e ctors	:	means the independent oil inspection agents Appointed by the Secretary-General pursuant to SCR 986.

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ARTICLE TWO

PERIOD:

 Subject to Article Eight below, this Contract shall become effective on the 1ST day of August, 2001, and shall continue thereafter until the 30th November 2001, unless renewed by mutual agreement.

The ultimate consumer of the crude oil sold under this Contract shall be Refineries in Europe and/or U.S.A.

Any change in the destination is subject to the prior approval of Seller.

ARTICLE THREE



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QUANTITY AND QUALITY:

BASRAH LIGHT

 SELLER undertakes to sell and deliver FOB and BUYER undertakes to purchase, receive and pay for the following:-

Type of Crude Quantity Port of Loading
KIRKUK 7,000,000 BBLS CEYHAN

The quality of the crude oil shall be the standard export quality available at the port of loading from time to time.

10,000,000 BBLS

- Quantities shall represent contracted quantities or number of barrels per day contracted multiplied by the number of days of the relevant period stipulated in sub Article 2.1
- 4. Quantities shall be lifted as evenly as possible over the course of such delivery period in lots of approximate barrels and as will be agreed between BUYER and SELLER.
- 5. Quantities lifted under allowed operational vessel slippage shall be deemed as part of the contracted quantities of the period.

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- 6. In case when SELLER, for reasons technical or otherwise that are beyond his control, is unable to meet his full contractual commitments, SELLER shall have the right to reduce the contracted quantities for the duration of the period when such circumstances shall prevail. SELLER shall advise BUYER as soon as possible before the beginning of any period during which supplies to all buyers are to be reduced.
- In no event shall any loading start beyond the 30th of November, 2001, unless the Security Council has authorized sales beyond that date.

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ARTICLE FOUR

PRICE:

 The price(s) of the crude oil to be delivered under this contract shall be as follows:-

TYPE OF CRUDE	<u>API</u>	PORT OF LOADING
KIRKUK	36.00	CEYHAN
BASRAH LIGHT	34.00	AL BAKR

Price Mechanism in EURO per Barrel FOB

Price shall be the standard SOMO price as agreed upon between SOMO and the United Nations from time to time.

5

ARTICLE FIVE

REOPENER:

Each party shall have the right not later the 15th day of any month to request a review of the pricing mechanism of this Contract.

If following a request for a review, the parties are unable to agree within a period of ten (10) days from the date upon which such request was made, either party may elect to terminate this Contract by serving written notice of phase-out to the other party and termination shall be effective at the end of the month following the month during which the notice of termination has been received.

But if the parties are able to agree within the above mentioned ten (10) days period, any agreed upon adjustment to the pricing mechanism shall be subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.

However, of such approval has not been granted by the 661 Committee, this Contract shall be considered as terminated as of the end of the month following the month during which the above mentioned ten (10) days period ends unless the parties agree otherwise.

In case of Contract termination under any of the above mentioned events, this Contract shall remain in full force and effect at the pricing mechanism applicable in accordance with this Contract terms and conditions up to the effective date of termination and such termination not affect the parties' rights and obligations therefrom, unless the parties agree otherwise during the period prior to the effective date of termination.

ARTICLE SIX

PAYMENT:

BUYER shall establish in respect of each shipment lifted under this
Contract an irrevocable documentary letter of credit issued by a
bank acceptable to Banque Nationale de Paris, S.A. ("BNP") for
confirmation, in the form set out in Appendix I hereof.

In all cases, the Letter of Credit shall be established, confirmed and accepted at least seven (7) days prior to loading date.

- BUYER irrevocably undertakes that payment for each cargo of crude oil lifted shall be made out of the proceeds of the confirmed Letter of Credit directly to United Nations Iraq Account Euro sub account account number 0200-201752-002-05 established by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, pursuant to paragraph 7 of SCR 986, at BNP (New York Branch) (hereinafter "United Nations Iraq Account Euro sub Account"), upon presentation to BNP of the documents required by the Letter of Credit, including but not limited to the Commercial Invoice and the Bill of Lading.
- All charges within Iraq are for SELLER, whereas all charges outside Iraq are to be borne by BUYER.
- Unless otherwise provided herein, payment shall be made not later than thirty (30) days from B/L date, in same date funds.

If payment falls due on a Saturday or Bank holiday other than Monday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on the last preceding banking day. If payment falls due on a Sunday or a Monday Bank holiday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on the next succeeding banking day.

7

ARTICLE SEVEN

SOMO STANDARD DOCUMENTATION:

Bill of Lading	9 (3 orig. & 6 copies)
Certificate of Origin	4
Certificate of Quality and Quantity	4
Loading Time Sheet	4
Ullage Report	4
Master's Receipt for Samples	4
Distribution of Documents	4

Two sets of documents are handed to Master, one being for consignee. SELLER shall advise BUYER by telex or cable within forty eight (48) hours following each loading with the following details:-

- (a) Vessel's Name.
- (b) Loading Port.
- (c) Commenced loading Date.
- (d) Completed Loading Date.
- (e) Sailing Date.
- (f) Gross and net quantities in metric tons, long tons and U.S. barrels.
- (g) API Gravity.

ARTICLE EIGHT

APPROVAL OF CONTRACT:

This Contract is subject to the approval of the Overseers on behalf of the 661 Committee. Such approval shall be obtained in accordance with the Procedures, utilizing the form set out in Appendix II hereof.

ARTICLE NINE

SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

 Loading of any shipment of crude oil shall be subject to the authorization of the Inspectors at the port of loading. The

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Inspectors shall also have the authority to stop the loading if they determine that there is any evidence of irregularity.

- 2. Notwithstanding Sub Article 4-3 of Section Two of this Contract, the accepted date of arrival of the vessel at the loading ports shall be fixed on a one (1) day range. All related Articles of Section Two of the Contract will read to that effect and conformity.
- Notwithstanding Sub Article (6-5) of Section Two of this Contract SELLER shall be allowed as laytime at Al Bakr Terminal as follows:-

Laytime (hrs)	Vessel DWT (MT)
36	Up to 129 999
54	130 000 199 999
65	Over 200 000

All related Articles of Section Two of the Contract will read to that effect and conformity.

- 4. In addition to the events specified in Sub Article 6-6 of Section Two, any time consumed due to the Inspectors prohibiting loading shall not count as used laytime.
- This Contract shall terminate forthwith in the event that the Security Council terminates the authorization to import petroleum or petroleum products originating in Iraq.
- Assignment of the rights or obligations of the SELLER or BUYER shall be subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.
- 7. Any claims from BUYER under Sub Article 1-3 or Article Seven of Section Two, and any analyses carried out under Sub Articles 1-5 and 1-6 of Section Two, shall copied to the Overseers. Payments or other awards under Article Thirtcen of Section Two, in respect of claims under Articles one and Seven of Section Two are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee. Any sum to be paid by BUYER in settlement of a dispute under Article Thirteen of Section Two relating to the proceeds of the sale of crude oil under this Contract shall be paid by BUYER directly to the United Nations Iraq Account, Euro sub account.

- 8. Payments to SELLER under SUB Article 5-5 and Sub Article 6-7 of Section Two, and any other Payments or awards under Article Thirteen of Section Two, are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.
- 9. This Contract shall be subject to SCR 986, SCR 1111, SCR 1143 SCR 1153, SCR 1210, SCR 1242, SCR 1281, SCR 1302, SCR 1330, SCR 1360, the Procedures and the Memorandum of Understanding between the Secretariat of the United nations and the Government of Iraq on the implementation of SCR 986 (United Nations document S/1996/356, dated 20 May 1996).

ARTICLE TEN

ADDRESSES:

In addition to the notices, declarations and other communications required under Article Fourteen, notices, approvals, declarations and Communications required above for the Overseers, on behalf of the 661 Committee, shall be effected at the addresses below:-

FOR SELLER:

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION

P.O. BOX 5118

BAGHDAD - IRAQ

: 212198 - 212199 SOMO IK TELEX

TELEPHONE: 964-1-2869561

964-1-7742040 - 10 Lines

FAX 964-1-8853925

FOR BUYER:

JSC "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT

38, OBRAZTSOVA STR. MOSCOW 127018, RUSSIA

PHONE: (7095), 289 14 96 - 289 24 63, 219 26 01

FAX: (7095) 979 6071 **TELEX: 612378 RENK**

MOBILE PHONES: 007095 - 1047900 - 7607652

FOR OVERSEERS

UNITED NATIONS, NEW YORK, U.S.A.

FAX: 212-963-1628

Il other terms and conditions as per (Section Two) General conditions of F.O.B. crude oil sales contract No. M/08/85 dated 4/7/2000 and attached appendices 1 & 2. This Contract has been done and signed on the Waday of July, 2001.

FOR SELLER

FOR BUYER

SADDAM Z. HASSAN EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL

SOMO

SERGEY ISSAKOV ADVISER TO GENERAL DIRECTOR

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

To: The Financial Department No.: KH1

From: Crude Oil First Marketing Department Date: Rabi' II, 1422 Hijri Equivalent to: 07/18/2001

RE: Contract M/09/25 & M/10/15 with Roseneftimpex Russian Company

In addition to our memorandum dated 05/14/2001, we have signed a contract on 07/14/2001 with the aforesaid buyer to supply crude oil as per the following terms:

- 1- Name of Company Buyer: Rosnefteimpex Russian Company
- 2- Validity of Contract: From 07/01/2001 till 07/31/2001 (contract M/09/25) From 08/01/2001 till 11/30/2001 (contract M/10/15)
- 3- Quantity & Quality: (20) million barrels divided as follows:
 - (8) million barrels of Kirkuk crude oil; (1) million barrels belong to contract M/09/25
 - (12) million barrels of Basrah light crude oil; (2) barrels belong to contract M/09/25
- 4- Destination of Crude Oil: Europe and / or America
- 5- Pricing Formula: As per the standard rate of Kirkuk crude oil and Basrah light crude oil for the above-mentioned destinations
- 6- Approval of the United Nations: S/AC.25/2001/OIL/1360/COMM dated [blank] 7- Address:

JSC "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT 38, OBRAZTSOVA STR. MOSCOW 127018, RUSSIA

PHONE: (7095) 289 1496 – 289 2463, 219 2601 FAX: (7095) 9779 6071

TELEX: 612378 RENK

MOBILE PHONES: 007095 - 1047900 - 7607652

8- Point of Contact: Mr. Sergy Issakov

9- Payment & Other Terms: as per the standardized formula of the crude oil supply contract and L/C.

Please be informed and act accordingly.

Abd-al-Jalil Said Hammadi

Head of Crude Oil First Marketing Department



Saddam Zeben Hassan Executive Director

PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 108

لله الرحن الرحيم	L
الرقم: ح11	اللي /الدائرة المالية
الفاريخ: ربيع الثاني/ ١٤٢٢ هـــ	من / دائرة فسويق الحام الاولى
للواني ۲۰۰۱/۷/۱۶۰ م	
M/09/25 مقدمه M/10/15 مع شركة روز لفظ امبكس الروسية	n 12
	اً ^ 1 الماناً علكرتنا المورحة في ١/٥/١٤
 المشتري اعلاه على عقد تحهيز النفط الحام ومن الشروط التالية :	الدان عدد با الفراحة في عاد 17.1 الدائلة الا التاديد
ن قطالبک ال ب	جرى بتاريخ ١٠٠١/٢١٠ - وهي ص ١- اسم الشركت المشترية :
من ۲۰۰۱/۷/۱۱ ولغاية ۲۰۰۱/۷/۲۶ (العقد M/09/25)	
من ۲۰۰۱/۸/۱ و لغاية ۲۰۰۱/۱/۲۰ والعقد M/۱۵/15	٧- قترة مريان العقب 1:
ر. (۲.) مليون برميل موزعة كالآني :-	r الكمية والنوعيسة :
 (۸) ملیون برمیل نفط خام کر کوك ((۱) ملیون برمیل 	- ٣- الكنية والنوعينــــة :
(۸) ممبون برمین بست مام سر طول (۸) حبورت بر دن منها علی العقد (M/09/25)	
(١٢) مليون برميل نفط خام البصرة الخفيف ((٢)	
مليون برميل منها على العقد M/09/25)	
اوربا و/او امریکا	٤- وجهة النفسط:
الاسعار القياسية لنفطي خام كركوك والبصرة الحفيف	ه- الســــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
للوجهنين اعلاه.	
S/AC.25/2001/OIL/1360/COMM	والم المحدة : وصادقة الإمم المحدة :
r. W. J	
	γ- الغـــــوان :
JSC "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT 38, OBRAZTSOVA STR. MOSCOW 127018, RUSS PHONE: (7095), 289 14 96 – 289 24 63, 219 26 01 FAX: (7095) 979 6071 TELEX: 612378 RENK	
MOBILE PHONES: 007095 - 1047900 - 7607652	
	۸- الشخص الذي يتصل به : ٩ΚΟ٧ •
سيقة الموخدة لعقد تجمهير النفط الحام ولكتاب الاعتماد . مسر	
لم والعمل نموجه وطاه .	w
Col Colonia	- 7 7. 7
صدام زبن کسن	عبد ألجليل سعيد خمادي
الدير التفيذي	رثيس دائرة تسويق الخام الاولى





NATIONS UNIES

SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED BY RESOLUTION 661 (1990) CONCERNING THE SITUATION BETWEEN IRAQ AND KUWAIT

S/AC.25/2001/OIL/1360/OC.19	24 July 2001
TO: "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT RUSSIAN FEDERATION	FROM: THE OIL OVERSEERS UNDER SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION 986 (1995)
FAX NO.: 011-7095-979-6071/289-14-96 289-24-63	FAX NO.: (212) 963-1628
ATTENTION: Mr. Sergey ISSAKOV	REF.: OIL-FOR-FOOD ARRANGEMENT
TOTAL NUMBER OF TRANSMITTED PAGE	ES INCLUDING THIS PAGE: 1

Re: Contract Number: M/10/15 UN REF: S/AC.25/2001/OIL/1360/COMM.15

Between: SOMO and "ROSNEFTEIMPEX" NK ROSNEFT

Date of Receipt: 20 July 2001

Quantity:

7,000,000 bbls

Quality:

Kirkuk

Pricing Formula: European and/or US Markets

Port of Loading: Ceyhan

10,000,000 bbls

Quantity:

Basrah Light

Quality:

Pricing Formula: European and/or US Markets

Port of Loading: Mina al-Bakr

FURTHER TO YOUR ABOVE REFERENCED APPLICATION FOR APPROVAL OF THE OIL CONTRACT, PLEASE BE ADVISED THAT THE APPLICATION HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED BY RESOLUTION 661 (1990) CONCERNING THE SITUATION BETWEEN IRAQ AND **KUWAIT**

× APPROVED

cc: **SOMO** BNP SAYBOLT ROTTERDAM PERMANENT MISSION OF IRAQ TO THE UN

> Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 110

To: Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited

Att.: Mrs. Jean Johnston
CC.: Mr. Ludmil Dionissiey

Herebelow we are sending to you final invoices No. 03/17/08 for m/t «Magdelaine» B/L 17.08.01 and No. 04/17/08 for m/t «Stena Convoy» B/L 21.08.2001.

Best regards,

Y.Poukhov

MXM

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 111

SNT 023706 SNT 023706

INVOICE No 04/17/08 dated 17.08. 2001. Contract dated July 19th, 2001, addendum No.1 dated July 19th 2001. To: Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited P.O.Box CB 12918, Nassau, Baghamas Steamer: m/t "Stena Convoy", loading ex Al Bakr 19-20th August 2001 200.000 net bbls 1.822670 > 0335 (85,50).05
unt: USD 750.000.00 Discription: Basrah Light crude oil Amount: USD 750.000.00 Balance amount due not covered by Letter of Credit Cl0305220 The bove amount should be paid upon receipt of this invoice to: Beneficiary: Haverhill Trading Limited 12 Promitheus str., Nicosia, Cyprus. Account No: 140 - 07 - 075660 - 01 Bank Hellenic Bank LTD Bank address: 92, Dhigenis Akritas Ave., PO Box 4529, 1300 Nicosla, Cypris.
Swift Code: HEBA CY 2N Correspondent Bank: The Chase Manhattan Bank NA. Address of Correspondent Bank: 1 Chase Manhattan Plasa, New York, NY 1008 I, USA. Account with Correspondent Bank: 001-1-190667 Swift of Correspondent Bank: CHAS US 33 Marios Kontemeniotis Director

PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 112

SNT 023712 SNT 023712



Baygil

Rosnefteimpex, Moscow

ATTN

Mr. Marios Kontemeniotis

FAX:

7095 979-6071

CC:

Mr. Y. Poukhov

FROM:

Jean Johnston

DATE:

September 13, 2001

REF:

"Magdelaine" - B/L August 15, 2001

"Stena Convoy" – B/L August August 21, 2001 "Hellespont Capitol" – B/L August 6, 2001

Dear Sirs:

With reference to your faxed invoices of today, please be advised following payments have been made:

Magdelaine (Your invoice no. 03/17/08) US\$716,933.25 - value August 20, 2001 Stena Convoy (Your invoice no. 04/17/08) US\$683,501.25 - value Aug. 22, 2001

Hellespont Capitol (Your invoice no. 07/27/08) US\$150,000.00 - will be paid value September 14, 2001.

Also, please find attached copy of L/C amendment covering Stena Convoy. This error was made by the bank and corrected immediately.

Grateful if you could please advise Mr. Poukhov that Mr. Ludmil Dionissiev has been stranded in Halifax, Canada due to the re-routing of his flight from London to Houston on Tuesday, September 11. We have no definite information as to when he will be able to fly out from Canada and communication is very limited.

Best regards,

Jean Johnston

For and on behalf of

Jean Julynoton

Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

P.O. BOX CB12918 NASSAU BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TLX: 20644



38, Obraz sova str., Moscow 127018, Russia Phone: (7095), 289 14 96, 289 24 63, 219 26 01 Fax: (7095) 979 60 71 Telex: 612378 RENK E-mail: recms@online.ru

ROSNEFTEIMPEX

To:	Bayoli	From:	Y. Poukhov	
Fax:	1713-224 8101	Pages:	1	
Re:	M/t «Hellespont Capitol» B/L 02.11.2001	Date:	26.11.01	
Att:	Mrs. Jean Johnston	No.:	205/11 NB	
CC				

Dear Jean!

We are preparing invoice for above cargo. As soon as price differences are clear we will present respective invoice. But you are kindly requested to amend L/C No. CI 0315390 mentioning that shipment to be effected latest November 2nd instead of October 31,2001. We inform you that 1,000,000 bbls has been loaded as per Contract No. M/10/23 and the rest of the quantity as per Contract No. M/10/15.

Many thanks.

Best regards,

Y.Poukhov

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 114

SNT 025304 SNT 025304

INVOICE No 02/17/08 dated 17.08. 2001.

Contract dated July 19th, 2001, addendum No.3 dated July 25th 2001.

To: Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited P.O.Box CB 12918, Nassau, Baghamas

Steamer: m/t "Stena Companion", B/L 01.08.2001 ex Al Bakr Discription: Basrah Light crude oil

200.000 net bbls Amount: USD 75.000.000

Balance amount due not covered by Letter of Credit LCIM 2183940

The above amount should be paid upon receipt of this invoice to:

Beneficiary: Haverhill Trading Limited 12 Promitheus str., Nicosia, Cyprus. Account No: 140 - 07 - 075660 - 01

Bank: Hellenic Bank LTD

Bank address: 92, Dhigenis Akritas Ave., PO Box 4529, 1300 Nicosia,

Cyprus.

Swift Code: HEBA CY 2N

Correspondent Bank: The Chase Manhattan Bank NA.

Address of Correspondent Bank: 1 Chase Manhattan Plasa, New York, NY

10081, USA.

Account with Correspondent Bank: 001-1-190667 Swift of Correspondent Bank: CHAS US 33

Marios Kontemeniotis

Director

PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 115

SNT 023554

INVOICE No 10/13/09 dated 13.09, 2001.

Contract dated July 19th, 2001, addendum No.1 dated July 19th 2001.

To: Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited P.O.Box CB 12918, Nassau, Baghamas

Steamer: m/t "Magdelaine", B/L 15.08.2001 ex Al Bakr

Discription: Basrah Light crude oil

1.911,822 net bbls

Amount: USD 716, 933,25

Balance amount due not covered by Letter of Credit CI 0305210

The above amount should be paid upon receipt of this involce to:

Beneficiary: Haverhill Trading Limited 12 Promitheus str., Nicosia, Cyprus.

Account No: 140 - 07 - 075660 - 01

Bank: Hellenic Bank LTD

Bank address: 92, Dhigenis Akritas Ave., PO Box 4529, 1300 Nicosia,

Cyprus.

Swift Code: HEBA CY 2N

Correspondent Bank: The Chase Manhattan Bank NA.

Address of Correspondent Bank: 1 Chase Manhattan Plasa, New York, NY

10081, USA.

Account with Correspondent Bank: 001-1-190667

Swift of Correspondent Bank: CHAS US 33

Marios Kontemeniotis

Director

SNT 023698

INVOICE No 12/13/09 dated 13.09. 2001.

Contract dated July 19th, 2001, addendum No.1 dated July 19th 2001.

To: Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited P.O.Box CB 12918, Nassau, Baghamas

Steamer: m/t "Stena Convoy", B/L 21.08.2001 ex Al Bakr

Discription: Kirkuk crude oil

1.822,670 net bbls

Amount: USD 683, 501,25

Balance amount due not covered by Letter of Credit CI 0305220

The above amount should be paid upon receipt of this invoice to:

Beneficiary: Haverhill Trading Limited

12 Promitheus str., Nicosia, Cyprus.

Account No: 140 - 07 - 075660 - 01

Bank: Hellenic Bank LTD

Bank address: 92, Dhigenis Akritas Ave., PO Box 4529, 1300 Nicosia,

Cyprus.

Swift Code: HEBA CY 2N

Correspondent Bank: The Chase Manhattan Bank NA.

Address of Correspondent Bank: 1 Chase Manhattan Plasa, New York, NY

10081, USA.

Account with Correspondent Bank: 001-1-190667

Swift of Correspondent Bank: CHAS US 33

Marios Kontemeniotis

Director

SNT 023700

CNT 023700

INVOICE No 14/20/09 dated 20.09. 2001.

Contract dated July 19th, 2001, addendum No.1 dated July 31st, 2001.

To: Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited P.O.Box CB 12918, Nassau, Baghamas

Steamer: m/t "Settebello", B/L 25.08.2001 ex Al Bakr

Discription: Basrah Light crude oil

150.000 net bbls

Amount: USD 56, 250,00

Balance amount due not covered by Letter of Credit DOC - 622023-63

The above amount should be paid upon receipt of this invoice to:

Beneficiary: Haverhill Trading Limited 12 Promitheus str., Nicosia, Cyprus. Account No: 140 – 07 – 075660 - 01

Bank Hellenic Bank LTD

Bank address: 92, Dhigenis Akritas Ave., PO Box 4529, 1300 Nicosia,

Cyprus.

Swift Code: HEBA CY 2N

Correspondent Bank: The Chase Manhattan Bank NA.

Address of Correspondent Bank: 1 Chase Manhattan Plasa, New York, NY

10081, USA.

Account with Correspondent Bank: 001-1-190667 Swift of Correspondent Bank: CHAS US 33

Marios Kontemeniotis Director

SNT 024006

INVOICE No 18/01/10 dated 01.10. 2001.

Contract dated July 19th, 2001, addendum No.3 dated July 31st, 2001.

To: Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited P.O.Box CB 12918, Nassau, Baghamas

Steamer: m/t "Sahara", B/L 08.09. 2001 ex Al Bakr

Discription: Basrah Light crude oil

2. 356, 360 net bbls

Amount: USD 883, 635,00

Balance amount due not covered by Letter of Credit Cl 0305210

The above amount should be paid upon receipt of this invoice to:

Beneficiary: Haverhill Trading Limited

12 Promitheus str., Nicosia, Cyprus.

Account No: 140 - 07 - 075660 - 01

Bank Hellenic Bank LTD

Bank address: 92, Dhigenis Akritas Ave., PO Box 4529, 1300 Nicosia,

Cyprus.

Swift Code: HEBA CY 2N

Correspondent Bank: The Chase Manhattan Bank NA.

Address of Correspondent Bank: 1 Chase Manhattan Plasa, New York, NY 1008, USA.

Account with Correspondent Bank: 001-1-190667

Swift of Correspondent Bank: CHAS US 33

Marios Kontemeniotis

Director .

SNT 022658

INVOICE No 22/09/10 dated 09.10. 2001.

Contract dated July 19th, 2001, addendum No.3 dated July 31st, 2001.

To: Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited P.O.Box CB 12918, Nassau, Baghamas

Steamer: m/t "Noto", B/L 15.09. 2001 ex Al Bakr

Discription: Basrah Light crude oil

1. 990, 489 net bbls

Amount: USD 746, 433,38

Balance amount due not covered by Letter of Credit CI 0309470

The above amount should be paid upon receipt of this invoice to:

Beneficiary: Haverhill Trading Limited 12 Promitheus str., Nicosia, Cyprus. Account No: 140 – 07 – 075660 - 01

Bank: Hellenic Bank LTD

Bank address: 92, Dhigenis Akritas Ave., PO Box 4529, 1300 Nicosia,

Cyprus.

Swift Code: HEBA CY 2N

Correspondent Bank: The Chase Manhattan Bank NA.

Address of Correspondent Bank: 1 Chase Manhattan Plasa, New York, NY

10081, USA.

Account with Correspondent Bank: 001-1-190667 Swift of Correspondent Bank: CHAS US 33

Marios Kontemeniotis

Director

SNT 024141

INVOICE No 26/31/10 dated 31.10. 2001.

Contract dated July 19th, 2001, addendum No.4 dated September 20th, 2001.

To: Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited P.O.Box CB 12918, Nassau, Baghamas

Steamer: m/t "Olympia Spirit", B/L 09.10. 2001 ex Al Bakr

Discription: Basrah Light crude oil

2. 586, 824 net bbls

Amount: USD 1. 021,795,48

Balance amount due not covered by Letter of Credit CI 0312210 The above amount should be paid upon receipt of this invoice to:

Beneficiary: Haverhill Trading Limited 12 Promitheus str., Nicosia, Cyprus. Account No: 140 – 07 – 075660 - 01

Bank: Hellenic Bank LTD

Bank address: 92, Dhigenis Akritas Ave., PO Box 4529, 1300 Nicosia,

Cyprus.

Swift Code: HEBA CY 2N

Correspondent Bank: The Chase Manhattan Bank NA.

Address of Correspondent Bank: 1 Chase Manhattan Plasa, New York, NY

10081, USA.

Account with Correspondent Bank: 001-1-190667 Swift of Correspondent Bank: CHAS US 33

Marios Kontemeniotis

Director

SNT 024624

INVOICE No 29/26/11 dated 26.11. 2001.

Contract dated July 19th, 2001, addendum No.5 dated September 28th, 2001.

To: Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited P.O.Box CB 12918, Nassau, Baghamas

Steamer: m/t "Hellespont Capitol", B/L 02.11. 2001 ex Al Bakr

Discription: Basrah Light crude oil

1, 810, 523 net bbls

Amount: USD 769, 472, 28

Balance amount due not covered by Letter of Credit CI 0315390. The above amount should be paid upon receipt of this invoice to:

Beneficiary: Haverhill Trading Limited

12 Promitheus str., Nicosia, Cyprus.

Account No: 140 - 07 - 075660 - 01

Bank: Hellenic Bank LTD

Bank address: 92, Dhigenis Akritas Ave., PO Box 4529, 1300 Nicosia,

Cyprus.

Swift Code: HEBA CY 2N

Correspondent Bank: The Chase Manhattan Bank NA.

Address of Correspondent Bank: 1 Chase Manhattan Plasa, New York, NY

10081, USA.

Account with Correspondent Bank: 001-1-190667 Swift of Correspondent Bank: CHAS US 33

Marios Kontemeniotis

Director

SNT 025301

11:49 AM 07/16/04 Accrus Basis

Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Type	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Gross Sales								
Sales - Oil Produ								
Deposit	9/25/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	11,878,439.27	11,878,439.27
Deposit	9/27/2001	REV	KOCH PETROL	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	4,579,171,63	16,457,610.90
Deposit	9/27/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	S. Companion-3	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-14,052.57	16,443,558.33
Deposit Deposit	9/28/2001 9/28/2001	REV REV	VALERO MARK KOCH PETROL	S.COMPANIO S.COMPANIO	V-50160 V-50160	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	9,485,693.43	25,929,251.76 33,476,640.08
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-12	VALERO MARK	S. Companion-3	V-50160 V-50160	Accounts R	7,547,388.32 219,144.98	33,475,640.08
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-12	Exxon	S. Companion-3	V-50160	Accounts R	8,974,329.85	42.670.114.91
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-12	PREMICOR	S. Companion-3	V-50160	Accounts R	3,333,443.05	46,003,557,96
Deposit	11/16/2001	fey	PREMCOR	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	3,214,271,32	49,217,829,28
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-20	PREMCOR	S, COMPANIO	V-50160	-SPLIT-	3,333,443.05	45,884,386.23
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-20	PREMICOR	S. COMPANIO	V-50160	Sales - Oil	-154,012.63	45,730,373.60
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-55	Reverse Accrual	S. Companion-3	V-50160	-SPLIT-	-3,060,258.69	42,670,114.91
Total Sales - Oil F	Products						42,670,114.91	42,670,114.91
Total Gross Sales							42,670,114.91	42,670,114.91
Cost of Sales								
Broker Comm								
Check	10/29/2001	1363	ARC OIL, LLC	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	Cash - Well	-500.00	-500,00
Check Check	10/29/2001	1363 1363	ARC OIL, LLC	S.COMPANIO	V-50160 V-50160	Cash - Well	-500.00	-1,000.00
Check	10/29/2001	1363	ARC OIL, LLC ARC OIL, LLC	S.COMPANIO S.COMPANIO	V-50160 V-50160	Cash - Well Cash - Well	-250.00 -250.00	-1,250.00 -1,500.00
Check	10/29/2001	1363	ARC OIL, LLC	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	Cash - Well	-250.00	-1,750.00
Check	12/5/2001	1387	ECHO ENERGY	S.COMAPNIO	V-50160	Cash - Well	-250.00 -250.00	-2,000.00
Check	12/5/2001	1387	ECHO ENERGY	S.COMAPNIO	V-50160	Cash - Well	-250.00	-2,250,00
General Journal	12/31/2001	JE-LH/38	SYNTEXENERGY	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	Broker Comm	-2,340.00	4,590.00
Check	1/14/2002	1396	SYNTEXENERGY	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	Cash - Well	-500.00	-5,090,00
Check	1/14/2002	1396	SYNTEXENERGY	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	Cash - Well	-250.00	-5,340,00
Check	1/14/2002	1396	SYNTEXENERGY	S.COMPANIO,	V-50160	Cash - Well	-250 00	-5,590.00
Check	1/14/2002	1396	SYNTEXENERGY	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	Cash - Well	-250,00	-5,840.00
Check	1/14/2002	1396	SYNTEXENERGY	S,COMPANIO	V-50160	Cash - Well	-250.00	-6,090.00
Check	1/14/2002	1400	SYNTEXENERGY	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	Cash - Well	-590.00	-6,680.00
Check	1/14/2002	1400	SYNTEXENERGY	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	Cash - Well	-500.00	-7,180.00
Check	1/14/2002	1400	SYNTEXENERGY	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	Cash - Well	-500.00	-7,680.00
Check	1/14/2002	1400	SYNTEXENERGY	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	Cash - Well,	-500.00	-8,180.00
Check Check	1/14/2002 1/31/2002	1400 1415	SYNTEXENERGY UNITED CRUD	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	Cash - Well	-250.00	-8,430.00
Check	1/31/2002	1415	UNITED CRUD	S.Companion	V-50160 V-50160	Cash - Well Cash - Well	-250 00 -125.00	-8,680.00 -8,805.00
Check	1/31/2002	1415	UNITED CRUD	S.Companion	V-50160 V-50160	Cash - Well	-250.00	-9,055.00
General Journal	2/28/2002	JE-LH/02	SYNTEXENERGY	S COMPANIO	V-50160	Broker Comm	2,340.00	-6,715.00
Total Broker Com							-6,715.00	-6,715.00
Secondary Chgs								
General Journal	7/31/2001	Je-Ck-02	Accrual	S. Companion-3	V-50160	Estimated	121,969.93	121,969.93
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-12	Accrual	S. Companion-3	V-50160	Accounts R	-121,969.93	0.00
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-55	Reverse Accrual	S. Companion-3	V-50160	Sales - Oil	24,713.00	24,713.00
Total Secondary	•						24,713.00	24,713.00
Exchange gain/i Check	8/30/2001	PYMNT	UNITED NATIO	S.COMPANIO,	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-21,354.30	-21,354,30
Total Exchange g	ain/loss						-21,354.30	-21,354,30
Demurrage @ Li	ghter							
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-12	Accrual	S. Companion-3	V-50160	Accounts R	122,804.86	122,804,86
Deposit	12/24/2001	DEM	KOCH PETROL	S COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	9,912.50	132,717.36
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-17	Reverse Accrual	5, Companion-3	V-50160	-SPLIT-	-54,688.19	78,029.17
Total Demurrage	Lighter						78,029.17	78,029.17
Customs Fee Deposit	11/16/2001	rev	PREMCOR	S COMAPNIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	20,445.07	20,445.07
Total Customs Fe								
Crude Purchase							20,445.07	20,445.07
Check	7/31/2001	PYMNT	OMNI OIL SA LTD	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-54,450.00	-54,450.00
Check	8/15/2001	PYMNT	OMNI OIL SALTD	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-953,357,64	-1,007,807.64
Check	8/20/2001	PYMNT	HAVERHILL TR	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-75,000.00	-1,082,807.64
Check	8/30/2001	PYMNT	UNITED NATIO	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-44.068.210.97	-45,151,018,61
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-55	Reverse Accrual	S. Companion-3	V-50160	Sales - Oil	3,029,460,66	-42,121,557.95
General Journal	6/30/2002	Je-Ck-17	Accruel	S. Companion-3	V-50160	Estimated	0.00	-42,121,557.95
Total Crude Purci	nases			•				
							-42,121,557.95	-42,121,557.95

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 116

Page 1

11:49 AM 07/16/04 Accrual Basis

Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Interest								
Check	8/24/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-635,64	-635,64
Check	9/4/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-6,672.39	-7,308.03
Check	9/4/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-4,700.00	-12,008.03
Check	9/14/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-402.62	-12,410.85
Check	9/17/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-4,349.99	-16,760.64
Check	9/18/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-2,048.47	-18,809.11
Check	9/19/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-2,023.68	-20,832.79
Check	9/20/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-695.20	-21,527.99
Check Check	9/21/2001 9/24/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-628.34	-22,156,33
Check	9/25/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A FIXED TERM A	S.COMPANIO	V-50160 V-50160	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	-65,698.11 -244.86	-87,854.44 -88.099.30
Check	9/25/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	S.COMPANIO	V-50160 V-50160	BNP Pariba	-244.00 -5,065.88	-88,099.30 -93,165,18
Check	9/27/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-7,431.11	-100,596.29
Check	9/28/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-3,189.05	-103,785.34
Check	9/30/2001	INT	INTEREST CHA	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-1,528.24	-105,313.58
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-12	Accrual	S. Companion-3	V-50160	Accounts R	-100,000.00	-205,313.58
Check	10/5/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	S.COMAPNIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-1,294.08	-206,607.66
Check	10/5/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-8,351.88	-214,959,54
Check	10/9/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	S.COMAPNIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-567.78	-215,527.32
Check	10/9/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	S.COMAPNIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-1,214.24	-216,741.56
Check	10/9/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	S.COMAPNIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-1,787.50	-218,529.06
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-17	Reverse Accrual	S. Companion-3	V-50160	Demurrage	100,000 00	-118,529.06
Total interest							-118,529.06	-118,529.06
Inspection	0000004	In Oh to			V 50400		** *** ***	
General Journal Check	9/30/2001 10/24/2001	Je-Ck-12 INSP	Accrual OIL INSPECTIO	S. Companion-3 S.COMPANIO	V-50160	Accounts R	-38,000 00	-38,000.00
Check					V-50160	BNP Pariba	-10,667.26	-48,567.26
Check	11/30/2001	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-16,403.50	-65,070.76
General Journal	12/20/2001	INSP Je-Ck-17	CALEB BRETT Reverse Accruel	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-2,315.14	-67,385.90
Check	2/7/2002	INSP	OBC SHIPPING	S. Companion-3 S.COMPANIO	V-50160 V-50160	Demurrage BNP Pariba	36,000.00 -4,118.80	-29,385.90
Check	9/19/2002	INSP	INSPECTORAT	S.COMPANIO	V-50160 V-50160	BNP Periba	-2,267.39	-33,504.70 -35,772.09
Check	9/19/2002	INSP	INSPECTORAT	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-1,272.72	-37,044.81
Check	9/19/2002	INSP	INSPECTORAT	S COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-1,272.72	
Check	9/19/2002	INSP	INSPECTORAT	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-2,266 84	-37,876.41 -40,143.25
Total Inspection							-40,143.25	-40,143.25
Insurance							30,710,00	10,110,20
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-12	Accrual	S, Companion-3	V-50160	Accounts R		
Check	10/5/2001	INS	CRAIG FERGU	S.COMPANIO	V-50160 V-50160	BNP Pariba	-28,000.00 -26,299.78	-28,000.00
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-20	Reverse Accrual	S. COMPANIO	V-50160	Sales - Oil		-54,299.78
Check	1/3/2002	INS	CRAIG FERGU	S.COMPANIO.	V-50160 V-50160		28,000.00	-26,299.78
	17572002	1140	CRAIG FERGO	S.COMPANIO, .	V-30100	BNP Panba	-5,272.81	-31,572.59
Total Insurance							-31,572.59	-31,572.59
L/C Charges	700000							
Check	7/30/2001	rc	JC CHARGES	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Panba	-6,096.80	-6,096.80
Check	7/30/2001	rc	L/C CHARGES	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-61,233.06	-67,329.86
Total L/C Charges	\$						-67,329 86	-67,329.86
Freight								
General Journal Deposit	9/30/2001 12/19/2001	Je-Ck-12 FRGHT	Accrual VOCH DETROI	S. Companion-3	V-50160	Accounts R	-2,994,366.57	-2,994,366.57
	1271312001	rnoni	KOCH PETROL	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	5,419.20	-2,987,947.37
Total Freight Finance Charges	_						-2,987,947,37	-2,987,947.37
Check	7/30/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	E 001/04/05	14 50400			
Check	7/30/2001	BC BC		S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Panba	-85.00	-85.00
Check	7/31/2001	PYMINT	BANK CHARGES	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-85,00	-170.00
Check	8/15/2001	PYMNT	OMNI OIL SA LTD	S.COMPANIO S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-20.07	-190.07
Check	8/20/2001	PYMNT	HAVERHILL TR	S.COMPANIO	V-50160 V-50160	BNP Pariba	-20.73	-210.80
Check	8/22/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	S.COMPANIO	V-50160 V-50160	BNP Pariba	-20.92 -31.02	-231.72
Check	8/29/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-30.87	-262.74
Check	8/30/2001	PYMNT	UNITED NATIO	S.COMPANIO	V-50160 V-50160	BNP Pariba	-30.87 -35,271.38	-293.61
Check	9/24/2001	BC	VALERO MARK	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-50,271.36	-35,564.99
Deposit	9/25/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	S.COMPANIO	V-50150	BNP Pariba	-85.00	-36,064.99 -36,149.99
Check	9/25/2001	BC	KOCH PETROL	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-500,00	-36,649.99
Deposit	9/27/2001	REV	KOCH PETROL	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-85.00	-36,734.99
Deposit	9/28/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-85.00	-36,734,99 -36,819,99
Check	9/28/2001	BC	VALERO MARK	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-500.00	-37,319.99
Check	10/1/2001	FRGHT	STENA BULK AB	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-21.36	-37,341.35
Check	10/3/2001	BC	Exxon	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-585.00	-37.926.35
Check Check	10/31/2001	LGHT	AMERICAN EA	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-21.34	-37,947.69
Chack	11/30/2001	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Periba	-20.86	-37,968.55
Check	7/19/2002	LIGHT	VALLS SHIPPIN	S.COMPANIO,	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-21.10	-37,989.65
		FIN	Exxon	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-62.45	38,052.10
Total Finance Cha	arges						-38,052.10	-38,052,10
							-20,002.10	*30,002.10

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Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Lightering Charg	jes							
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-12	Accruel	S. Companion-3	V-50160	Accounts R	-763,034,00	-763.034.00
Check	10/29/2001	LGHT	AMERICAN EA	STENA COMP	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-305,933,33	-1.068,967,33
Check	10/29/2001	LGHT	AMERICAN EA	5. Companion-3	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-102,617,36	-1,171,584,69
Check	10/31/2001	LGHT	AMERICAN EA	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Peribe	-186,516,67	-1,358,101,36
Check	10/31/2001	LGHT	AMERICAN EA	S.COMAPNIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-167,996,53	-1,526,097,89
Deposit	11/16/2001	rev	PREMCOR	S.COMAPNIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	77.886.03	-1,448,211.86
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-20	Reverse Accrual	S, COMPANIO	V-50160	Sales - Oii	763,034,00	-685,177,86
Check	12/13/2001	LIGHT	VALLS SHIPPIN	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-6,425.90	-691,603.76
Total Lightering C	herges						-691,603.76	-691,603.76
Total Cost of Sales							-46,001,618.00	-46,001,618.00
Bank Service Charg								
Check	8/30/2001	PYMNT	UNITED NATIO	S.COMPANIO	V-50160	BNP Pariba	-328.77	-328.77
Total Bank Service C	harges						-328.77	-328.77
Commissions								
General Journal	11/9/2001	CM	COMMISSIONS	NOTO	V-50160	25302/Carr	-852.60	-852.60
General Journal	11/27/2001			STENA COMP	V-50160	Hedge Gain	-1,014.00	-1,866,60
General Journal	11/27/2001			STENA COMP	V-50160	Hedge Gain	-23,860.00	-25,726.60
General Journal	11/27/2001			STENA COMP	V-50160	Hedge Gain	-534.04	-26,260.64
General Journal	11/27/2001			STENA COMP.,	V-50160	Hedge Gain	-12,735.84	-38,996,48
General Journal	11/27/2001			STENA COMP	V-50160	Hedge Gain .	-3,142.00	-42,138.48
Total Commissions							-42,138.48	-42,138.48
iedge Gain /(Loss)								
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-12	Accrual	S. Companion-3	V-50160	Accounts R.,	3,500,000.00	3,500,000.00
General Journal	11/27/2001			STENA COMP	V-50160	-SPLIT-	-27,000 00	3,473,000.00
General Journal	11/27/2001			STENA COMP	V-50160	Hedge Gain	-4,159,480.00	-686,480,00
General Journal	11/27/2001			STENA COMP	V-50160	Hedge Gain	8.015,370.00	7,328,890,00
General Journal	11/27/2001			STENA COMP	V-50160	Hedge Gain	443,810.00	7,772,700.00
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-20	Reverse Accrual	S. COMPANIO	V-50160	Sales - Oil	-3,500,000.00	4,272,700.00
liotal Hedge Gain /(L	(220.						4,272,700.00	4,272,700.00
TAL.							898,729,66	898,729,66

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Bayoli Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Gross Sales							,	
Sales - Oli Prodi General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-cK-10	Various	Magdeline	V-50159	Accounts R	38,118,642.33	38,118,642,33
Total Sales - Oil	Products						38,118,642.33	38,118,642.33
Total Gross Sales							38,118,642.33	38,118,642.33
Cost of Sales								
Broker Comm Check	12/5/2001	1387	ECHO ENERGY	MAGDELAINE/	V-50159	Cash - Well	-500,00	-500.00
Total Broker Con							-500.00	-500.00
Exchange gain/								
Check	9/13/2001	PYMNT	UNITED NATIO,	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-25,610 24	-25,610.24
Total Exchange of							-25,610.24	-25,610.24
Demurrage @ L. General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-cK-10	Accrual	Magdeline	V-50159	Accounts R	49,291.67	49,291,67
Deposit	2/7/2002	DEM	PORT ARTHUR	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	46,812.50	96,104.17
General Journal	3/31/2002	Je-Ck-06	Reverse Accrual	Magdelaine	V-50159	-SPLIT-	-49,291.67	46,812,50
Total Demurrage							46,812.50	46,812.50
Crude Purchase Check	8/20/2001	PYMNT	HAVERHILL TR	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-716,933,25	-716,933,25
Check	9/13/2001	PYMNT	UNITED NATIO	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAl	-38,551,890,63	-39,268,823,88
Total Crude Puro	hases						-39,268,823,88	-39,268,823.88
Interest General Journal	9/10/2001	INT	INTEREST CHA	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	25302/Cerr	-39.67	-39.67
Check	9/19/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-367,65	-407.32
Check	9/24/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-76,009.28	-76,416.60
General Journal Check	9/30/2001	Je-cK-10 LOAN	Accrual	Magdeline	V-50159	Accounts R	-100,000.00	-176,416.60
Check	10/1/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A FIXED TERM A	Magdelaine Magdelaine	V-50159 V-50159	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-33,437.00 -1,858.72	-209,853,60 -211,712.32
Check	10/5/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-18,916.94	-230,629.26
Check	10/9/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-4,442.02	235,071,28
Check	10/15/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-40.32	-235,111.60
Check General Journal	10/18/2001	LOAN Je-Ck-18	FIXED TERM A Reverse Accrual	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAi	-21.82	-235,133.42
Total Interest	11/30/2001	V8-CK-10	Neverse Acciual	MAGDELINE	V-50159	-SPLIT-	100,000.00	-135,133.42
inspection							-135,133.42	-135,133,42
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-cK-10	Accrual	Magdeline	V-50159	Accounts R	-37,000,00	-37,000.00
Check	11/30/2001	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-14,174.28	-51,174,28
Check Check	12/20/2001	INSP INSP	INSPECTORAT	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-2,395.59	-53,569.87
Check	12/20/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT	MAGDELAINE MAGDELAINE	V-50159 V-50159	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-2,005.66 -2,270.56	-55,575.53 -57,846.09
Check	12/20/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-1.977.78	-59.823.87
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-19	Reverse Accrual	Magdelaine	V-50159	-SPLIT-	18,873.78	-40,950.09
Total inspection							-40,950.09	-40,950.09
Insurance	********		40110 00001					
Check Check	9/14/2001 12/13/2001	INS INS	CRAIG FERGU CRAIG FERGU	MAGDELAINE MAGDELAINE	V-50159 V-50159	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-26,538.14 -2,761.92	-26,538,14 -29,300.08
Total Insurance							-29,300,06	-29,300.06
L/C Charges								
General Journal	8/31/2001	JE-01/LH	CAI	MAGDELAINE(V-50159	Foward Co	-25,703.14	-25,703.14
General Journal General Journal	8/31/2001 9/30/2001	JE-01/LH Je-cK-10	CAI Accrual	MAGDELAINE(Magdeline	V-50159 V-50159	Foward Co	-49,212.80	-74,915,94
Total L/C Charge		00-01/-10	Accidat	maguenta	V-30 103	Accounts R,	25,703.14 -49,212.80	-49,212.80 -49,212.80
Freight	-						~12,00	-35,212.00
Chack	9/26/2001	FRGHT	EMPRESS TAN	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-2.847.382.41	-2.847.382.41
Check	12/11/2001	FRGHT	INTERSEAS TR	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-3,196.39	-2,850,578.80
Total Freight							-2,850,578,80	-2,850,578.80
Demurrage	annaa.	1		**				
General Journal General Journal	9/30/2001 12/31/2001	Je-cK-10 Je-Ck-19	Accrual Reverse Accrual	Magdeline Magdelaine	V-50159 V-50159	Accounts R Inspection	-331,604.95 9,100.00	-331,604.95 -322,504.95
Total Demurage				guvuuno	. 00100	"Ishorian		
. viai vviiiai age							-322,504.95	-322,504,95

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Bayoli Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1996 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Finance Charge:								
Check	8/20/2001	PYMNT	HAVERHILL TR	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-15.05	-15.05
General Journal	8/31/2001	JE-01/LH	CAL	MAGDELAINE(V-50159	Fowerd Co	-117.75	-132.80
General Journal	8/31/2001	JE-01/LH	CAI	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Foward Co	-103.69	-236.49
Check	9/13/2001	PYMNT	UNITED NATIO	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAi	-43,086,48	-43,322.97
Check	9/26/2001	FRGHT	EMPRESS TAN	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-15.69	-43,338.68
Check	9/26/2001	LGHT	Gulfstream	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-15.68	-43,354.34
Check	10/2/2001	FIN	EQUIVA	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-614.00	-43,968.34
Check	10/3/2001	FIN	LYONDELL	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-614.00	-44,582.34
Check	10/4/2001	FIN	VALERO MARK	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-616.50	-45,198.84
Check	10/4/2001	FIN	PORT ARTHUR	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-616.50	-45,815.34
Check	10/4/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-15.40	-45,830,74
Deposit	10/5/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-94.27	-45,925.01
Deposit	10/5/2001	REV	EQUIVA	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-94.64	-46,019,65
Deposit	10/5/2001	REV	LYONDELL	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-74.82	-48,094.47
Check	10/5/2001	BC	LYONDELL	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-20.00	-46,114,47
Deposit	10/9/2001	REV	PORT ARTHUR	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-576.60	-46,691,07
Check	10/26/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-15.13	-46,706,20
Check	10/29/2001	LGHT	BAY-HOUSTON	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-15.17	-46,721.37
Check	11/30/2001	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-15.10	-45,736.47
Deposit	2/7/2002	DEM	PORT ARTHUR	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-20.00	-46,756,47
Check	4/11/2002	DEM	EMPRESS TAN	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAL	-14.98	-46,771.45
Total Finance Ch	arges						-46,771.45	-46,771.45
Lightering Char	ges							
Check	9/26/2001	LGHT	Gulfstream	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-15,334.00	-15,334.00
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-cK-10	Accrual	Magdeline	V-50159	Accounts R	-305,591.09	-320,925.09
Check	10/23/2001	LGHT	INTERSEAS TR	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-57.372.78	-378,297,87
Check	10/29/2001	LGHT	AMERICAN EA	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-215,245.83	-593,543.70
Check	10/29/2001	LGHT	BAY-HOUSTON	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-6,533.10	
Check	11/15/2001	LGHT	AMERICAN EA	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAL	22,500.00	-600,076,80 -622,578.80
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-18	Reverse Accrual	MAGDELINE	V-50159	Interest	305,591.09	-316,985,71
Deposit	2/6/2002	WT	Gulfstream	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - Well	5,389.45	
		•••	Committee	MACOUCLANT	4-20133	Case - 1164	-	-311,596.26
Total Lightering C	harges						-311,596.26	-311,596,26
Total Cost of Sales							-43,034,169.45	-43,034,169.45
Bank Service Chare	nar.							,,
Check	9/13/2001	PYMNT	UNITED NATIO	MAGDELAINE	V-50159			
		L MARA	MALICO MATIO"	MAGDELAINE	A-20128	Cash - CAI	-139.62	-139.62
Total Bank Service C	Charges						-139.62	-139.62
Office Expense								
Bank Charges								
Check	40.000		*****					
CHECK	10/5/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-15.41	-15.41
Total Bank Charg	es						-15.41	-15.41
							-10.41	-10.41
Total Office Expense							-15.41	-15,41
•	•						*13.41	-15,41
Interest Expense								
Check	9/30/2001	INT	INTEREST CHA	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	Cash - CAI	-72.60	-72.60
Total Interest Expens								
	***						-72.60	-72,60
Commissions								
General Journal	8/29/2001	COMM	COMMISSIONS	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	25301/Carr	-1.871.80	-1,871,80
General Journal	8/30/2001	COMM	COMMISSIONS	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	25301/Carr	-1,871.80	-3,743,60
General Journal	8/31/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	25301/Carr	-1,871.80	-5,615.40
General Journal	9/4/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	25301/Carr	-1,666.00	-7,281,40
General Journal	9/5/2001	COMM	COMMISSIONS	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	25301/Carr	-1,666,00	-8,947,40
General Journal	9/7/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	25301/Cerr	-186.20	-9,133.60
General Journal	9/10/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	25301/Carr	-191.10	9.324.70
General Journal	9/17/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	25301/Carr	-352.80	-9,677.50
General Journal	9/18/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	25301/Carr	-352.80	10,030.30
General Journal	9/19/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	25301/Carr	-352.80	10,383,10
General Journal	9/20/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	25301/Carr	-352.80	-10,735,90
General Journal	9/24/2001	com	COMMISSIONS	magdelaine .	V-50159	25301/Carr	+137.20	-10,873.10
General Journal	9/25/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	25301/Carr	-1,327,90	-12,201.00
General Journal	9/26/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	25301/Carr	-1,430.80	-13,631.80
General Journal	9/27/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	25301/Carr	-1,813.00	-15,444.80
General Journal	9/28/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	25301/Carr		
General Journal	10/1/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	25301/Carr	-1,323.00	-16,767.80
General Journal	10/3/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	MAGDELAINE	V-50159		-2,131.50	-18,899.30
Deposit	10/4/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	MAGDELAINE	V-50159 V-50159	25301/Carr 25301/Carr	-269.50	-19,168,80
General Journal	10/5/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	MAGDELAINE	V-50159 V-50159		1,323.00	-17,845.80
General Journal	10/23/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	25301/Carr	-49.00	-17,894.80
General Journal	10/24/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	25301/Carr	-1,063.30	-18,958.10
Deposit	10/31/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	MAGDELAINE	V-50159 V-50159	25301/Carr	-406.70	-19,364.80
Total Committee						25301/Carr	1,470.00	-17,894.80
Total Commissions							-17,894.80	-17,894.80
								,

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Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1996 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Hedge Gain /(Loss)	9/30/2001	Je-cK-10	Accrust	Magdeline	V-50159	Accounts R	6.205.680.00	6.205,680,00
General Journal	10/31/2001	Je-Ck-18	Reverse Accrual	MAGDELAINE MAGDELINE	V-50159 V-50159	25301/Cerr	6,205,680.00 -6,205,680.00	12,411,360.00 6,205,680,00
Total Hedge Gain /(I		30-CK-10	Noverse Acciden	MAGDEENTE	4-50155	KIIOIOO	6,205,680.00	6,205,680.00
Interest income								
Deposit	9/10/2001	INT	INTEREST REC	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	25301/Carr	7,441.28	7,441.28
Deposit	10/19/2001	INT	INTEREST INC	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	25301/Cert	4,834.24	12,275.52
Deposit	11/9/2001	INT	INTEREST INC	MAGDELAINE	V-50159	25301/Carr	539.71	12,815,23
Total interest income	•						12,815.23	12,815.23
TOTAL							1,284,845.68	1,284,845.68

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Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Ciass	Split	Amount	Balance
Gross Sales								
Sales - Oil Prod	ucts							
Deposit	9/21/2001	REV	Alon USA	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	5,894,801 51	5,894,801.51
Deposit	9/26/2001	REV	ATLANTIC	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	11,110,981.93	17,005,783.44
Deposit	9/26/2001	REV	KOCH PETROL	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	11,224,190.51	28,229,973.95
General Journal General Journal	9/30/2001	Ja-Ck-14	Alon USA	S Convoy-2	V-50161	-SPLIT-	-63,583.43	28,166,390.52
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-14 Je-Ck-14	Alon USA Diamond Shamr	S. Convoy-2	V-50161	Sales - Oil	2,427,970.70	30,594,361.22
Deposit	10/19/2001	REV	Alon USA	S. Convoy-2 S.CONVOY-2	V-50161 V-50161	Sales - Orl . Cash - CAI	10,995,802 91	41,590,164.13
Deposit	10/19/2001	REV	BAYOIL (USA) I	S. Convoy-2	V-50161	BNP Panba	2,422,420 00 5,550.70	44,012,584.13 44,018,134.83
Deposit	10/19/2001	REV	Alon USA	S. Convoy-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-63,583.43	43,954,551 40
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-22	Vanous	S CONVOY-2	V-50161	-SPLIT-	-2,364,387.27	41,590,164.13
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-53	Reverse Accrual	S. CONVOY-2	V-50161	-SPLIT-	-8,259,188.78	33,330,975 35
Total Sales - Oil I			1101070011001	0,00,110,12	7 50 10 1	O7 m1,	33,330,975.35	33,330,975.35
Total Gross Sales							33,330,975.35	33,330,975.35
Cost of Sales								
Broker Comm								
Deposit	12/11/2001	WT	BAY-HOUSTON	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - Well	699.98	699.98
General Journal	12/31/2001	JE-LH/38	STARSUPPLY	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	-SPLIT-	-5,000 00	-4.300.02
Check	1/14/2002	1395	STARSUPPLY	S.Convoy-2/19	V-60161	Cash - Well	-5,000.00	-9,300.02
Check	1/14/2002	1396	SYNTEXENERGY	S.CONVOY-2/	V-50161	Cash - Well	-250.00	9,550.02
Check	1/14/2002	1396	SYNTEXENERGY	S.CONVOY-2/	V-50161	Cash - Well .	-250.00	-9,800.02
Check	1/14/2002	1396	SYNTEXENERGY	S CONVOY-2/	V-50161	Cash - Well	-250.00	-10,050.02
General Journal	2/28/2002	JE-LH/02	STARSUPPLY	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	-SPLIT-	5,000.00	-5,050.02
Total Broker Corr	ern.						-5,050.02	-5,050.02
Secondary Chgs General Journal	1. 12/31/2001	Je-Ck-53	Reverse Accrual	S. CONVOY-2	V-50161	Sales - Oil	42,351,44	42,351.44
Total Secondary		00-CK-03	Neverse Accidat	3.001101-2	4-50101	Sales - Oil	42,351.44	42,351.44
Exchange gain/	088							
Check	9/19/2001	PYMNT	UNITED NATIO	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-25,712 22	-25,712.22
Total Exchange g							-25,712 22	-25,712.22
Demurrage @ LI								
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-22	Reverse Accrual	S. CONVOY-2	V-50161	Sales - Oil	48,435.05	48,435.05
Total Demurrage	-						48,435 05	48,435 05
Crude Purchase Check	8/22/2001	PYMNT	HAVERHILL TR	07514 0014	11 20404	0	000 504 05	000 504 05
Check	9/19/2001	PYMINT	UNITED NATIO	STENA CONV S.CONVOY-2	V-50161 V-50161	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-683,501.25	-683,501.25 -39,389,721.37
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-14	Accrual	S. Convoy-2	V-50161	Sales - Oil	-38,706,220.12 -136,700.25	-39,526,421.62
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-15	Reverse Accrual	S. Convoy-2	V-50161	Inspection	136,700.25	-39,389,721.37
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-53	Reverse Accrual	S. CONVOY-2	V-50161	Sales - Oil .	8,147,291 62	-31,242,429.75
Total Crude Purci		00-04-30	MOTOISO MUCIDAL	3.0011701-2	4-50/01	Sales Cir .	-31,242,429.75	-31,242,429.75
Interest							5 (AL 14) 120 // 5	01,210,12010
Check	8/21/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	STENA CONV	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-59.46	-59.46
Chack	9/13/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	\$ CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-1,441 98	-1,501.44
Check	9/19/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-2,006 03	-3,507.47
Check	9/26/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-28,540.56	-32,048,03
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-14	Accruai	S Convoy-2	V-50161	Sales - Od	-50,000.00	-82,048.03
Check	10/1/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	5.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-8,087.44	-90,135 47
Check Check	10/19/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A .	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-3,674.87	-93,710.34
	10/19/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-135 26	-93,845.60
General Journal Total Interest	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-22	Reverse Accrual	S. CONVOY-2	V-50161	Sales - Oil	50,000.00 -43,845.60	-43,845.60 -43,845.60
Inspection							-10,040,00	70,070,00
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-14	Accrual	S. Convoy-2	V-50161	Sales - Oil	-38,000.00	-38,000.00
Check	11/30/2001	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-14.431.50	-52,431 50
Check	12/20/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-1,355.20	-53,786.70
Check	12/20/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT.	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-767.20	-54,553.90
Check	12/20/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT.	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-2,067.00	-56,620.90
Check	12/20/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAi	-1,366.28	-57,987.18
Check	12/20/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-1,900.94	59,888.12
Check	12/20/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-3,411.57	-63,299.69
Check	12/20/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-473.20	-63,772,89
Check	12/20/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-1.355.20	-65,128.09
Check	12/20/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-767.20	-65,895.29
Check	12/20/2001	INSP	INSPECTORAT	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-767,20	-66,662.49
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-15	Reverse Accrual	S. Convoy-2	V-50161	-SPLIT-	30,900.29	-35,762.20
Total Inspection						-	-35,762.20	25 762 24
							100,102.20	-35,762.20

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Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Inaurance								
Check	9/14/2001	INS	CRAIG FERGU	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-27,299.62	-27,299.62
Check Total Insurance	12/13/2001	INS	CRAIG FERGU	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-5,147.14	-32,446.76
L/C Charges							-32,446.76	-32,446.76
General Journal	8/31/2001	JE-01/LH	CAI	S.CONVOY-29	V-50161	Foward Co	-49,784 02	-49,784.02
Total L/C Charge	s						-49,784 02	-49,784.02
Freight Check	9/7/2001	FRGHT	EQUIVA	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	0	1 740 440 66	1 710 110 6
Check	12/11/2001	FRGHT	INTERSEAS TR	S CONVOY-2	V-50161 V-50161	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-1,718,413.65 -3,196.39	-1,718,413.65 -1,721,610.04
Check	12/11/2001	FRGHT	INTERSEAS TR	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-3,196.39	-1,724,806,43
Total Freight							-1,724,806.43	-1,724,806.43
Demurrage								
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-14	Accrual	S. Convoy-2	V-50161	Sales - Oil	-84,386 25	-84,386.25
Total Demurrage							-84,386.25	-84,386.25
Finance Charge Check	B/22/2001	PYMNT	HAVERHILL TR	STENA CONV	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-15.15	-15.15
Check	8/30/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	STENA CONV	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-14.96	-30.11
General Journal	8/31/2001	JE-01/LH	CAI	S.CONVOY-2(V-60161	Foward Co	-117.75	-147.86
General Journal	8/31/2001	JE-01/LH	CAI	S.CONVOY-2(V-50161	Foward Co	-103.69	-251 65
Check	9/4/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-14 71	-266.26
Check	9/7/2001	FRGHT	EQUIVA	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-14.79	-281 05
Check	9/10/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	STENA CONV	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-14.84	-295.89
Check Check	9/10/2001	BC INS	BANK CHARGES CRAIG FERGU.	STENA CONV S.CONVOY-2	V-50161 V-50161	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-14 87 -15.07	-310 76 -325.83
Check	9/19/2001	PYMNT	UNITED NATIO	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-43,456.96	-325.83 -43,782.79
Check	9/21/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	STENA CONV.	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-612,00	-44,394.79
Check	9/21/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	STENA CONV	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-612 00	-45,006.79
Deposit	9/21/2001	REV	Aion USA	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-76 51	-45,083,30
Deposit	9/26/2001	BEV	ATLANTIC	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-73.93	-45,157,23
Deposit	9/26/2001	REV	KOCH PETROL.	S.CONVOY-2	V-60161	Cash - CAI	-92.51	-45,249 74
Check	9/27/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-612 50	-45,862,24
General Journal	9/30/2001	JE-LH/02	CAI	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Bank Servic	-540.93	-46,403.17
Deposit	10/1/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-74.91	-46,478.08
Check	10/5/2001	LGHT	Gulfstream	S CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-15.43	-46,493.51
Check	10/23/2001	LGHT	INTERSEAS TR	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-15 02	-46,508.53
Check	10/29/2001	LGHT	AMERICAN EA	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI .	-15 22	-46,523.75
Check	10/30/2001	LGHT	MORAN TOWN	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-15.34	-46,539.09
Check	11/30/2001	DEM	EQUIVA	STENA CONV	V-50161	Cash - CAI .	-15.10	-46,554.19
Check Deposit	12/20/2001 1/7/2002	INSP DEM	INSPECTORAT KOCH PETROL	S.CONVOY-2 S CONVOY-2	V-50161 V-50161	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-15 29 -20.00	-46,569.48
Total Finance Ch		DEM	ROOTTETROL	3 0011101-2	4-50101	Casii CAI	-46,589,48	-46,589 48 -46,589.48
Lightering Charg	-							10,000
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-14	Accrual	S. Convoy-2	V-50161	Sales - Oil	-792,879.00	-792,879.00
Check	10/5/2001	LGHT	Guttstmam	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-50,842.00	-843,721.00
Check	10/23/2001	LGHT	INTERSEAS TR	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI.	-102,700.47	-946,421.47
Check Check	10/23/2001	LGHT LGHT	INTERSEAS TR	S CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-114,236 63	-1,060,658.10
Check	10/29/2001	LGHT	AMERICAN EA AMERICAN EA	S.CONVOY-2 S.CONVOY-2	V-50161 V-50161	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-217,477.09	-1,278,135.19
Check	10/30/2001	LGHT	MORAN TOWIN	S.CONVOY-2 S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-244,016.33 -8,326.19	-1,522,151.52 -1,530,477.71
Check	10/30/2001	LGHT	MORAN TOWIN	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAL	-7,299,72	-1,537,777.43
Check	11/15/2001	LGHT	AMERICAN EA	STENA CONV	V-50161	Cash - CAi	-22,500 00	-1,560,277,43
Check	11/15/2001	LGHT	AMERICAN EA	STENA CONV	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-22,500.00	-1,582,777.43
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-22	Reverse Accrual	S. CONVOY-2	V-50161	Sales - Oil	792,879.00	-789,898.43
Deposit	2/6/2002	WT	Gulfstream	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - Well.	5,542.61	-784,355.82
Deposit	2/6/2002	WT	Gulfstream	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - Well	5,642.20	-778,713 62
Total Lightering C	harges						-778,713.62	-778,713.62
tal Cost of Sales							-33,978,739 86	-33,978,739 86
ank Service Charg Check	9/19/2001	PYMNT	UNITED NATIO	S CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-141,46	-141.46
ital Bank Service (Charges						-141,46	-141.46
terest Expense								
Check	9/30/2001	INT	INTEREST CHA	S.CONVOY-2	V-50161	Cash - CAI	-10.034.55	-10,034.65
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-53	Reverse Accrual	S. CONVOY-2	V-50161	Sales - Oil	2,107.26	-7,927.29
dal Interest Expens				· -				
ers a standard tryballs	ю.						-7,927.29	-7,927.29

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Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account Jenuary 1995 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Commissions								
General Journal	8/29/2001	COMM	COMMISSIONS	STENA CONV	V-50161	25300/Carr	·1.396.50	-1,396,50
General Journal	8/30/2001	COMM	COMMISSIONS	STENA CONV	V-50161	25300/Carr	-465.50	-1.862 00
General Journal	8/31/2001	com	COMMISSIONS	STENA CONV	V-50161	25300/Carr	-465.50	-2.327.50
General Journal	9/4/2001	COMM	COMMISSIONS	STENA CONV	V-50161	25300/Carr	-1,293.60	-3,621,10
General Journal	9/5/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	STENA CONV	V-50161	25300/Carr	-1,293.60	-4.914.70
General Journal	9/6/2001	com	COMMISSIONS	STENA CONV	V-50161	25300/Cam	1,293 60	-6.208 30
General Journal	9/7/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	STENA CONV.	V-50161	25300/Carr	-1,783 60	-7.991.90
General Journal	9/10/2001	com	COMMISSIONS	STENA CONV	V-50161	25300/Carr	-1,783.60	-9.775.50
General Journal	9/17/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	STENA CONV.	V-50161	25300/Carr .	-637 00	-10.412.50
General Journal	9/18/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	STENA CONV	V-50161	25300/Carr	-637.00	-11.049.50
General Journal	9/19/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	STENA CONV	V-50161	25300/Carr	-637.00	-11.686.50
General Journal	9/20/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	STENA CONV	V-50161	25300/Carr .	-1,695 40	-13,381,90
General Journal	9/27/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	STENA CONV	V-50161	25300/Carr .	-1,514 10	-14,896.00
Total Commissions							-14,896 00	-14,896.00
Hedge Gain /(Loss)								
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-14	Accrual	S Convoy-2	V-50161	Sales - Oil	449,430 00	449,430.00
General Journal	10/8/2001			STENA CONV	V-50161	25300/Carr	449,430.00	898,860.00
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-22	Reverse Accrual	S CONVOY-2	V-50161	Sales - Oil	-449,430 00	449,430.00
Total Hedge Gain /(L	oss)						449,430 00	449,430 00
Interest Income								
Deposit	10/19/2001	INT	INTEREST INC.	STENA CONV	V-50161	25300/Carr	3,966.53	3,966.53
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-53	Reverse Accrual	S. CONVOY-2	V-50161	Sales - Oil	-832 97	3,133.56
Total Interest Income							3,133.56	3,133.56
TAL							-218,165.70	-218,165.70

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Bayoli Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Type	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Gross Sales								
Sales - Oil Produ								
General Journal Deposit	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-08 REV	Various MARATHON	Settebello-6 SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163 V-50163	Accounts R Banque Bru	46,810,164.63 34,578,354.52	46,810,164,63 81,388,519.15
Check	11/13/2001	PURCH	MARATHON	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-6,842.89	81,381,676.26
Deposit	11/16/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	6,044,496,06	87,426,172.32
General Journal	11/30/2001	Ja-Ck-16	Reverse Accrual	Settebello-6	V-50163	-SPLIT-	-40,675,808.61	46,750,363.71
Total Sales - Oil F	Products						46,750,363.71	46,750,363.71
Total Gross Sales							46,750,363.71	46,750,363,71
Cost of Sales Broker Comm								
Check	12/5/2001	1387	ECHO ENERGY	SETTEBELLO	V-50163	Cash - Well	-350.00	-350.00
Check General Journal	12/5/2001	1387 JE-LH/38	ECHO ENERGY SYNTEXENER	SETTEBELLO SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163 V-50163	Cash - Well Broker Comm	-400,00 -500,00	-750.00 -1.250.00
Check	1/14/2002	1399	SYNTEXENER	SETTEBELLO-	V-50163	Cash - Well	-500.00 -500.00	-1,750.00
General Journal	2/28/2002	JE-LH/02	SYNTEXENER	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Broker Comm	500.00	-1,250.00
Check	4/12/2002	1436	LONE STAR R	Settebello-6	V-50163	Cash - Well	-6,342,99	-7,592.99
Total Broker Com	m						-7,592.99	-7,592.99
Exchange gain/in Check	9/24/2001	PURCH	UNITED NATIO	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru,	-24,856.88	-24,856.88
Total Exchange g		1 011011	0141120101110	SETTEBLECO-0	1-30103	Danique Diu,	+24,856.88	-24,856.88
Demurrage @ Li							724,000,00	*24,030.00
General Journal	9/30/2001	Ja-Ck-08	Accruel	Settebello-6	V-50163	Accounts R	43,680.56	43,680,58
Deposit	12/17/2001	DEM	MARATHON	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	45,556.25	89,236.81
Deposit	12/20/2001	DEM	VALERO MARK	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	75,045.83	164,282,64
General Journal Check	12/31/2001 1/3/2002	Je-Ck-21 DEM	Reverse Accrust SEA Oil SHIPPI	Settebello-6 SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163 V-50163	-SPLIT- Banque Bru.,	-43,680.56 -4.012.50	120,602.08 116,589.58
Check	1/17/2002	DEM	SEA OIL SHIPPI	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-3,912.19	112,677.39
Total Demurrage	& Lighter						112,677,39	112,677.39
Storage								
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-08	Accrual	Settebello-6	V-50163	Accounts R	-216,166.16	-216,166.16
Total Storage Crude Purchase:	_						-216,166.16	-216,166.16
Check	9/24/2001	PURCH	UNITED NATIO	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-46,558,131.70	-46,558,131.70
Check	9/26/2001	PURCH	HAVERHILL TR	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-56,250.00	-46,614,381.70
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-03	Accrual	Settebello-6	V-50163	Accounts R	-78,816.69	-46,693,198.39
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-16	Reverse Accrual	Settebello-6	V-50163	Sales - Oil	7,397.13	-46,685,801.26
Total Crude Purci	hases						-46,685,801.26	-46,685,801.26
Check	9/12/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Dan D	4.7.40	4.7.44
Check	9/19/2001	LOANS	FIXED TERM A	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru Banque Bru	-147.40 -593.22	-147.40 -740.62
Check	9/20/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	221.96	-962.58
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-08	Accrual	Settebello-6	V-50163	Accounts R	-200,000,00	-200,962.58
Check Check	10/1/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-376.88	-201,339.46
Check	10/5/2001 10/12/2001	LOAN LOAN	FIXED TERM A FIXED TERM A	SETTEBELLO-6 SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163 V-50163	Banque Bru	-54,619,83	-255,959.29
Check	10/19/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163 V-50163	Banque Bru Banque Bru	-32,654.29 -32,745,76	-288,613,58 -321,359,34
Check	10/22/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-13,641,89	-335,001.23
Check	10/31/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-10,782.96	-345,784.19
Check Check	11/9/2001	LOAN LOAN	FIXED TERM A	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-10,240.80	-356,024.99
Check	11/16/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A FIXED TERM A	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-7,262.27	-363,287.26
Check	11/30/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	SETTEBELLO-6 SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163 V-50163	Banque Bru Benque Bru	-3,791.67 -2,173 61	-367,078.93 -369,252.54
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-16	Reverse Accrual	Settebello-6	V-50163	Sales - Oil	100,000,00	-269,252.54
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-21	Reverse Accrual	Settebello-6	V-50163	Demurrage	100,000.00	-169,252.54
Total Interest							-169,252,54	-169,252.54
Inspection General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-08	Accrual	Settebello-6	V 50163	Assessed D	25 200 **	
Check	12/20/2001	INSP	CALEB BRETT	O.DONNA	V-50163 V-50163	Accounts R BNP Pariba	-35,000.00 -1,611,86	-35,000.00
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-21	Reverse Accruel	Settebello-6	V-50163	Demurrage	-1,611.80 7,240.99	-36,611.86 -29,370.87
Check	6/17/2002	INSP	CALEB BRETT	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-2,097.28	-31,468.15
Check	9/18/2002	INSP	OBC SHIPPING	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-7,385 75	-38,853.90
General Journal	9/30/2002	Je-C09-25	Accrual	Settebello-6	V-50163	Estimated	-27,563,57	-66,417.47
Total Inspection							-66,417.47	-66,417.47

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Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1996 through December 2003

Type	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Insurance							20.000.00	00.000.00
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-08 INS	Accrual CRAIG FERGU	Settebello-6 SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163 V-50163	Accounts R Banque Bru	-30,000.00 -27,760.51	-30,000.00 -57,760.51
Check General Journal	10/5/2001 11/30/2001	Je-Ck-16	Reverse Accrual	Setteballo-6	V-50163 V-50163	Sales - Oil	30,000.00	-27,760.51
Total Insurance	1113012001	30-0K-10	Neverso Acciden	Outrobalio-O	4-50100	- Canada	-27,760.51	-27,760.51
UC Charges								•
Check	9/24/2001	PURCH	UNITED NATIO	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-58,228.73	-58,228.73
Total L/C Charge:	1						-58,228.73	-58,228.73
Freight General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-08	Accruel	Settebello-6	V-50163	Accounts R	-4,074,188,23	-4,074,188.23
Check	10/10/2001	FRGHT	CUL-DE-SAC A	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-62,460.00	-4,136,648.23
Check	10/17/2001	FRGHT	OMI CORPORA	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-3,224,416.26	-7,361,064.49
Check	10/17/2001	FRGHT	PAGE INTL.	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163 V-50163	Banque Bru	-510,167,50 -105,800.00	-7,871,231.99 -7,977,031.99
Check Check	10/19/2001	FRGHT	WILFORD AND CUL-DE-SAC A	SETTEBELLO-6 SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163 V-50163	Banque Bru Banque Bru	-650.21	-7,977,682.20
Check	10/31/2001	FRGHT	ROBIN MARITI	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	49,250.00	-8,026,932.20
Check	11/13/2001	FRGHT	CUL-DE-SAC A	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-64,760.00	-8,091,692.20
Check	11/15/2001	FRGHT	PAGE INTL.	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-166,344.81	-8,258,037.0
Check	11/16/2001	FRGHT	PAGE INTL.	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-98,355.00	-8,356,392.0
Check	11/20/2001	FRGHT	WEVER MARIN	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-1,670 00	-8,358,062,0
Check	11/27/2001	FRGHT	PAGE INTL.	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru .	-78,367,74	-8,436,429.79
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-16	Reverse Accrual	Settebello-6	V-50163	Sales - Oil	-112,990.00	-8,549,419.79
Seneral Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-16 PURCH	Reverse Accrual AL-HODA INTL	Settebello-6 SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163 V-50163	Sales - Oil BNP Pariba	4,074,188.23 -34,960.00	-4,475,231.5 -4,510,191.5
Check Check	12/5/2001 1/10/2002	FRGHT	WILFORD AND	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-86,500,00	-4.596.691.5
Check	1/24/2002	1404	WEVER MARIN	Settebello-6	V-50163	Cash - Well	-294,31	-4,596,985.8
Deposit	1/31/2002	FRGHT	WILFORD AND	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	980,19	-4,596,005,6
Check	5/23/2002	FRGHT	ROBIN MARITI	ST.VASSILIOS	V-50163	Banque Bru	-5,467.55	-4,601,473.1
Check	3/6/2003	FRGHT	ROBIN MARITI	ST. VASSILIO	V-50163	BNP Paribe	-962.50	-4,602,435.6
Total Freight							-4,602,435.59	-4,602,435.69
Demurrage General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-08	Accrual	Settebello-6	V-50163	Accounts R	-488,410.60	-488,410.60
Total Demurrage	010002001	00-00-00	PROTORE	odilopeno-o	1-00100	- County N.,.	-488,410.60	-488,410.60
Finance Charge								
Check	9/11/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-40.00	-40.0
Check	9/18/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-359.83	-399.8
Check	9/18/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-40.00	-439.8
Check	9/24/2001	PURCH	UNITED NATIO	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-51,796.94	-52,236.7
Check	9/26/2001	PURCH	HAVERHILL TR	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-28.00	-52,264.7
Check Check	10/5/2001	BC INS	BANK CHARGES	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163 V-50163	Banque Bru	-40.00 -28.00	-52,304.7
Check	10/10/2001	FRGHT	CRAIG FERGU CUL-DE-SAC A	SETTEBELLO-6 SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru Banque Bru	-65.00	-52,332.7 -52,397.7
Check	10/17/2001	FRGHT	OMI CORPORA	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-28.00	-52,425.7
Check	10/17/2001	FRGHT	PAGE INTL.	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-40 00	-52,465.7
Check	10/19/2001	FRGHT	WILFORD AND	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-40.00	-52,505.7
Deposit	10/22/2001	REV	MARATHON	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-665.00	-53,170.7
Check	10/24/2001	FRGHT	HESS	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-40.00	-53,210.7
Check	10/30/2001	FRGHT	CUL-DE-SAC A	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-65.00	-53,275.7
Check	10/31/2001	FRGHT	ROBIN MARITI	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-40.00	-53,315.7
Check	11/13/2001	PURCH	MARATHON	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-28.00	-53,343.7
Check Check	11/13/2001	FRGHT	CUL-DE-SAC A	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-65.00	-53,408.7
Check Check	11/16/2001	FRGHT	PAGE INTL. PAGE INTL.	SETTEBELLO-6 SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163 V-50163	Banque Bru Banque Bru	-40.00 -40.00	~53,448.7 •53,488.7
Deposit	11/16/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-550.00	-54,038.7
Check	11/20/2001	FRGHT	WEVER MARIN	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-28.00	-54.066.7
Check	11/26/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-1,619,79	-55,686.5
Check	11/27/2001	FRGHT	PAGE INTL.	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-40.00	-55,726.5
Deposit	12/1/2001	REV	HOVENSA L.L.C.	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-570.00	-56,296.5
Check	12/3/2001	FROHT	SEA OIL SHIPPI	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-40.00	-56,336.5
Check	12/3/2001	FRGHT	HESS	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-40.00	-56,376.5
Check	12/5/2001	PURCH	AL-HODA INTL	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	BNP Pariba	-20.98	-56,397.5
Check Check	12/5/2001	PURCH	PETROLEUM T	Settebello-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-28.00	-56,425.5
Check Check	12/21/2001	DEM	OMI CORPORA	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-40,00	-56,465.5
Check Check	1/8/2002	INSP	SEA OIL SHIPPI OIL INSPECTIO	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-40.00	-56,505.5
Check	1/10/2002	FRGHT	WILFORD AND	SETTEBELLO-6 SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163 V-50163	Banque Bru	-28.00	-56,533.5
_: -:	1/17/2002	DEM	SEA OIL SHIPPI	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru Banque Bru	-40.00 -28.00	-56,573,5 -56,601,5
Check								
	3/11/2002	INSP	SGS CSI	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163			
Check Check Check		INSP FRGHT	SGS CSI ROBIN MARITI	SETTEBELLO-6 ST.VASSILIOS	V-50163 V-50163	Banque Bru Banque Bru	-28.00 -28.00	-56,629.54 -56,657.54

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Type	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Check Check	12/18/2002 3/6/2003	INSP FRGHT	OIL INSPECTIO ROBIN MARITI	SETTEBELLO-6 ST. VASSILIOS	V-50163 V-50163	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	-24.21 -41.01	-56,709.75 -56,750.76
Total Finance Ch	arges						-56,750.76	-56,750.76
Total Cost of Sales							-52,290,996.20	-52,290,996.20
Bank Service Charg Check	9/24/2001	PURCH	UNITED NATIO	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-277.62	-277.82
Total Bank Service C	harges						-277.82	-277,82
Office Expense Bank Charges								
Check	9/17/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-40.00	-40.00
Total Bank Charg	0 \$						-40,00	-40.00
Total Office Expense	1						-40.00	-40.00
Interest Expense Check	9/28/2001	INT	INTEREST CHA	SETTEBELLO-6	V-50163	Banque Bru	-2,875.70	-2,875.70
Total interest Expens	S#						-2,875.70	-2,875.70
Commissions General Journal General Journal General Journal	11/12/2001 11/12/2001 11/12/2001			SETTEBELLO 6 SETTEBELLO 6 SETTEBELLO 6	V-50163 V-50163 V-50163	Hedge Gain Hedge Gain Hedge Gain	-21,400.00 -725.60 -7,098.00	-21,400.00 -22,125.60 -29,223.60
Total Commissions							-29,223.60	-29,223,60
Hedge Gain /(Loss) General Journal General Journal General Journal General Journal	9/30/2001 11/12/2001 11/12/2001 11/30/2001	Je-Ck-08 Je-Ck-15	Accrual Reverse Accrual	Settebello-6 SETTEBELLO 6 SETTEBELLO 6 Settebello-6	V-50163 V-50163 V-50163 V-50163	Accounts R -SPLIT- Hedge Gain Sales - Oil	5,100,000.00 3,925,470.00 1,155,430.00 -5,100,000.00	5,100,000.00 9,025,470.00 10,180,900.00 5,080,900.00
Total Hedge Gain /(L	.oss)						5,080,900,00	5.080.900.00
OTAL.	•••						-492,149.61	-492,149.61

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Gross Sales Sales - Oil Products Deposit 11/520 Total Sales - Oil Products Total Gross Sales Broker Comm General Journal 12/31/2 General Journal 11/520 General Journal 12/51/2 General Journal 12/51/2 General Journal 11/520 Genera	1/2001 2002 2002 2002 2002 2002 72001 72001 72001 72001	JE-LH/38 1401 1401 1401 JE-LH/02 PURCH Jo-Ck-12 PURCH	VALERO MARK ECHO ENERGY ECHO ENERGY ECHO ENERGY ECHO ENERGY GUIStream	B.CHIEF-2 B.CHIEF-2 B.CHIEF-2/C3 B.CHIEF-2/C3 B.CHIEF-2/C3	V-50177 V-50177 V-50177 V-50177	Cash - CAI Broker Comm Cash - Well	9,098,480.93 9,098,480.93 9,098,480.93 -500.00 -250.00	9,098,480,93 9,098,480,93 9,098,480,93 -500.00
Deposit 11/5/25	1/2001 2002 2002 2002 2002 2002 72001 72001 72001 72001	JE-LH/38 1401 1401 JE-LH/02 PURCH Je-Ck-12	ECHO ENERGY ECHO ENERGY ECHO ENERGY ECHO ENERGY	B.CHIEF-2 B.CHIEF-2/C3 B.CHIEF-2/C3	V-50177 V-50177 V-50177	Broker Comm Cash - Well	9,098,480.93 9,098,480.93 -500.00	9,098,480.93 9,098,480.93 -500.00
Total Sales - Oil Products Total Sales - Oil Products Total Gross Sales Broker Comm General Journal 1/2/31/7 Check 1/15/2 Check 1/15/2 Check 1/15/2 Check 1/15/2 Check 1/15/2 Total Broker Comm Crude Purchases Chack 1/2/2 Total Grose Journal 1/2/31/7 Total Crude Purchases Interest Interest Interest Interest Inspection General Journal 1/2/31/7 Central Journal 1/2/31/7 Central Journal 1/2/31/7 Total Interest Inspection General Journal 1/2/31/7 Central Journal 1/2/31/7 Total Interest Inspection General Journal 1/2/31/7 Central Journal 1/2/31/7 Central Journal 1/2/31/7 Total Interest Interest Interest Interest Inspection General Journal 1/2/31/7 Central Journal 1/2/31/7 Central Journal 1/2/31/7 Total Insurance General Journal 1/2/31/7 Central Journal 1/2/31/7 Total Insurance General Journal 1/2/31/7 Central Journal 1/2/31/7 Total Insurance General Journal 1/2/31/7 Central Journal 1/2/31/7 Total Demurrage Finance Charges Check 1/2/3/7 Check 1/1/2/3/7 Check 1/1/2/3/7 Check 1/1/2/3/7 Check 1/1/2/3/7 Check 1/1/2/3/7 Check 1/1/2/3/7 Total Finance Charges Check 1/1/2/3/7 Check 1/1/2/3/7 Total Finance Charges Total Finance Charges Check 1/1/2/3/7 Check 1/1/2/3/7 Total Finance Charges	1/2001 2002 2002 2002 2002 2002 72001 72001 72001 72001	JE-LH/38 1401 1401 JE-LH/02 PURCH Je-Ck-12	ECHO ENERGY ECHO ENERGY ECHO ENERGY ECHO ENERGY	B.CHIEF-2 B.CHIEF-2/C3 B.CHIEF-2/C3	V-50177 V-50177 V-50177	Broker Comm Cash - Well	9,098,480.93 9,098,480.93 -500.00	9,098,480.93 9,098,480.93 -500.00
Total Cross Sales	1/2001 1/2002 1/2002 1/2002 1/2001 1/2001 1/2001	1401 1401 JE-LH/02 PURCH Je-Ck-12	ECHO ENERGY ECHO ENERGY ECHO ENERGY	B.CHIEF-2/C3 B.CHIEF-2/C3	V-50177 V-50177	Cash - Well	9,098,480.93	9,098,480.93
Total Price	2002 2002 2002 2002 2001 0/2001 1/2001	1401 1401 JE-LH/02 PURCH Je-Ck-12	ECHO ENERGY ECHO ENERGY ECHO ENERGY	B.CHIEF-2/C3 B.CHIEF-2/C3	V-50177 V-50177	Cash - Well	-500 00	-500.00
Broket Comm 1/201/2	2002 2002 2002 2002 2001 0/2001 1/2001	1401 1401 JE-LH/02 PURCH Je-Ck-12	ECHO ENERGY ECHO ENERGY ECHO ENERGY	B.CHIEF-2/C3 B.CHIEF-2/C3	V-50177 V-50177	Cash - Well		
General Journal 12/31/15/25/15/25/25/25/25/25/25/25/25/25/25/25/25/25	2002 2002 2002 2002 2001 0/2001 1/2001	1401 1401 JE-LH/02 PURCH Je-Ck-12	ECHO ENERGY ECHO ENERGY ECHO ENERGY	B.CHIEF-2/C3 B.CHIEF-2/C3	V-50177 V-50177	Cash - Well		
Check	2002 2002 2002 2002 2001 0/2001 1/2001	1401 1401 JE-LH/02 PURCH Je-Ck-12	ECHO ENERGY ECHO ENERGY ECHO ENERGY	B.CHIEF-2/C3 B.CHIEF-2/C3	V-50177 V-50177	Cash - Well		
Check	72002 72002 72001 72001 72001 72001	1401 JE-LH/02 PURCH Je-Ck-12	ECHO ENERGY ECHO ENERGY	B.CHIEF-2/C3	V-50177			-750.00
Total Broker Comm Crude Purchases Check 11/7/26 General Journal 11/30/26 General Journal 12/31/2 General Journal 12/31/2 Total Crude Purchases Interest Check 11/5/26 Total Interest Inspection General Journal 12/31/2 General Journal 12/31/2 Total Interest Inspection General Journal 12/31/2 General Journal 11/30/2 General Journal 12/31/2 General Journal 11/30/2 Gen	72001 0/2001 72001 1/2001	PURCH Je-Ck-12		B.CHIEF-2		Cash - Well	-250,00	-1,000.00
Crude Purchases 117/2/2 Check 11/2/2 Check 11/2 Che	0/2001 /2001 1/2001	Je-Ck-12	Gulfetraam		V-50177	Broker Comm	500.00	-500.00
Check	0/2001 /2001 1/2001	Je-Ck-12	Gulfetraam				-500.00	-500.00
October 17,000	0/2001 /2001 1/2001	Je-Ck-12						
Check 12/8/2	/2001 1/2001		Accrual	B.CHIEF-2 B. CHIEF-2	V-50177 V-50177	Cash - CAI -SPLIT-	-8,239,516.09 -25,000.00	-8,239,516.09 -8,264,516.09
General Journal 12/91/7	1/2001		Gulfstream	B.CHIEF-2	V-50177	Cash - CAI	-24,796,91	-8,289,313,00
Interest	2004	Je-Ck-25	Reverse Accrual	B. CHIEF-2	V-50177	-SPLIT-	25,000 00	-8,264,313.00
Check	2004					-	-8,264,313.00	-8,264,313.00
Total Interest Inspection Ceneral Journal Total Inspection Check Total Inspection Check Total L/C Charges Demurrage Ceneral Journal Total Demurrage Ceneral Journal Total Demurrage Check Total Charges Check Total Check	2000							
Inspection	2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	B.CHIEF-2	V-50177	Cash - CAI	-61.43	-61.43
Centeral Journal 17,000							-61.43	-61.43
Deposit Depo		1. 01. 40						40.000.00
Deposit 59/200		Je-Ck-12 Je-Ck-25	Accrual Reverse Accrual	8. CHIEF-2 8. CHIEF-2	V-50177 V-50177	Crude Purc Crude Purc	-10,000.00 5,000.00	-10,000.00 -5,000.00
Total Inspection Insurance General Journal 17/30/ General Journal 19/30/ Total Insurance L/C Charges Check 10/23/ Total L/C Charges General Journal 17/30/ Check 10/23/ Total Dominia 17/30/ Check 10/23/ Check 10/25/ Check 10/25/ Check 11/2/ Check 11/2/ Check 11/2/ Check 11/2/ Check 11/2/ Check 12/2/ Check	002	WT	INSPECTORAT	B.CHIEF-2	V-50177	Cash - Well	240.50	-4,759,50
Insurance	2002	Je-C09-23	Reverse Accrual	B. Chief-2	V-50177	-SPLIT-	1,796.62	-2,962.88
General Journal 11/30/ 11/30/ 12/31/ 12/31/ 12/31/ 12/31/ 12/31/ 12/31/ 12/31/ 13/31/ 1						-	-2,962.88	-2,962,88
General Journal 1923/16								
General Journal 9/30/2/ Total Insurance L/C Charges Check 10/23/ Total L/C Charges Demurrage General Journal 1/2/31/ Check 2/12/ Check 10/25/ Check 10/25/ Check 11/2/2 Check 11/2/2 Check 11/2/2 Check 11/2/2 Check 11/2/2 Check 12/2/2 Check 18/2/2 Check 18/2 Check 18/2/2 Check		Je-Ck-12	Accrual	B. CHIEF-2	V-50177	Crude Purc	-6,000.00	-6,000.00
Total Insurance LIC Charges Check 10/23/ Total LIC Charges Demurrage General Journal 1/20/ Check 10/23/ Total Demurrage Finance Charges Check 10/25/ Check 11/25/ Check 11/7/ Check 11/7/ Check 12/25/ Total Finance Charges		Je-Ck-25 Je-C09-23	Reverse Accrual Reverse Accrual	B. CHIEF-2 B. Chief-2	V-50177 V-50177	Crude Purc	5,000.00 1,000.00	-1,000.00
Lic Charges	2002	J6-CUS-23	Merelae Accidel	B. Chiei-2	V-50177	Inspection		0.00
Total L/C Check 10/23/ Total L/C Check 11/30/ Check 12/31/ Check 12/31/ Check 10/23/ Check 10/23/ Check 11/22/ Check 11/22/ Check 11/22/ Check 12/23/ Check 13/23/ C							0.00	0.00
Demurrage General Journal 1/30/Check 29/12/Check 10/25/Check 10/25/Check 10/25/Check 11/72/Check 11/72/Check 11/72/Check 12/12/Check 12/12/Check 19/12/Check	3/2001	LC	Guifstream	B.CHIEF-2	V-50177	Cash - CAI	-11,681 25	-11,681.25
Demurrage General Journal 1/30/Check 29/12/Check 10/25/Check 10/25/Check 10/25/Check 11/72/Check 11/72/Check 11/72/Check 12/12/Check 12/12/Check 19/12/Check					• •••	-	-11,681.25	-11,681.25
General Journal 11/30/ 17/30/ 1								,
General Journal 12/31/. Total Demurage Finance Charges Check 10/25/. Check 11/22/. Check 11/2/. Check 11/6/2 Check 12/6/2 Check 12/12/. Check 12/12/. Check 12/12/. Check 18/20/. Check 18/20/. Check 18/20/. Check 18/20/. Check Charges	0/2001	Je-Ck-12	Accrual	B. CHIEF-2	V-50177	Crude Purc	-38,500,00	-38,500.00
Total Demurrage Finance Charges Check 10/23/ Check 10/25/ Check 11/27/ Deposit 11/5/2 Check 11/7/2 Check 12/6/2 Check 12/17/ Check 12/18/2 Check 12/17/ Total Finance Charges		DEM	VALERO MARK	B.CHIEF-2	V-50177	Cash - CAL	-32,812.50	71,312,50
Finance Charges Check 10/25/ Check 10/25/ Check 11/2/2 Deposit 11/5/2i Check 11/7/2 Check 12/6/2i Check 12/1/2 Check 12/1/2 Check 18/2/0 Total Finance Charges	1/2001	Je-Ck-25	Reverse Accrual	B. CHIEF-2	V-50177	Crude Purc	38,500.00	-32,812.50
Check 19/23/t Check 10/25/t Check 11/27/t Check 11/7/t Check 11/7/t Check 12/6/t Check 12/12/t Check 1/8/20/t Total Finance Charges							-32,812.50	-32,812.50
Check 10/25/ Check 11/2/2 Deposit 11/5/2 Check 11/7/2 Check 12/6/2 Check 12/12/C Check 1/8/20 Total Finance Charges								
Check 11/2/21 Deposit 11/5/22 Check 11/7/2 Check 12/6/21 Check 12/12/ Check 18/20 Total Finance Charges		LC FIN	Gulfstream Gulfstream	B.CHIEF-2 B.CHIEF-2	V-50177 V-50177	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-116.75 -98.00	-116.75
Deposit 11/5/2/ Check 11/7/2/ Check 12/6/2/ Check 12/12/ Check 1/8/20/ Total Finance Charges		FIN	VALERO MARK	B.CHIEF-2	V-50177	Cash - CAI	-98.00 -618.00	-214.75 -832.75
Check 11/7/25 Check 12/6/25 Check 12/12/7 Check 1/8/20 Total Finance Charges		REV	VALERO MARK	B.CHIEF-2	V-50177	Cash - CAI	-94 93	-927.68
Check 12/12/ Check 1/8/200 Total Finance Charges		PURCH	Gulfstream	B CHIEF-2	V-50177	Cash - CAI	-45.91	-973.59
Check 1/8/200 Total Finance Charges		PURCH	Gulfstream	B.CHIEF-2	V-50177	Cash - CAI	-15.06	-988.6
Total Finance Charges		DEM	VALERO MARK	B.CHIEF-2	V-50177	Cash - CAI	-15.15	1,003.80
	1002	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	B.CHIEF-2	V-50177	Cash - CAI	-15.14	-1,018.94
						-	-1,018.94	-1,018.94
folal Cost of Sales							-8,313,350.00	-8,313,350.00
Commissions General Journal 11/13/2	3/2001			BERGE CHIEF	V-50177	Hedge Gain	-8,112.00	-8,112.00
otal Commissions						, nogo com	-8,112.00	-8,112,00
ledge Gain /(Loss)							-0,712.00	-0,112,00
				BERGE CHIEF	V-50177	-SPLIT-	-843,910.00	-843,910.00
otal Hedge Gain /(Loss)	3/2001					-	-843,910.00	-843,910.00
TAL.	3/2001						-66.891.07	-66,891.07

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Type	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Gross Sales								
Sales - Oli Produ General Journal	octs 9/30/2001	Je-CK-05	Various	SAHARA	V-50154			
Deposit	10/31/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	SAHARA SAHARA	V-50154 V-50154	Accounts R BNP Pariba	42,061,585,32 9,582,907,65	42,061,585.32 51,644,492.97
Deposit	11/1/2001	REV	PREMCOR	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	8,235,685,97	59,880,178,94
Deposit	11/2/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	9,592,780,98	69,472,959,92
Deposit	11/5/2001	REV	PORT ARTHUR	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	8,208,873.22	77,681,833.14
Deposit	11/16/2001	rev	PREMCOR	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	2,424,233.13	80,108,066.27
Deposit	11/26/2001	REV	PORT ARTHUR	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	3,391,967,87	83,498,034.14
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-13	Various	SAHARA	V-50154	-SPLIT-	-42,061,585,32	41,436,448.82
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-13	PREMCOR	SAHARA	V-50154	Sales - Oil	-116,157,75	41,320,291.07
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-24	PREMCOR	SAHARA	V-50154	Receivable	273,801,80	41,594,092.87
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-58	Reverse Accrual	SAHARA	V-50154	-SPLIT-	-5,974,243,08	35,619,849.79
Total Sales - Oil I	Products						35,619,849.79	35,619,849.79
Total Gross Sales						•	35,619,849.79	35,619,849.79
Cost of Sales								
Broker Comm								
General Journal	12/31/2001	JE-LH/38	SYNTEXENER	SAHARA	V-50154	Broker Comm	-7,000.00	-7,000.00
General Journal	12/31/2001	JE-LH/38	ECHO ENERGY	SAHARA	V-50154	Broker Comm	-750.00	-7,750.0
Check Check	1/14/2002	1398	SYNTEXENER	SAHARA/T12A	V-50154	Cash - Well	-500.00	-8,250.0
Check	1/14/2002 1/14/2002	1398	SYNTEXENER SYNTEXENER	SAHARA/T12A SAHARA/T12A	V-50154 V-50154	Cash - Well	-1,000.00	-9,250.0
Check	1/14/2002	1398				Cash - Well	-500,00	-9,750.0
			SYNTEXENER	SAHARA/T12A	V-50154	Cash - Well	-5,000.00	-14,750.0
Check	1/15/2002	1401	ECHO ENERGY	SAHARA/C3244	V-50154	Cash - Well	-250.00	-15,000.0
Check General Journal	1/15/2002 2/28/2002	1401 JE-LH/02	ECHO ENERGY	SAHARA/C3247	V-50154	Cash - Well	-500.00	-15,500.0
General Journal	2/28/2002	JE-LH/02	SYNTEXENER	SAHARA	V-50154	Broker Comm	7,000.00	-8,500.0
		AE-ITMUX	ECHO ENERGY	SAHARA	V-50154	Broker Comm	750.00	-7,750.00
Total Broker Con Secondary Chg:							-7,750.00	-7,750.00
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-58	Reverse Accrual	SAHARA	V-50154	Sales - Oil	41,422.85	41,422.85
Total Secondary	Chgs,						41,422.85	41,422.8
Exchange gain/l								
Check	10/9/2001	PURCH	UNITED NATIO	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	-20,928.26	-20,928.20
Total Exchange g							-20,928.28	-20,928.20
Demurrage @ Li								
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-CK-05	Accrual	SAHARA	V-50154	Accounts R	30,328.82	30,328.8
Deposit	12/20/2001	LGHT	VALERO MARK	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Periba	14,591.67	44,920,4
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-24	Accrual	SAHARA	V-50154	Receivable	-30,328.82	14,591.6
Total Demurrage	@ Lighter						14,591.67	14,591.6
Customs Fee								
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-CK-05	Accrual	SAHARA	V-50154	Accounts R	-48,555,46	-48,555.4
Deposit	11/16/2001	rev	PREMCOR	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	16,356,07	-32,199.3
Deposit	11/26/2001	REV	PORT ARTHUR	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	23,038,79	-9,160,6
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-13	Reverse Accrual	SAHARA	V-50154	Sales - Oil	48,555.46	39,394.8
Total Customs F	90					•	39,394.86	39,394.8
Crude Purchase								
General Journal	9/30/2001	Ja-CK-05	Accrual	SAHARA	V-50154	Accounts R.,,	-36,858,183.12	-36,858,183.1
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-CK-05	Accrual	SAHARA	V-50154	Accounts R	-883,635.00	-37,741,818.1
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-58	Reverse Accrual	SAHARA	V-50154	Sales - Oil	5,903,140.08	-31,838,678.0
Total Crude Purc	hases					·	-31,838,678.04	-31,838,678.0
Interest								
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-CK-05	Accrual	SAHARA	V-50154	Accounts R	-200,000.00	-200,000.0
Check	10/3/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	-369.07	-200,369.0
Check	10/3/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	H.CAPITOL-3	V-50154	BNP Pariba	-278.43	-200,647.5
Check	10/19/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	-36,905.00	-237,552.5
Check	10/26/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	-25,620.00	-263,172.5
Check	11/1/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	-546.93	-263,719.4
Check	11/2/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	-25,904.67	-289,624.1
Check	11/9/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	-8,438.89	-298,062.9
Check	11/13/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	-1,515.56	-299,578,5
Check	11/16/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	-1.173.34	-300,751.8
Check	11/26/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	-1,781,89	-302,533,7
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-13	Reverse Accrual	SAHARA	V-50154	Sales - Oil	150,000.00	-152,533.7
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-24	Accrual	SAHARA	V-50154	Receivable	50,000.00	-102,533.7
Total Interest								
· Simi anarasi							-102,533.78	-102,533,78

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Type	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Inspection				_				
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-CK-05	Accrual	SAHARA	V-50154	Accounts R	-40,000.00	-40,000
Check	10/24/2001	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	-10,044.48	-50,044
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-24	Accrual	SAHARA	V-50154	Receivable	20,163.44	-29,881
Check	9/19/2002	INSP	INSPECTORAT	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	-1,982.38	-31,863
Check	9/19/2002	INSP	INSPECTORAT	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	-2,392.61	-34,256
Check	9/19/2002	INSP	INSPECTORAT	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	-2,419,41	-36.675
Check	9/19/2002	INSP	INSPECTORAT	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	-1,985.38	-38,660
General Journal	9/30/2002	Je-C09-24	Reverse Accrual	Sahara	V-50154	Estimated	2,920.96	-35,739
Check	1/10/2003	INSP	INSPECTORAT	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	-3,340.78	-39,08
Total Inspection	171012000	,,,,,,	1101 60101011	5/4 k/01	4-50154	DIST FERIDE		
inaurance							-39,080.64	-39,08
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-CK-05	Accrust	SAHARA	V-50154	Annount D	-25,000.00	-25,00
Check	11/8/2001	INS	CRAIG FERGU	SAHARA		Accounts R		-20,00
					V-50154	BNP Pariba	-32,273.60	-57.27
General Journal	11/30/2001	Ja-Ck-13	Reverse Accrual	SAHARA	V-50154	Sales - Oil	25,000.00	-32,27
Check	2/28/2002	INS	CRAIG FERGU	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Periba	-1,763.03	-34,03
Total Insurance							-34,036.63	-34,03
L/C Charges Check	8/31/2001	LC	UC CHARGES	SAHARA				
Total L/C Charges		EC	DC CHARGES	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	-72,595.14	-72,59
Freight							-72,595.14	-72,59
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-CK-05	Accrual	SAHARA	V-50154	Accounts R	-2,609,177 76	-2,609,17
Total Freight							-2,609,177.76	-2,609,17
Demurrage								
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-CK-05	Accruel	SAHARA	V-50154	Accounts R	-105,849.79	-105,84
Total Demurrage							-105,849.79	-105,84
Finance Charges								
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-CK-05	Accrual	SAHARA	V-50154	Accounts R	-30,000.00	-30,00
Check	10/2/2001	FIN	BANK CHARGES	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	-31,51	-30,03
Check	10/5/2001	PURCH	HAVERHILL TR	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	-21,46	-30,05
Check	10/9/2001	PURCH	UNITED NATIO	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	-29.503.28	-59,55
Check	10/29/2001	FRGHT	PETRONOME	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	-21.27	-59,57
Check	10/31/2001	FIN	PREMCOR	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	-585.00	
Check	10/31/2001	FIN	VALERO MARK	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	-585.00 -585.00	-60,16
Check	10/31/2001	FIN	VALERO MARK	SAHARA				-60,74
Deposit	11/1/2001	REV	PREMCOR	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Paribe	-585.00	-61,33
Check					V-50154	BNP Pariba	-85.00	-61,41
	11/5/2001	FIN	PORT ARTHUR	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	+585.00	-62,00
Deposit	11/5/2001	REV	PORT ARTHUR	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	-237.81	-62,24
Deposit	11/26/2001	REV	PORT ARTHUR	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Panba	-85.00	-62,32
Check	11/28/2001	FIN	PORT ARTHUR	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Paribe	-608,12	-62,93
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-13	Reverse Accrual	SAHARA	V-50154	Sales - Oil	30,000,00	-32,93
Check	12/21/2001	DEM	NATIONAL OIL	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Panba	-21,16	-32.95
Check	1/11/2002	LGHT	AMERICAN EA	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	-20.86	-32,97
Total Finance Cha	rges						-32,975,47	-32.97
Lightering Charg								
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-CK-05	Accrual	SAHARA	V-50154	Accounts R	-221,628,47	-221,62
Deposit	11/16/2001	rev	PREMCOR	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	62,308.80	159.31
Deposit	11/26/2001	REV	PORT ARTHUR	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Pariba	87,766.81	-71,55
Total Lightering Cl	harges						-71,552.86	-71,55
tal Cost of Sales							-34,839,748.99	-34,839,74
nk Service Charg							-57,005,170,93	-34,038,14
Check	10/9/2001	PURCH	UNITED NATIO	SAHARA	V-50154	BNP Panba	-164.44	-16
tel Bank Service C	harges						-164.44	-16
emmissions General Journal	11/29/2001							
General Journal	11/29/2001			SAHARA	V-50154	Hedge Gain	-25,028.84	-25,02
General Journal				SAHARA	V-50154	Hedge Gain	-324.48	-25,35
tel Commissions	11/30/2001			SAHARA	V-50154	Hedge Gain	-3,042.00	-28,39
							-28,395.32	-28,39
edge Gain /(Loss) General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-CK-05	Accrual	SAHARA	V 5015 e	A		
General Journal	11/28/2001	00-UN-90	MCC1081	CALLADA	V-50154	Accounts R	1,500,000.00	1,500,00
General Journal				SAHARA	V-50154	-SPLIT-	1,471,070.00	2,971,07
General Journal	11/29/2001			SAHARA	V-50154	Hedge Gain	9,920.00	2,980,99
	11/30/2001			SAHARA	V-50154	-SPLIT-	437,060.00	3,418.05
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-13	Reverse Accrual	SAHARA	V-50154	Sales - Oil	-1,500,000.00	1,918,05

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Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
interest income Deposit Total interest income	11/7/2001	INT	INTEREST INC	SAHARA	V-50154	490/Paribes	27,679.55 27,679.55	27,679.55 27,679.55
TOTAL							2,697,270.69	2,697,270.59

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Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Gross Sales								
Sales - Oli Produ						_		
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-04	Various	NOTO	V-50164	Accounts R	33,087,476.18	33,087,476.18
Deposit Check	10/17/2001	REV REF	PORT ARTHUR PORT ARTHUR	8.80SS-3	V-50164 V-50164	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	9,738,242.38	42,825,718.56
Deposit	11/6/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	B.BOSS-3 NOTO	V-50164 V-50164	Cash - CAI	-118,167.19 8,571,196.45	42,707,551.37 51,278,747,82
Deposit	11/13/2001	REV	Diamond Shamr	NOTO	V-50164	Cash - CAI	8,597,445.44	59,876,193.26
Deposit	11/13/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	NOTO	V-50164	Cash - CAI	8,109,180.73	67,985,373.99
Deposit	11/13/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	NOTO	V-50164	Cash - CAI	7,809,653.56	75,795,027,55
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-11	Various	noto/b.boss-3	V-50164	-SPLIT-	-33,087,476.18	42,707,551.37
Total Sales - Oil F	roducts						42,707,551.37	42,707,551,37
Total Gross Sales							42,707,551.37	42,707,551.37
Cost of Sales								
Broker Comm								
General Journal	12/31/2001	JE-LH/38	ARC OIL, LLC	NOTO	V-50164	Broker Comm	-250.00	-250.00
General Journal	12/31/2001	JE-LH/38	STARSUPPLY	NOTO	V-50164	Broker Comm	-5,250.00	-5,500.00
General Journal	12/31/2001	JE-LH/38	SYNTEXENER	NOTO	V-50164	Broker Comm	-1,000.00	-6,500.00
Check	1/14/2002	1394	ARC OIL, LLC	Noto/C21932	V-50164	Cash - Well	-250.00	-6,750.00
Check	1/14/2002	1395	STARSUPPLY	Noto/20553CS	V-50164	Cash - Well	-5,250.00	-12,000.00
Check	1/14/2002	1398	SYNTEXENER	NOTO/T12A26	V-50164	Cash - Well	-250.00	-12,250.00
Check	1/14/2002	1398	SYNTEXENER	NOTO/T12A26	V-50164	Cash - Well	-500.00	-12,750.00
Check	1/14/2002	1398	SYNTEXENER	NOTO/T12A26	V-50164	Cash - Well	-250.00	-13,000.00
General Journal	2/28/2002	JE-LH/02	ARC	NOTO	V-50164	Broker Comm	250.00	-12,750.00
General Journal	2/28/2002	JE-LH/02	STARSUPPLY	NOTO	V-50164	Broker Comm	5,250.00	-7,500.00
General Journal	2/28/2002	JE-LH/02	SYNTEXENER	NOTO	V-50164	Broker Comm	1,000.00	-6,500.00
Total Broker Com	m						-6,500.00	-6,500.00
Exchange gain/id Check	055 10/15/2001	PUR	UNITED NATIO	NOTO	V-50164	Cash - CAI	-16,475.49	-16,475.49
Total Exchange g		ron	OHITED HATEO	1010	4-00104	Cash - CAL	-16,475,49	-16,475,49
Demurrage & Liv							74,414	
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-04	Accrual	NOTO	V-50164	A	135,065.97	135,065,97
Deposit	12/28/2001	LGHT	VALERO MARK	NOTO	V-50164 V-50164	Accounts R Cash - CAI	56,048,61	191,114.58
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-26	Accrual	NOTO/B. BOS	V-50164	Demurrage	-83,878,47	107,236,11
Total Demurrage		40-CK-20	Acciden	NO 10/2. BOS	V-50104	Demurage	107,236,11	107,236.11
Crude Purchase							107,200.11	101,230.11
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-04	Accrual	NOTO	11 50464	A	740 400 00	246 422 26
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-04	Accruai	NOTO	V-50164 V-50164	Accounts R Accounts R	-746,433.38	-746,433.38
Check	10/17/2001	purch	VALERO MARK	B.BOSS-3	V-50164 V-50164	BNP Pariba	-31,133,238,45 -9,632,735,96	-31,879,671.83 -41,512,407,79
Total Crude Purch		puren	TALLING INTERNAL	0.0003-3	4-50104	DITT FAITOR	-41,512,407.79	-41,512,407.79
Interest							-41,012,401.73	41,512,401.19
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-04	Accrual	NOTO	V-50164	Accounts R	-150,000.00	-150,000.00
General Journal	10/19/2001	int	INTEREST CHA	NOTOC	V-50164	25302/Carr	-22.39	-150,022.39
Check	11/5/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	NOTO	V-50164	Cash - CAl	-72,097,99	-222,120.38
Check	11/13/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	NOTO	V-50164	Cash - CAI	-25,096.50	-247,216.88
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-11	Accrual	noto/b. boss-3	V-50164	Sales - Oil	100,000.00	-147,216.88
Check	12/31/2001	INT	INTEREST CHA	NOTO	V-50164	Cash - CAI	-122.15	-147,339.03
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-26	Accruel	NOTO/B. BOS	V-50164	Demurrage	50,000.00	-97,339.03
Total interest							-97,339.03	-97,339.03
Inspection								
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-04	Accrual	NOTO	V-50164	Accounts R	-37,000.00	-37,000.00
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-16	Reverse Accrual	Noto/B. Boss-3	V-50164	Estimated	9,400.00	-27,600.00
Check	9/18/2002	INSP	OBC SHIPPING	NOTO	V-50164	Cash - CAI	-1,869.48	-29,469.48
Check	9/19/2002	INSP	INSPECTORAT	B.BOSS-3	V-50164	BNP Pariba	-1,518.83	-30,988.31
General Journal	9/30/2002	Je-C09-22	Reverse Accrual	Noto-B. Boss-3	V-50164	Estimated	67.28	-30,921.03
Total Inspection							-30,921.03	-30,921.03
insurance General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-04	Accrual	NOTO	V-50164	Accounts R	25 000 00	75 000 00
Check	11/5/2001	INS	CRAIG FERGU	NOTO			-25,000.00	-25,000.00
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-26	Accrual	NOTO/B. BOS	V-50164	Cash - CAI	-27,822.74	-52,822.74
Check	1/31/2002	INS	CRAIG FERGU	NOTO	V-50164 V-50164	Demurrage	25,000.00	-27,822.74
Total Insurance		***	CINIO FERGU	14010	V-30104	Cash - CAI	-1,337.08	-29,159.82
L/C Charges							-29,159.82	-29,159.82
General Journal	9/30/2001	JE-LH/02	CAI	NOTO	V-50164	Bank Servic	-52.118.29	-52,118.29
Check	10/5/2001	LC	VALERO MARK	B.BOSS-3	V-50164	BNP Pariba	-13,575.00	-65,693.29
Total UC Charges						J. 11 . MILDELL		
COMM FOC CHARGES	•						-65,693.29	-65,693.29

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Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1996 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Freight General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-04	Accrual	NOTO	V-50164	Accounts R	-2,198,381.09	-2,198,381.09
Total Freight							-2,198,381.09	-2,198,381.09
Demutrage								
General Journal	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-04	Accrual	NOTO	V-50164	Accounts R	-255,771.61	-255,771.61
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-26	Accrual	NOTO/B. BOS	V-50164	-SPLIT-	-14,953 39	-270,725.00
Total Demurrage							-270,725.00	-270,725.00
Finance Charge:	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-04	Accrual	NOTO	V-50164	A D	-38,000.00	-38.000.00
General Journal Check	10/3/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	NOTO	V-50164 V-50164	Accounts R Cash - CAI	-15.49	-38,015.49
Check	10/5/2001	ĽČ	VALERO MARK	B.BOSS-3	V-50164	BNP Peribe	-85.00	-38,100.49
Check	10/9/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	NOTO	V-50164	Cash - CAI	-15.51	-38,116.00
Check	10/12/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	NOTO	V-50164	Cash - CAI	-15.25	-38,131.25
Check Check	10/15/2001	FIN PUR	PORT ARTHUR HAVERHILL TR	B.BOSS-3 NOTO	V-50164 V-50164	BNP Pariba Cash - CAI	-585.00 -15.36	-38,716.25 -38,731.61
Check	10/15/2001	PUR	UNITED NATIO	NOTO	V-50164	Cash - CAI	-24,919.77	-30,731.01 -63,651.38
Check	10/15/2001	PUR	UNITED NATIO	NOTO	V-50164	Cash - CAI	-13,070,07	-76,721.45
Deposit	10/17/2001	REV	PORT ARTHUR	B BOSS-3	V-50164	BNP Pariba	-85,00	-76,806.45
Check	10/22/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	NOTO	V-50164	Cash - CAI	-15.17	-76,821.62
Check	10/23/2001	REF	PORT ARTHUR	B.BOSS-3	V-50164	BNP Pariba	-20.83	-76,842.45
Check	11/5/2001	INS REV	CRAIG FERGU	NOTO	V-50164	Cash - CAI	-15.22	-76,857.67 -76,954.12
Deposit Check	11/6/2001 11/6/2001	FRGHT	VALERO MARK BLUNDELL CO	NOTO NOTO	V-50164 V-50164	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-96.45 -15.24	-76,969,36
Check	11/6/2001	FIN	VALERO MARK	NOTO	V-50164	Cash - CAL	-618.00	-77,587,36
Check	11/8/2001	FIN	Diamond Shamr	NOTO	V-50164	Cash - CAI	-618.00	-78,205,36
Check	11/13/2001	FIN	VALERO MARK	NOTO	V-50164	Cash - CAI	-617.50	-78,822,86
Check	11/13/2001	FIN	VALERO MARK	NOTO	V-50164	Cash - CAI	-617.50	-79,440.36
Deposit Deposit	11/13/2001	REV REV	Diamond Shamr	NOTO NOTO	V-50164 V-50164	Cash - CAL	-73.44	-79,513.80
Deposit	11/13/2001	REV	VALERO MARK VALERO MARK	NOTO	V-50164 V-50164	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-95.73 -95.56	-79,609,53 -79,705,09
Check	11/15/2001	LGHT	AMERICAN EA	NOTO	V-50164	Cash - CAI	-14,99	-79,720.08
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-11	Accruai	noto/b. boss-3	V-50164	Sales - Oil	38,000.00	-41,720.08
Deposit	2/1/2002	DEM	/ALERO MARK	Note	V-50164	Cash - CAI	-20.00	-41,740.08
Check	4/11/2002	DEM	BLUNDELL CO	NOTO	V-50164	Cash - CAI	-14.98	-41,755,06
Total Finance Ch	•						-41,755.06	-41,755.06
Lightering Char								
General Journal Check	9/30/2001	Je-Ck-04 LGHT	Accrual AMERICAN EA	NOTO NOTO	V-50164 V-50164	Accounts R.,. Cash - CAI	-196,000.00 -190,281.25	-196,000.00 -386,281,25
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-11	Accrual	note/o boss-3	V-50164	Sales - Oil	196,000.00	-190,281,25
Total Lightering (Charges						-190,281,25	-190,281,25
Total Cost of Sales	-						-44,352,402.74	-44,352,402,74
Commissions								-44,002,402.1-
General Journal	10/2/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	NOTO	V-50164	25302/Cerr	-1,788.50	-1,788.50
General Journal	10/3/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	NOTO	V-50164	25302/Carr	-1,715.00	-3,503.50
General Journal	10/4/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	NOTO	V-50164	25302/Carr	-1,347.50	-4,851.00
General Journal	10/5/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	NOTO	V-50164	25302/Cart	-2,371.60	-7,222.60
General Journal General Journal	10/8/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	NOTO	V-50164	25302/Carr	-1,719.90	-8,942.50
General Journal	10/24/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	BERGE BOSS NOTO	V-50164 V-50164	Hedge Gain 25302/Carr	-3,650.40 -171.50	-12,592.90 -12,764,40
General Journal	10/25/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	NOTO	V-50164	25302/Carr	-1,519.00	-14,283.40
General Journal	10/26/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	NOTO	V-50164	25302/Carr	-1,401.40	-15,684.80
General Journal	10/29/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	NOTO	V-50164	25302/Carr	-906.50	-16,591.36
Deposit	10/30/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	NOTO	V-50164	25302/Carr	588,00	-16,003.30
General Journal General Journal	10/31/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS COMMISSIONS	NOTO NOTO	V-50164	25302/Carr	-563 50	-16,568.84
General Journal	11/2/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	NOTO	V-50164 V-50164	25302/Carr 25302/Carr	-749.70 -1,715.00	-17,316.50 -19.031.50
General Journal	11/6/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	NOTO	V-50164	25302/Carr	-857.50	-19,889.00
General Journal	11/7/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	NOTO	V-50164	25302/Carr	-852.60	-20,741.60
General Journal	11/8/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	NOTO	V-50164	25302/Cerr	-852.60	-21,594.20
General Journal Deposit	11/12/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	NOTO	V-50164	25302/Carr	-1,401.40	-22,995.60
	11/13/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	NOTO	V-50164	25302/Carr	1,401,40	-21,594.20
Total Commissions							-21,594.20	-21,594.20
Hedge Gain /(Loss General Journal	9/30/2001	Ja-Ck-04	Accrual	NOTO	V-50164	Accounts R	3,410,000,00	3,410,000.00
General Journal	10/23/2001	20.00.04	- avi vai	BERGE BOSS	V-50164 V-50164	-SPLIT-	269,220.00	3,410,000.00
General Journal	11/12/2001			NOTO	V-50164	25302/Carr ,	3,412,770.00	7,091,990,00
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-11	Accrual	noto/b. boss-3	V-50164	Sales - Oil	-3,410,000.00	3,681,990.00
Total Hedge Gain /(Loss)						3,681,990.00	3,581,990.00
							-,	-,,

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Type	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Interest income Deposit Total interest incom	11/9/2001	INT	INTEREST INC	NOTO	V-50164	25302/Carr	7,224.91 7,224.91	7,224.91 7,224.91
TOTAL							2,022,769.34	2,022,769.34

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Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Gross Sales								
Sales - Oil Produ								
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-07	Vanous	O. SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Accounts R	39,197,907.27	39,197,907.27
Total Sales - Oil I	Products						39,197,907 27	39,197,907.27
Total Gross Sales							39,197,907.27	39,197,907.27
Cost of Sales								
Broker Comm Check	10/29/2001	1362	DYNOIL ENER	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - Well	-250.00	-250.00
Check	10/29/2001	1362	DYNOIL ENER	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - Well	-250.00	-500.00
Check	11/15/2001	1375	DYNOIL ENER	O.Spirit-4	V-50169	Cash - Well	-250.00	-750.00
General Journal	12/31/2001	JE-LH/38	STARSUPPLY	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Broker Comm	-5,240.76	-5,990.76
General Journal General Journal	12/31/2001	JE-LH/38	SYNTEXENER	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169 V-50169	Broker Comm	-2,500 00	-8,490.76 -9.490.76
Check	12/31/2001	JE-LH/38 1395	ECHO ENERGY STARSUPPLY	O.SPIRIT-4/20 .	V-50169 V-50169	Broker Comm Cash - Well	-1,000.00 -5,240.76	-9,490.76 -14,731,52
Check	1/14/2002	1398	SYNTEXENER	O.SPIRIT-4/T1	V-50169	Cash - Well .	-250.00	-14,981.52
Check	1/14/2002	1398	SYNTEXENER	O.SPIRIT-4/T1	V-50169	Cash - Well	-250.00	-15,231.52
Check	1/14/2002	1398	SYNTEXENER	O.SPIRIT-4/T1.	V-50169	Cash - Well	-250.00	-15,481.52
Check	1/14/2002	1398	SYNTEXENER	O.SPIRIT-4/T1.	V-50169	Cash - Well	+250.00	-15,731.52
Check Check	1/14/2002	1396 1398	SYNTEXENER SYNTEXENER	O SPIRIT-4/T1 O.SPIRIT-4/T1	V-50169 V-50169	Cash - Well Cash - Well	-250 00 -250.00	-15,981.52 -16,231.52
Check	1/14/2002	1398	SYNTEXENER	O.SPIRIT-4/T1	V-50169	Cash - Well	-250.00	-16.481.52
Check	1/14/2002	1398	SYNTEXENER	O.SPIRIT-4/T1	V-60169	Cash - Well	-250.00	-16,731,62
Check	1/14/2002	1398	SYNTEXENER	O.SPIRIT-4/T1	V-50169	Cash - Well	-250.00	-16,981.62
Check	1/14/2002	1398	SYNTEXENER	O.SPIRIT-4/T1	V-50169	Cash - Well	-250.00	-17,231.52
Check	1/15/2002	1401	ECHO ENERGY	O SPIRIT-4/C3	V-50169	Cash - Well	-500.00	-17,731.52
Check Check	1/15/2002	1401 1401	ECHO ENERGY ECHO ENERGY	O.SPIRIT-4/C3 O.SPIRIT-4/C3	V-50169 V-50169	Cash - Well Cash - Well	-250.00 -250.00	-17,981,62 -18,231,52
General Journal	2/28/2002	JE-LH/02	STARSUPPLY	O SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Broker Comm	5,240.76	-12,990.76
General Journal	2/28/2002	JE-LH/02	SYNTEXENER	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Broker Comm	2,500.00	-10,490,76
General Journal	2/28/2002	JE-LH/02	ECHO ENERGY	O SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Broker Comm	1,000.00	-9,490.76
Total Broker Com	ım						-9,490.76	-9,490.76
Exchange gain/i	086							
Check	11/6/2001	PURCH	UNITED NATIO	O SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-22,756 69	-22,756.69
Total Exchange g	ain/loss						-22,756.69	-22,756.69
							,	,
Demurrage © LI Deposit	12/28/2001	LGHT	VALERO MARK	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	14,769.60	14,769,60
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-29	Accruai	O. SPIRIT-4	V-50169	-SPLIT-	55,227 43	69,997.03
Total Demurrage	@ Lighter						69,997.03	69,997.03
Crude Purchase								
Check	11/7/2001	PURCH	HAVERHILL TR	O SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-1,021,795.48	-1,021,795.48
Check	11/8/2001	PURCH	UNITED NATIO	O SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash · CAI	-37,930,600.31	-38,952,395.79
Total Crude Purc	hases						-38,962,395.79	-38,952,395.79
Interest Check	10/15/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	0		
Check	10/24/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169 V-50169	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-779 10 -529.76	-779,10 -1,308.86
Check	10/26/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	H.PARADISE-6	V-50169	BNP Pariba	-2,131.78	-3,440.64
Check	10/29/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	O SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-1,112.11	-4,552,75
Check	11/8/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A.	O SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI .	-785.33	-5,338.08
Check	11/15/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-305.24	-5,643.32
Check Check	11/15/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-24,534.04	-30,177.36
Check	11/19/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A FIXED TERM A	O.SPIRIT-4 O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169 V-50169	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-339.54 -15,313.22	-30,516.90 -45,830.12
General Journal	11/30/2001	JE/LH-01	CAI	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	UC Charges	-5.203.06	-51.033.18
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-07	Accrual	O. SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Accounts R .	-150,000.00	-201,033.18
Check	12/3/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A.	O SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAi	-53,818.21	-254,649 39
Check	12/4/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-2,491.26	-257,140.65
Check	12/5/2001	loan	FIXED TERM A	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-3,047.00	-260,187.65
Check Check	12/7/2001 12/17/2001	LOAN LOAN	FIXED TERM A	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI .	4,583 33	-264,770.98
Check	12/31/2001	INT	FIXED TERM A INTEREST CHA	O.SPIRIT-4 O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169 V-50169	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-1,841.67	-266,612.65
Check	12/31/2001	INT	INTEREST CHA	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-1,197.58 -942.52	-267,810.23 -268,752.75
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-29	Reverse Accrual	O. SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Demurrage	150,000,00	-118,752.75
Check	1/3/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-3,492.15	-122,244,90
Check	1/10/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-1,417.62	-123,662.52
Check	1/14/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-610.56	-124,273.08
Total Interest						-	-124,273.08	-124,273.08
Inspection General Journal	11/30/2001	1- 0- 17						
General Journal	11/30/2001 6/30/2002	Je-Ck-07 Je-Ck-16	Accrual Accrual	O. SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Accounts R	-35,000,00	-35,000,00
Total Inspection		30 00-10	·	O. Spirit-4	V-50169	Estimated	-4,856.38	-39,856.38
rotal inspection							-39,856.38	-39,856.38

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Type	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
nsurance								
ieneral Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-07	Accrual	O. SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Accounts R	-25,000.00	-25,000
heck	12/13/2001	INS Je-Ck-29	CRAIG FERGU	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-28,173.61	-53,173
eneral Journal heck	12/31/2001	INS	Reverse Accrual	O. SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Demurrage	25,000.00	-28,173
	1/31/2002	in 3	CRAIG FERGU	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-2,647.61	-30,82
otal Insurance /C Charges							-30,821.22	-30,82
eneral Journal	9/30/2001	JE-LH/02	CAI	O SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Bank Servic	-52,281.07	-52,28
otal L/C Charges	3					•	-52,281.07	-52,28
eight								
neck	10/4/2001	INS	GRACESEA LI	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-107,835.62	-107,83
eck	10/5/2001	FRGHT	GRACESEA LI	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-634,393.95	-742,22
eck	11/9/2001	FRGHT	GRACESEA U	O.SPIRIT-2	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-586,865 20	-1,329,09
eck	11/13/2001	FRGHT	FAL ENERGY C	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI .	-1,824,406.18	-3,153,50
neral Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-07	Accrual	O. SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Accounts Fl	-716,738.70	-3,870,23
neral Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-07	Acerual	O. SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Accounts R	-496,580.50	-4,366,82
neral Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-07	Accrual	O. SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Accounts R	552,681.50	-3,814,13
eck	12/3/2001	FRGHT	LICORNE PACI	O SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI .	-506,270,70	4,320,40
eck	12/7/2001	FRGHT	OBC SHIPPING	O SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash · CAI .	-10,650.00	4,331,05
eck	12/13/2001	FRGHT	LETH SUEZ TR	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-210,468.00	-4,541,52
neral Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-29	Reverse Accrual	O. SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Demurrage	716,738.70	-3,824,78
eck	1/10/2002	FRGHT	THE KANOO G	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAl	-1,310.00	3,826,09
eck	2/7/2002	FRGHT	GRACESEA LI	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-45,731.70	3,871,83
ack	3/27/2002	FRGHT	THE KANOO G	O.SPIRIT-4 AG.	V-50169	BNP Paribs	-5.01	-3,871,83
eck	4/16/2002	FRGHT	SGS CSI	O.SPIRIT-4/OF	V-50169	BNP Panba	-700.00	-3,872,53
tal Freight							-3,872,535.36	-3,872,53
murrage	********	Je-Ck-07	Assessed	O COIDIT 4	V F0480	4 P	07 000 00	00.00
neral Journal neral Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-14	Accrual Reverse Accrual	O. SPIRIT-4 O. SPIRIT-4	V-50169 V-50169	Accounts R Estimated	-25,000 00 25,000,00	-25,00
tal Demurrage			.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			-	0.00	
nance Charges								
neral Journal	9/30/2001	JE-LH/02	CAI	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Bank Servic	-124.00	-12
eck	10/4/2001	INS	GRACESEA LL	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-16.40	-13
eck	10/5/2001	FRGHT	GRACESEA LI	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-15 44	-15
eck	10/10/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-15.37	-17
eck	10/11/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-15,27	-16
eck	10/22/2001	FIN	BANK CHARGES	H PARADISE-6	V-50169	BNP Panba .	-31 08	-21
eck	10/24/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-15 05	-23
eck	10/25/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	O SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-15 15	-24
eck	10/29/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-15.25	-26
eck	10/30/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	O SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-15 46	-27
eck	11/7/2001	PURCH	HAVERHILL TR	O SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-15.29	-29
eck	11/8/2001	PURCH	UNITED NATIO	O SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-42,851.23	-43,14
eck	11/9/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI .	-15.15	-43,15
eck	11/9/2001	FAGHT	GRACESEA LI	O. Spint-2	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-15,15	-43,17
eck	11/13/2001	FRGHT	FAL ENERGY C	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-14.97	-43,18
eck	11/14/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CA!	-14 96	-43,20
eck	11/19/2001	bc	BANK CHARGES	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-15.01	-43,21
eck	11/20/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-15 10	-43,23
eck	11/21/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI.	-15.08	-43,24
eck	11/28/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-15.14	-43,26
eck	12/3/2001	FRGHT	LICORNE PACI	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-15.13	-43,27
cost	12/4/2001	REV	PORT ARTHUR	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-1,402.70	-44,68
teoc	12/5/2001	REV	VALERO MARK	O SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI .	-658.30	-45,24
eck	12/6/2001	LGHT	DALESTREET/.,.	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash · CAI	-16.07	-45,25
osit	12/6/2001	LGHT	MTL PETROLIN	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI .	-40.00	-45,29
ck	12/7/2001	LGHT	AMERICAN EA	O SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-15.10	-45,31
ck	12/7/2001	FRGHT	OBC SHIPPING	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI .	-15.10	-45,32
osit	12/7/2001	rev	PORT ARTHUR	O SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI .	1,299.55	-46,62
osit	12/7/2001	REV	KOCH PETROL	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-569.01	47.19
	12/7/2001	REV	Diamond Shamr	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-547.71	-47.74
KOSIT	12/13/2001	INS	CRAIG FERGU	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-15.23	-47,75
xosit nck		FRGHT	LETH SUEZ TR.	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-15.24	-47.77
rck			LETTI GUEL IN.	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-15.24 -20.00	
ick ick	12/13/2001	LGHT						
oosit ack ack oosit ack	12/28/2001	LGHT	VALERO MARK .					
eck ock oosit ock	12/28/2001 1/10/2002	FRGHT	THE KANOO G	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-15.04	-47,80
ock ock oosit ock ock	12/28/2001 1/10/2002 1/31/2002	FRGHT	THE KANOO G CRAIG FERGU	O.SPIRIT-4 O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169 V-50169	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-15.04 -14.62	-47,79 -47,80 -47,82
ick ick iosit ick	12/28/2001 1/10/2002 1/31/2002 2/7/2002	FRGHT	THE KANOO G	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-15.04	-47,80

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Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Lightering Charg	01							
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-07	Accrual	O. SPRIT-4	V-50169	Accounts R	-470,484.10	-470,484 19
Check	12/6/2001	LGHT	DALESTREET/	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash · CAI	-122,789.04	-593,273.1
Deposit	12/6/2001	LGHT	MTL PETROLIN	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	124,023.69	-469,249.4
Check	12/7/2001	LGHT	AMERICAN EA	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-471,718.75	-940,968.2
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-29	Reverse Accrual	O. SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Demurrage	470,484.10	-470,484.1
Total Lightering Ci	harges						-470,484.10	-470,484.1
Total Cost of Sales							-43,552,734.49	-43,552,734 45
Bank Service Charg Check	es 11/8/2001	PURCH	UNITED NATIO	O.SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Cash - CAI	-162 18	-162.1
Total Bank Service C		runon	ONITEDIANIO	0.07 WW.	1-30103	Oddii Oni	-162.18	-162.1
Commissions	you						102.70	102.1
General Journal	10/23/2001	com	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25300/Carr .	-14,700,00	-14,700.0
General Journal	10/24/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25300/Carr	-3.106.60	-17,806.6
General Journal	10/25/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25300/Carr	-891.80	-18,698.4
General Journal	10/26/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25300/Carr	-2.655.80	-21,354,2
General Journal	10/29/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25300/Carr	-2,778.30	-24,132 6
General Journal	10/29/2001	00	00111110010110	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	Hedge Gain	-106.00	-24,237 5
General Journal	10/29/2001			OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	Hedge Gain	-105.00	-24,342.5
General Journal	10/30/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25300/Carr	-1.308.30	-25,650.8
General Journal	10/31/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25300/Carr	-2,082.50	-27,733 3
General Journal	11/2/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25300/Carr	-857.50	-28,590.8
General Journal	11/5/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	O.SPIRIT 4	V-50169	25301/Carr	-367.50	-28,958.3
General Journal	11/6/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25300/Carr	-2.675 40	-31,633,7
Deposit	11/6/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI.	V-50169	25301/Carr	367 50	-31,266.2
General Journal	11/7/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25301/Carr	-367.50	-31,633.7
Deposit	11/8/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25301/Carr	362.60	-31,271,1
General Journal	11/8/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25300/Carr	-739.90	-32,011.0
General Journal	11/12/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25300/Carr	-372.40	-32,383 4
General Journal	11/12/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25301/Carr	-490.00	32,873.4
General Journal	11/13/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25300/Carr	-1,724.80	-34,598.2
General Journal	11/14/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25301/Carr	-2,072.70	-36,670.9
General Journal	11/15/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25300/Carr	-2,219,70	-36.890.6
Deposit	11/15/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25301/Carr	2,567,66	-36,322 9
General Journal	11/19/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25300/Carr	-1.494.56	-37,817,5
Deposit	11/20/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25300/Carr	44,10	-37,773.4
General Journal	11/21/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25300/Carr	-122.50	-37,895 9
General Journal	11/26/2001	com	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25300/Carr	-1,661.10	-39,557.0
General Journal	11/27/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25300/Carr	-1,029,00	-40.586.0
General Journal	11/28/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25300/Carr	-558.60	-41,144.6
General Journal	11/29/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25300/Carr	-1,548.40	-42,693.0
General Journal	11/30/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25300/Carr	-980 00	-43,673.0
Total Commissions							-43,673.00	-43,673.0
Hedge Gain /(Loss)								
General Journal	10/29/2001			OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	-SPLIT-	-7,500,00	-7,500 0
General Journal	10/29/2001			OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	Hedge Gam	-7,500 00	-15.000.0
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-07	Accrual	O SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Accounts R	5,816,560.00	5,801,560.0
General Journal	12/3/2001			OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	-SPLIT-	-1,322,500.00	4,479,060.0
General Journal	12/3/2001			OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	Hedge Gain	7,139,060,00	11.618.120.0
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-29	Reverse Accrual	O SPIRIT-4	V-50169	Demurrage	-5,816,560 00	5,801,560.0
Total Hedge Gain /(L	oss)						5,801,560,00	5,801,560.0
Interest income								
Deposit	11/9/2001	INT	INTEREST INC	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25300/Carr	1,483.35	1,483.3
Deposit	12/6/2001	INT	INTEREST INC	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25300/Carr	8,684.67	10,168.0
Deposit	12/6/2001	INT	INTEREST INC	OLYMPIA SPI	V-50169	25301/Carr	45.58	10,213.6
Total Interest Income							10,213.60	10,213.6
TAL							1,413,111.20	1,413,111.2
								.,,

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Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Gross Sales								
Sales - Oil Prode								
General Journal Deposit	11/30/2001 1/14/2002	Je-Ck-44 REV	PREMOOR	H Capitol-4 H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175 V-50175	Accounts R Cash - CAI	7,347,444.01	7,347,444.01
Deposit	1/14/2002	REV	VALERO MARK PREMCOR	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	9,237,701.54 8,152,067.95	16,585,145.55 24,737,213.50
Deposit	1/15/2002	REV	VALERO MARK	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	8,213,202,58	32,950,416.08
Check	2/4/2002	PYMNT	PREMOOR	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-465,775.39	32,484,640 69
Deposit	3/15/2002	rev	PREMCOR	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash · CAI	9,000 00	32,493,640.69
Total Sales - Oil I	Products						32,493,640 69	32,493,640.69
Total Gross Sales Cost of Sales							32,493,640.69	32,493,640.69
Secondary Chgs	L.							
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-44	Accrual	H. Capitol-4	V-50175	Accounts R	3,907,588.90	3,907,588.90
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-36	Accrual	H. CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cargos in tr	-3,907,588 90	0.00
General Journal	12/31/2001 3/31/2002	Je-Ck-36	Accrual Reverse Accrual	H. CAPITOL-4 H. CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cargos in tr	4,606,915.50	4,606,915.50
General Journal	3/31/2002	Je-Ck-15 Je-Ck-15	Reverse Accrual	H CAPITOL-4 H Capitol-4	V-50175 V-50175	Crude Purc Crude Purc.	-4,606,915.50 47,219.82	0.00 47,219.82
		00-OK-10	ricroiso riccipar	11 Organor-4	1-00110	Croos rais.		
Total Secondary	-						47,219 82	47,219.82
Check	11/30/2001	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-19,953.88	-19,953.88
Total Exchange g							-19,953.88	-19,953.88
Crude Purchase Check	11/1/2001	PURCH	CENTURY MAR	H.CAPITOL-4	V-60176	Cash - CAI	-266.960.70	-266,960 70
Check	11/6/2001	PURCH	CENTURY MAR	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-25,539.30	-292,500.00
Check	11/30/2001	PURCH	HAVERHILL TR.	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-769,472.28	-1,061,972.28
Check	11/30/2001	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-29,462,302.40	-30,524,274 68
General Journal General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-44 Je-Ck-36	Accrual Accrual	H Capitol-4 H. CAPITOL-4	V-50176 V-50175	Accounts R. Cargos in tr	23,469,040.00 -23,469,040.00	-7,055,234 68 -30,524,274.68
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-36	Accrual	H. CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cargos in tr .	23,537,040,10	-6.987,234.58
General Journal	3/31/2002	Je-Ck-15	Reverse Accrual	H. CAPITOL-4	V-50175	-SPLIT-	-23,537,040 10	-30,524,274.68
General Journal	3/31/2002	Je-Ck-15	Reverse Accrual	H. Capitol-4	V-50175	Crude Purc .	7,876,652 39	-22,647,622.29
General Journal	6/30/2002	Je-Ck-14A	Reverse Accrual	H. Capitol-4	V-50175	Receivable	-186,870.53	-22,834,492.82
Total Crude Purci	nases						-22,834,492.82	-22,834,492 82
Check	11/21/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-1,265,66	-1,265,56
Check	11/30/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-1,401.96	-2.667.52
Check	11/30/2001	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-747.60	-3,415.12
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-44	Accrual	H. Capitol-4	V-50175	Accounts R	-150,000.00	-153,415.12
Check Check	12/17/2001	LOAN INT	FIXED TERM A INTEREST CHA	H.CAPITOL-4 H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175 V-50175	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-48,348.70 -1,320.17	-201,763.82 -203,083.99
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-36	Accrual	H. CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cargos in tr	50,000.00	-153,083.99
Check	1/3/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-46,395.67	-199,479.66
General Journal	1/4/2002	INT	INTEREST CHA	HELLESPONT	V-50175	25302/Carr .	-2,763.79	-202,243.45
Check Check	1/10/2002	LOAN LOAN	FIXED TERM A FIXED TERM A	H CAPITOL-4 H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175 V-50175	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-18,834.08 -8,111.63	-221,077.53 -229,189 16
Check	1/14/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A.	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-108.44	-229,297.60
Check	1/15/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-709 99	-230,007.59
Check	1/17/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-24.67	-230,032.26
Check General Journal	1/17/2002 2/6/2002	LOAN INT	FIXED TERM A INTEREST CHA	H.CAPITOL-4 HELLESPONT	V-50175 V-50175	Cash - CAI 25302/Carr	-80.03 -6,158.89	-230,112.29 -236,271,18
General Journal	3/6/2002	INT	INTEREST CHA	HELLESPONT .	V-50175	25302/Carr	-5,084.41	-241,355.59
General Journal	3/31/2002	Je-Ck-15	Reverse Accrual	H CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Crude Purc	100,000.00	-141,355.59
Total Interest							-141,355.59	-141,355.59
Inspection	1470000	1. 0. 44			1/ 50/55			
General Journal Check	11/30/2001 3/11/2002	Je-Ck-44 INSP	Accrual INSPECTORAT	H. Capitol-4 H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175 V-50175	Accounts R Cash - CAI	-40,000.00 -2,151.60	-40,000.00 -42,151.60
Check	3/11/2002	INSP	INSPECTORAT .	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-2.000.85	-44,152.45
Check	3/11/2002	INSP	INSPECTORAT .	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-2,371.33	-46,523 78
Check	3/11/2002	INSP	INSPECTORAT	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-1,899.74	-48,423.52
Check General Journal	3/11/2002 3/31/2002	INSP Je-Ck-15	Oil. INSPECTIO Reverse Accrual	H.CAPITOL-4 H. CAPITOL-4	V-50176 V-50175	Cash - CAi Crude Purc	-19,910.38 40,000.00	-68,333.90 -28,333.90
Check	4/10/2002	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-14,588,85	-42,922.75
Check	9/18/2002	INSP	OBC SHIPPING	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-7,009.90	-49,932.65
Total Inspection							-49,932.66	-49,932.65
Insurance General Journal	11/30/2001	In Cl. 44	A					
Check	1/31/2002	Je-Ck-44 INS	Accruel CRAIG FERGUS	H. Capitol-4 H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Accounts R	-33,000.00	-33,000.00
General Journal	3/31/2002	Je-Ck-15	Reverse Accrual	H. CAPITOL-4	V-50175 V-50175	Cash - CAI Crude Purc	-24,572.84 33,000.00	-57,572.84
Total Insurance			_					-24,572.84
							-24,572.84	-24,572.84

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Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Belance
L/C Charges General Journal General Journal	10/31/2001 10/31/2001	JE-LH/01 JE-LH/01	CAI CAI	H.CAPITOL-4 H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175 V-50175	Freight Freight	-33,847 56 -12,391.65	-33,847.5 -46,239.2
Total L/C Charges						-	-46,239.21	-46,239.3
Freight								
Check	10/10/2001	FRGHT	HELLESPONT S	H. CAPITOL-4	V-50175	BNP Pariba	-48,400.00	-48,400.0
Check	11/8/2001	FRGHT	HELLESPONT S	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-672,750.00	-721,150.0
Seneral Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-21	Reverse Accrual	H. CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Sales - Oil P	-471,080.26	-1,192,230
Beneral Journal Check	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-44 INS	Accrual HELLESPONT S	H. Capitol-4 H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175 V-60175	Accounts R Cash - CAI	-2,085,445.45 -135,000.00	-3,277,675.1 -3,412,675.1
Seneral Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-36	Accrual	H. CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cargos in tr	-1,291,390.00	-4,704,065.
seneral Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-36	Accrual	H CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cargos in tr.	520,433.19	4,183,632
eposit	2/14/2002	REV	HELLESPONT S	H CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-447,354.76	-4,630,987
eposit	2/14/2002	REV	HELLESPONT S	H. Capitol-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	531,209.26	-4,099,778.
eneral Journal	3/31/2002	Je-Ck-15	Reverse Accrual	H. CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Crude Purc	-520,433.19	4,620,211.
Seneral Journal	3/31/2002	Ja-Ck-15	Reverse Accrual	H. CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Crude Purc	414,000.00	-4,206,211.
heck	4/16/2002	FRGHT	SGS CSI	H.CAPITOL-4/	V-50175	BNP Panba	-700.00	-4,206,911.
Check	6/6/2002	FRGHT	THE KANOO G	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-1,308 57	-4,208,219.
Check	9/18/2002	INSP	OBC SHIPPING	H. Capitol-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI .	-2,950 00	-4,211,169.
Total Freight							-4,211,169.78	-4,211,169.
inance Charges Seneral Journal	10/31/2001	JE-LH/01	CAI	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Freight	-123 91	-123
Seneral Journal	10/31/2001	JE-LH/01	CAI	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Freight	-123.91	-247
ieneral Journal	10/31/2001	JE-LH/01	CAI	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Freight	-137.68	-385.
heck	11/1/2001	PURCH	CENTURY MAR.	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-15.38	-400.
Theck	11/6/2001	PURCH	CENTURY MAR	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-15.23	-416.
heck	11/8/2001	FRGHT	HELLESPONT S	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-15.30	-431.
heck	11/30/2001	PURCH	HAVERHILL TR	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-15.08	-446.
heck	11/30/2001	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-34,783.44	-35,229
heck heck	12/3/2001	BC BC	BANK CHARGES	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash · CAI	-15 13	-35,245
heck	12/7/2001	FRGHT	BANK CHARGES HELLESPONT S	H.CAPITOL-4 H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175 V-50175	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-15 12 -15 10	-35,260
heck	12/7/2001	FRGHT	FAL ENERGY C	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-15.10	-35,275. -36,290
heck	12/11/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-15.04	-35,305
heck	12/13/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	H CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-15.21	-35,320
Check	12/17/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	H CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-15.32	-36,335
heck	12/19/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-15.19	-35,351
heck	12/20/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	H CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-15.29	-36,368
heck	12/20/2001	BC	BANK CHARGES	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI.	-15 29	-35,381
theck theck	12/28/2001	INS	HELLESPONT S	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-14.84	-35,396.
neck leposit	12/31/2001	BC REV	BANK CHARGES PREMCOR	H.CAPITOL-4 H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-14.88	-35,411.
heck	1/10/2002	FRGHT	HELLESPONT S	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175 V-50175	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-1,414.01	-36,825
eposit	1/14/2002	REV	VALERO MARK	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAL	-15,04 -656,54	-36,840 -37,397
eposit	1/14/2002	REV	PREMOOR	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI.	-1.397.95	-38,794
eposit	1/15/2002	REV	VALERO MARK	H CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-557.58	-39,352
eposit	1/17/2002	REV	PREMOOR	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-601.15	-39,953
heck	1/23/2002	BC	BANK CHARGES	H CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-15.01	-39,968
heck	1/23/2002	FRGHT	LETH SUEZ TR	H CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-15.01	-39,983
heck	1/23/2002	FIN	PREMOOR	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-263.53	-40,247
eposit	1/23/2002	REV	PREMOOR	H. Capitol-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI.	-601.24	-40,848
heck heck	1/24/2002	BC	BANK CHARGES	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-14.90	-40,863
neck heck	1/25/2002	BC BC	BANK CHARGES BANK CHARGES	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI .	-14,67	-40,878
neck	1/28/2002	LGHT	MTL PETROUN	H.CAPITOL-4 H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175 V-50175	Cash - CAI	-14.59	-40,892
heck	2/4/2002	PYMNT	PREMCOR	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175 V-50175	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-14.58 -14.63	-40,907
eposit	2/26/2002	DEM	PREMCOR	H. Capitol-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-20 00	-40,921 -40,941
heck	3/11/2002	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-14 84	-40,966
eposit	3/15/2002	rev	PREMCOR	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cash - CAI	-20 00	-40,976
heck	4/16/2002	FRGHT	SGS CSI	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	BNP Pariba	-20.76	-40,997
otal Finance Char	•						-40,997.47	-40,997.
ightering Charge eneral Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-44	Accrual	M Combail A				
eneral Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-36	Accrual	H Cepitoi-4 H. CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Accounts R	-217,000 00	-217,000
eneral Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-36	Accrual	H. CAPITOL-4	V-50175 V-50175	Cargos in tr Cargos in tr	-729.30 32,377.95	-217,729. -185,351
otal Lightering Ch				,,		-algornia .	-185,351.35	-185,351
Cost of Sales	-							
rest Expense							-27,506,845.77	-27,506,845.
leneral Journal	3/31/2002	JE-LH/02	CAI	H.CAPITOL-4	V-50175	BBL	-789.01	-789.0
I Interest Expense							-789.01	-700.

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Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Commissions								
General Journal	11/16/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT.	V-50175	25302/Carr	-2.832.20	-2.832.20
General Journal	11/16/2001			HELLESPONT	V-50175	Hedge Gain	-843.98	-3,676.18
General Journal	11/16/2001			HELLESPONT	V-50175	Hedge Gain	-843.98	-4,520.16
General Journal	11/19/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT		25302/Carr	-2,420 60	-6,940.76
Deposit	11/19/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT		486/Panbas	7,193.98	253.22
General Journal	11/20/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT		25302/Carr	-2,381.40	-2,128 18
General Journal	11/21/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT		25302/Carr	-2,401.00	-4,529.18
General Journal	11/26/2001	СОМ	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT		25302/Carr	-2,224.60	-6,753 78
General Journal	11/27/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT		25302/Carr	-176.40	-6,930 18
General Journal General Journal	11/28/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50175	25302/Carr	-19,600.00	-26,530.18
General Journal	12/6/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	COMMISSIONS	V-50175	25302/Carr	-4,900.00	-31,430.18
General Journal	12/7/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT		25302/Carr	-490 00	-31,920.18
General Journal	12/11/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT HELLESPONT	V-50175 V-50175	25302/Carr 25302/Carr	-490.00 -0.03	-32,410.18
Deposit	12/11/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT		25302/Carr 25301/Carr	0.03	-32,410.21
General Journal	12/13/2001	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50175	25301/Carr 25302/Carr	-470 40	-32,410,18 -32,880,58
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-36	Accrual	H CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cargos in tr	-11,990 28	-32,860,86 -44,870,86
General Journal	1/2/2002	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50175	25302/Carr	-1,134,48	-46,005,34
'General Journal	1/3/2002	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50175	25302/Carr	-958.44	-46,963,78
General Journal	1/4/2002	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50175	25302/Carr .	-1,916.88	-48,880.66
Deposit	1/7/2002	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50175	25302/Carr	787.29	-48,093.37
General Journal	1/8/2002	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50175	25302/Carr	-3,584,37	-51,677,74
General Journal	1/9/2002	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50175	25302/Carr	-919.32	-52,597.06
General Journal	1/10/2002	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT.	V-50175	25302/Carr	919.32	-53,516.38
General Journal	1/11/2002	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50175	25302/Carr	-919.32	-54,435,70
General Journal	1/16/2002	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50175	25302/Carr	-156.48	-54,592.18
Deposit	1/17/2002	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50175	25302/Carr .	156.48	-64,435 70
General Journal	1/22/2002	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50175	25302/Carr	-303.18	-54,738.88
General Journal	1/23/2002	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50175	25302/Carr	-303.18	-55,042.06
General Journa)	1/24/2002	COMM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50175	25302/Carr	-303.18	-55,345.24
General Journal	1/25/2002	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT .	V-50175	25302/Carr	-303.18	-55,648,42
General Journal	1/28/2002	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50175	25302/Carr	-303.18	-55,951.60
General Journal General Journal	1/29/2002	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT.	V-50175	25302/Cart	-303.18	-56,254.78
General Journal	1/31/2002	COM	COMMISSIONS COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50175 V-50175	25302/Carr 25302/Carr	-303.18	-56,557.96
General Journal	3/31/2002	Je-Ck-15	Reverse Accrual	H. CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Crude Purc	-303.18 11,990.28	-56,861.14 -44,870.86
Total Commissions						0.000 1 0.0	-44,870.86	-44,870.86
Hedge Gain (Loss)								
General Journal	11/16/2001			HELLESPONT	V-50175	-SPLIT-	-19,135.00	-19,135.00
General Journal	11/16/2001			HELLESPONT .	V-50175	Hedge Gain	-12,285,00	-31,420.00
General Journal	11/30/2001	Je-Ck-44	Accruel	H. Capitol-4	V-50176	Accounts R.,	1,000,000.00	968,580 00
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-36	Reverse Accrual	H. CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cargos in tr	-1,000,000.00	-31,420.00
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-36	Accrual	H. CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cargos in tr	-4,836,590.00	-4,868,010.00
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-36	Accrual	H. CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cargos in tr	4,878,893.46	10,883.46
General Journal	1/24/2002			HELLESPONT	V-50176	25302/Carr	-6,692,520.00	6,681,636.54
General Journal	2/4/2002			HELLESPONT	V-50175	-SPLIT-	5,555,210.00	-1,126,426.54
General Journal	2/4/2002			HELLESPONT	V-50175	Hedge Gain	-3,699,280.00	-4,825,706 54
General Journal	3/31/2002	Je-Ck-15	Reverse Accrual	H. CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Crude Purc	-42,303 46	-4,868,010 00
Total Hedge Gain /(L Interest Income	waa)						-4,868,010 00	-4,868,010.00
Deposit	12/6/2001	INT	INTEREST INC.	HELLESPONT	V-50175	25302/Carr	969,12	969.12
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-36	Accrual	H. CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Cargos in tr	12,002,37	12,971,49
General Journal	12/31/2001	Je-Ck-59	Reverse Accrual	H. Capitol-4	V-50175	Payable-Sto	-2.464.58	10,506.91
Deposit	1/4/2002	INT	INTEREST INC	HELLESPONT	V-50175	25300/Carr .	11,999.53	22,506 44
Deposit	1/4/2002	INT	INTEREST INC .	HELLESPONT	V-50175	25301/Carr	2.84	22,509,28
General Journal	3/31/2002	Je-Ck-15	Reverse Accruel	H. CAPITOL-4	V-50175	Crude Purc	-12,002.37	10,506.91
Total Interest Income	•						10,506 91	10,506.91
OTAL							83,631.96	83,631.96
								The second secon

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In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq Ministry of Oil Oil Marketing Company (State Company) No.: KH1/10466 Date: 24 Rabi' II, 1422 H Equivalent to 07/15/2001

Stamp

Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister

No.: 10749 Date: 07/16/2001

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

RE: Approval on Exported Crude Oil Contracts

Based on the statement of allocations, we have entered into contract with Rosnefteimpex Company (Mr. Issakov) as per the following terms:

1- Number of Contract: M/10/15 M/09/25

Date: 07/14/2001

- 2- Name of Contractual Company: Rosnefteimpex Company (Mr. Issakov)
- 3- Nationality: Russian
- 4- Quantity: (20) million barrels divided as follows:
 - (12) million barrels of Basrah light crude oil FOB Al-Bakr terminal
 - (8) million barrels of Kirkuk crude oil FOB Ceyhan terminal
- 5- Destination of Crude Oil: Europe and / or America
- 6- Pricing Formula: As per the rate in effect for Kirkuk crude oil and Basrah light crude oil
- 7- Validity of Contract: From 07/01/2001 until 11/30/2001
- 8- Estimated Value of Contract: About (460) million Euros based on an estimated rate of \$20/barrel
- 9- Surcharge: Payable in one month from the date of loading

For your review and approval, please.

Regards,

Saddam Zeben Hassan

Executive Director

For the Approval of Minister

I approve

07/17

07/17

17.

07/18

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 117

NUNA ! بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم 2、4 4.2.3 からりん جمهورية العراق وزارة النفط الناريخ) يربيع النان/١٤٢٢هــــ غركة تشويق النفط (شركة عامه) للوافق[5] ۲۰۰۰/۷۱ الحغل عدوك امام عبنك وأسيقه ولاتدعه علفي ظهرك الزليس القائلة فيدام حسين رحفظه الله ورعاه) x · · · · IAIA السيد وزير النقط المحترم مُ الْمُصَادِقَةُ عَلَى عَقَودِ النفط الحَامِ المَصَدُر ا استباداً ال كشف التخصيصات ع التعاقد مع شركة روز نقط العكس (المنسسة إنزاكسوف) بمرجسين الشروط التالية : و ا- رقم العقب وتأريجة : M/10/15 الطاريخ: ٢٠٠٠/٧/١٤ M/09/25 أسم الشركة المتعاقدة : شركة روز نقط امكر (السيد ابراكوت) ۳- الاستان ۱- الكونان (٢٠) عشرون برميل موزعة ال الآن : (١٢) ملمون ترصل نفط خام النصرة الخفيف فوب الكر (۸) ما دام دام کولا فوب جیهای اوريا والرامريكا ٥- وجهة الفط الخام 💮 حبنب السعوة النافلة لتقطن خام كركوك والبصرة المتيف ٦- النسسيورة ا ٧- فترة نفاذ العقب ... القشرة من ٢٠٠١/٧/١ ولغاية ٢٠٠٠/٧/١ ٨- القيمة التقدير ب: حوالي (٤٦٠) ملمون يورو علي لساس سعر تقليزي قادره للعقد (۲۰) عولا*ز أبو*هيل ٩- مبلغ الاسترجاع يدفع خلال شهر من ناريخ النحسل للتغضل بالإطلاع والصادقة ر مع التقدير .



P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/122/2001

M/10/15 + m/00/25 30/08/2001 Contract no. Due date

ROSNEFTEIMPEX / NK ROSNEFT MINA ALBAKR TERMINAL STENA COMPANION NORTH AMERICA

Sold to

Exporting port : Ships Name Destination Country of origin: IRAQ

PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 118

N729480 BNP Confirmation no :

LCIM2183940 BBL/3144 (1) Openinig Bank L/c No.: Shipment No.

Metric Tons Long Tons U.S. Bbis Barrel FOB 27,590.583 27,154.75 200,000 21.265 4	Description of commodity		Quantity	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	Price per	Total value
27,590.583 27,154.75 200,000 21.265	•	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in EURO
27,590.583 27,154.75 200,000 21.265	IRAQ CRUDE OIL					
	BASRAH LIGHT	27,590.583	27,154.75	200,000	21.265	4,253,000.00
4,253,000.00	31.19 API GRAVITY AT 60 F		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY		***************************************	,	And the second s	4,253,000.00

Total EURO : FOUR MILLION TWO HIMINED PIPTY THREE THOUSAND ONLY

Price Calculation: WTI(SECOND MONTH)MINUS \$ 6.55 // IBBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15 th DAY FROM THE B/L DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.28 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-002-05

B/L DATED 01/08/2001

ORIGINAL



ESO1191460

CK/5038

Shipment No.



State Oil Marketing Organization

Commercial Invoice No.: C/106/2001

07/09/2001

M/10/15 N729465

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Openinig Bank L/c No.: BNP Confirmation no Contract no. Due date : JSOC ROSNEFTEIMPEX NK ROSNEFT, MOSCOW Exporting port : CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY BOSCO TAPIAS ALGECIRAS Ships Name Destination Sold to

Country of origin: IRAQ

Description of commodity

IRAQ CRUDE OIL KIRKUK

Barrel FOB 25.276 24		Price per	Total value
25.276	S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in EURO
25.276	•	,	
	1,000,960	25.276	25,300,264.96

134,032.99

136,184.219

33.48 API GRAVITY AT 60 F °

U.S. Bb

Long Tons

Metric Tons

Quantity

25,300,264.96

TOTAL EURO : IWENTY FIVE MILLION THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED SIXTY FOUR AND NINETY SIX CENT

Price Calculation: DATED BRENT MINUS \$ 2.35 /BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATTS CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.25 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED MATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRÂNCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EINTO SUBACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-02-46

B/L DATED 09/08/2001

ORIGINAL





P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/133/2001

13/09/2001

ROSNEFTEIMPEX / NK ROSNEFT Exporting port: MINA ALBAKR TERMINAL Ships Name Sold to

: MAGDELAINE : NORTH AMERICA Country of origin: IRAQ

Destination

BBL/3153 Shipment No.

C10305210

N729555 M/10/15

> BNP Confirmation no : Openinig Bank L/c No. :

Contract no. Due date

Description of commodity		Quantity		Price per	Total value
	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbis	Barrel FOB	in EURO
IRAQ CRUDE OIL					
BASRAH LIGHT	264,618.152	260,438.12	1,911,822	22.680	43,360,122.96
30.65 API GRAVITY AT 60 F		-			

Total EURO : __KORTY_THREE_MILLION_THREE_BINDRED_SIXTY : THOUSAND ONE HONDRED TWENTY TWO AND NINETY SIX CRATS

WTI(SECOND MONTH/MINUS \$ 6.55 IBBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15 th DAY FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.33 API DE-ESCALATION

Price Calculation:

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANCIUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, SA, NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUBACCOUNTI, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-02-05.

GRIGINAL

B/L DATED 15/08/2001

LASHVAE For State Oil Marketin HEAD OF FINAN



P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/113/2001

ROSNEFTEIMPEX / NK ROSNEFT Exporting port : CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY : STENA CONVOY Ships Name Sold to

: NORTH AMERICA Country of origin: IRAQ Destination

N729554 M/10/15 BNP Confirmation no : Contract no.

19/09/2001

Due date

C10305220 CK/5044 Openinig Bank L/c No.: Shipment No.

Description of commodity		Quantity		Price per	Total value
	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbis	Barrel FOB	in EURO
IRAQ CRUDE OIL					
KIRKUK	248,147.534	244,227.68	1,822,670	23.473	42,783,532.91
33.37 API GRAVITY AT 60 F°					200 0 - 2000 - 200
AT EXPONENTIAL PRODUCTION OF THE PRODUCTION OF T					42,783,532.91

Total EURO : RORTY INO MILLION SEVEN HINDRED RIGHTY THREE THOUSAND FIVE HINDRED THIRTY INO AND NINETYONE CENTS

Price Calculation: WTI/FIRST MONTH/MINUS \$ 5.90 /BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15 th DAY FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.26 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-002-05

B/L DATED 21/08/2001

ORIGINAL





P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/140/2001

: ROSNEFTEIMPEX / NK ROSNEFT Sold to

Exporting port: MINA ALBAKR TERMINAL

SETTEBELLO
NORTH AMERICA Ships Name Destination

Country of origin: IRAC

BNP Confirmation no:

M/10/15 Contract no. Due date

DOC-622023-G1 Openinig Bank L/c No.:

N729697

BBL/3160 (1) Shipment No.

Description of commodity		Quantity		Price per	Total value
	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbis	Barrel FOB	in EURO
IRAQ CRUDE OIL					
BASRAH LIGHT	20,774.697	20,446.53	150,000	23.604	3,540,000.00
30.55 API GRAVITY AT 60 F		An			
		Together was the second of the			3,540,600.00

Total EURO: THREE MILLION FIVE HANDRED FORTY THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED ONLY

Price Calculation:

WTI(SECOND MONTH)MINUS \$ 6.55 / SBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15 th DAY FROM THE BIL, DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.34 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED MATIONS AT BANQUE MATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EINRO SUBJEACCOUNT ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-02-06.

ORIGINAL

B/L DATED 26/08/2001





AC, Mr, MAS State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/151/2001

07/10/2001

BNP Confirmation no : Contract no. Due date : ROSNEFTEIMPEX / NK ROSNEFT Exporting port : MINA ALBAKR TERMINAL : SAHARA : NORTH AMERICA Ships Name Sold to

Country of origin: IRAQ

Destination

BBL/3169 Shipment No.

LCIM2189223

Openinig Bank L/c No. :

N730277 M/10/15

40,366,803.16 40,366,803.16 Total value in EURO Price per Barrel FOB 17.131 2,356,360 U.S. Bbls 321,724.89 Quantity **Long Tons** 326,888.574 Metric Tons 30.28 API GRAVITY AT 60 F° Description of commodity IRAQ CRUDE OIL BASRAH LIGHT

Total EURO : FORIX MILLION THREE HINDRED SIXTE SIX TROUSAND EIGHT HINDRED THREE AND SIXTERN CRAIS

Price Calculation: WTI(SECOND MONTH)MINUS \$ 6.80 //BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15 th DAY FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.37 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRAKCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS RAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUBACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-02-05

ORIGINAL

B/L DATED 08/09/2001





P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/157/2001

Exporting port : MINA ALBAKR TERMINAL

: ROSNEFTEIMPEX / NK ROSNEFT

Sold to

Ships Name : NOTO
Destination : NORTH AMERICA

Country of origin: IRAQ

Contract no. : M/10/15
BNP Confirmation no : N730453

: 14/10/2001

Due date

Openinig Bank L/c No. : CI0309470

Shipment No. : BBL/3174

Description of commodity		Quantity		Price per	Total value
	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in EURO
IRAQ CRUDE OIL					
BASRAH LIGHT	275,506.591	271,154.56	1,990,489	17.049	33,935,846,96
30.65 API GRAVITY AT 60 F					-
	WOOD			Wilder Wilderstands and Andrew and Andrews	33,935,846,96

TOTAI EURO : "THIREY THREE MILLION NINE HINDRID THIREY FIVE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED FORTY SIX AND NINETY SIX CRAFS

Price Calculation: WTI(SECOND MONTH)MINUS \$ 6.80 (1981, AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15 th DAY FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.33 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-003-05

ORIGINAL

For State Oil Marketing Organization
HEAD OF FIVANCE DEPT.

B/L DATED 15/09/2001



P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/134/2001

Openinig Bank L/c No. : ES01191489 Shipment No. : CK/5065 20/10/2001 BNP Confirmation no : N730568 : M/10/15 Contract no. Due date : ROSNEFTEIMPEX / NK ROSNEFT Exporting port : CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY Ships Name : WILMA YANGTZE Destination : HUELVA Country of origin: IRAQ Sold to

Metric Tons	,			
	Long Tons	U.S. Bbis	Barrel FOB	in EURO
IRAQ CRUDE OIL				
KIRKUK 134,537.354	132,412.14	992,042	21.883	21,708,855.09
34.01 API GRAVITY AT 60 F°				regge con-

Total EURO : TWENTY ONE MILLION SEVEN HUNDRED EIGHT THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED FIFTY FIVE AND NINE CENT

Price Calculation: DATED BRENT MINUS \$ 1.70 IBBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.19 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT, NUMBER 0200-201752-002-05

B/L DATED 21/09/2001

ORIGINAL





P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/139/2001

26/10/2001

M/10/15 N730677

Contract no. Due date ROSNEFTEIMPEX / NK ROSNEFT Exporting port : CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY Sold to

: IRIA TAPIAS : HUELYA Ships Name Destination

Country of origin: IRAQ

ES01191491 CK/5070 Openinig Bank L/c No.: Shipment No.

BNP Confirmation no :

Description of commodity		Quantity		Price per	Total value
•	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbis	Barrel FOB	in EURO
IRAQ CRUDE OIL		one a common management of the state of the			
KIRKUK	135,510.476	133,369.89	999,742	21.095	21,089,557.49
34.10 API GRAVITY AT 60 F					
					21.089.557.49

TOtal EURO : IWENTY ONE MILLION EIGHTY NINE THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED FIFTY SEVEN AND FORTY NINE CENT

Price Calculation: DATED BRENT MINUS \$ 1.70 / IBBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE BYL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATTS CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.19 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-002-05

B/L DATED 27/09/2001

For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF PINANCE DEPT.

ORIGINAL



P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/175/2001

CI0312210 07/11/2001 N730891 BBL/3192 M/10/15 BNP Confirmation no : Openinig Bank L/c No.: Shipment No. Contract no. Due date : "NOSNEFTEIMPEX / NK ROSNEFT Exporting port: MINA ALBAKR TERMINAL Destination : NORTH AMERICA : OLYMPIA SPIRIT Country of origin: IRAQ Ships Name Sold to

				200	
	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbis	Barrel FOB	in EURO
IRAQ CRUDE OIL			TRANSPORTED TO THE PROPERTY OF	And Andreas and Andreas Andrea	4
BASRAH LIGHT	358,572,529	352,908.35	2,586,824	16.283	42,121,255.19
30.40 API GRAVITY AT 60 F					

Total EURO : ECKETY TWO MILLION ONE HENDRED THEORY. ONE THOUSAND TWO HINDRED PIFTY FIVE AND NINETHERN CRATS

Price Calculation: WTI(SECOND MONTHIMINUS \$ 7.30 /BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15 th DAY FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.36 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-002-05

ORIGINAL

B/L DATED 09/10/2001.

For State Oil Marketin HEAD OF BINANC

LA SHUDAE



P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/153/2001

ROSNEFTEIMPEX / NK ROSNEFT Exporting port : CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY

Sold to

SANDRA TAPIAS HUELVA Ships Name Destination

Country of origin: IRAQ

ESO1191511 N731203 M/10/15 BNP Confirmation no : Openinig Bank L/c No.: Contract no.

16/11/2001

Due date

CK/5084 Shipment No.

Description of commodity		Quantity		Price per	Total value
	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbis	Barrel FOB	in EURO
IRAQ CRUDE OIL					
KIRKUK	135,896.616	133,749.93	997,356	20.501	20,446,795.36
33.24 API GRAVITY AT 60 F			no aceditica din c a		

TOtal EURO : IWENTY MILLION FOUR HUNDRED FORTY SIX THOUSAND SEVEN HUNDRED NINETY FIVE AND THIRTY SIX CENT

20,446,795.36

Price Calculation: DATED BRENT MINUS \$ 1.60 / IBBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATTS CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.27 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW TORK RRAUCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAG ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER DODE-201752-02-46

B/L DATED 18/10/2001



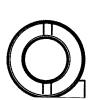


ES01191516

CK/5089

N731357

M/10/15



State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/158/2001

22/11/2001

BNP Confirmation no: Openinig Bank L/c No: Shipment No. Contract no. Due date : ROSNEFTEIMPEX / NK ROSNEFT Exporting port : CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY : BORJA TAPIAS : ALGECIRAS Country of origin: IRAQ Ships Name Destination Sold to

Description of commodity		Quantity		Price per	
•	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbis	Barrel FOB	in EURO
IRAQ CRUDE OIL					
KIRKUK	136,113.888	133,963.77	999,771	20.383	20,378,332.29
33.37 API GRAVITY AT 60 F					
	AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER		AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER		20,378,332.29

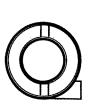
Total EURO : IWENTY MILLION THREE HUNDRED SEVENTY EIGHT THOUSAND THREE HUNDRED THIRTY TWO AND TWENTY NINE CENT

Price Calculation: DATED BRENT MINUS \$ 1.60 / BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.26 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANGUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-002-05

B/L DATED 24/10/2001

I.A.SHUNEIB For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEFT.



Commercial Invoice No.: B/199/2001

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

ROSNEFTEIMPEX / NK ROSNEFT Sold to

Exporting port : MINA ALBAKR TERMINAL : HELLESPONT CAPITOL : NORTH AMERICA Ships Name Destination

Country of origin: IRAQ

Description of commodity

IRAQ CRUDE OIL

BASRAH LIGHT

M/10/15,M/10/23 BBL/3209 (2) 01/12/2001 CI0315390 N731478 BNP Confirmation no: Openinig Bank L/c No: Shipment No. Contract no. Due date

24,585,091.82 Price per Barrel FOB 13.579

1,810,523 U.S. Bbls 245,859.48 Long Tons 249,805.524 Metric Tons

Total EURO : TWENTY FOR MILLION FIVE HANDRED ELIGHTY FIVE TROUSAND NINETY ONE AND ELIGHTY IND CENTS

31.17 API GRAVITY AT 60 F *

24,585,091.82

Price Calculation: WTI3SECOND MONTHMINUS \$. (BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15 th DAY FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.28 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANDUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-002-05

B/L DATED 02/11/2001

For State Oil Marketing Organization HEAD OF FINANCE DEPT

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		المشتري	NATIONAL OIL WELLS MAINTENANCE CO	NATIONAL OIL WELLS MAINTENANCE CO	NOURI FOR TRADING	OIL AND GAZ	OIL AND GAZ	OIL AND GAZ	OIL AND GAZ	OJSC KALMYK OTL	OMNI OIL	PERENCO	PETROGAZ	PETROLEUM(PTSC)	PETROLEUM(PTSC)	PETROLINE	PETROLINE	PETROLINE	PETROVIETNAM	PRIMACOSA	PRIMACOSA	ROSNEFT GAS EXPORT	ROSNEFTIMPEX	ROSNETTIMPEX
		رقم العسقا	M/10/30	M/10/58	M/10/06	M/09/78	68/60/W	M/10/55	M/10/93	M/10/45	M/10/24	M/10/50	M/09/60	M/09/126	M/10/14	M/10/49	M/10/60	M/10/81	M/10/36	M/10/77	M/10/88	M/10/07	M/09/25	M/10/15
	كشة تلفترة من	الكمية / بوسول	983,037	2,050,452	4,036,286	2,040,299	2,022,143	2,049,137	1,785,251	2,016,028	2,070,270	1,048,345	1,872,886	2,083,020	3,850,758	1,037,579	2,049,246	1,840,034	1,860,341	1,001,791	300,000	4,006,395	3,002,732	16,008,036
شركة تسويق النقط	ے پالمیالغ المسترجع د	مبلغ الاسترجاع مولار إيرميل	0.25	0.30	0.28	0.30	0.30	0.27	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.25	0.30	0:30	0.30	0:30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.27	0.28	0.28
194	كشف بالبيالغ المسترجعه لعقود مذكرة التقاهم حرب المرسرات تنب	الميلغ المستحق إدولار	245,759.25	615,135.60	1,111,303.10	612,089.70	606,642.90	562,357.30	535,575.30	604,808.40	621,081.00	262,086.25	561,865.80	624,906.00	1,155,227.40	311,273.70	614,773.80	552,010.20	558,102.30	300,537.30	90,000.00	1,101,606.05	850,679.25	4,552,917.25
	مراء الريماء	المبلغ المسدد /بولار	245,759.25	615,135.60	1,111,762.00	612,090.00	606,642.90	562,357.30	534,765.30	605,312.00	621,000.00	249,973.00	561,834.00	624,906.00	467,439.00	311,274.00	614,773.80	552,010.20	558,102.00	300,537.30	90,000.00	1,101,610.80	850,740.45	4,552,763.10
		المبلغ المتبقي أدولار	000	000	-458.90	080	000	000	00/018	09'803'	8	12.18.25	7.5.00	200	05.000.00	8.9	28	200	88	8	8	\$		9
						*	-		nent Sta				tee o									-		

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اعداد الدائرة المالية-السجلات التحارية

3
دوفئ فتقرير
x1/x/1x
A:10 PM

W		:	4	غبركة تسويق التقط				
	5	インスイロ	كشف بالمبائغ المسترجعه لعقود مذكرة التقاهم حسب الرحله	، بالمبائغ المسترجعه	كثنف			
	T TY TO BE THE PARTY OF THE PAR		.Ţ	لنبة	للفترة من			عمولان
THE PLANT OF THE PROPERTY AND	Cartis Banda, Jet Ki	المبلغ المسدد /دولار المبلغ المتفقي /دالا	العبلغ المستحق إدولار	مبلغ الاسترجاع تولار أيزميل	الكمية / يزميل	رقم إيماءً	المشترى	
	0.00	543,156.90	543,156.90	0.30	1,810,523	M/10/15+M/10 ROSNEFTIMPEX (23	ROSNEFTIMPEX	10
	30.00	292,470.00	292,500.00	0.30	975,000	99/60/W	SETA	10
	33.75	250,734.50	250,768.25	0.25	1,003,073	M/10/37	SETA	10
-	0.00	1,683,459.70	1,683,459.70	0.28	6,119,227	M/10/44	SINOCHEM	10
	4,695,25	1,638,000.00	1,642,695.25	0.28	5,809,156	M/10/27	SLAVNEFT	5
	000	1,188,762.90	1,188,762.90	0.30	3,962,543	M/10/39	SOYUZNEFT&GAS	10
	-220.80	1,468,281.00	1,468,060.20	0.30	4,893,534	M/10/05	TATNEFT	10
	0.00	299,839.50	299,839.50	0.25	1,199,358	M/10/31	TEKFEN	10
- 1 - 1	40,40	501,416.90	501,416.50	0.25	2,005,666	M/09/102	TYUMEN	100
	52.80	500,000.00	500,208.25	0.25	2,000,833	M/10/52	UNICONSULT MIDDLE	10
	99	288,348.00	288,347.40	0.30	961,158	M/09/106	UNIFUEL	91
	a.o.	261,975.00	261,975.00	0.25	1,047,900	M/10/51	VAZHMASHIMPEX	2
	000	295,583.70	295,583.70	0.30	985,279	M/09/97	ултог.	10
	00.01	1,166,643.50	1,166,653,50	0.30	3,888,845	M/09/77	ZANGAS	10
	8.70	2,865,527.00	2,865,518.30	0.28	10,240,947	M/10/01	ZARUBEZHNEFT	97
	1,876,75	492,948,00	494,824.75	0.25	1,979,299	M/09/123	ZHUHAI ZHEN RONG	97
	39.50	616,375.30	616,414.80	0.30	2,054,716	M/10/80	ZYRYA MANAGEMENT SERVICE	10
	\$528,455.33	82,170,996.07	85,699,148.40	0.28	301,187,733		المجموع الكلي	

.

اعداد الدائرة المالية-قسمان التحارية

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

NO. M/11/05

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 126 12/27/2001 16:46 +7-095-2193326

::::: ::::: PAGE 02

SECTION ONE SPECIFIC PROVISIONS F.O.B. CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

PAGE 03

.12/27/2001 15:46 +7-095-2193326

FOB SALES CONTRACT CONTENTS

Section One

Article One Definitions

Article Two Period

Article Three Quantity and Quality

Article Four Price Article Five Reopener Article Six Payment

Article Seven SOMO Standard Documentation

Approval of Contract Article Eight Special Conditions Article Nine

Article Ten Addresses

Section Two

Article One Measurement and Sampling

Article Two Risk and Property Article Three Lifting Programme Article Four Nomination of Vessels Article Five Vessel Berths Article Six **Loading Conditions** Article Seven Demurrage

Article Eight Taxes and Duties

Article Nine Termination in the event of Liquidation or Default Article Ten

Assignment Article Eleven Destination Article Twelve Force majeure Article Thirtcen Arbitration Article Fourteen Notices Article Fifteen Applicable Law

Form of Letter of Credit Appendix I

Appendix II Application Form to Request Approval of

Contract.

Contract between State Oil Marketing Organization (SOMO) (hereinafter called SELLER) of the one part and RUSSIAN ENGINEERING COMPANY LTD. (hereinafter called BUYER) of the other part.

Whereby it is agreed as follows:-

SECTION ONE

Wherever the General Provisions of Section Two, attached and herein incorporated in this Contract, are at variance or in conflict with this Section One, the provisions of Section One shall govern.

ARTICLE ONE

DEFINITIONS

As used in this Contract, unless otherwise provided, the following words and terms shall have the following meanings:-

Barrel means forty-two (42) U.S. Gallons at sixty degrees

(60') Fahrenheit and at normal atmospheric pressure.

Day means a period of twenty-four (24) running hours

Commencing at 00.01 hours local time at the port

of loading,

Barrel per means the average number of barrels of crude oil

Day (B/d) supplied during a calendar day as defined above.

F.OB. means "Free on Board" as referred to in the ICC

Incoterms 1990.

Dollar (\$) The currency of the United States of America.

Euro The currency of the European Union

Month means Gregorian Calendar month commencing

at 00.01 hours local time at the port of loading

on first day of the month.

means a period of three (3) consecutive months Quarter

Beginning on a 1st January or a 1st April or a 1st July or a 1st October.

::::: :::: PAGE 25

Year	:	means a Gregorian Calendar Year.
Api Gravity	:	means scale adopted by the American
. ,		Petroleum Institute for expressing the specific
		Gravity of crude oil.
SCR 986	:	means Security Council resolution 986 (1995)
		of 14 April 1995.
SCR 1111	;	means Security Council resolution 1111 (1997) of 4 June 1997.
SCR 1143	:	means Security Council resolution 1143 (1997)
		of 4 December 1997.
SCR 1153	:	means Security Council resolution 1153 (1998) of 20 February 1998.
SCR 1210	:	means Security Council resolution 1210 (1998) of 24 November 1998.
SCR 1242	:	means Security Council resolution 1242 (1999)
3CR 1242	•	of 21 May 1999.
SCR 1281	:	means Security Council resolution 1281 (1999) Of 10 December 1999.
COD 1202		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
SCR 1302	:	means Security Council resolution 1302 (2000) of 8 June 2000.
SCR 1330	:	means Security Council resolution 1330 (2000) Of 5 December 2000.
SCR 1360	•	means Security Council Resolution 1360 (2001)
SRC 1382	•	
SRC 1382		means Security Council Resolution 1382 (2001) Of 29th November, 2001.
661 Committee	:	means the Security Council Committee
		established by Security Council Resolution 661 (1990).
Procedures	:	means the procedures to be employed by the
		661 Committee (United Nations document
		S/1996/636, dated 8 August 1996).
Overseers	:	means the independent experts in international
0.000010	•	Oil trade appointed by the Secretary-General of
		The United Nations pursuant to SCR 986 and
Inspectors	:	the procedures,
2115pectors	•	means the independent oil inspection agents
		Appointed by the Secretary-General pursuant to SCR 986.
		10 DCA 700.

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ARTICLE TWO

PERIOD:

- Subject to Article Eight below, this Contract shall become effective on the 26TH day of December, 2001, and shall continue thereafter until the 29th day of May, 2002, unless renewed by mutual agreement.
- The ultimate consumer of the crude oil sold under this Contract shall be Refineries in Europe and/or U.S.A.
 Any change in the destination is subject to the prior approval of Seller.

ARTICLE THREE

QUANTITY AND QUALITY:

 SELLER undertakes to sell and deliver FOB and BUYER undertakes to purchase, receive and pay for the following:-

Type of Crude	Quantity	Port of Loading
KIRKUK	7,000,000 BBLS	CEYHAN
BASRAH LIGHT	9,000,000 BBLS	AL BAKR

- 2. The quality of the crude oil shall be the standard export quality available at the port of loading from time to time.
- Quantities shall represent contracted quantities or number of barrels per day contracted multiplied by the number of days of the relevant period stipulated in sub Article 2.1
- Quantities shall be lifted as evenly as possible over the course of such delivery period in lots of approximate barrels and as will be agreed between BUYER and SELLER.
- Quantities lifted under allowed operational vessel slippage shall be deemed as part of the contracted quantities of the period.

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- 6. In case when SELLER, for reasons technical or otherwise that are beyond his control, is unable to meet his full contractual commitments, SELLER shall have the right to reduce the contracted quantities for the duration of the period when such circumstances shall prevail. SELLER shall advise BUYER as soon as possible before the beginning of any period during which supplies to all buyers are to be reduced.
- In no event shall any loading start beyond the 29th of May, 2002, unless the Security Council has authorized sales beyond that date.

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PAGE 08

ARTICLE FOUR

PRICE:

 The price(s) of the crude oil to be delivered under this contract shall be as follows:-

TYPE OF CRUDE	API	PORT OF LOADING
KIRKUK	36.00	CEYHAN
BASRAH LIGHT	34.00	AL BAKR

Price Mechanism in EURO per Barrel FOB

Price shall be the standard SOMO price as agreed upon between SOMO and the United Nations from time to time.

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ARTICLE FIVE

REOPENER:

Each party shall have the right not later the 15th day of any month to request a review of the pricing mechanism of this Contract.

If following a request for a review, the parties are unable to agree within a period of ten (10) days from the date upon which such request was made, either party may elect to terminate this Contract by serving written notice of phase-out to the other party and termination shall be effective at the end of the month following the month during which the notice of termination has been received.

But if the parties are able to agree within the above mentioned ten (10) days period, any agreed upon adjustment to the pricing mechanism shall be subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.

However, of such approval has not been granted by the 661 Committee, this Contract shall be considered as terminated as of the end of the month following the month during which the above mentioned ten (10) days period ends unless the parties agree otherwise.

In case of Contract termination under any of the above mentioned events, this Contract shall remain in full force and effect at the pricing mechanism applicable in accordance with this Contract terms and conditions up to the effective date of termination and such termination shall not affect the parties' rights and obligations therefrom, unless the parties agree otherwise during the period prior to the effective date of termination.

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ARTICLE SIX

PAYMENT:

BUYER shall establish in respect of each shipment lifted under this Contract an irrevocable documentary letter of credit issued by a bank acceptable to Banque Nationale de Paris, S.A. "BNP") for confirmation, in the form set out in Appendix I hereof.

In all cases, the Letter of Credit shall be established, confirmed and accepted at least seven (7) days prior to loading date.

- 2. BUYER irrevocably undertakes that payment for each cargo of crude oil lifted shall be made out of the proceeds of the confirmed Letter of Credit directly to United Nations Iraq Account Euro sub account account number 0200-201752-002-05 established by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, pursuant to paragraph 7 of SCR 986, at BNP (New York Branch) (hereinafter "United Nations Iraq Account Euro sub Account"), upon presentation to BNP of the documents required by the Letter of Credit, including but not limited to the Commercial Invoice and the Bill of Lading.
- All charges within Iraq are for SELLER, whereas all charges outside Iraq are to be borne by BUYER.
- Unless otherwise provided herein, payment shall be made not later than thirty (30) days from B/L date, in same date funds.

If payment falls due on a Saturday or Bank holiday other than Monday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on the last preceding banking day. If payment falls due on a Sunday or a Monday Bank holiday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on the next succeeding banking day.

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ARTICLE SEVEN

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SOMO STANDARD DOCUMENTATION:

Bill of Lading	9 (3 orig. & 6 copies)
Certificate of Origin	4
Certificate of Quality and Quantity	4
Loading Time Sheet	4
Ullage Report	4
Master's Receipt for Samples	4
Distribution of Documents	4

Two sets of documents are handed to Master, one being for consignee. SELLER shall advise BUYER by telex or cable within forty eight (48) hours following each loading with the following details:-

- (a) Vessel's Name.
- (b) Loading Port.
- (c) Commenced loading Date.
- (d) Completed Loading Date.
- (e) Sailing Date.
- (f) Gross and net quantities in metric tons, long tons and U.S. barrels.
- (g) API Gravity.

ARTICLE EIGHT

APPROVAL OF CONTRACT:

This Contract is subject to the approval of the Overseers on behalf of the 661 Committee. Such approval shall be obtained in accordance with the Procedures, utilizing the form set out in Appendix II hereof.

ARTICLE NINE

SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

 Loading of any shipment of crude oil shall be subject to the authorization of the Inspectors at the port of loading. The Inspectors shall also have the authority to stop the loading if they determine that there is any evidence of irregularity.

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2. Notwithstanding Sub Article 4-3 of Section Two of this Contract, the accepted date of arrival of the vessel at the loading ports shall be fixed on a one (1) day range. All related Articles of Section Two of the Contract will read to that effect and conformity.

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 Notwithstanding Sub Article (6-5) of Section Two of this Contract SELLER shall be allowed as laytime at Al Bakr Terminal as follows:-

Laytime (hrs)	Vessel DWT (MT)
36	Up to 129 999
54	130 000 - 199 999
65	Over 200 000

All related Articles of Section Two of the Contract will read to that effect and conformity.

- 4. In addition to the events specified in Sub Article 6-6 of Section Two, any time consumed due to the Inspectors prohibiting loading shall not count as used laytime.
- This Contract shall terminate forthwith in the event that the Security Council terminates the authorization to import petroleum or petroleum products originating in Iraq.
- Assignment of the rights or obligations of the SELLER or BUYER shall be subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.
- 7. Any claims from BUYER under Sub Article 1-3 or Article Seven of Section Two, and any analyses carried out under Sub Articles 1-5 and 1-6 of Section Two, shall copied to the Overseers. Payments or other awards under Article Thirteen of Section Two, in respect of claims under Articles one and Seven of Section Two are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee. Any sum to be paid by BUYER in settlement of a dispute under Article Thirteen of Section Two relating to the proceeds of the sale of crude oil under this Contract shall be paid by BUYER directly to the United Nations Iraq Account, Euro sub account.

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8. Payments to SELLER under SUB Article 5-5 and Sub Article 6-7 of Section Two, and any other Payments or awards under Article Thirteen of

Section Two, are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.

9. This Contract shall be subject to SCR 986, SCR 1111, SCR 1143 SCR 1153, SCR 1210, SCR 1242, SCR 1281, SCR 1302, SCR 1330, SCR 1262, SCR 1281, SCR 1302, SCR 1304, SCR 130 1360, SCR 1382, the Procedures and the Memorandum of Understanding between the Secretariat of the United nations and the Government of Iraq on the implementation of SCR 986 (United Nations document S/1996/356, dated 20 May 1996).

ARTICLE TEN

ADDRESSES:

In addition to the notices, declarations and other communications and other declarations and declarations and required under Article Fourteen, notices, approvals, declarations and Communications required above for the Overseers, on behalf of the 661 Committee, shall be effected at the addresses below:-

FOR SELLER: STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION P.O. BOX 5118 BAGHDAD - IRAQ

TELEX : 212198 - 212199 SOMO IK TELEPHONE: 964-1-2869561 964-1-7742040 - 10 Lines

FAX

: 964-1-8853925

FOR BUYER:

PUR BUTER:
RUSSIAN ENGINEERING COMPANY LTD.
13, BUILDING 4, PR. CHERSKOGO, MOSCOW 127410, RUSSIA
TEL.: +7 (095) 904 82 00, 904 82 09, 904 82 27
FAX.: +7 (095) 904 82 22
TELEX: 612378 RENK

E-MAIL: recms@online, ru

FOR OVERSEERS

UNITED NATIONS, NEW YORK, U.S.A. FAX: 212-963-6128

All other terms and conditions as per (Section Two) General conditions of F.O.B. crude oil sales contract No. M/11/05 dated 26^{th} day of December 2001, and attached appendices 1 & 2.

This Contract has been done and signed on the 26th day of December, 2001.

FOR SELLER

FOR BUYER

ALI R. HASSAN ACTING EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL S O M O

SERGEY ISSAKOV CHAIRMAN





NATIONS UNIES

SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED BY RESOLUTION 661 (1990) CONCERNING THE SITUATION BETWEEN IRAQ AND KUWAIT

TO: RUSSIAN ENGINEERING CO.
RUSSIAN FEDERATION

FAX NO.: 011-7-095-904-8222

ATTENTION: Mr. SERGEY ISSAKOV

TOTAL NUMBER OF TRANSMITTED PAGES INCLUDING THIS PAGE: 1

Re: Contract Number: M/11/05

UN REF: S/AC.25/2001/OIL/1382/COMM.05

Between: SOMO and "RUSSIAN ENGINEERING CO."

Date of Receipt: 31 December 2001

Quantity: 9,000,000 bbls
Quality: BASRAH LIGHT

Pricing Formula: Europe and/or US Markets

Port of Loading: MINA AL-BAKR

Quantity: 7,000,000 bbls
Quality: KIRKUK

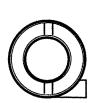
Pricing Formula: Europe and/or US Markets

Port of Loading: CEYHAN

FURTHER TO YOUR ABOVE REFERENCED APPLICATION FOR APROVAL OF THE OIL CONTRACT, PLEASE BE ADVISED THAT THE APPLICATION HAS BEEN:

ce: SOMO BNP Paribas SAYBOLT ROTTERDAM PERMANENT MISSION OF IRAQ TO THE UN

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 129



P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/11/2002

M/11/05,M/11/07 W732953 BNP Confirmation no : Contract no.

18/02/2002

Due date

A RUSSIAN ENGINERERING COMPANY LTD.

Sold to

Exporting port : MINA ALBAKR TERMINAL KAPETAN HIOTIS : NORTH AMERICA

Ships Name Destination Country of origin: IRAQ

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 130

LCIM4213846 BBL/3252 Openinig Bank L/c No.: Shipment No.

Description of commodity		Quantify		Price per	Total value
	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in EURO
IRAQ CRUDE OIL					
BASRAH LIGHT	357,757.047	352,105.75	2,582,080	18.003	46,485,186.24
30.50 API GRAVITY AT 60 F°					
					46,485,186.24

Total EURO : FORTX SIX MILLICAL FOUR HINDRED ELICATY FIVE THOUGAND ONE HONDRED ELICATY SIX AND TWENTY FOUR CENTS

WTI(SECOND MONTH)MINUS \$ 4.15 / JBBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15 th DAY FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.35 API DE-ESCALATION

Price Calculation:

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED MATIONS AT BANQUE NATIOMAL DE PARIS, SAN NEW YORK BRANCH FOR FEEDIT OT THE UNITED MATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-002-46

ORIGINAL

B/L DATED 20/01/2002





P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/27/2002

Sold to : RUSSIAN ENGINERERING COMPANY LTD.

Exporting port: MINA ALBAKR TERMINAL

Ships Name : ASTRO CYGNUS
Described : NORTH AMERICA

Country of origin: IRAQ

06/03/2002 W733250 M/11/05 BMP Confirmation no : Contract no. Due date

301M0200661 BBL/3263 Openinig Bank L/c No. : Shipment No.

	Total value
	Price per
1	

Description of commodity		Quantity	The second secon	Price per	Total value
	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbis	Barrel FOB	in EURO
IRAQ CRUDE OIL.			parent		
BASRAH LIGHT	277,012.051	272,636.25	2,005,417	19.171	38,445,849,31
31.00 API GRAVITY AT 60 F					
THE REAL PROPERTY AND ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER				***************************************	38.445.849.31

TOTAL EURO : THRITY EIGHT WILLION FOUR HANDRED FORTY FIVE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED FORTY HINE AND THRITY ONE CENT

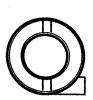
Pré» Carulasmi: WTUSECOND MONTHARMUSS. 370-1889. AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15 DIDAY. FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATTS CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.30. API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PAIS, 5.4. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CZEDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO 94/8-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NAMER COM-201732-902-45

B/L DATED 05/02/2002

ORIGINAL

FOR STATE OIL MARKETING



P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/27/2002

: RUSSIAN ENGINERERING COMPANY LTD. Sold to

Exporting port : CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY Ships Name

STARLIGHT JEWEL : FAR EAST Destination

Country of origin: IRAQ

29/03/2002 M/11/05 Contract no. Due date

W733615 BNP Confirmation no :

11RI718190 CK/5152 (1) Openinig Bank L/c No.: Shipment No.

Description of commodity		Quantity		Price per	Total value
•	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in EURO
IRAQ CRUDE OIL				A THE REAL PROPERTY AND A STREET ASSESSMENT	
KIRKUK	211,903.365	208,556.04	1,567,805	23.214	36,395,025.27
34.57 API GRAVITY AT 60 F					
					36,395,025.27

TOTAL EURO : THIRTY SIX MILLION THREE HUNDRED NINETY FIVE THOUSAND TWENTY FIVE AND TWENTY SEVEN CENT

Price Calculation:

DATED BRENT MINUS \$ 2.00 /BBL AVERAGE OF TEN CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATTS CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.14 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-002-05

B/L DATED 28/02/2002

PIGINAL

FOR STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION



P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/28/2002

BNP Confirmation no : Openinig Bank L/c No. : Contract no. Due date RUSSIAN ENGINERERING COMPANY LTD. CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY STARLIGHT JEWEL Country of origin: IRAQ

Exporting port: Ships Name Destination

Sold to

11RI718190 CK/5152 (2)

Shipment No.

W733615

NV11/05

30/03/2002

Description of commodity		Quantity		Price per	Total value
	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in EURO
IRAQ CRUDE OIL					
KIRKUK	67,569.356	66,502.00	499,924	23.358	11,677,224.79
34.57 API GRAVITY AT 60 F *			·		

TOTAL EURO : ELEVEN MILLION SIX HUNDRED SEVENTY SEVEN THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED TWENTY FOUR AND SEVENTY NINE CENT

11,677,224.79

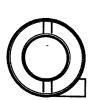
Price Calculation: DATED BRENT MINUS \$ 2.00 /BBL AVERAGE OF TEN CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATTS CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.14 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED MATIONS AT BANGUE MATIONAL DE PARIS, SA A. NEW YORK BRAMCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED MATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EINSO DELACCOUNT ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-002-05

RIGINAL

B/L DATED 01/03/2002

FOR STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION



P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/79/2002

RUSSIAN ENGINERERING COMPANY LTD. Sold to

MINA ALBAKR TERMINAL : NORTH AMERICA Exporting port: Ships Name Destination

Country of origin: IRAQ

W734147 M/11/05 BNP Confirmation no : Contract no.

29/04/2002

Due date

LCIM4226651 BBL/3302 Openning Bank L/c No.: Shipment No.

Description of commodity		Quantity		Price per	Total value	
•	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in EURO	
IRAQ CRUDE OIL						
BASRAH LIGHT	273,976.348	269,648.49	1,974,573	24.490	48,357,292.77	
30.26 API GRAVITY AT 60 F						
						_

TO¢AI EURO : FORTY EIGHT MILLION THREE HUNDRED FIFTY SEVEN THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED NINETY TWO AND SEVENTY SEVEN CENT

48,357,292.77

WTI(SECOND MONTH)MINUS \$ 3.35 /BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15 th DAY FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.37 API DE-ESCALATION

Price Calculation:

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, SA NEW YORK BRANCH FOR REDET TO THE UNITED MATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, BLIPS SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201/752-002-06

B/L DATED 31/03/2002

ORIGINAL

FOR STATE OIL MARKETING



P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/46/2002

Sold to : RUSSIAN ENGINERERING COMPANY LTD. Exporting port : CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY Ships Name : LUCKY SALLOR Destination : NORTH AMERICA Country of origin: IRAQ
--

Description of commodity		Quantity		Price per	Total value
	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbis	Barrel FOB	in EURO
IRAQ CRUDE OIL					-
KIRKUK	140,050,127	137,837.83	1,036,933	22.148	22,965,992.08
34.69 API GRAVITY AT 60 F*					e designation of
					22.965.992.08

TOTAL EURO : I TWENTY TWO MILLION NINE HUNDRED SIXTY FIVE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED NINETY TWO AND EIGHT CENT

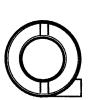
Price Calculation: WTI(FRST MONTHIAINUS \$ 3.75 FBIL AVERAGE OF FVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15th DAY FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.13 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED MATONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0230-032-03-05

B/L DATED 26/05/2002

ORIGINAL

FOR STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION Y.H.IBRAHIM



P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/108/2002

: RUSSIAN ENGINERERING COMPANY LTD. Sold to

Exporting port: MINA ALBAKR TERMINAL Ships Name : FRONT COMMERCE : FAR EAST Destination

Country of origin: IRAQ

BNP Confirmation no : X735597 NU11/05 Contract no.

23/07/2002

Due date

LCIM4242196 BBL/3323 (2) Openning Bank L/c No.: Shipment No.

Description of commodity		Quantity		Price ber	Total value
	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in EURO
IRAQ CRUDE OIL					
BASRAH LIGHT	142,114.334	139,869.43	1,042,685	25.325	26,405,997.63
33.18 API GRAVITY AT 60 F *		,			
					26,405,997.63

Total EURO : TWENTY SIX MILLION FOUR HUNDRED FIVE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED NINETY SEVEN AND SIXTY THREE CENT

Price Calculation: (OMAN+DUBAIZ)/FIRST MONTH) PLUS \$ 0.20 (BBL AVERAGE OF TEN CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.08 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-002-05

B/L DATED 24/06/2002





P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/62/2002

27/07/2002

MV11/05

Contract no. Due date RUSSIAN ENGINERERING COMPANY LTD. **CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY** Exporting port: Sold to

MAGDELAINE NORTH AMERICA Ships Name Destination

Country of origin: IRAQ

LCIM4242480 CK/5182 (1) X735661 BNP Confirmation no : Openning Bank L/c No.: Shipment No.

Description of commodity		Quantity		Price per	Total value
•	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in EURO
IRAQ CRUDE OIL				The state of the s	
KIRKUK	128,381.982	126,354.00	950,000	24.199	22,989,050.00
34.59 API GRAVITY AT 60 F					

Total EURO : TMENIY TWO MILLION NINE HUNDRED BIGHTY NINE THOUSAND FIFTY ONLY

Price Calculation: WTI(FIRST MONTH)MINUS \$ 3.05 / IBBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15 th DAY FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATTS CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.14 API DE-ESCALATION

22,989,050,00

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-002-05

B/L DATED 28/06/2002

ORIGINAL

ZATION FOR STATE OIL MARKETI Y.H.IBR



P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: B/112/2002

29/07/2002

Due date

RUSSIAN ENGINERERING COMPANY LTD. MINA ALBAKR TERMINAL Exporting port: Sold to

: NORTH AMERICA SUNRISE JEWEL Ships Name

Country of origin: IRAQ Destination

Openning Bank L/c No. : LCIM4244112 X735859 M/11/05 BNP Confirmation no : Contract no.

BBL/3326 (2) Shipment No.

Description of commodity		Quantity		Price per	Total value
•	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in EURO
IRAQ CRUDE OIL				-	
BASRAH LIGHT	140,047.211	137,834.96	1,024,919	23.440	24,024,101.36
32.76 API GRAVITY AT 60 F					

Total EURO : TWENTY FOUR MILLION TWENTY FOUR THOUSAND ONE HUNDRED ONE AND THIRTY SIX CENT

24,024,101.36

Price Calculation: WTI(SECOND MONTH)MINUS \$ 3.70 /BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15 th DAY FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.12 API DE-ESCALATION PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-002-05

B/L DATED 30/06/2002

ORIGINAL

ATION FOR STATE OIL MARKETING



P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/75/2002

24/08/2002 M/11/05

RUSSIAN ENGINERERING COMPANY LTD.

Exporting port: CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY Sold to

: RUHR ORE : NORTH AMERICA Ships Name : Destination

Country of origin: IRAQ

Openning Bank L/c No.: LCIM4249222 BNP Confirmation no : X736297

Contract no. Due date

CK/5192 Shipment No.

Description of commodity		Quantity		Price per	Total value
	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbls	Barrel FOB	in EURO
IRAQ CRUDE OIL				The state of the s	
KIRKUK	280,255.161	275,828.12	2,074,298	25.474	52,840,667.25
34.63 API GRAVITY AT 60 F		_	-		
				The state of the s	52,840,667.25

Total EURO : REFERE TWO MILLION KIGHT HINDRED BY THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED SIXTY SEVEN AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS

Price Calculation: WTI(FIRST MONTH)MINUS \$ 2.90 /IBBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15 th DAY FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 0.13 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-002-05

B/L DATED 26/07/2002

CRIGINAL

CY. H. IBRAHIM
FOR STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION





NATIONS UNIES

SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED BY RESOLUTION 661 (1990) CONCERNING THE SITUATION BETWEEN IRAQ AND KUWAIT

5 August 2002 S/AC.25/2002/OIL/1409/OC.61/ad.1 TO: RUSSIAN ENGINEERING CO. FROM: THE OIL OVERSEERS 4 UNDER SECURITY COUNCIL RUSSIAN FEDERATION **RESOLUTION 986 (1995)** FAX NO.: 011-7-095-904-8222/8245 FAX NO.: (212) 963-1628 ATTENTION: Mr. SERGEY ISSAKOV REF.: OIL-FOR-FOOD ARRANGEMENT TOTAL NUMBER OF TRANSMITTED PAGES INCLUDING THIS PAGE: 1

AMENDMENT:

Re: Contract Number: M/12/69

UN REF: S/AC.25/2002/OIL/1409/COMM.69

Between: SOMO and "RUSSIAN ENGINEERING CO."

Date of receipt of amendment: 1 August 2002

PLEASE BE ADVISED OF THE AMENDMENT TO THE ABOVE CONTRACT: SOMO AND "RUSSIAN ENGINEERING CO." HAVE AGREED TO AMEND ARTICLE THREE (PARA. 1) TO READ AS FOLLOWS:-

TYPE OF CRUDE	QUANTITY	API	PORT OF LOADING
BASRAH LIGHT	6,500,000 BBLS	34.00	AL-BAKR
KIRKUK	6,000,000 BBLS	36.00	CEYHAN

HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED BY RESOLUTION 661 (1990) CONCERNING THE SITUATION BETWEEN IRAQ AND KUWAIT

cc: SOMO **BNP Paribas** SAYBOLT ROTTERDAM PERMANENT MISSION OF IRAQ TO THE UN

> Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 132

IOM : SOMO*BAGHDAD***

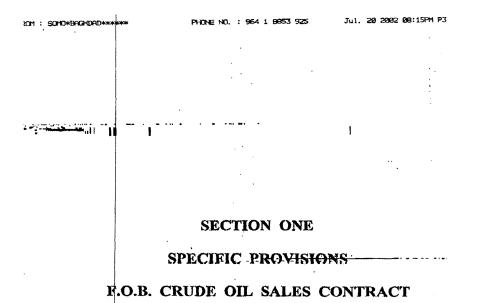
PHONE NO. : 964 1 8853 925

Jul. 20 2002-08:14PM P2.

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION-CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

NO. M/12/69-

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 133



ROM : SOMO#BAGHDAD##

PHONE NO. : 964 1 8803 925

Jul. 20 2002 08:15FM F4

FOB SALES CONTRACT CONTENTS "

Section One

Article One Definitions Period

Article Two Quantity and Quality Article Three

Article Four Price Article Five Reopener Article Six...

Payment SOMO Standard Documentation. Article Seven

Article Eight Approval of Contract Special Conditions Article Nine Addresses

Article Ten

Section Two

Measurement and Sampling Article One

Article Two Risk and Property Lifting Programme.... Article Three Nomination of Vessels Article Four

Article Five Vessel Berths

Loading Conditions Article Six Article Seven . Demurrage Article Eight Taxes and Duties

Termination in the event of Article Nine

Liquidation or Default

Article Ten Assignment Article Eleven Destination Article Twelve Force majeure Article Thirteen Arbitration Article Fourteen : Notices Applicable Law Article Fifteen

Appendix I

Form of Letter of Credit

Appendix II Application Form to Request Approval of

Contract.

ROM : SOMO*BAGHDAD***

PHONE NO. : 964 1 8853 925

Jul. 28 2002 08:16PM PS

Contract between State Oil Marketing Organization (SOMO) (hereinafter called SELLER) of the one part and RUSSIAN ENGINEERING COMPANY LTD. (hereinafter called BUYER) of the other part.

Whereby it is agreed as follows:-

SECTION ONE

Wherever the General Provisions of Section Two, attached and herein incorporated in this Contract, are at variance or in conflict with this Section One, the provisions of Section One shall govern

ARTICLE ONE

DEFINITIONS

As used in this Contract, unless otherwise provided, the following... words and terms shall have the following meanings:-

Barrel

means forty-two (42) U.S. Gallons at sixty degrees (60') Fahrenheit and at normal atmospheric pressure.

Day

means a period of twenty-four (24) running hours Commencing at 00.01 hours local time at the port

of loading.

Barrel per Day (B/d) means the average number of barrels of crude oil supplied during a calcular day as defined above.

F.OB.

means "Free on Board" as referred to in the ICC

Incoterms 1990.

Dollar (\$) Euro

The currency of the United States of America.

The currency of the European Union

Month

means Gregorian Calendar month commencing at 00.01 hours local time at the port of loading

on first day of the month.

Quarter

means a period of three (3) consecutive months Beginning on a 1^n January or a 1^n April or a 1^n July or a 1^n October.

ROM : SOMO*BA	AGHDADalokaletokak		PHONE NO. : 964 1 8853 925	Jul. 20 2002 08:16PM P6
				·
	Year Api Gravity	:	means a Gregorian Calendar means scale adopted by the A	morican
			Petroleum Institute for expres Gravity of crude oil.	sing the specific
	SCR 986	:	means Security Council resol of 14 April 1995.	ution 986 (1995)
** * *	SCR 1111 "	:~	means Security Council result of 4 June 1997.	ution 1111 (1 997)
	SCR 1143	:	means Security Council resol of 4 December 1997.	lution 1143 (1997)
- Met v i	SCR 1153	:-:		lution 1153 (1 9 98)
	SCR 1210	:	means Security Council reso of 24 November 1998.	lution 1210 (1998)
	SCR 1242	:	means Security Council reso of 21 May 1999,	lution 1242 (1999)
	SCR 1281	:	means Security Council reso Of 10 December 1999:	lution 1281 (1999)
	SCR 1302	:	means Security Council resu of 8 June 2000.	olution 1302 (2000)
	SCR 1330	:	means Security Council resc Of 5 December 2000.	olution 1330 (2000)
	SCR 1360	:	means Security Council Res	obition 1360 (2001)
	SRC 1382	·	means Security Council Rese	
		•	Of 29th November, 2001.	` '
	SCR 1409	:	means Security Council Res Of 14th May 2002,	
	661 Committee	3 -	means the Scarrity Council established by Security Cour (1990).	Committee ncil Resolution 661
451	Procedures	:	means the procedures to be 661 Committee (United Nat	ions document
-300	Overseers	:	S/1996/636, dated 8 August means the independent expe	rts in international
. 0			Oil trade appointed by the S The United Nations pursuan	ecretary-General of t to SCR 986 and
	Inspectors		the procedures, means the independent oil in	
		•	Appointed by the Secretary- to SCR 986.	Spection agents. General pursuant
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	1			

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PHINE NU. : 964 1 9653 945

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ARTICLE TWO

PERIOD:

Subject to Article Right below, this Contract shall become effective on the 20¹¹¹ day of July, 2002, and shall continue thereafter until the 25th day of November, 2002, unless renewed by mutual agreement.

The ultimate consumer of the crude oil sold under this Contract shall be EUROPE AND/OR U.S.A. Any change in the destination is subject to the prior approval of Seller.

ARTICLE THREE

OUANTITY AND QUALITY:

1. SELLER undertakes to sell and deliver FOB and BUYER undertakes to purchase, receive and pay for the following:-

Type of Crude Quantity Port of Loading 1,000,000 BBLS CEYHAN KIRKUK

- 2. The quality of the crude oil shall be the standard export quality: available at the port of loading from time to time and accommod
- 3. Quantities shall represent contracted quantities or number of barrels per day contracted multiplied by the number of days of the relevant period stipulated in sub Article 2.1-
- 4. Quantities shall be lifted as evenly as possible over the course of such delivery period in lots of approximate barrols and as will be agreed between BUYER and SELLER.
- 5. Quantities lifted under allowed operational vessel slippage shall be deemed as part of the contracted quantities of the period.

. 3

FROM : SOMO*BAGHDAD*******

PHONE NO...: 964.1 8953.925...

Jul. . 20 . 2002 . 08: 18PM . P8

6. In case when SHLLER, for reasons technical or otherwise that are beyond his control, is unable to meet his full contractual commitments, SELLER shall have the right to reduce the contracted quantities for the duration of the period when such circumstances shall prevail. SELLER shall advise BUYER as soon as possible before the beginning of any period during which supplies to all buyers are to be reduced.

 In no event shall any loading start beyond the 25th of November, 2002, unless the Security Council has authorized sales beyond that date.

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FROM : SOMOWBRIGHDAD HOWKEN

PHONE NO. : 964 1 8853 925

Jul. 20 2002 08:19PM P9

ARTICLE FOUR

PRICE:

1. The price(s) of the crude oil to be delivered under this contract shall be as follows:-

TYPE OF CRUDE API PORT OF LOADING
KIRKUK 36.00 CEYHAN

Price Mechanism in EURO per Barrel FOB

Price shall be the standard SOMO price as agreed upon between SOMO and the United Nations from time to time.

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Jul. 20 2002 08:19PM P10

ARTICLE FIVE

REOPENER:

Each party shall have the right not later the 15th day of any month to request a review of the pricing mechanism of this Contract.

If following a request for a review, the parties are unable to agree within a period of ten (10) days from the date-upon-which such request was made, nither party may elect to terminate this Contract by serving written notice of phase-out to the other party and termination shall be effective at the end of the month following the month during which the notice of termination has been received.

But if the parties are able to agree within the above mentioned ten (10) days period, any agreed upon adjustment to the pricing mechanism shall be subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.

However, of such approval has not been granted by the 661 Committee, this Contract shall be considered as terminated as of the end of the month following the month during which the above mentioned ten (10) days period ends unless the parties agree otherwise.

In case of Contract termination under any of the above mentioned events, this Contract shall remain in full force and effect at the pricing mechanism applicable in accordance with this Contract terms and conditions up to the effective date of termination and such termination shall not affect the parties' rights and obligations therefrom, unless the manufacture otherwise during the period prior to the effective date of termination.

gg

ARTICLE SIX

PAYMENT:

 BUYER shall establish in respect of each shipment lifted under this Contract an irrevocable documentary letter of credit issued by a bank acceptable to Banque Nationale de Paris, S.A. ("BNP") for confirmation, in the form set out in Appendix I hereof.

In all cases, the Letter-of-Credit shall be established, confirmed and accepted at least seven (7) days prior to loading date.

- 2. BUYER irrevocably undertakes that payment for each cargo of crude oil lifted shall be made out of the proceeds of the confirmed Letter of Credit directly to United Nations Iraq Account Euro sub account account number 0200-201752-002-05 established by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, pursuant to paragraph 7 of SCR 986, at BNP (New York Branch) (hereinafter "United Nations Iraq Account Euro sub Account"), upon presentation to BNP of the documents required by the Lotter of Credit, including but not limited to the Commercial Invoice and the Bill of Lading.
- All charges within Iraq are for SELLER, whereas all charges outside Iraq are to be borne by BUYER.

 Unless otherwise provided berein payment shall be made and less.
 - Unless otherwise provided herein, payment shall be made not later than thirty (30) days from B/L date, in same date funds,

If payment falls due on a Saturday or Bank holiday other than Monday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on the last preceding banking day. If payment falls due on a Sunday or a Monday Bank holiday in the place-where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on the next succeeding banking day.

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Jul. 20 2002 08:20PM P12

ARTICLE SEVEN

SOMO STANDARD DOCUMENTATION:

Ì	Bill of Lading	9 (3 orig. & 6 copies)
	Certificate of Origin	4
	Certificate of Quality and Quantity	· ············· ·
	Loading Time Sheet	4
	Ullage Report	4
	Master's Receipt for Samples	4
	Distribution of Documents	4
	1	

Two sets of documents are handed to Master, one being for consignee. SBLLER shall advise BUYER by telex or cable within forty eight (48) hours following each loading with the following details:-

- Vessel's Name . (a)
- (b) Loading Port.
- Commenced loading Date. (c)
- Completed Loading Date. Sailing Date. (d)
- (c)
- Gross and net quantities in metric tons, long tons and U.S. barrels.
- API Gravity.

ARTICLE EIGHT

APPROVAL OF CONTRACT:

This Contract is subject to the approval of the Overseers on. behalf of the 661 Committee, Such approval shall be obtained in accordance with the Procedures, utilizing the form set out in Appendix II hereof.

ARTICLE NINE

SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

1. Loading of any shipment of crude oil shall be subject to the authorization of the Inspectors at the port of loading. The Inspectors shall also have the authority to stop the loading if they determine that there is any evidence of irregularity:

2. Notwithstanding Sub Article 4-3 of Section Two of this Contract, the accepted date of arrival of the vessel at the loading ports shall be fixed on a one (1) day range. All related Articles of Section Two of the Contract will read to that effect and conformity.

 Notwithstanding Sub Article (6-5) of Section Two of this Contract SELLER shall be allowed as laytime at Al Bakr Terminal as follows:-

Laytime (hrs) -	Vessel DWT (MT)
36	Up to 129 999
54	130 000 199 999
65	Over 200 000

All related Articles of Section Two of the Contract will read to that effect and conformity.

- 4. In addition to the events specified in Sub Article 6-6 of Section Two, any time consumed due to the Inspectors prohibiting loading shall not count as used laytime.
- 5. This Contract shall terminate forthwith in the event that the Security Council terminates the authorization to import petroleum or petroleum products originating in Iraq.
- Assignment of the rights or obligations of the SELLER or BUYER shall be subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.
- 7. Any claims from BUYER under Sub Article 1-3 or Article Seven of Section Two, and any analyses carried out under Sub Articles 1-5 and 1-6 of Section Two, shall copied to the Overseers. Payments or other awards under Article Thirteen of Section Two, in respect of claims under Articles one and Seven of Section Two are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee. Any sum to be paid by BUYER in settlement of a dispute under Article Thirteen of Section Two relating to the proceeds of the sale of crude oil under this Contract shall be paid by BUYER directly to the United Nations Iraq Account, Euro sub account.

gy .

8. Payments to SBLLICR under SUB Article 5-5 and Sub Article 6-7 of Section Two, and any other Payments or awards under Article Thirteen of Section Two, are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.

9. This Contract shall be subject to SCR 986, SCR 1111, SCR 1143 SCR 1153, SCR 1210, SCR 1242, SCR 1281, SCR-1302, SCR-1330, SCR. 1360, SCR 1382, SCR 1409, the Procedures and the Memorandum of Understanding between the Sepretariat of the United nations and the Government of Iraq on the Implementation of SCR 986 (United Nations decument S/196/356 dated 20 May 1996) document S/1996/356, dated 20 May 1996),

ARTICLE TEN

ADDRESSES:

In addition to the notices, declarations and other communications ... required under Article Fourteen, notices, approvals, declarations and Communications required above for the Overscers, on behalf of the 661 Committee, shall be effected at the addresses below:

FOR SELLER: STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION P.O. BOX 5118 BAGHDAD - IRAQ THLUX : 212198 - 212199 SOMO IK
THLEPHONE: 964-1-2869561.
964-1-7742040 - 10 1.inos...

: 964-1-8853925

FOR BUYER:
RUSSIAN ENGINEERING COMPANY LTD. 13. BUILDING 4, PR. CHERSKOGO, MOSCOW 127410, RUSSIA TEL.: +7 (095) 904 82 00, 904 82 09, 904 82 27 FAX.: 47 (095) 904 82 22 TELIDX: 612378 RENK

F-MAIL: recms@online, ru

FOR OVERSEERS UNITED NATIONS, NEW YORK, U.S.A. FAX: 212-963-6128

All other terms and conditions as per (Section Two) General conditions of F.O.B. crude oil sales contract No. M/11/05 dated 26th day of December 2001, and attached appendices 1 & 2.

This Contract has been done and signed on the 2011 day of July, 2002.

FOR BUYER

ALJ R. HASSAN ACTING EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL S O M O

SERGEY ISSAKOV CHAIRMAN

No.: C/111/2002

10/11/2002

M/12/69

Contract no.

Due date

BNP Confirmation no : X737555



State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

mmercial Invoice	
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: RUSSIAN ENGINERERING COMPANY LTD. Exporting port : CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY Sold to

: NORTH AMERICA Ships Name Destination

: MAGDELAINE

Country of origin: IRAQ

Description of commodity

Openning Bank L/c No.: LCIN4261594 CKU5224 (1) Shipment No.

22,375,360.00 Total value in EURO Price per Barrel FOB 22.832 U.S. Bbls 980,000 Quantity Long Tons 130,285.31 Metric Tons 132,376.389

TOTAL EURO ; INVENIT TWO MALLON THREE HUNDRED SEVENTY FIVE THOUSAND THREE MINDRED SIXTY ONLY

34.67 API GRAVITY AT 60 F°

22,375,360.00

Price Carcuragon: WTIGERST MONTHAINUS \$ 4.08 ARBLE AVERCAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15 IN DAY FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATTS CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$0.13 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201752-402-05

B/L DATED 12/10/2002

ORIGINAL



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Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 134

RAG CRUDE OIL

11 707 2002 15:25 FAX 1 917 367 21

Commercial Invoice No.: BH75/2002

IX00/17810059045

Openning Bank L/c No.:

BMP Confirmation no : X737565

Contract no.

- BBL/3371 (2)



State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

16/11/2002	
Due date	
RUSBIAN ENGINERERING COMPANY LTD.	
••	

Exporting part: MINA ALBAKR TERMINAL

Sold to

FRONT HIGHNESS

RAG Country of origin: Strips Name Destination

Shipment No.

Description of commodity	-	Quantity		Price per	Total value
	Metric Tons	Long Tons	U.S. Bbis	Barrel FOB	In EURO
RAD CRUDE OIL					
BASRAHLIGHT	132,654.502	138,659.03	952,688	20.153	19,199,118.20
29.69 API GRAVITY AT 60 F			*		•

Total EURO : MANETEEN MALION ONE HUNDRED NINETY NINE THOUSAND ONE HUNDRED EKSTITEEN AND TWENTY CENT

19,199,118.20

Proc Chicadon: Dated brent wings 1,170 robe average of Five Consecutive Quotations stating from the 15 ht day From the bl. date as Published in Platt's crude ou Market whre Manus \$ 0.67 ap decescalation

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BARAQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BPANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, BLIGO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT, WUMBER 0250-201722-00245

B/L DATED 18/10/2002

For State Oil Marketing On

Nov. 10 2002 07:02PM P4

SZ6 2588 T #96 ; 'ON €NOH

CK/5232 (1)

Shipment No.

Country of origin: IRAG



State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No. : C/120/2002

LCIM4263877 24/11/2002 M/12/69 X737751 BNP Confirmation no : Openning Bank L/c No.: Contract no. Due date RUSSIAN ENGINERERING COMPANY LTD. Exporting port: CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY STENA CONVOY NORTH AMERICA Ships Name Destination Sold to

7,126,350.00 7,126,350.00 Total value in EURO Price per Barrel FOB 20.361 U.S. Bbls 350,000 Quantity Long Tons 46,568.43 47,315.853 Metric Tons 34.51 API GRAVITY AT 60 F * Description of commodity IRAQ CRUDE OIL KIRKUK

Total EURO : SERIEM MILLION, ONE JEDNINGO, INVESTIX, TIBOUSAND THREE HUNTRED FIFTY ONLY

Price Calculation: WTIFFRST MONTHAMINUS \$ 5.00 /BBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15 D. DAY FROM THE BIL DATE AS PUBLISHED IN PLATT'S CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MINUS \$ 6.14 API DE-ESCALATION

PAYMENT IS 1'O BE MADE 1'O THE UNITED MATIONS AT BANQUE MATIONAL DE PARIS, S. AN NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED MATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EINS O SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT MANNER RODGESTITS-002-08

B/L DATED 26/10/2002

For State Oil Marketing Organi

Y.H.IBRAHIM

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TREASURER

11/22/2002 11:43 FAX 1 917 367 2197



State Oil Marketing Organization

	30/11/2002	M/12/69	on.no - X737793	Lic No LCIMA254611 CKISZIG (2)	Total value	in EURO		21,658,512.37		21.659,512.37)	
	Due date	Contract no.	BMP Confirmation no	Openiting Bank Lie No. Shipment No.	Price per	Barrel FOB		20.904						WH./	For State Oil Market		
						U.S. Bols		1,036,142					ONIN DEPARTS.		4		
	i				Quantify	Long Tons		137,683.52				SAN BIJ E SOMME SAM	HERBERT IS FOLKE WORK TO SECURITION WHILE SAT SUBJECT WE PRICES. A WITH YORK DESINOT FOR CHOOSE THE PHIND MARKETS MAD ACCOUNT.	96-24/22-962 4 5		o Reion	
OF COMPANY TANGENT OF THE OFFICE OF THE OFFI	MERGING COMPANY L	AL - TURKEY				Metric Tons		139,893.341				TOWN IN MAKE	MADE TO SECURITED N. INCH FOR CHEDIT FORTH	Cooke accountinger consolizable			
PARCHA MANAGEMENT	ALCOSTAN ENGINE	por : CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY		Destination Country of origin RAQ	Description of commodity		IRAQ CRUDE OIL	¥	34.73 APIGRAVITY. AT 60 F		To be the control of	Hotel Description of the Commission of the Commi	PATMENT'S TO SE	BURG SITE-ACCOUNT		BM_DATED 01/11/2002	
9000	Sold to	Exporting part	Ships Name	Destination Country of origin	Descrip		IRAC	KIRKUK	34.73		Total FURG					5	
			•			1	SOME	SEVE	IT.	46	E7 21	e 716	i x	40 P/	. 70°		02/5



State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/135/2002

: RUSSIAN ENGINERERING COMPANY LTD. Exporting port: CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY

FRONT SKY NORTH AMERICA Ships Name : Destination :

Country of origin: IRAQ

Openning Bank L/c No.:

LC##257012 Shipment No.

BNP Confirmation no : X737960

M/12/59

Contract no.

Due date

21,584,181.37 Total value in EURO Price per Barrel FOB 20.695 U.S. Bbls 1,042,966 Long Tons 138,552.94 Quantity

Total EURO : TWENTY ONE MILLION FIVE HUNDRED EIGHTY FOUR THOUSAND ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY ONE AND THIRTY SEVEN CENT

21,584,181.37

Price Calculation: With PROXIMARIUS \$ 6.26 IBBLAVERAGE OF PIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15 th DAY FROM THE BILDATE AS PUBLISHED MIPLATTS CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE MAINES 18.13 API DE-ESCALATION For State Oil Marketin PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DEPARIS, S.A. NEW YORG BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAD ACCOUNT, ELPO SUS-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT, NUMBER RADO-201752-002-05

ORIGINAL

B/L DATED 17/11/2002

FROM: SOMO*BAGHDAD****

Dec. 12 2002 12:40PM P3 E00@

PHONE NO. : 964 1 8853 925

LKEV2URER

IRAQ CRUDE OIL

KIRKUK

140,776,714

34.67 API GRAVITY AT 50 F

Metric Tons

Description of commodity

12/12/2002 12:58 FAX 1 917 367 2197



State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq		
MOR	Commercial Invoice No. : 8/199/2602	ice No. : 8/199
Said to : RUSSIAN ENGREFERING COMPANY LTD.	Due date	: 19/12/2002
Exporting port: MINA ALBAKR TERMINAL	Confract no.	: M12/69
Ships Name : RUHR ORE	BNP Confirmation no	5 : X737994
Destination : NORTH AMERICA	Operning Bank L/c No.:	4o.: LCIM4268088
Country of origin: TRAG	Shipment No.	: 88L3391 (1)
Dascrintion of commodity Quantity	Price per	Total value

Metric Tons	Barrel FOB	
	_	In EURO
		•
BASRAH LKGHT 138,589,352 136,400.13	1,000,000 20.117	20,117,000.90
30.46 API GRAVITY AT 60 F*	11,4 10. 200	

TOTAL EURO: TWENTY MILLION ONE HUNDRED SEVENTEEN THOUSAND ONLY

PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 2010-201/35-202-35

PRICE CALLIADOR. WRISECCIND MONTHIMMUS \$ 6.49, 580, ANEXAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE QUOTATIONS STARTING FROM THE 15 IN DAY FROM THE BAL SATE AS PROGRESHED IN PLATTS CRUDE OIL MARKET WIRE LINUS \$ 0.35. API DE-ESCALATION

S

For State Of Marketing

B/L DATED 20/11/2002

LEGW : SONO*BAGHDAD****

\$0.00 Dec. 12 2002 12:42PM P7

PHONE NO. : 964 1 8853 925 TREASURER

12/12/2002 12:59 FAX 1 917 367 2197

13/01/2003



State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

5. : B/220/2082
al Invoice No
Commerci

RUSSIAN ENGINERERING COMPANY LTD.

MINA ALBAKR TERMINAL Exporting port:

Sold to

NORTH AMERICA Ships Name Destination

IRAO

Country of origin:

MARINE PACIFIC

Openning Bank L/c No.: Shipment No.

BBU3404 (2)

LC:M4272236

X738472 M112/69

BNP Confirmation no :

Contract no. Due date

Total value	In EURO	29,451,998.93
Price per	Barrel FOB	23.547
	U.S. Bbls	4,250,775
Quantity	Long Tons	171,412.74

174,163.915

29.70 API GRAVITY AT 60 F "

Metric Tons

Description of commodity

PRAQ CRUDE OIL BASRAH LIGHT

Pres Caccatagnet. Withsecond Monthaminus § 6:10 ibble average of fuve consecutive clotatons starting from the 1s in Day Prom the bill date as Published in Plattes crude or, market wire minus \$ 0.43 am de-escalatica Total Euro : Twenty Have Mallon Four Hundred Esty one thousand nine Hundred Minety Bight and Ninety Three Cent

29,451,998.93

payment is to be made to the united nations at Barque naticall depars. S.A. New York branch for credit to the united nations frag account, Euro sub-account, account namber 0230-201782-002-55

B/L DATED 15/12/2002

ORIGINAL



180. 89 2883 81:31PM P2

PHONE NO. : 964 1 8853 925

нест зомо вначиры

15/01/2003

Contract no.

Due date



State Oil Marketing Organization

P.O Box 5118 Baghdad - Iraq

Commercial Invoice No.: C/157/2002

: RUSSIAM ENGINERERING COMPANY LTD.

Sold to

Exporting port : CEYHAN TERMINAL - TURKEY

GRAND LADY NORTH AMERICA Ships Name Destination

Country of origin:

BRAG

LC:M4272920

Openiting Bank L/c No.: BNP Confirmation no

H738480 M/12/69

16,441,118.00 CK/5265 (1) Total value in EURO Price per Barrel FOB Shipment No. 26.097 U.S. Bbls 630,606 Long Tons 83,813.93 Quantity Metric Tons 86,159.144 34.49 API GRAVITY AT 60 F* Description of commodity

TOTAL EURO : SIXTEEN MILLION FOUR HUNDRED FORTY ONE THOUSAND ONE HUNDRED TEN ONLY

16,441,110.00

PAYNENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED MATRONS AT BANDUE MATIONAL DE PARIS, S.A. MEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE VANTED NATIONS TRAQ ACCOUNT, EURO SUB-ACCOUNT,ACCOUNT NUMBER 0280-281782-402-45

Price Carleadon: WTRPRST NONTYIMBNUB \$ 4.40 JBBL AVERAGE OF FIVE CONSECUTIVE CUOTATIONS STARTIMO FROM THE 16 ILI DAY FROM THE BL DATE AS PLOS CARLATION

B/L DATED 17/12/2002

ORIGINAL

For State Oil Market

Jan. 89 2883 81:38PM P6

PHONE NO. : 964 1 8853 925

IRAQ CRUDE OU.

ьком : зомо внанона

تقريخ روفت التفرير	
14.1/14	
1:-0:ET AM	

				غركة تسويق النفط		•		
		ئركة	كشف بميالخ الاسترجاع المستحقة والمسددة لكافة المراهل حسب الشركة	ع المستحقة والمسددة	، بعيلاغ الاسترجا	प्रमृत	3	**************************************
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387,820.00 3,878,221 M/08/06 منفعة 10 من 14

771

In the name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

To: The Financial Department

No.: KH2/125 Date: 09/17/2002

From: Crude Oil Marketing Second Department

RE: The Surcharges

Following to our memorandum no. KH2/73 dated 06/09/2002; the surcharge collection for the Memorandum of Understanding contracts is cancelled as of the shipments whose bill of lading is issued on 09/01/2002 or after.

Please be informed and act accordingly.

SHIF

Ali Rajab Hassan Acting Director General

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 136

يستم الله الرحمن الرحيم

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الرقم: خ٢/

إلى / الدائرة العاليــــــة

التاريخ: س١٠٠٢/٩/م

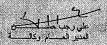
من / دائرة تسويق الشام الثانية

م/ المبالغ المسترجعية

الحاقا بمذكر تنا المرقمة خ٧٣/٢ والمؤرخة في ٢٠٠٠/١/٩.

يلغى استيفاء غبلغ الإسترجاع لعقود مذكرة التفاهم اعتبار ا من الشحفات الصافرة بوليضية الشحن لها في ١٠٢/٩/١ وما بعدها.

العلم والعمل بموجيه اطفييا ،



In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq Ministry of Oil Oil Marketing Company (State Company) No.: KH1/11268 Date: 19 Rajab, 1423 H Equivalent to 09/26/2002

Stamp

Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister

No.: 17001 Date: 09/28/2002

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

RE: Approval on Exported Crude Oil Contracts

In compliance with the approval of the vice-president of the republic, Mr. Taha Yassin Ramadan dated 08/24/2002 regarding the allocation of (3) million barrels in phase (12) to Mr. Voloshin, head of the Russian Presidential Council, please find below the details of the contract signed with Impexoil Russian Company:

1- Number of Contract: M/12/109 Date: 09/24/2002

- 2- Name of Company Buyer: Impexoil LLC.
- 3- Nationality: Russian
- 4- Quantity & Quality: (3) million barrels divided as follows:
 - (2) million Barrels of Al-Basrah light crude oil FOB Al-Bakr terminal
 - (1) million Barrels of Kirkuk crude oil FOB Ceyhan terminal
- 5- Destination of Crude Oil: Europe and / or America
- 6- Pricing Formula: As agreed on between Oil Marketing Company and the United Nations from time to time
- 7- Validity of Contract: until 11/25/2002
- 8- Estimated Value of Contract in Euro: about (60) million Euros based on an estimated rate of \$20/barrel

For your review and approval, please.

Regards,

Ali Rajab Hassan Acting General Director

For the Approval of the Minister

I approve

09/28

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 137

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

الرقم / خ ۱/ / ٢ > ١١ الرقم / خ ۱/ / ٢ > ١١ التاريخ / ١٩ / (حب / ١٤٢٣ هـ

جمهورية العراق وزارة النفط

الموافق/ ٥ / ٢٠٠٢

شركة تسويق النفط (شركة عامة)

اجعل الرحمة تاج الغدالة ، والحزم بديلاً عن التردد.. والتاني بديلاً عن النسرع،

والحكمة بديلاً عن التهور ، والعقل بديلاً عن الحماقة ولا تعط عدوك فرصة عليك

الرئيس القائد صدام حسين (حفظه الله ورعاه

Y . . . / A/A

man willing

السيد وزير النفط المحترم

م/ المصادقة على عقود النقط الحام المصدر

تنفيذاً لمواققة السيد نائب رئيس الجمهورية الاستاذ طه ياسين رمضان المحترم في ٢٠٠٢/٨/٢٤ بشــــــأن تخصيص (٣) مليون برميل للسيد فلوشن رئيس ديوان الرئاسة في روسيا للرحلة (١٢) . في اذناه تفســاصيل العقــــد الموقع مع شركة امبكس اوبل الروسية .

۱- رقم العقب وتأريخي : M/12/109 في ٢٠٠٢/٩/٢٤

۱MPEXOIL LLC. : اسم المشركة المتعاقدة

٣- الجنسية : روسية

٤- الكمية والتوعيــــة : (٣) مليون برميل موزعة كالآتي

(٢) مليون برميل خام البصرة الخقيف قوب البكر

(١) مليون برميل خام كركوك فوب حيهان

٥- وجهة النقط الخام : اوربا و/أو امريكا

٧- التسميرة : حسيما يثقق عليه بين شركة النسويق والامم المتحدة من حين لأخر .

٧- مدة العقيد : لغاية ١٠٠٢/١١/٢٥

٨- القيمة التقديرينــة : حوالي (٣٠) مليون يورو على اساس سعر تقديري قاسره

للعقد باليمسورو : (٢٠) دولار للبرميل الواحد،

يرخى التفضل بالاطلاع والمصادقة . مع التقدير ،

مصادقة السيد الوزير المحترم

X

المدير العام وكالة

عوا فيم

FROM:

PHONE NO. :

SEP. 26 2002 10:43AM P2

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION CRUDE OIL SALES CUNTRACT

NO. M/12/ /09

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 138

Contract between State Oil Marketing Organization (SOMO) (hereinafter called SELLER) of the one part and IMPEXOIL - MOSCOW (hereinafter called BUYER) of the other part.

Whereby it is agreed as follows:-

SECTION ONE

Wherever the General Provisions of Section Two, attached and herein incorporated in this Contract, are at variance or in conflict with this Section One, the provisions of Section One shall govern.

ARTICLE ONE

DEFINITIONS

As used in this Contract, unless otherwise provided, the following words and terms shall have the following meanings:-

Barrel

means forty-two (42) U.S. Gallons at sixty degrees

(60') Fahrenheit and at normal atmospheric pressure.

Day

means a period of twenty-four (24) running hours Commencing at 00.01 hours local time at the port

of loading.

Barrel per Day (R/d)

means the average number of barrels of crude oil supplied during a calendar day as defined above.

F.OB.

means "Free on Board" as referred to in the ICC

Incoterms 1990.

Dollar (\$) :

The currency of the United States of America.

Euro The currency of the European Union

Month

means Gregorian Calendar month commencing

at 00.01 hours local time at the port of loading

on first day of the month.

Quarter

means a period of three (3) consecutive months

Beginning on a 1st January or a 1st April or a 1st July or a 1st October.



	Year	:	means a Gregorian Calendar Year.
	Api Gravity	:	means scale adopted by the American
	•		Petroleum Institute for expressing the specific
			Gravity of crude oil.
	SCR 986	:	means Security Council resolution 986 (1995)
			of 14 April 1995.
	SCR 1111	:	means Security Council resolution 1111 (1997) of 4 June 1997.
	SCR 1143	;	means Security Council resolution 1143 (1997) of 4 December 1997.
	SCR 1153	:	means Security Council resolution 1153 (1998) of 20 February 1998.
	SCR 1210	:	means Security Council resolution 1210 (1998) of 24 November 1998.
	SCR 1242	:	means Secarity Council resolution 1242 (1999) of 21 May 1999.
	SCR 1281	:	means Security Council resolution 1281 (1999) Of 10 December 1999.
	SCR 1302		means Security Council resolution 1302 (2000)
	- 50X 1 70Z (. :	of 8 June 2000 and in the American
•	SCR 1330	:	means Security Council resolution 1330 (2000)
		•	Of 5 December 2000.
	SCR 1360	:	means Security Council Resolution 1360 (2001)
ھر	SRC 1382		means Security Council Resolution 1382 (2001)
N			Of 29th November, 2001.
	SCR 1409	:	means: Security Council Resolution 1409(2002) Of 14th May 2002.
	661 Committee	:	means the Security Council Committee
			established by Security Council Resolution 661 (1990).
	Procedures	:	means the procedures to be employed by the
•			661 Committee (United Nations document S/1996/636, dated 8 August 1996).
	Overseers	•	means the independent experts in international
	0 1010010	•	Oil trade appointed by the Secretary-General of
			The United Nations pursuant to SCR 986 and
• _	T		the procedures.
	Inspectors	:	means the independent oil inspection agents Appointed by the Secretary General pursuant
į			to SCR 986.
			on the Markett of the Armon Consumer to the

ARTICLE TWO

PERIOD:

- Subject to Article Eight below, this Contract shall become effective on the 24TH day of September, 2002, and shall continue thereafter until the 25th day of November, 2002, unless renewed by mutual agreement.
- The ultimate consumer of the crude oil sold under this Contract shall be Europe and/or U.S.
 Any change in the destination is subject to the prior approval of Seller.

ARTICLE THREE

QUANTITY AND QUALITY:

 SELLER undertakes to sell and deliver FOB and BUYER undertakes to purchase, receive and pay for the following:-

Type of CrudeQuantityPort of LoadingBASRAH LIGHT
KIRKUK2,000,000 BBLS
1,000,000 BBLS
CEYHANALBAKR
CEYHAN

- The quality of the crude oil shall be the standard export quality available at the port of loading from time to time.
- Quantities shall represent contracted quantities or number of barrels per day contracted multiplied by the number of days of the relevant period stipulated in sub Article 2.1
- Quantities shall be lifted as evenly as possible over the course of such delivery period in lots of approximate barrels and as will be agreed between BUYER and SELLER.
- Quantities lifted under allowed operational vessel slippage shall be deemed as part of the contracted quantities of the period.



- 6. In case when SELLER, for reasons technical or otherwise that are beyond his control, is unable to meet his full contractual commitments, SELLER shall have the right to reduce the contracted quantities for the duration of the period when such circumstances shall prevail. SELLER shall advise BUYER as soon as possible before the beginning of any period during which supplies to all buyers are to be reduced.
- In no event shall any loading start beyond the 25th of November, 2002, unless the Security Council has authorized sales beyond that date.

No.

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FROM:

PHONE NO. :

SEP. 26 2002 10:48AM P7

ARTICLE FOUR

PRICE:

 The price(s) of the crude oil to be delivered under this contract shall be as follows.-

TYPE OF CRUDE	API	PORT OF LOADING
BASRAH LIGHT	34.00	AL BAKR
KIRKUK	36.00	CEYHAN

Price Mechanism in EURO per Barrel FOB

Price shall be the standard SOMO price as agreed upon between / SOMO and the United Nations from time to time.

كالررم



ARTICLE FIVE

REOPENER:

Each party shall have the right not later the 15^{th} day of any month to request a review of the pricing mechanism of this Contract.

If following a request for a review, the parties are unable to agree within a period of ten (10) days from the date upon which such request was made, either party may elect to terminate this Contract by serving written notice of phase-out to the other party and termination shall be effective at the end of the month following the month during which the notice of termination has been received.

But if the parties are able to agree within the above mentioned ten (10) days period, any agreed upon adjustment to the pricing mechanism shall be subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.

However, of such approval has not been granted by the 661 Committee, this Contract shall be considered as terminated as of the end of the month following the month during which the above mentioned ten (10) days period ends unless the parties agree otherwise.

In case of Contract termination under any of the above mentioned events, this Contract shall remain in full force and effect at the pricing mechanism applicable in accordance with this Contract terms and conditions up to the effective date of termination and such termination shall not affect the parties' rights and obligations therefrom, unless the parties agree otherwise during the period prior to the effective date of termination.

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ARTICLE SIX

PAYMENT:

 BUYER shall establish in respect of each shipment lifted under this Contract an irrevocable documentary letter of credit issued by a bank acceptable to Banque Nationale de Paris, S.A. ("BNP") for confirmation, in the form set out in Appendix I hereof.

In all cases, the Letter of Credit shall be established, confirmed and accepted at least seven (7) days prior to loading date.

2. BUYER irrevocably undertakes that payment for each cargo of crude oil lifted shall be made out of the proceeds of the confirmed Letter of Credit directly to United Nations Iraq Account Euro sub account account number 0200-201752-002-05 established by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, pursuant to paragraph 7 of SCR 986, at BNP (New York Branch) (hereinafter "United Nations Iraq Account Euro sub Account"), upon presentation to BNP of the documents required by the Letter of Credit, including but not limited to the Commercial Invoice and the Bill of Lading.

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- All charges within Iraq are for SELLER, whereas all charges outside Iraq are to be borne by BUYER.
- Unless otherwise provided herein, payment shall be made not later than thirty (30) days from B/L date, in same date funds.

If payment fails due on a Saturday or Bank holiday other than Monday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on the last preceding banking day. If payment falls due on a Sunday or a Monday Bank holiday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on the next succeeding banking day.

ARTICLE SEVEN

SOMO STANDARD DOCUMENTATION:

Bill of Lading	9 (3	orig. & 6	copies)
Certificate of Origin	4	٠.	٠. ٠
Certificate of Quality and Quantity	, 4	•	
Loading Time Sheet	4		
Ullage Report	4		
Master's Receipt for Samples	4		
Distribution of Documents	4		

Two sets of documents are handed to Master, one being for consignee. SELLER shall advise BUYER by telex or cable within forty eight (48) hours following each loading with the following details:

- (a) Vessel's Name.
- (b) Loading Port.
- (c) Commenced loading Date.
- (d) Completed Loading Date.
- (e) Sailing Date.
- (f) Gross and net quantities in metric tons, long tons and U.S. barrels.
- (g) API Gravity.

ARTICLE EIGHT

APPROVAL OF CONTRACT:

This Contract is subject to the approval of the Overseers on behalf of the 661 Committee. Such approval shall be obtained in accordance with the Procedures, utilizing the form set out in Appendix II hereof.

ARTICLE NINE

SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

 Loading of any shipment of crude oil shall be subject to the authorization of the Inspectors at the port of loading. The Inspectors shall also have the authority to stop the loading if they determine that there is any evidence of irregularity.

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- Notwithstanding Sub Article 4-3 of Section Two of this Contract, the accepted date of arrival of the vessel at the loading ports shall be fixed on a one (1) day range. All related Articles of Section Two of the Contract will read to that effect and conformity.
- Notwithstanding Sub Article (6-5) of Section Two of this Contract SELLER shall be allowed as laytime at Al Bakr Terminal as follows:-

Laytime (hrs)	Vessel DWT (MT)	
36	Up to 129 999	لاكسر.
54	130 000 199 999	/~
65	Over 200 000	/

All related Articles of Section Two of the Contract will read to that effect and conformity.

- 4. In addition to the events specified in Sub Article 6-6 of Section Two, any time consumed due to the Inspectors prohibiting loading shall not count as used laytime.
- 5. This Contract shall terminate forthwith in the event that the Security Council terminates the authorization to import petroleum or petroleum products originating in Iraq.
- Assignment of the rights or obligations of the SELLER or BUYER shall be subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.
- 7. Any claims from BUYER under Sub Article 1-3 or Article Seven of Section Two, and any analyses carried out under Sub Articles 1-5 and 1-6 of Section Two, shall copied to the Overseers. Payments or other awards under Article Thirteen of Section Two, in respect of claims under Articles one and Seven of Section Two are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee. Any sum to be paid by BUYER in settlement of a dispute under Article Thirteen of Section Two relating to the proceeds of the sale of crude oil under this Contract shall be paid by DUYER directly to the United Nations Iraq Account, Euro sub account.



6. Fayments to SELLER under 500 Article 3-3 and 500 Article 0-7 of

Section Two, and any other Payments or awards under Article Thirteen of Section Two, are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee. This Contract shall be subject to SCR 986, SCR 1111, SCR 1143 SCR 1153, SCR 1210, SCR 1242, SCR 1281, SCR 1302, SCR 1310, SCR 1360, SCR 1382, SCR 1409, the Procedures and the Memorandum of Understanding between the Secretariat of the United nations and the Government of Iraq on the implementation of SCR 986 (United Nations document S/1996/356, dated 20 May 1996).

ARTICLE TEN

ADDRESSES:

In addition to the notices, declarations and other required under Article Fourteen, notices, approvals, declarations and Communications required above for the Overseers, on behalf of the 661 Committee, shall be effected at the addresses below:-

FOR SELLER: STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION P.O. BOX 5118 BAGHDAD - IRAQ TELEX : 212198 - 212199 SOMO IK TELEPHONE: 964-1-2869561 964-1-7742040 - 10 Lines FAX : 964-1-8853925

FOR BUYER:
IMPEXOIL L C.
3/1, KHOKHILOVSKY PER., MOSCOW, 101000, RUSSIA
PHONE: (7 095) 917-0385,956-2737
FAX: (7 095)956-2615

e-mail:imp-oil@dol.ru

FOR OVERSEERS
UNITED NATIONS, NEW YORK, U.S.A.
FAX: 212-963-6128

All other terms and conditions as per (Section Two) General conditions of F.O.B. crude oil sales contract and attached appendices 1 & 2.

This Contract has been done and signed on the 24th day of September, 2002.

FOR SELLER ALI R. HASSAN ACTING DIRECTOR GENERAL SOMO

CHERSTIOUKOV ARKADY DIRECTOR

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PHONE NO. :

SEP. 26 2002 10:42AM P1

AH, HT, HT

IMPEXOIL

3/1, Khokhlovsky Per., Moscow, 101000, Russia Phone: (7 095) 960 34 41, 242 12 31 fax: (7 095) 242 12 31

1 - 212 - 963 16 28

FROM:

To: UNITED NATIONS FOR OVERSEERS From: "IMPEXOIL LLC", Moscow, Russia

REI: M/12/109-10 26.09.2092

REQUEST FOR THE APPROVAL OF THE CONTRACT

The attached contract with the Iraqi State Oil Marketing Organization (SOMO) for the The attached contract with the Iraqi State Oil Marketing Organization (SOMO) for the purchase of petroleum is submitted for your approval in accordance with para 1 (a) of Security Council Resolution 986(1995), Security Council Resolution 1111(1997), Security Council Resolution 1143(1997), Security Council Resolution 1210 (1998), Security Council Resolution 1210 (1998), Security Council Resolution 1212 (1999), Security Council Resolution 1302 (2000), Security Council Resolution 1302 (2000), Security Council Resolution 1302 (2001), Security Council Resolution 1302 (2001), Security Council Resolution 1409(2002) and the procedures of the Security Council Committee established by Resolution 661 (1990) concerning the situation between Iraq and Kluwait adopted at its 142nd meeting held on concerning the situation between Iraq and Kuwait adopted at its 142nd meeting held on 8 August 1990.

Information about the Purchase:

Name of purchasing entity: Place of Registration :

"IMPEXOIL LLC" Moscow, Russia

Telephone:

3/1 Khokhlovsky Per., Moscow, 101000, Russia

Contact person:

Mr. Sergel Tumanov, Executive Director Iraqi projects 7 - 095 - 960 34 41, 764 7634, 242 1231, Fax: 7 - 095 - 242 1231

Summary of Contract terms:

Total Quantity of Crude oil: 3,000,000 BBLS
Basrah Light: 2,000,000 BBLS Kirkuk: 1.000,000 BBL
Quality of Crude oil: API 34,0 - 2,0 min bbls Basrah Light,
API 36,0 -1,0 min bbls Kirkuk
API 36,0 -1,0 min bbls Kirkuk
as per Contract

Dates of loading:

as per Contract

Name of Vessel:

to be nominated later

Payment details:

Letter of Credit as per UN requirements.

Please find attached a copy of the contract M/12/109 dated 24.09.2002

Thanks in anticipation for your kind cooperation

Sincerely yours,

S.Tumanov
Executive Director Iraqi projects

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 139





NATIONS UNIES

SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED BY RESOLUTION 661 (1990) CONCERNING THE SITUATION BETWEEN IRAQ AND KUWAIT

TO: IMPEXOIL LLC
RUSSIAN FEDERATION
FAX NO.: 011-7-095-242-1231
ATTENTION: Mr. Sergei Tumanov
FAX NUMBER OF TRANSMITTED PAGES INCLUDING THIS PAGE: 1

Re: Contract Number: M/12/109 UN REF: S/AC.25/2002/OIL/1409/COMM.109

Between: SOMO and "IMPEXOIL LLC"

Date of Receipt: 26 September 2002

Quantity: 2,000,000 bbls
Quality: Basrah Light

Pricing Formula: Europe and/or US Markets

Port of Loading: Mina Al Bakr Quantity: 1,000,000 bbls

Quality: Kirkuk

Pricing Formula: Europe and/or US Markets

Port of Loading: Ceyhan

FURTHER TO YOUR ABOVE REFERENCED APPLICATION FOR APROVAL OF THE OIL CONTRACT, PLEASE BE ADVISED THAT THE APPLICATION HAS BEEN:

■ APPROVED

cc: SOMO BNP Paribas SAYBOLT ROTTERDAM PERMANENT MISSION OF IRAQ TO THE UN

788

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Republic of Iraq Ministry of Oil Oil Marketing Company (State Company) No.: KH1/11268 Date: 19 Rajab, 1423 H Equivalent to 09/26/2002

Stamp

Ministry of Oil/Office of the Minister

No.: 17001 Date: 09/28/2002

To: H.E. the Oil Minister

RE: Approval on Exported Crude Oil Contracts

In compliance with the approval of the vice-president of the republic, Mr. Taha Yassin Ramadan dated 08/24/2002 regarding the allocation of (3) million barrels in phase (12) to Mr. Voloshin, head of the Russian Presidential Council, please find below the details of the contract signed with Impexoil Russian Company:

1- Number of Contract: M/12/109 Date: 09/24/2002

- 2- Name of Company Buyer: Impexoil LLC.
- 3- Nationality: Russian
- 4- Quantity & Quality: (3) million barrels divided as follows:
 - (2) million Barrels of Al-Basrah light crude oil FOB Al-Bakr terminal
 - (1) million Barrels of Kirkuk crude oil FOB Ceyhan terminal
- 5- Destination of Crude Oil: Europe and / or America
- 6- Pricing Formula: As agreed on between Oil Marketing Company and the United Nations from time to time
- 7- Validity of Contract: until 11/25/2002
- 8- Estimated Value of Contract in Euro: about (60) million Euros based on an estimated rate of

\$20/barrel

For your review and approval, please.

Regards,

Ali Rajab Hassan Acting General Director

For the Approval of the Minister

I approve

09/28

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN140

بسم الله الرحن الرحيم

الرقم / خ ۱ / ۱۳ > ۱ ا التاریخ/ ۱۹ /رجب/۲۲۲ ۱هـ

جمهورية العراق وزارة النفط

الموافق/" > أ٢٠٠٢/٩

شركة تسويق التفط (شركة عامة)

أجعل الرحمة تاج العدالة ، والحزم بديلاً عن التردد.. والتاني بديلاً عن التسرع،

والحكمة بديلاً عن التهور ، والعقل بديلاً عن الحماقة ولا تعط عدوك قرصة عليك الرئيس القائد صدام حسين (خفظه الله ورعاه)

Y . . . / A/A

السيد وزير النفط المحترم

مبر م/ المصادقة على عقود النقط الخام المصدر

تنفيذاً لمواققة السيد نائب رئيس الجمهورية الاستاذ طه ياسين رمضان المخترم في ٢٠٠٢/٨/٢٤ بشسسان تخصيص (٣) مليون برميل للسيد فلوشن رئيس ديوان الرئاسة في روسيا للرحلة (١٢) . في ادناه تفساصيل العقسد الموقع مع شركة اميكس اويل الروسية .

Y .. Y/4/YE &

som wording

١- رقم العقد وتأريخية : 1 M/12/109

IMPEXOIL LLC. : اسم الشركة المائلة - ٢

٣- الحنسية : روسية

إلى الكمية والنوعيسية : (٣) مليون برميل موزعة كالآلي

(٢) مليون برميل خام البصرة الخفيف قوب البكر

(١) مليون برميل عام كركوك فوب حيهان

هـ وجهة النقط الحام : اوربا و/أو امريكا

١- التبــــعيرة ; حسبما يثلثن عليه بين شركة النسويق والامم المتحدة من حين لأخر .

٧- بدة النقيد : لنابة ٢٠٠٢/١١/٢٥

٨- القيمة التقديرينــة : حوالي (١٠) مليون يورو على اساس سعر تقذيري قلنره

للعقد باليسسورو : (٢٠) دولار لليرميل الواحد،

يرجى التقضل بالاطلاع والمصادقة . مع التقدير .

على رجب عسن المديو العام وكالة

مصادقة السيد الوزير المحترم

X

والم

790

In the Name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

No.: KH1/

To: Shipping & Quantities Department

From: Oil Marketing First Department Date: Rajab, 1423 H Equivalent to 09/26/2002

RE: Contract M/12/109 with Impexoil (on behalf of the Russian Presidential Council)

On 09/24/2002, we signed a contract with the aforesaid company to supply it with quantities of crude oil as per the following terms:

- 1- Name of Contractual Company: Impexoil LLC.
- 2- Validity of Contract: until 11/25/2002
- 3- Nationality: Russian
- 4- Quantity & Quality: (3) million barrels divided as follows:
 - (1) million Barrels of Kirkuk crude oil FOB Ceyhan terminal
 - (2) million Barrels of Al-Basrah light crude oil FOB Al-Bakr terminal
- 5- Destination of Crude Oil: Europe and / or America
- 6- Approval of the United Nations: SCR/A.C.25/2002/OIL/1409/COMM.109 dated [Blank]
- 7- Address:

IMPEXOIL

3/1, KHOKHLOVSKY PER., MOSCOW, 101000, RUSSIA

PHONE: (7 095)917-0385, 956-2737

FAX: (7 095)956-2615 E-mail: imp-oil@dol.ru

- 8- Point of Contract: Mr. Chertioukov Arkady
- 9- Other Terms of Contract: as in the standard contract of Oil Marketing Company

Please be informed and act accordingly.

Regards,

Abd-al-Jalil Sa'id Hammadi Head of Oil marketing First Department 09/26

PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 142

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الى إدائرة الشجن والكميات
                     الرقم : خ1ا
      التاريخ: /رجب/١٤٢٣ هـــ
                                                                   من / دَائرة تسويق الحام الاولى
         الموافق: ٢٠٠٢/٩/٢٠٠ م
    م/ العقد M/12/109 مع شركة اسكس أويل (لصالح رئيس التيوان الزوسي)
    تم بتأريخ ٢٠٠٢ / ٢٠٠٢ التوقيع على عقد تجهيز النفط الحام مع الشركة أعلاء الفق عوجيه على
                                                          لحمهيرهم بكسيات النفط الحام وكالآن :- أ
                              ا - امام الشركة المعاقدة : امنكن أويل ال ال مي الا - المام الشركة المعاقدة : الفاية ١٤٠٤/١١/١٤ ع
              ۳- لىلغىڭ ئى روسىيىدا .
يەڭ ئەكىيە ۋالىرىمىيىسى ، (۲) مائودە يوسىل مۇرغە كالاق :-
        (۱) مليون برائيل نقط عام كركزك فوب خيهان
       (٢) مَلِيونَ بَرَمَيْلُ نَفُطُ خَامُ البَصْرَةُ لَخَلَيْفُ فَوْبِ البَكْرِ
                     ه- وجهة التقسيط : اوربا و/او امريكا
            -1 مصادقة الاسم التحدة : 3 SCRIA.C.25/2002/OIL/1409/COMM.109 : −1
                                $1.37 / g
    IMPEXOIL
3/A; KHOKHLOVSKY PER, MOSCOW, 101000, RUSSIA
PHONE: (7.095) 917-0385,956-2737
FAX: (7.095)956-2615
e-mail imp-oil@dol.ru
                . MR CHERSTOUKOV ARKADY : بالنحص الذي يضل به :
             ٩- ‹ يقية الشؤوط الاجرى للعقد ؛ كما هي في العقد النموذجي لشركة تسويق النقط
                                              للغلم والعمل تخوجبه رجاء .
رئيس دائرة تسويق الخام آلاولى
```

FROM:

PHONE NO. : 88

Oct. 02 2002 10:51AM P01



Jrd Frunzonskaya sir. 1-110, Moscow, Russia phone (7 095) 960-3441, 242-1231, tax (7 095) 242-1231

BAYOIL

October 2nd, 2002 Ref. No. M/12/ - 12

Attn. MR. LUDMIL DIONISSIEV

Ref. PHASE 12 Contract with SOMO for the procurement of Iraqi Oil

Dear Mr. Dionissiev,

Eurther to our discussions we would like to offer the following quantities of Iraqi crude oil allocated to our company under Contract M/12/109 UN Program:

2'000'000 barrels of Basrah Light Oll ex Mina Al Bakr 1'000'000 barrels of Kirkuk Crude Oll ex Ceyhan The period of lifting — October 2002 at your options Price — OSP + USDollars 0.06 Letter of Credit is at your expense.

We would very much appreciate your comments and are always open for discussions.

Your prompt reply will be highly appreciated

Sincerely yours,

S.Tumanov Director for Iraqi Projects

briector for tradi Projects

Phone: (7 095) 960 34 41, 242 12 31 fax: (7 095) 242 12 31

Phone: (7 095) 960 34 41, 242 12 31 fax; (7 095) 242 12 31

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 143

SNT 027864

SNT 027864



TO:

IMPEXOIL LLC

ATTN

Mr. S. Tumanov

FAX:

7095-242-1231

FROM:

Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited

DATE:

October 2, 2002

RE:

Basrah / Kirkuk Crude Purchase

Dear Mr. Tumanov:

Subject to your company being able to provide all necessary documentation in compliance with our Bank's requirements by Friday October 4, 2002, we hereby confirm our agreement to the purchase of 2,000,000 barrels of Basrah Light crude oil and agree to the price of OSP plus \$0.06 covering this total contractual quantity with the Letter of Credit being issued in the name of Impexoil LLC, but under the account and responsibility of Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited.

Please find attached our nomination to be forwarded to SOMO, covering 1,400,000 barrels to be loaded on M/T "Stavros G.L."/Sub. This vessel has already been accepted by SOMO to load October 12, 2002.

With reference to the available Kirkuk quantity, we greatly appreciate if you can extend your offer to early next week.

Thank you and best regards,

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING UMITED

P.O. BOX CB12918 NASSAU BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TUX: 20644

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 144

SNT 027858

SNT 027858

FROM:

PHONE NO. :

OCT. 10 2002 10:25AM P1

AGREEMENT No M/12/01/B

"4" October 2002

Impex-Oil LLC, Moscow, Russia, hereinafter referred to as the Seller, and "BAYOIL Supply and Trading Limited", hereinafter referred to as the Buyer, together called as the parties, have come to the following agreement:

- Subject of the agreement.
- Seller undertakes to do the following: 1.1

to agree with SOMO schedule and destination of the delivery, exact dates of shipment, laycan and vessel nomination,

to instruct the Buyer to issue for and on behalf of the Seller L/C for shipment,

- to carry out operational correspondence, to make contacts with SOMO and Overseers, to provide the Buyer with all received information concerning the fulfillment of the Agreement.
- Buyer undertakes to do the following: 1.2.
- to buy 2'000'000 +/- 5% bbls Basrah Light oil allocated to the Seller and lift it by November 25th, 2002, to give nomination with the full information of the vessel, her
- technical parameters, her final destination, laycan, etc.,
- to issue 10 days prior to the laycan date a Letter of Credit covering the total value of the crude oil to be lifted, in strict conformity with the provisions of the Contract signed between the Seller and SOMO. The Buyer shall open a Letter of Credit at its own expense and account.
- to lift and sell the quantity allotted to the Seller in the international oll market in frame of allotted quota strictly in accordance with the Contract concluded between SOMO and the Seller and the provisions of the UN Program,
- to bear responsibility for the violation of the destination approved by SOMO,



Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 145

SNT 027842 SNT 027842

Price.

- 2.1 Official selling price of SOMO for corresponding destination with A.P.I. escalation/de-escalation effective for month of delivery plus a commission in the amount of US Dollars 0.08 per net barrel for Basrah Light.
- 2.2 Payment: Inside Letter of Credit shall be made by Buyer in the EUROs in full without discount, withholding setoff, counterclaim or other deduction within thirty (30) days from Bill of Lading date (B/L date included).
- 2.3 Payments of the commission to be paid outside letter of credit as instructed by the Seller value 7 days from the bill of lading date (b/l date=day one) against receipt of commercial invoice.

3. Force-Majeure

- 3.1 The Parties shall not be responsible for failure to fulfill their contractual obligations in whole or partially except the payment for the goods already delivered, if such failure is the result of Force-Majeure circumstances, stipulated in the contract between the Seller and SOMO company.
- 4. Law and jurisdiction.
- 4.1 The Present Agreement is made under, and shall be governed by and be construed in all respects in accordance with the laws of Sweden.
- 4.2 All the disputes and claims concerning and/or in connection with the Present Agreement of its violation or termination or the Agreement will become ineffective to be solved by Parties by negotiations.
- 4.3 Should the Parties fall to agree by negotiations, then any dispute or claims arising out of the Present Agreement shall be finally settled by the International Arbitration Court of Stockholm, Sweden and shall be examined in accordance; with the material law and regulations in effect.
- 4.4 The language of the arbitration is English. The award of the arbitration is final and binding on both parties.



SNT 027843 SNT 027843

- Validity and termination of the Agreement.
- The Present Agreement becomes effective from the date it is signed and shall be in force until the Parties fulfill their obligations.
- The present Agreement shall be null and void upon mutual written agreement of the Parties. 5.2
- 6. Miscellaneous.
- Lifting of oil under the present Agreement is by November 25th,
- 6.2 Neither Party is entitled to transfer its rights and obligations hereunder to the third Party without the other party's written consent thereto.
- 6.3 All Ameridments and Supplements to the present Agreement are valid only if they are made in writing and signed by both Parties.

 All Appendices and Addenda hereto make integral parts of the Present Agreement.
 - After signing the Present Agreement all preceding negotiations and correspondence between the Parties shall be deemed null and vold.
 - In case of reorganization of the juridical person, either of the Parties of the Present Agreement, all the rights and liabilities to be 6.5 transferred to the corresponding successor.
 - 6.6 The parties understand that if the official prices, as set by The
 United Nations, result in being prohibitively higher than the
 prevailing market, as per recent months, Buyer may be excused The parties
 from further loadings without any further recourse.

 SHALL DISCUSS THE STUATION AND WORK OUT MUTURELLY ACCEPTABLE SOULTION

 6.7 The Present Agreement is signed in two originals in English, one

- original for each Party, both originals being equally authentic.
- The Contract No. M/12/109 signed between the Seller and SOMO will form an integral part of the present Agreement and shall be the basis of cooperation between the Parties.
- Special conditions. 7.
- Seller warrants that the crude oil sold to the Buyer pursuant to this Agreement was obtained pursuant to all necessary approvals and

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SNT 027844 SNT 027844 FROM:

PHONE NO. :

OCT. 10 2002 10:27AM P4

in accordance with all applicable procedures of the United Nations (U.N.) resolutions 986 and the UN Security Council Committee established by SCR 661 (1990). Seller also warrants that the provisions of all applicable UN resolutions have been complied with, including, without limitation, SCR 986(1995), SCR 1111(1997), SCR 1143(1997) and SCR 661(1990).

- 7.2 Seller specifically warrants that no surcharge or other payment was made to SOMO by the Seller, or to Seller's knowledge by any third party outside the UN escrow account in obtaining the crude oil sold to the Buyer hereunder.
- 7:3 Seller shall provide Buyer a copy of the UN certification, UN appointed inspector's certificate and the certificate or origin upon vessel's departure from the loadport and as soon as SOMO provides the required papers.

THE SELLER

THE BUYER:

Impex - Oil LLC

BAYOIL SUPPLY AND TRADING LIMITED

ASSESSED FOR BOTH

Sergey V.Tumanov Director for Iraqi Projects

Daphne McDonald - Manager

SNT 027845 SNT 027845

Jèan Johnston

From:

Sent: To: Subject: Irene [isherst@yandex.ru] Wednesday, October 30, 2002 9:13 AM Jean Johnston payment for m/t TtNA b/l 16/10/2002

FROM: IMPEX-OIL LLC, MOSCOW, RUSSIA

TO : BAYOIL SUPPLY AND TRADING LIMITED ATTN. MRS. JEAN JONHSTON COPY TO : MR. LUBMIL DIONISSIEV

DEAR SIRS,

IN COMPLIANCE WITH OUR AGREEMENT M/12/109-B OF OCTOBER 4TH, 2002 AND BASED ON THE INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM SOMO YOU ARE KINDLY REQUESTED TO PAY THE COMMISSION FOR LIFTING 1.340.073 BARRELS OF OIL ON M/T 'TINA' ON OCTOBER 16TH, 2002 IN THE SUM OF US DOLLARS 80,404.38 TO THE FOLLOWING ACCOUNT:

USD ACCOUNT NO 178-33-094100
IN FAVOUR OF IMPEX-OIL CO
WITH THE CYPRUS POPULAR BANK LTD
THE INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS CENTRE
50 KENNEDY AVENUE
CATERWAYS BUILDING 1ST FLOOR
NICOSIA - CYPRUS
TEL 357 - 22 363737
SWIFT: LIKICY2N
ATTN. MRS RENA ADAMIDES

ATTN. MRS RENA ADAMIDES

WE WOULD VERY MUCH APPRECAITE IF YOU SEND US A SWIFT CONFIRMATION OF THE EFFECTED TRANSACTION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

SINCERELY YOURS

S.TUMANOV DIRECTOR IRAQI PROJECTS

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 146

1

SNT 027937 SNT 027937 or:

ФАКС НО. :

ЯНВ. 13 2000 22:39 CTP1

3/1, Khokhiovsky Per., Moscow, 101000, Russia Phone: (7 095) 960 34 41, 242 12 31 fax: (7 095) 242 12 31



December 16th, 2002 Ref. M/12/109-43

TO: BAYOIL SUPPLY AND TRADING CO.LTD

Ref. Agency Agreement 50-11-03/M/12/01/B of October 3rd, 2002 660.000 bbls of Basrah Light Oil

Dear Sirs,

In compliance with the above said Agreement and attached SOMO's confirmation you are kindly requested to pay the sum of US Dollars 39.600 to the following address:

Account No. 178-33-094100

Account No. 178-33-094100
In favour of IMPEX-OIL LIMITED
Cyprus Popular Bank Ltd
The International Business Centre
50 Kennedy Avenue
Caterways Building 1st Floor
Nicosia – Cyprus
SWIFT LIKICY2N
Attn. Mrs Rena Adamides
Payment for Marine Atlantic

We would very much appreciate if you send us a SWIFT confirmation of the effected transaction to fax number 7 $-\,095-242\,12\,31$

Thanks in anticipation for your kind cooperation.

S.Tumanov Director Iraqi Projects

Bayoil-K

PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 147

SNT 028481

SNT 028481

FROM:

PHONE NO. : 88

Jan. 09 2003 01:12PM P01

IMPEXOIL

A STATE OF THE STA

3/1, Khokhlovšky Per., Moscow, 101000, Russia Phone: (7 085) 980 34 41, 242 12 31 fax: (7 085) 242 12 31

> Devuney, 9th, 200 Ref. M/13/33-61

TO: BAYOIL SUPPLY AND TRADING CO.LTD

Ref. Agency Agreement 50-11-03/M/12/01/B of October 3rd, 2002 1.040.400 bbls of Basrah Light Oil, M/T "Dorset"

Dear Sirs,

In compliance with the above said Agreement and attached SOMO's confirmation you are kindly requested to pay the sum of US Dollars 62.424 to the following address:

Account No. 178-33-094100
In favour of IMPEX-OIL LIMITED
Cyprus Popular Bank Ltd
The International Business Centre
50 Kennedy Avenue
Caterways Building 1st Floor
Nicosia – Cyprus
SWIFT LIKICY2N
Attn. Mrs Rena Adamides
Payment for Dorset

We would very much appreciate if you send us a SWIFT confirmation of the effected transaction to fax number 7 – 095 – 242 12 31

Thanks in anticipation for your kind gooperation.

S.Tumanov Director Iraqi Projects

Bayoll-K

SNT 028771 SNT 028771 9:03 AM 07/19/04

Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Type	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
osa Sales								
Sales - Oil Produ General Journal	cts 11/30/2002	Je-C11-11	Accrual	TINA-8	V-50197	Accounts R	58,850,646.03	58,850,646.0
Deposit	12/27/2002	REV	LYONDELL	TINA-8(233,91	V-50197	Cash - CAI	6,060,124.51	64,910,770.5
Check	12/30/2002	REV	BNP	TINA-8	V-50197	Cash - CAI	-6,060,124.52	58,850,646.0
Total Sales - Oil P		*		12410		0	58,850,648,02	58,850,648.0
	100000					-		
tal Gross Sales							58,850,846.02	58,850,646.0
at of Sales Broker Comm								
General Journal	12/31/2002	Je-C12-18	Accrual	TINA-8	V-50197	Freight	-1,860.00	-1,860.0
General Journal	12/31/2002	JE-L12/24	ARC	Accrual/Tina-8	V-50197	Computer S	-930.00	-2,790.0
General Journal	12/31/2002	JE-L12/24	ECHO ENERGY	Accrual/Tina-8	V-50197	Computer S	-1,240.00	-4,030.0
Check	1/8/2003	1502	ARC OIL, LLC	TINA-8/ C29333	V-50197	Cash - Well	-620.00	-4,650.0
Check	1/8/2003	1503	ECHO ENERGY	TRVA-8	V-50197	Cash - Well	-620.00	-5,270.0
Check	1/8/2003	1503	ECHO ENERGY	T#NA-8	V-50197	Cash - Well	-620.00	-5,890.0
General Journal	1/31/2003	JE-L01-03	ABC	Rev Accrual/Tin	V-50197	Accounts P	930.00	-4,960.0
General Journal	1/31/2003	JE-L01-03	ECHO ENERGY	Rev Accrual/Tin	V-50197	Accounts P	1,240.00	-3,720.0
Check	2/11/2003	1512	SYNTEXENERG	TINA-8	V-50197	Cash - Well	-1,550.00	-5,270.0
Seneral Journal	3/31/2003	Je-C03-07	Reverse Accrual	Tina-8	V-50197	-SPLIT-	1,860.00	-3,410.6
Total Broker Com							-3,410.00	-3,410.0
Exchange gain/k Check	11/14/2002	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-15,297.09	-15,297.0
Total Exchange g	ain/loss					•	-15,297.09	-15,297.0
Crude Purchase								
Check	10/18/2002	PUR	JSC PEOPLE'S	TINA-8	V-50197	SNP Pariba	-50,000.00	-50,000.
Check	10/31/2002	PUR	IMPEX-OIL CO	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-80,404.38	-130,404.
Check	11/14/2002	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	TINA-8/IMPEXI	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-28,625,299.35	-28,755,703.
Check	11/14/2002	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	TINA-8/ENERGY	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-21,361,000.00	-50,116,703.
Total Crude Purci	1855						-50,116,703.73	-50,116,703.
Interest Check	11/14/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-247.06	-247.6
General Journal	11/30/2002	Je-C11-11	Accrual	TINA-8	V-50197	Accounts R	-145,000.00	-145,247
Check	12/2/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-969,45	-146,216
Check	12/4/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-625.11	-146,841.
Check	12/8/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Parlba	-609,21	-147,450.
Check	12/9/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-913.82	-148,364.
Check	12/11/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-617,18	-148,981
Check	12/12/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-305.94	-149,287
Check	12/13/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-307.26	-149,595
Check	12/16/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-2,950.67	-152,545
Check	12/16/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-109,013.33	-261,559
Check	12/16/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-921.77	-262,480
Check	12/18/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-630.41	-263,111
Check	12/18/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	TINA-B	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-439.43	-263,550
Check	12/20/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-707.09	-264,257
Check	12/20/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	STAVROSGL-4	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-707.09	-264,964
Check	12/23/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-24,078.24	-289,043
Check	12/23/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-2,093.96	-291,136
Check	12/24/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-1,741.09	-292,878
Check	12/24/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-707.09	-293,585
Check	12/30/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Padba	-1,033.25	-294,618
Check	12/30/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-4,315.37	-298,933
General Journal	12/31/2002	JE-L12/9	UEB	TINA-B	V-50197	Interest	-1,742.77	-300,676
Generai Journal	12/31/2002	Je-C12-18	Reverse Accrual	TINA-8	V-50197	Freight	145,000.00	-155,676
Check	1/3/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-4,835,55	-160,512
General Journal	1/31/2003	JE-L1/1	UEB	TINA-8	V-50197	Accounts P	1,742.77	-158,769
Total Interest							-158,769.34	-158,769
Inspection General Journal	11/30/2002	Je-C11-11	Accrual	TINA-8	V-50197	Accounts R	-55,000.00	-55,000
Check	12/18/2002	INSP	OIL IMS USA LLC	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-19,036.90	-74,036
Cneck General Journal	12/31/2002	Je-C12-18	Reverse Accrual	TINA-8	V-50197 V-50197	Freight	20,000.00	-54,036
General Journal Check	1/30/2003	INSP	SGS EGYPT LTD	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-550.00	-54,586
	3/4/2003	INSP	BSI INSPECTO	TINA-8	V-50197 V-50197	BNP Pariba		
	3/26/2003	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	TINA-8	V-50197 V-50197	BNP Panba	-10,659.59	-65,246
					4-0019/	DOLL LADOR	-19,227,55	-84,474
Check				Tinn 0	V.RA107	Denkar Com-		
Check General Journal	3/31/2003	Je-C03-07	Reverse Accruai	Tina-8	V-50197	Broker Comm	35,000.00	-49,474.
Check Check General Journal Check Total Inspection				Tina-8 TINA-8	V-50197 V-50197	Broker Comm BNP Pariba		-49,474. -49,974. -49,974.

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
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	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
insurance								
General Journal	11/30/2002	Je-C11-11	Accrual	TINA-8	V-50197	Accounts R	-43,000.00	-43,00
Check	12/10/2002	INS	CRAIG FERGUS	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-30.142.88	-73.14
Seneral Journal	12/31/2002	Je-C12-18	Reverse Accrual	TINA-8	V-50197	Freight	30,000.00	-43,14
Check	3/26/2003	INS	CRAIG FERGUS	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-5,227.98	-48,37
Seneral Journal	3/31/2003	Je-C03-07	Reverse Accrual	Tina-8	V-50197	Broker Comm	13,000.00	-35,37
Total Insurance				******		2.0.0.0	-35,370,86	-35,37
L/C Charges							,	
Check	11/14/2002	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	TINA-B/IMPEX	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-46,055.26	-46.05
Check	11/14/2002	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	TINA-8/ENERGY	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-32,996.35	-79,05
Total L/C Charge:	3						-79,051.61	-79,05
Freight								
Check	10/8/2002	FRGHT	NORTH CARIBB	Tina-8/ Cancell	V-50197	BNP Parlba	-75,000.00	-75,00
Check	10/17/2002	FRGHT	NORTH CARIBB	TINA-8/1ST HI	V-60197	BNP Pariba	-234,817.19	-309,81
Check	10/29/2002	FRGHT	NORTH CARIBB	TINA-8/BOB 93	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-149,280.00	-459,09
Check	10/29/2002	FRGHT	NORTH CARIBB	TINA 8WAR R	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-25,920.00	-485,01
Check	11/12/2002	FRGHT	NORTH CARIBB	TINA-8/2ND HL	V-60197	BNP Pariba.,.	-267,637.50	-752,65
Check	11/12/2002	FRGHT	FAL ENERGY C	TINA-B/BUNKE	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-324,854.64	-1,077,50
check	11/18/2002	FRGHT	FAL ENERGY C	TINA-B/BUNKE	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-1,594,438.40	-2,671,94
Seneral Journal	11/30/2002	Je-C11-11	Accrual	TINA-8	V-50197	Accounts R	-602,118.08	-3,274,06
zweck	12/19/2002	FRGHT	NORTH CARIBB	TINA-8/3RD HL	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-267,637.50	-3,541,70
heck	12/19/2002	FRGHT	NORTH CARIBB	TINA-8/3RD HI	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-11,480,58	-3,553,18
theck	12/30/2002	FRGHT	GULF AGENCY	TINA-8/ SUEZ	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-211,700.00	-3,764,84
Seneral Journal	12/31/2002	Je-C12-18	Reverse Accrual	TINA-8	V-50197	-SPLIT-	602,118.08	-3,162,7
Seneral Journal	12/31/2002	Je-C12-18	Accrual	TINA-8	V-50197	Freight	-9,978,10	-3,172,7
heck	2/5/2003	FRGHT	KRISTENSONS	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-96,995.38	-3,271,7
leposit	3/4/2003	FRGHT	NORTH CARIBB	TINA-8/REDELI	V-50197	BNP Pariba	162,140.50	-3,109,5
eposit	3/4/2003	FRGHT	NORTH CARIBB	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-64,586.17	-3,174,1
eposit	3/4/2003	FRGHT	NORTH CARIBB	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-7,112.00	-3,181,2
eposit	3/4/2003	FRGHT	NORTH CARIBB	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	2,033.33	-3,179,2
heck	3/6/2003	FRGHT	OBC SHIPPING	TINA-8/AGENCY	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-5,442.50	-3,184,7
heck	3/27/2003	FRGHT	GULF AGENCY	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-1,528.26	3,186,2
Seneral Journal	3/31/2003	Je-C03-07	Reverse Accrual	Tina-8	V-50197	Broker Comm	9,978.10	
heck	4/1/2003	FRGHT	GULF AGENCY	TINA-8/SUEZ T	V-50197	BNP Pariba	901.23	-3,176,2 -3,175,3
Total Freight							-3,175,355.06	-3,176,3
Finance Charges								
	10/8/2002	FRGHT	NORTH CARIBB	Tina-8	V-50197	BNP Parlba	-23.19	
heck	10/8/2002 10/17/2002	FRGHT	NORTH CARIBB	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	23.19 -23.07	
theck theck	10/8/2002 10/17/2002 10/18/2002	FRGHT PUR	NORTH CARIBB JSC PEOPLE'S	TINA-8 TINA-8	V-50197 V-50197			-
theck theck	10/8/2002 10/17/2002	FRGHT	NORTH CARIBB	TINA-8	V-50197	BNP Pariba	-23.07	;
theck theck theck	10/8/2002 10/17/2002 10/18/2002	FRGHT PUR	NORTH CARIBB JSC PEOPLE'S	TINA-8 TINA-8	V-50197 V-50197	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	-23.07 -37.91	-1
Theck Theck Theck Theck	10/8/2002 10/17/2002 10/18/2002 10/29/2002	FRGHT PUR FRGHT	NORTH CARIBB JSC PEOPLE'S NORTH CARIBB	TINA-8 TINA-8 TINA-8	V-50197 V-50197 V-50197	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	-23.07 -37.91 -23.28 -23.36	-1 -1
theck theck theck theck theck	10/8/2002 10/17/2002 10/18/2002 10/29/2002 10/31/2002 11/12/2002	FRGHT PUR FRGHT PUR FRGHT	NORTH CARIBB JSC PEOPLE'S NORTH CARIBB IMPEX-OIL CO NORTH CARIBB	TINA-8 TINA-8 TINA-8 TINA-8 TINA-8	V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba BNP Pariba BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	-23.07 -37.91 -23.28 -23.36 -23.94	-1 -1 -1
Theck Theck Theck Theck Theck Theck	10/8/2002 10/17/2002 10/18/2002 10/29/2002 10/31/2002 11/12/2002 11/12/2002	FRGHT PUR FRGHT PUR	NORTH CARIBB JSC PEOPLE'S NORTH CARIBB IMPEX-OIL CO NORTH CARIBB FAL ENERGY C	TINA-8 TINA-8 TINA-8 TINA-8 TINA-8 TINA-8	V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba BNP Pariba BNP Pariba BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	-23.07 -37.91 -23.28 -23.36 -23.94 -23.93	-1 -1 -1 -1
heck heck heck heck heck heck heck	10/8/2002 10/17/2002 10/18/2002 10/29/2002 10/31/2002 11/12/2002 11/12/2002 11/14/2002	FRGHT PUR FRGHT PUR FRGHT FRGHT PURCH	NORTH CARIBB JSC PEOPLE'S NORTH CARIBB IMPEX-OIL CO NORTH CARIBB FAL ENERGY C UNITED NATIONS	Tina-8 Tina-8 Tina-8 Tina-8 Tina-8 Tina-8 Tina-8	V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba BNP Pariba BNP Pariba BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	-23.07 -37.91 -23.28 -23.36 -23.94 -23.93 -22,907.24	-1 -1 -1 -23,0
heck heck heck heck heck heck heck heck	10/8/2002 10/17/2002 10/18/2002 10/29/2002 10/31/2002 11/12/2002 11/12/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002	FRGHT PUR FRGHT PUR FRGHT FRGHT	NORTH CARIBB JSC PEOPLE'S NORTH CARIBB IMPEX-OIL CO NORTH CARIBB FAL ENERGY C UNITED NATIONS UNITED NATIONS	TINA-8	V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197	BNP Pariba	-23.07 -37.91 -23.28 -23.36 -23.94 -23.93 -22.907.24 -17.094.02	-1 -1 -1 -1 -23,0 -40,1
theck	10/8/2002 10/17/2002 10/18/2002 10/29/2002 10/31/2002 11/12/2002 11/12/2002 11/14/2002	FRGHT PUR FRGHT PUR FRGHT FRGHT PURCH PURCH	NORTH CARIBB JSC PEOPLE'S NORTH CARIBB IMPEX-OIL CO NORTH CARIBB FAL ENERGY C UNITED NATIONS UNITED NATIONS FAL ENERGY C	Tina-8 Tina-8 Tina-8 Tina-8 Tina-8 Tina-8 Tina-8	V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197	BNP Pariba	-23.07 -37.91 -23.28 -23.36 -23.94 -23.93 -22,907.24 -17,094.02 -23.84	-1 -1 -1 -1 -23,0 -40,1 -40,2
theck	10/8/2002 10/17/2002 10/18/2002 10/29/2002 10/31/2002 11/12/2002 11/12/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/18/2002	Fright Pur Fright Pur Fright Fright Purch Purch Fright	NORTH CARIBB JSC PEOPLE'S NORTH CARIBB IMPEX-OIL CO NORTH CARIBB FAL ENERGY C UNITED NATIONS UNITED NATIONS FAL ENERGY C BANK CHARGES	TINA-8	V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197	BNP Pariba	-23.07 -37.91 -23.28 -23.36 -23.94 -23.93 -22,907.24 -17,094.02 -23.84 -58.87	-1 -1 -1 -1 -23,0 -40,1 -40,2 -40,2
theck	10/8/2002 10/11//2002 10/18/2002 10/29/2002 10/31/2002 11/12/2002 11/12/2002 11/14/2002 11/18/2002 11/18/2002 11/18/2002	FRGHT PUR FRGHT PUR FRGHT FRGHT PURCH PURCH FRGHT BC BC	NORTH CARIBB JSC PEOPLE'S NORTH CARIBB IMPEX-OIL CO NORTH CARIBB FAL ENERGY C UNITED NATIONS UNITED NATIONS FAL ENERGY C BANK CHARGES BANK CHARGES	TINA-8	V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197	BNP Pariba	-23.07 -37.91 -23.28 -23.36 -23.93 -22.907.24 -17.094.02 -23.84 -58.67 -34.24	-1 -1 -1 -23,0 -40,1 -40,2 -40,2 -40,2 -40,2
heck heck heck heck heck heck heck heck	10/8/2002 10/17/2002 10/18/2002 10/29/2002 10/31/2002 11/12/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/18/2002 11/18/2002 12/17/2002	FRGHT PUR FRGHT PUR FRGHT FRGHT FRGHT PURCH PURCH FRGHT BC BC LGHT	NORTH CARIBB JSC PEOPLES NORTH CARIBB IMPEX-OIL CO NORTH CARIBB FAL ENERGY C UNITED NATIONS UNITED NATIONS FAL ENERGY C BANK CHARGES BANK CHARGES GULF STEAMS	TINA-8	V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197	BNP Pariba	-23.07 -37.91 -23.28 -23.36 -23.94 -23.93 -22,907.24 -17,094.02 -23.84 -58.87 -34.24	-1 -1 -1 -23,0 -40,1 -40,2 -40,2 -40,2 -40,3
heck iheck heck heck heck heck heck heck heck	10/6/2002 10/17/2002 10/18/2002 10/29/2002 10/31/2002 11/12/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/18/2002 12/17/2002 12/17/2002 12/17/2002	FRGHT PUR FRGHT PUR FRGHT FRGHT PURCH PURCH FRGHT BC BC LGHT FRGHT	NORTH CARIBB JSC PEOPLE'S NORTH CARIBB MPEX-OIL CO NORTH CARIBB FAL ENERGY C UNITED NATIONS FAL ENERGY C BANK CHARGES BANK CHARGES GULF STEAMS NORTH CARIBB	TINA-8 TRNA-8 TRNA-6 TRNA-6 TRNA-8 TINA-8 TRNA-8 TRNA-8 TRNA-8 TRNA-8 TRNA-8 TRNA-8 TRNA-8 TRNA-8 TRNA-8	V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197	BNP Pariba	-23.07 -37.91 -23.28 -23.36 -23.94 -23.93 -22,907.24 -17.094.02 -23.84 -58.87 -34.24 -39.24	-1 -1 -1 -23,0 -40,1 -40,2 -40,2 -40,3 -40,3 -40,3 -40,3
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heck heck heck heck heck heck heck heck	10/8/2002 10/17/2002 10/18/2002 10/29/2002 10/29/2002 10/31/2002 11/12/2002 11/14/2002 11/18/2002 11/18/2002 11/18/2002 12/17/2002 12/19/2002 12/19/2002 12/19/2002	FRGHT PUR FRGHT PUR FRGHT FRGHT PURCH PURCH FRGHT BC BC BC BC BC BC BC BC BC BC BC BC BC	NORTH CARIBB., JSC PEOPLE'S., NORTH CARIBB. NORTH CARIBB., MPE'S OIL DO MOFTH CARIBB., FAL ENERGY C., BANK CHARGES BANK CHARGES GULF STEAMS., NORTH CARIBB., BANK CHARGES	TINA-8	V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197	BNP Pariba	-23.07 -37.91 -32.28 -23.36 -23.94 -22.907.24 -17.094.02 -68.87 -34.24 -39.24 -24.33 -565.00	-1 -1 -1 -23,0 -40,1 -40,2 -40,3 -40,3 -40,9 -41,5
heck heck heck heck heck heck heck heck	10/8/2002 10/18/2002 10/18/2002 10/28/2002 10/31/2002 11/12/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/18/2002 12/17/2002 12/17/2002 12/19/2002 12/19/2002 12/19/2002	FRGHT PUR FRGHT PUR FRGHT FRGHT PURCH PURCH FRGHT BC BC LGHT FRGHT BC BC BC BC BC BC	NORTH CARIBB JSC PEOPLE'S NORTH CARIBB MPEX OIL CO NORTH CARIBB FAL ENERGY C UNITED NATIONS UNITED NATIONS VALIBB FAL ENERGY C BANK CHARGES BANK CHARGES GULF STEAMS NORTH CARIBB NORTH CARIBB BANK CHARGES BANK CHARGES BANK CHARGES BANK CHARGES	TINA-8	V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197	BNP Pariba	-23.07 -37.91 -23.28 -23.94 -23.93 -22.907.24 -17,094.02 -23.84 -58.87 -34.24 -39.24 -24.33 -566.00 -585.00	-1 -23,0 -40,1 -40,2 -40,2 -40,3 -40,5 -41,5 -41,5 -42,1
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heck heck heck heck heck heck heck heck	10/k/2002 10/17/2002 10/17/2002 10/21/2002 10/21/2002 11/12/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/16/2002 12/17/2002 12/17/2002 12/19/2002 12/19/2002 12/20/2002 12/20/2002 12/20/2002 12/20/2002	FRGHT PUR FRGHT PUR FRGHT PURCH PURCH PURCH PURCH FRGHT BC	NORTH CARIBB JSC PEOPLE'S NORTH CARIBB MPEX-OIL CO MORTH CARIBB FAL ENERGY C UNITED NATIONS FAL ENERGY C BANK CHARGES BANK CHARGE	TINA-8	V-50197 V-50197	BINP Parba	-23.07 -37.91 -23.28 -23.36 -23.94 -23.93 -22,907.24 -17,094.02 -23.84 -58.57 -34.24 -35.55 -585.00 -585.00 -24.82 -24.74 -24.74	-1 -1 -1 -23.0 -40,1 -40,2 -40,3 -40,3 -41,5 -42,1 -42,1 -42,1 -42,1 -42,1 -42,1
heck heck heck heck heck heck heck heck	10/8/2002 10/17/2002 10/18/2002 10/28/2002 10/28/2002 11/12/2002 11/12/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/18/2002 12/17/2002 12/17/2002 12/19/2002 12/19/2002 12/20/2002 12/20/2003 1/8/2003 1/8/2003	FRGHT PUR FRGHT PUR FRGHT FRGHT FRGHT FRGHT FRGHT BC BC BC LGHT FRGHT BC BC LGHT FRGHT BC BC BC LGHT LGHT LGHT LGHT	NORTH CARIBB JSC PEOPLE'S NORTH CARIBB NORTH CARIBB MPEX-OL CO NORTH CARIBB FAL ENERGY C UNITED NATIONS FAL ENERGY C BANK CHARGES BANK CHAR	TINA & TINA & TINA 6 TINA 6 TINA 6 TINA 6 TINA 8 TINA 8 TINA 8 TINA 6 TINA 8 TINA 8 TINA 8 TINA 8 TINA 6	V-50197 V-50197	BINP Parba	-23.07 -37.91 -23.28 -23.36 -23.93 -22.907.24 -17.094.02 -23.84 -39.24 -24.33 -565.00 -585.00 -24.82 -24.74 -24.74 -39.94	-1 -1 -1 -23,0 -40,1 -40,2 -40,3 -40,9 -41,5 -42,1 -42,1 -42,1 -42,1 -42,1 -42,1 -42,1
heck heck heck heck heck heck heck heck	10/8/2002 10/17/2002 10/18/2002 10/29/2002 10/31/2002 11/12/2002 11/12/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 12/17/2002 12/19/2002 12/19/2002 12/19/2002 12/20/2002 12/20/2002 18/2003 1/9/2003 1/9/2003	FRGHT PUR FRGHT PUR FRGHT FRGHT FRGHT FRGHT FRGHT FRGHT BC	NÖRTH CARIBB JSC PEOPLE'S NORTH CARIBB MPEX-OLL CO NORTH CARIBB FAL ENERGY C UNITED NATIONS FAL ENERGY C BANK CHARGES BANK CHARGE	TINA-8 TINA-9 TINA-8 TINA-8 TINA-8 TINA-8 TINA-8	V-50197 V-50197	BINP Parba	-23.07 -37.91 -23.28 -23.36 -23.94 -23.93 -22,907.24 -17,094.02 -23.84 -68.87 -39.24 -24.53 -58.50 -68.50 -24.74 -39.94 -24.74 -39.94 -39.98	-1-1 -1-1 -23,0 -40,2 -40,2 -40,3 -40,9 -41,5 -42,1 -42,1 -42,1 -42,1 -42,2 -4
heck heck heck heck heck heck heck heck	10/8/2002 10/17/2002 10/18/2002 10/18/2002 10/28/2002 11/2/2002 11/12/2002 11/14/2002 11/18/2002 11/18/2002 11/18/2002 11/18/2002 12/17/2002 12/17/2002 12/17/2002 12/19/2002 12/20/2002 12/2002 12/20/2002 12/20/2002 1/20/2003 1/2/2003 1/2/2003 1/2/2003	FRGHT PUR FRGHT PUR FRGHT PURCH FRGHT BC BC LGHT FRGHT BC FRGHT BC LGHT LGHT LGHT LGHT LGHT	NORTH CARIBB JSC PEOPLE'S NORTH CARIBB NORTH CARIBB MPEX-OL CO NORTH CARIBB FAL ENERGY C UNITED NATIONS FAL ENERGY C BANK CHARGES COULT AGENCY MERICAN EA HEIDMAR LIGH CRESCENT TO AMERICAN EA	TINA & TI	V-50197 V-50197	BINP Parba	-23.07 -37.91 -32.28 -23.36 -23.93 -22.907.24 -17.094.02 -23.84 -39.24 -24.33 -565.00 -585.00 -24.82 -24.74 -24.74 -39.94 -39.94 -39.94 -39.94 -39.94 -24.98	-1 -1 -23,0 -40,1 -40,2 -40,3 -40,3 -41,5 -42,1 -42,1 -42,1 -42,2
heck heck heck heck heck heck heck heck	10/8/2002 10/17/2002 10/18/2002 10/18/2002 10/2002 10/2002 11/12/2002 11/12/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 12/17/2002 12/19/2002 12/19/2002 12/19/2003 18/2003 19/2003 19/2003 19/2003 19/2003	FRGHT PUR FRGHT PUR FRGHT PURCH PURCH FRGHT BC LGHT BC	NORTH CARIBB JSC PEOPLE'S NORTH CARIBB MPEX-OLL CO NORTH CARIBB FAL ENERGY C UNITED NATIONS FAL ENERGY C BANK CHARGES BANK CHARGE	TINA-8	V-50197 V-501997 V-501997 V-501997 V-501997 V-501997 V-501997 V-501997	BINP Parba	-23.07 -37.91 -23.28 -23.36 -23.94 -23.93 -22,907.24 -17,094.02 -23.84 -68.87 -39.24 -24.53 -58.50 -68.50 -24.74 -39.94 -24.74 -39.94 -39.98	-1 -1 -23,0 -40,1 -40,2 -40,3 -40,3 -41,5 -42,1 -42,1 -42,1 -42,2
heck heck heck heck heck heck heck heck	10/8/2002 10/18/2002 10/18/2002 10/18/2002 10/21/2002 11/12/2002 11/12/2002 11/12/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/18/2002 12/19/2002 12/19/2002 12/19/2003 18/2003 18/2003 18/2003 18/2003 18/2003 18/2003 18/2003	PROHT PUR PUR FROMT PUR FROMT PROHT PROHT PROHT PROHT PROHT PROHT BC BC LOHT BC BC BC LOHT LOHT LOHT LOHT RIGHT	NORTH CARIBB JSC PEOPLE'S NORTH CARIBB NORTH CARIBB MPEX-OLL CO NORTH CARIBB FAL ENERGY C LINITED NATIONS FAL ENERGY C BANK CHARGES COULT AGENCY KALGEN PET CRESCENT TO AMERICAN EA SGS EGYPT LTD KRISTENSONS KRISTENSONS	TINA 8 TINA 6 TINA 6 TINA 6 TINA 6 TINA 8 TINA 6	V-50197 V-50197	BINP Parba	-23.07 -37.91 -32.28 -23.36 -23.93 -22.907.24 -17.094.02 -23.84 -39.24 -24.33 -565.00 -585.00 -24.82 -24.74 -24.74 -39.94 -39.94 -39.94 -39.94 -39.94 -24.98	-1-1 -1-1 -1-1 -23.0 -40.2 -40.2 -40.3 -40.9 -41.5 -42.1 -42.1 -42.2 -42.2 -42.2 -42.2 -42.2 -42.2 -42.2 -42.2
Track Prack	10/8/2002 10/18/2002 10/18/2002 10/18/2002 10/31/2002 10/31/2002 11/12/2002 11/12/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/18/2002 11/18/2002 12/19/2002 12/19/2002 12/19/2002 12/20/2002 12/20/2003 1/2/20	FRIGHT PUR PUR PROHT PURCH PROHT PURCH PUR	NORTH CARIBB JSC PEOPLE'S NORTH CARIBB MPEX-OLL CO NORTH CARIBB FAL ENERGY C UNITED NATIONS FAL ENERGY C BANK CHARGES BANK CHARGE	TINA-8	V-50197 V-501997 V-501997 V-501997 V-501997 V-501997 V-501997 V-501997	BINP Parba	-23.07 -37.91 -23.28 -23.36 -23.94 -23.93 -22,907.24 -17,094.02 -23.84 -68.87 -34.24 -39.24 -39.25 -39.25 -39.25 -39.25 -39.26 -49.26 -24.74 -39.94 -49.98 -49.98 -24.98	-1 -1 -1 -1 -23,0,0 -40,1 -40,2 -40,3 -40,9 -41,5 -42,1 -42,1 -42,2 -42,
Heck Heck Heck Heck Heck Heck Heck Heck	10/8/2002 10/18/2002 10/18/2002 10/18/2002 10/21/2002 11/12/2002 11/12/2002 11/12/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/18/2002 12/19/2002 12/19/2002 12/19/2003 18/2003 18/2003 18/2003 18/2003 18/2003 18/2003 18/2003	PROHT PUR PUR FROMT PUR FROMT PROHT PROHT PROHT PROHT PROHT PROHT BC BC LOHT BC BC BC LOHT LOHT LOHT LOHT RIGHT	NORTH CARIBB JSC PEOPLE'S NORTH CARIBB NORTH CARIBB MPEX-OLL CO NORTH CARIBB FAL ENERGY C LINITED NATIONS FAL ENERGY C BANK CHARGES COULT AGENCY KALGEN PET CRESCENT TO AMERICAN EA SGS EGYPT LTD KRISTENSONS KRISTENSONS	TINA 8 TINA 6 TINA 6 TINA 6 TINA 6 TINA 8 TINA 6	V-50197 V-5019	BINP Parboa.	-23.07 -37.91 -23.28 -23.36 -23.93 -22.907.24 -17.094.02 -23.84 -68.87 -34.24 -24.33 -565.00 -585.00 -	-1 -1 -1 -1 -23,0 -40,2 -40,3 -40,3 -40,3 -40,3 -41,5 -42,1 -42,1 -42,1 -42,2 -42,3
Thinkit Planck	10/8/2002 10/18/2002 10/18/2002 10/18/2002 10/31/2002 10/31/2002 11/12/2002 11/12/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/18/2002 11/18/2002 12/19/2002 12/19/2002 12/19/2002 12/20/2002 12/20/2003 1/2/20	FRIGHT PUR PUR PROHT PURCH PROHT PURCH PUR	NORTH CARIBB JSC PEOPLE'S NORTH CARIBB MPEX-OLL CO NORTH CARIBB FAL ENERGY C UNITED NATIONS FAL ENERGY C BANK CHARGES BANK CHARGE	TINA-8	V-50197 V-5019	BINP Parbo	-23.07 -37.91 -32.28 -23.36 -23.93 -22.907.24 -17.094.02 -23.84 -24.33 -565.00 -585.00 -24.82 -24.74 -24.74 -39.94 -25.32 -40.90 -41.01 -40.02	-1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -40.1 -40.2 -40.3 -40.3 -40.3 -42.1 -42.1 -42.1 -42.2 -42.2 -42.3 -42.3 -42.4 -42
Track	10/8/2002 10/18/2002 10/18/2002 10/18/2002 10/21/2002 11/12/2002 11/12/2002 11/12/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/18/2002 12/19/2002 12/19/2002 12/19/2003 18	FRIGHT PUR FRIGHT PUR FRIGHT FRIGHT FRIGHT PURCH PURCH PURCH PURCH BC BC BC BC BC BC BC BC FRIGHT LIGHT LIGH LIGHT	NORTH CARIBB JSC PEOPLE'S NORTH CARIBB MPEX-OLL CO NORTH CARIBB FAL ENERGY C UNITED NATIONS FAL ENERGY C BANK CHARGES BANK CHARGE	TINA-8	V-50197 V-5019	BINP Parba	-23.07 -37.91 -23.28 -23.36 -23.93 -22.907.24 -47.094.02 -23.84 -58.87 -34.24 -39.24 -24.33 -585.00 -585.00 -585.00 -24.74 -29.74 -29.74 -29.94 -40.90 -40.90 -40.90 -40.00 -40.00 -40.00	11 1-1 1-1 1-1 1-1 1-1 1-1 1-1 1-1 1-1
Theoli Throis 10/8/2002 10/11/2002 10/11/2/2002 10/11/2/2002 10/11/2/2002 11/12/2002 11/12/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2003 11/14/	FRIGHT PUR FRIGHT PUR FRIGHT FRIGHT FRIGHT PURCH PURCH PURCH PURCH BC BC BC BC BC BC FRIGHT LIGHT LIGH LIGHT	NORTH CARIBB NORTH CARIBB NORTH CARIBB NORTH CARIBB MPEX-OL CO NORTH CARIBB FAL ENERGY C LINITED NATIONS FAL ENERGY C BANK CHARGES CHARGES BANK CHARGES BANK CHARGES BANK CHARGES BANK CHARGES BANK CHARGES COLUMN CREATER CRESCENT TO CRESCENT TO AMERICAN EA SGS EGYPT L'TD KRISTENSONS OBC SHIPPING CRAIG FERGUS OIL INSPECTIO GULF AGENCY GULF AGENCY GULF AGENCY	TINA & TI	V-50197 V-5019	BINP Parba	-23.07 -37.91 -23.28 -23.36 -23.93 -22.907.24 -17.094.02 -23.84 -17.094.02 -23.84 -24.33 -565.00 -585.00 -24.82 -24.74 -24.74 -39.94 -25.32 -40.80 -41.01 -40.02 -40.02 -40.02 -25.15	11.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	
Track	10/8/2002 10/18/2002 10/18/2002 10/18/2002 10/18/2002 10/18/2002 11/12/2002 11/12/2002 11/14/2002 11/14/2002 11/18/2002 11/18/2002 12/19/2002 12/19/2002 12/19/2002 12/20/2002 12/20/2003 18/2003	FRIGHT PUR PUR PUR PUR PUR PROMT PROMT PROMT PROMT PURCH PURCH PROMT PURCH PROMT PURCH PROMT BC	NORTH CARIBB JSC PEOPLE'S NORTH CARIBB MPEX-OLL CO NORTH CARIBB FAL ENERGY C UNITED NATIONS FAL ENERGY C BANK CHARGES BANK CHARGE	TINA-8	V-50197 V-5019	BINP Parba	-23.07 -37.91 -23.28 -23.36 -23.93 -22.907.24 -47.094.02 -23.84 -58.87 -34.24 -39.24 -24.33 -585.00 -585.00 -585.00 -24.74 -29.74 -29.74 -29.94 -40.90 -40.90 -40.90 -40.00 -40.00 -40.00	11 1-1 1-1 1-1 1-1 1-1 1-1 1-1 1-1 1-1

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TOTAL

Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Туре Split Amount Balance Type

Lightering Charges

General Journal

General Journal

Check

Check Accrusi Accrusi GULF STEAMS... AMERICAN EA... HEIDMAR LIGH... SKAUGEN PET... CRESCENT TO... AMERICAN EA... ATLANTIC TRA... Reverse Accrusi Reverse Accrusi SKAUGEN PET... GULF STEAMS... TINA-8
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ANP Pariba...
BNP Pariba... -954,708.77 126,766.68 -44,800.00 -457,687.50 -183,665.04 -99,211.63 -15,750.24 -20,000.00 123,940.97 -125,208.33 -2,504.39 -2,504.39 -954,708.77 -827,942.11 -872,742.11 -1,330,429.61 -1,514,094.65 -1,612,306.28 -1,770,522.06 -1,786,272.30 -1,806,272.30 -1,807,539.68 -852,830.89 -852,830.89 -856,763.62 -860,763.62 11/30/2002 11/30/2002 12/17/2002 12/17/2002 1/8/2003 1/8/2003 1/9/2003 1/9/2003 2/6/2003 3/31/2003 3/31/2003 3/31/2003 3/31/2003 3/31/2003 3/31/2003 V-50197 Total Lightering Charges -860,763.62 -860,763.62 Total Cost of Sales -54.537,269,71 -54,537,269,71 Total Cost of Sales

Bank Service Charges

Check 11/14/2002

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Check 12/29/2002 PURCH PURCH PURCH PURCH BC BC UNITED NATIONS UNITED NATIONS UNITED NATIONS UNITED NATIONS BANK CHARGES BANK CHARGES BNP Pariba... BNP Pariba... BNP Pariba... BNP Pariba... BNP Pariba... TINA-8 TINA-8 TINA-8 TINA-8 TINA-8 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 -180.48 -100.27 -180.48 -100.27 -33.30 -585.00 -180.48 -280.75 -461.23 -561.50 -594.80 -1,179.80 Total Bank Service Charges -1,179.80 -1,179.80 Iotal Bank sovice:
Commissions
General Journal
11/21/2002 11/21/2002 11/21/2002 11/21/2002 11/21/2002 11/21/2002 11/2002 12/23/2002 12/23/2002 12/31/2002 -15,120.00 -15,120.00 -15,320.00 -15,320.00 -16,378.00 -16,128.00 -57,694.96 -33,051.76 -24,643.20 57,694.96 -15,120.00 -30,240.00 -45,560.00 -60,880.00 -77,258.00 -93,386.00 -151,080.96 -184,132.72 -208,775.92 -151,080.96 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 Hedge Gain... Hedge Gain... Hedge Gain... Hedge Gain... Hedge Gain... Accounts R... Hedge Gain... Hedge Gain... Freight TINA 8
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TINA 8 Je-C11-11 Je-C12-18 Total Commissions -151,080.98 -151,080.96 Total Commissions
Hedge Gain /(Loss)
General Journal
11/21/2002 11/21/2002 11/21/2002 11/21/2002 11/21/2002 11/21/2002 11/30/2002 12/23/2002 12/31/2002 5,151,320.00 -4,627,380.00 6,214,000.00 -5,992,000.00 4,934,960.00 -5,213,520.00 -1,872,360.00 -3,341,160.00 5,213,520.00 5,151,320.00 523,940.00 6,737,940.00 745,940.00 5,680,900.00 254,660.00 -4,958,860.00 -6,831,220.00 -4,958,660.00 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 V-50197 -SPLIT-Hedge Gain... -SPLIT-Hedge Gain... -SPLIT-Hedge Gain... -Accounts R... -SPLIT-TINA 8 TINA 8 Je-C11-11 Hedge Gain... Freight Total Hedge Gain /(Loss) -4,958,860.00 -4,958,860.00

-797,744.45

-797,744.45

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Bayoll Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

_	Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
	as Sales								
	Sales - Oil Produc								
	Seneral Journal	12/31/2002	Je-C12-15 REV	Accrual	M. Atlantic-5	V-50200	Accounts R	0.00	0.00
	Jeposit Jeposit	1/23/2003	REV	MORGAN CORP PHILLIPS 66	MATLANTIC-5 MATLANTIC-5	V-50200 V-50200	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	3,027,500.00 12,782,435.41	3,027,500.00 15,809,935.41
	Deposit	1/27/2003	REV	MARATHON	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	11,538,684,40	27,348,619,81
	Deposit	1/27/2003	REV	PHILLIPS 66	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	13,759,042.84	41,107,662.65
	Deposit	1/28/2003	REV	VALERO MARK	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	13,659,908.61	54,767,571.26
	Deposit Fotal Sales - Oil Pi	1/29/2003	REV	KOCH PETROL	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	13,863,145.41	68,630,716.67
	**	ooucis						68,630,716.67	68,630,716.67
	al Gross Sales at of Sales							68,630,716.67	68,630,716.67
	Broker Comm Theck	2/11/2003	1514	ECHO ENERGY	M. Atlantic-5	V-50200	Cash - Well	-620.00	-620.00
	heck	2/11/2003	1512	SYNTEXENERG	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	Cash - Well	-1,550.00	-2,170.00
	heck	3/13/2003	1520	ARC OIL, LLC	M.Atlantic-5/C3	V-50200	Cash - Well	840.00	-3,010.00
•	Check	3/26/2003	1522	SYNTEXENERG	M.Atlantic-5	V-50200	Cash - Well	-560.00	-3,570.00
	Fotal Broker Comr	n						-3,570.00	-3,570.00
	Secondary Chgs. Seneral Journal	11/30/2002	Je-C11-13	Accrual	M. Aliantic-5	V-50200	0	750 000 00	750 000 00
	Beneral Journal	12/31/2002	Je-C12-15	Accrual	M. ATLANTIC-5	V-50200 V-50200	Cargos in tr Cargos in tr	750,992.83 5,808,717.89	750,992.83 6,557,710.72
Č	Seneral Journal	12/31/2002	Je-C12-15	Reverse Accrual	M. Atlantic-5	V-50200	Cargos in tr	-750,992.83	5,806,717.89
•	Beneral Journal	3/31/2003	Je-C03-10	Reverse Accrual	M. Atlantic-5	V-50200	interest	-5,806,717.89	0.00
	Fotal Secondary C	-						0.00	0.00
	Demurrage & Lig								
	Deposit Deposit	3/12/2003 7/14/2003	DEM DEM	VALERO MARK MARATHON	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	104.17	104.17
	Deposit	7/17/2003	DEM	MARATHON	M.ATLANTIC-5 M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200 V-50200	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	40,965.38 27,253.31	41,069.55 88,322.86
,	Total Demurrage 1	2 Lighter					and turbun	68.322.86	68,322,86
	Crude Purchases							44,044	50,022.00
	Check	11/29/2002	FRGHT	FULBROOK TR	M.ATLANTIC-6	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-47,500.00	-47,500.00
9	Check Check	12/12/2002	WT PURCH	FULBROOK TR	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Panba	-62,978.06	-110,478.06
	Jneck Beneral Journal	12/1//2002	Je-C12-15	IMPEX-OIL CO Accrual	M.ATLANTIC-5 M. Atlantic-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-39,600.00	-150,078.06
	Seneral Journal	12/31/2002	Je-C12-15	Accrual	M. Atlantic-5	V-50200 V-50200	Cargos in tr Cargos in tr	58,873,124.64 -58,873,124.64	58,723,046.58 -150,078.06
	General Journal	3/31/2003	Je-C03-10	Reverse Accrual	M. Atlantic-5	V-50200	Interest	-58,873,124.64	-59,023,202.70
	Total Crude Purch	ases						-59,023,202.70	-59,023,202.70
	nterest								
	check Check	12/9/2002	LOAN LOAN	FIXED TERM A	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-426.88	-426.88
	Zheck	12/20/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5 M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200 V-50200	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	-1,266.54 -461.71	-1,693.42
Č	heck	12/30/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-1,033.25	-2,155.13 -3,188.38
	heck	12/31/2002	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-457.78	-3,646.16
	Check Seneral Journal	12/31/2002	LOAN JE-L12/9	FIXED TERM A UEB	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-1,072.57	-4,718.73
	Seneral Journal	12/31/2002	JE-L12/9	UEB	M.ATLANTIC-5 M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200 V-50200	Interest Interest	-147.30 -3,456.77	-4,866.03 -8.322.80
	Seneral Journal	12/31/2002	Je-C12-15	Accrual	M. Atlantic-5	V-50200	Cargos in tr	-270,000.00	-278,322.80
	Check	1/3/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-452.54	-278,775,34
	Check Check	1/3/2003	LOAN LOAN	FIXED TERM A FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5 M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-10,370.33	-289,145.67
	Check	1/6/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200 V-50200	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	-9,260.41 -5,825.00	-298,406.08 -304,231.08
	zheck .	1/7/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-3,147.09	-307,378.17
	heck	1/7/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-2,533.23	-309,911.40
	Check Check	1/8/2003	LOAN LOAN	FIXED TERM A FIXED TERM A	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-2,035,54	-311,946.94
	hack	1/9/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	MATLANTIC-5 MATLANTIC-5	V-50200 V-50200	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	-3,061.10 -3,078.30	-315,008.04 -318.086.34
(Zheck .	1/9/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	1,535,58	-319,621,92
	Check	1/10/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-60200	BNP Pariba	-1,569.10	-321,191.02
	Check Check	1/13/2003	LOAN LOAN	FIXED TERM A FIXED TERM A	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-4,626.84	-325,817.86
	heck	1/15/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	MATLANTIC-5 MATLANTIC-5	V-50200 V-50200	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	-1,555.69	-327,373.55
(heck	1/16/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-1,528.87 -1,575.81	-328,902.42 -330.478.23
	heck	1/17/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	MATLANTIC-6	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-32,055.62	-362,533.85
	theck theck	1/17/2003	LOAN LOAN	FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Partba	-1,548.99	-364,082.84
č	heck	1/23/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5 M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200 V-50200	BNP Pariba	-6,169.11	-370,251.95
(heck	1/23/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	-3,154.87 -24,248.08	-373,406.82 -397,654.90
	iheck iheck	1/24/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-849.98	-396,504.88
	neck beck	1/27/2003	LOAN LOAN	FIXED TERM A FIXED TERM A	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-11,934.78	-410,439.66
Ċ	heck	1/28/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	MATLANTIC-5 MATLANTIC-5	V-50200 V-50200	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	-2,495.23 -1,334.86	-412,934.89 -414,269.75
c	heck	1/28/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-1,334,86 -842.68	-414,269.75 -415,112.43

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Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Check	1/29/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-462.44	-415,574.87
Check	1/29/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-849.98	-416,424.85
Check	1/30/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-617.83	-417,042.68
General Journal	1/31/2003	JE-L1/1	UEB	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	Accounts P	147.30	-416,895.38
General Journal	1/31/2003	JE-L1/1	UEB	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	Accounts P	3,456.77	-413,438.61
Check	1/31/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-625.84	-414,064.45
Check	2/3/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	MATLANTIC-6	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-1,893.60	-415,958.05
Check Check	2/4/2003 2/5/2003	LOAN LOAN	FIXED TERM A FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200 V-50200	BNP Pariba	-631.19	416,589.24
Check	2/6/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5 M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200 V-50200	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	-623.17	-417,212.41
Check	2/7/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200 V-50200	BNP Pariba	-631,19	-417,843,60
Check	2/10/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200 V-50200	BNP Pariba	-633.87 -1.869.53	-418,477.47 -420.347.00
Check	2/12/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-1,267,75	-420,347.00 -421,614.75
Check	2/14/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-1,262,40	422,877,15
Check	2/18/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-2,535,50	-425,412.66
Check	2/19/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-2,535.50 -663.29	-425,412,66 -426,075,94
Check	2/20/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-636.55	426,712.49
Check	2/21/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-495.83	-427,208.32
Check	3/31/2003	INT	INTEREST CHA	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-1,202.68	428,411.00
General Journal	3/31/2003	Je-C03-10	Reverse Accrual	M. Atlantic-5	V-50200	-SPLIT-	270,000.00	-158,411.00
General Journal	3/31/2003	INT	BNP	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	Foward Co	-30.31	-158,441.31
Total Interest	0000	•••	214	MINIENTE TOO	1-50200	i onaio co	-158.441.31	-158,441,31
Inspection							-100,441.01	100,441.01
Check .	2/5/2003	INSP	SAYBOLT	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-2,427.73	-2,427.73
Check	2/20/2003	INSP	ITS CALEB BRE	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-7,963.55	-10,391,28
Check	3/26/2003	INSP	OIL INSPECTIO	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-14,488,42	-24,879.70
General Journal	3/31/2003	Je-C03-10	Reverse Accrual	M. Atlantic-5	V-50200	Interest	-13,800.00	-38,679.70
Check	4/11/2003	INSP	OIL IMS USA LLC	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-17,987.00	-56,666.70
Check	4/11/2003	INSP	OIL IMS USA LLC	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	90.50	-56,576.20
General Journal	4/30/2003	Je-C04-18	Reverse Accrual	M. Atlantic-5	V-50200	-SPLIT-	13,800.00	-42,776.20
Total Inspection							-42,776.20	-42,776.20
Insurance								
General Journal	12/31/2002	Je-C12-15	Accrual	M. Atlantic-5	V-50200	Cargos in tr	-46,000.00	-48,000.00
Check	2/11/2003	INS	CRAIG FERGUS	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-31,899.48	-77,899.46
Check	3/26/2003	INS	CRAIG FERGUS	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-5,425.78	-83,325.24
General Journal	3/31/2003	Je-C03-10	Reverse Accrual	M. Atlantic-5	V-50200	Interest	32,500.00	-50,825.24
General Journal	4/30/2003	Je-C04-18	Reverse Accrual	M. Atlantic-5	V-50200	Inspection	13,500.00	-37,325.24
Total insurance							-37,325.24	-37,325.24
General Journal	11/30/2002	JE-L11/01		M AT ANTO 5	11.50000	COLIT		
General Journal	11/30/2002	JE-L11/01		M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	-SPLIT-	-15,384.75	-15,384.75
General Journal	1/9/2003	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	M.ATLANTIC-5 M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200 V-50200	L/C Charges Foward Co	-44,474.78	-59,859.53
General Journal	1/9/2003	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200 V-50200		-19,944.65	-79,804.18
General Journal	3/31/2003	Je-C03-10	Reverse Accrual	M. Atlantic-5	V-50200	Foward Co	-55,642.60	-135,446.78
Total L/C Charge		30-000-10	Neverse Accidat	M. Allei Ric-5	V-5020Q	anterest	59,859.53	-75,587.25
Freight	•						-75,587.25	-75,587.25
Check	11/22/2002	FRGHT	MARINE ATLAN	M.ATLANTIC-6	V-50200	BNP Pariba		
Check	12/5/2002	FRGHT	MARINE ATLAN	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-843,500.00 -1,380,621,75	-643,500.00
Check	12/17/2002	FRGHT	THE KANOO G	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba		-2,024,021.76
Check	12/24/2002	FRGHT	MARINE ATLAN	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-47,500.00 -643,500.00	-2,071,521.78
Check	12/24/2002	FRGHT	MARINE ATLAN	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-163,500,00	-2,715,021.75 -2,878,521.75
General Journal	12/31/2002	Je-C12-15	Acenual	M. Atlantic-5	V-50200	Cargos in tr	-1,781,728.65	-4,660,250.40
Check	1/6/2003	FRGHT	FAL ENERGY C	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-1,186,512.03	-5,846,762.43
Check	2/5/2003	FRGHT	MARINE ATLAN	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-562,436,87	6,409,199.30
Check	2/5/2003	FRGHT	MARINE ATLAN	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	594,006.75	-5,815,192.5
Check	2/5/2003	FRGHT	MARINE ATLAN	M.ATLANTIC-6	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-263,900.00	6,079,092.5
Check	2/26/2003	FRGHT	MARINE ATLAN	M.ATLANTIC-5,	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-349,386.50	-6,428,479,05
Check	3/26/2003	FRGHT	THE KANOO G	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-2,012.04	-6,430,491.09
Check	3/26/2003	FRGHT	THE KANOO G	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	214.68	-6,430,276.41
Check	3/26/2003	FRGHT	THE KANOO G	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-845.88	-6,431,122.29
General Journal	3/31/2003	Je-C03-10	Reverse Accrual	M. Atlantic-5	V-50200	interest	1,781,728.65	4.649.393.64
Check	5/20/2003	FRGHT	OBC SHIPPING	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-4,014.50	-4,653,408.14
Total Freight							-4,653,408.14	-4,653,408.14
							7,000,700,74	7,000,700,1

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Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Finance Charges								
Check	11/22/2002	FRGHT	MARINE ATLAN	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-23.64	-23.64
Check	11/29/2002	FRGHT	FULBROOK TR	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Paribs	-23.28	-46.92
General Journal	11/30/2002	JE-L11/01		MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	L/C Charges	-86.38	-133.30
Check	12/5/2002	FRGHT	MARINE ATLAN	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-23.52	-156.82
Check	12/12/2002	WT	FULBROOK TR	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	8NP Pariba	-23.80	-180.62
Check	12/17/2002	FRGHT	THE KANOO G	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-24,25	-204.88
Check	12/17/2002	PURCH	IMPEX-OIL CO	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-24.24	-229.12
Check	12/24/2002	FRGHT	MARINE ATLAN	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-24.41	-253.53
Check	12/30/2002	BC	BANK CHARGES	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-56.57	-310.10
General Journal	12/31/2002	Je-C12-15	Accrual	M. Atlantic-5	V-50200	Cargos In tr	50,000.00	-50,310.10
Check	1/6/2003	BC	BANK CHARGES	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-34.95	-50,345.05
Check	1/6/2003	FRGHT	FAL ENERGY C	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-24.93	-50,369.98
Check General Journal	1/7/2003	BC PUBCH	BANK CHARGES	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Panba	-131.41	-50,501.39
General Journal	1/9/2003	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS UNITED NATIONS	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	Foward Co	-12,764.58	-63,265.97
General Journal	1/9/2003	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	Foward Co Foward Co	-268.10	63,534.07
General Journal	1/9/2003	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	M.ATLANTIC-5 M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200 V-50200	Foward Co	-35,611.26 -268.10	-99,145.33 -99,413.43
Check	1/14/2003	BC	BANK CHARGES	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200 V-50200	BNP Pariba	-62.10	-99,475.53
Check	1/15/2003	BC	BANK CHARGES	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-585.00	-100,060.53
Check	1/21/2003	BC	BANK CHARGES	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-585.00	-100,845.53
Check	1/22/2003	BC	BANK CHARGES	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-585.00	-101,230.53
Check	1/22/2003	BC	BANK CHARGES	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-585.00	-101,815.53
Check	1/22/2003	8C	BANK CHARGES	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-585.00	-102,400.53
Check	2/5/2003	FRGHT	MARINE ATLAN	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-25.80	-102,426,33
Check	2/5/2003	INSP	SAYBOLT	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-40.80	-102,467,13
Check	2/5/2003	LGHT	HEIDMAR LIGH	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-40.80	-102,507.93
Check	2/13/2003	FIN	MARINE ATLAN	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-136.78	-102,644.71
Check	2/20/2003	INSP	ITS CALEB BRE	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-40,37	-102,685.08
Check	2/26/2003	FRGHT	MARINE ATLAN	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-25.57	-102,710.65
Check	3/6/2003	BC	BANK CHARGES	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-135.69	-102,846.34
Check	3/6/2003	BC	BANK CHARGES	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-11.07	-102,857.41
General Journal	3/31/2003	Je-C03-10	Reverse Accruai	M. Atlantic-5	V-50200	Interest	50,000.00	-52,857.41
Check	4/1/2003	ight	AMERICAN EA	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-25.63	-52,883.04
Check	4/11/2003	INSP	OIL IMS USA LLC	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-40.42	-52,923.46
Check	6/26/2003	FIN	BNP	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-65.00	-52,988.46
Check	6/26/2003	FIN	BNP	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Parlba	-65.00	-53,053.46
Check	6/26/2003	FIN	BNP	M.ATLANTIC-6	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-65.00	-53,118.46
Check	6/26/2003	FIN	8NP	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-65.00	-53,183.46
Check	6/26/2003	FIN	8NP	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-65.00	-53,248.46
Check	6/26/2003	FIN	BNP	MATLANTIC-6	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-65.00	-53,313.46
Check	7/23/2003	LGHT	HEIDMAR LIGH	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-40.56	-53,354.02
Total Finance Cha	•						-53,354.02	-53,354.02
Lightering Charg								
General Journal	12/31/2002	Je-C12-15	Accrual	M. Atlantic-5	V-50200	Cargos in tr	-634,401.78	-634,401.78
General Journal	12/31/2002	Je-C12-15	Accrual	M. Atlantic-5	V-50200	Cargos in tr	72,503.78	-561,898.00
Check	7/23/2003	LGHT	HEIDMAR LIGH	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-4,282.96	-566,180.96
Check	7/23/2003	LGHT	HEIDMAR LIGH	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-22,970.35	-589,151.31
General Journal Total Lightering Ch	7/31/2003	Je-C07-13	Reverse Accrual	M. Atlantic-5	V-50200	Estimated C	-72,503.78 -661,655.09	-661,655.09 -661,655.09
	ren Sea a							
otal Cost of Sales ank Service Charo							-64,640,997.09	-64,640,997.09
		PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	M.ATLANTIC-5	V-50200	Foward Co	-315,99	-315.99
General Journal General Journal	1/9/2003	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	MARINE ATLA	V-50200	Foward Co	-315,99	-631,98
Check	1/27/2003	BC	BANK CHARGES	MATLANTIC-5	V-50200	BNP Pariba	-585.00	-1,216.98
otal Bank Service C		50	DATE OF FIGURE	MATERIAL TO-S	V-30200	Ditt Famoa	-1,216,98	-1,216.98
ommissions								
General Journal	12/31/2002	Je-C12-15	Accrual	M. Atlantic-5	V-60200	Cargos in tr	-29,174.00	-29,174.00
General Journal	1/23/2003	30-012-13	ACCIDAN	MARINE ATLA	V-50200	Hedge Gain	-25,150.00	-54,324.00
General Journal	1/23/2003			MARINE ATLA	V-50200	Hedge Gain	-4,024.00	-58,348.00
General Journal	3/31/2003	Je-C03-10	Reverse Accrual	M. Atlantic-5	V-50200	Interest	29,174.00	-29,174.00
otal Commissions	3/3/1/2003	30-000-10	Have se Accide	IV. Asianuc-o	¥-50200	a ital ear	-29,174.00	-29,174.00
ventory Gain/Loss								
General Journal	12/31/2002	Je-C12-15	Accrual	M. Atlantic-5	V-50200	Cargos in tr	3,950,873.14	3,950,873,14
General Journal	3/31/2003	Je-C03-10	Reverse Accruai	M. Atlantic-5	V-50200	Interest	-3,950,873.14	0.00
otal inventory Gair/	Loss						0.00	0.00

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Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Cinss	Split	Amount	Balance
Hedge Gein /(Loss) General Journal General Journal General Journal General Journal	12/31/2002 1/23/2003 1/23/2003 3/31/2003	Je-C12-15 Je-C03-10	Accrual Reverse Accrual	M. Atlantic-5 MARINE ATLA MARINE ATLA M. Atlantic-5	V-50200 V-50200 V-50200 V-50200	Cargos in trSPLIT- Hedge Gain Interest	-3,496,100.00 -2,470,150.00 -1,025,950.00 3,496,100.00	-3,496,100.00 -5,966,250.00 -6,992,200.00 -3,496,100.00
Total Hedge Gain /(L	oss) .						-3,496,100.00	-3,496,100.00
TOTAL							463,228.60	463,228.60

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Bayoli Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

V-50302 DORSET-Z

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Spilt	Amount	Balance
es Sales								
Sales - Oil Produ								
Deposit	2/18/2003	REV	LYONDELL	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	16,430,900.16	16,430,900
Deposit Deposit	2/18/2003 2/18/2003	REV REV	KOCH PETROL	DORSET-2 DORSET-2	V-50202 V-50202	BNP Pariba	16,716,455.15	33,147,355.
reposit Total Sales - Oil P		MEY	Valero Energy F	DOHSE1-2	V-50202	BNP Panba	17,464,076.09	50,611,431
TOTAL SAIGS - OR P	roducis					_	50,611,431.40	50,611,431
al Gross Sales							50,611,431.40	50,611,431
st of Sales Broker Comm								
Check	1/15/2003	COM	LONE STAR R	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Panba	-6,187.50	-6.187
Check	1/15/2003	COM	LONE STAR R	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-5,989.50	-12,177
Check	1/15/2003	COM	LONE STAR R	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-700.00	-12,877
Check	3/27/2003	1524	Link Crude Reso	Dorset-2	V-50202	Cash - Well	-560.00	-13,437
Check	4/23/2003	COMM	LONE STAR R	DORSET-2	V-50202	Cash - CAI	-6,187.50	-19,624
Total Broker Com	m					-	-19,624.50	-19,624
Secondary Chgs								
General Journal	12/31/2002	Je-C12-14	Accrual	Dorset-2	V-50202	Crude Purc	-2,508,910.60	-2,508,910
General Journal	12/31/2002	Je-C12-14	Accrual	Dorset-2	V-50202	Crude Purc	3,385,699.60	876,789
General Journal	3/31/2003	Je-C03-11	Reverse Accruai	DORSET-2	V-50202	Estimated C	2,508,910.60	3,385,69
Beneral Journal	3/31/2003	Je-C03-11	Reverse Accrual	DORSET-2	V-50202	Estimated C	-3,385,699.60	
Total Secondary (-						0.00	(
Exchange galn/k Check	1/16/2003	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-15,299.83	-15,299
Total Exchange o			***************************************				-15,299.83	-15,299
Crude Purchase							,	
General Journal	12/31/2002	Je-C12-14	Accrual	Dorset-2	V-50202	-SPLIT-	-40,517,341.24	-40,517,34
General Journal	12/31/2002	Je-C12-14	Accrual	Dorset-2	V-50202	Crude Purc	40,517,341.24	
Check	1/10/2003	PURCH	IMPEX-OIL CO	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-62,263.56	-62,26
Check	1/14/2003	PURCH	FULBROOK TR	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-36,000.00	-98,26
Check	1/16/2003	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	DORSET-2/AL	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-14,844,000.00	-14,942,26
Check	1/16/2003	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	DORSET-2/IM	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-25,673,341.24	-40,615,60
General Journal	3/31/2003	Je-C03-11	Reverse Accrual	DORSET-2	V-50202	Estimated C	40,517,341.24	-98,26
General Journal	3/31/2003	Je-C03-11	Reverse Accrual	DORSET-2	V-50202	Estimated C	-40,517,341.24	40,615,60
Total Crude Purch	nases						-40,615,604,80	-40,615,60
interest General Journal	12/31/2002	JE-L12/9	UEB	DORSET-2	V-50202	Interest	-848.70	-84
Check	1/6/2003	ioan	FIXED TERM A	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-1,131.75	-1,98
Check	1/16/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Parlba	-545.01	-2,52
Check	1/23/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-513.58	-3,03
Check	1/24/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Partoa	-268.42	-3.30
Check	1/27/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-787.97	-4.09
Check	1/28/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-266.12	-4.36
Check	1/29/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	DORSET-2	V-60202	BNP Pariba	-268.42	-4.62
Check	1/30/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-264.78	-4,89
General Journal	1/31/2003	JE-L1/1	UEB	DORSET-2	V-50202	Accounts P	848.70	-4,04
Check	1/31/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-268.23	-4,31
Check	2/3/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-811.55	-5,12
Check	2/4/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-270.52	-5,39
Check	2/5/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-267.08	-5,66
Check	2/6/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-270.52	-5,93
Check	2/7/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Parlba	-271.66	-6,20
Check	2/10/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Panba	-801.23	-7.00
Check	2/10/2003	LOAN .	FIXED TERM A	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Panba	-68,326.25	-75,33
Check	2/12/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Parlba	-543.33	-75,87
Check	2/14/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-541.04	-76,41
Check	2/18/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-287.69	-76,70
Check	2/18/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-1,086.65	-77,79
Check	2/16/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-22,180.01	-99,97
Check	2/19/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-284.27 -272.81	-100,25 -100,52
Check	2/20/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba		
Total Interest							-100,528.89	-100,52
Inspection	3/31/2003	Je-C03-11	Reverse Accrual	DORSET-2	V-50202	Estimated C	-55,584,32	-55.58
Inspection General Journal	3/31/2003	Je-C03-11 Je-C04-17	Reverse Accrual Accrual	DORSET-2 Dorset-2	V-50202 V-50202	Estimated C Estimated C	-55,584.32 -9,200.00	
Inspection	3/31/2003 4/30/2003 7/31/2003	Je-C03-11 Je-C04-17 Je-C07-12	Reverse Accrual Accrual Reverse Accrual	DORSET-2 Dorset-2 Dorset-2	V-50202 V-50202 V-50202	Estimated C Estimated C Estimated C	-55,584.32 -9,200.00 24,525.30	-55,58 -64,78 -40,25

9:31 AM 07/19/04

Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
neurance								
Check Check	2/11/2003 4/28/2003	INS INS	CRAIG FERGUS CRAIG FERGUS	DORSET-2 DORSET-2	V-60202	BNP Pariba	-26,564.57	-28,564.5
Total Insurance	W2012003	840	Chaig FERGUS	DONSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-3,938.41	-30,502.9
							-30,502.98	-30,502.9
JC Charges ieneral Journal	12/31/2002	JE-L12/07	BNP	Dorset-2/impexoil	V-50202	-SPLIT-	-25,302.68	-25,302.6
ieneral Journal	12/31/2002	JE-L12/07	BNP	dorset-2/Alfa-eco	V-50202	L/C Charges	-15,206.53	-40,509.2
Check	1/16/2003	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	DORSET-2/AL	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-2,730.98	-43,240.1
heck	1/16/2003	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	DORSET-2/IM	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-5,762.00	49,002.1
Total L/C Charges	3					-	-49,002.19	-49,002.1
reight		****						
Check	12/16/2002	FRGHT	KETTON MARIT	DORSET-2/1S	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-834,885.62	-834,885.6
heck heck	1/10/2003		KETTON MARIT	DORSET-2/2N	V-50202	BNP Panba	-460,017.64	-1,294,903.2
heck	1/10/2003	FRGHT FRGHT	FAL ENERGY C FAL ENERGY C	DORSET-2/BU DORSET-2	V-50202 V-50202	BNP Pariba	-4,563.00	1,299,466.2
neck Deck	1/21/2003	FRGHT	FAL ENERGY C	DORSET-2	V-50202 V-60202	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	-54,990.00	1,354,456.2
heck	2/11/2003	FRGHT	KETTON MARIT	DORSET-2/3R	V-50202 V-50202	BNP Pariba	-600,018.00 -476,437.50	-1,954,474.2 -2,430,911.7
heck	2/11/2003	FRGHT	KETTON MARIT	DORSET-2/ROB	V-50202	BNP Pariba	90,750.00	-2,340,161,7
Check	2/11/2003	FRGHT	KETTON MARIT	DORSET-2/OPA	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-5,976.90	-2,346,138.6
zheck	2/12/2003	INSP	OBC SHIPPING	DORSET-2/PE	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-3,800.00	-2,349,938.6
heck	3/10/2003	FRGHT	KRISTENSONS	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-54,850.00	-2,404,788.6
heck	3/26/2003	FRGHT	THE KANOO G	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-538.18	-2,405,326.8
>heck	3/27/2003	FRGHT	PENNISULA PE	DORSET-2/BU	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-538,375.00	2,943,701.8
zheck	3/27/2003	FRGHT	PENNISULA PE	DORSET-2/BU	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-63,548.55	-3,007,250.3
Seneral Journal	3/31/2003	Je-C03-11	Reverse Accrual	DORSET-2	V-50202	Estimated C	762,487.00	-2,244,763.3
Check	4/15/2003	FAGHT	KETTON MARIT	DORSET-2/TV	V-50202	Cash - CAI	5,019.30	-2,239,744.0
zheck	5/20/2003	FRGHT	BARWIL AGEN	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-2,464.00	2,242,208
heck	6/11/2003	FRGHT	OBC SHIPPING	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	550.00	-2,241,658
heck	9/15/2003	FRGHT	SGS CSI	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-472.00	-2,242,130
heck	9/15/2003	FRGHT	SGS CSI	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-472.00	2,242,602
Total Freight						•	-2,242,602.09	-2,242,602.0
Finance Charge:								
Check	12/16/2002	FRGHT	KETTON MARIT	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-23.97	-23.9
Check	12/17/2002	BC	BANK CHARGES	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-176.64	-200.
Check	12/17/2002	BC	BANK CHARGES	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-176.64	-377.
Seneral Journal	12/31/2002	JE-L12/07	BNP	Dorset-2/impexoli	V-50202	L/C Charges	-84.11	-461.
Beneral Journal	12/31/2002	JE-L12/07	BNP	Dorset-2/Alfa-eco	V-50202	L/C Charges	-84.11	-545.
Zheck	1/10/2003	PURCH	IMPEX-OIL CO	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-24.95	-570.
Check	1/10/2003	FRGHT	KETTON MARIT	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-24.95	-595.
Check	1/10/2003	FRGHT	FAL ENERGY C	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Panba	-24.95	-620.
Check	1/14/2003	PURCH	FULBROOK TR	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-25.07	-645.
Zheck	1/15/2003	COM	LONE STAR R	DORSET-2	V-50202 V-50202	BNP Panba	-39.91 -11,879.68	-685 -12,564
Check	1/16/2003	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS UNITED NATIONS	DORSET-2/AL DORSET-2/IM	V-50202	BNP Pariba BNP Pariba	-20.548.42	-33,111.
Check Check	1/16/2003	BC BC	BANK CHARGES	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-20,546.42 -62.68	-33,174
		BC BC	BANK CHARGES	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-35.24	-33,209
Check	1/21/2003	FRGHT	FAL ENERGY C	DORSET-2	V-50202 V-50202	BNP Pariba	-35.24 -25.29	-33,234
Zheck Zheck	1/21/2003	FRGHT	KETTON MARIT	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-25.30	-33,259
Jheck Check	2/12/2003	INSP	OBC SHIPPING	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-40.42	-33,300
zneck Zheck	2/14/2003	FIN	KOCH PETROL	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Panba	-585.00	-33,885
Zheck	2/14/2003	FIN	LYONDELL	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-585.00	-34,470
Zheck	2/17/2003	FIN	Valero Energy F	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-685.00	-35,055
Check	3/6/2003	BC	BANK CHARGES	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-11.07	-35,066
Check	3/6/2003	BC	BANK CHARGES	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-11.07	-35,077
Check	3/10/2003	FRGHT	KRISTENSONS	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-41.02	-35,118
Zheck	3/26/2003	LGHT	HEIDMAR LIGH	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-40.02	-35,158
Check	3/27/2003	FRGHT	PENNISULA PE	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Parlba	-75.48	-35,233
Check	3/27/2003	LGHT	AMERICAN EA	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-25.11	-35,259
Check	7/2/2003	FIN	BNP	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-60.00	35,319
Check	7/2/2003	FIN	BNP	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-60.00	-35,379
Total Finance Ch							-35,379.10	-35,379
Lightering Char								
Check	3/26/2003	LGHT	HEIDMAR LIGH	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-165,343.78	-165,343
Check	3/27/2003	LGHT	AMERICAN EA	DORSET-2/GE	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-174,999.99	-340,343
Check	3/27/2003	LGHT	AMERICAN EA	DORSET-2/EA	V-50202	BNP Parlba	-184,300.00	-524,643
Check	7/23/2003	LGHT	HEIDMAR LIGH	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-183.75	-524,827
Check	7/29/2003	LGHT	AMERICAN EA	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-2,150.00	-526,977
Check	7/29/2003	LGHT	AMERICAN EA	DORSET-2	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-1,915.63	-528,893
Total Lightening	Charges						-628,893.15	-528,893
al Cost of Sales							-43,677,696.55	-43,677,696

Page 2

9:31 AM 07/19/04 Agen: J Basia

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Bank Service Charg								
Check	1/16/2003	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	DORSET-2/AL	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-311,43	-311.43
Check	1/16/2003	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	DORSET-2/IM	V-50202	BNP Pariba	-311.43	-622.86
Total Bank Service C	harges						-622.86	-622.86
Commissions								
General Journal	12/31/2002	Je-C12-14	Accrual	Dorset-2	V-50202	Crude Purc	-16,468.22	-16,468.22
General Journal	2/18/2003			DORSET-2	V-50202	Hedge Gain	-16.468.22	-32,936,44
General Journal	3/31/2003	Je-C03-11	Reverse Accrual	DORSET-2	V-50202	Estimated C	16,468.22	-16,468.22
Total Commissions							-16,468.22	-16,468.22
Inventory Gain/Loss	•							
General Journal	12/31/2002	Je-C12-14	Accrual	Dorset-2	V-50202	Crude Purc	6,708,390,26	6,708,390.26
General Journal	3/31/2003	Je-C03-11	Reverse Accrual	DORSET-2	V-50202	Estimated C	-6,708,390.26	0.00
Total Inventory Gain/	Loss						0.00	0.00
Hedge Gain /(Loss)								
General Journal	12/31/2002	Je-C12-14	Accrual	Dorset-2	V-50202	Crude Purc	-5,323,228.22	-5,323,228.22
General Journal	2/18/2003			DORSET-2	V-50202	-SPLIT-	-5,306,760,00	-10,629,988.22
General Journal	3/31/2003	Je-C03-11	Reverse Accrual	DORSET-2	V-50202	Estimated C	5,323,228.22	-5,306,760.00
Total Hedge Gain /(L	oss)						-5,306,760.00	-5,306,760.00
Interest Income								
Deposit	2/7/2003	INT	INTEREST INC	DORSET	V-50202	490/Parlbas	11,302.58	11,302.56
Total Interest Income	1						11,302.58	11,302.58
OTAL							1,621,186.35	4 624 486 21
UIAL							1,021,106.33	1,621,186.3

تقريخ ووفث التفرير	
T 6/- 7/11 **	
1:-0:ET AM	

1	. z.	كثف بمبالة الإسترجاع المستحقة والمستدة لكافة المراحل حسب الشركة	2 handest o hanted	، بمبائغ الاسترجا	كثنف		
	•	•	ָ װִלָּיָ װִלָּיִ	· 气: 3		J	عمولان
معان مهاخ الاسترجاج(تو لا أبو ميل)	قميلغ قمنطي/بولا	المبلغ المسدد/بولار	البالغ الستحق/بولار	الكمية / برميل	رقم العسقد	المشتري	वि.
0.23	763,785.30	0.00	763,785.30	5,091,902	M/11/05	RUSSIAN ENGINERERING COMPANY	11
0.15	75,000.00	0.00	75,000.00	200,000	M/11/05,M/12/ 17	RUSSIAN ENGINERERING COMPANY	12
0.30	-376.00	775,000.00	774,624.00	2,582,080	M/11/05+M/11 /07	RUSSIAN ENGINERERING COMPANY	=
0.10	203,789.00	0.00	203,789.00	2,037,893	M/08/07	SAMIR	₩
0.10	-0.40	97,103.40	97,103.00	971,034	M/08/74	SETA	80
0:30	30.00	292,470.00	292,500.00	975,000	M/09/66	SETA	97
0.25	33.75	250,734.50	250,768.25	1,003,073	M/10/37	SETA	10
0.25	9.50	228,948.00	228,957.50	915,830	M/09/30	SHAHER	6
0.30	-9.50	403,343.90	403,334.40	1,344,448	M/11/16	SHAHER	==
0.25	-36.00	251,419.75	251,383.75	1,005,535	M/11/08	SHANFARI GROUB	11
0.15	290,252.55	0.00	290,252,55	1,935,017	M/11/105+/12 /31	SIBERIAN	77
0.10	0.00	580,472.00	580,472.00	5,804,737	M/08/12	SINOCHEM	80
0.25	00:00	641,005.00	641,005.00	2,564,020	M/09/84	STWOCHEM	6
0.28	00.00	1,683,459.70	1,683,459.70	6,119,227	M/10/44	SINOCHEM	10
0.25	-0.01	1,020,642.26	1,020,642.25	4,082,569	M/11/02	SINOCHEM	11
0.15	81,248.80	1,170,573.35	1,251,822.15	8,345,481	M/12/38	SINOCHEM	12
0.10	00:00	252,551.00	252,551.00	2,525,518	M/08/26	SLAVNEFT	80
0.29	331.15	1,518,449.00	1,518,780.15	5,237,046	M/09/59	SLAWRET	6
0.28	4,695.25	1,638,000.00	1,642,695.25	5,809,156	M/10/27	SLAVNEFT	9
0,28	1,097,412.80	0.00	1,097,412.80	3,972,048	M/11/103	SLAVNEFT	11
0.10	398,592.00	0.00	398,592.00	3,985,924	M/08/09	SOCAP	∞
0.10	387,820.00	0.00	387,820.00	3,878,221	M/08/06	SONATRACH	8

OT ::

ΦΑΚC NO. :

ЯНВ. 17 2000 01:56 СТР2

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

NO. M/13/33

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 154

or ::

FROM : SOMD*BAGHDAD*****

TAKC NO. :

9HB. 17 2000 01:56 CTP3

PHONE NO. : 964 1 8853 925

Dec. 12 2002 12:02PM P5

Contract between State Oil Marketing Organization (SOMO) (hereinafter called SIELLER) of the one part STATE ENTERPRISE FOREIGN ECONOMIC ASSOCIATION MACHINGIMPORT - MOSCOW (hereinafter called BUYER) of the other part.

Whereby it is agreed as follows :-

SECTION ONE

Wherever the General Provisions of Section Two, attached and herein incorporated in this Contract, are at variance or in conflict with this Section One, the provisions of Section One shall govern.

ARTICLE ONE

DEFINITIONS

As used in this Contract, unless otherwise provided, the following words and terms shall have the following meanings:-

Barrel means forty-two (42) U.S. Gallons at sixty degrees

(60') Fahrenheit and at normal atmospheric pressure.

means a period of twenty-four (24) running hours Day

Commencing at 00.01 hours local time at the port

of loading.

Barrel per

Day (B/d)

means the average number of barrels of crude oil supplied during a calendar day as defined above.

means "Free on Board" as referred to in the ICC

Incoterins 1990.

Dollar (\$)

F.OB.

The currency of the United States of America.

Euro The currency of the European Union

means Gregorian Calendar month commencing Month

at 00.01 hours local time at the port of loading

on first day of the month.

Quarter

means a period of three (3) consecutive months Beginning on a 1st January or a 1st April or a 1st July or a 1st October.

ARTICLE TWO

PERIOD:

- Subject to Article Eight below, this Contract shall become effective on the 17TH day of December, 2002, and shall continue thereafter until the 2nd day of June, 2003, unless renewed by mutual agreement.
- The ultimate consumer of the crude oil sold under this Contract shall be EUROPE AND/OR U.S.
- Any change in the destination is subject to the prior approval of Seller.

ARTICLE THREE

QUANTITY AND QUALITY:

 SELLER undertakes to sell and deliver FOB and BUYER undertakes to purchase, receive and pay for the following:-

Type of Crude

Quantity

Port of Loading

BASRAH LIGHT

350,000 BBLS

ALBAKR

- The quality of the crude oil shall be the standard export quality available at the port of loading from time to time.
- Quantities shall represent contracted quantities or number of barrels per day contracted multiplied by the number of days of the relevant period stipulated in sub Article 2.1
- Quantities shall be lifted as evenly as possible over the course of such delivery period in lots of approximate barrels and as will be agreed between BUYER and SELLER.
- 5. Quantities lifted under allowed operational vessel slippage shall be deemed as part of the contracted quantities of the period.



or :

FROM : SOMO*BAGHDAD*****

WAKE NO. :

9HB. 17 2000 01:57 CTPS Dec. 12 2002 12:03PM P8

PHONE NO. : 964 1 8853 925

6. In case when SELLER, for reasons technical or otherwise that are beyond his control, is unable to meet his full contractual commitments, SELLER shall have the right to reduce the contracted quantities for the duration of the period when such circumstances shall prevail. SELLER shall advise BUYER as soon as possible before the beginning of any period during which supplies to all buyers are to be reduced.

 In no event shall any loading start beyond the 2nd of June, 2003, unless the Security Council has authorized sales beyond that date.

Jos

OF :

ΦAKC NO. :

ЯНВ. 17 2000 01:58 СТР6

FROM : SOMO*BAGHDAD*****

PHONE NO. : 964 1 8853 925

Dec, 12 2002 12:04PM P9

ARTICLE FOUR

PRICE:

 The price(s) of the crude oil to be delivered under this contract shall be as follows:-

TYPE OF CRUDE

API

PORT OF LOADING

BASRAH LIGHT KIRKUK 34,00 36,00 ALBAKR CEYHAN

Price Mechanism in EURO per Barrel FOB

Price shall be the standard SOMO price as agreed upon between SOMO and the United Nations from time to time.

John

OT:

FROM : SOMO*8AGHDAD*****

ΦΑΚC NO. :

ЯНВ. 17 2000 01:58 CTP?

PHONE NO. : 964 1 8853 925

Dec. 12 2002 12:04PM P10

ARTICLE FIVE

REOPENER:

Each party shall have the right not later the 15th day of any month to request a review of the pricing mechanism of this Contract.

If following a request for a review, the parties are unable to agree within a period of ten (10) days from the date upon which such request was made, either party may elect to terminate this Contract by serving written notice of phase-out to the other party and termination shall be effective at the end of the month following the month during which the notice of termination has been received.

But if the parties are able to agree within the above mentioned ten (10) days period, any agreed upon adjustment to the pricing mechanism shall be subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.

However, of such approval has not been granted by the 661 Committee, this Contract shall be considered as terminated as of the end of the month following the month during which the above mentioned ten (10) days period ends unless the parties agree otherwise.

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In case of Contract termination under any of the above mentioned events, this Contract shall remain in full force and effect at the pricing mechanism applicable in accordance with this Contract terms and conditions up to the effective date of termination and such termination shall not affect the parties' rights and obligations therefrom, unless the parties agree otherwise during the period prior to the effective date of termination.

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OT ':

FROM : SOMO*BAGHDAD*****

ΦΑΚC NO. :

9HB. 17 2000 01:59 CTPS

Dec. 12 2002 12:05PM P11

ARTICLE SIX

PHONE NO. : 964 1 8853 925

PAYMENT:

BUYER shall establish in respect of each shipment lifted under this
Contract an irrevocable documentary letter of credit issued by a
bank acceptable to Banque Nationale de Paris, S.A. ("BNP")for
confirmation, in the form set out in Appendix I hereof.

In all cases, the Letter of Credit shall be established, confirmed and accepted at least seven (7) days prior to loading date.

- 2. BUYER irrevocably undertakes that payment for each cargo of crude oil lifted shall be made out of the proceeds of the confirmed Letter of Credit directly to United Nations Iraq Account Euro sub account account number 0200-201752-002-05 established by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, pursuant to paragraph 7 of SCR 986, at BNP (New York Branch) (hereinafter "United Nations Iraq Account Euro sub Account"), upon presentation to BNP of the documents required by the Letter of Credit, including but not limited to the Commercial Invoice and the Bill of Lading.
- All charges within Iraq are for SELLER, whereas all charges outside Iraq are to be borne by BUYER.
- Unless otherwise provided herein, payment shall be made not later than thirty (30) days from B/L date, in same date funds.

If payment falls due on a Saturday or Bank holiday other than Monday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on the last preceding banking day. If payment falls due on a Sunday or a Monday Bank holiday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on the next succeeding banking day.

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or : FROM : SOMO*BAGHDAD**** BAKC NO. :

ЯНВ. 17 2000 01:59 CTP9

PHONE NO. : 964 1 8853 925

Dec. 12 2002 12:05PM P12

ARTICLE SEVEN

SOMO STANDARD DOCUMENTATION:

Bill of Lading	9 (3 orig. & 6 copies)
Certificate of Origin	4
Certificate of Quality and Quantity	4
Loading Time Sheet	4
Ullage Report	4
Master's Receipt for Samples	4
Distribution of Documents	4

Two sets of documents are handed to Master, one being for consignee. SELLER shall advise BUYER by telex or cable within forty eight (48) hours following each loading with the following details:-

- Vessel's Name. (a)
- (b)
- Loading Port .
 Commenced loading Date.
 Completed Loading Date. (c)
- (d)
- Sailing Date.
- Gross and net quantities in metric tons, long tons and U.S. barrels.
- API Gravity. (g)

ARTICLE EIGHT

APPROVAL OF CONTRACT:

This Contract is subject to the approval of the Overseers on behalf of the 661 Committee. Such approval shall be obtained in accordance with the Procedures, utilizing the form set out in Appendix II hereof.

ARTICLE NINE

SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

 Loading of any shipment of crude oil shall be subject to the authorization of the Inspectors at the port of loading. The Inspectors shall also have the authority to stop the loading if they determine that there is any evidence of irregularity.

- 2. Notwithstanding Sub Article 4-3 of Section Two of this Contract, the accepted date of arrival of the vessel at the loading ports shall be fixed on a one (1) day range. All related Articles of Section Two of the Contract will read to that effect and conformity.
- Notwithstanding Sub Article (6-5) of Section Two of this Contract SELLER shall be allowed as laytime at Al Bakr Terminal as follows:-

Laytime (hrs)	Vessel DWT (MT)			
36	Up to 129 999			
54	130 000 199 999			
65	Over 200 000			

All related Articles of Section Two of the Contract will read to that effect and conformity.

- In addition to the events specified in Sub Article 6-6 of Section Two, any time consumed due to the Inspectors prohibiting loading shall not count as used laytime.
- This Contract shall terminate forthwith in the event that the Security Council terminates the authorization to import petroleum or petroleum products originating in Iraq.
- Assignment of the rights or obligations of the SELLER or BUYER shall be subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.
- 7. Any claims from BUYER under Sub Article 1-3 or Article Seven of Section Two, and any analyses carried out under Sub Articles 1-5 and 1-6 of Section Two, shall copied to the Overseers. Payments or other awards under Article Thirteen of Section Two, in respect of claims under Articles one and Seven of Section Two are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee. Any sum to be paid by BUYER in settlement of a dispute under Article Thirteen of Section Two relating to the proceeds of the sale of crude oil under this Contract shall be paid by BUYER directly to the United Nations Iraq Account, Euro sub account.

Str

TAKC NO. :

8. Payments to SELLER under SUB Article 5-5 and Sub Article 6-7 of

Payments to SELLER under SUB Article 5-5 and Sub Article 6-7 of Section Two, and any other Payments or awards under Article Thirteen of Section Two. are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.
 This Contract shall be subject to SCR 986, SCR 1111, SCR 1143 SCR 1153, SCR 1210, SCR 1242, SCR 1281, SCR 1302, SCR 1330, SCR 1360, SCR 1382, SCR 1447, the Procedures and the Memorandum of Understanding between the Secretariat of the United nations and the Government of Iraq on the implementation of SCR 986 (United Nations document S/1996/356, dated 20 May 1996).

ARTICLE TEN

ADDRESSES:

In addition to the notices, declarations and other communications required under Article Fourteen, notices, approvals, declarations and Communications required above for the Overseers, on behalf of the 661 Committee, shall be effected at the addresses below:

FOR SELLER:
STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION
P.O BOX 5118
BAGHDAD - IRAQ
TELEX : 212198 - 212199 SOMO IK
TELEPHONE: 964-1-2869561
964-1-7742040 - 10 Lines
964-1-8853925

EOR BUYER: IMPEXOIL LLC. 3/1, KHOKHLOVSKY PER., MOSCOW, 101000, RUSSIA PHONE: (7 095) 917-0385,956-2737 FAX: (7 095)956-2615 e-mail:imp-oil@dol.ru

FOR OVERSEERS
UNITED NATIONS, NEW YORK, U.S.A.
FAX: 212 + 963 - 1628

FOR SELLER `

RAFID AJASSIM DIRECTOR GENERAL SOMO

All other terms and conditions as per (Section Two) General conditions of P.O.B. crude oil sales contract No. M/12/109 dated 24/9/2002 and attached appendices 1 & 2 .

This Contract has been done and signed on the 17th day of December, 2002.

FOR BUYER

VLADIMIR EFROS DIRECTOR

or :

DAKC NO. : 337 AV MT, MJ, C 9HB. 17 2000 01:55 CTP1

3/1, Khokhlovsky Per., Moscow, 101000, Russia Phone: (7 095) 960 34 41, 242 12 31 fax: (7 095) 242 12 31

Date: December 19th, 2002

Ref: M/13/33-1

1 - 212 - 963 16 28

To: UNITED NATIONS FOR OVERSEERS From: "IMPEXOIL LLC", Moscow, Russia

REQUEST FOR THE APPROVAL OF THE CONTRACT

The attached contract with the Iraqi State Oil Marketing Organization (SOMO) for the The attached contract with the Iraqi State Oil Marketing Organization (SOMO) for the purchase of petroleum is submitted for your approval in accordance with para 1 (a) of Security Council Resolution 986(1995), Security Council Resolution 1111(1997), Security Council Resolution 1143(1997), Security Council Resolution 1210 (1998), Security Council Resolution 1242 (1999), Security Council Resolution 1281 (1999), Security Council Resolution 1302 (2000), Security Council Resolution 1302 (2000), Security Council Resolution 1302 (2001), Security Council Resolution 1302 (2001), Security Council Resolution 1302 (2001), Security Council Resolution 1447(2002) and the procedures of the Security Council Committee established by Resolution 661 (1990) concerning the situation between Iraq and Kuwait adopted at its 142nd meeting held on 8 August 1990. and Kuwait adopted at its 142nd meeting held on 8 August 1990.

Information about the Purchase:

Name of purchasing entity:

"IMPEXOIL LLC" Place of Registration: Address:

Contact person:

Moscow, Russia 3/1 Khokhlovsky Per., Moscow, 101000, Russia

Mr. Sergei Tumanov,

Telephone:

Executive Director Iraqi projects 7 - 095 - 960 34 41, 764 7634, 242 1231, Fax: 7 - 095 - 242 1231

Summary of Contract terms:

Total Quantity of Crude oil: 350,000 BBLS

Quality of Crude oil:

API 34,0 - 350.000 bbls Basrah Light,

Pricing formula:

as per Contract

Dates of loading:

January 8th, 2003

Name of Vessel:

Payment details:

M/T "Hellespond Grand"/sub Letter of Credit as per UN requirements.

Please find attached a copy of the contract M/13/33 dated 17.12.2002

Thanks in anticipation for your kind cooperation,

Sincerely yours,

S. I umanov Executive Director Iraqi projects

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Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 155





NATIONS UNIES

SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED BY RESOLUTION 661 (1990) CONCERNING THE SITUATION BETWEEN IRAQ AND KUWAIT

S/AC.25/2002/OIL/1447/OC.33	19 December 2002				
TO: IMPEXOIL LLC RUSSIAN FEDERATION	FROM: THE OIL OVERSEERS UNDER SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION 986 (1995)				
FAX NO.: 011-7-095-242-1231	FAX NO.: (212) 963-1628				
ATTENTION: Mr. Sergei Tumanov	REF.: OIL-FOR-FOOD ARRANGEMENT				
TOTAL NUMBER OF TRANSMITTED PAGES INCLUDING THIS PAGE: I					

Re: Contract Number: M/13/33 UN REF: S/AC.25/2002/OIL/1447/COMM.33

Between: SOMO and "IMPEXOIL LLC"

Date of Receipt: 19 December 2002 Quantity: 350,000 bbls

Quality: BASRAH LIGHT

Pricing Formula: EUROPE and/or US Markets

Port of Loading: MINA AL BAKR

FURTHER TO YOUR ABOVE REFERENCED APPLICATION FOR APROVAL OF THE OIL CONTRACT, PLEASE BE ADVISED THAT THE APPLICATION HAS BEEN:

***** APPROVED

cc: SOMO BNP Paribas SAYBOLT ROTTERDAM PERMANENT MISSION OF IRAQ TO THE UN In the name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

To: The Financial Department No.: KH1

From: Crude Oil Marketing First Department Date: 12/25/2002

RE: Contract No. M/13/33 Signed with Impexoil LLC Company

On 12/12/2002, we signed a contract with the aforesaid company to supply it with quantity of crude oil as per the following terms:

1- Number of Contract: M/13/33

2- Date: 12/12/2002

- 3- Name of Company: Impexoil LLC.
- 4- Nationality: Russian Nationality of Allocation Holder: Russian
- 5- Party Benefiting from Allocation: Head of the Russian Presidential Council
- 6- Quantity & Quality: (2) million barrels of Basrah light FOB Al-Bakr terminal, including (1.650) million barrels that were lifted as per contract M/12/109
- 7- Destination of Oil: Europe and / or America
- 8- Pricing Formula: depending on destination
- 9- Period of Supply: until 06/02/2003
- 10- Approval of the Overseers: we will inform you of the overseers' approval once we receive it
- 11- Address of the Company:

IMPEXOIL LLC.

3/1, KHOKHLOVSKY PER., MOSCOW, 101000, RUSSIA

PHONE: (7 095) 917-0385, 956-2737

FAX: (7 095) 956-2615 E-mail: imp-oil@dol.ru

12- Other Terms: as per the general terms in force for the company's sales FOB Al-Bakr terminal

Please be informed and act accordingly.

02/24

Abd-al-Jalil Said Hammadi Head of Oil Marketing First Department Siz

Ali Rajab Hassan Deputy General Director

Cc:

Shipping & Quantities Department / please be informed and act accordingly

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 156

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم الرقم: خ١/

التاريخ: /شوال/ ١٤٢٣ هـــ

من / دائرة تسويق الحام الاولى

الموافق: ٢٠٠٢/١٢/ م

م/ العقد المرقم M/13/33 الموقع مع شركية M/13/33

تم التعاقد بتاريخ ٢٠٠٢/١٢/١٧ مع الشركة اعلاه على تجهيزها بكمية من النقط الحام وذلك حسب

الشروط التالية :-

۱- رقم العقـــــد : M/13/33 - ۱

ا (۲۰۰۲/۱۲/۱۷ : ۲۰۰۲/۱۲/۱۷

r- اسم النركسة: IMPEXOIL LLC

 الشركانية : روسية حنسية الحهة المحصص لها : روسية

الجهة صاحبة التحصيص : رئيس ديوان الرئاسة الروسي

٢- الكمية والنوعيــــــــة : : (٢) مليون برميل نقط خام البضرة الخفيف قوب البكر منهأرو. ١٠٦٥) م

منفذة على العقد M/12/109 .

٧- وجهة النف____ط : اوربا و/او امريكا

١٠- موافقة المشرفيليين : متعلمكم بموافقة المشرفين حال ورودها اليناء

١١- عنوان الشركــــــة :

IMPEXOIL LLC.

MIRAGILLE. 3/1, KHOKHLOVSKY PER., MOSCOW, 101000, RUSSIA PHONE: (7 095) 917-0385,956-2737 FAX: (7 095)956-2615

e-mail:imp-oil@dol.ru

١٢- الشروط الاحــــــرى : كما في الشروط العامة المطبقة على مبيعات الشركة فوب مبناء البكر

للعلم والعمل بموجبه لطفاً .

و. المدير العمام

عن برا بالمهار عبد الجليل صور مجادي رثيس دائرة تسويق الخام الاولى

السحة منه الي /

دائرة الشحن والكميات / للعلم والعمل بموجبه لطفأ

JAN.02 '03 20:03 FROM:964 1 8853 925

SOMO BAGHDAD

PAGE:01

ρU

REPUBLIC OF IRAQ
MINSITRY OF OIL
STATE OIL MARKETING
SOMO
SOMO

REF. MI/ 49 DATE /1/2003 2

nthe significant

TO (IMPEXOIL LLC - MOSCOW - RUSSIA FAX 7095 956:615

ATT: MR. A VOLOSHIN

RE CRUDE OIL CONTRACT (M/13/33 DATED 17.12.200

WE ARE PLEASED TO A TRACH HEREWITH ADDBNDUM NO. (1) TO THE AFOREMENTIONED CONTRACT. IT IS TO BE SIGNED BY NIK AT ATMIK LERCIS (DIKELTOR) AND TO BE FAXED BACK TO SOMO AND TO THE U.N. OIL OVERSEERS FOR APPROVAL

BEST REGARDS.

RAFID A. JASSIM 2.1 DIRECTOR GENERAL SOMO

CC: THE U.N. OVERSEERS
FAX: 001212 963 1628 NEW YORK
PLEASE APPROVE THE SAID ADDENDUM
WITH HEST REGARDS.

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 157

SOMO BAGHDAD

PAGE: 02

AMDENDUM NO. (1) TO CRUDE OIL CONTRACT NO. M/13/33 DATED 17/12/2002 STATE OIL READER PROSE

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION (SOMO) IMPEXOIL LLC AGREED TO AMEND ARTICLE THREE (PARA. 1) TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

TYPE OF CRUDE

QUANTITY API PORT OF LOADING

- BASKAHLIKGHIY 1,350,000 BBLS 34.00

ALBAKR

ALL OTHER TERMS AND CONDITIONS REMAIN UNCHANGED.

DONE AND SIGNED ON THE 2ND DAY OF JANUARY 2003.

FOR BUYER

FOR BUYER

RALID AVASSIM

PARTIES OF GENERAL

RALID AVASSIM

CC. THE OLE OVERSEERS

LAX: D01212963-16-28 NEW YORK

KINDLY APPROVE WITH BEST REGARDS.

FROM : Arcady Sherstyukov

PHONE NO. : 242 1231

Jan. 08 2003 02:43PM P02

JAN. 02 '03 19:56 FRUM: 964 1 8853 925

AMPENDEM NO. (1) TO CRUDE OIL CONTRACT

NO. M/13/33 DATED 17/12/2002

STATE OIL MARKETING-ORGANIZATION (SOMO) IMPEXUIL LUC
AGREED NO. AMEND ARTICLE THREE (PARA. 1) TOREAD AS
FOLLOWS:

THORYSMAND ARTICLE THREE (PARA. 1) TOREAD AS

LYA YIJINAUQ

PORT OF LOADING

TYPE OUANTLY AND GASRAM LIGHT 1,350,000 BBLS 34.00

ALBAKR

ALL OTHER TEMMS AND CONDITIONS REMAIN UNCHANGED.

UONE ARTISICNED ON THE 2ND DAY OF JANUARY 2003.

FOR BUYER

EOR SHILLER

ANTIDA GASSIM 2.7

DIRECTOR GENERAL
SOMO

VLADIMIK BERGS DIRECTOR

CC: FIJE DIL ONIBESBERS FAX: 00171200 16:28 NEW YORK SUNDI, MAIPROVE WITH BEST REGARDS.

The state of the s



3/1, Khokhlovsky Per., Moscow, 101000, Russia Phone: (7 095) 960 34 41, 242 12 31 fax: (7 095) 242 12 31

Date: January 8th, 2003 Ref: M/13/33-2

1 - 212 - 963 16 28

To: UNITED NATIONS FOR OVERSEERS From: "IMPEXOIL LLC", Moscow, Russia

REQUEST FOR THE AMENDMENT OF THE CONTRACT

Dear Sirs,

REF. CONTRACT M/13/33, dated 17.12.2002

As agreed with SOMO you are kindly requested to amend Article Three (para. 1) Contract M/13/33 of 17/12/2002 as follows:

Type of Crude

Quantity

API

Port of Loading

Basrah Light 1.350.000 bbls 34.00

Albakr

All other terms and conditions remain unchanged.

Thanks in anticipation for your kind cooperation,

Sincerely yours,

S.Tumanov

Executive Director Iradi projects

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN 158

UNITED NATIONS



NATIONS UNIES

SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED BY RESOLUTION 661 (1990) CONCERNING THE SITUATION BETWEEN IRAQ AND KUWAIT

S/AC.25/2002/OIL/1447/OC.33/ad.1 FROM: THE OIL OVERSEERS TO: IMPEXOIL LLC UNDER SECURITY COUNCIL RUSSIAN FEDERATION **RESOLUTION 986 (1995)** FAX NO.: 011-7-095-242-1231/9/4 46-5 FAX NO.: (212) 963-1628 ATTENTION: Mr. Sergei Tumanov REF.: OIL-FOR-FOOD ARRANGEMENT TOTAL NUMBER OF TRANSMITTED PAGES INCLUDING THIS PAGE: 1

AMENDMENT:

Re:

Contract Number: M/13/33

UN REF: S/AC.25/2002/OIL/1447/COMM.33

Between: SOMO and "IMPEXOIL LLC"

Date of receipt of amendment: 8 January 2003

PLEASE BE ADVISED OF THE AMENDMENT TO THE ABOVE CONTRACT: SOMO AND "IMPEXOIL LLC" HAVE AGREED TO AMEND ARTICLE THREE (PARA .1) TO READ AS FOLLOWS: -

TYPE OF CRUDE QUANTITY

<u>API</u> 34.00 **PORT OF LOADING**

BASRAH LIGHT 1,350,000 BBLS

AL BAKR

ALL OTHER TERMS AND CONDITIONS REMAIN UNCHANGED.

APPROVED

cc: SOMO **BNP Paribas** SAYBOLT ROTTERDAM PERMANENT MISSION OF IRAQ TO THE UN

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3/1, Khokhlovsky Por., Moscow, 101000, Russia phone: 17 095/960-3441,242-1231 fax:17 095/242-1231 g-mail:isherst@yandex.ru

> January 22nd, 2003 Ref. M/13/33-P

TO: BAYOIL SUPPLY AND TRADING CO.LTD

Ref. Agreement for lifting of 350.000 bbls, M/T "Hellespont Grand" In January 2003.

Dear Sirs,

In compliance with our Agreement and SOMO's confirmation you are kindly requested to pay the sum of US Dollars 17.500 to the following address:

Account No. 178-33-094100
In favour of IMPEX-OIL LIMITED
Cyprus Popular Bank Ltd
The International Business Centre
50 Kennedy Avenue
Caterways Building 1st Floor
Nicosia – Cyprus
SWIFT LIKICY2N
Attn. Mrs Rena Adamides
Payment for Hellespont Grand

We would very much appreciate if you sent us a SWIFT confirmation of the effected transaction to fax number 7-095-242 12 31

Thanks in anticipation for your kind cooperation.

S.Tumanov

Director

Iraqi Projects

Bayol)-K

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Staff Rpt (RPC)-FN160

SNT 029027

SNT 029027

9:61 AM 07/19/04 Accrual Basis

Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1995 through December 2003

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Gross Sales								
Sales - Oll Produ	cts							
Deposit	2/27/2003	REV	VALERO MARK	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	16,407,728.51	16,407,728.51
Deposit	3/3/2003	REV	PREMCOR	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	13,007,274.71	29,415,003.22
Deposit	3/3/2003	REV	SHELL INTL. TR	H.GRAND-5	V-50203	Cash - CAI	17,848,904,54	47,263,907.76
Deposit	3/4/2003	REV	SHELL INTL. TR	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	16,392,259.02	63,658,166.78
Deposit	3/7/2003	REV	BP OIL	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	17,321,219.79	80,977,386.57
Total Sales - Oil P	roducts						80,977,386.57	80,977,386.57
Total Gross Sales							80,977,386.57	80,977,386.57
Cost of Sales Broker Comm								
Check	3/27/2003	1524	Link Crude Reso	H.Grand-2	V-50203	Cash - Well	-310.00	-310.00
Check	3/27/2003	1524	Link Crude Reso	H.Grand-2	V-50203	Cash - Well	-310.00	-620.00
Check	3/27/2003	1524 1528	Link Crude Reso STARSUPPLY P	H.Grand-2 H.GRAND-2	V-50203 V-50203	Cash - Well Cash - Well	-310.00 -4.862.53	-930.00 -5.792.53
Check Check	4/14/2003	1528	STARSUPPLY P	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - Well	-5,055.81	-10,848.34
		IJEO	31A/100/11 C1 /	71,010410-2		Court - Trusca		
Total Broker Com Exchange gain/k							-10,848.34	-10,848,34
Check	2/7/2003	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-34,816.82	-34,816.82
Total Exchange g	air/loss						-34,816.82	-34,816.82
Demurrage @ Li	ghter							
Deposit	5/26/2003	DEM	SHELL INTL. TR	H. GRAND-2	V-60203	Cash - CAI	21,150.00	21,150.00
Deposit	5/30/2003	DEM	PREMCOR	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	3,600.00	24,750.00
Deposit	12/30/2003	DEM	BP OIL	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	3,300.00	28,050.00
Total Demurrage	•						28,050.00	28,050.00
Crude Purchase		DI IDOI	MACHINOIMPO	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-88,879,50	-88,879.50
Check	1/23/2003	PURCH		H.GRAND-2	V-50203 V-50203	Cash - CAI	-17,500.00	-106,379.50
Check	1/23/2003	PURCH	IMPEX-OIL CO UNITED NATIONS	H.GRAND-2/M	V-50203 V-50203	Cash - CAL	-47,079,471.15	-47,185,850.65
Check	2/7/2003 2/7/2003	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	H.GRAND-2/R	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-10,594,000.00	-57,779,850.65
Check Check	2/7/2003	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	H.GRAND-2/M	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-9,269,750.00	-67,049,600.65
Check	2/11/2003	PURCH	HAVERHILL TR	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-20,000.00	67,069,600.65
Total Crude Purd							-67,069,600.65	-67,069,600.65
Interest								
Check	1/31/2003	INT	INTEREST CHA	H.GRAND-2 12	V-50203	Cash - CAt	-522.11	-522.11
Check	2/7/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-491.13	-1,013.24
Check	2/18/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-52,341.12	-53,354.36
Check	2/18/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash · CAI	-685.33	-54,039.69
Check	2/18/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-238.15	-54,277.84
Check	2/25/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-34,550.79 -9,876.65	-88,828.63 -98,705.28
Check	2/27/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-3,753.03	-102,458.31
Check	2/28/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	H.GRAND-2 H.GRAND-2	V-50203 V-50203	Cash - CAI	-10,598.07	-113,056.38
Check	3/3/2003 3/4/2003	LOAN LOAN	FIXED TERM A FIXED TERM A	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-1,565.20	-114,621,58
Check	3/7/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAL	-1,185.41	-115,806.99
Check Check	3/28/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	H.GPAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-833.00	-116,639.99
General Journal	3/31/2003	INT	CAI	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Foward Co	-1,082.04	-117,722.03
Check	4/10/2003	LOAN	FIXED TERM A	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-1,088.07	-118,810.10
Total Interest							-118,810.10	-118,810.10
Inspection								
General Journal	3/31/2003	Je-C03-12	Accrual	H. Grand-2	V-50203	Freight	-52,000.00	-52,000.00
Check	8/15/2003	INSP	SGS GULF LTD	H.GRAND-2	V-50203 V-50203	BNP Pariba Estimated C	-500.00 1,983.11	-52,500.00 -50,516.89
General Journal	9/30/2003	Je-C09-10	Reverse Accrual	H. Grand-2	V-50203	Estimated C	-50,516.89	-50,516.89
Total Inspection								
Insurance	3/31/2003	Je-C03-12	Accrual	H. Grand-2	V-50203	Freight	-64,000,00	-64,000,00
General Journal General Journal	7/31/2003	Je-C07-11	Reverse Accrual	H. Grand-2	V-50203	Estimated C	11,825.58	-52,174.42
Check	8/15/2003	INS	CRAIG FERGUS	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-6,616.86	-58,791.28
Total Insurance							-58,791.28	-58,791.28
L/C Charges								
General Journal	1/3/2003	ŁC	CAI	H.GPAND-2	V-50203	Foward Co	-62,910.90	-62,910.90
General Journal	1/3/2003	LC	CAI	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Foward Co	-14,110.20	-77,021.10
General Journal	1/3/2003	LC	CAI	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Fowerd Co	-12,232,67	-89,253.77
Total L/C Charg	es						-89,253.77	-89,253.77
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Bayoil Supply & Trading, Ltd. Transaction Detail By Account January 1996 through December 2003

Type	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Freight								
Check	1/7/2003	FRGHT	THE KANOO G	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-45,773.00	-45,773.00
heck	1/21/2003	FRGHT	AEGEAN MARI	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAl	-289,922.14	-335,695.14
heck	1/24/2003	FRGHT	THE KANOO G	H.GRAND-2/A	V-50203	Cash - CAl	-769.00	-336,464.14
heck	1/24/2003	FRGHT	THE KANOO G	H.GRAND-2/A	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-999.00	-337,463.14
heck	1/30/2003	FRGHT	HELLESPONT S	H.GRAND-2/1S	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-833,625.00	-1,171,088.14
heck	2/12/2003	INSP	OBC SHIPPING	H.GRAND-2/P	V-50203	BNP Pariba	-4,400.00	-1,175,488.14
heck	2/12/2003	FRGHT	FAL ENERGY C	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-1,578,241.18	-2,753,729.32
heck	2/14/2003	FRGHT	HELLESPONT S	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-833,625.00	-3,587,354.32
heck	3/13/2003	FRGHT	GULF AGENCY HELLESPONT S	H.GRAND-2 H.GRAND-2/Hl	V-50203 V-50203	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-235,600.00 -444.600.00	-3,822,954.32 -4,267,554.32
Check Check	3/20/2003	FRGHT	HELLESPONT S	H.GRAND-2/MI	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-46,697.74	-4,314,252.06
heck	3/26/2003	FRGHT	THE KANOO G	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	BNP Pariba	37.12	4,314,214.94
Check	3/26/2003	FRGHT	THE KANOO G	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	BNP Pariba	-124.78	4,314,339.72
iheck	3/26/2003	FRGHT	THE KANOO G	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	BNP Pariba	-18.82	4,314,358,54
Seneral Journal	3/31/2003	Je-C03-12	Accrual	H. Grand-2	V-50203	-SPLIT-	-526.612.85	-4,840,971.39
Seneral Journal	3/31/2003	Je-C03-12	Accrual	H. Grand-2	V-50203	Freight	-18,500.00	-4,859,471.39
Beneral Journal	4/30/2003	Je-C04-16	Accruel	H. Grand-2	V-50203	, respire	119,515.50	-4,739,955.89
heck	5/20/2003	FRGHT	OBC SHIPPING	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	BNP Pariba	-2,366,75	-4,742,322.64
heck	6/4/2003	FRGHT	HELLESPONT S	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	BNP Pariba	16,247.35	-4,726,075.29
heck	6/11/2003	FRGHT	OBC SHIPPING	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	BNP Pariba	-603.56	-4,726,678.85
heck	7/22/2003	1565	Informa	H.Grand-2	V-50203	Cash - Well	-340.00	-4,727,018.86
heck	9/15/2003	FRGHT	SGS CSI	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	BNP Panba	-472.00	-4,727,490.85
Total Freight	W/0/E300						-4,727,490.85	4,727,490.85
Inence Charges							1,,,	
Check	1/3/2003	BC	BANK CHARGES	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-18.28	-18.28
Beneral Journal	1/3/2003	LC	CAI	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Foward Co	-204.32	-222.60
Seneral Journal	1/3/2003	LC	CAI	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Foward Co	-204.32	-426.92
General Journal	1/3/2003	rc	CAI	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Foward Co	-204.32	-631.24
Check	1/7/2003	BC	BANK CHARGES	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-17.86	-649.10
Check	1/7/2003	FRGHT	THE KANOO G	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-17.88	-668.96
Check	1/13/2003	BC	BANK CHARGES	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-18.03	-684.99
Check	1/14/2003	BC	BANK CHARGES	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-18.07	-703.06
Check	1/21/2003	FRGHT	AEGEAN MARI	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-18.36	-721.42
Check	1/22/2003	BC	BANK CHARGES	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-18.32	-739.74
Check	1/23/2003	BC	BANK CHARGES	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-18.36	-758.10
Check	1/23/2003	PURCH	MACHINOIMPO	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-18.36	-776.40
Check	1/23/2003	PURCH	IMPEX-OIL CO	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-18.36	-794.82
Check	1/24/2003	FRGHT	THE KANOO G	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-18.39	-813.2° -831.50
Check	1/27/2003	BC	BANK CHARGES	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-18.37	
Check	1/29/2003	BC	BANK CHARGES	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-18.51	-850.09 -868.49
Check	1/30/2003	FRGHT	HELLESPONT S	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-18.36	
Check	1/31/2003	8C	BANK CHARGES	H.GRAND-2	V-60203	Cash - CAI	-18.44	-886.89
Check	2/5/2003	FIN	CAI	H.GRAND-2	V-60203	Cash - CAI	-18.62	-905.5 -923.9
Check	2/6/2003	FIN	CAI	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-18.48	-923.9 -942.9
Check	2/7/2003	FIN	CAI	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-19.00	
Check	2/7/2003	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	H.GRAND-2/M	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-52,974.64	-53,917.6 -65,623.2
Check	2/7/2003	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	H.GRAND-2/R	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-11,705.65	-75,978.6
Check	2/7/2003	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	H.GRAND-2/M	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-10,355.36	-75,978.6 -75,997.0
Check	2/10/2003	FIN	CAI	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI Cash - CAI	-18.43 -18.18	-75,997.0 -76,015.2
Check	2/11/2003	PURCH	HAVERHILL TR	H.GRAND-2	V-50203 V-50203	Cash - CAI	-18.18	-76,013.5
Check	2/12/2003	FRGHT	FAL ENERGY C	H.GRAND-2 H.GRAND-2	V-50203 V-50203	Cash - CAI	-18.29	-76,053.0
Check	2/14/2003	FRGHT	HELLESPONT S	H.GRAND-2 H.GRAND-2	V-50203 V-60203	Cash - CAI	-18.28	-76,051.8
Check	2/24/2003			H.GHAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-553.51	76,623.6
Deposit	2/27/2003	REV	VALERO MARK			Cash - CAI	-20.00	-76,643.6
Check	3/3/2003	FIN	SHELL INTL. TR	H.GRAND-2 H.GRAND-2	V-50203 V-50203	Cash - CAI	-554.71	-77,198.3
Deposit	3/3/2003	REV	PREMCOR	H.GRAND-2 H.GRAND-5	V-50203 V-50203	Cash - CAI	-554.54	-77,752.9
Deposit	3/3/2003	REV	SHELL INTL. TR		V-50203 V-50203	Cash - CAI	-574.02	-78.326.9
Deposit	3/4/2003	REV	SHELL INTL. TR	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAL	-555.00	-78,881.9
Check	3/10/2003	FIN	BP OIL	H.GRAND-2	V-50203 V-50203	Cash - CAL	-18.48	-78,900.4
Check	3/13/2003	FRGHT	GULF AGENCY	H.GRAND-2	V-50203 V-50203	Cash - CAI	-17.95	78,918.3
Check	3/18/2003	LGHT	HEIDMAR LIGH	H.GRAND-2 H.GRAND-2	V-50203 V-50203	Cash - CAI	-17.95	-78,936.3
Check	3/18/2003	LGHT	SKAUGEN PET	H.GRAND-2 H.GRAND-2	V-50203 V-50203	Cash - CAL	-17.98	-78,954.3
Check	3/18/2003	LGHT	AMERICAN EA		V-50203	Cash - CAI	-18.02	78,972.3
Check	3/20/2003	FRGHT	HELLESPONT S	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	BNP Pariba	-25.07	-78,997.4
Check	3/26/2003	LGHT	HEIDMAR LIGH	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-17.83	-79,015.2
Check	4/7/2003	FRGHT	CEPSA GIBRAL	H.GRAND-2	V-50203 V-50203	Cash - CAI	-17.95	-79,033.1
Check	4/11/2003	INSP	OIL IMS USA LLC	H.GRAND-2		Cash - CAI	-17.95	-79,051.8
Check	4/28/2003	INS	CRAIG FERGUS		V-50203	Cash - CAI	-20.00	-79,071.5
	5/30/2003	DEM	PREMCOR	H.GRAND-2	V-50203			
Deposit								
Deposit Check	6/4/2003	FRGHT	HELLESPONT S	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	BNP Pariba	-41.40 -19.10	-79,112.9 -79,132.0
Deposit		FRGHT INSP FRGHT	HELLESPONT S OIL INSPECTIO SGS CSI	H.GRAND-2 H.GRAND-2 H.GRAND-2	V-50203 V-50203 V-50203	Cash - CAI BNP Parlba	-19.10 -19.08	-79,112.5 -79,132.0 -79,157.1

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Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Class	Split	Amount	Balance
Lightering Charg	es							
Check	3/18/2003	LGHT	HEIDMAR LIGH	H.GRAND-2/T	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-163,562.62	-163,562.62
Check	3/18/2003	LGHT	HEIDMAR LIGH	H.GRAND-2/C	V-50203	Cash · CAI	-189,624.91	353,187.53
Check	3/18/2003	LGHT	SKAUGEN PET	H.GRAND-2/A	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-159,362.50	-512,550.03
Check	3/18/2003	LGHT	AMERICAN EA	H.GRAND-2/P	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-326,500.02	-839,050.05
Check	3/18/2003	LGHT	AMERICAN EA	H.GRAND-2/E	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-320,899.96	-1,159,950.03
Check	7/29/2003	LGHT	AMERICAN EA	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-2,593.75	-1,162,543.78
Check	7/29/2003	LGHT	AMERICAN EA	H.GRAND-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-2,956.25	-1,165,500.03
Total Lightering Ci	harges						-1,185,500.03	-1,165,500.03
Total Cost of Sales							-73,376,735.85	-73,376,735.85
Bank Service Charg	08							
Check	2/7/2003	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	H.GRNAD-2/M	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-31.74	-31.74
Check	2/7/2003	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	H.GRAND-2/R	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-349.01	-380.75
Check	2/7/2003	PURCH	UNITED NATIONS	H.GRAND-2/IM	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-220.70	-601.45
Total Bank Service C	harges						-601.45	-601.45
Interest Expense		INT	PERCENTAL COLO	H.GRAND-2	14 50000	0	-23,606,51	-23,606,51
Check	3/31/2003	N/I	INTEREST CHA	H.GHANU-2	V-50203	Cash - CAI	-23,606.51	-23,606,51
Total Interest Expens Commissions	49						-23,000.51	-23,000.51
General Journal	1/6/2003			HELLESPONT	V-50203	Hedge Gain	-1,114,33	-1,114.33
General Journal	1/6/2003			HELLESPONT	V-50203 V-50203	Hedge Gain	-1,099.33	-2,213.66
General Journal	1/24/2003	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50203	25300/Carr	-3.061.80	-5.275.46
General Journal	1/27/2003	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50203	25300/Carr	-2,464.02	-7,739.48
General Journal	1/28/2003	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50203	25300/Caπ	-2.484.02	-10,203,50
General Journal	1/29/2003	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50203	25300/Carr	-2,464.02	-12,667.52
General Journal	1/30/2003	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50203	25300/Carr	-2,430.00	-15.097.52
General Journal	2/10/2003	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50203	25300/Сап	-510.30	-15,607,82
General Journal	2/11/2003	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50203	25300/Carr	-486.00	-16,093,82
General Journal	2/12/2003	com	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50203	25300/Сал	-1.506.60	-17.600.42
General Journal	2/13/2003	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-60203	25300/Carr	·1.963.44	-19.563.86
General Journal	2/14/2003	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50203	25300/Carr	-1.963.44	-21,527.30
General Journal	2/18/2003	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50203	25300/Carr	-1.477.44	-23.004.74
General Journal	2/19/2003	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50203	25300/Carr	-1,477,44	-24,482,18
General Journal	2/20/2003	COM	COMMISSIONS	HELLESPONT	V-50203	25300/Carr	-466.56	-24,948.74
Total Commissions							-24,948.74	-24,948.74
Hedge Gain /(Loss)								
General Journal	1/6/2003			HELLESPONT	V-50203	SPLIT-	-19,055.00	-19,055.00
General Journal	1/6/2003			HELLESPONT	V-50203	Hedge Gain	-16,555.00	-35,610.00
General Journal	2/21/2003			HELLESPONT	V-50203	25300/Carr	-13,519,120,00	-13,554,730.00
General Journal	2/24/2003			HELLESPONT	V-50203	25300/Carr	8,180,500.00	-5,374,230.00
Total Hedge Gain /(L	oss)						-5,374,230.00	-5,374,230.00
Interest Income	05000	14.195	BITERENT DEC	III I CODOLT	11 50005	000000	0.000.00	2 207 2 2
Deposit	2/5/2003	INT	INTEREST REC	HELLESPONT	V-50203	25300/Carr	3,396.94	3,396.94
Total Interest Income)						3,396.94	3,396.94
TOTAL							2,180,660.96	2,180,660.96

United States Senate

PERMANENT SUBCOMMITTEE ON INVESTIGATIONS

Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs

Norm Coleman, Chairman Carl Levin, Ranking Minority Member

REPORT ON ILLEGAL SURCHARGES ON OIL-FOR-FOOD CONTRACTS AND ILLEGAL OIL SHIPMENTS FROM KHOR AL-AMAYA

PREPARED BY THE

MINORITY STAFF OF THE PERMANENT SUBCOMMITTEE ON INVESTIGATIONS



RELEASED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE PERMANENT SUBCOMMITTEE ON INVESTIGATIONS MAY 17, 2005, HEARING

OIL FOR INFLUENCE: HOW SADDAM USED OIL TO REWARD POLITICIANS UNDER THE UNITED NATIONS OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM

PERMANENT SUBCOMMITTEE ON INVESTIGATIONS

CARL LEVIN Ranking Minority Member

ELISE J. BEAN, Minority Staff Director and Chief Counsel
DAN M. BERKOVITZ, Minority Counsel
LAURA E. STUBER, Minority Counsel
ZACHARY I. SCHRAM, Minority Professional Staff Member
ERIC J. DIAMANT, Detailee
KATHLEEN M. TRAINOR, Congressional Fellow

* * *

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Miscellaneous additional documents relating to Khor al-Amaya

MINORITY STAFF REPORT ON ILLEGAL SURCHARGES ON OIL-FOR-FOOD CONTRACTS AND ILLEGAL OIL SHIPMENTS FROM KHOR AL-AMAYA

May 17, 2005

I. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations is examining allegations of misconduct involving the United Nations Oil-for-Food (OFF) and Iraqi sanctions programs, and the extent to which such misconduct has involved U.S. persons and damaged U.S. interests.

To date, the Subcommittee has held two hearings, on November 15, 2004 and February 15, 2005, stemming from this investigation. The first hearing examined Iraq's demands for illegal kickbacks paid on humanitarian contracts issued under the OFF program and the scope of open oil sales that took place between Iraq and its neighboring countries under so-called "trade protocols" that were outside of the OFF program. The second hearing examined the inspection companies retained by the United Nations to monitor oil sales and humanitarian imports under the OFF program as well as issues related to management, audit and procurement oversight. This hearing also presented evidence that the United States and other U.N. member states had acquiesced in Iraq's open sale of billions of dollars in oil to its neighbors, Jordan, Turkey, Egypt, and Syria, in violation of U.N. sanctions.

This Report is being released in connection with the Subcommittee's third hearing, and examines issues related to illegal surcharges paid on oil contracts under the OFF program and illegal oil shipments made from the Iraqi port of Khor al-Amaya.

Illegal Surcharges. The first part of this Report examines the illegal surcharges that Iraq demanded from persons who wanted to buy Iraqi oil under the Oil-for-Food program, using Bayoil (USA), Inc., a U.S. corporation, as a case history to illustrate what happened.

Over a two-year period, from September 2000 until September 2002, the government of Iraq demanded that purchasers of Iraqi oil under the Oil-for-Food program pay a per-barrel surcharge to the Iraqi regime. Such payments violated U.N. sanctions. The surcharge amount varied over time, from a low of 10 cents to a high of 30-cents-per-barrel. Internal records kept by the Iraqi Oil Ministry's State Oil Marketing Organization (SOMO) show that, during the surcharge period, Iraq collected a total of about \$228 million. Using SOMO and other Iraqi records, Bayoil shipping documents, and U.S. Energy Information Administration import data, the Subcommittee Minority Staff estimated that, during the period surcharges were collected, the United States imported about 525 million barrels of Iraqi oil on which \$118 million in illegal surcharges were paid. That means U.S. imports financed about 52 percent of the illegal surcharges paid to the Hussein regime. The Subcommittee Minority Staff has not seen evidence showing that U.S. companies knowingly purchased Iraqi oil on which an illegal surcharge had been paid; in fact, U.S. companies typically included a clause in their contracts requiring a seller to provide a warranty that no surcharge had been paid. Countries in the rest of the world, including Europe, Asia and Africa, imported about 475 million barrels for which about 48 percent of the illegal surcharges were paid, totaling about \$110 million. Ultimately, all of the surcharge payments went into the coffers of the Iraqi government, then under the control of Saddam Hussein.

During the surcharge period, Bayoil became the largest provider of Iraqi oil imports into the United States, importing over 200 million barrels. At a time when other companies around the world were sharply decreasing their purchases of Iraqi oil due to Iraq's surcharge demands, Bayoil increased both its total purchases and its share of Iraqi oil exports, at one point buying about 20 percent of all Iraqi oil sold under the Oil-for-Food program. Bayoil bought this oil primarily from individuals and companies holding oil allocations which had been granted by the Iraqi government

or from companies contracting to load oil on behalf of those allocation holders. Bayoil acquired oil, for example, from Italtech, an Italian company owned by a business associate, Augusto Giangrandi; various Russian persons and entities, such as the Russian Presidential Council, Vladimir Zhirinovsky, the Liberal Democratic Party of Russia, Rosneft, Rosnefteimpex and SOVOIL; and various Middle Eastern persons and entities, including Al-Hoda International Trading, a front company for Iraq, EMIROIL, and the National Oil Wells Maintenance Company.

Bayoil then sold the Iraqi oil primarily to U.S. oil companies and refineries which, in turn, sold refined petroleum products, like gasoline and heating oil, to American consumers.

Bayoil fostered corruption of the Oil-for-Food program by facilitating the payment of at least \$37 million in illegal surcharges to the Hussein regime on the oil it purchased; engaged in intensive lobbying efforts to influence the pricing of Iraqi oil and to oppose U.S. efforts to use that pricing to stop the illegal surcharges; and participated in an illegal trade boycott of Israel. Bayoil engaged in this misconduct for nearly two years, from 2000 to 2002, without attracting meaningful oversight from any U.S. agency. At the same time U.S. officials were urging the United Nations to institute pricing policies that would prevent the Saddam Hussein regime from imposing illegal surcharges, the United States was itself failing to ensure U.S. corporations such as Bayoil were not paying those surcharges. Last month, two years after the Oil-for-Food program ended, the United States indicted Bayoil for allegedly violating U.S. sanctions on Iraq, committing fraud, and engaging in a conspiracy to commit fraud, including by paying "millions of dollars in secret illegal surcharges to the Government of Iraq."

Khor al-Amaya Oil Shipments. Saddam's attempted corruption of the Oil-for-Food program through the imposition of illegal surcharges on the sale of Iraqi oil is a serious concern, but the Hussein regime obtained far greater illicit income through other schemes, some with the knowledge and tacit approval of the United States and other members of the U.N. Security Council. Although Saddam Hussein obtained about \$228 million from the illegal surcharges, Iraq's direct and open oil sales to Jordan, Turkey, Syria, and Egypt, generated 40 times as much illicit income -- over \$8 billion. These oil sales were in violation of U.N. sanctions and were known to the United States and other U.N. member countries, but little was done to stop them. The Iraq Survey Group, a U.S. sponsored group which conduct extensive review of the effect of U.N. sanctions on Iraq, has estimated that smaller-scale smuggling, which it euphemistically termed "Border and Private Sector Cash Sales," provided the Hussein regime with another \$1.2 billion during the sanctions period.

The United States was not only aware of Iraqi oil sales which violated U.N. sanctions and provided the bulk of the illicit money Saddam Hussein obtained from circumventing U.N. sanctions. On occasion, the United States actually facilitated the illicit oil sales, as happened in the Khor al-Amaya incident in 2003. This incident involves the largest single illicit sale of oil transported by ship out of Iraq during the sanctions period. Over several weeks in February and March 2003, Iraq loaded over seven million barrels of oil onto seven seagoing oil tankers at the port of Khor al-Amaya in Southern Iraq. In exchange for this oil, the Government of Jordan wired over \$53 million in hard currency to bank accounts under the control of the Hussein regime on the eve of the American invasion. Each of these massive oil tankers docked at the Khor al-Amaya port, filled its tanks with Iraqi oil, and traveled through the Persian Gulf, with the full knowledge and acquiescence of the Maritime Interdiction Force, then under the command of a U.S. naval officer. When word of these oil shipments hit the press and an outcry arose about this apparent blatant violation of U.N. sanctions, the evidence indicates that the United States continued to allow the shipments to proceed.

The oil loaded at Khor al-Amaya, which was supposedly intended to ensure an adequate supply for Jordan during a possible war, was sold by the Jordanian government at a significant profit. The \$53 million Jordan paid to Iraq just before the outbreak of the 2003 war was transferred to the Central Bank of Iraq, then under the control of Saddam Hussein.

Oversight Failures. According to many experts, U.N. sanctions on Iraq were successful in their main objective of preventing Iraq from rearming and acquiring weapons of mass destruction. In testimony before the Senate in 2001, for example, Secretary of State Colin Powell testified that, "The purpose of [the U.N.] sanctions was to go after weapons of mass destruction." He described the U.N. sanctions as "successful," explaining that "Saddam Hussein has not been able to rebuild

his army He has fewer tanks in his inventory today than he had 10 years ago. Even though we know he is working on weapons of mass destruction, we know he has things squirreled away, at the same time we have not seen that capacity emerge to present a full-fledged threat to us." He concluded, "credit has to be given ... for putting in place a regime that has kept him pretty much in check"

At the same time, U.N. sanctions and the Oil-for-Food program were flawed. The flaws that enabled Saddam Hussein to amass billions of dollars in illicit income in violation of U.N. sanctions include Iraq's ability during the sanctions period to conduct open and illicit sales of oil with its neighbors, facilitate smuggling across Iraqi borders, obtain illegal kickbacks on OFF contracts buying humanitarian goods, and obtain illegal surcharges on OFF contracts selling Iraqi oil.\(^1\) The illegal surcharge payments and illegal Khor al-Amaya oil shipments addressed in this Report help illustrate the abuses that took place. They not only generated hard currency for Iraq in violation of U.N. sanctions, but also fostered a perception that the Oil-for-Food program was susceptible to corruption.

This Report shows that, in some respects, U.N. and U.S. officials took effective action to stop Iraq's illegal surcharge demands, in particular by setting Iraqi oil prices high enough to discourage the imposition and payment of surcharge amounts. But at the same time some U.S. officials were working with U.N. officials to devise effective pricing strategies, the United States was taking virtually no steps to ensure U.S. persons and companies were not paying Iraq the illegal surcharges. For example, Bayoil received minimal attention from the key U.S. agency charged with enforcing U.S. sanctions on Iraq, the Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC), despite Bayoil's prominence in the Iraqi oil trade and information indicating that intermediary companies like Bayoil were the most likely conduits for the payment of illegal surcharges to Iraq. Questions raised by U.N. Oil Overseers about Bayoil's OFF activities also produced no U.S. response.

When asked about its lack of oversight regarding the surcharge issue in general and Bayoil in particular, OFAC told the Subcommittee that it had assigned a low priority to OFF enforcement activities in light of its other responsibilities, limited staff, and perception that the Oil-for-Food program was a U.N. responsibility. U.N. Resolution 661, which established the Oil-for-Food program, was clear, however, that while the United Nations assumed lead responsibility for managing the OFF program, U.N. member states – including the United States – retained the responsibility to enact laws imposing trade restrictions on Iraq and to ensure compliance by their nationals. OFAC's failure to investigate Bayoil, review evidence of possible U.S. company involvement in Iraq's illegal surcharges, or actively monitor U.S. persons doing business in Iraq represented an abdication of OFAC's responsibility and an inappropriate attempt to shift the obligation to enforce U.S. sanction laws onto the United Nations.

With respect to the Khor al-Amaya incident, the United States not only failed to exert any effort to stop the oil tanker shipments, it appears to have facilitated them, despite widespread recognition that the shipments were a blatant violation of U.N. sanctions.

To protect future sanctions programs from similar types of abuses, the United Nations and its member states need to place a higher priority on building anti-corruption measures into sanctions programs, including assigning clear responsibilities for detecting and preventing corruption and pushing member countries to take appropriate enforcement action against nationals engaged in wrongdoing. Member states will also need to stop turning a blind eye to open violations of U.N. sanctions. On the part of the United States, OFAC must carry out its responsibility to police compliance by U.S. persons, including through anti-corruption oversight and active enforcement. In turn, it is up to the Administration and the U.S. Congress to provide OFAC with adequate resources to conduct meaningful sanctions oversight and enforcement.

¹ See Figure 1, "Illicit Iraqi Income 1991-2003," chart prepared by the Subcommittee Minority Staff depicting these four sources of illicit income for the Hussein regime.

II. ILLEGAL SURCHARGES UNDER THE OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM

Within days of Iraq's invasion of Kuwait in August 1990, the United Nations Security Council adopted Resolution 661, imposing a broad economic and military embargo on Iraq. On the economic side, U.N. Resolution 661 directed that "all States shall prevent ... the import into their territories of all commodities and products originating in Iraq" and "the sale or supply by their nationals . . . of any commodities or products" to Iraq. The same week, President George H.W. Bush issued executive orders declaring that Iraq posed an "unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security and foreign policy of the United States" and imposing a U.S. trade embargo on Iraq in accordance with U.N. sanctions. Implementing Federal regulations, issued by the U.S. Treasury Department's Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC) which administers U.S. sanctions programs, prohibited U.S. individuals and companies from executing contracts or otherwise transacting business in commodities bought from or sold to Iraq unless authorized by a specific OFAC license.

Five years after the U.N. sanctions were first imposed, due to food and medicine shortages affecting ordinary Iraqis living under the trade embargo, the U.N. Security Council passed Resolution 986 authorizing the Iraqi government to sell oil under certain conditions. The primary conditions were that all Iraqi oil sale proceeds be deposited into an escrow bank account under U.N. control and these proceeds be used solely to purchase humanitarian goods, such as food and medicine, for the Iraqi people. In 1996, Iraq agreed to these terms, and the United Nations established the "Oil-for-Food" (OFF) program, administered by a newly established U.N. Office of Iraq Programme. U.S. sanctions regulations were modified to conform to the new OFF program; these regulations and other sanctions regulations related to Iraq remained in effect until May 2003, following the fall of the Hussein regime.

Iraqi oil sales under the Oil-for-Food program began in December 1996. During the program, Iraq sold over \$65 billion worth of oil; the proceeds from these sales were deposited into a U.N.-controlled account at BNP Paribas bank. During the OFF program, the United States became the largest single consumer of Iraqi oil, importing about 1.2 billion barrels overall, which has been estimated at about 50 percent of all the oil sold by Iraq under the OFF program.

Although some U.S. companies bought oil directly from Iraq in the first few phases of the OFF program, in subsequent phases Iraq imposed a policy which, in general, barred the issuance of Oil-for-Food oil contracts to U.S. companies or their affiliates. Instead, U.S. companies typically bought oil from individuals or companies who had been given Iraqi oil allocations or from companies which had contracted with an oil allocation holder to lift oil from Iraq. From 2000 to 2002, Bayoil (U.S.A.), Inc. and its affiliates, operating out of Houston, Texas, became one of the largest importers of Iraqi oil into the United States. The Justice Department indictment of Bayoil and its principal officers charges that, during this period, Bayoil and its three principals also "agreed to pay, did pay, and caused to be paid millions of dollars in secret illegal surcharges to the Government of Iraq."

In its efforts to import Iraqi oil into the United States, Bayoil and its officers failed to comply with U.S. laws and regulations and U.N. rules, engaged in an intensive lobbying effort to influence

² United Nations Security Council Resolution 661 (8/6/90).

³ See Executive Orders 12722 (8/2/90) and 12724 (8/9/90). The President imposed the trade embargo using authority granted under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act, 50 U.S.C. §1701. Successive executive orders by subsequent U.S. Presidents continued this trade embargo on Iraq until 2003.

⁴ See 31 C.F.R. §575.

⁵ See, e.g., Subcommittee Interview with Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 1 (4/14/05); letter dated 5/22/02, from Bayoil's legal counsel, Dickstein Shapiro Morin & Oshinsky LLP, to OFAC; letter dated 12/15/98, from Iraqi Ambassador to Russia Dr. Hassan Fifahmi Juma to Vladimir Zhirinovsky, Bates BAYOILUSA 009396 (apologizing that "Iraq cannot do any deals with American companies" and so cannot issue a contract to Bayoil to load oil allocated to Mr. Zhirinovsky); Comprehensive Report of the Special Advisor to the DCI on Iraq's WMD, September 30, 2004 (hereinafter cited as "ISG Report"), Annex B.

⁶ United States v. Chalmers, Case No. S1-05-Cr. 59(DC) (USDC SDNY), Indictment (April 2005).

the official selling price of Iraqi oil and counter U.S. pricing efforts to stop illegal surcharges, participated in an illegal trade boycott of Israel, and facilitated the payment of at least \$37 million in oil surcharges outside of U.N. control to the regime of Saddam Hussein. Bayoil engaged in this misconduct for nearly two years, from 2000 to 2002, without attracting meaningful oversight from any U.S. agency. At the same time U.S. officials were urging the United Nations to halt the payment of oil contract surcharges to Saddam Hussein, the United States was failing to police one of the most visible U.S. corporations engaged in the Iraqi oil trade.

A. IRAQI OIL SURCHARGES

Documents and interviews of former officials in the Hussein regime show that Iraq imposed illegal surcharges on oil contracts issued under the Oil-for-Food program over a two- year period, from September 2000 until September 2002. The surcharge amount varied over time, from a low of 10 cents to a high of 30-cents-per-barrel. Altogether, Iraq collected illegal surcharges totaling about \$228 million, of which \$118 million, or 52 percent, was paid on Iraqi oil shipments to the United States.

Imposing the Surcharges. Subcommittee interviews with high ranking Iraqi officials under the Hussein regime confirmed that Saddam Hussein first decided to impose a surcharge on Oil-for-Food oil contracts after the Director of the Military Industrial Commission (MIC) told Saddam Hussein that commercial traders outside Iraq were making large amounts of money from trading in Iraqi oil. According to one senior Iraqi official, the MIC Director incorrectly advised Saddam Hussein that these profits amounted to about 10 percent of the oil price. Upset that traders were making so much money from Iraqi oil, Saddam Hussein then directed the Oil Ministry to recover 10 percent of the sales price.

One senior Iraqi official told the Subcommittee that both Saddam Hussein and the MIC Director fixed on the 10 percent figure because that was the same figure that had recently been agreed upon for the "fees" to be imposed on imports of humanitarian goods under the Oil-for-Food program. Although the Iraqi official stated that this was "clearly ridiculous" – the profit per-barrel realized by oil traders generally amounted to a few cents per-barrel – he indicated that neither the MIC Director nor Saddam Hussein were familiar with the operation of world oil markets.

Subcommittee interviews confirm that when the Oil Minister told Saddam Hussein that the oil markets would not bear a 10 percent surcharge, Saddam Hussein directed the Finance Minister, Hikmat Mizban Ibrahim al-Azzawi, to watch over the Oil Minister and ensure he implemented the surcharge as directed. Subcommittee interviews confirm, however, that the Oil Minister persuaded Saddam Hussein to convene a committee, consisting of Oil Minister Amir Rashid, Finance Minister Hikmat Mizban Ibrahim al-Azzawi, MIC Director Abd al-Tawab Mullah Huwaysh, Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz, and Vice President Taha Yasin Ramadan, to determine the appropriate level of surcharges. According to one senior Iraqi official, it was following the decision of this committee, beginning in September 2000, that Iraq imposed a surcharge of 10-cents-per-barrel on all exports of Iraqi oil. SOMO records show that this 10-cent- per-barrel surcharge was imposed during the remainder of Phase VIII of the Oil-for-Food program, which meant from September through December 5, 2000.

According to one senior Iraqi official, at a point in time after the 10-cent-per-barrel surcharge had been in effect for a while, the MIC Director suggested the surcharge be increased to \$2-per-barrel. In response, another committee was formed and recommended a surcharge of 50-cents-per-barrel. In mid-November, Iraq's State Oil Marketing Organization (SOMO) informed prospective purchasers that, beginning December 1, 2000, they would have to pay a 50-cent-per-barrel surcharge above the Official Sales Price (OSP) of Iraqi oil. SOMO also informed its customers that the

⁷ Subcommittee Interview with Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 1 (4/14/05). See also ISG Report, Regime Strategic Intent, p. 38.

⁸ See, e.g., "Iraq Tells Customers to Pay Premium Outside of UN Sanctions Regime," IPR Strategic Business Information Database (11/16/00).

surcharge was to be paid into a designated bank account outside the control of the United Nations, and customers that refused to pay the surcharge would not receive allocations of oil.

After a number of Iraq's oil customers informed Iraqi officials that such payments would violate U.N. sanctions and, in any event, would make it uneconomical to purchase Iraqi crude, SOMO proposed an OSP for December that was widely recognized as substantially lower than the market price for Iraqi oil. 9 Due to trade press articles and direct reports from oil buyers, however, the U.N. Oil Overseers were aware of Iraq's attempts to collect the 50-cent surcharge, and refused to support SOMO's below-market OSP proposal.

In response, Iraq announced that it was suspending its December oil exports. "Iraq is free to set crude prices according to its own interests," Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz stated at the time. When Iraq's customers "refuse these prices, exports stop in the absence of new contracts."

In mid-December, Iraq and the United Nations came to an agreement on the OSP for the next month, and Iraq resumed pumping oil for export. Iraq also renewed its demand to its customers for the payment of a surcharge, but lowered the amount to 40-cents-per-barrel.

On December 15, 2000, the U.N. 661 Committee issued a notice to all buyers of Iraqi oil:

- 1) The sanctions committee has not approved a surcharge of any kind on Iraqi oil.
- 2) Payments for purchasing Iraqi crude oil cannot be made to a non-UN account.
- 3) Therefore, buyers of Iraqi oil shall not pay any kind of surcharge to Iraq. 11

Prior to the imposition of the 50-cent surcharge, Iraqi oil sales amounted to approximately 2.3 million barrels per day. According to a senior Iraqi official, after the imposition of the 40-cent surcharge in January 2001, Iraqi oil sales dropped to about 300,000 barrels per day. The Subcommittee was told that, to increase oil sales, Saddam Hussein agreed to lower the surcharge. SOMO records show that the assessed surcharge was then lowered to 30-cents-per-barrel for Iraqi oil being imported to North America and 25-cents-per-barrel for oil being imported to other

⁹ Under the Oil-for-Food program, all Iraqi oil was sold according to an OSP set by the U.N. 661 Committee, a committee which had been established by the U.N. Security Council and tasked with implementing U.N. sanctions on Iraq. Under OFF procedures, SOMO had sole authority to propose an OSP for Iraqi oil for a specified time period. SOMO was then required to present its proposal to the U.N. 661 Committee's Iraqi oil experts, called Oil Overseers, who analyzed the proposal, discussed its pricing elements with SOMO, and attempted to reach agreement on the OSP. Based upon this discussion, SOMO would then present a proposed OSP to the U.N. 661 Committee, and the Oil Overseers would provide a positive or negative recommendation on whether the SOMO proposal represented a fair market price. If no U.N. 661 Committee member objected, the OSP became final and remained neffect until SOMO determined that the market had changed and a new OSP was needed. If even one member of the U.N. 661 Committee objected to the proposed OSP, it would not go into effect and the prior OSP would continue.

The OSP was generally set as a specified differential to one of the global benchmarks for oil pricing, such as Brent crude oil, which generally serves a benchmark for oil going to Europe and Africa; or West Texas Intermediate (WTI) crude oil, which serves as a benchmark for oil going to North America. Most OSPs were adjusted after about a month. All direct purchasers of Iraqi oil in a given time frame were required to pay the OSP for Iraqi oil obtained during the specified time frame. Those who bought Iraqi oil from the initial purchaser would typically pay a premium over the OSP to cover transportation, insurance, other costs, and a reasonable profit for the initial purchaser. In instances where market oil prices were falling, however, subsequent purchasers were sometimes able to buy the oil at a discount from the initial OSP.

[&]quot;Iraq Decides the Price of its Oil, Aziz Says," <u>Agence France Presse</u> (12/3/00). While dramatic, this suspension may have had little practical effect, since Iraq's customers were already refusing to purchase Iraqi oil as long as Iraq was demanding a 50-cent surcharge.

United Nations 661 Committee fax dated 12/15/00, from the U.N. Oil Overseers to "Buyers of Iraqi Crude Oil," No. S/AC.25/2000/OIL/1330/FAX. A copy of this communication was included in the documents produced by Bayoil, at Bates BAY04-01295.

¹² Subcommittee Interview with Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 1 (4/14/05).

locations.¹⁴ Iraq apparently also offered to give customers who had paid the higher 50- or 40-cent surcharges credit for any overpayment, so that they, in effect, paid the lower rate.¹⁵ With the lower surcharges in place, Iraqi oil exports rose by mid-February 2001, nearly to pre-surcharge levels.

SOMO documents show that the surcharge remained at the 30 and 25-cents-per-barrel rates for more than a year. ¹⁶ Following the end of the eleventh phase of the OFF program at the end of May 2002, SOMO lowered the surcharge rate, this time to 15 cents per-barrel for all locations. ¹⁷ Subcommittee interviews with senior Iraqi officials confirm that this step was taken to increase the volume of Iraq's oil exports. ¹⁸ These interviews also confirm that, at the end of Phase 12 of the Oilfor-Food program, Iraq decided to terminate the surcharges altogether. In September 2002, Iraq cancelled all surcharge assessments.

Collecting the Surcharges. According to SOMO records, ¹⁹ from September 2000 until September 2002, Iraq collected nearly 87 percent of the surcharges it assessed on OFF oil contracts. ²⁰ The collected surcharges totaled about \$228 million.

One reason that SOMO's collection rate was so high may have been the regime's willingness to bar any person who failed to pay an assessed surcharge from obtaining a new oil allocation. The Subcommittee obtained evidence of several instances in which persons who failed to pay assessed surcharges did not receive further allocations. For example, when allocation holder Vladimir Zhirinovsky failed to pay outstanding surcharges for an extended period of time, Iraq stopped providing him with allocations and a senior Iraqi official traveled to Russia to inform him: "Pay or get nothing." He subsequently took action to satisfy the outstanding surcharges. In another instance, Samir Vincent, an Iraq-born American, obtained Iraqi oil allocations through his company Phoenix International LLC, and sold them to Chevron Products Company, a division of Chevron U.S.A. Inc. SOMO records show that he incurred surcharges on the final two sets of oil allocations, which were purchased after Iraq had instituted its oil surcharge policy. According to SOMO documents, Phoenix paid a 10-cent surcharge assessed on the first set of allocations totaling \$8,000, but failed to pay a \$600,000 surcharge due on the second set of allocations. Phoenix apparently never received another allocation.

Using SOMO data, Table 1 summarizes the surcharge rates imposed by Iraq, the time periods during which they were imposed under the phases of the OFF program, and the total amount of

¹⁴ Undated SOMO document entitled "<u>Surcharge</u>," in Arabic, with English translation (hereinafter "SOMO <u>Surcharge</u> document").

¹⁵ See "Iraq Decides the Price of its Oil, Aziz Says," Agence France Presse (12/3/00).

SOMO <u>Surcharge</u> document.

^{17 &}lt;u>Id</u>.

¹⁸ See, e.g., Subcommittee interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 1 (4/14/05).

¹⁹ Both the Iraq Survey Group, which was sponsored by the United States and headed by David Kay and then Charles Duelfer, and the Independent Inquiry Committee, which is sponsored by the United Nations and headed by Paul Volcker, have examined and expressed support for the authenticity and reliability of the SOMO documents tracking oil contract surcharge payments.

²⁰ See SOMO <u>Surcharge</u> document, section entitled, "Fourth: <u>Collecting the surcharge</u>." ("But through the quick efforts, \$228 millions out of \$263 millions were collected, which means the percentage of collection reached 87% after using all different methods of payment ...").

²¹ Subcommittee interview of former Vice President Taha Yassin Ramadan (4/18/05). For more information, see the Subcommittee Staff Report on Oil Allocations Granted to Vladimir Zhirinovsky (5/17/05).

²² On January 18, 2005, Mr. Vincent pled guilty to illegally trading with and lobbying for the Iraqi Government while Iraq was subject to U.S. and U.N. sanctions. <u>United States v. Vincent</u>, Criminal Case No. OS Cr. 59 DC (USDC SDNY 1/18/05), Information.

²³ ISG Report, Annex B.

surcharges that were assessed and actually collected by the Iraqi government from September 2000 to December 2002.

U.N. Dates Surcharge No. of Barrels Total Surcharges Total OFF Surcharges Rate Assessed Exported Assessed (\$) Phase by Iraq (per Paid (\$) barrel) 8 1 Sept. 00 -10¢ 185,618,057 18,561,738 11,196,656 5 Dec. 00 6 Dec. 00 -30¢ to U.S. 291,996,437 81,587,779 72,186,784 25¢ to other 10 4 July 01 -30¢ to U.S. 301,187,733 85,669,148 82,170,996 30 Nov. 01 25¢ to other 11 1 Dec. 01 -30¢ to U.S. 228,943,384 64,059,424 53,959,301 29 May 02 25¢ to other 30 May 02 -12 15¢ 89.330.504 13,399,576 8.514,578 4 Dec. 02

Table 1: Iraqi Oil Surcharges: Assessed and Paid

Table 1. Between September 2000 and December 2002, Iraq collected over \$228 million in illegal surcharges. Data source: SOMO records.

1 Sept 00 -

4 Dec. 02

Totals

Surcharges on U.S. versus Non-U.S. Iraqi Oil Shipments. A further analysis of available data yields an estimate that over half of the illegal surcharges paid to Iraq, \$118 million, were paid on Iraqi oil shipments sent to the United States.

1.097.076.115

263,277,666

228,028,316

This information can be derived from the SOMO records showing the amount of surcharges collected on Iraqi oil exports during each phase of the OFF program, and U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) data showing the amount of Iraqi oil imported into the United States during each of the relevant time periods. Altogether, from September 2000 to September 2002, about 525 million barrels of Iraqi oil were imported into the United States. Multiplying the total number of barrels imported into the United States during each phase of the OFF program by the surcharges assessed and collected barrels on oil destined for North America during each phase yields an estimated surcharge total of approximately \$118 million.²⁴ That means over half of the total surcharges collected by Iraq – \$118 million out of a total of \$228 million or 52 percent – were collected on Iraqi oil shipped to the United States.

The same data indicates that, during the surcharge period, about 475 million barrels of Iraqi oil were exported to Europe, Asia, and Africa; and a total of about \$110 million in surcharges was paid to Iraq by the initial purchasers of this oil. This \$110 million represents about 48 percent of the \$228 million in illegal surcharges collected by Iraq on oil contracts issued under the Oil-for-Food program. Figure 3 at the end of this Report depicts the relative amounts of illegal surcharges collected by the Hussein regime during the Oil-for-Food program for Iraqi oil exported to both U.S. and non-U.S. locations.²⁵

Paying the Surcharges. The Hussein regime required the initial purchasers of Iraqi oil – the oil allocation holders – to pay the assessed surcharges. Several methods of payment were used. According to SOMO documents, most surcharges were paid with wire transfers sent to bank

²⁴ For purposes of this estimate, overall surcharge rates for each phase were adjusted to reflect the extent to which surcharges were assessed but not fully paid.

²⁵ See Figure 3, "Illegal Surcharges on Iraqi Oil: Amounts Paid by Final Destination 2000-2002."

accounts designated by the Iraqi government in the Al Ahli Bank in Oman, the French Bank in Lebanon, the Sardar Bank in Lebanon, the Central Bank of Iraq in Baghdad, or the Baghdad branch of the Rafidian Bank, which is a bank owned by the Iraqi government. In other cases, cash payments were delivered to Iraqi embassies in Moscow, Athens, Cairo, Ankara, Yemen, Vietnam, Malaysia, Rome, Vienna, Damascus, and Geneva; these deposits were then transported to the Central Bank of Iraq by diplomatic courier. The Iraqi front company of AlWasel & Babel, headquartered in the United Arab Emirates, also received surcharge payments. In one unusual instance, an oil allocation holder, Vladimir Zhirinovsky, satisfied his surcharge obligations by transferring ownership of a building in Moscow to the Iraqi embassy.²⁷

B. BAYOIL AND IRAQI SURCHARGE PAYMENTS

From 2000 to 2002, Bayoil bought over 200 million barrels of Iraqi oil for which at least \$37 million in illegal surcharges were paid to the government of Saddam Hussein. Bayoil then sold this oil primarily to U.S. oil companies and refineries, obtaining reimbursement of its costs.

1. Bayoil in General²⁸

Bayoil (USA), Inc. is incorporated in Delaware, based in Houston, Texas, and owned by David B. Chalmers, Jr., who is the company's sole shareholder.²⁰ Bayoil Supply & Trading Ltd. is incorporated in the Bahamas, based in Nassau, and owned by Mr. Chalmers who, again, is the company's sole shareholder.²⁰ Other Bayoil affiliates include Bayoil, S.A., a Swiss corporation which is also wholly owned by Mr. Chalmers,³¹ and Bayoil Technologies which is apparently a corporation formed in Luxembourg.³²

The Bayoil companies (hereinafter "Bayoil") appear to have operated with a relatively small number of key personnel. The principals were Mr. Chalmers, a U.S. citizen living in Houston, Texas; John Irving, a British citizen based in London, England; and Ludmil Dionissiev, a Bulgarian citizen and U.S. permanent resident residing in Houston, Texas. In addition, Augusto Giangrandi, a sometime resident of Florida with dual citizenship in Chile and Italy, has served as chairman of the Bayoil company in the Bahamas and as a Bayoil agent in various oil sales. During the periods relevant to this investigation, these and other individuals worked together to help Bayoil purchase Iraqi oil and sell it primarily to oil companies and refineries in the United States and Europe. In April 2005, Bayoil (USA), Inc., Bayoil Supply & Trading Ltd., and Messrs. Chalmers, Irving and Dionissiev were indicted in the United States for violating U.S. restrictions on doing business with Iraq, conspiracy to commit wire fraud, and wire fraud.

²⁶ SOMO Surcharge document.

 $^{^{27}}$ Id. For more information, see Subcommittee Staff Report on Oil Allocations Granted to Vladimir Zhirinovsky (5/17/05).

²⁸ During its investigation, the Subcommittee attempted to interview Bayoil personnel, without success. The Subcommittee was able, however, to obtain and review a significant number of Bayoil documents, which were then compared with other documents and evidence collected during the investigation.

²⁹ See <u>United States v. Chalmers</u>, Case No. S1-05-Cr. 59(DC) (USDC SDNY), Indictment.

³⁰ <u>ld</u>

³¹ See letter dated 8/8/97, from Bayoil's legal counsel, Dickstein, Shapiro Morin & Oshinsky LLP, to OFAC.

³² See "Dealing With Saddam's Regime: How Fortunes Were Made In Iraq Through The UN's Oil-For-Food Programme," <u>Financial Times</u> (4/8/04).

³³ See, e.g., letter dated 9/9/99, from Augusto Giangrandi, as Chairman of Bayoil Supply & Trading Ltd., to the Iraq Ministry of Oil, SOMO, Bates SNT045424. This letter is signed before a notary public.

³⁴ See <u>United States v. Chalmers</u>, Case No. S1-05-Cr. 59(DC) (USDC SDNY), Indictment.

2. Bayoil and Iraq

Bayoil has a long history, extending over 20 years, of buying and selling Iraqi oil. In fact, Bayoil was the second company to lift Iraqi oil when Iraqi exports resumed at the beginning of the Oil-for-Food program in December 1996.³⁵ In later phases of the program, due to Iraq's general policy against issuing OFF oil contracts to U.S. companies, Bayoil did not contract directly with Iraq, but typically bought oil from either oil allocation holders or intermediary companies which had agreed to lift oil for an allocation holder.

During the OFF program, Bayoil became the largest source of Iraqi oil imports into the United States, and touted this fact. In July 1998, for example, a Bayoil trader wrote: "There is absolutely no doubt, and it is internationally acknowledged that Bayoil is the prime supplier of Iraqi oil to the United States." A 2003 memorandum sent by Bayoil to the U.N. Office of Iraq Programme stated: "Bayoil has been the largest shipper/marketer of Iraqi crude's to the U.S. since the oil began, mostly under contract from a wide range of S.O.M.O. allocation holders." Citing the company's shipment of 8 million barrels in February 2003, and 7 million barrels in March, Bayoil wrote that it was providing "40-60% of the U.S. deliveries, a market share consistent with our activities during typical periods since the program[']s inception." The same of the U.S. deliveries, a market share consistent with our activities during typical periods since the program[']s inception." The same of the U.S. deliveries are consistent with our activities during typical periods since the program[']s inception." The same of the U.S. deliveries are consistent with our activities during typical periods since the program[']s inception." The same of the U.S. deliveries are consistent with our activities during typical periods since the program[']s inception." The same of the U.S. deliveries are consistent with our activities during typical periods since the program[']s inception." The same of the U.S. deliveries are consistent with our activities during typical periods since the program[']s inception."

A brief review of Bayoil's relationship with Iraq shows why it was able to become a prominent supplier of Iraqi oil to the United States.

Oil-For-Cluster Bombs. One of Bayoil's most important connections to the Iraqi Oil Ministry dates back to at least the mid 1980s, when the company performed a key role in transactions that enabled Iraq to obtain cluster bombs for use against Iranian troops in the Faw Peninsula during the Iran-Iraq war. During the 1980s and its war against Iran, Iraq purchased hundreds of millions of dollars in cluster bombs and other weapons from Carlos Cardoen, a notorius Chilean arms manufacturer. In 1983, Mr. Cardoen hired Augusto Giangrandi, a dual national of Chile and Italy and a resident of Florida, to ship zirconium from the United States to Chile for use in the manufacture of cluster bombs, the vast majority of which were then sold to Iraq. In his application to the U.S. Department of Commerce for an export license for the zirconium, Mr. Giangrandi falsely stated that it would be used for mining explosives in Chile.

Iraq incurred large debts from purchasing these weapons. Beginning in 1985, Mr. Giangrandi frequently traveled to Iraq on behalf of Cardoen Industries in order to collect on the debts and develop new business. Documents obtained by the Subcommittee describe how, on one such trip to Iraq in the mid-1980s, Mr. Giangrandi brought Bayoil into a deal to help Iraq satisfy its debts to Cardoen.³⁹ Mr. Giangrandi and David Chalmers of Bayoil negotiated an agreement with SOMO to finance Iraq's weapons purchases, in part, with oil instead of cash. According to the agreement, Bayoil would lift a quantity of oil, pay Iraq for only a portion of the value of the oil, and pay Cardoen

³⁵ See "First Iraqi crude loading completed, vessel sales," <u>Platt's Oilgram Price Report</u> (12/19/96). Another U.S. company, the Coastal Corporation, was the first to lift Iraqi oil under the Oil-for-Food program. <u>Id</u>.

³⁶ Letter dated 7/13/98, from Ludmil Dionissiev of Bayoil to Zia Bajaev of Gruppa Alliance, Bates BAY04-01481.

³⁷ Memorandum dated 3/13/03, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to U.N. Office of Iraq Programme, with a copy to the U.S. State Department, Bates BAY 04-01288-91.

^{38 &}quot;Santiago Journal: Is He 'Merchant of Death' or Scapegoat for U.S.?," New York Times (5/15/93) (U.S. Customs Commissioner Carol Hallett is quoted calling him 'a 'black widow' spider with a web of companies and bank accounts that 'circled the entire globe.") See also, e.g., "Dealing With Saddam's Regime: How Fortunes Were Made In Iraq Through The UN's Oil-For-Food Programme." Financial Times (4/8/04).

³⁹ Documents under seal in Subcommittee files.

the balance. Iraq would thereby reduce its weapons debt by the amount paid by Bayoil to Cardoen. This arrangement, in effect, allowed Iraq to trade oil for cluster bombs.⁴⁰

In the years following the agreement, Iraq entered into multiple contracts with Bayoil to ship Iraqi oil, and Bayoil became the largest single importer of Iraqi oil into the United States. 41 Over the years, Bayoil also maintained ties to Mr. Giangrandi, who became a key contact in its dealings with Iraqi officials. 42

At the same time, Mr. Giangrandi was maintaining his ties with Mr. Cardoen. In the summer of 1990, the U.S. Department of Commerce began an investigation into reports that Mr. Giangrandi was seeking an airworthiness certificate for a Bell 206 Long Range helicopter for export to Mr. Cardoen. The Commerce Department believed that the helicopter was a prototype that would later be modified for military use and then sold to Iraq. According to the Department of Commerce, Because of the August 1990 Iraqi invasion of Kuwait, the possibility of illegal exports to Iraq, and the [information about Mr. Giangrandi's intent to export helicopters to Mr. Cardoen], the U.S. Department of Commerce's Office of Export Enforcement (OEE) initiated an investigation into the broader relationship between Mr. Giangrandi, Mr. Cardoen, and illegal arms sales to Iraq. In 1994, the OEE notified Mr. Giangrandi of its intention to initiate an administrative action against him based on allegations that, between 1983 and 1988, Mr. Giangrandi had conspired with Mr. Cardoen and others to export U.S. origin zirconium from the United States to Chile contrary to the terms of the export licenses.

On September 15, 1994, Mr. Giangrandi and the Commerce Department entered into a consent agreement which barred Mr. Giangrandi from participating in any transaction involving U.S. exports for a period of ten years. ⁴⁶ In 1995, the United States indicted Carlos Cardoen, his Chilean company, and others for export violations related to the zirconium transactions. ⁴⁷ Mr. Giangrandi, who was not named as a defendant, signed a cooperation agreement and testified as a government witness in the case. ⁴⁸

⁴⁰ See also "Bayoil Returns to Prominent Place Selling Iraqi Crude," Platts Oilgram News (12/17/96).

⁴¹ Document under seal in Subcommittee files. Prior to Iraq's invasion of Kuwait, Bayoil was lifting about 250,000 barrels per day of Iraqi oil. See "Bayoil Returns to Prominent Place Selling Iraqi Crude," <u>Platts Oilgram News</u> (12/17/96).

⁴² During the 1980s, Mr. Giangrandi apparently deepened his relationship with Iraq through additional arms deals. For example, according to the <u>Financial Times</u>, "In 1989 Mr. Giangrandi and Mr. Cardoen acquired Cosmos, an Italian manufacturer of mini-submarines. The Iraqi navy was interested in their suitability and Mr. Giangrandi says he signed an agreement to sell three of them to Baghdad. The first Gulf war intervened and the submarines were never sold. But Mr. Giangrandi had made some powerful Iraqi friends." "Dealing with Saddam's Regime: How Fortunes Were Made In Iraq Through The UN's Oil-for-Food Programme," <u>Financial Times</u> (4/8/04).

⁴³ See "Enforcement Case Histories: Anatomy Of A Successful Investigation," Bureau of Industry and Security, U.S. Commerce Department at www.bxa.doc.gov/Enforcement/CaseSummaries/CarlosCardoen.html.

^{44 &}lt;u>Ic</u>

⁴⁵ The export of zirconium from the United States to Chile for use in the manufacture of cluster bombs also violated a U.S. arms embargo against Chile in place at the time.

⁴⁶ In re Augusto Giacono Giangrandi Valenzuela, 59 FR 48595 (9/22/94). The last 5 years of the denial period were suspended, with the possibility of waiver if Mr. Giangrandi met his obligations to the U.S. Government and committed no new violations of the Export Administration Act.

⁴⁷ See U.S. v. Cardoen, 898 F. Supp. 1563 (S.D. Fl. 1995).

⁴⁸ Only three defendants actually appeared in court. The other defendants, including Mr. Cardoen, avoided arrest and remain fugitives. At the Cardoen trial, the defendants argued unsuccessfully that Mr. Cardoen had been cooperating with the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) which had supported the supply of weapons to Iraq during the Iraq-Iran war, alleging that: "The CIA exercised actual governmental authority to covertly sanction the export transactions that gave rise to the indictment." Id. at 1575-7. In addition to testifying at this trial, Mr. Giangrandi also agreed to cooperate in three other cases involving weapons sales to Iraq.

In the late 1990s, after his exclusion from U.S. export transactions, Mr. Giangrandi turned to other business ventures, at times participating in transactions involving Iraqi oil and Bayoil. In 1994, for example, he sold a company he had founded with Mr. Cardoen, called Cosmos, to Bayoil Technology. During the first half of 1999, in connection with a Bayoil transaction to lift oil allocated to a Russian politician, Vladimir Zhirinovsky, Bayoil paid a 17-cent-per-barrel commission to United Management, a Chilean firm owned by Mr. Giangrandi a 17-cent-per-barrel commission to United Management, a Chilean firm owned by Mr. Giangrandi participated in negotiations with SOMO to obtain significant oil allocations for Bayoil. Around the same time, Mr. Giangrandi registered with the United Nations an Italian company he had formed earlier, called Italtech, so that it could purchase oil under the OFF program. In 2000, when other companies were reducing their oil purchases due to Iraq's surcharge demands, Mr. Giangrandi won oil allocations for Italtech totaling 37 million barrels. Over the next six months, Mr. Giangrandi, through Italtech, sold about 34 million of those barrels to Bayoil for export to the United States, while also paying illegal surcharges to the Iraqi government, as described below.

3. Bayoil and Surcharges

Bayoil was an active participant throughout the Oil-for-Food program, from 1996 to 2003, first buying millions of barrels of Iraqi oil directly from Iraq and then from a variety of oil allocation holders and intermediary companies. It bought oil from Mr. Giangrandi's company Italtech; from a host of Russian officials, political parties, and companies such as Vladimir Zhirinovsky, the Russian Presidential Council, Rosneft, Rosnefteimpex, and SOVOIL; and from various Middle Eastern individuals, organizations, and companies, including Al-Hoda International Trading, a front company for the Hussein regime; EMIROIL; and the National Oil Wells Maintenance Company; as well as from others. 52

During the surcharge period from September 2000 to September 2002, when other companies were decreasing their purchases of Iraqi oil due to Iraqi's demand for surcharges, Bayoil took the opposite course and increased both its purchases and its share of Iraqi oil exports. For example, just prior to Iraqi's imposition of the 30-cent surcharge in early 2001, Bayoil was lifting approximately 10-12 percent of Iraqi's oil production; after the imposition of the 30-cent surcharge Bayoil's share nearly doubled, to about 20 percent of Iraqi's oil exports. 53

Bayoil also increased its share of Iraqi oil exports to the United States. From the beginning of the imposition of surcharges in September 2000, Bayoil increased its share of U.S. imports from around 40 percent of all Iraqi oil imported into the United States to over 60 percent in a number of the following months.⁵⁴ Bayoil's increased activity also significantly increased the percentage of Iraqi oil production sold to the United States.⁵⁵

⁴⁹ See, e.g., "Dealing With Saddam's Regime: How Fortunes Were Made In Iraq Through The UN's Oil-For-Food Programme," Financial Times (4/8/04).

⁵⁰ See Subcommittee Staff Report on Oil Allocations Granted to Vladimir Zhirinovsky (5/17/05).

⁵¹ See, e.g., letter dated 9/9/99, from Augusto Giangrandi, as Chairman of Bayoil Supply & Trading Ltd., to the Iraq Ministry of Oil, SOMO, Bates SNT045424. This letter is signed before a notary public.

⁵² See Appendix to this Report, "Iraqi Oil Cargoes Bought by Bayoil for US Market on which a Surcharge was Paid, September 2000 - March 2002."

⁵³ See Figure 4 which shows, for example, that in December 2001, Bayoil lifted approximately 21 percent of Iraq's total oil production. Figure 4, "Bayoil Cargoes as Percent of Iraq Oil Production July 1999 - April 2002." See also Memorandum dated 3/13/03, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to U.N. Office of Iraq Programme, with a copy to the U.S. State Department, Bates BAY 04-01288-91, at 1289.

⁵⁴ See Figure 5, "Bayoil Cargoes as Percent of U.S. Imports from Iraq January 2000 - April 2002." This significant increase in Bayoil's share of the U.S. market was mostly due to the large decrease in the volume of Iraqi oil purchased by other U.S. oil companies following the imposition of the 50-, 40-, and 30-cent surcharges.

⁵⁵ See Figure 6, "Percent of Iraqi Oil Production Imported by U.S. 1999-2002."

During the surcharge period, Bayoil bought over 200 million barrels of Iraqi oil. It acquired this oil from allocation holders or intermediary companies. In many instances, however, Bayoil assumed all of the commercial risks normally associated with direct purchases of oil: Bayoil provided the letters of credit for the initial purchase of the Iraqi oil; Bayoil chartered the vessels to load the Iraqi oil; Bayoil scheduled the loading dates and times with SOMO; and Bayoil incurred any demurrage charges from delays in loading the oil. The allocation holders and intermediary companies that sold cargos to Bayoil typically assumed no commercial risks, even though, on paper, they made the initial oil purchase. In these cases, Bayoil typically paid a commission to the allocation holder, the intermediary, or both, in amounts that ranged from a few cents to as much as 40-cents-per-barrel. ⁵⁶ The presence of intermediary buyers and sellers who assumed no commercial risk was unprecedented in the oil markets. ⁵⁷

Iraq required the holders of Iraqi oil allocations to ensure that assessed surcharges were paid. However, an allocation holder required to pay a 30-cent surcharge to Iraq would likely have made little or no profit – and perhaps would have even incurred a net financial loss – unless that allocation holder could pass on the cost of that surcharge to the next buyer of the oil, such as Bayoil. It is reasonable to conclude that allocation holders would not have agreed to transactions in which they would lose money, since that would have defeated the whole point of the oil allocation. The more likely arrangement was that Bayoil was informed of the required surcharges and either paid them directly or reimbursed the allocation holder for paying them.

The recent Federal criminal indictment of Bayoil alleges just that type of arrangement:

[BAYOIL] agreed to pay, did pay, and caused to be paid millions of dollars in secret illegal surcharges to the Government of Iraq. These secret illegal surcharge payments covered oil purchased from in or about mid-2000, up to and including in or about early 2001 by CHALMERS and the BAYOIL COMPANIES from a foreign company that was operated by co-conspirators named as defendants herein (the "Foreign Company") and whose operations were funded almost exclusively by CHALMERS and the BAYOIL COMPANIES. To conceal these illegal surcharge payments, CHALMERS agreed to pay the Foreign Company inflated commission prices on the original transactions, with the knowledge and expectation that the Foreign Company would then make the surcharge payments to the Government of Iraq. ³⁸

Using SOMO and Bayoil records, the Subcommittee Minority Staff has calculated that, during the surcharge period, Bayoil paid, either directly or indirectly, illegal surcharges on Iraqi oil purchases of at least \$37 million. Both SOMO and Bayoil kept detailed records of their transactions, copies of which were obtained and analyzed by the Subcommittee. Certain SOMO records specify the amount of surcharges that were assessed and actually paid by each allocation holder who lifted Iraqi oil; these records also provide the U.N. contract approval number that each such allocation holder obtained in order to purchase the oil under the OFF program. Bayoil records identify each company from which it purchased each cargo of Iraqi oil; for most of these cargoes Bayoil records also identify the U.N. contract number under which the oil was lifted. By using the U.N. contract numbers that appear in both sets of records, the Subcommittee Minority Staff was able to match specific surcharge payments to individual Bayoil cargoes. A listing of each of these cargos, the persons involved in buying or selling the cargo, and the associated surcharge payments made to the Iraqi government appears as an Appendix to this Report. This Appendix identifies 102 cargoes

⁵⁶ See, e.g., Bayoil's handling of oil allocations provided to Vladimir Zhirinovsky, as explained in the Subcommittee Staff Report on Oil Allocations Granted to Vladimir Zhirinovsky (5/17/05).

⁵⁷ Subcommittee interview of U.N. Oil Overseer (5/3/05).

⁵⁸ United States v. Chalmers, Case No. S1 05 Cr. 59 (USDC SDNY), Indictment.

⁵⁹ Due to the refusal of Bayoil employees to provide interviews, the Subcommittee Minority Staff has been unable to verify the accuracy and completeness of the Bayoil records provided to the Subcommittee. The Bayoil records provided to the Subcommittee do, however, appear internally consistent and do not appear to have been altered from their original form. They also appear consistent with the SOMO records and with other information obtained by the Subcommittee.

purchased by Bayoil during the surcharge period, and the total of all the listed surcharge payments associated with these cargos is at least \$37 million.

In addition, for each cargo of oil purchased from Iraq, Bayoil records identify the costs it incurred associated with that cargo, the company or companies to which Bayoil sold the oil, and the funds obtained from the sale or sales. Presumably, in each case, Bayoil sought to sell the cargo for more than Bayoil had paid to obtain it. To the extent Bayoil was profiting from its transactions in Iraqi oil, Bayoil would have included all of its transactional costs in the sales price -- the cost of the oil, shipping costs, insurance costs, trading costs, and administrative costs, as well as any legal or illegal fees or surcharges. In other words, Bayoil would have "passed on" the cost of the surcharge (as opposed to the surcharge itself) to the next purchaser of the Iraqi oil. This analysis assumes, therefore, that the additional costs due to any surcharges paid were passed on by Bayoil to subsequent buyers during the surcharge period.

As explained above, the Subcommittee Minority Staff used Bayoil and SOMO records to estimate the amount of surcharges that were paid or financed by Bayoil with respect to Iraqi oil sold to U.S. and other companies during the surcharge period. Table 2 indicates the extent to which the \$37 million in surcharge costs were likely passed on to particular companies that purchased oil from Bayoil.

Table 2: Companies Most Likely Affected by Bayoil's Surcharge Payments for Iraqi Oil

Oil Company	Amount of Oil Purchased from Bayoil (barrels)	Cost of Bayoil Surcharge Payment "Passed on" to Bayoil Customers
Alon USA	24,313,123	\$981,725
Diamond	3,403,526	\$956,082
Equiva (Shell)	5,126,603	\$1,141,912
Exxon	15,078,007	\$2,366,466
Koch	4,954,401	\$1,294,619
Lyondell	2,895,482	\$834,082
Marathon	8,081,973	\$2,267,989
Premcor		
Premcor	9,664,533	\$1,393,957
PACC	12,286,095	\$2,517,969
Clark	22,649,307	\$1,354,224
Tosco	5,097,458	\$954,854
Valero	44,833,563	\$11,946,864
Other	45,808,761	\$8,866,197
TOTAL	204,192,735	\$36,876,940

Table 2. Bayoil financed at least \$37 million in illegal surcharge payments on exported Iraqi oil, and then sold the oil to U.S. and other oil companies.

Data source: SOMO <u>Surcharge</u> document; Bayoil records.

The Subcommittee Minority Staff has not seen any evidence showing that any U.S. company knowingly purchased Iraqi oil from Bayoil for which an illegal surcharge had been paid. In fact, U.S. companies purchasing Iraqi oil typically included a clause in their contracts requiring the seller

to provide a warranty that no surcharges had been paid to Iraq in connection with the oil being sold. A typical warranty clause that appeared in Bayoil contracts reads as follows:

"Seller warrants that the crude oil sold to buyer pursuant to this contract was obtained pursuant to all necessary approvals and in accordance with all applicable procedures of the United Nations (U.N.) Resolution 986 and the U.N. Security Council Committee established by SCR 661 (1990). Seller also warrants that the provision of all applicable U.N. Resolutions have been complied with, including, without limitation, SCR 986 (1995), SCR 1111 (1997), SCR 1143 (1997) and SCR 661 (1990). Seller specifically warrants that no surcharge or other payment was made to SOMO by the seller, or to Seller's knowledge by any third party, outside the U.N. Escrow Account in obtaining the crude oil sold to buyer hereunder. Seller agrees to indemnify and hold buyer harmless from and against any loss ... arising out of or in connection with a breach of any of the warranties contained herein." 60

To the extent that Bayoil paid surcharges on the oil sold to these companies or knew of the payment of such surcharges by third parties, Bayoil was likely in breach of this warranty.

4. Bayoil and Italtech

Because it was a key supplier of Iraqi oil to Bayoil during the surcharge period, Italtech, the company controlled by Augusto Giangrandi, merits additional examination. Italtech apparently renewed its working relationship with Bayoil to purchase Iraqi oil in or around 1999. When the surcharge period began in September 2000, Italtech, like Bayoil, took advantage of other companies' reluctance to buy oil for which surcharges were demanded and significantly increased its participation in the Iraqi oil market. And, unlike Bayoil, as an Italian company, Italtech was able to convince SOMO to provide it with both oil allocations and direct contracts to lift the oil. According to one senior Iraqi official, Italtech was able to obtain an unusually large allocation near the end of 2000, because the Iraqis were "kissing feet to lift oil" when the surcharges were first imposed. 61

During Phase 9 of the OFF program, which took place from December 5, 2000 until June 3, 2001, Italtech lifted, in total, more than 37 million barrels of Iraqi oil, which was the largest amount lifted by any company during any single phase of the entire OFF program. 62 It sold about 34 million of these barrels to Bayoil.

Beginning in 1999 in Phase 8 of the OFF program, Bayoil and Italtech accelerated their working relationship, and in Phase 9, Italtech became Bayoil's primary supplier of oil. In May of 1999, for example, Bayoil characterized Mr. Giangrandi as the company's representative in Baghdad.⁶³ In September, as mentioned earlier, Mr. Giangrandi sent a letter to SOMO in which he presented himself as Chairman of Bayoil (Bahamas).⁶⁴ In December 1999, after having "had a word with Baghdad" and determined "it is to our benefit to state that the two companies are connected," Italtech wrote a letter to SOMO and the Oil Ministry, addressed "To Whom it May Concern," stating: "We write to confirm that Bayoil LTD and Italtech SRI are sister companies with common directors."

See, e.g., warranty clauses at Bates BAY04-00840 and BAY04-00855.

⁶¹ Subcommittee interview of Senior Iraqi Official No. 1 (4/15/05).

⁶² Italtech also received an allocation of 3.1 million barrels in Phase 8. SOMO Surcharge document.

⁶³ See, e.g., fax dated 5/27/99, with no transmission indications, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to United European Bank, Geneva ("As per our previous discussion, Augusto Giangrandi is now representing the company in Baghdad.").

⁶⁴ See, e.g., letter dated 9/9/99, from Augusto Giangrandi, as Chairman of Bayoil Supply & Trading Ltd., to the Iraq Ministry of Oil, SOMO, Bates SNT045424.

⁶⁵ Fax dated 10/27/99, from Hobi Sabih to Lucio Moriconi of Italtech, Bates IT-02401 (incorporating text of letter from Italtech).

The nature of the working relationship between Bayoil and Italtech is illustrated by a general revenue sharing agreement they executed in December 2000, at the outset of Phase 9.66 Essentially, this agreement provided that, in exchange for making a commission-like payment to Italtech not to exceed 20-cents-per-barrel, Bayoil would buy any and all of the oil that Italtech obtained from Iraq, and arrange to load, transport, and sell it on the world market. 47 Under this arrangement, Italtech obtained the oil allocation from Iraq, signed the contracts with the United Nations to lift the oil, sold the oil to Bayoil, and Bayoil then assumed all of the commercial risks and expenses involved in actually loading, transporting, and selling the oil. 48 Once the United Nations actually approved the issuance of Contract No. M/09/07 to Italtech giving it the right to lift millions of barrels of Iraqi oil, Bayoil and Italtech entered into a more specific purchase/sale agreement stating that Bayoil would buy the oil under this contract from Italtech and pay Italtech a fee of 8-cents-per-barrel. 40

Bayoil records indicate Bayoil paid Italtech a total of more than \$10 million in per-barrel commission fees during Phases 8 and 9 of the OFF program. While the purchase agreement for Phase 9 indicated that Italtech's commission was 8-cents-per-barrel, Bayoil appears to have paid Italtech substantially more, about 28-cents-per-barrel, on a number of contracts for which an illegal surcharge was assessed.

BAYOIL AGREES TO PURCHASE ALL QUANTITIES OF BOTH BASRAH LIGHT CRUDE OIL AND KIRKUK CRUDE OIL FROM ITALTECH, UNDER THE STANDARD SOMO CONTRACT TERMS AND CONDITIONS APPROVED BY THE UNITED NATIONS, AND SPECIFICALLY INCLUDING THE OBLIGATION TO NOMINATE LIFTING DATES AND ARRANGE SHIPMENTS, DESPITE UNCERTAIN MARKET CONDITIONS, AND PRIOR TO ESTABLISHMENT OF U.N. APPROVED PRICE FORMULAS APPLICABLE FOR EACH SHIPMENT.

THE TERMS OF THIS AGREEMENT SHALL PROVIDE FOR ITALTECH TO RECEIVE A REASONABLE SHARE OF REVENUES FROM THE SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF SHIPMENTS BAYOIL LIFTS FROM THE PURCHASE CONTRACT, NOT TO EXCEED AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO US\$0.20 PER NET BARREL FOR TOTAL QUANTITIES LOADED UNDER THE CONTRACT AND AS A PROPORTION OF NET REVENUES OF APPROXIMATELY 40%.

⁶⁸ To ensure that Italtech could creditably sign contracts with SOMO and the United Nations to buy the oil allotted to it, Bayoil helped Italtech obtain letters and lines of credit at the banks where Bayoil had accounts. On December 6, 2000, for example, Bayoil asked its bank, UEB, to open two large lines of credit, in the amounts of 48 and 45 million euros each, for the benefit of Italtech. Bayoil specified that the credit was to be used for the purchase of Iraqi oil under the Oil-for-Food program—one shipment of 2 million barrels and another for a shipment of 1.8 million barrels—and the amounts were to be paid into the BNP escrow account within thirty days of presentation of the appropriate documentation that the oil had been lifted. In either late December 2000 or early January 2001, for example, Bayoil opened a letter of credit for Italtech at Banque Bruxelles Lambert (Suisse) for about 40 million euros to be used to purchase 2.1 million barrels of Iraqi oil. On January 17, 2001, Bayoil directed another bank, Credit Agricole Indosuez Suisse SA, Geneva ("CAI"), to issue an "irrevocable documentary letter of credit by order of Italtech S.R.L. but under our entire responsibility, to BNP Paribas, New York." Bayoil specified that the requested credit line of 42 million euros was to be used to purchase 2 million barrels of Iraqi oil. In late January 2001, Bayoil helped open a similar letter of credit for Italtech for 46 million euros to be used to purchase 2.1 million barrels of Iraqi oil. Fax dated 1/22/01, with no transmission indications, from Jean Johnston of Bayoil to Banque Cantonale Vaudoise. On March 6, 2001, Bayoil opened still another letter of credit at CAI for Italtech for 38 million euros to be used to buy 1.9 million barrels of Iraqi oil for the U.S. market. Fax dated 3/6/01, with no transmission indications, from Bayoil to CAI.

Prior to helping Italtech obtain these letters of credit, in at least one instance, Bayoil appears to have advanced the funds Italtech needed to acquire an additional allocation of oil. On or about October 10, 2000, Bayoil appears to have deposited \$1 million into an Italtech account at UEB "for the sole purpose of establishing a credit line for Italtech to purchase Iraqi crude oil directly from SOMO, Baghdad." Italtech acknowledged that the funds were to be "blocked and not available for any other use and/or transfer from the Italtech account without prior authorization from Bayoil." Memorandum dated 10/10/00, from Italtech to Bayoil.

⁶⁶ Bayoil document entitled, "Revenue Sharing Agreement," dated 12/27/00, signed by Augusto Giangrandi for and on behalf of Italtech S.r.l. and by David Chalmers, Jr., for and on behalf of Bayoil Supply & Trading Ltd., Bates SNT 045541. Bayoil and Italtech had revenue-sharing agreements in prior phases as well.

⁶⁷ The key provisions in the revenue sharing agreement are as follows:

⁶⁹ Italtech document dated 12/27/00, from Italtech to Bayoil Supply & Trading Ltd. confirming "PURCHASE/SALE AGREEMENT" under "SOMO CONTRACT NO. M/09/07" at 2.

⁷⁰ Bayoil document entitled "Italtech Contract Allocations."

According to SOMO and Italtech documents, each of the barrels Italtech sold to Bayoil during Phase 9 were assessed a 30-cent-per-barrel surcharge. These records also show that, on many occasions, Italtech failed to pay these and other assessed surcharges, which apparently upset SOMO officials. According to a Financial Times (FT) article, in March 2001, SOMO Executive Director Saddam Hassan, a relative of Saddam Hussein, summoned Mr. Giangrandi to SOMO headquarters and demanded payment of the outstanding surcharges, which apparently then totaled more than \$8 million. According to FT, at this meeting Oil Minister Rashid told Mr. Giangrandi that, if he did not pay, Saddam Hussein "will cut my head off." According to the FT article, Mr. Giangrandi told the Iraqis that he "was worried about international scrutiny, warning that ifhe rushed the payment the UN would find out and he would be ruined." "

Mr. Giangrandi's concern about making the surcharge payment was well founded. On March 21, 2001, Mr. Giangrandi was advised by his legal counsel Hunton & Williams not to pay the illegal surcharges:

"We are gravely concerned about the proposed payment to Alwasel & Babel of approximately \$8.2 million (U.S.) in connection with the purchase of oil from the Republic of Iraq. It is our opinion, based upon a careful review of the facts and law applicable to the situation, that proceeding with the proposed transaction could lead to your arrest, conviction and incarceration for violations of U.S. law."⁷³

Hunton & Williams also told Mr. Giangrandi that due to his previous violations of U.S. law (referring to the export violations associated with the cluster bombs for Iraq), it was likely that law enforcement authorities were monitoring his activities:

"[W]e believe that all transactions with which you are involved will be closely monitored by criminal law enforcement agencies of the United States government. Thus, you are in a unique situation because the Government has advised you that it would scrutinize all transactions you are involved in – within and outside of the U.S. In fact, the proceedings for which you were previously sanctioned involved force transactions. Also, recall that the Government knows of your association with Dr. Carlos Cardoen. The Government is actively seeking to extradite Dr. Cardoen. This gives the Government even greater reason to fully monitor your conduct."

The law firm's 12-page letter then identified and explained the various criminal statutes under which he could be prosecuted if he proceeded to pay the surcharges. The letter closed with the following warning:

"Accordingly, it is our well-considered opinion that you may not proceed with the proposed transaction. Failure to heed this advice will likely lead to your arrest, conviction, and incarceration.

"GOVERN YOURSELF ACCORDINGLY,

(signed and notarized)"

Despite this warning from his legal counsel, Mr. Giangrandi paid the government of Iraq over \$6 million in surcharges according to SOMO and Italtech records.

⁷¹ See SOMO <u>Surcharge</u> document; Italtech spreadsheet.

^{72 &}quot;Dealing with Saddam's regime: how fortunes were made through the UN's oil-for-food programme," <u>Financial Times</u> (4/8/04). Other senior Iraqi officials interviewed by the Subcommittee stated the <u>Financial Times</u> articles had confused the Oil Minister with someone else, possibly General Amir Hamudi Hasan Al Sa'adi. The Subcommittee has been unable to interview the relevant persons to confirm the meeting described in the article.

⁷³ See letter dated 3/21/01, from Hunton & Williams to Mr. Giangrandi. Hunton & Williams also represented Mr. Giangrandi in the oil-for-cluster bombs case.

Bayoil documents show that, in early April 2001, shortly after Iraqi officials personally demanded that Mr. Giangrandi pay the surcharges owed by Italtech, Bayoil increased the amount of per-barrel compensation that it paid to Italtech, from 8-cents-per-barrel to 28-cents-per-barrel. On April 5, 2001, Bayoil prepared a worksheet totaling various expenses and amounts due to Italtech from Bayoil. Another Bayoil document, undated, lists the cargoes that Bayoil obtained from Italtech under the December 2000 revenue sharing agreement, and identifies the "balance of payment due outside letter of credit (the letter of credit was issued for payment to the U.N. escrow account at BNP Paribas)." This document calculates the amounts due Italtech "outside of the letter of credit" at the rate of 8-cents-per-barrel.

Still another Bayoil document reflects nearly identical information, but instead of using the 8-cent-per-barrel rate as specified in the December 2000 agreement, uses a rate of 28-cents-per-barrel. Handwritten on this document is the notation, "accrue 28¢ per cargo," and an additional column is handwritten and entitled, "USD Accrued 28¢ Amount." The amount owed for each cargo, at the rate of 28-cents-per-barrel, is then handwritten in that column. Together, these two Bayoil records show that, in early April 2001, after Mr. Giangrandi was allegedly confronted in Baghdad by Iraqis demanding payment of Italtech's outstanding surcharges, Bayoil carefully calculated how much it would owe Italtech if it paid an extra 20-cents-per-barrel over their agreed-upon price of 8-cents-per-barrel. The total was about \$6.19 million.

While the Subcommittee Minority Staff has no direct evidence that Bayoil then paid the \$6.19 million to Italtech, it does have evidence that, around the same time, Italtech paid the Iraq government about \$6.15 million. The evidence also shows that, in Iraqi oil transactions during this period, Bayoil was a major source of funding for Italtech.

To further understand how surcharges were assessed and paid on Italtech oil allocations, consider, for example, contract number M/09/07, which was the first Phase 9 contract that the United Nations approved between Italtech and SOMO, on December 22, 2000.75 This contract originally gave Italtech the right to buy 8 million barrels of Iraqi oil, and eventually reached 32 million barrels.76 Bayoil arranged for a number of shipments of oil under this contract. For each shipment, Italtech documents show that it received an invoice from Alwasel & Babel General Trading requesting payment of a fee of 0.17 euros (at the time approximately 16 cents) per-barrel.77 Each of these invoices is also associated with an agreement between Alwasel & Babel and Italtech, signed by Mr. Giangrandi, in which Italtech agreed to pay the assessed fee in return for the allocation of oil. Alwasel & Babel was a front company for the Hussein regime that was used to collect surcharge payments. Because Alwasel & Babel was never granted the oil allocation it was purporting to sell to Italtech, it is reasonable to view Alwasel & Babel as acting on behalf of the Iraqi government and its invoices as requests for payment of an illegal surcharge. It appears that Mr. Giangrandi's legal counsel at the time interpreted the Alwasel & Babel invoices in just this manner, as explained in the firm's letter described earlier.

⁷⁴ Fax dated 4/5/01, from Jean Johnston of Bayoil to Augusto Giangrandi.

 $^{^{75}}$ Approval from U.N. Oil Overseers for Contract Number M/09/07 (12/22/00), S/AC.25/2000/OIL/1330/OC.05.

The contract was amended on January 19, 2001, and again on February 6, 2001, to reflect additional oil allocations. See Approval from U.N. Oil Overseers of Contract Number M/09/07 (1/19/01), S/AC.25/2000/OIL/1330/OC.05/add.2; Approval from The Oil Overseers under Security Council Resolution 986 (1995), Contract Number M/09/07, 6 February 2001, S/AC.25/2000/OIL/1330/OC.05/add.3. Italtech and Bayoil also entered into a side agreement on December 27, 2000, reflecting the terms of the U.N. contract, in which Italtech agreed to sell the oil to Bayoil. Like the U.N. contract, this side agreement was amended twice to reflect the increased oil allocations. Italtech document dated 12/27/00, from Italtech to Bayoil Supply & Trading Ltd. (containing "PURCHASE/SALE AGREEMENT" under "SOMO CONTRACT NO. M/09/07"); Italtech fax dated 1/22/01, from Italtech to Bayoil Supply & Trading Ltd. (containing "AMENDMENT NO. 1" to the 12/27/00 purchase/sale agreement), Bates SNT 045530; Italtech fax dated 2/7/01, from Italtech to Bayoil Supply & Trading Ltd. (containing "AMENDMENT NO. 2" to the 12/27/00 purchase/sale agreement), Bates SNT 045528.

⁷⁷ See Invoices from Alwasel & Babel General Trading to Italtech, December 2000 - March 2001, and a sample agreement. It is unclear why the request was for 16 cents-per-barrel instead of 30.

The evidence suggests that Italtech had ignored these and possibly other invoices until the alleged March 2001 confrontation in Baghdad, and then decided to pay at least a portion of Italtech's outstanding surcharges, enlisting Bayoil in that effort.

SOMO records show that, altogether over the 2-year surcharge period, Italtech was assessed surcharges totaling about \$11 million and actually paid about \$6.15 million. ⁷⁸ According to SOMO records, Italtech did not pay any of the 10-cent surcharges assessed during Phase 8, totaling about \$316,000, or any of the 30-cent surcharges assessed on the first 5 million barrels allocated to it during Phase 9, totaling about \$1.5 million. The records indicate that Italtech did pay about two-thirds of the 30-cent surcharges assessed on the remaining oil it was allocated during Phase 9, totaling about 32 million barrels. According to the SOMO records, the total amount of surcharges due on the 32 million barrels was \$9.3 million. Italtech actually paid about 20-cents-per-barrel, or \$6.15 million, and apparently contested the remaining \$3 million. ⁷⁹

In sum, during the first half of 2001, Italtech provided Bayoil with 34 million barrels of Iraqi oil for shipment to U.S. markets. In connection with those barrels, Italtech appears to have paid more than \$6 million in illegal surcharges to the Iraqi government. At least some evidence suggests that Bayoil may have financed this \$6 million payment by Italtech.

C. BAYOIL LOBBYING TO INFLUENCE IRAQI OIL PRICES AND OPPOSE U.S. PRICING EFFORTS TO STOP SURCHARGES

In addition to paying or financing the payment of millions of dollars in illegal surcharges to the Government of Iraq, Bayoil conducted a years-long lobbying effort aimed at keeping the official sales price of Iraqi oil as low as possible and opposing U.S. pricing efforts to stop the illegal surcharges. As explained earlier, the Official Sales Price (OSP) for Iraqi oil was established by the United Nations, in consultation with Iraq, and adjusted on a roughly monthly basis throughout the life of the OFF program. To influence the OSP, Bayoil directed a steady stream of communications to U.N., Iraqi, and U.S. officials, often coordinating its efforts with its business associate, Augusto Giangrandi, and his company Italtech. At times, Bayoil even supplied draft documents to other companies, particularly Russian oil purchasers, and asked them to forward the provided information under their own names to U.N. or Iraqi officials in a further attempt to influence U.N. pricing of Iraqi

Documents obtained by the Subcommittee show that, over 7 years, Bayoil sent a cascade of letters, memoranda, emails, and faxes to U.N., Iraqi and U.S. officials on OSP pricing issues. This evidence shows that it was not just foreign countries that were lobbying the United Nations in favor of Iraqi pricing proposals and against U.S. efforts to stop illegal surcharges, but also a U.S. company. Bayoil engaged in these lobbying efforts at the same time it appears to have been participating in surcharge payments sending millions of dollars to the Hussein regime.

Establishing OSPs. The OSP for Iraqi oil was determined by using a formula that incorporated various pricing factors such as oil grades, market premiums, and freight costs. Under the procedures of the OFF program, only Iraq's State Oil Marketing Organization (SOMO) had the authority to propose a new OSP. Typically, SOMO submitted proposed market factors for the OSP

⁷⁸ SOMO <u>Surcharge</u> document.

⁷⁹ SOMO <u>Surcharge</u> document; letter dated 7/21/02, from Augusto Giangrandi on behalf of both Italtech and Bayoil to the Iraqi Oil Minister, Bates WM000029-31 (contesting payment of the \$3 million in surcharge payments by explaining that Italtech had already paid the requested amounts to the party from whom it had bought the oil and that party was supposed to have passed on the funds to SOMO). Another Italtech document dated four months later appears to list each of the checks the company actually issued to SOMO in payment of surcharge demands. See Italtech document entitled, "Settlement of the Due to SOMO on 12/03/01," Bates WM000025. Those checks total \$6.48 million, and identify another \$1.5 million in checks issued to other parties who were supposed to have passed on the amounts to SOMO. An Iraqi in detention interviewed by the Subcommittee stated he had helped Mr. Giangrandi obtain oil allocations and had been told by a business acquaintance — whom he could identify only as "Omar" — that Mr. Giangrandi had, in fact, paid the full \$10 million in surcharges assessed on his allocations. Subcommittee interview of Iraqi Detainee No. 3 (4/22/05).

pricing formula to the U.N. Oil Overseers and also suggested a time period during which the OSP would be in effect. The U.N. Oil Overseers then analyzed the proposal and discussed the factors and time period with SOMO in an attempt to reach agreement on the OSP. Based upon this discussion, SOMO would submit a proposed OSP to the U.N. 661 Committee for approval. The Oil Overseers could also provide the Committee with a positive or negative recommendation on whether the proposed OSP would result in a fair market price for Iraqi oil. If no member of the 661 Committee objected, then the OSP became final and remained in effect until SOMO determined that the market had changed and a new OSP was needed. If one or more Committee members objected to the proposed OSP, it did not go into effect, and SOMO would have to submit a revised proposal. Many OSPs remained in effect for about a month, while some lasted only 15 days and others stretched over a few months.

For the first 4 years of the OFF program, the OSP process apparently generated little controversy, and the U.N. Oil Overseers never had occasion to submit a negative recommendation on any OSP proposed by SOMO. In late 2000, however, after Iraq began demanding the payment of surcharges on OFF oil sales and companies began complaining about the cost, SOMO attempted to propose OSPs that the Oil Overseers viewed as below market levels. On at least two occasions, the Oil Overseers advised the U.N. 661 Committee not to approve a SOMO proposal, because the proposed OSP was too low, and the Committee responded by disapproving it. Numerous Committee discussions of pricing and surcharge issues ensued throughout 2001 and 2002, often with the U.S. and U.K. members pressing the Committee to approve higher OSPs to preclude the payment of surcharges, while the Russian and Chinese members supported SOMO's price proposals as fair and reasonable.

Bayoil Lobbying From 1996 to 1997. From the beginning of the OFF program, Bayoil actively pressed the United Nations to set a low OSP in order to maximize its profits as a buyer of Iraqi oil. Evidence obtained by the Subcommittee Minority Staff indicates that Bayoil first began trying to influence the OSP in August 1996, before the first OFF oil contract was issued. A letter from Bayoil to SOMO states that, in response to a SOMO request, the company was submitting a "revised draft proposal" of a pricing formula modeled after one used by Saudi Arabia. Bayoil stated that it looked forward "to discussing our proposal with you at your earliest convenience ... prior to S.O.M.O.'s discussions with the U.N."

In January 1997, Bayoil wrote to SOMO complaining about the established pricing formula and stating, "[w]e understand that under the procedures established with the U.N. that S.O.M.O. may indicate a change in price formulas particularly after the first month if conditions so warrant."85 Bayoil then proposed new pricing components for oil deliveries to the U.S. market. In August 1997, Bayoil again urged SOMO to reduce the OSP, warning that refiners would buy their oil elsewhere: "We have all been waiting for a long time for the oil to come back onto the market and our

⁸⁰ Subcommittee interview of U.N. Oil Overseer (5/3/05).

⁸¹ As explained earlier, a low OSP facilitated the payment of a surcharge, because an oil trader who bought Iraqi oil at a low OSP could then resell it at a higher price that allowed the trader not only to send the OSP to the U.N. escrow account, but also the surcharge payment to another bank account, and still make a profit. In contrast, a high OSP made it more difficult for an oil trader to resell the oil at a sufficiently high price to offset its costs, the surcharge, and also make a profit. According to the Oil Overseer interviewed by the Subcommittee, because Iraq officials did not have control over the oil sale proceeds deposited into the U.N.-controlled bank account, but did have control over the surcharge payments sent to outside bank accounts, Iraqi officials were in the odd position of advocating a low selling price for their own oil. The Overseer also explained that SOMO used various other methods to maintain or increase the margins of the purchasers. For example, SOMO officials were eager to request a revision of the OSP when markets moved lower but more hesitant to request revisions when market prices increased. SOMO officials also accommodated requested revisions to lifting dates and amounts of oil lifted proposed by its allocation holders in order to take advantage of market movements.

⁸² Only one "no" vote was needed under OFF rules for the 661 Committee to disapprove a proposed OSP.

⁸³ Subcommittee interview of U.N. Oil Overseer (5/3/05).

⁸⁴ Memorandum dated 8/23/96, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to SOMO, Bates BAY04-01716.

⁸⁵ Memorandum dated 1/31/97, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to SOMO, Bates BAY04-00455-57.

independent refiners will have to make other accommodations shortly. Please do not let us and other good customers down." 86

Bayoil also actively lobbied the United Nations to reduce the OSP, sending correspondence and meeting with key U.N. officials. In September 1997, for example, Bayoil called, wrote, and met with the then-sitting U.N. Oil Overseers to urge changes in the OSP formula.⁸⁷

Bayoil Lobbying From 1998 to 2000. Over the next 3 years, from 1998 to 2000, Bayoil sent a number of additional communications to the United Nations⁸⁸ and SOMO⁸⁹ with complaints about and recommendations for establishing various OSPs. For example, in October 1998, Bayoil wrote to the U.N. 661 Committee Chairman and the U.S. State Department that it "regularly provide[d] S.O.M.O., the U.N. Overseers, and our Russian suppliers required market information regarding spot prices in the U.S. as well as freight market conditions ... in an effort to help S.O.M.O. and the U.N. establish fair market price formulas each month." Bayoil also complained that the November OSP prices were "completely out of line" and should be lowered. Bayoil sent similar correspondence in 1999 and 2000.

In addition to sending its own correspondence to U.N., Iraqi, and U.S. officials, on several occasions from 1998 to 2000, Bayoil supplied draft materials to other companies buying Iraqi oil and asked them to send the provided information under their own names to U.N. or Iraqi officials. Bayoil made this request to at least five companies, Alfa-Eco, Crown Trade & Finance, SOVOIL,

⁸⁶ Memorandum dated 8/5/97, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to SOMO, Bates BAY04-00327.

⁵⁷ See, e.g., memorandum dated 9/10/97, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to U.N. Overseers, Bates BAY04-01500-01 (citing a telephone call and requesting a Friday meeting); memorandum dated 9/12/97, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to U.N. Overseers, Bates BAY04-01495-96 (expressing appreciation for Friday meeting and requesting another on Monday). Also in 1997, Bayoil appears to have hired a former senior U.N. official, Giandomenico Picco, to obtain advice on lobbying U.N. officials. In 1992, after serving in various U.N. posts for many years, including as Deputy Secretary General, Mr. Picco resigned and opened a consulting office, GDP Associates Inc. On a number of occasions from 1997 to 2003, Bayoil sent Mr. Picco draft documents or other information for his review and comment. On a few occasions, Mr. Picco appears to have sent copies of U.N. documents to Bayoil. See, e.g., fax dated 3/6/01, from Mr. Picco to David Chalmers of Bayoil, Bates BAY04-01163-72 (providing copies of three documents which had been presented to the U.N. 661 Committee on the issue of surcharges); and fax dated 7/11/02, from Mr. Picco to Mr. Chalmers of Bayoil, Bates BAY04-01029-34 (providing copy of a "UK Proposal for a Proactive Pricing Mechanism," which may have been presented during a U.N. 661 Committee meeting on July 11, 2002).

⁸⁸ See, e.g., memorandum dated 10/23/98, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to Ambassador Antonio Montero, U.N. 661 Committee Chairman, with a copy to Eugene Young of the U.S. State Department, Bates BAY04-00278-79; memorandum dated 2/12/99, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to U.N. Overseers, Bates BAY04-01263; memorandum dated 2/16/00, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to U.N. Overseers, Bates BAY04-01278; memorandum dated 6/20/00, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to U.N. Overseers, Bates BAY04-01948-49; memorandum dated 9/13/00, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to U.N. Overseers, Bates BAY04-01268.

⁸º See, e.g., memorandum dated 10/14/98, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to SOMO, Bates BAY04-00284-85; memorandum dated 2/22/99, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to SOMO, Bates BAY04-01265; memorandum dated 1/21/00, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to SOMO, Bates BAY04-00253-54; memorandum dated 3/30/00, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to SOMO, Bates BAY04-01979-80; memorandum dated 7/26/00, from John Irving of Bayoil to SOMO, Bates BAY04-01927; memorandum dated 7/28/00, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to SOMO, Bates BAY04-01917-18; memorandum dated 9/14/00, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to SOMO, Bates BAY04-01901-02; memorandum dated 11/13/00, from Augusto Giangrandi of Italtech to SOMO, Bates BAY04-01870-71.

Memorandum dated 10/23/98, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to Ambassador Antonio Montero, U.N. 661 Committee Chairman, with a copy to Eugene Young of the U.S. State Department, Bates BAY04-00278-79 and 00288 (which notes that Mr. Chalmers also spoke with Mr. Young about the November OSP).

Rosnefteimpex, and Petroleum Technical Services.⁹¹ During this time period, Bayoil was buying Iraqi oil from each of these companies.

Bayoil Lobbying in 2001. Bayoil's lobbying efforts intensified in late 2000, after Iraq began demanding surcharges and oil purchasers began complaining to both U.N. and U.S. officials about the cost. In December 2000, the United Nations issued a statement stating that OFF contractors should not pay these surcharges. February 2001, the United States formally raised the issue with the U.N. 661 Committee, and the Oil Overseers provided Committee presentations on the surcharge issue and its relation to the OSP. Among other matters, the Oil Overseers noted that by far the largest part of Iraqi crude oil is nowadays sold via middlemen and traders charging substantially more than the OSP – often between 20 and 70 cents more per-barrel. The Oil Overseers also noted that SOMO seemed to be recommending OSPs that allowed at least \$0.20 per-barrel profit for traders/intermediaries instead of the 5-cent-per-barrel profit the Overseers deemed reasonable.

To stop the surcharges, the U.N. Oil Overseers pushed SOMO to establish higher OSPs that would decrease the profit margin for intermediary traders and make it more difficult for them to resell traqi oil at a sufficiently high price to finance the payment of surcharges. Members of the 661 Committee, however, remained split in their support for higher OSP prices, with the United States and United Kingdom supporting higher OSPs, and Russia and China supporting lower OSPs. In addition, disagreements emerged over how long a particular OSP should be in place. Although a number of pricing mechanisms were discussed, no Committee consensus emerged. In or around October 2001, the United States and United Kingdom began, on their own initiative, to object to all prospective pricing proposals not in accordance with the U.S. and U.K. positions, and to agree only to the SOMO pricing proposals after the cargoes had been lifted, at which point there would be much less room for disagreement as to the actual market price in effect on the date of loading. This approach, in effect, imposed a "retroactive pricing" approach to determining the OSPs. A Retroactive pricing was controversial, but because the U.S. and U.K. members acted within the 661 Committee rules, they were successful in establishing delayed OSPs with a retroactive effect.

The evidence shows that this pricing practice, which more closely aligned the OSPs with actual market prices, succeeded in eliminating the large profit margins for the middlemen and other

⁹⁴ See, e.g., memorandum dated 6/11/98, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to Andrei Toutchnin of Alfa Eco, Bates BAY04-02252-54, substituting use of all capital letters ("Please send the following to S.O.M.O. for discussions regarding "July Price Formula (North America)"); memorandum dated 10/23/98, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to Martin Figures of Crown Trade & Finance, Bates BAY04-00280-83, substituting use of all capital letters ("Attached is suggested letter to 661 Committee and copy of our letter. ... Please send the following to the Russian member 661 Committee"); memorandum dated 3/16/00, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to Andrei Toutchnin of Alfa Eco/TNK, Bates BAY04-01347- 48, ("Grateful if you could forward following to SOMO" re "April O.S.P."); memorandum dated 7/28/00, from Ludmil Dionissiev of Bayoil to Sergei Sharaphov of SOVOIL AG, Zurich, Bates BAY04-01921, substituting use of all capital letters ("Please forward following to S.O.M.O."); memorandum dated 7/28/00, from Ludmil Dionissiev of Bayoil to Mr. Poukhov of Rosnefteimpex, Bates BAY04-01922-23 ("I shall be very grateful to you if you send the following message to the general director of SOMO."); memorandum dated 9/24/00, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to Nguyen Manh Hung of Petrovietnam and Petroleum Technical Services Company, Bates BAY04-01899-1900, ("per our usual practice of providing market information and price proposals to S.O.M.O. prior to the establishment of the monthly price, please forward our suggested fax to S.O.M.O. from PTSC on the subject as follows"); memorandum dated 10/4/00, from Ludmil Dionissiev of Bayoil to Mr. Poukhov of Rosnefteimpex, Bates BAY04-01891-93, substituting use of all capital letters ("Please forward following to S.O.M.O.").

 $^{^{92}}$ United Nations 661 Committee fax dated 12/15/00, from the U.N. Oil Overseers to "Buyers of Iraqi Crude Oil," No. S/AC.25/2000/OIL/1330/FAX.

⁹³ See letter dated 2/6/01, from James B. Cunningham, Charge D'Affaires, U.S. Mission to the United Nations, to the U.N. 661 Committee Chairman, S/AC.25/2001/COMM.83; letter dated 2/13/01, from the U.N. Overseers to the U.N. 661 Committee Chairman, S/AC.25/2001/OIL/COMM.06; and letter dated 2/20/01, from the U.N. Overseers to the U.N. 661 Committee Chairman, S/AC.25/2001/OIL/COMM.07.

⁹⁴ Because OFF rules allowed a single 661 Committee member to veto a proposed OSP, the U.S. and U.K. members could unilaterally stop any price increase. Instead of exercising that veto, however, the U.S. and U.K. members simply threatened to veto a new OSP proposed for an upcoming month, until the month was nearly over. The U.S. and U.K. members were then able to compare the proposed OSP with actual market prices, and approve only those OSPs which closely reflected the actual market prices. It was this look-back feature, and the fact that the approved OSP was applied to a time period that had already largely lapsed, that caused the tactic to be referred to as "retroactive pricing." Subcommittee interview of U.N. Oil Overseer (5/3/05).

downstream purchasers of Iraqi crude, which made it prohibitively expensive for these purchasers to pay surcharges to Iraq. Surcharges fell from 30-cents-per-barrel in 2001 to 15-cents-per-barrel in 2002, and finally disappeared near the end of 2002. The U.S. and U.K. members continued using the retroactive pricing approach to the end of the Oil-for-Food program, despite ongoing opposition from Iraqi officials, some countries, and some companies.

Throughout the surcharge period, Bayoil complained to the United Nations⁹⁵ and SOMO⁹⁶ that the established OSPs were too high and should be reduced. For example, in October 2000, Bayoil complained to the U.N. Oil Overseers about "serious imperfections in the Iraqi OSP's that ... [are] so seriously overvalued that we are certain that immediate adjustments are required for November liftings." Another Bayoil memorandum sent to the United Nations on the same day states: "Without doubt any continued imperfect pricing will lead to serious and on going difficulties and disruptions to the refiners in North America and the situation can only be described in the most pessimistic manner." In January 2001, Bayoil sent a note to SOMO stating, "I thought you may be interested in the short note I sent the Overseer's which I felt compelled to write out of sheer frustration, which I am sure is mutually shared with you and your colleagues at SOMO."

In February 2001, Bayoil worked with Augusto Giangrandi and others to launch a concerted effort to pressure the United Nations to use lower OSPs. On February 11, 2001, for example, Mr. Giangrandi's company, Italtech, sent a memorandum to the Iraqi Oil Minister requesting "urgent cooperation between SOMO and ourselves, in order to mitigate a difficult situation" in which "the U.N. has continued to resist appropriate formula price changes, including SOMO's proposed charges for February." ¹⁰⁰ Italtech wrote that, "[i]n order for our efforts to be successful and effective it is imperative to get the support of the Ministry and SOMO, to also quickly address the issue in New York." The same day, Italtech wrote to the U.N. Oil Overseers objecting to their using price formulas "significantly different than those prices proposed by SOMO." The next day, Italtech wrote to the U.N. 661 Committee requesting "an immediate review of all price mechanisms." ¹⁰²

⁹⁵ See, e.g., memorandum dated 10/25/00, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to U.N. Overseers, Bates BAY04-01242-45; memorandum dated 10/25/00, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to U.N. Overseers, Bates BAY04-01236-37; memorandum dated 10/25/00, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to U.N. Overseers, Bates BAY04-01238-41; memorandum dated 11/20/00, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to U.N. Overseers, Bates BAY04-01820-21; memorandum dated 11/20/00, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to U.N. Overseers, Bates BAY04-01838-40; memorandum dated 1/31/01, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to U.N. Overseers, Bates BAY04-00796-97; memorandum dated 1/31/01, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to U.N. Overseers, Bates BAY04-00798-99; memorandum dated 2/11/01, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to U.N. Overseers, gates BAY04-01788-99; memorandum dated 2/11/01, from Augusto Giangrandi of Italtech to U.N. Overseers, Bates BAY04-01178-82; memorandum dated 2/12/01, from Augusto Giangrandi of Italtech to V.N. Overseers, Bates BAY04-01176-77; memorandum dated 5/29/01, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to U.N. Overseers, Bates BAY04-01176-77; memorandum dated 5/29/01, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to U.N. Overseers, Bates BAY04-01176-77; memorandum dated 5/29/01, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to U.N. Overseers, Bates BAY04-01176-77; memorandum dated 5/29/01, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to U.N. Overseers, Bates BAY04-01176-77; memorandum dated 5/29/01, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to U.N. Overseers, Bates BAY04-01180.

[%] See, e.g., memorandum dated 12/12/00, from Augusto Giangrandi of Italtech to SOMO, Bates BAY04-01816-18; memorandum dated 12/17/00, from Augusto Giangrandi of Italtech to SOMO; memorandum dated 2/11/01, from Augusto Giangrandi of Italtech to the Minister of Oil of Iraq, Bates BAY04-1174-75; memorandum dated 6/29/01, from John Irving of Bayoil to SOMO, Bates BAY04-01111; memorandum dated 7/13/01, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to SOMO; memorandum dated 8/28/01, from John Irving of Bayoil to SOMO, Bates BAY04-01074-76.

⁹⁷ Memorandum dated 10/25/00, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to U.N. Overseers, at Bates BAY04-01242.

⁹⁸ Memorandum dated 10/25/00, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to U.N. Overseers, at Bates BAY04-01238.

⁹⁹ Memorandum dated 1/17/01, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to SOMO, Bates BAY04-01191.

Memorandum dated 2/11/01, from Augusto Giangrandi of Italtech to the Minister of Oil of Iraq, Bates BAY04-1174-75 and IT-00357-58.

¹⁰¹ Memorandum dated 2/11/01, from Augusto Giangrandi of Italtech to U.N. Overseers, Bates BAY04-01178 and 1180 and IT-00361-65.

Memorandum dated 2/12/01, from Augusto Giangrandi of Italtech to Peter Kolby, Chairman of the U.N. 661 Committee, Bates BAY04-01176-77 and IT-00359-60.

On February 12, 2001, Bayoil wrote to the U.S. State Department asking for help in changing the OSP pricing mechanisms. 103 It explained the situation as follows.

"Bayoil has shipped oil from Iraq since the beginning of the oil-for-food program, primarily to the US, for distribution to many independent refiners. As such, although Bayoil has no contracts with SOMO, likely due to our American origins, we do provide regular market information to SOMO and the UN for purposes of establishing a fair pricing mechanism each month.

"On balance ... we believe our market assessments have been considered by both parties until recently. It appears to many lifters during recent months ... the Overseers have been skeptical toward market assessments ... due to some new mandate, whereby any price mechanism approved would not theoretically allow a margin covering the recently reported request for some kind of surcharge.

"While most lifters, including Bayoil, support the concept of these efforts by the Overseers, in practice it has contributed to the recent and current price formulas being completely uncompetitive with the market. ...

"[W]e are compelled to appeal directly to the 661 Committee to approve and support proposed adjustments to the current price formulas to reflect ... market changes

"Thank you for your attention to this most urgent matter." 104

In addition to sending this letter to the U.S. State Department, Bayoil asked one of its customers, a Russian company known as Rosnefteimpex, to send similar correspondence on OSP pricing issues to U.N., Iraqi, and Russian officials. Bayoil's email to Rosnefteimpex states: "Please urgently forward on your letterhead the attached memo and graphs to the UN Overseers. Urgently send copies to ... SOMO ... Peter Kolby, Chairmann 661 Committee ... [and] Ambassador Sergey Lavrov UN Representative Russian Federation." Attached to the email are a 4-page memorandum purporting to be from the Russian company to the U.N. Overseers, and a 1-page letter from the company to the U.N. 661 Committee Chairman, with a copy to be sent to the Russian representative to the United Nations. Bayoil later obtained signed versions of both documents, indicating that Rosnefteimpex had actually sent them, as requested. ¹⁰⁶

The evidence indicates that all six of the documents sent by Bayoil, Italtech, and Rosnefteimpex over a few days in February were part of a coordinated lobbying effort. A Bayoil email dated February 11, 2001, for example, sent by "DC" – presumably David Chalmers – to Augusto Giangrandi, lists all six documents in various stages of completion. 107 The Giangrandi letter

¹⁰³ Letter dated 2/12/01, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to Eugene Young, US Representative to the UN 661 Committee. Bates BAY04-01173.

¹⁰⁴ Id. Ironically, at the same time Bayoil wrote this letter, it is alleged to have been buying millions of barrels oil from Italtech with full knowledge that Italtech was paying improper surcharges to Iraq outside of the OFF program. Bayoil then resold the oil to U.S. refineries at a high enough price to finance the surcharge costs Italtech had passed on to Bayoil.

 $^{^{105}}$ Undated memorandum from David Chalmers of Bayoil to Mr. Poukhov of Rosnefteimpex, Bates BAYOILUSA 015198.

¹⁰⁶ See 4-page memorandum dated 2/11/01, from Mr. Poukhov of Rosuefteimpex to the U.N. Overseers, Bates BAY04-01197-1200 (signed by "Y.Poukhov"); and a 1-page memorandum dated 2/12/01, from Rosnefteimpex to Peter Kolby, U.N. 661 Committee Chairman, with a copy to Ambassador Sergey Lavrov, Russian Federation Representative to the United Nations, Bates BAY04-01201 (signed by "Y.Poukhov").

¹⁶⁷ See email dated 2/11/01, from "DC" to Augusto Giangrandi, Bates BAY04-01202. This email attaches copies of the Rosnefeimpex letters to the U.N. 661 Committee and U.N. Overseers; a copy of the Italtech letter to the U.N. 661 Committee; a copy of a draft Italtech letter to the U.N. Overseers "to be finalized in Houston in AM"; a copy of a draft Italtech letter to "MO," presumably the Iraqi Minister of Oil, for Giangrandi "to approve and instruct Italy"; and a copy of a draft letter, "[t]o be finalized," which is described as "to US from Bay" and which presumably refers to (continued...)

sent to the Iraqi Oil Minister states plainly that Italtech was working with "concerned customers ... via submission of letters and reports ... to the UN Overseers, and 661 Committee members to initiate an immediate adjustment to formula prices." 108

Although its February 2001 lobbying effort was unsuccessful, Bayoil continued to try to influence U.N. pricing of Iraqi oil. One of the Oil Overseers during the surcharge period told the Subcommittee that a handful of companies were quite aggressive in pushing for lower OSPs and, without naming any of them, said that, after awhile, the Overseers stopped responding to their many letters and telephone calls. ¹⁰⁹

At one point in June 2001, Bayoil wrote to the U.N. 661 Committee Chairman complaining of "a long standing prejudice toward myself and the company I am affiliated with, extended to the companies we have contracted for supply, by the individual UN Overseer, Mr. Michael Tellings." ¹¹⁰ Bayoil wrote:

"[S]ince the start of the program until late last year, there were seldom differences between Bayoil's market assessments ... and the final agreed formula between SOMO and the U.N. Overseers. Beginning late last year, there has been consistent differences between fair market formulas proposed by lifters, and the formula which the office of the Overseers would accept from SOMO. ... This development is widely known to be due to the hard line approach of Mr. Tellings ... which has led to widely reported friction between Mr. Tellings and SOMO, as well as most established lifters such as Bayoil who regularly contested the price formula. The prejudice ... is further evidenced by Mr. Tellings refusal to have a telephone conversation or meeting on the subject which is, of course, outside the guidelines and completely unprofessional."

Bayoil returned to this theme repeatedly over the next 2 years, while continuing to send written communications to both U.N. and Iraqi officials objecting to the established OSPs.¹¹¹

Bayoil Lobbying from 2002 to 2003. In 2002, due to ongoing industry complaints about the use of retroactive pricing for OFF oil contracts, some 661 Committee member states proposed alternative pricing mechanisms. U.S. State Department officials met with the U.N. Oil Overseers about these issues at least twice in the spring and summer of 2002, and determined to continue strong U.S. support for the U.N.'s pricing practices and its own retroactive pricing tactics. II2 In August 2002, several U.S. oil companies, including Valero and Vitol, and Texan oilman Oscar Wyatt, met with senior U.S. State Department officials in Washington, D.C. to complain about retroactive pricing in the Oil-for-Food program. II3

Bayoil also intensified its lobbying efforts to curb U.S. support for retroactive pricing. In September 2002, for example, Bayoil sent two lengthy memoranda critical of the U.N.'s pricing

^{107 (...}continued) the letter actually sent the next day by Bayoil to the U.S. State Department.

¹⁰⁸ Memorandum dated 2/11/01, from Augusto Giangrandi of Italtech to the Minister of Oil of Iraq, Bates BAY04-1174-75.

¹⁰⁹ Subcommittee interview of U.N. Oil Overseer (5/3/05).

¹¹⁰ Letter dated 6/25/01, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to Peter Kolby, U.N. 661 Committee Chairman, Bates BAY04-01301-02. See also memorandum dated 1/24/02, from Bayoil to U.N. Overseers (describing hostile telephone conversation between John Irving of Bayoil and a U.N. overseer regarding how pricing formulas are calculated and citing "apparent prejudice toward Bayoil").

¹¹¹ See, e.g., memorandum dated 8/8/01, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to U.N. Overseers, Bates BAY04-00772-75; memorandum dated 8/28/01, from John Irving of Bayoil to SOMO, Bates BAY04-001074-76.

¹¹² Subcommittee interview of U.S. State Department Official, April 28, 2005. The United States defended the U.N.'s retroactive pricing practices at a July 11, 2002 meeting of the U.N. 661 Committee. <u>Id</u>.

¹¹³ Id. The attendees had sent correspondence to the U.S. State Department complaining about retroactive pricing and requested the meeting. Bayoil apparently did not attend the August meeting.

practices and engaged in several related telephone conversations with the U.S. State Department office advising the U.S. Mission to the United Nations on retroactive pricing issues. ¹¹⁴ Bayoil also appears to have engaged in discussions with key U.N. officials at this time. ¹¹⁵ Correspondence from October 2002, indicates that Bayoil also worked with one of its Russian customers to try to influence U.N. 661 Committee members. ¹¹⁶ In addition, Bayoil sent various memoranda to Iraqi officials advising them on the OSPs that should be proposed to the U.N. overseers. ¹¹⁷ Despite these and other lobbying efforts, U.S. support for retroactive pricing continued.

In February and March 2003, Bayoil engaged in still another intensive lobbying effort on OSP pricing issues, sending multiple communications to U.N., Iraqi, and U.S. officials. ¹¹⁸ Among other activities, Bayoil wrote to the Iraqi Oil Minister informing him about its lobbying efforts with U.N. officials and asking SOMO to submit "price formulas consistent with our recommendations." ¹¹⁹ Bayoil also appears to have asked a U.S. company, Nucoastal, to use its influence with a company

¹¹⁴ See letter and memorandum dated 9/13/02, from John Irving and David Chalmers of Bayoil to Matthew McManus of the U.S. State Department; and memorandum dated 9/18/02, from John Irving of Bayoil to Matthew McManus of the U.S. State Department. See also internal Bayoil memorandum dated 9/23/02, from "David" to "John" re "Pricing Methodology Discussions U.N./State Department," Bates BAYOILUSA 015148 (listing "key questions for further discussions")

¹¹⁵ See, e.g., internal Bayoil memorandum dated 9/23/02, from "David" to "John" re "Pricing Methodology Discussions U.N/State Department," Bates BAYOILUSA 015148; memorandum dated 9/26/02, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to U.N. Overseers, Bates BAY04-00757-68 (providing pricing recommendations to increase participation in Iraqi oil sales).

¹¹⁶ See, e.g., memorandum dated 10/11/02, from Alexander Lyssenko of Alfa-Eco to David Chalmers of Bayoil, Bates BAY04-01021 ("[W]e believe the existing pricing mechanism needs to be changed and on our part we are ready to start respective discussions with UN Security Counsel Committee. In this connection we would much appreciate if you could render us all possible assistance we may need in these discussions, such as preparation of necessary materials and expert judgments, as well as your participation in the talks."); memorandum dated 10/17/02, from Mr. Chalmers to Mr. Lyssenko in response, Bates BAY04-01018-20 ("[K]ey Bayoil personnel, including myself, have been recently corresponding and meeting with appropriate U.N. and Committee officials for the purpose of conveying industry concerns over recent pricing disputes [W]e are pleased to learn from your letter ALFA-ECO's interest to also take a pro-active approach with key U.N. officials to support changes in methods for establishing the price mechanisms"); memorandum dated 10/28/02, from Mr. Chalmers to Mr. Lyssenko, Bates BAY04-01325 ("[F]eel free to use any excerpts of our text and information for onward submission to SOMO.").

¹¹⁷ See, e.g., memorandum dated 10/29/02, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to SOMO, Bates BAY04-01008-09; memorandum dated 10/29/02, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to SOMO, Bates BAY04-00273-74; memorandum dated 12/4/02, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to SOMO, Bates BAY04-02158-61.

See, e.g., memorandum dated 2/2/03, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to SOMO, Bates BAY04-00617-23 (regarding "Your monthly discussion with U.N. Overseers on OSP calculations for January (U.S. destinations)"); memorandum dated 2/24/03, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to SOMO, Bates BAY04-00645-49; memorandum dated 2/24/03, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to SOMO, Bates BAY04-00615-16; memorandum dated 2/26/03, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to SOMO, Bates BAY04-00652-54; memoranda dated 2/27/03, from John Overbey of Bayoil to U.N. Overseers, Bates BAY04-00638-41; memoranda dated 2/27/03, from John Irving of Bayoil to Matthew McManus of the U.S. State Department, Bates BAY04-00636-37 and 02148-49; email dated 2/27/03, from Jean Johnston of Bayoil the U.S. State Department, Bates BA 194-000-05-37 and DeTa-05-37 (Both Scart Johnston of Dayon to Mr. McManus) (forwarding materials to Mr. McManus); email dated 3/10/03, from Mary Jenkins of Bayoil to Matthew McManus and D.E. Kirsch of the U.S. Statement Department, Bates BAY04-00598 (attaching 4 documents); email dated 3/10/03, from Mary Jenkins of Bayoil to Matthew McManus and D.E. Kirsch of the U.S. Statement Department, Bates BAY04-00602 (attaching 4 documents); email dated 3/13/03, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to Benon Sevan of the U.N. Office of Iraq Programme, with a copy to Matthew McManus and D.E. Kirsch of the U.S. Statement Department, Bates BAY04-002115-18 (together with an email of the same date from Jean Johnston of Bayoil to D.E. Kirsch of the U.S. State Department forwarding the memorandum); memorandum dated 3/3/03, from John Overbey to U.N. Overseers, regarding "Additional Points of Consideration with respect to the Methodology of Assessing Sour Market Prices ...": email dated 3/10/03, from Mary Jenkins of Bayoil to U.N. Overseers regarding "OSP Correspondence," Bates BAY04-00597 (attaching 4 documents).

¹¹⁹ Memorandum dated 3/15/03, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to the Iraqi Minister of Oil Amer Rasheed ("I would like to inform you that our company and others, have been recently corresponding to key U.N. officials, and 661 Representatives, regarding the recent difficulties experienced by S.O.M.O., with respect to obtaining approval from The Overseers for formula prices which reflect the actual market circumstances. It is in our view that these initiatives will shortly lead to more flexibility by The Overseers, and thus would hope to likewise see support from S.O.M.O. by submitting price formulas consistent with our recommendations.").

called "MEDNAFTA" to send suggested language to SOMO regarding an upcoming OSP. 120 Bayoil also contacted a well-known industry research group and asked it to weigh in with "relevant authorities" against retroactive pricing. 121

On March 13, 2003, Bayoil sent a lengthy memorandum to the U.N. Office of Iraq Programme, with a copy to the U.S. State Department, again complaining about the U.N.'s pricing practices and failure to respond to industry concerns. ¹²² The memorandum states that the U.N. Overseers are "in a deliberate and prejudicial way ignoring and/or discounting market information/analysis from certain companies (including Bayoil)"; they are "pre-advis[ing] S.O.M.O. of the price formulas S.O.M.O. must submit to gain their approval"; and there has been "a complete breakdown in confidence by the industry participants in the program." The memorandum states that "Bayoil has no other choice than to immediately cease participation in the program, and support others to do likewise." Bayoil also provided a copy of a memorandum that it had sent on the same day to the U.N. Overseers accusing them of prejudice and notifying them that Bayoil "has initiated a formal protest to the U.N. Office of Iraqi Programme, the 661 committee, and key member representatives about your actions." ¹²³

Despite its threat to cease participation in Iraqi oil sales, Bayoil continued to buy Iraqi oil and engage in additional lobbying efforts throughout 2003, continuing even after the United States invaded Iraq and displaced the Hussein regime.

Bayoil's lobbying efforts targeted U.N., Iraqi, and U.S. officials with an unrelenting stream of documents over a 7 year period. This evidence shows that it was not just foreign countries that were lobbying U.N. officials in support of Iraq's pricing proposals and against U.S. efforts to stop surcharges – a U.S. company was also an aggressive, behind-the-scenes participant that supported the efforts of Iraq and other countries in opposition to U.S. interests.

D. BAYOIL PARTICIPATION IN BOYCOTT OF ISRAEL

Evidence obtained by the Subcommittee Minority Staff establishes that Iraq, under the Hussein regime, prohibited the sale of Iraqi-origin oil to Israel, and that Bayoil complied with this prohibition. Bayoil's actions appear to violate U.S. laws prohibiting U.S. companies or their foreign affiliates from complying with boycotts not approved by the United States.

¹²⁰ See memorandum dated 2/7/03, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to Oscar Wyatt of Nucoastal, and an email with the same date, from Mary Jenkins of Bayoil to "ow," appearing to transmit the memorandum, Bates BAY04-00631-33 ("Pursuant to our telecons, please find below suggested text to S.O.M.O. Please forward to MEDNAFTA to forward to S.O.M.O.").

¹²¹ See, e.g., email dated 2/27/03, from Jean Johnston of Bayoil to Larry Goldstein of the Petroleum Industry Research Association (PIRA), forwarding an email of the same date from John Overbey of Bayoil to Mr. Goldstein, Bates BAY04-00635 (Mr. Overbey stated in part: "With respect to our earlier conversations and correspondence on our concerns over the changing methodology being applied recently by the Overseers and the consequential competitive disadvantage as compared to other foreign supplies, we would like to provide you with some of our recent correspondence to the United Nations and State Department on this matter. ... We are hopeful you will concur with our position in this matter and relay your professional recommendations to the relevant authorities, during this week, while the market circumstances are being evaluated by the U.N."). PIRA had previously sent a paper to the U.S. State Department critical of retroactive pricing. See "Iraqi Oil: A Love-Hate Relationship," by the Petroleum Industry Research Foundation (June 2002); and a Bayoil fax dated 7/1/02, from Ken Vestal to David Chalmers of Bayoil, Bates BAY04-01040-48 (indicating the report had been sent to the U.S. State Department). See also memorandum dated 3/7/02, from Ken Vestal to David Chalmers of Bayoil, Bates BAY0ILUSA 015022 (referencing a discussion with "PIRA" about retroactive pricing).

¹²² Memorandum dated 3/13/03, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to the U.N. Office of Iraq Programme, Bates BAY04-01288-91, together with a document showing a number of emails, dated 3/13 and 3/14/03, showing that the memorandum had been sent to the U.N. Office of Iraq Programme; and memorandum dated 3/13/03, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to the U.N. Oil Overseers, Bates BAY04-01292-93.

 $^{^{123}\,}$ Memorandum dated 3/13/03, from David Chalmers of Bayoil to the U.N. Oil Overseers, Bates BAY04-01292-93.

U.S. Laws Prohibiting Boycotts. The Export Administration Act (EAA) and the Ribicoff Amendment to the 1976 Tax Reform Act (TRA), this country's two major anti-boycott laws, prohibit all U.S. persons, including their foreign affiliates, from participating in boycotts of foreign countries that the United States does not sanction. 124 Violation of the Department of Commerce Export Administration Regulations (EAR) implementing these anti-boycott laws can result in civil penalties or, in the case of "knowing" violations, criminal penalties of up to \$50,000 or five times the value of the exports involved, whichever is greater, and imprisonment of up to 5 years. Violations of the TRA can also lead to the loss of tax benefits.

Bayoil Conduct. On September 9, 1999, Augusto Giangrandi, on behalf of Bayoil, wrote to the Iraqi Oil Ministry and SOMO to confirm Bayoil's interest in purchasing "a minimum of 10,000,000 barrels of basrah light crude oil" during the sixth phase of the OFF program. He also expressed Bayoil's interest in purchasing "20-30 million barrels minimum every six months." On the same date, again acting as "Chairman, For and on behalf of Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited (BOTCO, Bahamas)," Mr. Giangrandi wrote the following note, which he signed and had notarized:

"TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

We herewith confirm never to have sold directly or indirectly to Israel and further confirm that this policy will remain permanently in force during the entire validity of our contract." ¹²⁶

Iraqi Policy of Prohibiting the Sale of Iraqi Oil to Israel. Subcommittee interviews with high-ranking officials of the Hussein regime confirm that, during the sanctions period, it was Iraq's policy to prohibit the sale of Iraqi oil to Israel. One senior official in the Oil Ministry during the Hussein regime stated that the initial drafts of the standard contract written by SOMO for crude oil to be purchased under the OFF program contained a clause explicitly prohibiting the purchaser of the Iraqi oil from subsequently selling the oil to Israel. 127 This high-ranking official persuaded SOMO not to include this explicit prohibition in the standard contract because, in his view, it would have been objected to by the United Nations and thereby impede Iraq's ability to sell its oil under the OFF program.

Instead, SOMO drafted standard contract language containing the following clauses regarding the destination of any crude oil purchased from SOMO:

- "1. BUYER shall at all times comply with all the laws, regulations and rules of the Republic of Iraq relating to destination of crude oil purchased hereunder in force from time to time.
- "2. BUYER undertakes that all laws, regulations and rules of the Republic of Iraq shall apply to the vessels employed by him to transport crude oil covered by this Contract.

¹²⁴ See, e.g., 15 CFR Chapter VII, Subchapter C, Part 760; 26 USC § 908. The EAA also requires persons to report requests they have received to comply with a boycott. The TRA requires taxpayers to report operations in or with or related to a boycotting country or requests to participate in or cooperate with an international boycott.

¹²⁵ Letter dated 9/9/99, from Augusto Giangrandi, Chairman, For and on behalf of Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited (BOTCO, Bahamas) to Ministry of Oil, State Oil Marketing Organization, Bayoil Bates Number SNT045424. Although Giangrandi's signature block states he is writing the letter for and on behalf of Bayoil, Bahamas, the letter blurs any distinction between the affiliated Bayoil entities. The letter states, "We are prepared to contract with you through our Bahamian company or any of our affiliates."

¹²⁶ Letter dated 9/9/99, from Augusto Giangrandi, Chairman, For and on behalf of Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited (BOTCO, Bahamas) to Ministry of Oil, State Oil Marketing Organization, Bayoil Bates Number SNT045426. Sergio Carlini, Director of Italtech, signed an identical pledge: "We herewith confirm never to have sold directly to Israel and further confirm that this policy will remain permanently in force during the validity of our contract." Letter dated 9/8/99, from Sergio Carlini to Whom It May Concern.

¹²⁷ Subcommittee Interview of Senior Iraqi Official No. 1 (4/17/05).

"3. BUYER undertakes, whenever required, to submit to SELLER or his representative within a reasonable time, the discharge certificate of each shipment duly endorsed by the Iraqi Representation (or any other acceptable representation) in the country of destination." 128

Although this language did not expressly mention Israel, it could be interpreted as seeking to accomplish a boycott of Israel in a manner that would not be so obvious to U.N. officials or U.N. member states.

Many of the contracts that Bayoil entered into for the purchase of Iraqi oil from Iraqi oil allocation holders contained similar language:

"THE BUYER UNDERTAKES THAT THE CRUDE OIL DELIVERED UNDER THIS AGREEMENT SHALL NOT BE IMPORTED BY ITSELF OR OTHERS TO ANY DESTINATION PROHIBITED BY THE GOVERNMENT'S COUNTRY IN WHICH THE CRUDE OIL WAS PRODUCED WITHOUT SELLER'S PRIOR ACCEPTANCE."129

A prominent Iraqi businessman who did business in Iraq during the Hussein regime told the Subcommittee that he was familiar with the Iraqi oil trade during the OFF program. This individual stated it was necessary for persons seeking to purchase Iraqi oil to show they were not doing business with Israel in order to obtain a contract from SOMO. 130

Interviews with some of the most senior officials in the Hussein regime also confirm that Iraq prohibited the sale of its oil to Israel. In an interview with the Subcommittee, Iraqi Vice President Taha Yasin Ramadan explicitly stated that Iraq would not sell oil directly to Israel. "Everyone in Iraq would object to the sale of oil directly to Israel," Ramadan stated. "Subcommittee staff then noted that Iraq would not sell oil directly to the United States but permitted Iraqi oil to be sold to buyers who then sold it to the United States. When asked whether Iraq would allow a company to purchase Iraqi oil if Iraq knew that the eventual destination was Israel, Ramadan replied:

"Israel and the United States are totally different situations. Israel is an enemy of Iraq. Of course we would object if the oil were eventually going to Israel. And if we ever found out that somewhere down the road the oil would end up in Israel, we would never sell to them again." 132

Former Presidential Secretary Abid Hamid Mahmoud al-Tikriti, who was in charge of Saddam Hussein's personal security, also stated that Saddam Hussein would not permit Iraqi oil to be sold, either directly or indirectly, to Israel. Mr. Mahmoud stated:

"If Saddam or Taha Yasin knew that some of the oil would be going to Israel, they would not allow it. They were all extremists on that issue. They all knew Saddam's

¹²⁸ Article Eleven of Section Two (General Conditions) of the SOMO standard Crude Oil Sales Contract. See, e.g., SOMO Crude Oil Sales Contract, 1996, Bates BAY04-01642-72. One contract in the Bayoil files had two page elevens-one with the above language for Article Eleven, and the other with an additional clause preceding the three requirements listed above: "Except to the extent inconsistent with the laws of BUYER'S country and the laws applicable to the Banque Nationale de Paris." See Bates BAY04-01534.

¹²⁹ See, e.g., unsigned contract between Bayoil and Omni Oil Company, July 26, 2001; unsigned contract between Bayoil and Emiroil Est, August 3, 2001; unsigned contract between Bayoil and Gulf Petroleum Limited, August 14, 2001; unsigned contract between Bayoil and Gulf Oil and Gas International Corporation, September 6, 2001; unsigned contract between Bayoil and Rosnefteimpex NK "Rosneft," September 25, 2002.

¹³⁰ Subcommittee interview of Iraqi Detainee No. 1 (4/16/05).

¹³¹ Subcommittee interview with Taha Yasin Ramadan (4/18/05).

¹³² Id. Iraq has been in a permanent state of war with Israel since Israel became an independent state in 1948.

position and they agreed on it. All of the ministers were extremists on this issue. If they deny it, I will call them a liar." ¹³³

Possible Continuation of Boycott. Bayoil documents indicate that key SOMO officials may have attempted to continue the boycott of Israel even after Saddam Hussein was deposed. In the summer of 2003, for example, following the fall of the Hussein regime, Bayoil began to market itself to SOMO officials, the Oil Ministry, and officials working with the Coalition Provisional Authority to rehabilitate Iraq's oil industry. ¹³⁴ In an email to Bayoil's president on October 25, 2003, Bayoil's John Irving relates a conversation he had with the SOMO director of marketing and a person who appears to be another senior SOMO official. ¹³⁵ While most of the email discusses matters related to pricing and marketing information, Item number seven reads as follows: "7) I respectfully asked him if policy towards Israel had changed and he said 'NO!'" This evidence suggests that the policy of attempting to prohibit the sale of Iraqi oil to Israel may not have ended.

E. STOPPING THE SURCHARGES

From virtually the day Saddam Hussein began demanding that Oil-for-Food contractors pay illegal surcharges on contracts to buy Iraqi oil, the United Nations and its member states learned of these demands and tried to end this abuse of the OFF program. Major questions are how Saddam Hussein was nevertheless able to collect \$228 million in surcharges over a 2 year period, what actions were taken to stop the surcharges, and what lessons can be learned from this experience.

At the Subcommittee's February 15, 2005 hearing, U.S. Ambassador to the United Nations for Management and Reform Patrick F. Kennedy delineated the responsibilities of the member states in enforcing the Iraqi sanctions and the Oil-for-Food program requirements:

"The United Nations, first and foremost, is a collective body comprised of its 191 members. A fundamental principle inherent in the U.N. Charter is that all member states will uphold decisions taken by the Security Council. The effectiveness of the sanctions regime against Iraq and the integrity of the oil-for-food program depended completely on the ability and willingness of member states to implement and enforce the sanctions. In this regard, member states had the primary responsibility for ensuring that their national companies and their citizens complied with the states' international obligations." ¹³⁶

The evidence indicates that, while the United Nations and several of its member states, including the United States and the United Kingdom, aggressively worked to try to prevent Iraq from imposing surcharges, there was virtually no effort by the United States to ensure that U.S. nationals were not paying surcharges. The United States imported about half the Iraqi oil exported during the surcharge period, and U.S. shipments of Iraqi oil accounted for about half of all the surcharge payments during this period. The United States' failure to determine whether U.S. nationals were paying the illegal surcharges amounts to an abdication of its responsibility to enforce the Iraqi sanctions.

1. Awareness of Surcharges

In late 2000 and early 2001, senior Iraqi officials openly discussed their desire to impose a 50-cent surcharge and, when that appeared infeasible, a 40-cent surcharge on OFF contracts to buy

¹³³ Subcommittee interview of Abid Hamid Mahmoud al-Tikriti (4/19/05). The translator for this interview explained that the word "extremist" in this context is akin to "hard-line," or "absolutist," and does not imply a viewpoint that is not within the Iraqi political mainstream.

 $^{^{134}\,}$ See, e.g., draft memorandum dated 6/5/03, from Bayoil to SOMO, Oil Minister, and the Iraqi Oil Advisory Board.

¹³⁵ Email dated 10/25/03, from Bayoil's John Irving to David Chalmers, 5:18 AM.

^{136 &}quot;The United Nations' Management and Oversight of the Oil-for-Food Program," hearing before the U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations (2/15/05), testimony of Ambassador Patrick F. Kennedy.

Iraqi oil. ¹³⁷ Oil buyers immediately complained to the United Nations. Numerous articles about the surcharge issue appeared in the world press. Iraq even halted exports for several weeks in December in an unsuccessful, but very public, attempt to exert leverage on oil companies and the United Nations to authorize the payment of surcharges.

In late November 2000, as explained earlier, SOMO proposed a very low Official Sales Price (OSP) for Iraqi oil that would be sold in December. The United States expressed immediate concern about the low price due to the surcharge demands. A U.S. State Department cable reported that the U.N. Oil Overseers had refused to endorse the submitted prices because it "WOULD CREATE AN OPPORTUNITY FOR UNAUTHORIZED REBATES TO IRAQ BY UNSCRUPULOUS OPERATORS OUTSIDE THE OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM."

138 The cable warned that Iraq was threatening to cut off its oil supplies if the U.N. 661 Committee did not agree to SOMO's proposed prices. It instructed our Embassies in Moscow and Paris to inform their host governments that Iraq was "BLATANTLY THREATENING THE SECURITY COUNCIL AND SEEKING TO DISRUPT WORLD MARKETS," the "U.S. SEES ITS NATIONAL INTERESTS IMPLICATED IN THIS IRAQI BEHAVIOR," that "THE U.S. IS DETERMINED TO SEE IRAQ FAIL IN THIS EFFORT," the U.S. was "WILLING TO WORK WITH YOU AND OTHERS TO PROTECT OUR COMMON INTERESTS," and that "THE SECURITY COUNCIL MUST STAND UNIFIED AGAINST THIS CHALLENGE TO THE COUNCIL'S AUTHORITY."

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On December 13, 2000, another U.S. State Department cable reported Iraq was still attempting to collect illegal surcharges:

"RECENT PRESS REPORTS INDICATE THAT IRAQ IS ONCE AGAIN ATTEMPTING TO IMPOSE A SURCHARGE ON OIL BUYERS TO BE PAID INTO AN ACCOUNT NOT CONTROLLED BY THE UN. THE US BELIEVES SUCH AN ACTION—WHICH IS INTENDED TO EVADE UN SANCTIONS, DIVERTS FUNDS FROM THE OIL FOR FOOD PROGRAM AND PROVIDE THE BAGHDAD REGIME WITH A SOURCE OF ILLICIT INCOME—MUST BE STRONGLY OPPOSED. A NUMBER OF SHIPS ARE WAITING TO LOAD IRAQI OIL BUT HAVE NOT DONE SO, LENDING CREDENCE TO THE REPORTS THAT IRAQ IS DEMANDING THE SURCHARGE AND OIL PURCHASERS ARE BALKING.

"WE ALL NEED TO BE VIGILANT TO IRAQ'S ATTEMPTS TO OBTAIN A SOURCE OF FUNDS NOT UNDER UN CONTROL.

"WE ISSUED A PRESS STATEMENT ON DECEMBER 12 INTENDED TO ENSURE THAT OIL BUYERS KNOW THAT PAYING A SURCHARGE TO IRAQ IS NOT AUTHORIZED AND THAT THEY ARE UNDER CLOSE SCRUTINY." 140

On December 15, 2000, the U.N. 661 Committee issued a notice to all buyers of Iraqi oil stating:

- 1) The sanctions committee has not approved a surcharge of any kind on Iraqi oil.
- 2) Payments for purchasing Iraqi crude oil cannot be made to a non-UN account.
- 3) Therefore, buyers of Iraqi oil shall not pay any kind of surcharge to Iraq."1

¹³⁷ See Section IIA of this Report.

¹³⁸ Unclassified U.S. State Department cable (11/22/00), STATE224156.

^{139 &}lt;u>Id</u>.

¹⁴⁰ Unclassified U.S. State Department cable (12/14/00), STATE236493.

¹⁴¹ United Nations 661 Committee fax dated 12/15/00, from the U.N. Oil Overseers to "Buyers of Iraqi Crude Oil," No. S/AC.25/2000/OIL/1330/FAX.

On January 8, 2001, the Oil Overseers reported to the U.N. 661 Committee that they had received numerous reports from the oil industry that Iraq was attempting to collect a 50-cent surcharge, and there had been a significant drop in Iraqi oil exports over the previous weeks due to the reluctance of oil purchases to pay the surcharges demanded. ¹⁴² The Oil Overseers indicated they had received these reports directly from oil traders and oil companies, and had also read similar reports in the oil industry trade press. The Oil Overseers told the U.N. 661 Committee that as a result of the precipitous drop in exports following the imposition of the 50-cent surcharge, Iraq had lowered the surcharge to 40-cents-per-barrel.

2. Stopping the Surcharges Through OSP Pricing

A few months after the surcharges began, some members of the U.N. 661 Committee began urging the Committee to use OSP pricing policies to stop the surcharges. On February 7, 2001, for example, the United States Mission to the U.N. formally requested the U.N. Oil Overseers to report on the surcharge issue. ¹⁴³ The U.S. letter stated, "It is important that the overseers not recommend to the Committee a pricing mechanism that leaves room for a surcharge." The letter asked the Overseers to report on "whether or not there is room in the most recent pricing mechanisms proposed by SOMO for imposition of a surcharge."

On February 13, 2001, the U.N. Oil Overseers reported to the U.N. 661 Committee on SOMO's proposal for a February Official Sales Price (OSP) for Iraqi oil. ¹⁴⁴ The Overseers noted that buyers of Iraqi oil were being asked to pay "a substantial premium over OSP's; say between 20 and 70 cents a barrel," and that "in absence of end-users paying premia of at least around 20-25-centsper-barrel," Iraq was declining to export the oil. The Overseers recommended that the OSP for Iraqi oil be revised more frequently than once a month in order to prevent the difference between the market price of Iraqi oil and the OSP from growing large enough to allow surcharges to be imposed on top of the OSP.

On February 20, 2001, the Overseers responded to the U.S. Mission's request for a report on the surcharge issue. ¹⁴⁵ The Overseers noted, "Many of the current contract holders seem to be intermediaries who are not known in the petroleum industry. They are very small in size and seem to have limited credit facilities. This means that, due to the large sums of money involved, they often cannot open letters of credit and/or charter ships on their own account." End-users, such as oil refineries, were generally unwilling to purchase directly from these contract holders due to their limited assets and "the limited possibility for compensation in the event of non-performance." Accordingly, the Overseers reported, the contract holders usually sold their oil to larger trading companies, which then sold the oil either to other trading companies or directly to the end-users. The Overseers explained that this scheme tended to inflate prices to the end-users, since each intermediary would raise the price of the oil to capture a profit. The Overseers wrote:

"[S]ince December, end-users can consistently only buy Iraqi crude oil at a premium of 20-50 cents per barrel over the OSP To what extent, if any, these premia are being used to pay illegal surcharges to Iraq is unknown to the Oil Overseers. ... However, direct contacts with traders and end-users in the oil industry confirm in broad terms what has been written in the professional press on this matter."

Through the spring and into the summer of 2001, the Oil Overseers became increasingly critical of SOMO's price proposals and urged SOMO to propose higher OSPs. Individual U.N. 661

¹⁴² See 661 Committee minutes; Subcommittee interview of Oil Overseer (5/3/05).

¹⁴³ See U.S. Mission letter to the U.N. 661 Committee (2/6/01).

¹⁴⁴ See "Letter dated 13 February 2001 from the Overseers addressed to the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established by resolution 661 (1990) concerning the situation between Iraq and Kuwait," S/AC.25/2001/OIL/COMM.06.

¹⁴⁵ See "Letter dated 20 February 2001 from the Overseers addressed to the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established by resolution 661 (1990) concerning the situation between Iraq and Kuwait," S/AC.25/2001/OIL/COMM.07.

Committee members took different sides of the issue, with the U.S. and U.K. members supporting higher OSPs, and the Russian and Chinese members supporting SOMO's recommendations as reasonable. A U.S. State Department cable sent on March 16, 2000, reported:

"EVEN WITH A GENERAL CONSENSUS IN THE [661] COMMITTEE THAT THESE ILLEGAL PAYMENTS ARE UNDERMINING THE OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM AND THE UN SANCTIONS ON IRAQ, IT BECAME CLEAR THAT OUR PROPOSALS WILL BE DIFFICULT TO SELL." 146

In early August, the British proposed that the OSP be revised every 10 days, but the United States objected on the grounds that such frequent pricing would disrupt the oil markets. Several weeks later, the U.S. and U.K. agreed on a proposal to revise the OSP every 15 days. Russia and China objected to the U.S.-U.K. proposal, insisting that pricing remain on a monthly basis. "In principle, we don't like any change in the existing scheme, Russia's deputy representative to the U.N. stated. 'Oil exporters will experience difficulties in signing and fulfilling contracts.'" An official Iraqi newspaper stated, "Iraq is committed to prevent any change in what has been agreed concerning the fixing of the price of crude every 30 days." ¹⁴⁸

The U.N. 661 Committee stalemated on the U.S.-U.K. pricing proposal. The issue was elevated to the U.N. Security Council in mid-September, but the Security Council was no more able to resolve the issue than the 661 Committee. Unable to obtain consensus on either a pricing approach or the duration of the OSPs, in or around October 2001, the U.S. and U.K. 611 Committee members began employing a delaying strategy that effectively achieved their aims. In essence, the U.S. and U.K. 661 Committee members began delaying approval of all price proposals until the use period had almost passed and oil was already loaded onto the purchasers' vessels. ¹⁴⁹ By waiting until after the buyers' ships had loaded the oil, the OSP for that loading could be adjusted to closely reflect actual market prices, thereby eliminating the market speculation that occurs when prices are set weeks in advance of a particular loading. ¹⁵⁰

This so-called "retroactive pricing" approach, which in effect was imposed by the United States and United Kingdom on the U.N. 661 Committee, succeeded in more closely aligning the OSP for Iraqi oil with world market prices, thereby eliminating the large profit margins that had allowed for the payment of illegal surcharges back to Iraq. In this respect, retroactive pricing "squeezed out" the surcharges. ¹⁵¹ The United States maintained its support for this approach until the end of the Oilfor-Food program in 2003, despite ongoing opposition from some U.S. companies, including Bayoil, as well as from some foreign companies and some members of the United Nations.

Due to divisions among members of the U.N. 661 Committee, it took 2 years for an effective pricing system to be developed and stop the surcharges. The State Department's U.S. Mission to the United Nations took the lead on this issue on behalf of the United States, and played an active and creative role in using retroactive pricing to stop the Iraqi surcharges. At the same time, the retroactive pricing approach never became the consensus position of the U.N. 661 Committee and continued to generate controversy.

¹⁴⁶ Unclassified U.S. State Department cable (3/21/01), USUNN00674.

^{147 &}quot;U.S. Supports Britain in Move to Tighten Pricing of Iraqi Oil," Washington Post (8/25/01).

^{148 &}quot;Iraq Vows to Block British Bid to Change Oil Price Mechanism," Business Recorder (8/28/01).

¹⁴⁹ Subcommittee interview of U.N. Oil Overseer (5/3/05). The United Kingdom apparently developed and proposed the retroactive pricing proposal; the United States then strongly supported it.

¹⁵⁰ Retroactive pricing also eliminated SOMO's ability to alter loading dates to provide buyers of Iraqi oil with more favorable market conditions at the time of loading. <u>Id.</u>

¹⁵¹ See Figure 2, "Iraqi Oil Production January 1999 - April 2003."

3. U.S. Failure to Exercise Oversight of U.S. Nationals Buying Iraqi Oil

At the same time U.S. officials aggressively pursued action at the United Nations to prevent Iraq from imposing illegal surcharges, the United States failed to take meaningful action to ensure that U.S. nationals were not paying those surcharges.

A preliminary issue is who had responsibility for monitoring compliance and taking action to enforce the Iraqi sanctions, including the provisions of the OFF program. U.N. Security Council Resolution 661 (1990) sets forth the basic responsibilities of U.N. member states in enforcing the trade embargo against Iraq imposed by the resolution. In Resolution 661, the Security Council decided that "all States shall prevent":

"(a) The import into their territories of all commodities and products originating in Irao ...

"(b) Any activities by their nationals or in their territories which would promote or are calculated to promote the export or trans-shipment of any commodities or products from Iraq . . . [and]

"(c) The sale or supply by their nationals or from their territories or using their flag vessels of any commodities or products, including weapons or any other military equipment, whether or not originating in their territories but not including supplies intended for strictly medical purposes, and, in humanitarian circumstances, foodstuffs, to any person or body in Iraq ... or to any person or body for the purposes of any business carried on in or operated from Iraq ..." 152

U.N. Resolution 661 clearly assigned to Member states the responsibility to ensure that their own nationals acted in accordance with the terms of the resolution.

U.N. Security Council Resolution 986 (1995), which established the Oil-for-Food program, modified the Iraqi embargo in part by authorizing Member states to permit the import of Iraqi oil, subject to the approval by the U.N. 661 Committee of an application submitted by the State concerned, for each proposed purchase of Iraqi oil. Each application had to "includ[e] details of the purchase price at fair market value, the export route, the opening of a letter of credit payable to the escrow account . . . and of any other directly related financial or other essential transaction." Oil purchases were also conditioned on "[p]ayment of the full amount of each purchase of Iraqi petroleum and petroleum products directly by the purchaser in the State concerned into the escrow account to be established by the Secretary-General for the purposes of this resolution." ¹⁵³

Under the relevant Security Council resolutions, then, the responsibility for ensuring compliance with U.N. sanctions on Iraq rested with individual nations. This approach was in keeping with standard U.N. practice, since the United Nations has no law enforcement authority and no ability to take enforcement action against the nationals of a particular country. Only U.N. member states possess the legal authority to police individuals and entities within their jurisdictions.

U.N. Responsibilities. The U.N. offices and bodies charged with administering the Oil-for-Food program did have certain responsibilities for establishing program requirements, reviewing contracts and contractors, and monitoring – but not enforcing – program compliance.

The U.N. 661 Committee was assigned, for example, the responsibility to ensure that oil was purchased from Iraq "at fair market value." To assist in this function, the U.N. 661 Committee employed three international oil experts, the U.N. Oil Overseers, to evaluate and make recommendations on whether SOMO's proposed oil prices met that standard. In addition, the U.N. 661 Committee was responsible for reviewing and approving or disapproving each contract to be issued under the OFF program. The United Nations also established an Office of Iraq Programme

¹⁵² U.N.S.C.R. 661 (1990).

¹⁵³ U.N.S.C.R. 986 (1995).

(OIP) to carry out various administrative functions essential to effective program operation. For example, the United Nations, through the OIP, contracted with one inspection company, Saybolt, to ensure that only authorized amounts of oil were loaded onto ships pursuant to U.N.-approved oil export contracts, and another inspection company, Cotecna, to "authenticate" humanitarian goods delivered to Iraq to ensure those delivered goods matched the ones actually purchased by Iraq under U.N.-approved import contracts. The U.N. 661 Committee also worked with the Maritime Interdiction Force to stop ships from violating the U.N. trade embargo by smuggling goods into or out of Iraq by sea.

Like the U.N. Security Council, the U.N. 661 Committee consisted of representatives from the Council's member states, including the United States. Throughout the OFF program the U.N. 661 Committee operated under the principle of consensus voting – any single member could veto proposed Committee action. Hence, during the OFF program, it was the U.N. 661 Committee member states, rather than the United Nations itself, that bore ultimate responsibility and accountability for Committee actions.

It was also clear throughout the OFF program, that the U.N. 661 Committee, OIP, the Oil Overseers and other U.N. personnel had neither the authority nor the resources to conduct meaningful, affirmative investigations into OFF wrongdoing – to determine, for example, whether approved OFF contractors or others were paying illegal surcharges to the Iraqi government outside of U.N. control or engaging in other acts of corruption. ¹⁵⁴ None of the U.N. offices were assigned or expected to perform that type of affirmative oversight. ¹⁵⁵ Even basic requests for information about specific allegations of wrongdoing usually had to be funneled through individual member states with the authority to compel their nationals to respond to U.N. inquiries.

Nevertheless, on several occasions when allegations and evidence of specific acts of wrongdoing were brought to the attention of U.N. offices, they responded by attempting to gather more information; informing relevant member states about the allegations and informally asking them to gather more information or investigate the matter; or by formally referring the matter to the U.N. 661 Committee which, in turn, could formally request relevant member states to investigate the allegations. ¹⁵⁶ This general approach, in which U.N. personnel did not affirmatively investigate wrongdoing but instead referred matters to member states, reflects the standard division of responsibilities between the United Nations and its member states. In general, under U.N. practice, it is the responsibility of the member states to investigate and take appropriate enforcement action against individuals and entities within their jurisdictions.

¹⁵⁴ Subcommittee interview of U.N. Oil Overseer (5/3/05).

^{155 &}lt;u>Id.</u> Benon Sevan, the OIP Director, consistently took this position. For example, in 1998, after giving a speech and in answer to a question about whether the United Nations was taking action to prevent contract kickbacks or illegal smuggling of oil or spare parts, Mr. Sevan responded as follows:

[&]quot;I'd like to clarify from the beginning that while we have an observation mechanism, we are not a policing mechanism. It is not my job or my colleagues' job to try to police as to what is happening outside the program. There are other organizations and other mechanisms established around Iraq which take care of those things in terms of smuggling, et cetera, so therefore, it's not up to my job, to my colleagues to do it.

We just try to make sure that our observation mechanism and monitoring, we have a very good monitoring system in place regarding the arrival and utilization of spare parts, which was agreed by the council itself, by all the members, to make sure that things are used for the purpose they were authorized for.

Benon Sevan, Remarks Before the Middle East Institute (11/16/98). Benon Sevan made similar statements in several U.N. 661 Committee meetings, reflected in Committee minutes.

¹³⁶ Subcommittee interview of U.N. Oil Overseer (5/3/05). The 661 Committee followed this practice, for example, when the captain of the oil tanker Essex informed the United Nations that his ship was carrying more Iraqi oil than had been authorized by its U.N.-approved contract. After obtaining his statement and supporting evidence, the 661 Committee requested that France and the Netherlands investigate and report back on the activities of certain nationals alleged to have been involved in the wrongdoing. A similar procedure was followed when the U.N. Oil Overseers received specific evidence of allegations involving a Swiss company, Glencore International AG and asked the Swiss Government to investigate and report on its findings. See, e.g., Letter dated 8 October 2001 from the Permanent Observer Mission of Switzerland to the United Nations Addressed to the Chairman, 661 Committee document S/AC.25/2001/COMM 465.

These basic principles played out in the context of the surcharge issue. The United States aggressively used its position and authority as a U.N. 661 Committee member to devise policies that made it difficult for Iraq to impose and collect illegal surcharges. The United States did not, however, provide a similar level of effort outside the 661 Committee in discharging its responsibilities to ensure its own nationals were not paying illegal surcharges.

U.S. Responsibilities. With respect to sanctions on Iraq, several U.S. executive branch agencies had roles in carrying out and enforcing U.S. law and policy regarding U.N. and U.S. sanctions on Iraq and the Oil-for-Food program.

Most prominent was the U.S. Treasury Department's Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC) which administers over two dozen sanctions programs that the United States has imposed, including sanctions on Iraq.¹⁵⁷ According to the OFAC website:

"...[OFAC] administers and enforces economic and trade sanctions based on U.S. foreign policy and national security goals against targeted foreign countries, terrorists, international narcotics traffickers, and those engaged in activities related to the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction. OFAC acts under Presidential wartime and national emergency powers, as well as authority granted by specific legislation, to impose controls on transactions and freeze foreign assets under US jurisdiction. Many of the sanctions are based on United Nations and other international mandates, are multilateral in scope, and involve close cooperation with allied governments." 158

To carry out its responsibilities, OFAC has about 140 employees engaged in licensing, compliance, and enforcement activities.

In January 1991, OFAC promulgated comprehensive regulations to implement U.N. Security Council Resolution 661 and the related U.S. Presidential Executive Orders imposing a trade embargo on Iraq. ¹⁵⁹ Following the passage of Resolution 986, which created the Oil-for-Food program, OFAC amended its regulations to allow persons to apply to OFAC for specific licenses, on a case-by-case basis, to purchase oil from the Government of Iraq "in accordance with the provisions of U.N. SC Resolution 986, other relevant Security Council resolution, the Memorandum of Understanding, and other guidance issued by the 661 Committee." ¹⁶⁰ A specific license to purchase oil from Iraq granted the licensee authority "to perform a contract approved by the 661 Committee or its designee in accordance with its terms." ¹⁶¹ Hence, for U.S. nationals, it was not only a U.N. requirement, but a requirement of U.S. regulations that U.S. persons comply with the OFF program.

According to OFAC, "All U.S. persons must comply with OFAC regulations, including all U.S. citizens and permanent resident aliens regardless of where they are located." 162 Fines for

¹⁵⁷ For more information on OFAC's role in implementing the United States' sanctions against Iraq, see testimony of Juan Carlos Zarate, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury for Terrorist Financing and Financial Crimes, before the Subcommittee (11/15/04)

United States Department of Treasury Office of Foreign Assets Control website, at http://www.treas.gov/offices/enforcement/ofac/.

¹⁵⁹ 31 C.F.R. Part 575 – Iraqi Sanctions Regulations (1991).

^{160 31} C.F.R. §575.523 (1996). OFAC also authorized the issuance of specific licenses to individuals assisting third-country persons obtaining oil from the Government of fraq, id, at §575.522; providing humanitarian goods to Iraq, id, at §575.525; and providing oil-field equipment to Iraq, id, at §575.523. OFAC provided a general authorization to persons to import Iraqi-origin oil if the oil had already been exported from Iraq in accordance with a contract that already had been approved by the 661 Committee, id, at §575.526.

¹⁶¹ Id

¹⁶² U.S. Department of Treasury, Office of Foreign Assets Contol, Frequently Asked Questions, at http://www.treas.gov/offices/enforcement/ofac/faq/.

violating OFAC regulations "can be substantial." ¹⁶³ Persons violating OFAC's Iraqi sanctions regulations, for example, were subject to civil penalties of up to \$275,000 per violation and, for willful violations, criminal penalties of up to \$1 million in fines and not more than 12 years imprisonment, or both. ¹⁶⁴

Several offices within the U.S. State Department also played key roles in the U.S. sanctions and OFF programs, including the U.S. Mission to the United Nations, which interacted directly with U.N. officials administering the OFF program; the Office of Economic Sanctions Policy, which handled a variety of compliance issues including reviewing OFF contractor applications and proposed contracts to ensure consistency with U.S. foreign policy; and the Energy Producing Country Affairs Division, which provided expertise on oil markets and OFF pricing issues. Experts from the U.S. Commerce Department and U.S. Energy Department also provided key advice and assistance. The U.S. State Department, however, had no regulatory authority or law enforcement responsibilities with respect to the application of Iraqi sanctions to U.S. persons.

Although each of these U.S. offices expended considerable resources on various aspects of the OFF program, virtually none of them exercised oversight over individual U.S. participants in the Iraq oil trade. The U.S. State Department, for example, does not usually engage in enforcement actions in U.S. sanctions programs. In fact, one U.S. State Department office told the Subcommittee that it operated under the philosophy that "in America you are presumed innocent until proven guilty," and maintained a policy of not questioning U.S. companies about their actions in Iraq. It told the Subcommittee that it made no inquiries into whether particular U.S. companies might have been paying surcharges.

OFAC, on the other hand, has a standing enforcement program. OFAC told the Subcommittee, however, that it considered the Iraqi sanctions program unique among the two dozen sanctions programs it administered, due to extensive U.N. involvement. OFAC officials indicated that, in their view, it was the United Nations, not the United States, that was responsible for administering Iraqi sanctions. [65] In addition, OFAC considered it to be the U.N.'s primary responsibility to monitor and enforce compliance. With respect to issues involving Iraqi oil, OFAC officials noted that OFAC did not have any expertise in oil pricing or the operation of international oil markets, while the United Nations had a panel of world-class experts, the Oil Oversees, to help it manage and oversee the OFF program. For that reason, OFAC indicated that it deferred to the United Nations on procedures to approve contractors and individual contracts.

OFAC's position on these issues suggests a fundamental misconception about the relative roles of U.N. and U.S. officials in ensuring sanctions compliance. OFAC apparently did not realize that, although the United Nations had the overall lead in administering the OFF program, U.N. member states retained the primary responsibility to ensure that their nationals complied with the sanctions and OFF programs. Moreover, from a legal perspective, U.S. persons and companies were not bound by U.N. requirements, but only by the laws and regulations promulgated by individual U.N. member states, which meant that U.S. oversight was essential to enforce compliance with U.S. laws and regulations imposing sanctions on Iraq. OFAC's misunderstanding of its enforcement responsibilities resulted in its devoting few resources to the oversight of U.S. participants in the OFF program, including Bayoil.

Failure to Scrutinize Activities of U.S. Nationals. A striking contrast exists between the active efforts of the United States within the U.N. 661 Committee to stop Iraq's illegal surcharges through setting OSP prices, and its failure outside of the 661 Committee process to exercise meaningful oversight to determine whether U.S. nationals were paying illegal surcharges. This U.S. failure is even more striking in light of U.S. proposals to increase U.N. 661 Committee standards and oversight for the companies seeking U.N. approval to obtain Iraqi oil contracts.

^{163 &}lt;u>Id.</u>

^{164 31} CFR § 575.701 (1997).

¹⁶⁵ Subcommittee interviews of OFAC officials (4/27/05 and 5/5/05).

To win an OFF contract, a person or company had to be designated a "national oil purchaser" by a specific U.N. member state. Member states were supposed to evaluate each applicant for this designation and then forward only approved applications to the United Nations. In the United States, OFAC was assigned the responsibility of approving U.S. companies as "national oil purchasers," and issued Federal regulations establishing a procedure for doing so. 166

OFAC told the Subcommittee, however, that it viewed its role as a purely ministerial effort to ensure that the applicants were, in fact, U.S. companies and had correctly completed the registration forms. These forms required the applicant to provide only basic information—such as the name, address, and telephone number of the applicant. OFAC then sent the applications to the U.S. State Department which, in turn, forwarded them to the United Nations. OFAC told the Subcommittee that it assumed the United Nations was performing a more substantive screening, since the Oil-for-Food program was a U.N.-run program.¹⁶⁷ In contrast, the U.N. Oil Overseers told the Subcommittee that they, too, performed a ministerial review of the applications, because according to the procedures established by the 661 Committee, it was the responsibility of the Member states to determine the qualifications of their "national oil purchasers." Moreover, once the U.N. signaled its approval of a particular application, OFAC automatically issued a U.S. license to the approved applicant to perform OFF contracts.

In a number of instances, within the 661 Committee the United States objected to various persons and entities that had been approved by other countries to obtain oil contracts with Iraq. ¹⁶⁹ In 2001, as the United States became increasingly concerned that intermediary companies were being used by Iraq as conduits for illegal surcharges, the United States began to urge the U.N. 661 Committee to impose more stringent requirements for companies seeking Iraqi oil contracts, such as additional financial and registration requirements. The U.S. proposals were objected to, however, by other 661 Committee members, including Russia. One U.S. State Department cable, written in June 2001, reported:

"RUSSIA OPPOSED SETTING INTERNATIONAL CRITERIA FOR COMPANIES ELIGIBLE TO PURCHASE IRAQI OIL AND MAINTAINED THAT NATIONAL MEASURES WERE ADEQUATE TO WEED OUT COMPANIES PAYING THE SURCHARGE." 170

This cable also stated that the "national measures" taken to date had clearly been insufficient, as the surcharges were continuing:

"THE U.S., UK, NORWAY AND IRELAND ARGUED THAT COLLECTIVE MEASURES WERE NECESSARY. NATIONAL MEASURES, ON WHICH THE SYSTEM RELIED AT PRESENT, WERE CLEARLY NOT SUFFICIENT SINCE IRAQ CONTINUED TO COLLECT SIGNIFICANT SURCHARGE." 171

Despite the U.S. State Department's awareness that national measures taken to date had been insufficient to stop the Iraqi surcharges, the United States took no action to ensure its own enforcement office, OFAC, strengthened its oversight efforts. Instead, OFAC continued its minimal, ministerial approach to OFF oversight.

¹⁶⁶ See 31 CFR § 575 (Subpart E).

Subcommittee interviews of OFAC officials (4/27/05) and (5/5/05).

¹⁶⁸ Subcommittee interview of U.N. Oil Overseer (5/3/05).

 $^{^{169}\,}$ See, e.g., Subcommittee Staff Report on Oil Allocations Granted to the Russian Presidential Council (5/17/05), at 4.

¹⁷⁰ Unclassified U.S. State Department cable (6/5/01), USUNN01314.

¹⁷¹ Id. It is perhaps worth noting that, by 2001, U.S. companies were no longer applying for or obtaining OFF contracts to buy Iraqi oil, due to the Iraqi policy barring direct contracts to U.S. interests. Thus, U.S. proposals would have affected only non-U.S. companies.

As indicated earlier, soon after the illegal surcharges began, they became a major topic at the United Nations and U.N. 661 Committee. They were also the subject of multiple media stories, industry articles, and academic analysis. For example, in early February 2001, the Middle East Economic Survey (MEES), a respected source of information on Middle Eastern energy issues, reported U.S. refiners were "buying the overwhelming majority of Iraqi oil exports," mostly through small companies and traders. The MEES noted that the U.S. companies were demanding written assurances that no surcharges had been paid on the oil, but also stated "Major consuming countries are turning a blind eye to Iraq's efforts to impose the surcharge, perhaps because Iraqi oil supplies are needed in order to help bring world oil prices down." 172

On Sunday, February 18, 2001, a column in a major Washington newspaper expanded on the MEES analysis and explicitly identified intermediary companies in the Iraqi oil trade as the likely source of surcharge payments. 173

"Baghdad's take from [oil sales to Jordan, Turkey, Syria, and through the Persian Gulf] adds up to more than \$1 billion a year. But this illicit loot wasn't enough for Saddam, and last November he got greedy. Baghdad announced that effective Dec. 1, companies buying Iraqi crude through the official 'oil-for-food' program would have to pay a 50-cent-per-barrel surcharge to a separate account controlled by the regime. Saddam apparently thought that with a tight oil market and rising prices, he could squeeze the major companies and force them to pay what amounted to a private kickback, according to Randa Takleddine, who covers oil for the Arabic daily Al Hayat.

"But to Baghdad's surprise, TotalFinalElf and some other big companies that have been friendly with Iraq refused to pay. Official Iraqi exports plummeted – from about 2.1 million barrels per day in November to 1.2 million in December. As the oil market softened, the Iraqis cut the surcharge – first to 40 cents a barrel and then last month to between 25 and 30 cents. But still the majors wouldn't play – at least not directly.

"In the shadows of the oil-trading world, however, a weird system has grown up over the past two months. Several dozen unknown companies have emerged as the main buyers of Iraqi crude. Based in places such as Belarus, Liechtenstein, and Malaysia, these appear to be 'nameplate' companies that exist only on paper. They apparently pay the surcharges and then sell Iraqi crude to established oil-trading firms. Giant oil companies then buy the Iraqi crude from the traders. The majors demand assurances that the traders haven't paid any surcharge, but as one analyst notes, 'some of these traders will sell their mother for a buck.'

"And who's indirectly buying the Iraqi oil? American consumers, that's who. As of February, notes Khadduri's newsletter, 'US refiners . . . are buying the overwhelming majority of Iraqi oil exports.' The newsletter explains that 'ExxonMobil, BP and Texaco have taken the initiative to acquire oil through third parties,' while TotalFinalElf and some other European and Japanese majors 'are still shying away from Iraqi oil.'

"The lesson for the Bush administration is that Saddam's regime is so hungry for cash that it's taking risks-and making mistakes."

This article broadcast the same surcharge analysis being discussed within the U.N. 661 Committee to a wider U.S. audience, but no U.S. agency responded by initiating an analysis to determine whether U.S. companies like Bayoil were financing illegal surcharges at the expense of American consumers.

[&]quot;US Snaps Up Most Iraqi Oil Exports," Agence France Press (2/5/01).

^{173 &}quot;Iraq Sanctions Queht to Target Saddam's Helpers," by David Ignatius, Washington Post (2/18/01).

The United States did take some general steps. For example, a week after the U.N. 661 Committee issued a directive warning all OFF participants not to pay surcharges on OFF contracts, OFAC issued similar guidance to OFAC licensees, warning them not to pay surcharges into Iraqicontrolled accounts. ¹⁷⁴ A few months later, in April 2001, the U.S. State Department sent a similar warning to about two dozen U.S. companies active in the Iraqi oil trade. ¹⁷⁵

But aside from these general warnings, the Subcommittee Minority Staff has been unable to identify any action taken by any U.S. agency to determine whether U.S. companies were paying or financing illegal Iraqi surcharges. For example, neither OFAC nor the U.S. State Department ever conducted a survey or asked U.S. oil companies or traders for information about who was selling them Iraqi oil, what pricing mechanisms were being used, and whether they had been asked for or were aware of surcharges or commissions being paid on that oil. Despite a massive influx of Iraqi oil into the United States during the surcharge period – a 2-year period during which U.S. companies bought a significantly greater percentage of Iraq's oil than in past years 176 – neither OFAC nor the U.S. State Department made any specific inquiries to U.S. oil companies or traders that might have prevented or discouraged them from buying oil on which surcharges had been paid.

Failure to Examine Licensed Activity. The United States not only failed to conduct any affirmative inquiry into possible U.S. company involvement with the payment of illegal surcharges, the United States also failed to make use of its licensing authorities to obtain information about transactions in Iraqi oil.

OFAC is, again, the key office, since it was responsible for issuing the licenses allowing U.S. persons to engage in business transactions with Iraq. OFAC established detailed licensing procedures which applied to not only U.S. persons seeking to buy oil directly from Iraq, but also U.S. persons seeking to join efforts by non-U.S. persons to buy this oil. 177

OFAC's regulations allowed U.S. persons, under a general license, to enter into contracts and contract negotiations with the Government of Iraq to purchase Iraqi oil, provided that contract performance was made contingent upon OFAC approval of the contract itself.¹⁷⁸ That meant U.S. persons were allowed to participate in contract negotiations with Iraq, provided they obtained U.S. and U.N. approvals before actually buying any oil.¹⁷⁹

In theory, the U.S. licensing process provided multiple opportunities for contract oversight. Prospective contractors had to get a contingent contract to buy oil from the Iraqi government; submit it to OFAC for preliminary approval; if OFAC approved, OFAC sent the contract to the U.S. State Department to determine whether the proposed contract was consistent with U.S. foreign policy; if the U.S. State Department approved, the contract was sent to the United Nations; and if the United Nations approved, the contract was sent back to OFAC which then issued a specific license to buy the oil. 180 In practice, few U.S. companies applied for a license to buy oil from Iraq, due to the Iraqi

¹⁷⁴ See OFAC "Guidance on Payments for Iraqi-Origin Petroleum Pursuant to Licensed Purchases," (12/22/00).

¹⁷⁵ See "State Department urges US oil firms to shun 'tainted' Iraqi crude," Agence France Presse (4/23/01). The U.S. State Department has told the Subcommittee that, to date, it has been unable to locate a copy of the document it sent out on this date.

¹⁷⁶ See Figure 6.

¹⁷⁷ OFAC regulations stated that if a U.S. person wanted to engage in transactions incidental to UNSCR 986 activities by a person not from the United States or Iraq – a so-called "third-country national" – that activity would also require specific OFAC licensing. 31 CFR § 575.418; see also 31 CFR §§ 575.523(d), 575.524(d), 575.525(d).

^{178 31} CFR § 575.522(a) (1997).

¹⁷⁹ Although U.S. persons could negotiate with Iraq for an oil contract, they were not allowed to travel to Iraq for that or any other purpose, without a separate OFAC license.

¹⁸⁰ Section 575.523(a) of the OFAC regulations provided that specific licenses may be issued on a case-by-case basis to permit U.S. persons to purchase oil from the Government of Iraq, and that such licensees were authorized to perform contracts approved by the U.N. 661 Committee in accordance with its terms. The requirement for a specific (continued...)

policy against issuing OFF contracts directly to American companies. Instead, most bought Iraqi oil indirectly, from someone other than the Iraqi government.

In the few cases where U.S. companies did apply for a license to buy Iraqi oil, OFAC told the Subcommittee that OFAC did not perform any substantive review of the contract terms, examine any pricing issues, or conduct any inquiry into the parties involved before issuing a license. In most instances, according to OFAC officials, a person who had obtained a contract with Iraq for the purchase of oil did not even submit a copy of that contract to OFAC when applying for a specific license to execute the contract. Instead, OFAC told the Subcommittee that its role in the process was purely ministerial, consisting primarily of forwarding the licensing application, with appropriate paperwork, to the U.S. State Department to determine whether the proposed contract was consistent with U.S. foreign policy. The U.S. State Department apparently also provided minimal oversight of OFF contracts to buy oil from Iraq. [31] Instead, oil contracts were forwarded to the United Nations, and it was left up to the United Nations to determine whether the terms of a specific contract were appropriate under the U.N. sanctions program.

OFAC also performed a cursory review of license applications submitted by U.S. persons seeking to assist third-party nationals in buying oil from Iraq. OFAC told the Subcommittee that, when processing these license applications, OFAC did not review or inquire into the identity of the third-country national or the nature of the transactions. In addition, according to OFAC, this license could be used to provide indirect assistance to third-party nationals who were not even named in the license. Thus, for example, when Bayoil USA obtained a license to assist its Bahamas affiliate to buy Iraqi oil, OFAC allowed Bayoil USA to use the same license to indirectly assist – through Bayoil Bahamas – other, unidentified third party nationals such as Italtech and various Russian companies which were also seeking to buy Iraqi oil. This approach meant that a license for a U.S. person to assist a third-country national to buy oil from Iraq was not used by OFAC to gather information about Iraq exports or U.S. business dealings in Iraq, but functioned simply as a proforma registration requirement.

Failure to Examine Bayoil's Activities. The United States also failed to exercise any oversight of Bayoil. Bayoil was well known during the surcharge period as an active participant in the Iraqi oil trade and a primary supplier of Iraqi oil imports to the United States. In fact, Bayoil advertised its role in the correspondence it was sending to a variety of U.N. and U.S. officials on Iraqi oil pricing issues, as explained earlier. In addition, several oil trade press articles discussing the surcharge issue also explicitly identified Bayoil as a company which was then actively buying and selling Iraqi oil. [82]

Not only that, on two occasions in 2001 and 2002, the U.N. Oil Overseers specifically asked the U.S. State Department to help them obtain certain information from Bayoil related to specific oil shipments. The State Department, in turn, referred both matters to OFAC. OFAC never responded to the State Department's request, and the State Department never provided the U.N. Oil Overseers with the requested information on Bayoil. These inquires also never triggered any substantive review of Bayoil by either OFAC or the State Department.

The first U.N. inquiry took place in the summer of 2001, after the U.N. Oil Overseers obtained information indicating that a number of companies, including Bayoil, may have been

^{180 (...}continued)

OFAC license was intended to serve two functions: first, it authorized the U.S. person to perform the OFF contract, and, second, it informed the United Nations that such U.S. person was authorized to perform that contract.

¹⁸¹ This lack of substantive review within the executive branch of OFF contracts to buy oil from Iraq is in contrast to extensive U.S. State Department review of OFF contracts to sell humanitarian goods to Iraq. The United States reviewed virtually all OFF contracts seeking to sell goods to Iraq in order to prevent the sale of prohibited military or dual use equipment, put holds on and objected to many of those contracts, and was effective in preventing the Iraqi government from rebuilding its military or acquiring weapons of mass destruction.

¹⁸² See, e.g., "Iraq Dodges UN in \$70 Million Crude Export Bid," <u>The Oil Daily</u> (10/5/01); "Little Progress at UN on Dispute over Iraqi Oil Surcharge," <u>Platt's Oilgram News</u> (12/15/00); "UN Rejects Some New Iraqi Crude Prices," <u>Platt's Oilgram News</u> (7/12/01).

"transshipping" Iraqi oil in violation of OFF program requirements. Under the OFF program, Iraqi oil was priced according to the final destination of the oil. Generally, oil sent to the United States was priced less than oil destined for Europe, in part to compensate for the additional cost of shipping it across the Atlantic Ocean. This pricing policy was in accordance with industry practice for other types of Middle Eastern oil. The U.N.-approved contracts all contained a clause that prohibited a buyer of Iraqi oil from "transshipping" the oil—that is, unloading the oil at any destination other than the designated final destination, and then putting it on a different ship. This prohibition on transshipment was meant to prevent cheaper-priced Iraqi oil that had been marked for North America from being unloaded in Europe instead, thereby undercutting legitimate purchasers in Europe and reaping unjustified profits for the seller. Transshipment was a particular concern in the OFF program, as the excess profits resulting from the switching of a destination could be a source of funds to pay illegal surcharges to the Iraqi government. [83]

After hearing several reports of transshipments, the U.N. Oil Overseers attempted to contact the companies involved to determine whether the actual destination of the crude oil was consistent with the designated destination in the U.N.-approved contract. Among these companies, Bayoil was particularly aggressive in refusing to provide the requested information. [84]

The Overseers were concerned about several specific shipments in which Bayoil unloaded oil marked for North America at the Red Sea entrance of the SUMED oil pipeline, a pipeline which runs parallel to the Suez Canal. The Overseers wanted to know whether this transshipment, which violated Bayoil's U.N.-approved contracts, resulted in a change of destination of the oil from North America to Europe or Africa, or whether Bayoil had instead re-loaded the oil in the Mediterranean and actually shipped it to North America. [85]

Bayoil initially refused to provide any information in response to the Oil Overseers' request. In a letter addressed to the Chairman of the 661 Committee, Bayoil's president complained of the "compelling evidence of a long standing prejudice toward myself and the company I am affiliated with." He stated "the documentation request is completely outside the [Oil Overseer] Mr. Tellings's authority and mandate under the program." He informed the 661 Committee he would "respectfully decline Mr. Telling's request for information outside the authority of this office, while maintaining our accountability to all our suppliers, including SOMO, with respect to meeting contractual terms and conditions."

In a July 14, 2001, letter to the U.N. Overseers, Bayoil wrote that it was "perplexed" by the Overseers' request for information about the transshipments, but "exclusively as a matter of courtesy" would nonetheless provide certain information "in the spirit of cooperation." Bayoil then provided, for each of the shipments, the vessel name, quantity of oil loaded, bill of lading date, loading port, destination, and routing to the final destination (i.e. through the SUMED or around the Cape of Good Hope). This information, however, was not responsive to the Overseers' request for documentation showing the actual, final destination of the oil aboard those ships.

¹⁸³ Subcommittee interview of U.N. Oil Overseer (5/5/05).

¹⁸⁴ Id.

¹⁸⁵ Transshipment of oil through the SUMED pipeline for oil aboard tankers that were too large to pass through the Suez Canal was a technique used by shippers of oil from the Middle East with North American destinations to avoid having to sail around the Cape of Good Hope; this shortcut could reduce the journey to North American by about twelve days. The Oil Overseers desired more information so they could determine whether the transshipment was due to a legitimate desire to save costs or some other motive, including the need to find a way to accommodate Iraq's surcharge demands. <u>Id.</u> All of the shipments involved were shipments for which Iraq assessed surcharges.

¹⁸⁶ Memorandum dated 6/25/01, from Bayoil to the U.N. 661 Committee Chairman, Bates BAY04-01301-02. A Bayoil document labeled "Draft" indicates that Bayoil may have made the same complaints about the Oil Overseers to the Russian mission to the U.N. Draft Memorandum dated 6/25/01, from Bayoil to the U.N. Mission of the Russian Federation, Bates BAYOILUSA 015391.

¹⁸⁷ Memorandum dated 7/14/01, from Bayoil to the U.N. Overseers, Bates BAYOILUSA015393.

As a result, the U.N.'s Office of Iraq Programme contacted the U.S. Mission to the United Nations and asked the United States to require Bayoil to provide the information to the United Nations. In turn, on August 17, 2001, the U.S. State Department formally requested OFAC to "contact Bay Oil and urge that the company respond quickly and completely to the Office of the Iraq Program's request for information." 188

OFAC records indicate that OFAC did not act on the State Department's request for 8 months. It was not until April 23, 2002, that OFAC responded to the U.S. State Department's request by writing to Bayoil to request "a complete report in writing concerning your transactions conducted pursuant to the OFAC Licenses or otherwise subject to the provisions of the Reporting Regulations." OFAC's request to Bayoil did not include any request for the specific information that had been sought by the United Nations. OFAC officials told the Subcommittee that OFAC personnel recalled that the matter involved suspected surcharges, but did not believe they had the authority to request any information other than regarding "licensed activities." ¹⁹⁰

In May 2002, Bayoil responded that it no longer contracted directly with Iraq and so had no licensing activity to report. ¹⁹¹ Since it had not been asked for specific shipment information, Bayoil did not supply any of the information that had been sought by the United Nations.

OFAC did not submit Bayoil's response either to the U.S. State Department or to the United Nations. Instead, OFAC telephoned Bayoil to request "authorization from Bayoil to disclose the Report to the United States Department of State and to the United States Mission to the United Nations." On July 2, 2002, Bayoil wrote to OFAC to authorize the transmission of the Report, "subject to the condition that such Report not be disclosed by Recipients to any other person or entities (including other U.N. Missions) without Bayoil's prior consent." According to OFAC officials interviewed by the Subcommittee, this latter condition would have prevented the transmission of the Report to U.N. officials. But according to OFAC officials interviewed by the Subcommittee, the information was never even provided to the State Department. OFAC personnel prepared a document to forward Bayoil's response to the State Department but never actually transmitted the document. Hence, the United States never responded to the U.N.'s request for assistance in obtaining information about the U.N.'s concerns that Bayoil had violated the terms of the U.N.-approved contracts. Significantly, a violation of the terms of the U.N.-approved contract was authorized.

Meanwhile, the Oil Overseers, acting under the authority of the U.N. 661 Committee and the Security Council, continued to demand the information directly from Bayoil. On November 28, 2001, the Overseers wrote to Bayoil to "restate the information we require." Specifically, the Overseers sought "the relevant logistical information" about two specific shipments by Bayoil, one that had been purchased from Italtech, and another that had been purchased from the Russian company Rusnafteimpex. The Overseers told Bayoil, "As nearly six months have now passed since

¹⁸⁸ Memorandum dated 8/17/01, from Bruce Williamson, Acting Director, Office of Economic Sanctions Policy, to R. Richard Newcomb, Director, OFAC.

¹⁸⁹ Letter dated 4/23/02, from David H. Harmon, Chief, Enforcement Division, OFAC, to Bayoil, Inc.

¹⁹⁰ Subcommittee interview of OFAC officials (5/5/05).

¹⁹¹ The May 2002 letter from Bayoil stated that "it and its affiliates engaged in only one transaction involving Iraqi crude oil pursuant to the OFAC Licenses." The response also stated, "Bayoil believes that its failure to be offered any oil contract allocations after 1997 was due to an Iraqi government policy not to sell its crude to any entity with a possible U.S. interest. Seeing no apparent change in this Iraqi policy, Bayoil determined that continuing to obtain OFAC licenses in the hope of a future contract was a waste of its time and resources, and thus no further licenses were requested" In light of Bayoil's extensive business dealings with Iraq, however, this response was highly misleading. Letter dated 5/22/02, from Bayoil's legal counsel, Dickstein, Shapiro, Morin & Oshinsky, LLP, to OFAC.

¹⁹² Letter dated 7/2/02, from Bayoil's legal counsel, Dickstein, Shapiro, Morin & Oshinsky, LLP, to OFAC.

we first requested this information, we would like to advise that, in absence of a prompt response, we have to inform the United Nations Sanctions Committee of this situation."194

On January 10, 2002, the Oil Overseers again wrote to Bayoil. In this correspondence, the Overseers wrote:

"Our understanding on this issue is as follows. Both cargoes of oil were bought by Bayoil Supply and Trading... and that this company was involved in the shipment of this oil to its ultimate destinations. The clause in the SOMO oil purchase contract (letter of credit), which prohibits transshipment, was not adhered to and this oil was pumped via the SUMED pipeline into other vessels.

"Although we have no reason to believe that any violation of destination restrictions has taken place, you will appreciate that monitoring of this is difficult in cases like this where the oil has been transshipped.

"Albeit that some information has been provided, this remains incomplete. In order to eliminate any doubt and to satisfy that no money has been withheld from the UN-Iraq account, we urge you again to supply us with all the relevant information on this matter. Specifically, for the aforementioned vessels we require discharge dates and discharge volumes."

Once again, the Oil Overseers threatened, if the information was not forthcoming, to inform the Director of the Office of Iraq Programme "for the purpose of briefing the 661 Sanctions Committee."

Bayoil again responded with charges of bias and prejudice against the Oil Overseers. Bayoil wrote it was "surprised by the continued request directly to Bayoil relating to specific detailed information," and was "greatly concerned" that the Oil Overseers were "on some kind of mission to find fault with our Company." It charged the Overseers with "apparent prejudice toward Bayoil," and felt "compelled" to respond to the Overseers' "over-zealous efforts to audit our company's indirect participation in the Oil Sale program." Bayoil stated that with respect to the Overseers' "ultimatum in connection with the documentation requested," the company did "not feel currently obligated to provide such information under such circumstances, particularly as the information requested is likely to be used out of context."

In January 2002, the U.N. Oil Overseers apparently made a second request that followed the same path through the U.S. State Department to OFAC. OFAC has no records associated with this second request and was unable to provide the Subcommittee Minority Staff with any information about it. There is no evidence that OFAC engaged in any effort to obtain the requested information. OFAC also did not obtain any other reports from Bayoil on its business dealings in Iraq. 197

 $^{^{194}}$ Fax dated 11/28/01, from the U.N. Oil Overseers to Bayoil, U.N. Security Council document S/AC.25/2001/OIL/1360.

 $^{^{195}}$ Fax dated January 10, 2002, from the Oil Overseers to Bayoil, U.N. Security Council document S/AC.25/2001/OIL/1382.

¹⁹⁶ Memorandum dated 1/24/02 from Bayoil to UN Oil Overseers, Bates BAYOILUSA015308-10.

¹⁹⁷ On February 2, 2005, Chairman Coleman and Ranking Member Levin wrote to OFAC to request various information about OFAC's licensing requirements and activities; the letter included a request for "all reports submitted by Bayoil pursuant to its OFAC licenses." OFAC's response, dated March 24, 2005, stated: "The licenses issued to Bayoil required that the licensees keep full and accurate records of their transactions and be prepared to make them available for examination upon demand for at least five years from the date of each transaction rather than file periodic reports. Accordingly, Bayoil did not file periodic reports." OFAC's response to the Subcommittee thus did not include any reports.

In addition, when the Subcommittee asked OFAC to provide a copy of all documents related to Bayoil, OFAC initially failed to identify and provide copies of the April 2002 letter from its enforcement chief and Bayoil's May 2002 response. Instead, the Subcommittee Minority Staff located copies of these documents in Bayoil's files. When the Subcommittee Minority Staff provided copies to OFAC, OFAC confirmed finding copies of the documents in the files of one of its enforcement investigators. OFAC stated the omission was inadvertent and resulted from an antiquated (continued...)

Ultimately, the Oil Overseers never were able to obtain the information they sought from Bayoil. Bayoil refused to provide the information, and the Overseers' attempts to work through the U.S. Mission at the U.N. so that U.S. authorities would require Bayoil to provide that information were unsuccessful.

When asked why OFAC did so little work in light of the OFF surcharge issue and Bayoil's prominence in the Iraqi oil trade, OFAC officials offered several explanations. OFAC officials told the Subcommittee that, in 2001, it had only three or four individuals working on enforcement matters for all 30 sanctions programs it administered. Among these programs, OFAC told the Subcommittee it had assigned the OFF program a low enforcement priority since it was perceived as a U.N. responsibility. In addition, OFAC explained that its normal enforcement activity consisted of examining licensing violations and evaluating questionable financial transactions, not ferreting out the type of contract corruption associated with the payment of illegal surcharges. With respect to the second request in 2002, OFAC explained that, after the 9-11 attack on the United States in the fall of 2001, it had instructed its enforcement personnel to set a priority on investigations related to terrorism and did not devote many resources to OFF-related inquiries. OFAC indicated that, if faced with the same circumstances today, it would make the same decision to devote minimal enforcement efforts to OFF licensing violations, in light of its limited resources and many other responsibilities.

F. LESSONS LEARNED

In a 2 year period from September 2000 to September 2002, Bayoil bought more than 200 million barrels of Iraqi oil for which at least \$37 million in illegal surcharges were paid to the Hussein government in violation of U.N. sanctions and the OFF program. Bayoil then sold this oil to U.S. oil companies which, in turn, sold refined petroleum products, like gasoline and heating oil, to American consumers.

Over half of Iraqi oil sold during the surcharge period was imported into the United States – 525 million barrels of oil on which illegal surcharges totaled \$118 million. These surcharge payments not only provided hard currency to Iraq outside of U.N. control, they fostered the perception that the Oil-for-Food program was susceptible to corruption.

Although it took 2 years, the United Nations and its member countries did put a stop to Iraq's demands for illegal surcharges, primarily through OSP pricing policies that made it uneconomical for companies to buy Iraqi oil that included surcharge costs. The State Department's U.S. Mission to the United Nations, in particular, played an active and creative role in using OSP pricing to stop the surcharges and in standing firm in the face of opposition from some U.S. oil companies and some other countries.

In contrast, the United States did not exercise meaningful oversight to detect or stop particular persons and companies within its jurisdiction from paying the illegal surcharges demanded by Iraq. Under the United Nations resolutions imposing the trade embargo on Iraq and then the Oilfor-Food program, it was the responsibility of member states to implement and enforce the sanctions program with respect to their nationals. As Ambassador Kennedy testified:

"The effectiveness of the sanctions regime against Iraq and the integrity of the oilfor-food program depended completely on the ability and willingness of member states to implement and enforce the sanctions. In this regard, member states had the primary responsibility for ensuring that their national companies and their citizens complied with the states' international obligations."

Despite widespread knowledge that intermediary companies like Bayoil were the most likely conduits for illegal surcharge payments to Iraq, Bayoil received minimal attention from the U.S.

^{197 (...}continued) recordkeeping system that did not link related licensing and enforcement files.

^{198 &}quot;The United Nations' Management and Oversight of the Oil-for-Food Program," hearing before the U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations (2/15/05), testimony of Ambassador Patrick F. Kennedy.

agency charged with enforcing U.S. sanctions on Iraq. OFAC's failure to monitor OFF licensees in general or conduct an inquiry into whether U.S. companies were involved in paying illegal surcharges appears to have stemmed primarily from two factors: a fundamental misconception of its enforcement responsibilities as opposed to those of the United Nations, and the limited resources OFAC had to devote to sanctions enforcement. Both factors appear to have contributed to Bayoil's escaping OFAC scrutiny during the height of the surcharge period, despite its prominence as a U.S. importer of Iraqi oil, its role as an intermediary company susceptible to surcharge demands, and inquiries from U.N. Oil Overseers raising questions about the company's OFF activities.

Lessons to be learned from the OFF surcharge scandal are at least fourfold. The first lesson is that international sanctions programs are subject to corruption, and attention and resources need to be devoted at the beginning of any sanctions program to recognizing this vulnerability, assigning clear responsibilities for anti-corruption oversight, and devoting resources to addressing this issue. Second, the United States, through OFAC, must recognize its responsibility to police sanctions compliance by U.S. persons, even for programs overseen in part by the United Nations. Third, OFAC should devise anti-corruption oversight strategies that will detect and prevent U.S. persons from contributing to the corruption of a sanctions program. Fourth, the Administration and the U.S. Congress should devote adequate resources to enable OFAC to exercise meaningful oversight of U.S. persons' compliance with sanctions requirements, including through anti-corruption measures, affirmative investigations, and enforcement actions.

III. KHOR AL-AMAYA OIL SHIPMENTS

A. INTRODUCTION

Saddam Hussein's corruption of the Oil-for-Food program through the imposition of illegal surcharges on the sale of Iraqi oil is a serious concern, but his regime obtained far greater illicit income through other schemes, some with the knowledge and tacit approval of the United States and other members of the U.N. Security Council.¹⁹⁹ For example, although Iraq obtained about \$228 million from the illegal surcharges, its open and direct oil sales to Jordan, Turkey, Syria, and Egypt outside of the OFF program generated over \$8 billion for the regime.²⁰⁰ The Iraq Survey Group estimated that smuggling, which it euphemistically termed "Border and Private Sector Cash Sales," provided another \$1.2 billion to the Hussein regime during the sanctions period.

This section examines the largest single instance of an illicit oil sale during the sanctions period in which the oil was transported by ship out of Iraq. These illegal oil shipments netted more than \$53 million in hard currency for the Hussein regime on the eve of the American invasion in March 2003, and took place with the full knowledge and acquiescence of the U.S. Government.

Generally, the United States aggressively sought to prevent the illegal transport of Iraqi oil by vessels traveling through the Persian Gulf. The United States provided the bulk of the naval resources and personnel for the U.N.'s Maritime Interdiction Force (MIF), which patrolled the Persian Gulf to prevent oil shipments in violation of U.N. sanctions. ²⁰¹ The MIF routinely boarded vessels in the Persian Gulf to inspect cargoes and monitor sanctions compliance. Thousands of such MIF inspections were performed during the sanctions period. Vessels caught with illicit oil were diverted to ports in Bahrain and the UAE, the cargoes were confiscated and sold on the open market,

¹⁹⁹ For example, Iraq's open sales to Jordan, Turkey, Egypt, and Syria occurred with the full knowledge of the United States. See prior Subcommittee hearings on the Oil-for-Food program (11/15/04 and 2/15/05).

²⁰⁰ See ISG Report, Regime Finance and Procurement, pp. 19-28. In interviews with the Subcommittee, a former high-ranking official in the Hussein regime stated that, in his opinion, it was "ridiculous" for Iraq to expend so much energy and effort to obtain a few cents per-barrel in illegal surcharges on oil sold through the OFF program, for a total amount of "only about \$200 million," when much greater revenues could be obtained from open or illicit oil sales. Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 1 (4/20/05).

²⁰¹ The MIF is often incorrectly referred to as the "Multinational Interception Force."

and the vessels themselves were, in many cases, seized and auctioned. 202 Most of the illicit oil sales during the sanctions period were carried out through the use of small barges and ships where the oil storage tanks could be disguised from the casual observer or observer-at-a-distance.

A prominent Iraqi businessman claimed in interviews with the Subcommittee to have been a major smuggler of oil out of Iraq through the Persian Gulf. ²⁰³ The interviewee asserted his smuggling had been an act of patriotism, since the money Iraq obtained from the smuggled oil was used to purchase food, medicine, and other goods for the Iraqi people. He stated that the MIF had been vigilant in the Persian Gulf, so he had directed his barges into Iranian territorial waters, where the MIF was not authorized to operate. For the privilege of transiting in Iranian waters for this purpose, he stated that he paid Iranians millions of dollars. The total amount of oil smuggled through the Persian Gulf, according to the interviewee, by all smugglers, over the dozen years of the sanctions period, amounted to approximately 15 million barrels.

Although the United States, through the MIF, had vigilantly patrolled the Persian Gulf for more than a decade to thwart the illicit transport of Iraqi oil in 10,000- and 20,000-barrel barges, in a period of several weeks before the 2003 invasion of Iraq, the United States acknowledged and permitted seven large seagoing oil tankers to load millions of barrels of oil in violation of U.N. sanctions and then pass unfettered through the Persian Gulf. The Subcommittee Minority Staff's investigation has uncovered new details about these shipments of oil from the Khor al-Amaya port in Iraq, but significant questions still remain as to why the United States acquiesced in such a blatant violation of U.N. sanctions.

Despite the explanations offered by some of the entities involved – that the Khor al-Amaya shipments were authorized under the Iraq-Jordan trade protocol, or were intended to establish a floating strategic oil reserve for Jordan due to the impending war in Iraq – neither the United Nations or the United States ever issued any documentation certifying that the oil had been legally obtained in accordance with U.N. sanctions. The absence of any such U.N. or U.S. documentation effectively prevented this oil from being sold to U.S. persons or imported into the United States.

B. THE IRAQI PORTS OF MINA AL-BAKR AND KHOR AL-AMAYA

The Iraqi ports of Mina al-Bakr and Khor al-Amaya are separated by about five to seven nautical miles on the southern tip of Iraq on the Persian Gulf. On a clear day, with the use of binoculars, large tankers loading oil at Khor al-Amaya can be spotted from Mina al-Bakr.

During the sanctions period, Mina al-Bakr was the only Iraqi port in the Persian Gulf where U.N.-authorized exports of Iraqi oil under the Oil-for-Food program could be loaded onto seagoing tankers. From the oilfields in southern and central Iraq, oil was transported by pipeline to the Mina al-Bakr terminal. Port personnel then directed the oil from the pipeline into large storage tanks on the seagoing vessels. Oil tankers at the al-Bakr terminal were loaded under the supervision of U.N. inspectors, who ensured the amounts loaded onto the tankers conformed to contracts issued under the OFF program. A Dutch inspection company, Saybolt, performed this function under contract with the United Nations.

During the 1970s, Khor al-Amaya had also functioned as a port that loaded Iraqi oil into seagoing vessels, using a separate branch of the same pipeline that served Mina al-Bakr, but its facilities and oil equipment were destroyed during the Iraq-Iran war, and it stopped functioning as a port in 1980. During the latter 1990s, Iraq submitted a number of contracts to repair the Khor al-Amaya terminal to the U.N. 661 Committee for approval, but the United States put holds on those contracts. Beginning in 2000, however, the United States began to allow selected contracts for repairing Khor al-Amaya to be approved; by 2002 the United States no longer placed any holds on these contracts. By early 2003, Khor al-Amaya had essentially been rehabilitated, but Iraq did not

²⁰² See, e.g., unclassified U.S. State Department cable dated 6/19/97, re "Iraq Sanctions Enforcement: Update to Shipping Procedures in the Arabian Gulf," 1997STATE1200071 (providing MIF rules for inspecting ships). See also, e.g., "Seized Ships Reduced to Scrap," <u>Gulf News</u> (6/26/02).

²⁰³ Subcommittee interview of Iraqi Detainee No. 1 (4/21/05).

have U.N. approval to use the Khor al-Amaya facility for OFF exports. Without U.N. approval, any loading of oil from Khor al-Amaya would have violated the U.N. sanctions program against Iraq.

C. THE 2003 KHOR AL-AMAYA INCIDENT

1. Iraq Approves Sending Oil Tankers to Khor al-Amaya

According to a former high ranking official in the Hussein regime interviewed by the Subcommittee, sometime in late 2002 the Iraqi Ambassador in Jordan telephoned the Iraqi Oil Minister to inform him that a person "will come to visit you to buy oil."²⁰⁴ According to this official, the Ambassador told the Oil Minister, "Please facilitate his mission."

In December 2002 or January 2003, according to the interviewee, the individual mentioned by the Ambassador visited the Oil Minister who was then Samir al-Najim. ²⁰⁵ The visitor allegedly told the Oil Minister that he wanted permission to buy oil from the port of Khor al-Amaya. According to the interviewee, the Oil Minister thought the visitor's request was very strange, since al-Bakr was the only approved port for Iraqi oil exports, and he believed the American ships patrolling the Persian Gulf would certainly spot and stop any ship that tried to load oil in plain view at Khor al-Amaya. The Subcommittee was told that the visitor explained that he wanted to buy the oil from Khor al-Amaya because the oil from there would be "a very cheap price because it was a black market."

According to the interviewee, when the visitor explained that the vessel to be loaded at Khor al-Amaya was a large tanker with a capacity of 750,000 barrels, the Oil Minister asked how he was going to get by the American defenses. "Brother," the interviewee recalled the visitor saying, "this is for the sake of the people who work for the defense of the United States. It will pass through safely." The visitor then added, "We will pay cash if anyone stops us."

The Oil Minister allegedly told the visitor he had to think about it overnight and seek approval. The Subcommittee was told that the Oil Minister telephoned Vice President Taha Yasin Ramadan that evening and informed him about the visitor's request, including the visitor's statement that the oil was "for the sake of the people who work for the defense of the United States." The Subcommittee was told that the Vice President answered, "Let it go."

In interviews with the Subcommittee, Vice President Ramadan confirmed that the Oil Minister had called him to request permission to load oil at Khor al-Amaya.²⁰⁶ Mr. Ramadan specifically recalled that he had approved the Khor al-Amaya shipments without hesitation. He also stated he was unaware of the final destination of the oil or any other details of the shipments.

The first loading of oil from Khor al-Amaya took place in mid-February 2003. As the Oil Minister had feared, it attracted immediate attention and, within days, the media began reporting that an oil tanker was lifting oil from Khor al-Amaya in violation of U.N. sanctions. According to the interviewee, the Oil Minister became angry, because the incident had become an international embarrassment for Iraq. Another former high-ranking Iraqi official told the Subcommittee that he would never have permitted the large-scale loading of oil at Khor al-Amaya, because he believed it was a "set-up" by the Americans to catch the Iraqis violating U.N. sanctions, which then could be used as a pretext for an American military attack on Iraq. 207

²⁰⁴ Subcommittee interview of Senior Iraqi Official No. 7 (4/20/05). This official also told the Subcommittee that the person who visited the Iraqi Oil Minister to request approval for the Khor al-Amaya shipments could have been either Zeid Khorma "or his brother." Subcommittee interview of Senior Iraqi Official No. 7 (4/17/05).

Mr. Najim had replaced Amir Rashid, who had retired at age 63, having served one year beyond the mandatory retirement age for Iraqi officials. Mr. Najim reportedly had little or no experience in the oil industry or oil trading.

²⁰⁶ Subcommittee Interview of Vice President Taha Yasin Ramadan (4/18/05).

²⁰⁷ Subcommittee Interview of Senior Hussein Regime Official No. 1 (4/17/05)

The Subcommittee was told that, when the visitor returned to the Oil Minister's office several days later, seeking approval for additional shipments from Khor al-Amaya, the visitor sought to reassure the Oil Minister by saying, "Listen, you will never hear about this in the press any more. The U.S. forces will make them be quiet." The interviewee recalled there were several additional shipments from Khor al-Amaya, but did not remember the precise number.

In response to questions, the interviewee reported that Iraq sold the oil delivered through the port at Khor al-Amaya for a price between \$7 and \$9 per-barrel. He told the Subcommittee that he pressed to increase the price to \$12 per-barrel, but was unsuccessful. At the time, West Texas Intermediate crude was selling near \$30 per-barrel, and grades of oil comparable to Basrah Light, the grade of Iraqi oil lifted from Khor al-Amaya, were selling at about \$23 per-barrel. The Subcommittee was told that the Iraqis required the entire purchase price for a shipment to be wired to a bank in Jordan prior to commencing the loading of the oil at Khor al-Amaya.

2. Shipments of Oil from Khor al-Amaya

Seven vessels loaded 7.7 million barrels of Iraqi oil from the Khor al-Amaya port in February and March 2003. This information is derived from multiple sources, including internal SOMO documents, actual shipping records, and information provided by companies involved in the loading, transport, and sale of the oil. This information is displayed in Table 3.

<u>Table 3</u>: Shipments of Oil from Khor al-Amaya February to March 2003

Vessel	Date Loaded (2003)	Amount of Oil Loaded (barrels)	Disposition	Payment Amount to SOMO
Argosea	Feb. 12 - Feb. 18	985,700	Aden, Yemen and Aqaba, Jordan	\$ 6,754,501.00
Eagle	Feb. 18 - Feb. 22	998,300	Ship-to-Ship transfer (STS) to Marine Pacific at Fujairah, UAE	\$ 6,890,063.00
Arcadian	Feb. 24 - March 1	1,633,100	STS to Empress Des Mer at Fujairah, UAE	\$ 11,155,102.00
Sea Victory	March 1	1,639,000	STS to Marine Pacific at Fujairah, UAE	\$ 11,277,266.00
Seacross II	March 10	1,020,100	STS to Marine Pacific at Fujairah, UAE	\$ 7,059,505.00
Mint Prosperity	Not available	1,374,500	STS to Empress des Mer at Fujairah, UAE	\$ 9,491,850.00
Endeavour 2	Not available	91,500	STS to Empress des Mer at Fujairah, UAE	\$ 631,737.00
TOTAL		7,742,200		\$ 53,360,024.00

Table 3. Records analyzed by the Subcommittee Minority Staff indicate seven shipments of oil from the port of Khor al-Amaya in violation of U.N. sanctions.

Data source: The Subcommittee has actual shipping records for the Argosea, Eagle, Arcadian. Sea Victory, and Seacross II. Internal SOMO documents provide loading data and payment amounts. Although the SOMO documents do not refer to specific vessels, based upon an analysis of all the available evidence, the Subcommittee Minority Staff has identified the vessels that it believes are most likely associated with particular loadings. Identification of the Mint Prosperity and Endeavour 2 as two of the seven ships containing oil from Khor al-Amaya is inferred from Bayoil documents identifying cargoes for sale by Jordan.

 $^{^{208}}$ SOMO documents state the price was fixed at \$50 per ton, which, based on the quality of crude oil involved, would amount to about \$7 per-barrel. See Section 3, below.

The evidence indicates that at least five of the seven of the ships loading oil from Khor al-Amaya were chartered by a Jordanian company called Millenium for the Trade of Raw Materials & Mineral Oils ("Millenium"), on behalf of the Jordan Government's Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources. In some instances, the Shaheen Business Investment Group ("SBIG"), the parent of Millenium, participated in or controlled the chartering process. In an email, Millenium described its extensive commercial business interests in the Middle East as follows:

"Very briefly, it [Millenium] is part of SBIG S.A. which is a holding company for a number of well established businesses in the Middle East involved in numerous international business ventures. We are, in addition, the dealers for BMW, Rover, Land Rover, and Mini vehicles in Jordan and our most recent activity entails building a CKD plant for Land Rover in Jordan. More importantly, we have been awarded by the Government of Jordan a license to erect and operate a 60,000 barrels per day crude oil refinery with a total cost of approximately \$600 million." ²⁰⁹

Millenium contracted with a Connecticut-based shipbroker, Odin Marine, Inc. ("Odin Marine"), to locate and charter five oil tankers to carry Iraqi oil through the Persian Gulf. Odin Marine, in turn, contacted other shipbrokers that knew of vessels which met Millenium's specifications. The arrangement is similar to that of a typical real-estate transaction, in which both the buyer and the seller employ their own agents to facilitate the transaction. A distinctive feature of ship charters is that the charterer provides the mission and direction for the chartered ship, while the shipowner provides the vessel, crew, and captain.

Documents obtained by the Subcommittee indicate that Millenium chartered a total of seven vessels that actually loaded oil at Khor al-Amaya and several additional ships that did not actually lift oil from that port. For example, Odin Marine records indicate that Millenium chartered the M/T Violando in early February 2003, but the Violando never loaded or discharged any oil at Khor al-Amaya.²¹¹ A Bayoil document identified a total of eight vessels that were supposedly chartered by Millenium, including the Violando, and were either "fixed but not loaded" or "fixed and failed." ²¹²

Another Bayoil document notes that while some vessel owners had become hesitant to load oil from Khor al-Amaya after the press raised questions about the legality of the shipments, when no action was taken against the ships or their cargoes, the owners were beginning to "feel very comfortable" about contracting with Millenium.

"M/T Violando: as of today March 10, 2003 became free as Golandris told Millenium that they did not want to call at Khor Al Maya deeming the charter party null and void because charterers did not produce legal documentation. M/T Violando was replaced with M/T Hua San, which after long negotiations also failed. After all the hype created by the Wall Street piece about these illegal activities nothing has been done and in the shipping community all owners feel very comfortable fixing with the Millenium. Finally, it is also clear that Millenium will continue seeking tonnage; just yesterday March 25th I heard through several sources that they are currently negotiating a very old Suezmax for about 35K day. Again what plans Millenium might have for the short-term is really unknown but it appears that Millenium is gearing up to continue the chartering of ships and now all NY brokers are showing them all possible tonnage that might come available in the Gulf."²¹³

²⁰⁹ Email dated 2/21/03, from Odin Marine Inc. to Petrian Shipbrokers, 7:42:59 AM.

²¹⁰ Millenium apparently also contracted with one or more non-U.S. shipbrokers, but the Subcommittee Minority Staff has been unable to identify those parties.

²¹¹ Email dated 3/24/05, from Odin Marine to Subcommittee, 9:45 AM.

²¹² Undated document produced by Bayoil, Bates BAY14-01878-79 (text says at one point it is providing information "as of today March 10, 2003" and later "just yesterday March 25th").

²¹³ <u>Id</u>. at 1879.

3. \$53 Million Payment for Khor al-Amaya Oil Shipments

Internal SOMO documents show that the Government of Jordan paid more than \$53 million for the seven oil cargoes loaded at Khor al-Amaya. The payment records also provide additional detail about the shipments.

The key document is an internal SOMO "Oil Allocation Notebook" which includes an appendix providing a detailed accounting of the payments made for the Khor al-Amaya cargoes. The appendix states that, during February and March 2003, two senior Iraqi officials, Taha Al-Gazarawi and Minister of Oil Samir Abdul Aziz Al Najem, were instructed to allot seven shipments of oil to a Jordanian company called Al Alfiyah Company for the benefit of Akram Shaheen. Akram Shaheen was a co-owner of the Shaheen Business and Investment Group (SBIG), the parent company of Millenium.

The SOMO appendix states that the shipments were "outside the agreement of 13 stages," meaning outside of the Oil-for-Food program, but part of the "Iraq/Jordan Protocol Agreement." It states that the "loading was completed during the months of February and March 2003" and applied to "crud[e] oil shipment loads from port of Khor Al 'Amia." The appendix indicates that all payments for the shipments were made in euros by Mr. Shaheen and deposited with the Bank of Jordan "for the benefit to" Mr. Gazarawi and Mr. Najem. It also states that the funds were later "transferred to Iraqi Central Bank account in Jordan."

The SOMO appendix includes two charts showing the dates and amounts of the deposits made by Mr. Shaheen. The first chart shows the deposits in euros, which was the currency Mr. Shaheen actually used; the second chart shows the same deposits converted into U.S. dollars. Altogether, as indicated in Table 3 above, Mr. Shaheen made seven payments totaling \$53,360,022. The appendix notes that this \$53 million reflects a charge of "\$50 per ton" for the oil. With seven barrels in a ton, that price indicates that Jordan paid just over \$7 per-barrel.

4. U.N. Knowledge of Khor al-Amaya Oil Shipments

The first ship to load oil from Khor al-Amaya was the Argosea, an oil tanker owned by the Athens-based Tsakos Group. The ship's captain was named Vladimir. ²¹⁶ The ship docked at Khor al-Amaya and began loading oil on or around February 12, 2003. It appears that this loading took U.N. personnel by surprise.

Saybolt inspectors immediately detected the unauthorized loading of oil at Khor al-Amaya onto the Argosea. Saybolt was under contract with the United Nations to monitor oil loadings under the Oil-for-Food program and had inspectors stationed at Mina al-Bakr. These inspectors routinely oversaw loadings of oil at the al-Bakr terminal to ensure that only the amounts of oil authorized by the United Nations were loaded onto vessels docking at that port.

The first indication Saybolt inspectors had of the Argosea was when Iraq began diverting some of the oil in the pipeline away from the al-Bakr terminal and to Khor al-Amaya. The reduced flow rate and the lower pressure within the pipeline were immediately apparent to the Saybolt inspectors. ²¹⁷ In addition, the reduced flow rates delayed the completion of oil loadings at al-Bakr, causing financial losses to the ships loading there in accordance with the U.N.'s OFF program and generating surprise and anger among the crews, shipowners, and other parties.

²¹⁴ SOMO Oil Allocation Notebook, Appendix No. 3.

²¹⁵ This appears to be a reference to Iraqi Vice President Taha Yasin Ramadan al-Jizrawi.

²¹⁶ None of the documents identify this captain by his last name.

²¹⁷ Subcommittee interview of Peter Boks (2/10/05)

On or about February 13, 2003, Saybolt inspectors visually spotted the ship at the Khor al-Amaya terminal for the first time. Saybolt personnel at Mina al-Bakr immediately telephoned Peter Boks, the executive director of Saybolt International in the Netherlands. ²¹⁸ Mr. Boks then telephoned David Russell, who apparently worked for the U.S. Maritime Liaison Office in Bahrain and regularly interacted with the Maritime Interdiction Force (MIF). Mr. Boks informed Mr. Russell that Saybolt inspectors had sighted an oil tanker loading oil at the unauthorized port of Khor al-Amaya. At that time, Saybolt and MIF officials routinely exchanged information about shipping events in the Persian Gulf

On February 17, 2003, Mr. Boks followed up with an email to Mr. Russell, providing the ship's name, the Argosea, its management, owner, and flag. Mr. Russell responded to Mr. Boks by email the same day, writing:

"Peter

"Thanks for the additional info.

"We're still checking on this curious event. I still don't understand it, or how these people think they can get away with this.

"Dave"219

Mr. Boks also informed Benon Sevan, head of the U.N. Office of Iraq Programme, about the Khor al-Amaya loadings. In an email sent to Mr. Sevan on February 18, 2003, Mr. Boks wrote:

"Benon,

"Just to let you know;

"Tv, 'Argosea' has completed loading from Khor Al Amayah.

"Rumour is that following vessel's are scheduled to load at the same location.

"Tv. 'Violanda', Tv. 'Seacross II', Tv. 'New Jane', Tv. 'Eagle', Tv. 'Artines' & Tv. 'Navarino'

"Product if offered on the market by a company Apex Oil & Trading, and is loaded under the 'Jordanian agreement.'

"In the meantime, it also seems that a cargo (Iraqi Crude Oil) was loaded in Aqaba on Tv. 'Berge Chief'.

"Please call me if more info is required.

"Best regards,

"Peter"220

²¹⁸ Id. Mr. Boks told the Subcommittee that he'd been very surprised to learn of the reported sighting, since he considered an oil tanker's loading at Khor al-Amaya to be a "brazen" violation of U.N. sanctions and the OFF program.

²¹⁹ Email dated 2/17/03, from Dave Russell to Peter Boks.

²²⁰ Email dated 2/18/03, from Peter Boks to Benon Sevan, 5:37 PM.

Mr. Boks told the Subcommittee that he also spoke with Mr. Sevan by telephone about this matter, and Mr. Sevan thanked him for the information and said he would alert other U.N. personnel.²²¹

Mr. Sevan apparently informed the U.N. Oil Overseers about the Khor al-Amaya sighting. Michel Tellings, one of the U.N. Oil Overseers during this period, told the Subcommittee that he had been very surprised at the time to learn about the visual sighting of a large tanker at the Khor al-Amaya terminal. 222 Mr. Tellings indicated that he'd promptly called an official in the U.K. Mission to the United Nations, Gerard McGurk, but was unable to reach him. Mr. Tellings indicated that he then called Andrew Hillman, head of the U.S. Mission to the United Nations, and informed Mr. Hillman of the unauthorized loadings at Khor al-Amaya. Mr. Tellings said he asked Mr. Hillman to pass this information along to the U.K. Mission as well. In response to this call from the U.N. Oil Overseer, a U.S. State Department official working at the U.S. Mission in New York at the time told the Subcommittee that the U.S. Mission immediately alerted U.S. State Department officials in Washington, D.C. who, in turn, immediately passed the information on to the U.S. Department of Defense 223

Mr. Tellings told the Subcommittee that, a few days later, he telephoned Andrew Hillman again, this time informing him that more vessels had arrived at Khor al-Amaya. Mr. Tellings said that he was surprised at the time that there still was "no response from Washington." Mr. Tellings said that he also telephoned the U.K. Mission again, but there was "no response" from the United Kingdom either.

In addition to contacting the U.S. and U.K. Missions, the U.N. Oil Overseers contacted the captain of the Argosea on several occasions and informed him that the vessel was carrying oil in violation of U.N. sanctions. 224

Soon after the Argosea began loading oil at Khor al-Amaya, articles began appearing in both the trade press and in mainstream newspapers about the incident. Some articles announced that the United Nations had stopped a massive smuggling operation attempting to load Iraqi oil in violation of U.N. sanctions. On February 21, 2003, for example, one publication reported: "A smuggling scheme allegedly devised by a Jordanian businessman and Iraqi officials was thwarted before the proceeds of illicit sales of million of barrels of Iraqi crude could secretly escape United Nations control and fatten the coffers of the Iraqi regime." As was to become apparent over the next few weeks, however, detection of the loadings did not lead to action by the MIF, the United Nations, or the United States to stop the loadings.

Subsequent articles reported that the Khor al-Amaya operation was, in fact, continuing. "After unraveling last week's scheme shortly after it began," one trade publication wrote: "UN diplomats expressed confidence that they had scared off the Jordanian businessmen and Iraqi officials involved in the smuggling. UN diplomats had informed the Multinational Intervention Force [sic] (MIF), which patrols the Gulf for oil smugglers, of all suspected ships in the region. But several sources confirmed on Wednesday that an unauthorized ship had berthed at Khor al-Amaya . . . and had started loading." ²²⁶

²²¹ Subcommittee interview of Peter Boks (2/10/05). Saybolt inspectors continued to report sightings of additional ships docking and loading oil at Khor al-Amaya over the next few weeks. Mr. Boks told the Subcommittee that he had been surprised at the time that the United Nations appeared to take no action in response.

²²² Subcommittee interview of U.N. Oil Overseer (2/8/05)

²²³ Subcommittee interview of Ambassador Patrick Kennedy (2/4/05).

²²⁴ See email dated 2/20/03, from Tsakos Hellas to Petrian Shipbrokers and Odin Marine, 12:38:13 PM; and email dated 2/24/03, from Odin Marine to Jamil Sayegh, SBIG Holdings, 5:51:15 PM.

²²⁵ "Shipowners Scuttle Iraqi Oil Smuggling Scheme," Oil Daily (2/21/03).

²²⁶ Energy Intelligence Briefing (2/26/03).

On February 21, 2003, a major U.S. publication carried a front-page article on the Khor al-Amaya incident, bringing it to the attention of a wider audience. The article quoted an unnamed U.N. diplomat saying: These Iraqi shipments are huge. Until now their smuggling activities were on vessels that were about to sink, but these are ones where they have managed to dupe reputable ship owners. The article quoted a MIF spokesperson, Jeff Alderson, as saying that he had no information as of right now about the possible shipments, but added that as a matter of policy the MIF doesn't comment until after a ship has been halted or cleared. The article also reported that a "White House official said he was not aware of the reports of illegal oil sales," while a spokesperson for U.S. Ambassador to the United Nations John Negroponte "denounced the shipments as 'immoral."

On February 27, 2003, a trade publication stated that sources were reporting that the Khor al-Amaya oil shipments were for the purpose of building a floating strategic storage reserve for Jordan in anticipation of a U.S. invasion of Iraq.²²⁸ According to these sources, this arrangement "may have been entirely legitimate under Jordan's special deal to buy Iraqi crude outside the reach of the UN program." Another source cited in the article offered another explanation: "Instead of using the ship just for floating storage, Jordan may have planned to on-sell the crude at a fat profit."

At a U.S. State Department press briefing held on January 13, 2005, U.S. State Department spokesperson Rick Boucher described the United States' response in 2003, to the reports about the Khor al-Amaya incident as follows:

"We were aware of reports of loadings of oil at Khor al-Amaya, as was reported at the time, in February of 2003, and our mission at the United [Nations] informed us immediately when they got these reports from the UN. The Department then passed its information to the Maritime Interdiction Force for investigation. I'll remind you that the United States did a great deal during this period to enforce Security Council sanctions against Iraq. The Maritime Interdiction Force, supported by some 20 nations, boarded and inspected over 15,000 vessels during the time of sanctions, and diverted over 1,000 of them.

"So as far as the specific loading, what went on in the field, we are still looking into it. But I remind you, we had a very active program passing information and then taking real action on the high seas to stop this kind of oil export."²²⁹

In the 3 months prior to the American invasion of Iraq in March 2003, the U.N. 661 Committee met formally only once, in January 2003, but met informally a number of times. The Subcommittee was told that, subsequent to the press reports about Khor al-Amaya, at an informal meeting in February 2003, the 661 Committee Chairman asked the U.S. and U.K. representatives if they had any information on the alleged smuggling, and they told the Chairman they would refer the question back to their capitals. ²³⁰ Soon afterward, however, the United States invaded Iraq, and the United States asked the 661 Committee to halt all meetings for a period of time. The 661 Committee never met again, and neither the United States nor the United Kingdom ever provided any additional information on these incidents.

5. U.S. Knowledge of Khor al-Amaya Oil Shipments

The evidence is clear that the U.N. Oil Overseers notified the United States of the Khor al-Amaya loadings as soon as they learned of them in mid-February 2003. In addition, there is significant evidence that the United States knew of plans to load the oil even before some of the chartered ships arrived in Iraq.

²²⁷ "Iraq is Shipping Large Cargoes of Crude, Violating U.N. Rules," Wall Street Journal (2/21/03).

²²⁸ "Is Iraq 'Smuggling' Part of Stock Build?," Platts Oilgram News (2/27/03).

²²⁹ Transcript of U.S. State Department Daily Press Briefing, <u>US Fed News</u> (1/13/05).

²³⁰ Subcommittee interview of U.N. official (2/10/05).

Ship communications obtained by the Subcommittee indicate that the U.S. Navy, which was then in command of the Maritime Interdiction Force, was informed before-the-fact that oil tankers would be docking at Khor al-Amaya, and had been instructed to permit the loading of oil and not confiscate any of the ships or cargoes.

On February 9, 2003, 3 days prior to the commencement of the loading of the Argosea at Khor al-Amaya, a "PRIVATE & CONFIDENTIAL" fax from Captain Jamil Sayegh of Millenium, the Jordanian company that had chartered the Argosea, provided the following direction in the "Voyage Instructions" sent to the Argosea's Captain Vladimir:

"3- THE US NAVY WILL CALL YOU OFFSHORE BAHRAIN FOR VESSEL'S INSPECTION. THEY ARE ALREADY AWARE ABOUT YOUR PASSAGE AND ITENERARY [sic]. AUTHORIZATION IS GRANTED FOR YOUR SHIP TO PROCEED TO BAQR AND BACK TO FUJAIRAH WITH FULL CARGO LOAD. PLS COOPERATE AS USUAL AND PROVIDE U.S. NAVY WITH ANY INFORMATION THEY REQUIRE." 231

The Voyage Instructions also included the following additional direction, in capitalized, bold, largefont letters:

"MOREOVER, APART FROM CARGO WORKS AND MINIMUM NORMAL ROUTINE SHIPPING FORMALITIES, MASTER TO ENSURE THAT NO INFORMATION OF ANY KIND IS GIVEN TO ANY PERSON/// REPEAT ANY PERSON/// AT THE LOADING PORT WITH REGARD TO ARRANGEMENTS MADE OR MENTIONED HERE ABOVE." 232

Once the Argosea reached al-Bakr, Millenium redirected the ship to Khor al-Amaya. An email sent by the Argosea's shipowner to its agent, Petrian Shipbrokers, and the charterer's agent, Odin Marine, a week after the events in question recounts what happened after the ship entered Iraqi waters. This email indicates that the vessel had reported its position and intended destination to both a U.N. checkpoint and a "UN Naval vessel." The shipowner wrote:

- "1. Charterers original instructions were for vessel to load MINA AL BAKR.
- "2. On this basis the vessel reported her entry to Iraqi waters to the UN Check Point off IRAO, to load from MINA AL BAKR.
- "3. Upon arrival at MINA AL BAKR the Charterers instructions were for vessel to load from KHAWR AL AMAYA Terminal.
- "4. The vessel shifted from MINA AL BAKR anchorage to KHAWR AL AMAYA terminal. During this passage the vessel was contacted by [a] UN Naval vessel to whom the Master reported that he is proceeding to load from KHAWR AL AMAYA terminal. The UN Naval vessel acknowledged this advice and told the Master that it was OK to proceed.
- "5. Vessel loaded as per Charterers instructions from KHAWR AL AMAYA Terminal.
- "6. The Master reported that it was the first vessel that loaded since 1980."233

This email indicates that the a "U.N. naval vessel" – which likely was commanded by a U.S. naval officer – was informed beforehand that the Argosea was planning to dock and load oil at Khor al-

²³¹ Fax dated 2/9/03, from Millenium for the Trade of Raw Materials & Minerals to Master of M/T Argosea.

²³² <u>Id</u>.

²³³ Email dated 2/20/03, from Tsakos Hellas to Petrian Shipbrokers and Odin Marine, 12:38:13 PM.

Amaya. The email states that the "UN Naval vessel acknowledged this advice and told the Master that it was OK to proceed." 234

The shipowner's email also conveyed concern about the legality of its cargo. The shipowner informed both Petrian Shipbrokers and Odin Marine that the ship had been contacted by a <u>Wall Street Journal</u> reporter who said that the ship had taken Iraqi oil from a terminal that was not approved by the United Nations. The shipowner further reported that a "U.N. officer" -- apparently one of the U.N. Oil Overseers -- had advised Odin Marine that the ship had "loaded from a non UN approved terminal." The shipowner demanded "a full and clear explanation" from the charterer as to how to respond to press inquiries and U.N. "advices" that the vessel had "loaded illegal cargo from a non UN approved Iraqi terminal."

In response, Millenium emailed Odin Marine with instructions for the ship to "refrain communicating with the media or disclosing any information as per our charter party and confidentiality agreement."²³⁶ Millenium told Odin Marine that "numerous details" about their contractual arrangements had already been disclosed, which "is in no doubt a great violation of all the documents we signed." Millenium emphasized:

"More importantly and as a final statement our transaction has the legitimate cover. The Arabian Gulf where all vessels are operating in and within are under the full control and strict scrutiny of the UN Naval Forces through an air tight control and observation system.

"Should any UN official in whatever capacity does have anything, they should be communicating with the law enforcement in the Gulf (UN Naval) and pass on their remarks and observations asking for follow up from the UN Naval forces. It remains within the UN Naval capacity and authority to verify and scrutinize the information they are receiving from any UN offic[ial] in New York and to take the necessary action. So far and reflecting the legitimacy of our operation, the past experience with the previous vess[e]Is and the upcoming ones reflect the reality and we leave it for you to draw your own conclusions." ²³⁷

Odin Marine forwarded Millenium's message to the shipowner's broker, Petrian.

On the same date, February 21, 2003, Odin Marine forwarded to Petrian Shipbrokers another message it had received from Millenium providing assurances of the legality of the shipments. Millenium wrote:

"Once again, we assure you based on our agreement that the owners will not be subject to any legal procedure initiated against them of whatsoever nature due to this operation. The fact that further documents and information could not be provided does not and should not lead to the impression that this is an illegitimate transaction and hereby request all parties to adhere and abide by the confidentiality agreement we have.

"Noting that the owners are aware of the ships that have been granted safe passage while going in and out . . . [This] should give them the extra comfort and reaffirm all the above.

²³⁴ In Februrary 2005, the Subcommittee asked the U.S. Department of Defense (DOD) for information about the Khor al-Amaya incident and the role of the U.S. Navy. DOD has not provided any information in writing and has declined to date to provide an unclassified oral briefing.

²³⁵ <u>Id</u>.

 $^{^{236}\,}$ Email dated 2/21/03, from Odin Marine to Petrian Shipbrokers, 3:56:56 PM (forwarding Millenium message).

"More importantly, as you are fully aware, any vessel carrying illegal cargo is subject to confiscation and that the sole authority and party to carry out such confiscation is the UN Naval Forces. Considering that as stated above the ships are granted safe passage in and out by the UN Naval Forces only confirms the legitimacy of our operation."²³⁸

Three days later, on February 24, 2003, after more press articles and inquiries from a U.N. Oil Overseer about the shipments, Odin Marine asked Millenium to provide "written proof" of the legality of the oil cargo from Khor al-Amaya:

"In view of all the hoop-la that has gone on in the press, and the phone calls from Mr. Morten Burr-Jensen of the U.N. since last Thursday, owners are requesting that [Millenium] supply written proof that the cargoes to be loaded in alAmaya are 'lawful merchandise according to relevant UN regulations and international law.'" 239

In response to Odin Marine's request, on February 28, 2003, Millenium provided Odin Marine a written explanation of the legal authority for the Khor al-Amaya shipments. ²⁴⁰ Millenium stated that the Khor al-Amaya shipments had been undertaken pursuant to the Iraq-Jordan trade protocol that Jordan had entered into with Iraq pursuant to Article 50 of the U.N. Charter, and which had been in continuous operation since 1990. Millenium claimed the Jordan protocol with Iraq "has been approved by the UN in general and by the UN Sanctions committee in particular; i.e. approved in line with the Oil-for-Food Program though in practical terms it is not hermetically governed by this Program." "Although this is public information," wrote Millenium, "very few parties are aware of it and it is of great importance to Jordan and other concerned parties not to highlight these facts." Millenium urged all parties to maintain confidentiality regarding the Khor al-Amaya shipments.

Millenium further stated, "[T]he US Administration routinely waives sanctions in order to provide aid to Jordan," which, according to Millenium, "undoubtedly demonstrates the full endorsement of both the Executive and Legislative branches of the United States Government of Jordan's exemption regarding the importation of Iraqi crude oil." Millenium also faxed to Odin Marine a passage from Congressional Research Service Issue Brief (IB92117) explaining the operation of the Iraq-Jordan protocol.

Despite this lengthy email from Millenium, Odin Marine decided to contact U.S. authorities to make sure it was not party to any transaction in violation of U.N. sanctions or U.S. law, or which was not in accordance with U.S. foreign policy. ²⁴¹ Odin Marine's General Counsel first called the U.S. Department of Commerce "to ascertain their position on Millenium's charter activities and carriage of oil to Jordan's port for the Jordanian government. "²⁴² The Commerce Department referred him to the U.S. Treasury Department's Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC), which administers U.S. sanctions on Iraq. On March 4, 2003, in response to messages he left at OFAC, Odin Marine's General Counsel received a call from a U.S. official whom he thought worked for OFAC, but was actually employed by the U.S. State Department. The General Counsel told the Subcommittee that he personally explained the entire matter to this State Department official, including that the ship charters had been obtained by a Jordanian company, Millenium, which claimed to be acting on behalf of the Jordanian Government, and that Millenium had told his company the ships loading at Khor al-Amaya were operating under an exception to the U.N. sanctions on Iraq, since the tankers were carrying oil for Jordan. He said that he told the U.S. State

Email dated 2/21/03, from Odin Marine to Petrian Shipbrokers, 1:31:06 PM (forwarding Millenium message).

²³⁹ Email dated 2/24/03, from Odin Marine to Jamil Sayegh, SBIG Holdings, 5:57:15 PM.

²⁴⁰ Email dated 2/28/03, from Odin Marine to Silver Line Ltd., 7:58:06 PM (forwarding Millenium message)

²⁴¹ Subcommittee conversations with Odin Marine (2/11/05).

²⁴² Email dated 3/4/03, from Odin Marine General Counsel, Howard Jaffe, to Odin employee, Michael Richards, 3:55:13 PM.

Department official that his company was willing to turn over the oil to the MIF if the United States wanted them to do that.

The U.S. State Department official promised to call back. The General Counsel memorialized his second conversation with this U.S. State Department official in an email to another Odin Marine employee.²⁴³ He wrote:

"She called back in about 2 hours and said that her office was 'AWARE OF THE SHIPMENTS AND HAS DETERMINED NOT TO TAKE ACTION.' She did not add 'at this time.' I noted that a further shipment was sought by Millenium and did she have any advice on that. She repeated the quoted response and would say no more. I asked her to contact me if there was any change in position as my client's wished to act in the best interests of the U.S. It appears that they do not want to harm Jordan by interfering with its quest for oil before the impending conflict by seizing it."

Odin Marine told the Subcommittee that this conversation reassured the U.S. company that the United States was fully informed of the Khor al-Amaya shipments and had no objection to them or to a U.S. company's participation in them. The company indicated that there was no indication that Odin Marine should obtain a license from OFAC to transact business in Iraq, and no impediment to proceeding with the Khor al-Amaya shipments.

In an email sent on February 25, 2003, Millenium provided explicit guidance to Odin Marine as to how all vessels loading at Khor al-Amaya were to interact with the MIF, and how the MIF would respond. This email explicitly identified MIF Commander Harry French, who was then and is now a U.S. naval officer, as the key contact for ship communications. Millenium instructed Odin Marine as follows:

"1. All chartered vessels coming into Khawr Amaya to provide the Un Naval check point with the name of the vessel, name of Charterer, and name of loading port. This communication to take place between the Master of the concerned vessel and whichever UN Naval ship on duty in the vicinity.

²⁴³ <u>Id</u>.

²⁴⁴ In commenting about Jordan's "quest for oil before the impending conflict," the General Counsel of Odin Marine was referring to a common justification offered for the Khor al-Amaya shipments — Jordan's need to ensure it had an adequate supply of oil if war broke out in Iraq. In early 2003, Jordan had begun taking a number of measures to protect itself against an oil supply disruption. For example, Jordan chartered the "M/T Berge Chief," a Norwegian tanker with a storage capacity of about 2 million barrels, and maintained it at an anchorage offshore of Aqaba. Jordan entered into agreements with Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Kuwait to obtain a three-month supply of free oil. Jordan also obtained hundreds of millions of dollars in outright grants from other nations, including the United States, to ease the economic impact of the war in Iraq. Additionally, Jordan purchased more than 7 million barrels of oil from Iraq in the Khor al-Amaya incident at issue in this Report.

On the other hand, at the same time as Jordan was buying oil from Khor al-Amaya, it was selling a large amount of crude oil then in storage in Jordan. Shipping records obtained by the Subcommittee indicate that on February 5, 2003, the ship "M/T Artemis" arrived at the Jordanian port of Aqaba for use by the Jordaninian Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources. At Aqaba, the Artemis was loaded with about 1 million barrels of Arab Light crude oil, which is roughly comparable to Iraqi Basrah Light. According to shipping documents, the Artemis departed with this oil for Aden, where it arrived on March 22, 2003, and discharged its cargo on March 26 "to Aden Refinery Company and Al Hoda International Trading Co., at the port of Aden without production of the original bill of lading." Email dated 2/5/03, from Odin Marine to Marine SBIG; email dated 3/26/03, from Odin Marine to Marine SBIG; semail dated 3/26/03. From Odin Marine to the Subcommittee, 9:45 AM.

As events unfolded, Jordan apparently experienced a two-month disruption of oil imports from Iraq. Citing security and safety concerns, Jordan suspended all oil imports from Iraq on March 23, 2003, three days after the war in Iraq began; it resumed those imports two months later in mid-May. See, e.g., "Jordan Refuses to Comment on Prospects of Oil Supplies from Saudi, Kuwait," BBC Monitoring International Reports (477/03).

²⁴⁵ The Subcommittee asked DOD to arrange an interview with Commander French. DOD offered to allow him to speak to the Subcommittee in a classified setting, but to date has failed to respond to the Subcommittee's request for an interview that would discuss only unclassified matters. The Subcommittee has been told that additional DOD personnel with information about the Khor al-Amava incident include Naval Commanders Hensen and Carreras.

- "2. Upon completion of loading and while approaching the UN Naval check point, the Master to contact the UN Naval ship on duty at that time and give them all the details including quantity loaded, name of charterer, the terminal of loading and then get the necessary clearance accordingly.
- "3. At anchorage, Master will contact Commander Harry French and get the NO OBJECTION message from him. Mr. Young of Odin Marine to contact Commander French as well in order to verify and confirm the communication between the Master and Commander French. Mr. Young will seek the NO OBJECTION message in the text and format agreed between us."246

Millenium instructed its chartered vessels on the key phrase to be used to obtain permission from the MIF for passage:

"4.C. The message that should be sent by either the ship master or Mr. Young is the following: 'We are loading crude oil from the terminal at Khawr Amaya for Millenium: do you have any objection?""²⁴⁷

Millenium also directed its personnel to keep communications with the MIF to a minimum:

"It is very advantageous that Mr. Young served in the Coast Guard as he can relate to and understand the situation and how officers feel uncomfortable about going through unnecessary extended communications." ²⁴⁸

A "Note to File" written by David Young of Odin Marine indicates that Commander French appeared to be under similar instructions to provide Mr. Young with only the minimal information necessary for their particular interaction. Mr. Young's note states:

"[T]he M/T Tanker "Arcadian I" was due to sail Khor al Amaya March 1st at 0900 with the tide. Commander French advised that he had no objections. He [also] said that he was sorry he could not say anything more. I told him I completely understood and did not expect him to say anything more.

"He asked how many shipments this was. I told him this was the third vessel that had actually loaded (i.e. Argosea, Eagle, and now Acadian I [sic]) He asked how many more vessel[s] I expected. I told him one vessel I thought was going to be confirmed in the morning (did not mention name of vessel to him but was thinking of M/T Sea Victory). I also told Commander French that we had a couple vessels that were hesitant to load due to the recent publicity etc – and may pull out of these charter parties. He related that the recent publicity had made his life very difficult and could understand how recent events could make things difficult in this regard.

"I also asked Commander French as a method of procedure if I could continue to call him to request permission for vessels to proceed to and depart from Iraq and he said that would be okay."²⁴⁹

Mr. Young described Commander French as "Coast Guard Lia[i]son to USN Central Command in Bahr[a]in."

Presumably, each vessel that loaded oil at Khor al-Amaya followed the instructions provided by Millenium. Upon arrival, they checked in with the MIF; provided details about their plans to load

²⁴⁶ Email dated 2/25/03, from Millenium to Michael Richards of Odin Marine, 2:11:17 PM. "Mr. Young" refers to David E. Young, who was then executive vice president of Odin Marine.

²⁴⁷ Id.

²⁴⁸ <u>Id</u>.

²⁴⁹ Note to File dated 3/2/03, authored by David Young of Odin Marine.

Iraqi oil from Khor al-Amaya, an unauthorized port under the OFF program; asked the MIF if it had any objection; and, hearing none, proceeded to the port. One person interviewed by the Subcommittee said that it was his understanding that, on some occasions, MIF vessels even escorted the chartered ships to ensure their safe passage through the Persian Gulf. ²⁵⁰ From February to March 2003, seven vessels loaded a total of over 7.7 million barrels of Iraqi oil from Khor al-Amaya.

6. Final Destination of Khor al-Amaya Oil

Although oil loaded at Khor al-Amaya was described as undertaken pursuant to the Iraq-Jordan trade protocol or as part of a plan to establish a floating strategic oil reserve for Jordan during the U.S. invasion of Iraq, most of the 7.7 million barrels of oil loaded at Khor al-Amaya never reached Jordan.

As Table 4 indicates, at most it appears that only one of the tankers that lifted oil from Khor al-Amaya ultimately discharged any cargo in Jordan.

Table 4: Final Destination of Oil Exported from Khor al-Amaya

Original Vessel Lifting Oil from Khor al-Amaya	Initial Disposition	Final Disposition	Date of Final Disposition
Argosea	UAE port of Fujairah; Yemeni port of Aden	Jordanian port of Aqaba	April 18, 2003
Eagle	Ship-to-Ship (STS) transfer of oil to the Marine Pacific at the Fujairah port	STS of approx. 2.5 million barrels from Marine Pacific to Hellespont Embassy on June 9, 2003.	June 18, 2003
Sea Victory	STS to Marine Pacific at the Fujairah port	Approx. 2.5 million barrels on Hellespont Embassy sold to Al	
Seacross II	STS to Marine Pacific at the Fujairah port	Huda International Trading Co. on June 18, 2003 @ \$20.65/barrel; sent to Midor Refinery, Egypt.	
Arcadían	STS to Empress des Mer at the Fujairah port		
Mint Prosperity*	STS to Empress des Mer at the Fujairah port*	aboard Empress Des Mer discharged at Egyptian port of Ain Sukhna	Late 2003
Endeavour 2*	STS to Empress des Mer to the Fujairah port*		

Table 4. According to shipping documents available to the Subcommittee, only one of the seven tankers that loaded oil from Khor al-Amaya transported oil to Jordan.

The Argosea's initial destination after loading at Khor al-Amaya was Fujairah, a port just outside the Straits of Hormuz on the coast of the United Arab Emirates, where the ship set anchor on February 20, 2003. The next communication in the records obtained by the Subcommittee indicates that on March 29, 2003, Millenium instructed the Argosea to "heave up anchor and proceed A.S.A.P. at full speed to Aqaba, Jordan to discharge." Two days later, Odin Marine asked Petrian Shipbrokers to notify the Argosea's owners that the "vessel is presently enroute to Aqaba ETA 7

^{*} The Mint Prosperity and Endeavour data is inferred from references in Bayoil documents and shipping totals. The total amount of oil that was available for sale, according to Bayoil documents, is about 1.6 million barrels less than the amount that was loaded according to SOMO documents. The Subcommittee Minority Staff has been unable to account for this difference.

²⁵⁰ Subcommittee interview of Odin Marine (2/11/05).

²⁵¹ Email dated 3/20/03, from Millenium Marine Division to Argosea.

April 03 to discharge its eargo of crude oil (with possible change of disport within the trade area agreed)." 252

The next day, however, on April 1, 2003, Millenium directed the Argosea's Captain to proceed to Yemen to discharge its cargo:

"DEAR CAPT VLADIMIR

"PLS NOTE YOUR DISCH PORT IS ADEN IN YEMEN KINDLY ADVISE YOUR ETA ADEN ANCHORAGE

"REGARDS

"J. SAYEGH
"MILLENIUM"²⁵³

On April 3, 2003, Millenium provided more specific instructions to the Argosea, including the following:

"FOR ALL YOUR SHIP BUSINESS AND DISCH, FM TIME YOU DROP ANCHOR TILL COMPLETE DISCH'G WOULD BE HANDLED BY JORDAN NATIONAL SHIPPING WHO WOULD CONTACT YOU LATER ON 3RD APRIL, PLS FOLLOW THEIR OPERATIONAL INSTRUCTIONS."²⁵⁴

The direction to discharge the cargo in Yemen greatly concerned the Tsakos Group, which owned the Argosea, since it appeared to contradict Millenium's previous assertions that the cargo had been obtained for use by Jordan under Article 50 of the U.N. charter. The shipowner expressed concern, under this rationale, about delivering the oil to any country other than Jordan without violating U.N. sanctions. In an apparent communication to Millenium, the shipowner pointed out that it had previously discussed this issue with the company as follows:

"[W]e highlighted:

- "1. that there was considerable media speculation that the cargo was unlawful, to which you and your government insisted that the cargo was for the use of the Jordanian state, and that you were permitted to export the cargo from Iraq by the tacit consent of the United Nations under Article 50 of the UN Charter:
- "2. that there was media speculation that the cargo was not for the use of the Jordanian state and that even if para 1 above was accepted, if it became clear that the cargo was to be delivered to non-Jordanian state interests, the rationale under the UN charter (Art. 50) would no longer be available and Owners would have to treat the cargo/order for delivery as unlawful. As a result, the indemnity provided by the Jordanian government on 13th March 2003 was drafted to ensure that the delivery was to Jordanian state interests through Millenium.

"You have now changed your orders for Aqaba and have directed the vessel to deliver the cargo at Aden. Given the two matters highlighted above, we are duty bound to enquire on behalf of the Owners of the vessel for details as to the circumstances in which cargo destined for use by the Jordanian state should be discharged at Aden. We very much wish to work with you and to accommodate your reasonable and lawful orders but consider that it is imperative that you please let us have as much information as possible in order to demonstrate to us that the cargo is

²⁵² Email dated 3/31/03, from Odin Marine to Petrian Shipbrokers.

²⁵³ Fax dated 4/1/03, from SBIG Head Office to Master of Argosea.

²⁵⁴ Email dated 4/3/03, from Odin Marine to Jamil Sayegh, SBIG Holdings, 8:30:36 AM.

still destined for use by Jordanian state interests despite being ordered to be delivered at Aden.

"We look forward to your reply."255

When the Argosea arrived at the Yemeni port of Aden on April 3, 2003, all of the berths at the port were full, so the ship initially remained at anchor in the harbor. From the documents provided to the Subcommittee, it appears that the Argosea remained at Aden for 7 days. The Subcommittee Minority Staff was unable to determine whether the Argosea discharged any of its cargo during its week-long stay at Aden.

While the Argosea was anchored at Aden, the shipowner apparently also began expressing concerns about the bill of lading for its cargo of oil. Bills of lading are essential shipping documents. They describe the type and quantity of goods being shipped, as well as the ports of loading and discharge, and serve as a document of title, a contract of carriage, and a receipt of goods. In the case of the OFF program, a bill of lading was part of the documentation required by the United Nation. Without the bill of lading, many lenders and buyers of oil might consider a cargo contraband and refuse to provide financing or funds for its purchase.

On April 10, 2003, Petrian Shipbrokers reported to Odin Marine that the Argosea shipowner had advised "that [vessel] will discharge against original [Bill of Lading] although apparently these need to be reissued after the old ones are cancelled. The owner's operator is of the understanding that his boss has sent a msg regarding [Bill of Lading] directly to charterers—I have asked for them to send us a copy."²⁵⁶ On the same day, the shipowner, the Tsakos Group, sent a message informing the Argosea that a new set of bills of lading would be produced for the cargo, changing the cargo's consignee to the "Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources, the Government of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan," and designating the port of discharge to be "Aqaba, Yemen."²⁵⁷ The shipowner's message also stated that once the charterer, Millenium, provided the vessel with the new bills of lading, discharge could commence.

Presumably, a key issue in the bills of lading applicable to the Argosea's oil cargo was information showing that the destination port was Aden, Yemen instead of Aqaba, Jordan, thereby raising concern that the shipment was not for Jordan's use under the Iraq-Jordan protocol. Another issue may have been information showing where the cargo originated, since Khor al-Amaya was an unauthorized port under the OFF program and it is possible that no bill of lading was provided during the initial loading process. It is unclear how these matters were addressed in either the original or replacement bills of lading described in the Argosea communications. Also unclear are the procedures and circumstances under which Millenium produced both the original and replacement bills of lading for the Argosea's oil cargo.

On April 16, 2003, the Argosea reached the Jordanian port of Aqaba and shortly afterward began discharging oil. The Subcommittee Minority Staff has been unable to determine how much, if any, Iraqi oil the Argosea discharged at Aden, and how much it discharged at Aqaba. The Subcommittee Minority Staff has also been unable to obtain copies of the original or subsequent bills of lading for the Argosea's cargo.

The cargoes of three other ships that loaded in Khor al-Amaya were eventually consolidated and shared a final destination. These cargoes, from the Eagle, Sea Victory, and Seacross II, were sent to the UAE port of Fujairah just outside the Persian Gulf. Beginning in late March, the cargoes from all three ships were transferred to storage tanks on a large oil tanker named the Marine Pacific. In early June, the Iraqi oil aboard the Marine Pacific was transferred to still another oil tanker, the

²⁵⁵ Email dated 4/1/03, provided by Odin Marine, incorporating messages from Tsakos Shipping Athens with identifying number RefNum: 2181783.

²⁵⁶ Email dated 4/10/03, from Petrian Shipbrokers to Odin Marine, 11:54:47 AM.

²⁵⁷ Email dated 4/10/03, from Petrian Shipbrokers to Odin Marine, 12:59:55 PM. It is not clear from this document whether the reference to "Aqaba, Yemen" is a typographical error or refers to two distinct ports of discharge.

Hellespont Embassy. Some evidence, as discussed in the next section, indicates that Bayoil may have furnished the Hellespont Embassy to Millenium. On June 18, 2003, according to documents produced by Bayoil, Millenium sold the 2.5 million barrels of Iraqi oil aboard the Hellespont Embassy to Al Hoda International Trading Company ("Al Hoda"). Al Hoda is known to be a front company for the Hussein regime. ²³⁸ The Bayoil documents also indicate Al Hoda may have paid Millenium \$20.65 per-barrel for the oil. ²⁵⁹

It appears likely that the cargoes of the three remaining ships that loaded oil at Khor al-Amaya, the Arcadian, Mint Prosperity and Endeavour 2, were also consolidated and sold together. The Arcadian's cargo was sent to Fujairah, where it was transferred onto a ship called the Empress des Mer. Bayoil's documents indicate the Empress des Mer carried a total of nearly 2.9 million barrels of Iraqi oil, of which about 1.6 million barrels came from the Arcadian.²⁶⁰ The shipping records obtained by the Subcommittee do not indicate the origin of the additional barrels of Iraqi oil aboard the Empress des Mer. However, a Bayoil memorandum dated May 13, 2003, specifically identifies the cargoes aboard the Mint Prosperity and the Endeavour 2, together with the cargoes from Khor al-Amaya aboard the Arcadian and the Marine Pacific, as potentially available for purchase from Millenium.²⁶¹ It appears, therefore, that the cargoes aboard the Mint Prosperity and the Endeavour may have been transferred onto the Empress des Mer. According to the owner of the Empress des Mer, the Iraqi oil stored aboard that ship was discharged in Egypt.²⁶² The Subcommittee Minority Staff was unable to determine who, if anyone, purchased this oil from Jordan.

7. Bayoil Attempt to Purchase Khor al-Amaya Oil from Jordan

An additional curious aspect of the Khor al-Amaya shipments is the emergence of Bayoil as a potential purchaser of the oil from the Jordanian government. Although, in the end, Bayoil was unable to purchase the cargoes despite strenuous efforts, documents related to those efforts yield additional information about the disposition and legality of the shipments.

Bayoil apparently learned of the Jordanian-chartered oil tankers carrying Iraqi oil in early March 2003. A memorandum in Bayoil files, apparently written in March 2003, provides detailed and generally accurate information about the chartered vessels. ²⁶³ An email from John Irving to David Chalmers dated March 24, 2003 – 4 days after the U.S. invasion of Iraq began – states that a number of persons were interested in purchasing the Khor al-Amaya cargoes. ²⁶⁴ In mid- to late-May, Bayoil began negotiating with Petroline, a Jordanian company, to either store or purchase, or both, the Iraqi crude oil held by the Jordanian Ministry in ships anchored at Fujairah. ²⁶⁵ Among the

²⁵⁸ ISG Report, Vol. III, Regime Finance and Procurement, pp.82, 90-91, 291 (September 2004). Interviews by Subcommittee staff with senior Iraqi officials in the Hussein regime confirmed that the Government of Iraq owned 50 percent of Al Hoda International Trading, provided direction to its operations, and shared in the company's profits.

²⁵⁹ One Bayoil memo characterized Al Hoda's offer as "bunch of peasants at 20.65"; another stated: "COMPETITION (AL HODA) 20.65 (we think) – laundry money." Email dated 6/17/03, from John Irving to David Chalmers, Jr and other Bayoil personnel, 3:26 PM; email dated 6/16/03, from John Irving to Jean Johnston, 4:01 PM, Bates RAY14-01796.

²⁶⁰ See, e.g., draft request dated 6/17/03, from Bayoil to Banque Cantonale Vaudoise for a letter of credit financing the purchase of 2.87 million barrels of Iraqi oil on the Empress de Mer.

²⁶¹ See email dated 5/13/03, from John Irving to David Chalmers, re "Petroline: conversation with Ali Jaffri."

²⁶² Subcommittee interview of Tankship Ltd. (4/20/05).

²⁶³ Undated document produced by Bayoil, Bates BAY14-01878-79 (contains detailed information obtained "through our market intelligence" about "Jordanian-chartered ships loading" oil at Khor al-Amaya)(text says at one point it is providing information "as of today March 10, 2003" and later "just yesterday March 25th").

²⁶⁴ Email dated 3/24/03, from Bayoil's John Irving to David Chalmers, 8:25 AM.

²⁶⁵ Memorandum dated 5/19/03, from Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited to Petroline FZC, "Ref: Oil Storage/Purchase Proposal."

Bayoil documents obtained by the Subcommittee is a storage charter agreement between Bayoil and the Jordanian Ministry of Energy & Mineral Resources for Bayoil to provide floating storage of the Ministry's oil on the vessels Hellespont Embassy and Hellespont Grand. 266 Because this agreement is unsigned, it is not definitive evidence of an actual contract between Bayoil and the Jordan Ministry. About 2 weeks later, the Iraqi crude that had been stored on the Marine Pacific was transferred to the Hellespont Embassy. However, the Subcommittee Minority Staffhas not been able to conclude with certainty that the Hellespont Embassy was then under charter to Bayoil.

During the same period of time, Bayoil began discussions with Petroline for the outright purchase of the Iraqi oil. Bayoil was both negotiating with Petroline and using Ali Jaffri of Petroline as an agent in its negotiations with the Jordanian Government. A Bayoil memorandum indicates that Mr. Jaffri had access to the Jordanian Prime Minister. 267 The same memorandum describes a conversation with Ali Jaffri in which he provides his perspective on the legality of the shipments:

"On the question of the PROTOCOL – Ali said that this had been signed between Iraq and Jordan and had been vetted by the US State Department. This is one of the areas he will check tomorrow. He said if it was not clear why then was CALTEX looking to do the same deal for either Far East or South Africa." ²⁶⁸

At the same time that Bayoil began negotiating with Petroline to buy the Jordanian oil from Khor al-Amaya, the Jordanian Minister of Energy was denying press reports that Jordan was attempting to sell Iraqi oil that had been sold to Jordan before the war. "The minister stressed that the quantities of oil, which are in Aqaba or at the refinery in Al-Zarqa, are a strategic reserve to be used for refining and local consumption, adding that Jordan has no oil to sell and that there are no Jordanian companies to sell oil."²⁶⁹

In early June, Bayoil began negotiating directly with the Jordanian Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources for the purchase of the Iraqi oil aboard the Marine Pacific and Empress des Mers. Bayoil began drafting a formal purchase offer and arranged a meeting with the Jordanian Minister of Energy to discuss the proposed sale.

On June 10, 2003, the Jordanian Minister of Energy and Mineral Resources met in Amman with three persons representing Bayoil, John Irving, Augusto Giangrandi, and Zeid Khorma.²⁷⁰

²⁶⁶ Memorandum dated 5/22/03, from Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited to Petroline FZC, "Ref: Oil Storage Contract Dated May 22, 2003."

²⁶⁷ Email dated 5/13/03, from John Irving to David Chalmers, 5:12 AM.

²⁶⁸ Id. It is not clear whether Jaffri's claim that the "protocol" had been vetted by the U.S. State Department was a reference to the official trade protocol between Iraq and Jordan that was publicly known or these specific shipments.

^{269 &}quot;Jordanian Minister Denies Reports Local Companies Offered to Sell Iraqi Oil," BBC Worldwide Monitoring (5/22/03). This media report also stated that Jordanian companies were having difficulty selling the oil, because it was "exported three months ago when Iraq reactivated an abandoned seaport in Khawr al-Amaya on the Gulf a few weeks before the war broke out, thus violating the sanctions the Untied Nations imposed on Iraq."

²⁷⁰ Email dated 6/10/03, from John Irving to David Chalmers, 5:34 AM, BAY14-01835.

A former high-ranking Iraqi official interviewed by the Subcommittee stated that Zeid Khorma "or his brother" was the person who visited the Iraqi Oil Minister to request approval for the Khor al-Amaya shipments in 2003. Subcommittee interview of Senior Iraqi Official No. 7 (4/17/05). Evidence uncovered by the Subcommittee Minority Staff indicates that Zeid Khorma's association with Augusto Giangrandi dates back to at least the mid-1980s, when Mr. Khorma was Carlos Cardoen's representative in Baghdad, and Mr. Giangrandi was helping Cardoen Industries supply Iraq with cluster bombs. See Section IIB(2) of this Report above.

Mr. Khorma also allegedly helped smuggle into Iraq a key ingredient for Scud rocket fuel. In 1994, Mr. Khorma is alleged to have paid \$50,000 to arrange the shipment from China to Iraq of 30 tons of ammonium perchlorate, a key component in the production of solid rocket fuel for Iraqi Scud missiles. The ammonium perchlorate was falsely labeled as aluminum sulfate and found on a German ship docked in Saudi Arabia. See, e.g., "HK Firm Used to Send Missile Fuel to Iraq Say Investigators," South China Morning Post (Hong Kong)(12/18/94). U.S. Customs agents were quoted as saying that Zeid Khorma "is believed to be a supplier of illegal goods through Iraqi government contacts, with the help of his father and brother." "U.S. Customs: 2 Nabbed in Iraq Export Plan," United Press International (1/11/95).

According to Mr. Irving, the Minister indicated that Jordan already had entered into a contract for the cargo aboard the Empress des Mer. The Minister allegedly explained that the cargo aboard the Marine Pacific had just been transferred onto the Hellespont Embassy, and according to Mr. Irving's email, the Minister "would like to keep these bbls on same ship and re-charter ship to Bayoil at same rate." The Minister allegedly asked Bayoil to provide proposals for discussion later that evening or the next morning. ²⁷¹

Bayoil documents indicate that Mr. Chalmers was extremely concerned about the legal status of the Iraqi oil they were seeking to purchase. Mr. Chalmers apparently discussed with his attorneys the extent to which the Iraqi sanctions regulations applied to oil acquired before the invasion and, specifically, whether the manner in which this oil was acquired could cause it to be "deemed tainted." His concern apparently arose in part because the banks Bayoil had asked to issue letters of credit to finance the oil purchase had requested either: proof that payment for the cargo had been made to SOMO — which Bayoil could not provide since Jordan refused to disclose its role in paying SOMO — or, in the alternative, a statement from OFAC that there were no restrictions on the importation of the Khor al-Amaya oil into the United States.

Later on June 10, 2003, Bayoil submitted a written offer to the Jordanian Ministry to purchase the oil on both the Hellespont Embassy and Empress des Mer. The next day, June 11, 2003, Bayoil representatives John Irving, Augusto Giangrandi, and Zeid Khorma met again with the Minister of Energy, who was accompanied by another Jordanian Ministry official, Farouq al-Hyari. According to Mr. Irving, the participants discussed pricing and then turned to the shipping documents needed by Bayoil to obtain financing from a bank for the transaction. According to Mr. Irving, the Jordanian Minister of Energy balked at many of the documentation requirements, because Jordan did not want its role or the nature of the transaction to become public. For example, an Irving email states: "M said no way would J 'go public' on these bbls lifted from 03 and indeed it was very simple: 'the bbls are to be lifted ex Fujairah."

According to Mr. Irving, the Jordanian Minister of Energy appeared annoyed that the legitimacy of the shipments was being questioned, alleging that the Prime Minister of Jordan had told him that the shipments had the "direct approval of the White House":

"M said that he had had a meeting with the "higher authourity" [sic] that morning (we know he met the PM) and that the movement of these bbls had the direct approval of the 'White House'. We believe that approval was succinct at the time of original lifting and has been stated more forcefully at the Aqaba meeting early June "276"

In January 1995, U.S. authorities arrested Zeid Khorma's brother Mosab, along with his father Ahmad, in New York, and charged them with "knowingly and willfully conspiring to violate" the Iraqi sanctions regulations and executive orders "by exporting and intending to export goods from the U.S. to Iraq." Another individual, Kim Kyung-II, also known as "Storm Kheem," was charged with felony offenses for alleging accepting payments from Zeid Khorma to ship the ammonium perchlorate. Criminal Case 0:95-mj-00041-ARL-1 (USDC EDNY). Zeid Khorma, who then resided in Jordan, was not indicted.

In August 1995, all charges against the Khormas were dismissed. In March 1996, Kheem pled guilty and was sentenced to six months of house arrest, a \$100 "special assessment," and five years of probation with 350 hours of community service.

- ²⁷¹ Email dated 6/10/03, from John Irving to David Chalmers, 5:34 AM, Bates BAY14-01835.
- ²⁷² Ernail dated 6/10/03, from Bayoil's Jean Johnston to John Irving, 6:22 PM, Bates BAY14-01736.
- ²⁷³ Id

²⁷⁴ Email dated 6/11/03, from Bayoil's John Irving to David Chalmers and others, 8:23 AM, Bates BAY14-01817.

275 Id. Bayoil emails often used abbreviations or codes to refer to persons and places. In this email, "M" refers to the Jordanian Minister of Energy, "bbls" stands for "barrels," "J" refers to Jordan, and "03" refers to Iraq.

^{270 (...}continued)

The participants also discussed how to construct a rationale for why Jordan was now selling the Iraqi barrels it had supposedly acquired for a strategic oil reserve:

"[Farouq al-Hyari] is working on this document today. Basically it is going to state that J has these bbls for strategic stock reasons and quality discovery means that they cannot process these bbls in J for environmental reasons (J refineries lack hydrotreating facilities.) There is evidence that these bbls have resulted in a recent refinery [shutdown] for 22 hours but FH denied this. This doc will also highlight the reasons for re-sale."

Other than this email, the Subcommittee Minority Staff has not located any other indication in the Bayoil documents that the Iraqi oil was unsuitable for Jordan's refineries. In fact, in a subsequent Bayoil memorandum, John Irving seems to be irritated that a competitor was espousing the same rationale for the sale of the oil that Bayoil had "drummed up" for the Jordanian Ministry:

"[Zeid Khorma] went to check with one of his contacts what 'others' were doing
During the course of this meeting he got hold of an offer made 11th June from
'Canadian Habitat International' based in Abu Dhabi which referred exactly to some
of our wording discussed yesterday in the Ministry. In particular we had drummed
up this strategic stock issue and here came the Canadian offer indicating precisely our
wording."²⁷⁷

Jordan's unwillingness, or inability, to provide formal documentation legitimizing the purchase of the Iraqi crude proved to be an insurmountable obstacle for Bayoil. On June 12, 2003, Bayoil's attorneys wrote to OFAC seeking "clarification" that would provide authority for Bayoil to import the Khor al-Amaya oil.²⁷⁸ Bayoil stated this clarification was necessary in order to "satisfy the demands of the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection and the foreign banks expected to finance the proposed transaction." Bayoil wrote:

"We have been advised the Government of Jordan has offered two cargoes of Iraqi crude oil to Bayoil's affiliate for purchase, which Bayoil proposes to transport and/or distribute to customers in the United States. It is our understanding that this crude oil was acquired by the Government of Jordan prior to the issuance of the Executive Order and the General License [removing the Iraqi sanctions]. Bayoil has been led to believe that this crude oil was loaded at Khor Al Maya, Iraq, during late February 2003."

Bayoil told OFAC that, with respect to Iraqi oil lifted prior to the end of sanctions on May 22, 2003, the U.S. Bureau of Customs and Border Protection was still requiring documentation showing that the oil had been obtained in accordance with the U.N.'s Oil-for-Food program. For example, Bayoil told OFAC that the Bureau wanted both a copy of the U.N. 661 Committee approval of the contract to buy the oil, and a U.N. inspection certificate showing that the cargo had been properly loaded and inspected at an authorized Iraqi port. Bayoil told OFAC: "We have been advised that neither documents are available with respect to the purchase of this crude oil."

The next day, June 13, 2003, Bayoil's attorneys again wrote to OFAC, seeking expedited treatment of their request.²⁷⁹ In this letter, Bayoil noted the two ships "are valued at approximately \$120 million," and that if Bayoil could not "obtain comfort" from OFAC by close of business on June 16, "it is likely the Government of Jordan will sell these cargoes to another non-U.S. buyer."

²⁷⁷ Email dated 6/12/03, from John Irving to David Chalmers, 9:58 AM.

²⁷⁸ Letter dated 6/12/03, from Bayoil's legal counsel, Dickstein, Shapiro, Morin & Oshinsky, LLP to OFAC, Bates BAY14-01804-06.

²⁷⁹ Letter dated 6/13/03, from Bayoil's legal counsel, Dickstein, Shapiro, Morin & Oshinsky, LLP to OFAC, Bates BAY14-01733-35.

On June 18, 2003, OFAC wrote to the U.S. State Department seeking guidance on Bayoil's request. 280 OFAC asked the U.S. State Department whether the Khor al-Amaya cargoes "should be construed as a legal or an illegal export pursuant to the United Nations embargo." According to OFAC, the U.S. State Department never provided any response to their letter or Bayoil's request.

Ultimately, Bayoil's inability to obtain formal documentation, either from Jordan or OFAC, attesting to the legality of the oil from Khor al-Amaya, apparently prevented Bayoil from obtaining a financing commitment or letters of credit to support its purchase of the oil. In mid-June 2003, Jordan sold the three cargoes that had been consolidated on the Marine Pacific and moved to the Hellesport Embassy, to Al Hoda International Trading. Al Hoda then delivered the oil to the Midor Refinery near Alexandria, Egypt.

The loss of this cargo to Al Hoda and Bayoil's ongoing difficulties in its attempt to buy the remaining oil on the Empress des Mer led to recriminations between Bayoil's John Irving and Zeid Khorma, Bayoil's agent in Jordan. A series of emails between Mr. Irving and Mr. Khorma reveals the tension between the two, as well as their beliefs that the disposition of these barrels had risen to a "political level" within Jordan and the United States. For example, on July 1, 2003, Mr. Khorma wrote:

"Believe me I am as frustrated as you are. The situation as it stands now, has reached a political level, and not a commercial one. Yes we were told that Cargo would be offered to our directions if the [letter of credit from Al Hoda] is not established. However since the high authority taking care of the matter is currently unavailable till tomorrow afternoon, we will have to wait till then.

"Believe me John, the level we are talking to at this time is the highest and this restricts us by not going below. However I will try to call them tonight to see what indication we will get.

"I wish I had more news for you, but believe me the level we have reached is now the highest.

"best regards

"Zeid" 281

After two more emails from Mr. Khorma providing updates on discussions at the "highest levels" in Jordan regarding the sale of the second cargo of oil to Bayoil, and urging Mr. Irving to continue to wait for a decision, Mr. Irving wrote to Mr. Khorma:

"This is good news. However we have been here before.

"Also for you to say 'we have done a lot so that you guys better perform' and, in the same sentence, to question the right of the WH to check some issues with the J Govn pertaining these bbls, places you in a position way above your stated position as an 'agent' – or facilitating broker – on these bbls.

"We will not accept these inappropriate statements coming from you. All we want from you is detailed information which we are not receiving. All we are receiving are assurances and extended calendars.

"This whole issue now depends upon OFAC of which the Minister gave us assurances (June 11 in case you had forgotten) that he had 'received approval at the

²⁸⁰ Memorandum dated 6/18/03, from R. Richard Newcomb, Director, OFAC, to George A. Glass, Director, U.S. Department of State/EB/ESP.

²⁸¹ Email dated 7/1/03, from Zeid Khorma to John Irving, 11:48 AM.

highest level' which, may I remind you, you interpreted as being the White House. In addition you said that this point had been covered at Aqaba as well. Therefore it is perfectly valid for the US to be completing the 'circle' – a fact you fail to understand.

"In addition the fact that we are keeping a ship close to Empress at \$X,000 pd is an indication of our intent.

"Perhaps, Zeid, the 'performance' issue is somewhere else, and this is a matter of internal debate in Bayoil at the moment.

"Think about it." 282

On July 6, Mr. Khorma emailed Mr. Chalmers with "an official notification of release from responsibility towards the Jordan deal." Apparently in reference to his conversations with Mr. Irving, Mr. Khorma told Mr. Chalmers, "I have never had anyone address me or my country with the manner spoken to me, nor has anyone ever hang up on me." Mr. Khorma told Mr. Chalmers their friendship was too valuable to lose over a business deal, but his honor did not permit him to continue with this particular transaction. Mr. Khorma concluded by telling Mr. Chalmers, "I spoke to Augusto and gave him full details of the situation of the cargo." 283

For the remainder of the summer and into the fall of 2003, Augusto Giangrandi and Bayoil appear to have turned their attention to building relationships with the new leadership in SOMO and the Oil Ministry after the Hussein regime was deposed. In late November, Mr. Giangrandi raised the possibility that Bayoil could still purchase the Iraqi oil aboard the Empress des Mer. A note from John Irving to Mr. Giangrandi expressed surprise that Mr. Giangrandi was trying to resurrect this oil sale. Mr. Irving recounted their unsuccessful dealings to date, and wondered what, in Mr. Giangrandi's view, had changed:

"We have made a concerted effort to purchase such quantities via your assistance previously on the basis we were assured that such a transaction was approved at the highest levels in D.C.

"As such we applied for an OFAC license for a provisional transaction which after six plus weeks of work by our D.C. attorney[s] (\$10,000+), are were [sic] advised that no such license would be granted, without explanation.

"Therefore, since these facts were related to you and we don't have a 'get out of jail free card,' we are surprised by your continued inquiry about our interest or suggestions to push OFAC. What has really changed or what evidence exist which implies a change in policy in this matter?" ²⁸⁴

From a subsequent email from Mr. Irving to Mr. Chalmers, it appears that Mr. Giangrandi explained to Mr. Irving that a deal Jordan had made with another purchaser for the Empress des Mer oil had fallen through, and so Jordan had inquired as to whether Bayoil were still interested. In December 2003, Mr. Chalmers told Mr. Irving he was "not interested in these [barrels] (if they are still there) due to customs issues and political uncertainties surrounding these historical bbls and to quality degradation issues." At this point, Bayoil's involvement in the Khor al-Amaya oil shipments appears to have ended.

²⁸² Email dated 7/3/03, from John Irving to Zeid Khorma, 9:11 AM.

²⁸³ Email dated 7/6/03, from Zeid Khorma to David Chalmers 1:13 PM.

 $^{^{284}}$ Email dated 12/1/03, from Bayoil's John Irving to David Chalmers (forwarding an email of the same date from Mr. Irving to Augusto Giangrandi).

²⁸⁵ Email from Bayoil's John Irving to David Chalmers (12/1/03) 3:22 AM.

D. KHOR AL-AMAYA AND THE IRAQ-JORDAN TRADE PROTOCOL

Repeatedly at key points during the saga of the Khor al-Amaya oil shipments, participants claimed the shipments did not violate U.N. sanctions, because they had taken place under the Iraq-Jordan trade protocol which had been approved by the United Nations. Jordan made this claim to shipbrokers, shipowners, and captains when asking them to help load and transport the oil; Jordan made the same argument in sales negotiations with Bayoil; and Bayoil offered the same rationale when trying to get lenders, U.S. Customs, and OFAC officials to endorse the legitimacy of the cargo. The evidence indicates, however, that the Khor al-Amaya oil shipments were not sold according to the pricing formula in the Iraq-Jordan trade protocol and did not meet the characteristics of the trade conducted under the protocol. Moreover, despite requests from interested parties, neither the United Nations nor the United States ever agreed to characterize the Khor al-Amaya cargoes as the product of transactions in accordance with U.N. sanctions.

Background. Jordan and Iraq have been close trading partners ever since both countries came into existence after the first World War. Initially, both countries were ruled by the Hashemite family: Faisal became King of Iraq and his brother, Abdullah, became King of Jordan. During the Iran-Iraq war, Jordan supplied essential agricultural and industrial goods to Iraq, and, in return, Iraq supplied Jordan with "cheap oil, grants, and low-interest loans."

The sanctions imposed upon Iraq immediately after Saddam Hussein invaded Kuwait had a particularly severe effect on Jordan. Jordanian exports plummeted, and Jordanian businesses associated with Iraq's exports – nearly 70 percent of which traveled through the Jordanian port of Aqaba – were severely affected. Jordan's oil supplies were also disrupted; prior to imposition of U.N. sanctions, Iraq had supplied about 80 percent of Jordan's oil at below-market rates. ²⁸⁷ An influx of over a million refugees from Iraq into Jordan further strained Jordan's economy.

On August 20, 1990, 14 days after the U.N. Security Council adopted Resolution 661 imposing sanctions on Iraq, Jordan informed the Security Council that it would comply with the provisions of the resolution, but that such compliance would lead to "extreme economic hardships to Jordan and its population," and sought consultation to alleviate those hardships as provided under Article 50 of the United Nations Charter.²⁸⁸ Article 50 provides:

If preventive or enforcement measures against any state are taken by the Security Council, any other state, whether a Member of the United Nations or not, which finds itself confronted with special economic problems arising from the carrying out of those measures shall have the right to consult the Security Council with regard to a solution of those problems.

In September 1990, the U.N. 661 Committee issued a "Special Report" on Jordan's Article 50 request "with regard to special economic problems arising from the carrying out of the measures contained in resolution 661 (1990)." The 661 Committee "express[ed] concern at the unique economic difficulties confronting Jordan," "recognize[d] the need to deal on a continuing basis with Jordan's unique economic difficulties," and requested the Secretary General to work with Jordan to

²⁸⁵ "The 1991 Gulf War and Jordan's Economy," <u>Middle East Review of International Affairs</u>, Vol. 6, No. 2 (June 2002).

 $^{^{287}}$ Id. Jordan's economy also was affected by its political isolation due to its failure to join the coalition opposing Iraq's invasion of Kuwait.

²⁸⁸ See letter dated 8/20/90, from the Permanent Representative of Jordan to the United Nations Addressed to the President of the Security Council, United Nations Security Council document S/21620 (8/24/90). Jordan's letter identified a host of negative economic consequences from the Iraqi embargo. Overall, Jordan stated it would incur a "direct financial loss" of at least \$1.5 billion annually, and cited consequences that could subject its economy to "total collapse."

²⁸⁹ Special Report of the Security Council Committee Established by Resolution 661 (1990) Concerning the Situation Between Iraq and Kuwait on the Communication Received from Jordan with Regard to Special Economic Problems Arising from the Carrying Out of the Measures contained in Resolution 661 (1990), U.N. Security Council Document S/21786 (9/18/90).

develop appropriate remedies, "including especially the question of supply of petroleum and its derivatives."

An Annex to the Special Report included a response from the Jordanian Ambassador to questions posed by the U.N. 661 Committee. In it, Jordan disclosed that its annual oil imports from Iraq totaled 16 million barrels of crude oil per annum at \$16 per-barrel. Jordan also stated:

"Until this supply can be ensured, Jordan should be given waiver on an interim basis to continue importing oil and oil derivatives from Iraq. It is being understood that all such imports will be halted once an alternative source of energy is ensured provided the above prices are applicable and financing is made against loans to be repaid over a period of 30 years with 10 years' grace period at a 3 per cent interest rate per annum."

Neither the U.N. 661 Committee nor the U.N. Security Council ever formally approved Jordan's request for assistance under Article 50.²⁹⁰ The U.N. 661 Committee did, however, recommend that the U.N. Security Council "take note" of Jordan's trade with Iraq. The U.N. Security Council received this recommendation from the 661 Committee, but did not take any formal action in response. According to the Iraq Survey Group, "Essentially, the Committee neither approved nor condemned Jordan because of its dependence on Iraqi oil at the time."²⁹¹

For the first few years of the sanctions, Jordan regularly reported to the U.N. Security Council on its trade with Iraq under this arrangement. Jordan also regularly informed the U.N. 661 Committee of goods it exported to Iraq, such as food and medicine, and the quantity of oil and fuel oil it imported from Iraq. In the mid-1990s, the Jordanian reports became less frequent, but resumed in regularity after a request from the U.N. 661 Committee. By the late 1990s, though, these reports became sporadic. 292

Iraq-Jordan Protocol. Jordan's trade with Iraq, including its oil trade, was conducted according to "protocols" that were negotiated annually between Iraq and Jordan. As described by the Iraq Survey Group, under these protocols, "Iraq trucked both crude oil and oil products – fuel oil, gas oil, LPG, base oil, and gasoline—to Jordan under the agreement, according to SOMO records. Crude shipments rose from about 45,000 barrels per day (bbl/d) in 1990 to 79,000 bbl/d by 2002." 293

The vast majority of Jordan's trade with Iraq was conducted through credit arrangements, with no cash being provided to Iraq. The Iraq Survey Group explained, "The Jordan Protocol is generally referred to (by Jordanian and Iraqi officials) as a 100 percent credit account, with no cash being provided to Iraq." According to SOMO documents obtained by the ISG, a "small portion" of the trade was conducted according to a 60 percent credit and 40 percent cash arrangement: "SOMO documents list oil sales to the Jordanian Ministry of Energy and Minerals on a 60-percent credit, 40-percent cash basis. Contracts of this type are listed only for 2002 and are valued at only \$6.2 million." Due to this atypical financing arrangement, the ISG Report stated, "It is possible, maybe even likely, that Iraqi oil sales under the 60/40 arrangement ... are not technically part of the trade Protocol." Description of the trade Protocol.

 $^{^{250}}$ The U.N. Security Council did not approve any of the multiple Article 50 requests made during the sanctions period.

²⁹¹ ISG Report, Regime Finance and Procurement, p. 24.

²⁹² Subcommittee Minority Staff review of U.N. 661 Committee minutes, 1990-2002.

²⁹³ ISG Report, Regime Finance and Procurement, p. 24.

²⁹⁴ Id. at 25.

²⁹⁵ Id.

Annex A of the Iraq Survey Group report contains a translation of the 2003 Iraq-Jordan Trade Protocol, which was in place at the time of the Khor al-Amaya incident. The translated protocol contains language indicating that the protocol was never intended to apply to Iraqi oil shipments carried on seagoing tankers for sale to third parties.

The first of three parts of the 2003 Iraq-Jordan trade protocol was signed in Baghdad, on November 21, 2002, by Iraqi Oil Minister Rashid and Jordanian Minister of Energy and Minerals Mohamed Batayinah. The first part of the protocol stated that Saddam Hussein had "authorized a grant of \$300 million to the people of Jordan. The grant will be from the value of oil and its derivatives that Jordan imports during 2003." The agreement specified that this grant would be provided in monthly installments of \$25 million, to be deducted by the value of the oil sold by Iraq to Jordan. It further provided, "All dues from crude oil that is imported from Iraq to Jordan in 2003 shall be paid in cash," and that such funds shall be used "for financing exports related to improving, supplementing, necessity, and spares from the Jordanian Oil Refinery Company, for the benefit of the Iraqi Ministry of Oil."

The second part of the protocol was agreed to on the same date as the first part. It specified the daily amounts of crude oil and refined products to be supplied by Iraq to Jordan for each of the 12 months in 2003. For the 5 five months of 2003, the agreement contemplated that Iraq would provide Jordan with about 12,000 tons of oil per day, which is equivalent to about 100,000 barrels of oil per day. This part of the protocol also provides a formula for determining the price of crude oil provided to Jordan. That formula is based, in part, on the price of Iraqi oil being sold to Europe, minus an allowance of 95-cents-per-barrel for the cost of transporting the oil by truck from the city of Haditha, in western Iraq, to Jordan.²⁹⁷

Khor al-Amaya Oil Shipments. The Khor al-Amaya oil shipments were not sold according to the pricing formula in the Iraq-Jordan trade protocol, and the shipments did not meet the characteristics of the trade conducted under the protocol. Moreover, despite requests from interested parties, neither the United Nations nor the United States ever agreed to describe the Khor al-Amaya cargoes as the product of transactions in accordance with U.N. sanctions.

In early 2003, when the Khor al-Amaya oil shipments were first purchased by Jordan, the pricing terms in the 2003 Iraq-Jordan trade protocol would not have produced the low \$7 per-barrel rate that Jordan actually paid for the oil. For example, under the protocol's pricing formula, even if Basrah Light crude oil were selling as low as \$20 barrel for European purchasers, the price to Jordan under the protocol, even after application of the transportation and 40 percent discounts, would have been \$11 per-barrel. The Khor al-Amaya price of \$7 per-barrel is so substantially less, that it indicates the shipments were not priced according to the formula specified in the Jordan-Iraqi protocol in effect at the time.

Further evidence that the Khor al-Amaya shipments were not contemplated by the protocol is provided in the third part of the protocol, which specifies various quantities and transportation costs for Iraqi oil to be delivered to Jordan. The text provisions establish costs for "tanker" trucks traveling on roads between Iraq and Jordan; they do not contemplate tanker ships.

²⁹⁶ <u>Id</u>. at 146-153.

²⁹⁷ The protocol states:

[&]quot;Between January 1", 2003 and December 31, 2003, the price of crude oil shall be in accordance with the pricing formula demonstrated below:

The light, Basra crude oil price shall be paid in USD per-barrel, the price is for a tank load from station (T1) in Iraq that will be equal to the light Basra crude oil that is announced for Europe, from the delivery of the Arab Gulf for the month that the load occur, minus \$0.95 per-barrel, from December 31, 2002, a review on the amount will occur if changes ensue on transportation force.

the amount will occur if changes ensue on transportation fare.

In case the actual price is higher than \$20 per-barrel, the Jordanian side will be granted a deduction of 40% for the increase for the light Basra crude oil that is announced in Europe."

The "T1" station is a crude oil pumping station near the city of Haditha, 150 miles northwest of Baghdad, and 200 miles northeast of the Jordanian border. Under the previous Jordan-Iraq protocols as well, oil was delivered by pipeline to the T1 station, where it was then loaded onto trucks for transportation by road into Jordan for use in the Zarqa refinery.

For example, the protocol states: "Starting 2/1/2003 the Iraqis will continue to deliver 28% of Jordan's needed crude oil shipments which quantities and daily average have been decided [in the November 21, 2002 agreement.]" It identifies the "shipping cost" as 10 Jordanian dinars per ton "minus 200 Jordanian Fils towards safety, transportation arrangement and road maintenance for the oil tankers during the bidding execution period." (Emphasis added.) Another paragraph states: "Arrangements and communication will be maintained regarding road maintenance between the crude oil shipping stations in (T1) and the Iraqi-Jordanian border, in order to follow up and implement the plan in the shortest possible period and to improve the crude oil tanker's line." (Emphasis added.) Yet another section makes it clear that the term "tankers" refers to trucks: "The Iraqi side will commit to the predetermined regulation number (42) of 2002 and the decisions issued by the Jordanian Cabinet of Ministers when dealing with the maximum dimensions, total weight, and engine capacity of the crude oil tankers. According to the Minister's Cabinet decision number 1626 dated 6/25/2002, the maximum total weight should not exceed five tons per truck (tanker), excluding the liquid gas tankers."

The protocol's focus on tanker trucks is a logical reflection of the fact that the overland transport of oil between Jordan and Iraq, which share a common border, was economically beneficial for both countries. In the 12 years since the U.N. and the U.S. "took note" of Iraq-Jordan trade, the evidence indicates that Iraqi oil was routinely supplied to Jordan by truck, as indicated in the trade reports supplied by Jordan to the U.N. 661 Committee. In fact, the Subcommittee Minority Staff is unaware of any deliveries by ship of Iraqi oil to Jordan during the sanctions period, outside the OFF program, other than the Khor al-Amaya incident, and unaware of any instance in which the Iraq-Jordan protocol was used or interpreted in a manner suggesting that Jordan had authority to export Iraqi oil in large tankers through the Persian Gulf outside the Oil-for-Food program.

Additionally, the oil trade under the Iraq-Jordan protocol appears to have applied to oil purchased by Jordan for its own use; no protocol provisions appear to contemplate Jordan's buying below-market oil from Iraq for resale to other countries or oil traders. Moreover, Jordan's customary practice was to report all trade occurring under the protocol to the United Nations in regular trade reports provided to the U.N. 661 Committee. The evidence suggests, however, that Jordan never informed the 661 Committee about the Khor al-Amaya incident – before, during, or after it occurred.

The following table summarizes how the Khor al-Amaya oil shipments differed from typical oil shipments that took place under the Iraq-Jordan trade protocol.

Method of Resale of Oil Subject to Jordan Transportation Outside Jordan Price Formula Informed UN Typical Oil Shipments Yes via Trade Protocol weight of 5 tons (max) Khor al-Amava Oil Ships, Yes No No Shipments weight of 90.000 -260,000 tons

Table 5: Comparison of Trade Protocol and Khor al-Amaya Oil Shipments

Table 5. Key differences between Khor al-Amaya oil shipments and typical oil shipments conducted under the lraq-Jordan trade protocol.

High-ranking Iraqi officials interviewed by Subcommittee staff stated that the Iraqi Oil Ministry had not considered the Khor al-Amaya oil shipments to have been permitted under U.N. sanctions and had been concerned about possible action by the Maritime Interdiction Force to confiscate the oil. Senior oil ministry officials familiar with the oil trade under the Iraq-Jordan protocols told the Subcommittee that they did not participate in any discussions with Jordanian officials about the Khor al-Amaya shipments, nor were these shipments discussed with Jordan in connection with negotiations over the 2003 trade protocol. Iraqi Vice President Ramadan indicated that he did not have any contacts with Jordanian officials about the Khor al-Amaya oil shipments.

Finally, as Bayoil's experience demonstrates, Jordan was never able to provide, and Bayoil was never able to obtain, documentation from either the United Nations or the United States indicating that these shipments had been made in accordance with U.N. requirements for Iraqi oil sales under the Oil-for-Food program or satisfied U.S. requirements permitting Iraqi oil imports into the United States. Throughout the summer of 2003, Bayoil aggressively tried to obtain documentation from either Jordan or OFAC attesting to the legality of the oil shipments loaded at Khor al-Amaya, so that Bayoil could obtain financing, buy the oil, and import it into the United States. At one point, Bayoil informed OFAC that no documents were available showing that the shipments were made in accordance with the OFF program, but asserted the shipments were nonetheless legal and did not violate U.N. sanctions or U.S. law.²⁹⁸ OFAC never responded to Bayoil's multiple requests for a statement that the Khor al-Amaya exports from Iraq did not violate U.N. sanctions.

Jordan and Bayoil asserted that, because the United Nations looked the other way and allowed direct oil sales between Iraq and Jordan carried out by truck, it should do the same for oil sales between Iraq and Jordan carried out by ship. But the oil transported by truck was for Jordan's own use and did not require international documentation signifying compliance with U.N. sanctions and the Oil-for-Food program. In the Khor al-Amaya incident, Jordan tried to resell the oil it obtained from Iraq at below-market prices. In that situation, oil traders, their lenders, and the countries asked to accept the imports were being asked, not simply to look the other way from a transaction between Iraq and Jordan, but to take an affirmative position that the oil sales had complied with U.N. sanctions. Neither the United Nations nor the United States would supply written documentation signifying that the Khor al-Amaya oil sales had been made in accordance with U.N. sanctions and the Oil-for-Food program.

E. U.S. GOVERNMENT RESPONSE TO SUBCOMMITTEE INQUIRIES

The information gathered by the Subcommittee on the 2003 Khor al-Amaya incident is extensive, but not yet complete. Two of the least forthcoming parties about this matter have been the U.S. Department of State and the U.S. Department of Defense. The Subcommittee has made several requests to both the U.S. State Department and the Defense Department to provide basic information about the Khor al-Amaya incident and about the functioning of the Maritime Interdiction Force. The Subcommittee also asked them to comment, in an unclassified manner, on evidence indicating that the United States was aware of and permitted the Khor al-Amaya shipments in violation of U.N. and U.S. sanctions on Iraq. Neither the U.S. State Department nor the Defense Department has provided the requested information.

On February 8, 2005, Chairman Coleman and Ranking Minority Member Levin wrote to Secretary of Defense Donald H. Rumsfeld requesting information about the operations of the Maritime Interdiction Force. The letter requested general information about MIF operations during the sanctions against Iraq and the following specific information about the MIF's actions in response to the Khor al-Amaya shipments:

It has been reported that, in February 2003, as many as 14 tankers loaded at least 7 million barrels of oil at or near the K[hor] al-Amaya port in Iraq in apparent violation of U.N. sanctions on Iraq (hereinafter "K[hor] al-Amaya oil").

- (a) The U.S. Department of State has informed the Subcommittee that, in February 2003, it was notified of the ships loading K[hor] al-Amaya oil and immediately notified the Department of Defense (DOD). Please confirm that this notification took place and provide copies of all related documentation.
- (b) On January 13, 2005, the <u>Financial Times</u> reported that Saybolt, a Dutch company under contract with the U.N. to oversee oil exports from Iraq, sent an

²⁹⁸ Letter dated 6/12/03, from Bayoil's legal counsel, Dickstein, Shapiro, Morin & Oshinsky, LLP to OFAC.

email on February 17, 2003, to the U.S. Navy's Maritime Liaison Office (MLO) in Bahrain, which coordinated MIF activities, notifying the office of the ships loading K[hor] al-Amaya oil and received an acknowledgment from the MLO on the same day. Please confirm that this notification took place and provide copies of all related documentation.

- (c) It has been reported that other parties in addition to the U.S. State Department and Saybolt notified DOD or the MIF about the ships loading K[hor] al-Amaya oil. Please confirm whether these notifications took place and provide copies of all related documentation.
- (d) Please describe what actions DOD and the MIF took in response to being notified about ships loading K[hor] al-Amaya oil. Is it accurate that the MIF took no action to board, divert, or otherwise intercede with these ships?
- (e) On February 3, 2005, the <u>Los Angeles Times</u> reported that, "Oil traders were told informally that the U.S. let the tanks go because Amman [Jordan] needed oil to build up its strategic reserves before the U.S.-led invasion of Iraq" and that U.N. officials had "confirmed" this description of events.
 - (i) Did DOD or any U.S. official make an affirmative decision not to intercede with the ships loading K[hor] al-Amaya oil? If so, who made that decision and why?
 - (ii) Did DOD ever advise the MIF not to intercede with the ships loading K[hor] al-Amaya oil? Is DOD aware of any action taken by any U.S. official to advise the MIF not to intercede with the ships loading K[hor] al-Amaya oil?
 - (iii) What is DOD's understanding regarding the role of Jordan or any Jordanian business relative to the K[hor] al-Amaya oil?
 - (iv) Please provide copies of all documentation related to the decision by MIF on how to handle the ships loading K[hor] al-Amaya oil.
- (f) The <u>Financial Times</u> reported that the K[hor] al-Amaya oil was sold to the "Middle East Oil Refinery, in Alexandria, Egypt; to a refinery in Aden, Yemen; and to Malaysia and China." What is DOD's understanding of what happened to the K[hor] al-Amaya oil? Please provide copies of all documentation related to the disposition of the K[hor] al-Amaya oil.
- (g) The <u>Financial Times</u> reported that the K[hor] al-Amaya oil was sold for at least \$150 million in "illegal profits" and "[a]bout another \$50 million went to [Saddam] Hussein's cronies." What is DOD's understanding regarding any funds produced by the transfer of the K[hor] al-Amaya oil, including the extent to which any such funds were provided to persons associated with Saddam Hussein? Is there any evidence that funds associated with K[hor] al-Amaya oil have been used to support the insurgency effort in Iraq? Please provide copies of all documentation related to any funds produced by the transfer of the K[hor] al-Amaya oil.²⁹⁹

The Defense Department has not provided any information in response to this letter.

At the Subcommittee's February 15, 2005, hearing on the Oil-for-Food program, Senator Levin asked a representative of the U.S. State Department, Patrick Kennedy, Ambassador to the

²⁹⁹ Letter dated 2/8/05, from the Subcommittee to Defense Secretary Donald Rumsfeld,.

United Nations for Management and Reform at the U.S. Mission to the United Nations, to comment on the K[hor] al-Amaya shipments:

"I would ask that we make part of the record a number of documents which I will ask the Ambassador to comment on for the record relative to some ship deliveries ... of Iraqi oil ... for Jordan, which apparently were escorted by American ships. There have been a number of press reports on those deliveries and I would ask that we make part of the record at this time a number of documents which we have received by subpoena in the record." ³⁰⁰

After the hearing, on March 9, 2005, Chairman Coleman and Ranking Minority Member Levin wrote to Ambassador Kennedy, repeating the request for the U.S. State Department's comments on the three K[hor] al-Amaya documents included in the hearing record, and asked for the following additional information:

- Please indicate the extent to which these documents are factually accurate in relation to the 2003 oil shipments.
- (2) Please indicate the extent to which these documents provide accurate information about whether the oil shipments were undertaken with the knowledge and approval of the U.N., the 661 Committee, and the United States, and please identify and correct any factual inaccuracies in this respect.
- (3) Please describe the involvement of the State Department, if any, in developing the position of the United States Government with respect to these 2003 oil shipments and provide the name of the senior decisionmakers, if any.
- (4) Please describe the involvement of the State Department, if any, in developing the position of the United States Government with respect to the oil protocols that existed between the government of Iraq and Jordan and provide the name of the senior decisionmakers, if any.
- (5) During prior communications with the Subcommittee, you indicated that the State Department received notice of the oil shipments in 2003, and, in turn, informed the Department of Defense (DOD). Please indicate, by name and job title, who at the State Department received the information about the oil shipments, who communicated the information to DOD, and who was contacted at DOD. ...
- (7) Please describe the involvement of the State Department, if any, in communicating its position on the 2003 oil shipments to the Office of Foreign Assets Control, DOD, the Maritime Interdiction Force, or entities involved in the loading and transport of oil from K[hor] al-Amaya; and what information, if any, its personnel communicated regarding these oil shipments.³⁰¹

The U.S. State Department has not provided any information in response to either the letter or Senator Levin's oral request at the February 2005 hearing.

Finally, both the U.S. State and Defense Departments have declined Subcommittee requests to make specific individuals available for an interview in an unclassified setting. The U.S. State Department, for example, has failed to date to arrange an interview of Amy Schedlebauer, the U.S. State Department official who allegedly advised a U.S. company that the United States was aware of the Khor al-Amaya shipments and had determined to take no action in response. The Defense

^{300 &}quot;The United Nations' Management and Oversight of the Oil-for-Food Program," hearing before the U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations (2/15/05), unpublished transcript (in Subcommittee files).

³⁰¹ Letter dated 3/9/05, from the Subcommittee to Ambassador Patrick F. Kennedy, U.S. Department of State.

Department failed to date to arrange an interview in an unclassified setting of U.S. Naval Commander Harry French who, in his role with the Maritime Interdiction Force, appears to have been personally informed of each oil tanker wishing to dock at Khor al-Amaya and responded that the MIF had no objection.

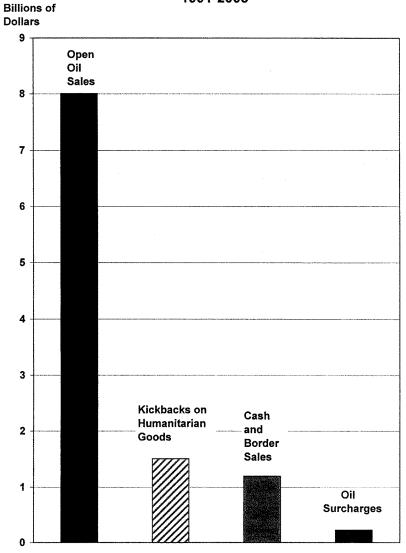


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APPENDIX

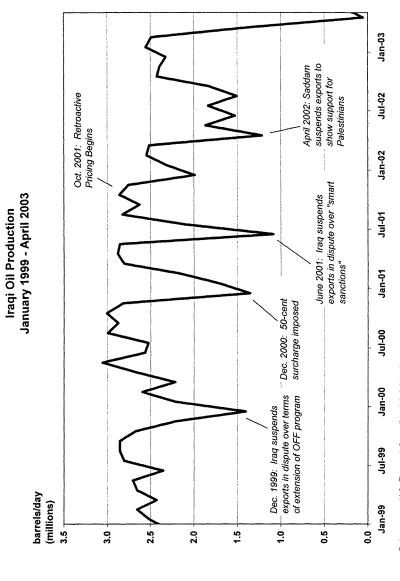
Figure 1

Illicit Iraqi Income 1991-2003



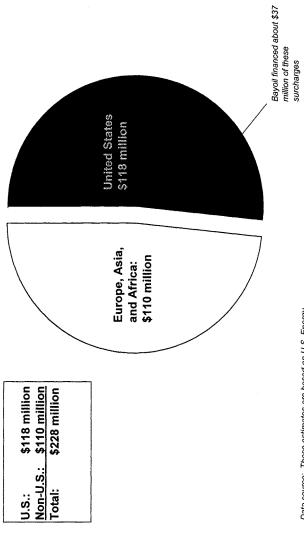
Data source: ISG Report, 9/04 Chart prepared by: Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Minority Staff

Figure 2



Data source: U.S. Energy Information Administration Chart prepared by: U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Minority Staff

Figure 3

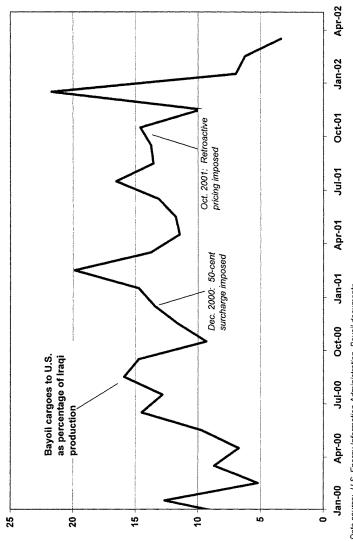


Illegal Surcharges on Iraqi Oil: Amounts Paid, by Final Destination

2000 - 2002

Data source: These estimates are based on U.S. Energy Information Administration import data, Iraqi surcharge records, and Bayoil documents.
Chart prepared by: U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Minority Staff.

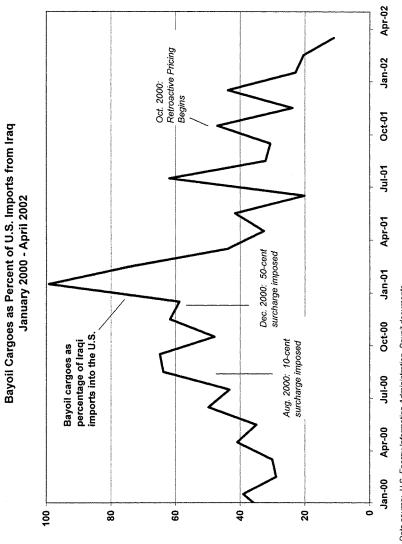
Figure 4



Bayoil Cargoes as Percent of Iraq Oil Production July 1999 - April 2002

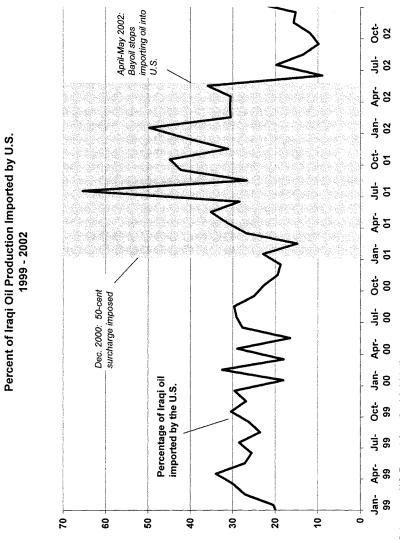
Data source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Bayoil documents Chart prepared by: U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Minority Staff





Data source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Bayoil documents Chart prepared by: U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Minority Staff

Figure 6



Data source: U.S. Energy Information Administration Chart prepared by: U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Minority Staff

Bayoil Cargoes of Iraqi Oil

acts a	o Report on and Illegal Oi	illegal Sur Il Shipment	dix to Report on Illegal Surcharges on Oil for Food acts and Illegal Oil Shipments from Khor al-Amaya	Food naya	Iraqi Oil Ga on SEI	rgoes Bou which a S PTEMBER	Iraqi Oil Cargoes Bought by Bayoll for US Market on which a Surcharge was Paid SEPTEMBER 2000 - MARCH 2002	or US Mark Paid 2002	#				Page 1 of 15	5
Sayoif Cargo Imber XXXX)	Sayoii Cargo U.N. Imber Contract xxxx) Number	Date	Iraqi Oil Allocation Holder	Lifter of Iraqi Oil (U.N. Contract Holder)	Vessei Name	Bask	Total Barrels Purchased by Bayoil (barrels)	Place Bayoii Loaded Oil B=Basrah K=Kirkuk	Purchaser from Bavoil	Amount Purchased from Bayoil (harrels)	Surcharge Rate Assessed (\$/barrell	Surcharge Rate Paid (\$/barrell	Total Surcharge Paid (S)	
5010	M/08/40	9/8/00	Mr. Zhirinovsky 9/8/00 (Russian)	¥		Paribas	2.073.906	8	Exxon	497.715		0.10		
50104	50104								Clark	550,456	0.18	0.10	55,046	
5010	_							-	Phillips	496,717				
50104									Tosco	2,062,358				
50107	30107 M/08/40	9/16/00	Mr. Zhirinovsky 9/16/00 (Russian)	XVT	BERGE PHOENIX	BBL	2.010,489	6	Lyondell	482.503				
50107				***************************************					Valero	532,426	0.18	0.30	159,728	_
50107									Exxon	501,856				
50103									Clark	522,726	0,18			_
2010										2,039,511				
50106	50109 M/08/66	9/16/00	9/16/00 Petrovietnam	PETROVIETNAM FRONT SUN	FRONT SUN	Paribas	993,510	¥	Crown (CIF)	993,510	0.10	0.10	99,351	
50108	50108 M/08/24	9/27/00	9/27/00 ALFA-ECO	ALFA-ECO	STENA COMPANION (2)	UEB	1,972,954	8	Equiva	1,050,000				
30100							400,000	8	Tosco	240,013				
50108							2,372,954		Clark	546,227	0.10	0.10	54,623	
50108	_								Clark	536,171				
2010	3					-				2,372,411				
50110	50110 M/08/66	10/14/00	10/14/00 Petrovietnam	PETROVIETNAM SKYROS	SKYROS	UEB	2,111,018	8	Tosco	476.089		0.10	47.609	
50110			The same of the sa						Clark	537,439				
50110									Clark	541,818	0.10	0.10	54,182	
50110	_								Ciark	542,583				
20110										2,097,929		-		
				STAVANGER	STAVANGER									
2011	50112 M/08/56	10/12/00	10/12/00 Petrovietnam	PETROVIETNAM	PRINCE	Paribas	519,581	¥	Valero	520,897	0.10	0.10	52,090	
50111	50111 M/08/24	10/29/00	10/29/00 ALFA-ECO	ALFA-ECO	AMAZON EAGLE (5)	Paribas	700,000	8	Sea Giant at		0.10		and the same of th	
50111							1,050,000	8	Fujairah B/L.		0.10			
50111				ITALTECH			157,223	8	10/19/00					
50111		10/19/00		ONCE	SEA GIANT (3)		1,944,946		Clark	494,656		-	49,466	
20111									Clark	506,938	0.10	0.10	50,694	
5									Clark	505,399			50,540	
11100				-			Ī		Exxon	491,263	0.10	0.10	49,126	
				1			-			1,990,430	_	_	-	

Source: Bayoi Documents and SOMO Documents Prepared by U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Minority Staff

Appendix to Report on lilegal Surcharges on Oil for Food Iraqi Oil Cargoes Bought by Bayoil for US Market Contracts and lilegal Oil Shipments from Khor al-Amaya SEPTEMBER 2000 - MARCH 2002

Page 2 of 15

Bayoil Cargo U.M. Number Contract	Bayoii Cargo U.N. Number Contract -(xxxxx) Number	Date Loaded	Iraqi Oil Allocation Holder	Lifter of Iraqi Oil (U.N. Contract Holder)	Vessel Name	Bank	Total Barrels Purchased by Bayoil (barrels)	Place Bayoii Loaded Oii B=Basrah K=Kirkuk	Purchaser from Bayoil	Amount Purchased from Bayoil (barrels)	Surcharge Rate Assessed (\$/barret)	Surcharge Rate Paid (\$/barrel)	Total Surcharge Paid (\$)
50111	50111 M/08/24	10/26/00	10/26/00 AI FA-ECO	ALFA-ECO	1		1 907 223		Reverse (OLYMPIA SPIRIT)	-1.868.880		0.10	-186.888
50111									PACC (Clark)	496.787	0.10		
50111	-	-	***************************************		and the second live and th				N. Amordos	611,015			- Teresona
50111									Alegend	503,034			
50111					OLYMPIC SPIRIT		2,482.908		to LOOP		0.10		
50111									TOSCO	525,000			52,500
50111		-	The second secon						rosco	193,680			
50111									89	300,000		0.10	
50111									ENRON	300,000	-	-	
50111									AMOCO	500,000			50,000
50111									TOSCO	300,000	4		
50111		-	The second secon	The state of the s					TOSCO	344,664			
50111										2,463,344			
			Mr. Zhirinovsky		LICORNE						-		
50115	50115 M/08/40	11/11/00	11/11/00 (Russian)	¥X.	PACIFIQUE	Paribas	1,882,481	80	TOSCO	525.000	0.18	0.30	-
20113		-				1			cayon Storage	920,321			1
50115									rosco	525,000	-	0.30	157,500
50115	-								TOSCO	331,321		-	
50115									VALERO	54,281			
50115							-		VALERO	447,719			
50115										2,739,642			
50118	SOLITE MINRINE	41/13/00	Sonatrach	SCANDINAVIAN	SETEBELLO	Darihae	2 136 10E	α	NOBVEN	471 165	-		
50118			1		,,,,		201120114		CLARK	547.216	0.10	0.10	54.722
50118									Shuttle to O.SPIRIT	611.015			ĺ
50118									Shuttle to O.SPIRIT	503,039		0.10	
50118										2,132,435	0.10		
50122	50122 MJ09407	12/29/00		ITAI TECH	AMAZON	ä	2 002 854	¥	EXXONMOBIL Rotterdam	2 022 854	0.20	0.19	384 342
									A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	-			
			CALCULATION CONTRACTOR	The same of the sa			-		CONTRACTOR OF THE PERSON OF TH				

Source: Bayoil Documents and SOMO Documents Prepared by U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Minority Staff

Appendix to Report on Illegal Surcharges on Oil for Food Contracts and Illegal Oil Shipments from Khor al-Amaya

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	Rate Paid Surcharge (\$/barrel) Paid (\$)	9		0.19 103,972				0.20 104.788				0.20 14,994		0.19 420,197	0.19 95.284		0.19 /6,566	0.19 248.817			0.19 101.805			-			0.19 192,737		0.19 183.189				0.30 140.268
		0.29		0.29				0.18			0.18	0.18		0.29	0.29						0.29					0.29			0.29				030
Amount Purchased	from Bayoil Assessed (barrels)	553,020	523.690	547.222	520.394	2,144,326		523,939	502,534	394,804	319,817	74,968	1,816,062	2,211,564	501.496	000	402,978	1.309.564	2,214,038		535.815	524,155	527,540	542,863	2,130,373	987 018	1,014,405	2,001,423	964,154	886,334	1,850,488		467 560
	B=Basrah Purchaser from K=Kirkuk Bayoil	PACC (Clark)	Valero	Clark	Clark			Valero	Coastal	Sun Storage	Exxon	ALON USA		SETTEBELLO (3)	GULFSTREAM (Curacao)	GULFSTREAM	(Curacao)	Hovensa (St. Croix)			Enron	Clark	Valero	Valero		AGIP	Petrogal		Exxon	Exxon			ū
Place Bayoif Loaded Oil	B=Basrah Purch K=Kirkuk Bayoil	×	And the same of th					60						B	80						×					60			8				α
Total Barrels Purchased	by Bayoil (barrels)	2,150,170						1,820,015						2,371,092	2.211.564						2.140.302					2 103 854		The second secon	2,007,757				2 635 342
	Bank	BCV	-											UEB	UEB						UEB	-				UEB			₹ S				Parihae
	Vessel Name	AMAZON FALCON (5)					ACTEO BETA	(2)						TINA (3)	SETTEBELLO (3)						EAGLE (7)	or commercial property of the commercial propert				HELLESPONT PARADISE	The state of the s	by UN	GOLDEN			HELLESPONT	CAPITO
Lifter of Iragi Oil	(U.N. Contract Holder)	ITALTECH					THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED AND ADDRESS	TNK						ITALTECH	тагтесн	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH		****			ITALTECH					ITALTECH		50123 *=Calculated from total lifted by Bayoil and total authorized by UN	ITALTECH				NAFTA
Iraqi Oil	Altocation Holder						Mr Zhirinoveky	1/12/01 (Russian)	A COLUMN TO THE PARTY OF THE PA					-		AND												i lifted by Bayoil a	The first of the second of the				
	Date Loaded	1/27/01						1/12/01						1/20/01	277/01						2/10/01					1/29/01		d from tota	1/24/01			910	1/27/01
U.N.	Number Contract	M/09/07	50127					50117C M/08/40						50124 M/09/07	50124B M/09/07					Control and Control of the Control o	50131 M/09/07					50123 M/09/07*		-=Calculate	50128 M/09/07*			907007	50129 M/09/28
Bayoii Cargo U.N.	Number Contract (V-xxxxx) Number	50127	50127	50127	50127	50127		50117C	50117C	50117C	50117C	50117C	50117C	50124	50124B	arctor.	267100	501248	50124B		50131	50131	50131	50131	50131	50123	50123	50123	50128	50128	50128	0000	50129

Source: Bayoil Documents and SOMO Documents Prepared by U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Minority Staff

Appendix to Report on Illegal Surcharges on Oil for Food Contracts and Illegal Oil Shipments from Khor al-Amaya

Cargo Number	Bayoil Cargo U.N. Number Contract		Iraqi Oil Allocation	Lifter of Iraqi Oil (U.N. Contract			2 P _	Bayoil Loaded Oil B=Basrah	Bayoil Loaded Oil B=Basrah Purchaser from	Amount Surcharge Purchased Rate from Bayoil Assessed	Surcharge Rate Assessed		Total Surchange
-XXXX	A-XXXXX) Number	Loaded	Holder	Holder	Vessel Name	Bank	(barrels)	K=Kirkuk Bayoil	Bayoil	(barrels)	(\$/barrel)	(\$/barrel)	Paid (\$)
			Zakariya										
50125	50129 M/08/100		(Syrian)	CAMTECH		-			Guff/PDVSA	504,774			
50129	6								PACC (Clark)	541,911		0.30	
50129	6								Tosco	300,000			
50129	6								Morgan Stanley	114,758			
50129	6					THE R. P. LEWIS CO., LANSING, S. L. P. L.			Morgan Stanley	114.953			
50129	6				CONTROL COMPANY CONTRACTOR CONTROL CON				Morgan Stanley	77,708			
50129	6		- Annual Control of the Control of t			-			Marathon	500.000	0.30	0.30	150,000
50129	6									2,621,664			
50130	50130 M/09/25	2/14/01		ROSNEFT	MAJESTIC UNITY (5)	Paribas	2.027.902	æ	ExxonMobil	997 799			
50130					-	+		Ī	Committee	736 467	200		000
50130	0								in the second	1,972,486			
50120	50120 M/09/07	1/21/01		ITAI TECH	ASTRO RETA	iga	1 883 686	ď	Gulf/DDA/SA	878 101		0.10	
50120	0				1		200,000,1		Diamond	407 162	0.29		77 361
50120	0							-	Fixon	403 103		The Principles of the Parket	
5012C	0				CONTRACTOR DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	-			Exxon	483.668	-	0.19	
50120	0									1,878,401			
50134	50134 M/09/07	2/19/01		ITALTECH	TINA (4)	UEB	2 376 927	8	Enron	394 482		0 19	74 952
50134	4		The second secon		-			Ī	Valero	501 182	-		
50134	4			The second secon					Exxon	495.710	0.29		-
50134	4					-	The second secon	-	Exxon	499.605		-	-
50134	4				-		***************************************		Valero	488 141			
50134	4									2,379,120			
20130	Fordon action	10,000		110011111	OLYMPIC				1-2	000			
50136	S	077					1,808,24		Koch	491 554	0.29	0.0	92,532
50136	9		Andrew Company of the Party of	And in case of the Publish of the Pu	-		-	-	Coastal	491 461			
50136	9			To de Completo and the Address of the Completo and the Co	The second secon				Valero	481887	-	0 19	
50136	9									1,951,911			
50133	50133 M/09/07	2/27/01	Andrew Proposition and Property	ITALTECH	GOLDEN	BCV	2,002,056	8	Exxon	491,965			93.473
50133	3					-		_	PACC (Clark)	507,501	0.29	0.19	
50133	3								Coastal	499,362			
50133	3								Enron	504,820			
50133	3									2,003,648			

Source: Bayoil Documents and SOMO Documents Prepared by U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Minority Staff

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Iraqi Oil Cargoes Bought by Bayoil for US Market on which a Surcharge was Paid SEPTEMBER 2000 - MARCH 2002

Amount Surcharge Surcharge Total Inform Bayoil Assessed Rate Paid Surcharge (Barrels) (Sharrel) Paid (S) 624 0.29 0.19 94,183 624,837 0.29 0.19 94,183 624,837 0.29 0.19 94,648 625,031 0.29 0.19 98,942 2.044,699 Page 5 of 15 98.263 101,177 16,386 16,754 16,533 7,790 12,937 12,937 11,221 99,639 99,860 95,000 95,000 32,300 95,000 19,000 58,110 90,872 90,452 90,130 399,002 0.29 0.29 0.29 0.29 0.29 0.29 0.29 0.29 0.29 0.29 517,174 532,513 68,8175 88,176 40,999 40,999 68,090 13,807 59,059 59,444 49,657 3,133,544 500,000 500,000 170,000 500,000 100,000 305,841 2,075,841 478,275 476,063 474,369 475,113 1,903,820 2,100,011 Place

Loaded Oil

B-Basrah Purchaser from f
K-Krithuk Bayoli

D B Cxon

D B Cxon

Excent ELF Storage ALON USA Exxon Valero ELF Exxon Total iraqi Oii Cargoes Bought by Bayoii for US Market on which a Surcharge was Paid SEPTEMBER 2000 - MARCH 2002 Total Barrels
Purchased Luby Bayoil B (barrels) H 2,050,910 2,073,230 2,607,148 1,910,662 2,100,011 UEB Paribas BCV neB Š Vessei Name BERGE BOSS HELLESPONT PARADISE SETTEBELLO OLYMPIC SPIRIT (2) MARINER Liffer of Iraqi Oil (U.N. Contract Holder) ITALTECH ITALTECH ITALTECH ITALTECH Appendix to Report on Illegal Surcharges on Oil for Food Contracts and Illegal Oil Shipments from Khor al-Amaya Iraqi Oil Allocation Holder | Cargo L.N. | In Cargo L.N. | Munber Contract | Date | A | V-xxxxxx | Number | Loaded | H | Color | C 50140 M/09/07* 3/15/01 50140 50140 50140 3/22/01 2/16/01 3/23/01 50142 M/09/07* 50142 50142 50142 50142 50142 50142 50132 M09/07 50132 50132 50132 50132 50132 50132 50132 50132 50132 50132 50132 50141 M/09/07

Source: Bayoii Documentis and SOMO Documents Prepared by U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Minority Staff

Page 6 of 15 97,458 138,983 159,708 131,048 39,313 33,041 36,195 22,498 146,736 117,508 118,059 67,114 15,734 32,314 18,881 114,398 148,563 155,056 154,058 149,776 143,628 150,952 146,792 146,957 146,908 156,199 144,331 156,408 Total Surcharge Paid (\$) 0.29 030 0 0 0 0 Surcharge Rate Pald (\$/barrel) 0.22 Surcharge Rate Assessed (\$/barrel) 0.29 0.30 344,373 479,252 550,718 451,888 135,561 113,386 124,811 77,580 505,985 2,784,104 478,760 503,174 489,307 489,858 491,381 2,452,480 526,940 529,413 300,960 70,555 144,907 84,667 512,997 2,170,439 512,285 534,675 531,233 516,468 2,094,661 489,693 520,664 481,103 521,360 2,012,820 Purchaser from Bayoif Clark
Valero
PACC (Clark)
Storage
PACC
PACC
PACC
ALON USA
Valero Valero Clark Storage ALON USA ALON USA ALON USA Atlantic Coastal Valero Marathon Atlantic Koch Valero Diamond Valero Clark Valero Valero Iraqi Oli Cargoes Bought by Bayoil for US Market on which a Surcharge was Paid SEPTEMBER 2000 - MARCH 2002 Place Bayoil Loaded Oil B=Basrah I Total Barreis Purchasod by Bayoii (barreis) 2,092,093 250,000 2,342,093 2,098,080 1,995,021 457,000 2,452,021 2,013,883 1,882,126 Paribas Paribas GEB CEB BBI 88 STAVROS G.L. HELLESPONT Vessel Name ASTRO GAMMA(5) SKYROS (2) AMAZON EAGLE (8) Lifter of Iraqi Oii (U.N. Contract Holder) PETROLINE (U.A.E.) SLAVNEFT SLAVNEFT BETOIL (MOACO) Appendix to Report on Illegal Surcharges on Oil for Food Contracts and Illegal Oil Shipments from Khor al-Amaya fraqi Oil Allocation Holder 4/3/01 4/23/01 5/10/01 5/5/01 Date Loaded 5/3/01 Bayoil
Cargo U.N.
Number Contract (V-xxxxx) Number 50147 M/09/25 50147 M/09/25 50147 50147 50147 50147 50147 50147 50147 50136 M/09/59 50136 50136 50136 50138 50148 M09/45 50148 50148 50148 50148 50148 50148 50144 M/09/87 50144 M/09/87 50144 50144 50144 50143 M/09/79 50143 50143 50143

Source: Bayoii Documents and SOMO Documents Prepared by U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on investigations, Minority Staff

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Total Surcharge Paid (\$) 13.6.83 13.954 13.975 17.950 17.9 86,005 87,975 83,210 87,584 141,743 107,329 154,093 121,940 142,937 148,554 282,476 154,325 162,053 5,175 38,893 30,012 25,987 50,714 154,440 Amount Surcharge Surcharge Top Purchased Rate Surcharge 0.30 0.28 0.28 0.28 0.30 500,857 379,254 544,498 430,885 1,855,494 521,244 533,184 504,301 530,812 2,089,541 514,417 540,176 17,249 100,039 86,623 169,047 169,047 518,084 2,590,079 476,455 495,181 941,585 1,913,221 | Bayoil | Piece | Pie Marathon STORAGE ALON USA ALON ALON ALON ALON ALON PACC PREMICON Phillips Valero Valero Premcor Valero Valero Koch PACC Iraqi Oil Cargoes Bought by Bayoil for US Market on which a Surcharge was Paid SEPTEMBER 2000 • MARCH 2002 æ æ × Total Barrels
Purchased Lc
by Bayoil B
(barrels) K
1,659,776
133,000
133,000
1,692,776 1,928,233 2,096,868 1,860,777 2,092,152 Bank Paribas Paribas Paribas 8 3 Vessei Name ZANTE ASTRO BETA (4) SKYROS (3) AMAZON EAGLE (9) TINA (5) Lifter of Iraqi Oil
(U.N. Contract
Holder)
MARBEL (U.K.)
MOACO (Cyprus) See STAVROS G.L. Split ROSNEFT AL-HODA ENERGY (Ukraine) EMIROIL Appendix to Report on Illegal Surcharges on Oil for Food Contracts and Illegal Oil Shipments from Khor al-Amaya traqi Oil Allocation Holder Loaded 5/31/01 5/31/01 5/31/01 7/12/01 7/19/01 Bayoti (Margo Livi Mumber Contract (VAXXXX) Mumber Contract (VAXXXX) Mumber Control (Mos44.5 20150) (20150) (20150) (20150) (20150) (20150) (20150) (20150) (20150) (20150) (20150) (20150) (20150) (20150) (20150) (20150) 50153 M09/16 60153 60153 60153 60153 60153 60153 60153 60153 60153 M/09/87 50145 50145 50145 50145 50151 50151 50151 50156 50156 50156 50156

Source: Bayoil Documents and SOMO Documents Prepared by U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Minority Staff

145,705 164,371 159,879 152,578 45,000 95,766

135,291 135,291 136,797 136,797 39,478 5,708 26,426 87,154 45,296 41,858 150,842 149,043 164,949 157,500 22,053

0.27 0.30 0.30 0.30 0.30 Surcharge Rate Paid (\$/barrel) 0.30 0.30 0.30 Surcharge Rate Assessed (\$/barrel) 0.28 0.28 0.28 0.28 0.28 543,676 547,902 532,929 508,592 150,000 319,221 2,602,320 290,512 150,987 139,525 502,808 496,811 549,830 73,510 2,728,983 384,481 476,375 475,214 481,681 139,006 20,097 93,051 2,069,905 473,344 444,195 471,750 172,805 298,942 1,861,036 525,904 1,050,000 507,656 2,083,560 Place
Bayoii
Loaded Oil
B=Basrah Purchaser from f
K=Kirkuk Bayoii PACC
Diamond
Valero
Marathon
Enron/CITGO
Tosco STORAGE Atlantic Koch Diamond ALON USA ALON USA STORAGE iraqi Oji Cargoes Bought by Bayoil for US Market on which a Surcharge was Paid SEPTEMBER 2000 - MARCH 2002 æ 8 Total Barrels Purchased by Bayoll (barrels) 583,638 1,286,118 1,869,756 1,999,925 600,000 2,599,925 2,083,020 2,042,355 1,822,670 Paribas Paribas Paribas SC 88L 88L 3 HELLESPONT PARADISE (5) Vessei Name ASTRO GAMMA (6) HELLESPONT CAPITOL (3) OLYMPIC SPIRIT (3) STENA Lifter of Iraqi Oil (U.N. Contract Holder) ROSNEFT AL-HODA FEDERAL ROSNEFT PTSC PTSC Appendix to Report on Illegal Surcharges on Oil for Food Contracts and Illegal Oil Shipments from Khor al-Amaya Iraqi Oil Allocation Holder Mr. Isakov 8/21/01 (Russian) 7/20/01 7/13/01 7/13/01 8/6/01 Date Loaded Bayoil Cargo U.N.
Number Contract
(V-xxxxx) Number 50149 M/09/126 50149 50149 50161 M/10/15 50161 50161 50161 50161 50161 50161 50157 M/09/15 50157 M/09/57 50157 50157 50157 50157 50157 50157 50157 50155 M/10/14 50155 50165 50155 50155 50155 60152 M/09/27 50152 M/09/67 50152 50152 50152 50152 50152

Source: Bayoit Documents and SOMO Documents Prepared by U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Minority Staff

57,275 53,748 57,082 20,909 36,172

Total Surcharge Paid (\$) 157,771 315,000 152,297

Page 9 of 15 56,220 142,533 56,242 92,414 152,917 95,571 32,634 14,608 3,365 14,658 89,793 135,720 132,009 149,518 127,707 56,731 108,070 149,081 26,631 59,999 63,050 158,622 156,796 298,200 82,825 Total Surcharge Paid (\$) 0.28 0.12 0.28 Surcharge Rate Assessed (\$/barrel) 0.28 0.28 0.28 0.28 0.30 0.28 0.28 0.28 0.30 0.30 0.28 579,216 197,784 88,531 20,336 88,834 544,203 539,257 2,058,161 189,102 360,234 496,936 88,771 199,996 210,168 528,739 522,652 2,596,598 1,050,000 396,930 2,131,438 Amount Purchased from Bayoil (barrels) 197,959 501,877 198,035 325,402 538,440 1,959,672 477,889 464,819 526,471 449,673 1,918,852 684,508 Place
Bayoil
Loaded Oil
B=Basrah Purchaser from
K=Kirkuk Bayoil Equiva STORAGE ALON USA ALON USA ALON USA Valero Atlantic STORAGE ALON USA ALON USA ALON USA ALON USA Diamond Valero STORAGE STORAGE Marathon Marathon Premcor Valero Koch Koch Valero Equiva Lyondell Valero PACC Iraqi OII Cargoes Bought by Bayoll for US Market on which a Surcharge was Paid SEPTEMBER 2000 - MARCH 2002 œ 2,070,270 2,270,270 1,981,002 150,000 1,896,646 Total Barreis Purchased by Bayoil (barreis) 1,911,822 2,096.421 Paribas Paribas Paribas βς BBL 3 BBL Vessel Name STENA COMPANION (3) ASTRO BETA MAGDELAINE SETEBELLO MACHINO- AMAZON IMPORT (Russia) EAGLE (10) Lifter of Iraqi Oil (U.N. Contract Holder) ROSNEFT ROSNEFT ROSNEFT EMIROIL PTSC OMN Appendix to Report on Illegal Surcharges on Oil for Food Contracts and Illegal Oil Shipments from Khor al-Amaya 8/26/01 Petrovietnam Mr. Isokov (Russian) Mr. Zhirhovsky 9/3/01 (Russian) Dr. Shakir Al 1 Khafaji Mr. Isakov (Russian) Iraqi Oil Allocation Holder Mr. Isakov 8/15/01 (Russian) 8/1/01 8/25/01 Date Loaded 50102 50102 50102 50102 50102 50102 50102 50102 50102 Bayoil
Cargo U.N.
Number Contract
(V-xxxxx) Number 50160 50160 50160 50160 50160 50160 50159 M/10/15 50159 50159 50159 50159 50163 M/10/14 50166 50166 50166 50166 50166 50166 50166 50166 50166 50163 MV10/15 50163 50163 50160 M/10/24

Source: Bayoil Documents and SOMO Documents Prepared by U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on investigations. Minority Staff

Bayoil Cargo U.N. Number Contract (V-xxxxx) Number 50163B M/10/14												
50163B M/1C	ract	iraqi Oli Allocation	Lifter of Iraqi Oil (U.N. Contract			Total Barrels Purchased by Bayoil	Ptace Bayoil Loaded Oil	Place Bayoil Loaded Oll	Amount Purchased from Bavoil	Surcharge Rate Assessed	Surcharge Rate Paid	Total Surcharde
			Holder)	Vessel Name Ban	Bank	(barrels)		Bayoil	(barrels)		(\$/barrel)	
	1		1000	01: 4200100	100	200,000	2	Varero	Cet'inc	-	THE PERSON	
50163C M/10/14	П	11/17/01 Petrovietnam	ex STORAGE	SEA NESTOR	BBL	349,202	8	Hovensa	349,616	0.30	0.12	41,954
50171 84/09/83	183 9/26/01	101	CONSULT AND	ALDAWHA	Paribas	1 001 901	¥	Valero	248 298		-	-
50171	H		1					Valero	249,241	0.27	0.28	68,541
50171									497,539			
50172 M/10/77	++	Mr. Ali Ballot 10/1/01 (Lebanese)	PRIMACOSA (Cyprus)	SABINE	881.	1,001,791	¥	Hovensa	100,905	0:30	0:30	30,272
50154 M/10/15	115 9/8/01	Mr. Isokov 01 (Russian)	ROSNEFT (Russia)	SAHARA	Paribas	2.356,360	8	Valero	531,027	İ		150.812
50154								Premcor	451,617			
50154				The state of the s	-			Valero	531,574	0.28	0.28	
50154								STORAGE	384,741			
50154								Premcor	149,303			
50154	_							PACC	219,417			
50154								PACC	450,147			
50154									2,717,826			
50164 M/10/15	115 9/15/01	Mr. Isakov 01 (Russian)	ROSNEFT (Russia)	NOTO	8	1,990,489	8	Valero	511,591			
50164								Diamond	485,347	0.28	0.28	
50164	-							Valero	499,518			
50164								Valero	491.668			
50164	***************************************								1,988,124			
50167 M/10/58		Mr. Wafa Tawfiq WELLS Alsayigh MAINTEI 10/13/01 (Palestinian) CO. (Qaf	MATIONAL OIL WELLS MAINTENANCE CO. (Qatar)	ATLANTIS	BCV	1.000.452	×	Valero	249.074			
50167								Valero	249,983	0.30	0.30	74.995
50167								Valero	499,947		-	
50167									999,004			
50165 M/10/67		Mr. Zhirinovsky 10/10/01 (Russian)	LUKOit (Russia)	LICORNE PACIFIQUE (3) Paribas	Paribas	1,908,566	×	Valero	456,112			
50165								Valero	476,051			
50165								Equiva	474,373	0.30	0.30	142,312
50165	_							Valero	211,009			
50165								Valero	290,706			
50165									1,908,251			

Source: Bayoil Documents and SOMO Documents Prepared by U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on investigations, Minority Staff

Page 11 of 15 155,723 148,838 151,211 149,144 132,283 157,199 156,804 158,115 155,284 155,859 160,985 157,258 65,391 195,536 626,218 158,314 Total Surcharge Paid (\$) Surcharge Surcharge 1 Assessed Rate Paid (\$/barrel) (\$/barrel) 1 0.30 0.30 0.30 0.30 0.30 0.28 0.28 0.28 0.28 0.30 0.30 0.30 0.30 0.30 0.28 0.28 0.28 0.28 548,320 524,076 532,434 525,154 465,784 2,595,768 Amount Purchased from Bayoll / (barrels) 527,712 523,995 522,679 527,050 517,612 2,091,336 519,529 536,615 524,193 217,969 2,326,018 349,150 651,787 ,000,937 2,087,393 Place
S Bayoil
Loaded Oil
B=Basrah Purchaser from f
K=Kirkuk Bayoil Premcor Vatero Koch Valero Valero Valero Valero Valero Valero Valero Koch Iraqi Oil Cargoes Bought by Bayoil for US Market on which a Surcharge was Paid SEPTEMBER 2000 - MARCH 2002 æ 1,046,838 Total Barrels Purchased by Bayoil (barrels) 2,080,447 2,588,824 300,000 1,002,406 1,050,000 2,022,622 Vessel Name Bank (HELLESPONT PARADISE (6) Paribas Paribas Paribas Paribas 90 BCV 8 AMAZON EAGLE (11) FRONT OLYMPIC SPIRIT TINA (6) Lifter of traqi Oif (U.N. Contract Holder) AL-HODA (UAE) MED NAFTA NATIONAL (Qatar) PETROLINE (U.A.E.) PRIMACOSA (Cyprus) PETROLINE (UAE) ROSNEFT Appendix to Report on Illegal Surcharges on Oil for Food Contracts and Illegal Oil Shipments from Khor al-Amaya Mr. Wata Tawfiq N. Alsayigh (Palsastne) Mr. Filluni (Italian) Dr. Temam Shehab (Syrian)/The Iraqi Austrian Society 1 (Austrian) Mr. Jehad Karam (Lebanese) Iraqi Oil Allocation Holder 50168 M/10/13 10/2/01 US Person Mr. Isakov 10/9/01 (Russian) Mr. Filluni 11/15/01 (italian) 10/18/01 Date Loaded Bayoii Cargo U.N. Number Contract (V-xxxxx) Number M/10/22+M 50174 /10/68 50169 M/10/15 50169 50169 50169 50169 50169 50170 M/10/60 50170 50170 50170 50178 M/10/60 50178 50178 50174 M/10/88 50174 50174 50174 50170 M/10/58

Source: Bayoii Documents and SOMO Documents Prepared by U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Minority Staff

Page 12 of 15 139,942 89,132 165,052 156,644 148,453 120,229 52,345 68,488 136,138 131,291 129,006 149,959 152,653 136,762 136,898 141,805 136,130 140,126 Total Surcharge Pald (\$) 0.30 0.29 030 Surcharge Rate Paid (\$/barrel) 0.30 0.30 0.29 0.30 0.27 0.27 0.27 0.27 0.30 494,844 457,146 199,030 260,410 517,634 499,206 490,516 2,918,786 456,326 472,683 453,765 467,086 1,849,860 466,474 297,108 550,174 522,148 1,835,904 499,862 536,909 1,036,771 Amount Purchased 1 from Bayoil / 526,391 471,592 997,983 Place
Bayoii
Loaded Oil
B=Basrah Purchaser from 1
K=Kirkuk Bayoii Premcor STORAGE Premcor Premcor Valero Premcor Valero Diamond Chevron Valero PACC Valero Valero Valero Lyondell Premcor Valero iraqi Oil Cargoes Bought by Bayoil for US Market on which a Surcharge was Paid SEPTEMBER 2000 - MARCH 2002 മ Total Barrels
Purchased I
by Bayoll
(barrels) 1,810,523 650,000 2,460,523 1,037,579 1,840,034 1,833,263 1,003,709 Paribas Paribas Paribas Bank BBF ই ই HELLESPONT CAPITOL (4) ASTRO BETA (6) Vessel Name ASTRO GAMMA (7) OLYMPIC FLAIR VENETIA Lifter of Iraqi Oil (U.N. Contract Holder) SCAND/ACTEC PETROLINE PETROLINE ROSNEFT LUKOIL Appendix to Report on Illegal Surcharges on Oit for Food Contracts and Illegal Oil Shipments from Khor al-Amaya Iraqi Oil
Allocation
Holder
Mr. Zhirinovsky
1 (Russian) Yugoslavian Jul 11/12/01 Party Mr. Isakov (Russian)/Mr. Tatrinco – Tatarstan Russian Communist 11/28/01 Party The Roman 11/13/01 Labor Party Date 10/14/01 11/2/01 50173 M/10/67 50173 50173 50173 50173 M1016 + 50175 M11023 50175 M11023 50175 M1016 50175 50175 50175 50175 50175 50175 50175 50175 Bayoil Cargo U.N. Number Contract (V-xxxxx) Number 50180 M/10/49 50180 50180 50176 M/10/81 50176 50176 50176 50176 50181 M/10/83 50181 50181

Source: Bayoii Documents and SOMO Documents Prepared by U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Minority Staff

Appendix to Report on lilegal Surcharges on Oil for Food had in Contracts and lilegal Oil Shipments from Khor al-Amaya SEPTEMBER 2000 - MARCH 2002

Page 13 of 15

Bayoii Cargo U.N.	C.N.	L	Iraqi Oil	Lifter of Iraqi Oil			Total Barrels Purchased	Place Bayoil Loaded Oil		Amount Purchased	Surcharge Rate	Surcharge	Total
Number Contract (V-xxxxx) Number	Number Contract	Date	Allocation	(U.N. Contract Holder)	Vessel Name	Bank	by Bayoll (barrels)	B=Basrah Purcha K=Kirkuk Bayoil	B=Basrah Purchaser from K=Kirkuk Bayoil	from Bayoil (barrels)	(\$/barrel)	Rate Paid (\$/barrel)	Surcharge Paid (\$)
50179	50179 MI/10/39	12/3/01	Mr. Shafranik 12/3/01 (Russlan)	GLENCORE	LICORNE PACIFIQUE (4) Paribas	Paribas	1.920.929	×	Lyondell/C(TGO	501.781			
50179	Holder of M.	/10/39 is 5	50179 Holder of M/10/39 is SOYUZNEFT&GAS	SI			Transaction and the second		Valero	518,902	0.30	0.30	155,671
50179									Valero	483,323			ĺ
50179									STORAGE	406,631			ľ
50179						-			ALON USA	129,525			
50179									ALON USA	276,435	0.30	-	
50179										2,316,597			
70703	0000	0.00	Mr. Abdullah Alhorani	NATIONAL	FRONT								
10.00	20104 MILIOSO	10/01/21	(Falestine)	OILWELL (Galar) VIEWER	VIEVVER	rannas	1,047,011	2	Equiva	303,854		0.30	-
50.00			THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS N		The second secon		***************************************		Eduva	rue,/12	0.28		65,370
50184									Valero	513,389			
50184			***************************************						***************************************	1,035,144			
				-	SETEBELLO			T					
28106	201/01/M Z8106	11/29/01		AL-HODA (UAE)	(2)	Paribas	2.063,333	m	PACC	558,231			1
50182		The second second							Premoor	486,976	0.30	0.30	146,093
50182									Hovensa	1,015,433			
50182										2,060,640			
50187	50187 M/10/83	Russ Comr 12/27/01 Party	Russian Communist Party	SCANDINAVIAN/ ACTEC (UAE)	GENMAR ALTA Paribas	Paribas	1,034,796	¥	Valero	262.266			
50187									Valero	250,616	0.29	0.29	72,679
50187									Equiva	514,163		-	
50187										1,027,045	-		
			United Party	EMERCOM					And the same of th				
50183	50183 M/10/61	12/24/01	12/24/01 (Russian)	(Russia)	EAGLE (12)	BCV	2,105,469	¥	Valero	532,380	0.29	0.29	154,390
50183			THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T						Valero	546,826	-		
50183						The second second			Equiva	523,890		-	
50183									PACC	360,976			
50183	-	The same of the sa			-				STORAGE	120,424			0.000
50183			***************************************						ALON USA	119,734			
50183										2,204,230	****		
50188	50188 M/10/83	Russi Comr 12/26/01 Party	Russian Communist Party	SCANDINAVIAN JAMES ACTEC (JAE) SULLIV	Z	Paribas	974.158	¥	Valero	248.438	0.29		
50188				The state of the s					Valero	182.667	0.29	0.29	52.973
50188					THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T				Valero	535,368			
50188			1,11,11							966,473			-

Source: Bayoil Documents and SOMO Documents Prepared by U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Minority Staff

Iraqi Oji Cargoes Bought by Bayoji for US Market on which a Surcharge was Paid SEPTEMBER 2000 - MARCH 2002

Appendix to Report on Illegal Surcharges on Oil for Food Contracts and Illegal Oil Shipments from Khor al-Amaya

Page 14 of 15

Bayoil Cargo U.N. Number Cont	Bayoil Cargo U.N. Number Contract (V-xxxxx) Number	Date Loaded	Iraql Oil Altocation Holder	Lifter of Iraqi Oil (U.N. Contract Holder)	Vessel Name	Bank	Total Barrels Purchased by Bayoll (barrels)	Place Bayoil Loaded Oil B=Basrah Purchi K=Kirkuk Bayoil	Place Bayoil -oaded Oil B=Basrah Purchaser from K=Kirkuk Bayoil	Amount Purchased from Bayoil (barrels)	Surcharge Rate Assessed (\$/barrel)	Surcharge Rate Paid (\$/barrel)	Total Surcharge Paid (\$)
50186	50186 NV10/100	12/19/01	BC INT Mr. Mohammed (PRIMA 12/19/01 Helmi (Egyptian) Cyprus)	COSA,	STAVROS G.L.	CAI	1,050,000	8	PACC	452,227	0:30	0:30	135,668
50186	50186 MV10/88		Russian Communist Party	SOSA			735,000	æ	Valero	129,194	0:30	0:30	38,758
50186	50186 MI/10/16		Mojahedie Khalq (Iranian)	MARBEL			525,000	8	Vaiero	342,854	0.27	0:30	102,856
50186	50186 M/10/91		Mr. Ziyad Abu Alraghib (Jordanian)	BC INTL			26,475	89	Lyondell	450,099			
50186							2,336,475		Valero	460,600	0.30	0.30	138,180
50186			10.00						PACC	502,205			
50186										2,337,179			
50185	50185 M/11/40	1/19/02	Dr. Temam Shehab (Syrian)	Dr. Temam 1/19/02 Shehab (Syrian) AL-HODA (UAE)	FRONT	Paribas	1,049,385	×	Valero	521,204			
									PACC	519,314		0.30	
50194	50194 M/11/39	2/3/02	Russian Communist 2/3/02 Party	SCANDINAVIAN/ ACTEC (UAE)	FRONT SKY	BCV	1,047,832	×	Valero	527,045	0.29		, i
50194				Control of the Contro					STORAGE	516,333		0.28	
50194									ALON USA	216,426			
50194									ALON USA	63,069			
50194									ALON USA	121,320	0.29		
50194									ALON USA	113.663		0.28	31,939
50194										1,557,856			
			Alhoda Co.		STENA				The state of the s				
50189	50189 MJ11/20	2/1/02	2/1/02 (UAE)	AL-HODA (UAE)	NO	Paribas	1,000,000	¥	Valero	496,674	0.25	0.30	149,002
			Ministry of Energy & Mineral Resources										
50189	50189 M/11/93		(Jordan)	AL-HODA (UAE)			902,004	¥	Koch	478,510			
50189							1,902,004		Marathon	477,721	0:30	0.30	143,316
50189									Valero	447,260			
50189									POPULATION AND PROPERTY OF THE	1,900,165		***************************************	

Source: Bayoil Documents and SOMO Documents Prepared by U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Minority Staff

iraqi Oji Cargoes Bought by Bayoil for US Market on which a Surcharge was Paid SEPTEMBER 2000 - MARCH 2002

Appendix to Report on Illegal Surcharges on Oil for Food Contracts and Illegal Oil Shipments from Khor al-Amaya

Page 15 of 15

Bayoil Cargo U.N. Number Contrac		Date	fraqi Oil Allocation	Lifter of fraqi Oil (U.N. Contract	:		Total Barrels Purchased by Bayoil	Place Bayoil Loaded Oil B=Basrah	Place Bayoil Loaded Oil B=Basrah Purchaser from	₹ ₹	Surcharge Rate Assessed	Surcharge Rate Paid	Total Surcharge
WWWW.A		Loaded	Russian Communist	SCANDINAVIAN LICORNE	LICORNE	Dank	(parreis)	N=Nirkuk Bayon	Bayon	(Darrels)	(\$/barrel)	(S/Darrel)	Paid (5)
50190	50190 M/10/83	2/1/02 Party	Party	ACTEC (UAE)	PACIFIQUE (5) BBL	881	1,905,238	×	Valero	497,745	0.29	0.29	
20130									Marathon	475,214	0.29		
50190									STORAGE	478,789			
50190									Equiva	199,393			
50190									Equiva	312,580	-		90.648
50190									Exxon	446.806		Table Brown	-
50190	1									2,410,527			
			Mr. Shaher	CHALLED									
50191	50191 MV11/16	2/2/02	2/2/02 (Yemen)	(Yemen)	TINA (7)	3	1.344.448	00	PACC	458 762	0.30	030	137 629
50191	50191 MI/11/20		Alhoda Co. (UAE)	AL-HODA (UAE)			1.000.000		Valero	192 856	0.25		
50191		-		The state of the s			2 344 448		Valero	252 539		-	l
50191			AND THE PARTY OF T						Valero	477.541	0.25	0.25	119 385
50191									Lyondell	542,515		-	
50191									Exxon	425,034			l
50191										2,349,247			
											TARGET THE STREET OF THE STREET		
			The Russian Committee for Solidarity with										
50195	50195 M/10/25	3/4/02	3/4/02 Rudasiev)	HYPERBOREY (Ukraine)	HELLESPONT GRAND	Paribas	1.940.324	00	Atlantic	475.171	030	0.03	14 730
			Mr. Jehad Mekram	PRIMACOSA	The state of the s								
50195	50195 M/11/24		(Lebanese)	(Cyprus)			250,000		Premcor	539,633	0.26	0.03	16.189
			Mr. Ziyad Abu Alraghib						A CONTRACTOR CARBON CAR				
50195	50195 MV11/81		(Jordanian)	BC INTL			350,000	-	Premcor	543,625	0.30		
50195				The second secon			2,540,324		STORAGE	494,080	0.30		
50195			The second secon						STORAGE	490,727	0:30		
50195									Premcor (ex.stor)	520,748	0:30		15,102
50195									PACC (ex stor.)	464,437	0.30	0.03	
50195										3,528,421			
Ī													37 412 E54

Source: Bayoil Documents and SOMO Documents
Prepared by U.S. Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Minority Staff

Footnote (FN) Documents

File Copy

DICKSTEIN SHAPIRO MORIN & OSHINSKY LLI

2101 L Street NW • Washington, DC 20037-1526
Til (202) 785-9700 • Fax (202) 887-0689
Weiter's Direct Dial: (202) 828-2203
E-Mall Address Boggr@dame.com

May 22, 2002

VIA HAND DELIVERY

Mr. Elton A. Ellison Office of Foreign Assets Control U.S. Department of the Treasury 1500 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Annex, Room 2151 Washington, DC 20220

Re: Bayoil (USA) Inc., FAC No. 10-195077

Dear Mr. Ellison:

We are writing on behalf of our client, Bayoil (USA) Inc. ("Bayoil"), in response to the letter dated April 23, 2002, from Mr. David H. Harmon, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit 1: Mr. Harmon's letter asks Bayoil to submit a "complete report in writing concerning any transactions conducted pursuant to the OFAC Licenses (IQ-1457, IQ-1242, IQ-976, IQ-910, and IQ-843) or otherwise subject to the provisions of the Reporting Regulations," within 20 business days of our receipt of his letter. We received that letter on April 26, 2002, and thus this response is being provided on a timely basis.

We note at the outset that the information set forth herein was provided to us by Bayoil. We also note that Bayoil has advised us that it and its affiliates engaged in only one transaction involving Iraqi crude oil pursuant to the OFAC Licenses, and the details of that transaction are described below.

Pursuant to License IQ-843 dated August 11, 1997, Bayoil and its employees were authorized to assist Bayoil's foreign affiliate, Bayoil SA, in obtaining a contract to purchase Iraqi crude oil pursuant to the "Oil-for-Food" Program. The license was sought immediately upon Bayoil SA receiving an offer from SOMO on August 7, 1997, to obtain an allocation of crude oil if the contract could be made quickly and the lifting could occur by August 12, 1997.

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1447342 v1; VORYO1LDOG

BAY14-01961

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt - FN 5

As with many other major oil companies, Bayoil's foreign affiliates traded Iraqiorigin crude oil on the world market after UN approval as permitted by the general license in 31 C.P.R. § 575.526. We assume your request for information is not intended to cover any such transactions.

Mr. Elton A. Ellison May 22, 2002 Page 2

Bayoil SA executed by fax the contract with SOMO on August 11, 1997, to purchase 3.6 million barrels of crude oil for the U.S. market. The contract covered two cargoes: one for 2.1 million barrels of Kirkuk crude oil shipped from Ceyhan, and one for 1.5 million barrels of Basrah light crude oil shipped from Mina Al-Bakr. A copy of the contract is attached hereto as Exhibit 2.2 Also attached hereto as Exhibits 3 and 4 are the letters of credit issued in connection with the two cargoes covered by the contract. The contract was submitted by Bayoil SA's London office to the 661 Committee at the U.N. for approval on August 11, 1997, and such approval was issued on the same day. A copy of the approval is attached hereto as Exhibit 5. The first cargo was loaded at Ceyhan, Turkey, with a Bill of Lading dated August 15, 1997, and the second cargo was loaded at Mina Al-Bakr with a Bill of Lading dated August 23, 1997.

Bayoil applied for OFAC License Nos. IQ-910, IQ-976, IQ-1242, and IQ-1457, in conjunction with the beginning of the respective six-month phases of the U.N. "Oil-for-Food" Program. For example, License IQ-910 applied to the phase beginning in January 1998, and IQ-1457 applied to the phase ending in June 2001.

Given the normal delays in processing license applications at OFAC, Bayoil submitted these license applications prior to any anticipated oil contracts being offered by SOMO and to ensure compliance with the Iraqi Sanctions Regulations at the time any such contract may be offered.

However, with the exception of License IQ-843, Bayoil and its affiliates were not offered and did not enter into any further contracts with SOMO to purchase Iraqi crude oil after August 1997, pursuant to the OFAC Licenses or otherwise.³

Bayoil believes that its failure to be offered any oil contract allocations after 1997 was due to an Iraqi government policy not to sell its crude oil to any entity with a possible U.S. interest. Seeing no apparent change in this Iraqi policy, Bayoil determined that continuing to obtain OPAC licenses in the hope of a future contract was a waste of its time

BAY14-01962

We note that the attached contract has some handwritten marks on pages 3 and 5. We have been advised by Bayoil that those marks were put on this file copy after the transaction for other internal purposes and do not reflect changes to the original contract. On the other hand, the date on the last page was changed from August 9, 1997, to August 11, 1997, to reflect the date the contract was executed by Bayoil SA.

In June 1999, Bayoil and its affiliates, applied to the 661 Committee to have Bayoil's affiliate, Bayoil Supply and Trading Ltd., approved as a purchaser of Iraqi crude oil. Such approval and registration was issued by the 661 Committee on June 17, 1999, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit 6.

Mr. Elton A. Ellison May 22, 2002 Page 3

and resources, and thus no further licenses were requested after IQ-1457, which was issued on November 28, 2000.

If you require any additional information, please contact the undersigned.

Sincerely,

George T. Boggs

GTB:ms Enclosures

cc: Mr. David B. Chalmers, Jr. (w/enc.)

BAY14-01963

Translation answer to Mr. Z

Embassy of the Republic of Iraq Moscow No. 464 15 Dec. 1998

To Mr. Z Leader of LDPR

Dear Friend:

In answer of your letter address to Mr. Tariq Azis, Deputy Prime Minister of Iraq, I have the honour to convey to you the apology of the Iraqi side that Iraq cannot do any deals with American companies with sincerely

Dr. Hassan Fifahmi Juma Ambassador of Republic of Iraq, Moscow

PSI Minority Rpt - FN 5

Ok 600 ATT 1000

UNITED NATIONS



NATIONS UNIES

SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED BY RESOLUTION 661 (1990) CONCERNING THE SITUATION BETWEEN IRAQ AND KUWAIT

S/AC.25/2000/OII/1330/ FAX	15 December 2000
TO: BUYERS OF IRAQI CRUDE OIL	FROM: THE OIL OVERSEERS UNDER SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION 986 (1995)
FAX NO.:	FAX NO.: (212) 963-1628
ATTENTION:	REF.: OIL-FOR-FOOD ARRANGEMENT
TOTAL NUMBER OF TRANSMITTE	PAGES INCLUDING THIS PAGE: 1

Dear Sirs,

Following consultation with the 661 Committee, the UN Oil Overseers wish to advise Buyers of the following:

- The sanctions committee has not approved a surcharge of any kind on Iraqi Oil.
- 2) Payments for purchasing Iraqi crude oil cannot be made to a non-UN account.
- 3) Therefore, buyers of Iraqi oil shall not pay any kind of surcharge to Iraq.

Best regards

ec: SOMO SAYBOLT

16/12 '00 02:00

NR. TX/RX2317

P.001

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt - FN 11

IT-00423

Surcharge

In an action the purpose of which the acquirement by the previous regime of cash/money a surcharge was implemented on the crude oil according to an understanding of the following details.

First-Percentage of the surcharge

- 1. A decision was made in August 2000 requiring a surcharge on the shipments that will be loaded on ships starting September 1, 2000, the surcharge being \$.10 per barrel for all markets. (From the middle of the 8th phase until the end).
- The surcharge was adjusted starting with the 9th phase in December 2000 to be \$.30 per barrel for the American market and \$.25 for the others. (Continued to the end of the 11th phase)
- It was adjusted beginning May 30, 2002, to become \$.15 per barrel for all market (from the beginning of the 12th phase until the end)
- The surcharge was cancelled starting with the shipments that would be loaded September 2002, the beginning of the 13th phase.

Second-Refinery owning oil companies

When the surcharge was instituted during the 8th phase, the responses of the refinery oil companies (Total, Alf, Petropras, Agipi, Repsol, OMFI, Teprash, and others) was their unwillingness to pay because it contradicts the laws of their countries and the resolution of the United Nations. And because they were told about the surcharge payments in August for the shipments to be shipped September 1, 2000; those companies were to be nominated to buy oil for September and the following months of the 8th phase. Their unwillingness to pay was overlooked. In agreement with the Minister of Oil, they were told to continue loading shipments to continue execution of the program. And so, these companies continued loading until the end of the 8th phase by December 5, 2000. Dealing with those companies stopped during the following phases until the surcharge was cancelled on September 1, 2002, when it became necessary for Iraq to deal with those companies after the delays in shipping and the decline of the amounts of exports became an all time low.

Third- Other Factors/ Personalities

Companies and other entities (that do not own refineries) agreed to pay the surcharge, and dealing with them continued after the 8th phase. Although some of these companies declined to pay the surcharge during the 8th phase because they were told of the shipments that will be shipped on September on a late phase, and they had already sold their share of the oil to other companies before they had been told about the surcharge.

Fourth- Collecting the surcharge

PSI Minority Rpt - FN 14

The only way to guarantee payment was personal guarantee (or word), and there was no other way to force them to pay because of the sensitivity and secrecy of the operation. But, with the continuous efforts they were able to collect \$228 million of \$263 million owed (which is 87%). This was using different methods of payments, including paying with cash at the Iraqi embassies because those companies were afraid to pay at banks because they did not want to be discovered or legally liable.

About the amounts that are still owed to us, which total \$35 million, some of those companies refused to pay as we explained in paragraph 3, and some of them wanted to keep the money and expected they would be forgiven for payment. (Keeping in mind that the efforts to collect the money continued until the present circumstances). Most of the money collected was paid in the following banks and locations:

Al Ahli Bank/ Oman
French bank/ Lebanon
Sardar bank/ Lebanon
Iraqi Central Bank/ Baghdad
Al Rafidayn Bank/ Baghdad main branch
Iraqi Embassies (Moscow, Athens, Cairo, Ankara, San'aa, Vietnam, Malaysia, Rome, Vienna, Damascus, Geneva)
Company of Wasil and Babel/ United Arab Emirates

An amount of \$840,000 was collected through giving the ownership of a house to the Iraqi embassy in Moscow; this house was used as an Iraqi school (the amount Mr. Gernowisky owed was paid with his house as a substitution because he claimed he could not pay with cash).

منعق رقم (٤)

مبلغ الاسترجاع (Surcharge)

في لجراء القصد منه حصول النظام البائد على مبالغ نقدية تم فرض مبلغ الاسترجاع على المكومات الخاصة بمبالغ الاسترجاع المكونات المحلمة من النقط الخاصة بمبالغ الاسترجاع و

أولا: نسب مبالغ الاسترجاع

- أتخذ قرار في آب/٢٠٠٠ بفرض مبلغ استرجاع على الشحنات التي يتم تحميلها اعتباراً من ٢٠٠٠/٩/١ بمبلغ ١٠ سنت للبرميل لكافة الأسواق (من منتصف المرحلة الثامنة ولغاية نهاية المرحلة) ٠
- عدل المبلغ اعتبارا من بداية المرحلة التاسعة في شهر كانون الأول / ٢٠٠٠ ليكون ٣٠ سنت للبرميل للسوق الأمريكية و ٢٠ سنت للبرميل للأسواق الأخرى واستمرت لغاية نهاية المرحلة الحادية عشر .
- عدل المبلغ اعتبارا من ٢٠٠٢/٥/٣٠ ليصبح ١٥ سنت المبرميل لكافة الأسواق (من بداية المرحلة الثانية عشر ولغاية نهاية المرحلة) .
- الغي مبلغ الاسترجاع اعتبارا من الشحنات التي ترفع في ٢٠٠٢/٩/١ بداية المرحلة الثالثة عشر ٠

ثانيا: الشركات النفطية من أصحاب المصافى:

عندما تم فرض مبلغ الاسترجاع في المرحلة الثامنة كان موقف الشركات النفطية من أصحاب المصافيمثل (توتال ، ألف ، بتروبراس ، أجب ، ربسول ، أو ، أم ، في ، تبراش وغيرها) يتمثل بعدم استعداده للدفع لكون ذلك يتعارض مع قوانين دولها وقرارات الأمم المتحدة بما أن التبليغ بالدفع كان في شبهر أب (الشحنات التي ترفع اعتبارا من ۱/۹/۰۰۰) فقد كانت هذه الشركات قد رشحت الشهر أيلول و الأشهر اللاحقة من المرحلة الثامنة لذلك تم التغاضي عن موقفها الرافض بالدفع حسب موافقة وزير النفط وقتذاك وتقرر تبليغها بالاستمرار بالتحميل لضمان استمرارية التنفيذ ، وهكذا استمرت هذه الشركات بالتحميل لغاية نهاية المرحلة الثامنة في المراحل اللاحقة لحينالغاء مبلغ الاسترجاع في معراك عندما دعت الحاجة للتعامل معها مجدداً بعد تلكؤ التحميل بشكلواضح ووصول معدلات التصدير إلى أدنى مستوياتها ،

ثالثا: الشركات والشخصيات والجهات الأخرى:

لها بالنسبة للشركات والجهات الأخرى من أصحاب التخصيص فقد أعربت عن استعدادها لدفع مبلغ الاسترجاع واستمر التعامل معها خلال المراحل اللاحقة للمرحلة الثامنة وأن كان بعض هذه الجهات قدامنته عن دفع مبلغ الاسترجاع للمرحلة الثامنة مدعياً بأن تبليغهم بالدفع للشحنات التي ترفع في ٢٠٠٠/٩/١ جاء متأخراً وأنهم باعوا الكميات المخصصة لهم إلى شركات أخرى قبل تبليغهم بالدفع وبذلك لايتسنى لهم دفع ١٠ سنت للبرميل ٠

رابعا : تحصيل مبالغ الاسترجاع :

أن الإلتزام الوحيد من قبل الجهات المتعاقدة معنا هو التعهد الشخصى بالتسديد ولم تكن هناك أي طريقة أخرى لإلزامها بالدفع بسبب حساسية وسرية العملية .

ولكن من خلال الجهود الحثيثة المبذولة تم التمكن من تحصيل مبلغ ٢٢٨ مليون دولار مناصل ٢٦٣ مليون دولار مناصل ٢٦٣ مليون دولار أي نسبة تحصيل بلغت حوالي ٨٧% بعد استخدام شتى طرق التسديد منهاالتسديد في السفارات العراقية في الخارج لكون بعض الشركات تخشى التسديد من خلال مصارف لضمان عدم انكشاف أمرها وتعرضها للمسائلة القانونية ومنها التسديد نقدا.

أما بصدد المبالغ المتبقية بذمة الشركات المتعاقدة معنا والبالغة ٣٥ مليون دو لار فإن قسم من هذه هدذه الشركات كانت قد رفضت التسديد كما أوضحنا في ثالثا أعلاه والقسم الآخر من هذه الشركات رفضت التسديد لأجل الاحتفاظ بالمبالغ المدينة لها توقعاً منهم صدور توجيه بإعفائهم من هذه المبالغ ، علما بأن جهود تحصيل المبالغ كانت مستمرة معهم لحين حصول الظرف الراهن ،

أن معظم المبالغ التي تم تحصيلها جرى تسديدها في المصارف والجهات التالية : -

- ١ البنك الأهلى / عمان ٠
 - ٢ فرنسبنك / لبنان ٠
 - ٣ سردار بنك / لبنان ٠
- ٤ البنك المركزي العراقي / بغداد •
- ٥ مصرف الرافدين / بغداد الفرع الرئيسي ٠
- ٦ السفارات العراقية في الخارج (موسكو ، الثينا ، القاهرة ، انقرة ، صنعاء ، فيتنام ، ماليزيا ، روما، فينا ، دمشق ، جنيف)
 - ٧ شركة الوصل وبابل / الإمارات ٠
- ٨ جرى تسديد مبلغ ٨٤٠ الف دو لار عبثاً من خلال تعليك دار لصالح السفارة العراقية
 في موسكو ومن ثم استخدامها كمدرسة عراقية (المبالغ التي كانت بذمة السيد جير نوفسكي و الذي ادعى بأنه غير قادر على تسديدها نقداً فقبلت الدار بالمقابل)

Ministry of Oil List of Surcharges per Agreement

Buyer Phase	
Contract #	
# of Barrels	
Surcharge-	per agreement
l Total Amount Owed	(S)
Amount Paid	(€)
Difference	(S)



شركة تسويق التفط كشف يخلاصلة المبالغ المسترجعة والمبالغ المتبقية بذمة الشركات

		14.346.31	く・シント	44447	40.444		
الثقية عشر 12 ١٩٩٣٠	12	A4.PF1	1110600	٩٢٥١٥	£, A A O	01.	
الحالية عثر 11 ٢٤٨،٩٢٣	7	447.44	14,.04	404°	1.61	٧,*٠	a det dere meternat distinstance vom daternaamen.
العاشرة	5	**11.14A 10	A0.144	۸۲٬۱۷۱	4,0,4	٧,٠٠٠	
التاسعة	တ	1867181	V107V	A411A	4.6.1	٧,٠٠٠	
الثامنة	ω	V12.0V1	17,017	11,197	٧٠٣٦٥		
المرحلة		الكمية المحملة الف برميل	المبلغ المستحق الل دولار	المبلغ الممدد الف دولار	المباغ المتبقى الف مولار	معل مبلغ الاسترجاع دو لار ايرميل	

تاريخ ورقت اسدار الكثرير ۱۱۰۰ ۱۰۰۰ BM

اعداد الدائرة العالية السبهائ فلتهارية

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شركة تسويق اللفط كشف بالمبالغ البمسترجعه لعقود مذكرة التفاهم صـــية كمر جملات اللترة من

عمولات

400		***************************************		150	رائم العسطة	المشتري	4
000	965,586.00	965,582.00	0.10	9,655,853	M/08/05	ACTEC	8
10年間間の日本を記述します	98,025.00	98,025.00	0.10	980,250	M/08/103	ACTEC	8
000	99,596.00	99,596.00	0.10	995,967	M/08/104	ACTEC	8
00/1831/00	60,262.00	60,227.00	0.10	602,272	M/08/57	ADDAX	8
oo danga oo	0000	95,165.00	0.10	951,655	M/08/96	AFRICAN MIDDLE EAST	80
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0,00	278,060.00	0.10	2,780,617	M/08/19	AGIP	8
08.92	312,719.10	312,745.00	0.10	3,127,461	M/08/24	ALFA ECO	80
000 1 1 200	264,505.00	264,505.00	0.10	2,645,068	M/08/35	AREDIO	80
THE PASS	50,000.00	50,000.00	0.10	500,000	M/08/53	ASMOS	8
	0.00	198,699.00	0.10	1,986,991	M/08/49	BASH NEFT	80
000 3 200	472,536.00	472,536.00	0.10	4,725,367	M/08/41	BELMET	8
A STORY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	0.00	200,398.00	0.10	2,003,987	M/08/69	BENZOL	æ
00.90.00	0.00	149,735.00	0.10	1,497,352	M/08/79	CARTHAGO	89
01.62	290,990.90	291,070.00	0.10	2,910,719	M/08/33	CHAIYAPORN	8
06 22 80	34,817.10	34,852.00	0.10	348,521	M/08/13	CHINA OIL	80
3,808.00	299,995.00	303,953.00	0.10	3,039,547	M/08/15	CHINA WANBAO	89
000 45	201,877.00	201,877.00	0.10	2,018,771	M/08/72	COASTAL	80
7,569.00	60,000.00	58,431.00	0.10	584,312	M/08/51	COGEP	8
OR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP	150,000.00	150,000.00	0.10	1,500,000	M/08/47	DELTA PETROLEUM	8
15 71.50	39,978.50	157,500.00	0.10	1,575,000	M/08/111	DELTA SERVICES	8
74.00.50	24,978.50	99,941.00	0.10	999,412	M/08/112	DELTA SERVICES	89
000	52,347.00	52,347.00	0.10	523,470	M/08/75	EMIN	8
	0.00	80,611.00	0.10	806,124	M/08/44	ETAP	8

اعداد قداد ة إندائية -المنحلات التجارية

VITOILE PM T.L. L/T/T. MASS ENLY

عمولان

	الملغ المتكفي أدولال	المبلغ الممدد /دولار الميلغ المكنفي /دولار	قباغ المنتئ /بولار	مبلغ الاسترجاع دوالا إدرمل	الكمية / يرميل	رغ العظ	المطشري	4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.
	284,521.00	00'0	284,521.00	0.10	2,845,229	M/08/115	EUROL	8
	50,273.00	0.00	50,273.00	0.10	502,736	M/08/46	EXPANSION	8
	195,483.00	00.00	195,483,00	0.10	1,954,834	M/08/67	FENAR	8
	4,604,00	200,000.00	195,396.00	0.10	1,953,968	M/08/04	GAZPROM	80
	900	367,930.00	367,930.00	0.10	3,679,310	M/08/113	GENMAR	8
	100 m	95,070.00	95,383.00	0,10	953,833	M/08/99	GENMAR	œ
	98,385,00	0.00	98,385.00	0.10	983,853	M/08/48	HELLENIC	8
	*****	140,000.00	144,474.00	0.10	1,444,744	M/08/58	HYSON(NIGERIA)	8
	381 30 30	0.00	391,394.00	0.10	3,913,955	M/08/39	100	8
	an version	00'0	316,421.00	0.10	3,164,220	M/08/116	ITALTECH	8
j.	30 75	149,968.00	150,000.00	0,10	1,500,000	M/08/55	JEWAN OIL	8
	20,20	192,207.00	192,399.00	0,10	1,923,990	M/08/92	KENTFORD	8
	20:02	149,980.00	150,000.00	0.10	1,500,000	M/08/84	LADA-OMC	8
	007157.	99,968.00	98,457.00	0.10	984,572	M/08/76	LUBNA	88
	000	291,985.00	291,985.00	0.10	2,919,856	M/08/37	MACHINOIMPORT	80
	5,083.00	350,000.00	355,083.00	0.10	3,550,846	M/08/95	MARBEL RESOURCES	80
	000	201,838.00	201,838.00	0.10	2,018,386	M/08/97	MEDCO	80
	800	94,631.00	94,631.00	0.10	946,313	M/08/54	MOCOH	8
	90.87	140,000.00	139,952.00	0.10	1,399,529	M/08/28	NAFTA-MOSCOW	8
	0.00	102,223.00	102,223.00	0.10	1,022,234	M/08/77	OIL AND GAZ	8
	273,801.00	00'0	273,801.00	0.10	2,738,017	M/08/20	OMV	8
	00 PLT-	198,000.00	197,826.00	0.10	1,978,262	M/08/42	ONACO	8
	197,764.00	0.00	197,764.00	0.10	1,977,643	M/08/32	PDVSA	8
		***************************************		A STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED OF THE PERSON NAME				

اعداد الدائرة المالية-السحلات التحاربة

מנבל נהלים ממנות היון ייון ייוז MG 32:01:V

عمولات

PONGBOON INTERTRADE CO PETROLEUM(PTSC) PETROVIETNAM ROSNEFTIMPEX ROSNEFTIMPEX गाप क्याकृत्या PETMAL OIL PETROBRAS PETROPLUS PETROFINA PETRONAS SINOCHEM PETROGAZ SLAVNEFT PERTA OIL PHOENIX PERENCO RAO MES RAYMAN SAMIR REPSOL SOCAP M/08/105 M/08/01 M/08/09 M/08/70 M/08/85 M/08/12 M/08/26 M/08/62 M/08/22 M/08/23 M/08/07 M/08/74 M/08/91 M/08/66 M/08/78 M/08/29 M/08/27 M/08/36 M/08/18 M/08/30 M/08/11 M/08/17 M/08/73 2,037,893 3,985,924 2,867,705 5,244,814 80,002 500,000 850,000 2,525,518 1,002,402 971,034 5,804,737 2,434,904 2,574,276 983,851 2,080,996 3,096,626 الكمية / يرميل 1,047,555 3,034,181 1,978,313 1,796,551 5,633,076 1,529,381 ميليا الاسترجاج ليرايز ليرميل 0.10 0,10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0,10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 المهلغ المستحق /دولار 85,000.00 309,661.00 252,551.00 398,592.00 524,480.00 50,000.00 203,789.00 97,103.00 580,472.00 104,755.00 303,416.00 197,831.00 179,654.00 243,489.00 286,770.50 563,306.00 257,426.00 152,937.00 8,000.00 98,385.00 208,099.00 100,240.00 252,551.00 المبلغ المصدد لدولار 0.00 286,573.30 0.00 0.00 524,481.00 50,000.00 0.00 9.0 0.00 0.00 580,472.00 9.08 0.00 8,000.00 8 100,193.20 0.0 97,103.40 0.00 563,307.00 99,950,00 110,000.00 243489.00 1492.20 22544400 22544400 22544400 46.80 Carly Cartery les Ye 0.00 203,789,00 07.0 0.00 0.00 00158E36 87,831,00 179,654.00 0.00 85,000.00 4,805.00 303,416.00 208,009,00 309,661.00 308,592.00

اعداد الدائرة المالية-المحان التحارية

Wilding the William William Colors

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89,910.00 387,820.00 0.10 3,878,221 M/08/06 SONATRACH 89,910.00 387,820.00 0.10 3,878,221 M/08/06 SONATRACH 89,910.00 387,820.00 0.10 3,895,818 M/08/10 TOMAL 116,870.00 0.10 3,930,320 M/08/10 TOMAL 116,870.00 0.10 1,961,833 M/08/10 TOMAL 116,870.00 0.10 1,961,833 M/08/13 TTANSNEET TOMO 196,774.00 0.10 1,961,833 M/08/13 TTANSNEET TOMO 200,774,00 0.10 1,961,833 M/08/13 TTANSNEET TOWEN 29,736.00 80,000.00 0.10 2,936,876 M/08/14 TYOWEN 29,736.00 80,000.00 0.10 2,936,876 M/08/14 UNITCHEN 39,736.00 80,000.00 0.10 2,936,876 M/08/14 UNITCHEN 313,288.00 0.10 2,934,870 M/08/19 ZERICH GNBH 41,1293.00 0.10 3,132,892 M/08/19 ZERICH GNBH 41,1293.00 0.10 1,412,935 M/08/18 ZERICH GNBH 41,1293.00 0.10 1,412,935 M/08/18 ZERICH GNBH 41,1293.00 0.10 1,401,125 M/08/18 ZERICH GNBH 41,1293.00 0.10 1,401,125 M/08/18 ZERICH GNBH 41,1393.00 0.10 1,401,139 M/08/18 ZERICH GNBH 41,1393.00 0.10 1,401,139 M/08/18 ZERICH GNBH 41,1393.00 0.10 1,401,139 M/08/18 ZERICH GNBH 41,1393.00 0.10 1,401,139 M/08/18 ZERICH GNBH 41,1393.00 0.10 1,401,139 M/08/18 ZERICH GNBH 41,1393.00 0.10 1,401,139 M/08/18 ZERICH GNBH 41,1393.00 0.10 1,401,139 M/08/18 ZERICH GNBH 41,1393.00 0.10 1,401,139 M/08/18 ZERICH GNBH 41,139,139 M/08/18 ZERICH GNBH 41,139,139 M/08/18 ZERICH GNBH 41,139,139 M/08/18 ZERICH GNBH 41,139,139 M		ما الماء	المقود مذكرة الثقامم بة	، بالميلاغ المسترجعه نا	الله المارة من الله المارة من			عمولان
0,00 387,820,00 0,10 3,878,221 M/08/06 SONATRACH 89,910,00 89,981,00 0,10 3,930,329 M/08/50 TEKTEN 0,00 393,022,00 0,10 3,930,329 M/08/10 TOTAL 116,870,20 116,870,00 0,10 1,561,833 M/08/43 TRADE YEAR 0,00 196,182,00 0,10 1,561,833 M/08/43 TRADE YEAR 0,00 196,182,00 0,10 2,007,740 M/08/08 TUPFAS 2,00 20,0774,00 0,10 2,936,876 M/08/08 TUPFAS 2,00 20,0774,00 0,10 2,936,876 M/08/12 TYUMEN 2,93,686,00 0,10 2,936,876 M/08/13 TYUMEN 99,734,00 20,10 2,935,876 M/08/13 TYUMEN 90,00 0,10 2,934,772 M/08/13 TYUMEN 203,438,00 0,10 2,934,772 M/08/13 TRADE YEAR 204,108,00 0,10 2,034,872 M/08/10 </th <th>17</th> <th>الميلغ المسدد إدولار</th> <th>المبلغ المستحق /دولار</th> <th>مبلغ الاسترجاع دولا ليرميل</th> <th>الكمية / يرميل</th> <th>رقد المائد</th> <th>المثنة م</th> <th>मि बीर</th>	17	الميلغ المسدد إدولار	المبلغ المستحق /دولار	مبلغ الاسترجاع دولا ليرميل	الكمية / يرميل	رقد المائد	المثنة م	मि बीर
89,981.00 89,981.00 0.10 899,818 M/08/50 TEKFEN 0.00 393,032.00 0.10 3,930,329 M/08/10 TOTAL 116,870.20 116,870.20 0.10 1,168,702 M/08/11 TRADE YEAR 1.000 196,182.00 0.10 1,961,833 M/08/13 TRANSNEFT TRANSNEFT 1.000 196,182.00 0.10 1,961,833 M/08/13 TRANSNEFT TOTAL 1.000 1.000 1.000 293,686.00 0.10 2,007,740 M/08/125 TYUMEN TYUMEN 1.000,774.00 0.10 2,007,740 M/08/125 TYUMEN TYUMEN 1.000 0.10 2,002,954 M/08/14 UNITCHEN UNITCHEN 1.000 200,295.00 0.10 2,002,954 M/08/14 UNITCHEN UNITCHEN 1.000 200,295.00 0.10 2,002,954 M/08/14 UNITCHEN UNITCHEN 203,430.00 319,288.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/102 ZERICH GMBH 1.000 203,435.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/102 ZERICH GMBH 1.000,000 1.03,795.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/102 ZERICH GMBH 1.000 1.03,795.00 0.10 1,432,937 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 1.000,000 1.000,119.00 0.10 1,412,937 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 1.000,000 1.000,119.00 0.10 1,412,937 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 1.000,000 1.000,119.00 0.10 1,412,937 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 1.000,000 1.000 1.000,119.00 0.10 1,412,937 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000,119.00 0.10 1,412,937 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 1.000 1.	000	0.00	387,820,00	0.10	3,878,221	M/08/06	SONATRACH	8
0.00 393,032.00 0.10 3,930,322 M/08/10 TRADE YEAR 116,870.20 116,870.20 0.10 1,168,702 M/08/61 TRADE YEAR 0.00 196,182.00 0.10 1,961,833 M/08/93 TRADESHET . 0.00 -1.10 0 0.10 2,007,74.0 M/08/08 TUPRAS . 200,774.00 200,774.00 0.10 2,096,876 M/08/14 TYUMEN . 233,686.00 203,786.00 0.10 2,097,876 M/08/98 UNTCHEN . 293,686.00 200,295.00 0.10 2,092,954 M/08/98 UNTCHEN . 303,430.90 303,425.00 0.10 2,002,954 M/08/98 UNTCHEN . 303,430.90 303,425.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/98 UNTCHEN . 205,188.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/98 UNTCHEN . 205,188.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/98 LUTUMEN . 205,108.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/98 ZRICH GMBH	100	89,910.00	89,981.00	0.10	818,668	M/08/50	TEKFEN	8
116,870.20 116,870.20 116,870.20 0.10 1,361,833 M/08/61 TRADE YEAR 0.00 196,182.00 0.10 1,961,833 M/08/63 TRANSNEFT . 0.00 -1.10 0 M/08/08 TUPRAS 200,774.00 200,774.00 0.10 2,007,740 M/08/25 TYUMEN 293,568.00 203,686.00 0.10 2,007,99 M/08/38 UNICHEN 293,730.00 80,000.00 0.10 2,936,876 M/08/38 UNICHEN 99,730.00 80,000.00 0.10 2,002,954 M/08/38 UNICHEN 303,430.00 0.10 2,002,954 M/08/38 UNICHEN 303,430.00 0.10 2,002,954 M/08/38 LANGAS 319,288.00 0.10 2,014,872 M/08/32 ZARUBEZHNEFT 205,108.00 0.10 2,051,085 M/08/32 ZARUBEZHNEFT 205,487.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/32 ZERICH GNBH 141,293.00 0.10 1,491,525 M/	200	00'0	393,032.00	0.10	3,930,329	M/08/10	TOTAL	8
0.00 196,182.00 0.10 1,961,833 M/08/43 TRANSNEFT 0.00 -1.10 0 M/08/08 TUPRAS 200,774.00 2.00,774.00 0.10 2,007,740 M/08/25 TYUMEN 293,686.00 293,686.00 0.10 2,095,87 M/08/98 UNICHEN 99,730.00 80,000.00 0.10 2,095,89 UNICHEN 99,730.00 200,295.00 0.10 2,002,954 M/08/14 UNIPEC 303,430.90 200,295.00 0.10 2,002,954 M/08/14 UNIPEC 303,430.90 303,425.00 0.10 2,002,954 M/08/38 ZARUBEZHNEFT 205,108.00 0.10 3,034,272 M/08/32 ZARUBEZHNEFT 205,108.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/82 ZARUBEZHNEFT 205,108.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/82 ZARUBEZHNEFT 205,108.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/82 ZERICH GMBH 100,000 134,252.00 0.10 1,491,532 <t< td=""><td>0.30</td><td>116,870.20</td><td>116,870.00</td><td>0.10</td><td>1,168,702</td><td>M/08/61</td><td>TRADE YEAR</td><td>8</td></t<>	0.30	116,870.20	116,870.00	0.10	1,168,702	M/08/61	TRADE YEAR	8
0.00 -1.10 0 M/08/08 TUPRAS 200,774.00 2,007,74.00 0.10 2,007,740 M/08/25 TYUMEN 293,686.00 2,03,686.00 0.10 2,036,876 M/08/98 UNICHEM 99,730.00 80,000.00 0.10 2,036,876 M/08/98 UNICHEM 99,730.00 200,295.00 0.10 2,002,954 M/08/14 UNIPEC 303,430.90 303,426.00 0.10 2,002,954 M/08/14 UNIPEC 303,430.90 303,426.00 0.10 2,002,954 M/08/38 ZARUBEZHNEFT 205,086.00 0.10 3,034,272 M/08/38 ZARUBEZHNEFT 205,086.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/82 ZARUBEZHNEFT 205,096.00 10,349,152 0,01 1,491,525 <td>8</td> <td>0.00</td> <td>196,182.00</td> <td>0.10</td> <td>1,961,833</td> <td>M/08/43</td> <td>TRANSNEFT</td> <td>83</td>	8	0.00	196,182.00	0.10	1,961,833	M/08/43	TRANSNEFT	83
200,774.00 0.10 2,007,74.0 Μ/08/25 ΤΥΟΙΜΕΝ 293,686.00 2,936,876 M/08/40 ΤΥΟΙΜΕΝ 99,730.00 80,000.00 0.10 2,936,876 M/08/98 UNICHEM 0.00 200,295.00 0.10 2,002,954 M/08/14 UNIPEC 303,430.00 303,426.00 0.10 2,002,954 M/08/38 ZANGAS 319,288.00 0.10 3,034,272 M/08/38 ZANGAS 205,108.00 0.10 2,051,089 M/08/32 ZARUBEZHNEFT 205,108.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/32 ZARUBEZHNEFT 205,108.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/32 ZARUBEZHNEFT 205,108.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/32 ZARUBEZHNEFT 100,000.00 103,487.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/102 ZERICH GMBH 141,293.00 0.10 1,491,525 M/08/102 ZERICH GMBH 141,293.00 0.10 1,491,525 M/08/33 ZERICH GMBH 190,980.00	0	0.00	-1.10	0	0	M/08/08	TUPRAS	8
293,686.00 2,936,876 M/08/90 TYUMEN 99,730.00 80,000.00 0.10 2,002,954 M/08/98 UNICHEN 0.00 200,295.00 0.10 2,002,954 M/08/14 UNIPEC 319,288.00 0.10 3,034,272 M/08/38 ZANGAS 319,288.00 0.10 3,034,272 M/08/32 ZANGAS 205,108.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/82 ZANUBEZHNEFT 205,108.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/82 ZANUBEZHNEFT 205,108.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/82 ZARUBEZHNEFT 205,108.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/82 ZARUBEZHNEFT 205,108.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/82 ZARUGEGHNEH 100,000 103,487.00 0.10 1,491,525 M/08/102 ZERICH GMBH 141,293.00 0.10 1,491,525 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 141,293.00 0.10 1,491,525 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 199,986.00 190,118,00 </td <td>000</td> <td>200,774.00</td> <td>200,774.00</td> <td>0.10</td> <td>2,007,740</td> <td>M/08/25</td> <td>TYUMEN</td> <td>80</td>	000	200,774.00	200,774.00	0.10	2,007,740	M/08/25	TYUMEN	80
99,730.00 B0,000.00 0.10 800,000 M/08/98 UNICHEN 0.00 200,295.00 0.10 2,002,954 M/08/14 UNIPEC 303,430.90 303,426.00 0.10 3,034,272 M/08/38 ZANGAS 319,288.00 319,288.00 0.10 3,192,892 M/08/92 ZANUBEZHNEFT 205,108.00 205,108.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/82 ZANUBEZHNEFT 205,108.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/82 ZANUBEZHNEFT 205,108.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/101 ZERICH GMBH 100,000.00 103,795.00 0.10 1,491,525 M/08/102 ZERICH GMBH 141,293.00 144,293.00 0.10 1,491,525 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 141,293.00 141,293.00 0.10 1,491,525 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 141,293.00 0.10 1,001,193 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 199,980.00 199,188.00 0.10 1,991,882 M/08/16 ZHUHAI ZHER ROHG <	00	293,686.00	293,686.00	0.10	2,936,876	M/08/40	TYUMEN	8
0.00 200,295.00 0.10 2,002,954 M/08/14 UNIPEC 303,430.90 303,426.00 0.10 3,034,272 M/08/38 ZANGAS 319,288.00 319,288.00 0.10 3,192,892 M/08/92 ZARUBEZHNEFT 205,108.00 205,108.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/82 ZARUBEZHNEFT 205,108.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/101 ZERICH GMBH 100,000.00 103,795.00 0.10 1,037,957 M/08/102 ZERICH GMBH 141,293.00 143,152.00 0.10 1,491,557 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 141,293.00 0.10 1,491,557 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 141,293.00 0.10 1,412,937 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 199,980.00 100,119.00 0.10 1,491,525 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 199,980.00 0.10 1,991,882 M/08/81 ZERICH GMBH 0.00 199,188.00 0.10 1,991,882 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 0.00	34,00	99,730.00	80,000.00	0.10	800,000	M/08/98	UNICHEM	8
303,426.00 3,034,226.00 3,034,272 M/08/38 ZANGAS 205,288.00 319,288.00 0.10 3,192,892 M/08/02 ZARUBEZHNEFT 205,108.00 2.05,108.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/101 ZERICH GMBH 100,000.00 103,795.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/101 ZERICH GMBH 141,293.00 144,293.00 0.10 1,491,52 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 101,947.00 100,119.00 0.10 1,991,882 M/08/82 ZERICH GMBH 101,993.00 199,188.00 0.10 1,991,882 M/08/31 Calubat Zhen ROMG 99,993.00 291,724.00 0.10 2,917,256 M/08/31 Calubat Zhen ROMG 291,724.00 0.10 1,190,895 M/08/31 Calubat Shen Shen Shen Shen Shen Shen Shen Shen		00'0	200,295.00	0.10	2,002,954	M/08/14	UNIPEC	8
319,288.00 319,288.00 0.10 3,192,892 M/08/02 ZARUBEZHNEFT 205,108.00 205,108.00 0.10 2,051,085 M/08/82 ZARUBEZHNEFT 0.00 203,487.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/101 ZERICH GMBH 1.00,000.00 103,795.00 0.10 1,037,957 M/08/102 ZERICH GMBH 1.01,000.00 144,295.00 0.10 1,491,552 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 1.01,947.00 100,119.00 0.10 1,412,937 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 1.99,980.00 100,119.00 0.10 1,001,193 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 1.99,980.00 199,188.00 0.10 1,991,882 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 0.00 29,995.00 0.10 1,991,882 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 0.00 29,995.00 0.10 2,917,256 M/08/16 ZHUMAI ZHEN ROME 0.00 119,089.00 0.10 2,917,256 M/08/31 U.A.CH LARI EARING 0.00 11,906,895 0.10 <	0	303,430.90	303,426.00	0.10	3,034,272	M/08/38	ZANGAS	88
205,108.00 205,108.00 0.10 2,051,085 M/08/82 ZARUBEZHNEFT 0.00 203,487.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/101 ZERICH GMBH 100,000.00 103,795.00 0.10 1,037,957 M/08/102 ZERICH GMBH 141,293.00 144,292.00 0.10 1,491,525 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 101,947.00 100,119.00 0.10 1,412,937 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 101,947.00 100,119.00 0.10 1,001,193 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 199,980.00 109,148.00 0.10 1,001,193 M/08/16 ZHUHAZ ZHEN RONG 99,995.00 291,724.00 0.10 2,917,256 M/08/15 ZHUHAZ ZHEN RONG 99,995.00 291,724.00 0.10 1,190,895 M/08/31 UGAL GAL GAL GAL GAL GAL GAL GAL GAL GAL	1200	319,288.00	319,288.00	0.10	3,192,892	M/08/02	ZARUBEZHNEFT	x
0.00 203,487.00 0.10 2,034,872 M/08/101 ZERICH GMBH 100,000.00 103,795.00 0.10 1,037,957 M/08/102 ZERICH GMBH 141,293.00 144,293.00 0.10 1,491,525 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 141,293.00 100,119.00 0.10 1,412,937 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 199,880.00 100,119.00 0.10 1,001,193 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 199,880.00 199,188.00 0.10 1,991,882 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 99,995.00 291,724.00 0.10 2,917,256 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 0.00 119,089.00 0.10 2,917,256 M/08/35 ZHUMAI ZHEN RONG 0.00 11,90,895.00 0.10 1,190,895 M/08/31 UALD UALD UALD UALD UALD UALD UALD UALD	400	205,108,00	205,108.00	0.10	2,051,085	M/08/82	ZARUBEZHNEFT	8
100,000,000 103,795.00 0.10 1,037,957 M/08/102 ZERICH GMBH 141,283.00 144,283.00 0.10 1,491,525 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 141,283.00 141,283.00 0.10 1,401,937 M/08/87 ZERICH GMBH 101,947.00 100,119.00 0.10 1,001,193 M/08/87 ZERICH GMBH 199,880.00 199,188.00 0.10 1,091,182 M/08/16 ZHUMAI ZHUR RONG 99,995.00 291,724.00 0.10 2,917,256 M/08/31 Unit Call Call Call Call Call Call Call Cal	90	0.00	203,487.00	0.10	2,034,872	M/08/101	ZERİCH GMBH	8
141,293.00 149,152.00 0.10 1,491,525 M/08/83 ZERICH GMBH 141,293.00 141,293.00 0.10 1,412,937 M/08/87 ZERICH GMBH 150,547.00 100,119.00 0.10 1,01,193 M/08/88 ZERICH GMBH 159,980.00 199,148.00 0.10 1,991,882 M/08/16 ZHUMAI ZHEN RONG 99,995.00 291,724.00 0.10 1,991,882 M/08/31 Use Make 119,089.00 0.10 1,190,895 M/08/31 Use Make 119,089.00 0.10 1,190,895 M/08/31 Use Make 119,089.00 0.10 1,190,895 M/08/31 Use Make 119,089.00 0.10 1,190,895 M/08/31 Use Make 119,089.00 0.10 1,190,895 M/08/31 Use Make 119,089.00 0.10 1,190,895 M/08/31 Use Make 119,089.00 0.10 1,190,895 M/08/31 Use Make 119,089.00 0.10 1,190,895 M/08/31 Use M/08/	ones	100,000.00	103,795.00	0.10	1,037,957	M/08/102	ZERICH GMBH	88
141,293.00 141,293.00 0.10 1,412,937 M/08/87 ZERICH GMBH 101,947.00 100,119.00 0.10 1,001,193 M/08/88 ZERICH GMBH 1199,880.00 199,148.00 0.10 1,991,882 M/08/16 ZHUMA ZHEN RONG 99,995.00 291,724.00 0.10 2,917,256 M/08/31 Under Sideral Call 11,906,895 M/08/31 U	200	0.00	149,152.00	0.10	1,491,525	M/08/83	ZERICH GMBH	8
100,119.00 100,119.00 0.10 1,001,193 M/08/88 ZERICH GMBH 199,980.00 199,188.00 0.10 1,991,882 M/08/16 ZHUMAI ZHEN RONG 99,995.00 291,724.00 0.10 2,917,756 M/08/59 (ميمية) نايجة مناي الكيدية (ميمية 119,089.00 0.10 1,190,895 M/08/31 نايجة مناي 119,089.00 0.10 1,190,895 M/08/31 نايجة مناي 119,089.00 0.10 18,561,738.40 0.10 185,618,057	7000	141,293,00	141,293.00	0.10	1,412,937	M/08/87	ZERICH GMBH	8
199,980.00 199,188.00 0.10 1,991,882 M/08/16 ZHUHAI ZHEN RONG 99,985.00 291,724.00 0.10 2,917,256 M/08/59 (مينين) نايجة المنتجة الكبيد خوات (مينية كالمناتجة الكبيد 11,196,856.10 18,561,738.40 0.10 18,5618,057 بالمنتجة الكبيد 11,196,856.10 المنتجة 11,196,856.10 المنتجة 11,196,856.10 المنتجة 11,196,856.10 المنتجة 11,196,856.10 المنتجة 11,196,856.10 المنتجة 11,196,856.10 المنتجة 11,196,856.10 المنتجة 11,196,856.10 المنتجة 11,196,856.10 المنتجة 11,196,856.10 المنتجة 11,196,856.10 المنتجة 11,196,856.10 المنتخة 11,196,856	20.00	101,947.00	100,119.00	0.10	1,001,193	M/08/88	ZERICH GMBH	8
99,995.00 291,724.00 0.10 2,917,256 M/08/59 (ميدي) 19,995.00 0.10 1,190,895 M/08/31 مارية مصدي عمان 119,6856.10 11,190,895 M/08/31 المجموع الكدير 11,196,656.10 18,561,738.40 0.10 185,618,057		199,980.00	199,188.00	0.10	1,991,882	M/08/16	ZHUHAI ZHEN RONG	∞
شىركة مصلدى غمان 113,089 M/08/31 (1,190,895 M/08/31 ماريكة مصلدى غمان 113,086 M/08/31 (1,190,895 M/08/31 المجموع الكلير 11,196,656.10 18,561,00 0.10 0.10 0.10	The second	99,995.00	291,724.00	0.10	2,917,256	M/08/59	السيد خوان (صيني)	8
18,561,738,40 0.10 185,618,057		00'0	119,089,00	0.10	1,190,895	M/08/31	شركة عصفي عمان	80
		11,196,656,10	18,561,738.40	0,10	185,618,057		المجموع الكلي	

اعداد الدائدة المالية-المتحلان التحادية

TITEITO PM T. 15/17/1 MAD MAD BELLE

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الرماه

			~	شركة تسويق القط				
		الرماء	كشف بالمبالغ المسترجعه لعقود مذكرة التفاهم صبء الرصاب	بالمبالغ المسترجعه ا	كثف			
				Juli	للقترة من		عمولان	9
	المبلغ المتبلم, /دولار	الميلغ المسدد لبولار الميلغ المشكم لاولاز	الميانغ المستحق إدولار	مبلغ الاسترجاع مولار أيدميل	الكمية / برميل	رقم العبقد	المشتري	14. 14.
ì ,	000	6,483,722.00	6,483,722.00	0.28	23,039,984	M/09/01	ALCON+FENAR	6
	000	10 6,236,219.90	6,236,219.90	0.28	22,633,183	M/09/04	ALCON+FENAR	6
	0.00	1,217,170.50	1,217,170.50	0.25	4,868,682	M/09/35	ALCON+FENAR	6
,		304,320.90	304,320.90	0.30	1,014,403	M/09/23	AREDIO	6
		435,000.00	435,034.25	0.25	1,740,137	M/09/42	AVIN OIL	6
		490,623.25	490,623.25	0.25	1,962,493	M/09/13	AWAD AMMORA	6
		50,000.00	555,218.25	0.27	2,020,873	M/09/38	B.B. ENERGY	6
ř		478,742.75	478,742.75	0,25	1,914,971	M/09/91	B.C.INTERNATIONAL (PVT	60
		558,900.00	558,900.00	0:30	1,863,000	M/08/41	BELMET	6
}		1,455,463.80	1,455,497.10	0.30	4,851,657	M/09/08	BELMET	6
		545,046.50	544,627,55	0.27	1,982,013	M/09/34	BELPHARM	6
		251,961.00	257,600,50	0.25	1,030,402	M/09/95	BULA RESOURSES	6
ì		250,311,25	250,311.25	0.25	1,001,245	M/09/55	BULF DREILING AND OIL.	6
and the second s		150,000.00	150,000.00	0.30	500,000	M/08/100	CAMTECH	61
		593,301.00	593,301.00	0.30	1,977,670	M/09/100	CHATYAPORIN	6
			227,585.00	0,25	910,340	M/08/13	CHINA OIL	6
		250,580,50	250,595.50	0.25	1,002,382	M/09/65	COGEP	6
		1,099,862.50	1,100,051.55	0,27	4,008,094	M/09/17	DELTA PETROLEUM	6
		50,000.00	514,409.75	0.25	2,057,639	M/09/71	DELTA SERVICES	on .
7		992,630.00	992,630.00	0.25	3,970,520	M/09/39	E.O.T.C	6
^		578,470.00	578,469.90	0.30	1,928,233	M/09/87	ENERGY RESOURCES	6
7		1,200,810.00	1,200,817.50	0.30	4,002,725	M/09/02	ERDEM HOLDING	6

(عداد الدائدة المالية-السمان التحاربة

TUTESTO PM * . . ! / T/T . . . ARD CALLE

	كشنا	للقترةمن
شركة تسويق اللقط	بالعبالغ العمس جعه لعقود مذكرة التقاهم حسب المرهدة	TRFT.

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	المبلغ المتنقي أدوالا	Hant's Hanner Sec No. Hant's Harries, See St.	الميلغ المستحق /بولار	مبلغ الاسترجاج دولار إيرميل	الكمية / برميل	رقع العاظ	المثنزي	L. 43.
	000	491,763.75	491,763.75	0.25	1,967,055	M/09/85	FADI OIL INTRNATIONAL	6
Control of the Contro	000	1,213,146.30	1,213,146.30	0.30	4,043,821	M/09/51	FAL OIL	6
		3,222,780.70	3,222,780.70	0.27	12,106,613	M/09/44	GLENCORE	6
		683,817.75	683,817.75	0.29	2,375,594	M/09/81	IBEX	6
		491,403.00	491,403.00	0.25	1,965,612	M/09/73	INCOME PETROLEUM	01
		0.00	502,519.75	0.25	2,010,079	M/08/39	TOC	6
		249,760.26	249,688.25	0.25	998,753	M/09/48	IPLOM	6
		0.00	1,500,000.00	0.30	5,000,000	M/08/120	ITALTECH	6
		6,153,143.60	9,305,226.70	0.29	32,389,835	M/09/07	ITALTECH	6
		660,000.00	615,477.00	0.30	2,051,590	M/09/46	JAWALA	6
	1.0	1,220,833.70	1,220,893.80	0.30	4,069,646	M/09/72	JEWAN OIL.	5
		300,000.00	300,000.00	0,30	1,000,000	M/09/105	LUBNA	6
		849,080.80	849,080.80	0.28	2,997,319	M/09/22	MACHINOIMPORT	0
		1,061,442.90	1,061,442.90	0.30	3,538,143	M/09/76	MARBEL RESOURCES	6
		498,518.00	498,973.00	0.26	1,935,892	M/09/54	MASEFIELD	6
		0.00	535,880.10	0.30	1,786,267	M/08/60	MASTEK	6
		9,803,960.13	10,380,361.39	0.28	36,469,888	M/09/18	MASTEK	6
		302,221.00	502,645.75	0.25	2,010,583	M/09/36	MEDEA CONSULTING	6
-		247,352.50	247,652.50	0.25	990,610	M/09/118	MIDDLE EAST ADVANCED	6
		449,995.00	604,537.80	0.30	2,015,126	M/09/45	MOACO	O.
		480,067.56	479,489.25	0.25	1,917,957	M/09/40	МОСОН	6
		00'0	464,632.50	0.25	1,858,530	90/60/W	MONTEGA	6
		2,407,041.60	2,407,041.60	0.30	8.023.472	M/09/28	NAFTA PETROLEUM	6

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گشف بالم تلفرة من	
غريكة تسويق الثقط كشف بالمياباغ المسترجعة لعقود مذكرة الثقاهم حــب> ا خر∆إ∹ تـن	
التفاهم حرب	
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	المناع المتعقى إدوالا	المبلغ المسدد لدولار الميلغ المتفقى إدولا	قعبلغ المستحق /بولار	مبلغ الاسترجاع دولار إيرميل	الكمية / يرميل	رقم العسكة	المشتري	المرطأة
	00.00	9 499,529.00	499,529.00	0.25	1,998,116	M/09/20	NOURI FOR TRADING	6
	20,00	0 262,480.00	262,500.00	0.25	1,050,000	M/09/93	NRG OILS	6
	000	9 156,288.00	156,288,00	0.30	520,960	M/08/77	OIL AND GAZ	6
	500 P. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.	2,553,858.00	2,553,991.85	0.30	8,626,086	M/09/60	PETROGAZ	6
		0 604,164.90	604,164.90	0.30	2,013,883	M/09/79	PETROLINE	6
	00.E00\$-809	0.00	605,403.00	0.30	2,018,010	M/09/50	PHOENIX	6
	10 mm 20 mm 200	300,000.00	572,972.70	0.30	1,909,909	M/09/03	QUANTUM	6
		739,815.75	739,887.75	0.25	2,959,551	M/09/29	ROMPETROL	6
		3,067,802.55	3,067,802.55	0.27	11,428,422	M/09/25	ROSNEFTIMPEX	6
		228,948.00	228,957.50	0.25	915,830	M/09/30	SHAHER	6
		641,005.00	641,005.00	0.25	2,564,020	M/09/84	STNOCHEM	6
	- 10.45×	1,518,449.00	1,518,780.15	0.29	5,237,046	M/09/59	SLAVNEFT	6
		499,178.00	499,740.25	0.25	1,998,961	M/09/64	TANKER OIL AND GAS	6
		250,469.00	250,406.75	0.25	1,001,627	M/09/112	TREVOR TRADING	6
		546,004.50	546,004.50	0.30	1,820,015	M/08/40	TYUMEN	6
		250,217.25	250,217.25	0.25	1,000,869	M/09/97	VITOL	6
		4,185,383,80	4,185,383.35	0.28	15,125,883	M/09/82	ZARUBEZHNEFT	6
		8.5	504,119.75	0.25	2,016,479	M/09/19	ZARUBEZHNEFT AND GAS	6
		588,384,30	588,384.30	0.30	1,961,281	M/08/87	ZERICH GMBH	6
		607,985.00	607,937.40	0.30	2,026,458	M/09/86	ZERICH GMBH	6
		72,186,784.45	45 81,587,778.94	0,28	291,996,437		المجموع الكلي	

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اعداد الدائرة المالية-المتحلات التحارية

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شركة تسويق اللفط كشف بالميالغ البستكرجعة لعقود مذكرة التفاهم حــــــــــ المرعاداء تتبرة من

عمولات

	المبلغ المتنقى إدولال	Inits Rance leg Ki	المهلغ المستحق /بولار	مبلغ الاسترجاع دوائز أبرميل	الكمية / برميل	رقم العسقد	العثلثري	17 47 EX
	60,000.00	240,000.00	300,000.00	0:30	1,000,000	M/09/47	A&A SERVICES	10
	00'0	1,613,520.30	1,613,520.30	0.28	5,667,025	M/10/83	ACTEC	10
	60 19616	159,628,47	250,989.50	0.25	1,003,958	M/10/48	AFRICAN MIDDLE EAST	10
	25,00	250,400.00	250,415.00	0.25	1,001,660	M/10/32	AL TOUN TRADING	10
	000	2,310,319.10	2,310,319.10	0.29	8,036,186	M/10/03	ALCON	10
	000	1,240,820.00	1,240,820.00	0.27	4,643,673	M/10/17	ALCON	10
	000	600,928.50	600,928.50	0.30	2,003,095	M/10/59	ALCON	10
	50.75	1,072,929.30	1,072,976.35	0.28	3,890,405	M/10/18	ALEX	10
	04 W	618,353.10	618,353.10	0.30	2,061,177	M/09/101	ALFA ECO	91
		611,755.00	611,754.90	0.30	2,039,183	M/10/63	ALFA ECO	01
		247,422.00	247,422.00	0.25	889'686	M/10/56	AL-HILAL	10
		1,240,352.00	1,240,352.10	0.30	4,134,507	M/09/15	AL-HODA TRADING	92
		619,000.00	618,999.90	0.30	2,063,333	M/10/106	AL-HODA TRADING	101
	36.9 0	606,787.00	606,786.60	0.30	2,022,622	M/10/68+M/10 /22	M/10/68+M/10 AL-HODA TRADING	10
	3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	603,595.00	603,594.90	0.30	2,011,983	M/09/70	AL-RASHEED INTERNATIONAL	10
		601,160.00	601,159.20	0.30	2,003,864	M/10/21	AL-RASHEED INTERNATIONAL	10
	2.00.	482,172.25	482,058,75	0.25	1,928,235	M/10/71	AREDIO	10
		1,111,874.35	1,111,874.35	0.27	4,047,790	M/10/82+M/10 AREDIO /84	AREDIO	10
i		1,068,771.55	1,068,771,55	0.27	3,894,689	M/10/04	AWAD AMMORA	10
		512,361.14	512,361,25	0.25	2,049,445	M/10/28	AWAD AMMORA	70
	***	240,479.00	240,442.25	0.25	692'196	M/09/55	BULF DREILING AND OIL SERVIC	10

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	المناخ المتنقى أدولار	المبلغ المسدد /دولار	الميلغ المستحق /دولار	مبلغ الاسترجاع مولار أيوسيل	الكمية / يزميل	ر غم العسقا	المثنة ي	13
	0.00	315,000.00	315,000.00	0.30	1,050,000	M/10/74	CHAIYAPORN	1 2
	-49,985.00	349,985.00	300,000.00	0:30	1,000,000	M/10/42	CHASE STAR	10
	000	563,830,80	563,830.80	0.30	1,879,436	M/09/113	CHINA OIL	9
	0000	1,214,139.60	1,214,139.60	0.30	4,047,132	M/10/10	CHINA OIL	10
	000	604,912.20	604,912.20	0.30	2,016,374	M/09/122	CHINA WANBAO	10
	6,528,50	1,195,067,80	1,201,596.30	0.30	4,005,321	M/10/12	CHINA WANBAO	10
	-55.50	250,200.00	250,144.50	0.25	1,000,578	60/60/M	COMMERCIAL HOME	10
	000	551,577,30	551,577.30	0.27	2,005,929	M/09/83	CONSULT AND TRADE	10
	16.25	250,610.00	250,626.25	0.25	1,002,505	M/10/66	DELTA PETROLEUM	10
200	20.25	485,762.00	485,782.25	0.25	1,943,129	M/10/34	DEVON PETROLEUM	10
	462,717.42	59,434.08	512,151.50	0.25	2,048,606	M/10/62	DEVON PETROLEUM	10
	27.10	267,458.00	267,485.10	0.30	891,617	M/10/85	DEVON PETROLEUM	10
	4,028.75	497,370.00	501,393.75	0.25	2,005,575	M/10/02	E.O.T.C	10
	.230	3,351,275.00	3,351,272.80	0.29	11,672,165	M/10/61	EMERCOME	10
***************************************	800,000,00	971,680,30	1,771,680.30	0.30	5,905,601	M/09/32	EMIROIL	97
	000	1,743,400.65	1,743,400,65	0.29	5,953,859	M/09/37	EMIROIL	10
	** 3	261,698.00	261,703,50	0.25	1,046,814	M/10/33	ENERGY INVESTMENT	10
	-201.05	886,669.00	886,467.95	0.28	3,129,339	M/10/65	ERDEM HOLDING	10
	O'O'O	250,089.75	250,089.75	0.25	1,000,359	M/09/125	FADI OIL INTRNATIONAL	10
		299,983,00	300,000.00	0.30	1,000,000	M/09/57	FEDERALINIY TORGOVIY DOM(FTD)	22
	000	2,212,486,90	2,212,486.90	0.27	8,048,812	M/10/09	FENAR	10
	27.00	1,183,769.00	1,183,790.70	0.30	3,945,969	M/10/20	GHASSAN SHALLAH	유
	-2,313,75	250,000.00	247,686,25	0.25	990,745	M/10/47	GROMIG .	101

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شركة تسويق الناط كشف بالمبالغ المسترجعة نعقود مذكرة الثقاهم حرب الـرحداث تنبة

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	المبلغ المتيقي أدولا	العبلغ المسدد /بولار	الميلغ المستحق /دولار	مبلغ الاسترجاع دولار إيرميل	الكمية / يرميل	رفم العسقد	العشتري	14.4.4
	-3,346.80	1,499,979.00	1,496,632.20	0:30	4,988,774	M/09/111	HEULTD	101
	3,234,16	838,548.69	841,782.85	0.28	3,009,650	M/10/08	IBEX	9
	151.50	1,075,775.00	1,075,926.50	0.27	3,927,810	M/09/116	INCOME PETROLEUM	101
-	00'0	551,955.95	551,955.95	0.28	2,000,057	M/10/76	INCOME PETROLEUM	10
	-1,00	800,822.00	800,821.00	0.27	3,002,269	M/10/26	INCOMED TRADING	101
	1,395.16	499,003.09	500,398.25	0.25	2,001,593	M/10/70	IPS	101
	000	237,500.00	237,500.00	0.25	950,000	M/10/35	JALOUL INVESTMENT	10
	-2.50	1,208,074,00	1,208,071.50	0.30	4,026,905	M/09/115	JORDAN GRAIN	10
	250,620.50	299,968.00	550,588.50	0.27	2,002,354	08/60/W	KAMPAC OIL	2
	601,635.30	00'0	601,635.30	0.30	2,005,451	M/09/56	KENTFORD	100
	\$94,989.70	0.00	594,989.70	0.30	1,983,299	M/09/49	LADA-OMC	2
	-0.25	250,685.00	250,684.75	0.25	1,002,739	M/09/105	LUBNA	9
	0.25	251,518.00	251,518.25	0.25	1,006,073	M/10/43	LUBNA	92
	+122.30	1,122,671.00	1,122,548.70	0.30	3,741,829	M/10/67	LUKOR	2
	54.60	1,426,265.80	1,426,320.40	0.28	5,088,147	M/10/11	MACHINOIMPORT	2
	000	1,221,074.40	1,221,074.40	0.30	4,070,248	M/10/19	MACHINOIMPORT	10
	10,511,00	1,439,656.10	1,450,167.10	0.27	5,469,675	M/10/16	MARBEL RESOURCES	100
	202.00	250,022.00	250,224.00	0.25	1,000,896	M/10/57	MASEFIELD	10
	0,00	571,434.30	571,434.30	0:30	1,904,781	M/10/72	MEDCO	21
	727.90	825,822.25	825,950.15	0.28	2,920,295	M/10/38	MIDDLE EAST ADVANCED SEMI CONDUCTOR	97
	0'00	2,425,618.80	2,425,618.80	0.30	8,085,396	M/10/13	NAFTA PETROLEUM	2
	-1.26	601,266.36	601,265.10	0.30	2,004,217	M/10/41	NAFTO GAZ	2

اعداد الدالرة المالية المعدلات التحاربة

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	(4)		4	شركة تسويق النقط				
		م، الرحماء	كشف بالبيالغ المسترجعة لعقود مذكرة التفاهم حرب المرحرانة الداء	، بالميالغ المسترجعه ا لندة	24.4 Unit 2.47		ولان ولان	عمولان
· Adding the Addings of the Addings	المبلغ المتبقي إدولار	fatts fance feek	المباغ المستحق /دولار	مبلغ الاسترجاع دولار أيزميل	الكنية / يوميل	رقم العسكا	المثنزي	14.
	0000	245,759.25	245,759.25	0.25	983,037	M/10/30	NATIONAL OIL WELLS MAINTENANCE CO	10
	000	615,135.60	615,135.60	0:30	2,050,452	M/10/58	NATIONAL OIL WELLS MAINTENANCE CO	10
. •	-458.90	1,111,762.00	1,111,303.10	0.28	4,036,286	M/10/06	NOURI FOR TRADING	10
Annual design of the spirit of the supplementary of the spirit of the sp	08'0-	612,090.00	612,089.70	0.30	2,040,299	M/09/78	OIL AND GAZ	10
	00.0	606,642.90	606,642.90	0.30	2,022,143	M/09/89	OIL AND GAZ	10
	000	562,357.30	562,357.30	0.27	2,049,137	M/10/55	OIL AND GAZ	10
	00'018	534,765.30	535,575,30	0.30	1,785,251	M/10/93	OIL AND GAZ	10
	.503.60	605,312.00	604,808,40	0.30	2,016,028	M/10/45	OJSC KALMYK OIL	70
	00 18	621,000.00	621,081.00	0.30	2,070,270	M/10/24	OMNI DIL	10
	12425	249,973.00	262,086.25	0.25	1,048,345	M/10/50	PERENCO	10
	37.80	561,834.00	561,865.80	0.30	1,872,886	09/60/W	PETROGAZ	10
	000	624,906.00	624,906.00	0.30	2,083,020	M/09/126	PETROLEUM(PTSC)	9
	08.887.289	467,439.00	1,155,227.40	0:30	3,850,758	M/10/14	PETROLEUM(PTSC)	10
	0830	311,274.00	311,273.70	0:30	1,037,579	M/10/49	PETROLINE	10
	200	614,773.80	614,773.80	0.30	2,049,246	M/10/60	PETROLINE	10
	80	552,010.20	552,010,20	0.30	1,840,034	M/10/81	PETROLINE	10
	oc a	558,102.00	558,102.30	0.30	1,860,341	M/10/36	PETROVIETNAM	10
	900	300,537.30	300,537.30	0.30	1,001,791	M/10/77	PRIMACOSA	10
	8	90,000.00	90,000.00	0:30	300,000	M/10/88	PRIMACOSA	2
	30	1,101,610.80	1,101,606.05	0.27	4,006,395	M/10/07	ROSNEFT GAS EXPORT	10
	97.00	850,740.45	850,679.25	0.28	3,002,732	M/09/25	ROSNEFTIMPEX	10
	10.6.45	4,552,763.10	4,552,917.25	0.28	16,008,036	M/10/15	ROSNEFTIMPEX	ន
	and the second s	-			Annual Control of the			

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		حرية المرحله	شرکهٔ تسریق النظ کشف المالغ الممن جعه لعقد ملک ة الثقاهم حسب الرحلات	غىركة تسويق التقط بالمدالية المدين جعة إم	کڈن			
<u></u>		,)) -	m/r	للفترة من			عمولان
and the same of th	Early (21 K	Saffi Stante /ce//	العبانغ المستحق أدولار	مبلغ الاسترجاع دولار إيزميل	الكعية / يزميل	رقم العسقد	العشمتري	[n(415
	0.00	543,156.90	543,156.90	0.30	1,810,523	M/10/15+M/10 ROSNEFTIMPEX /23	ROSNEFTIMPEX	10
	30.00	292,470.00	292,500.00	0.30	975,000	99/60/W	SETA	10
	33.75	250,734.50	250,768.25	0.25	1,003,073	M/10/37	SETA	10
-	0.00	1,683,459.70	1,683,459.70	0.28	6,119,227	M/10/44	SINOCHEM	97
The second secon	4,695,25	1,638,000.00	1,642,695.25	0.28	5,809,156	M/10/27	SLAVNEFT	9
	000	1,188,762.90	1,188,762.90	0:30	3,962,543	M/10/39	SOYUZNEFT&GAS	10
NATIONAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	-220.80	1,468,281.00	1,468,060.20	0.30	4,893,534	M/10/05	TATNEFT	10
	00.0	299,839.50	299,839.50	0.25	1,199,358	M/10/31	TEKFEN	91
-	- 40.40	501,416.90	501,416.50	0.25	2,005,666	M/09/102	TYUMEN	22
	57 808	500,000.00	500,208.25	0.25	2,000,833	M/10/52	UNICONSULT MIDDLE EAST	10
	9970-	288,348.00	288,347.40	0.30	961,158	M/09/106	UNIFUEL	10
	000	261,975.00	261,975.00	0.25	1,047,900	M/10/51	VAZHMASHIMPEX	10
	000	295,583.70	295,583.70	0.30	985,279	M/09/97	VITOL.	10
	000	1,166,643.50	1,166,653.50	0.30	3,888,845	M/09/77	ZANGAS	10
	-8.70	2,865,527.00	2,865,518.30	0.28	10,240,947	M/10/01	ZARUBEZHNEFT	97
	1,876,75	492,948,00	494,824.75	0.25	1,979,299	M/09/123	ZHUHAI ZHEN RONG	9
The party of the p	39,50	616,375.30	616,414.80	0.30	2,054,716	M/10/80	ZYRYA MANAGEMENT SERVICE	10
	3,178),152,13	82,170,996.07	85,699,148.40	0.28	301,187,733		المجموع الكلي	

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اعداد الدائرة المالية-السعلات التجارية

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عمولات

-	الدباغ المشقع /10 الا	المبلغ المسدد /دولار المباغ المنتقي /دولار	المبلغ المستحق /درالار	مبلغ الاسترجاع دولار إبرميل	الكمية / يرميل	رقم العاظ	المشتري	المرطة
	000	1,827,346.55	1,827,346.55	0.29	6,257,440	M/10/83	ACTEC	11
,	25,534,55	1,589,926.15	1,615,460.70	0.29	5,662,556	M/11/39	ACTEC	11
	314,349,60	0.00	314,349.60	0.30	1,047,832	M/11/45	ACTEC	11
	70.00	104,930.00	105,000.00	0.30	350,000	M/10/17	ALCON	11
-	0.00	1,011,888.00	1,011,888.00	0.25	4,047,552	M/11/25	ALCON	11
	0.00	1,200,684.60	1,200,684.60	0.30	4,002,282	M/11/43	ALCON	11
	32.00	262,426.60	262,458.60	0.30	874,862	M/11/74	ALEX	H
	0.00	519,877.75	519,877.75	0.25	2,079,511	M/11/76	ALEX	11
	1,679,252.80	809,053.00	2,488,305.80	0.27	9,141,451	M/11/31	ALFA ECO	11
ŅĀ.	0000	502,936.00	502,936.00	0.25	2,011,744	M/11/20	AL-HODA TRADING	11
	0.20	570,601.00	570,601.20	0.30	1,902,004	M/11/20+M/11 /93	M/11/20+M/11 AL-HODA TRADING /93	11
	0.50	314,815.00	314,815.50	0.30	1,049,385	M/11/40	AL-HODA TRADING	11
	aon	300,000.00	300,000.00	0.30	1,000,000	M/11/93	AL-HODA TRADING	11
	-0.25	520,948.00	520,947.75	0.25	2,083,791	M/11/33	AL-RASHEED INTERNATIONAL	11
	0.00	747,158.75	747,158.75	0.25	2,988,635	M/10/94	ARAB TRADE DEVELOPMENT	11
	274,751.75	236,205.00	510,956.75	0.25	2,043,827	M/11/52	ARAB TRADE DEVELOPMENT	11
	0.00	604,305.60	604,305.60	0.30	2,014,352	M/10/86	AREDIO	11
	250,030,00	49,970.00	300,000.00	0.30	1,000,000	M/10/64	ASMOS	11
	97.9	223,820.00	223,813.75	0.25	895,255	M/11/56	AVIN OIL	11
	795,80	473,000.00	473,795.00	0.25	1,895,180	M/11/50,M/11/ AWAD AMMORA	AWAD AMMORA	11

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اعداد الدائرة المالية-السحلات التحارية

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والتفاهم كالأال	شركة تسويق النقط	لمبالغ المسترجعه لعقود مذكر	
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	facts landed for Ke	المبلغ المسدد أدولار	البلغ الستحق /بولار	مبلغ الاسترجاع دولار أيرميل	Back / Kody	رفر العبقا	المشترة ع	45
	000	322,942.50	322,942.50	0:30	1,076,475	M/10/100	B.C.INTERNATIONAL(PVT	1 =
,	00'0	584,780.10	584,780.10	0.30	1,949,267	M/10/91) B.C.INTERNATIONAL(PVT	11
· .	230,317,50	24,682.50	255,000.00	0.30	850,000	M/11/81) B.C.INTERNATIONAL(PVT	11
	08.17.80	423,983.00	423,994.80	0.30	1,413,316	M/11/69) BELMET	11
	00.00	300,000.00	300,000.00	0:30	1,000,000	M/11/14	CHAIYAPORN	11
	00'596'6r-	510,790,75	100,825.75	5:35	1,963,203	1:/11/58	CHASE STAR	11
and the second s	7,659.30	1,152,518.85	1,167,178.15	0.29	4,049,052	M/11/06	CHINA OIL	11
	35.00	1,146,137.75	1,146,152.75	0.29	3,981,693	M/11/86	CHINA WANBAO	11
	-284 BS	632,257,45	629,311.50	0.30	2,097,705	M/10/98	COGEP	11
		632,658.75	847,975.50	0.25	3,391,902	M/11/47	COMMERCIAL HOME	11
	229	249,834.00	249,849.75	0.25	666,399	M/10/66	DELTA PETROLEUM	11
	264,467,25	0.00	261,467.25	0.25	1,045,869	M/11/26	E.O.T.C	11
	220	2,080,990.35	2,080,992.55	0.29	7,107,431	M/10/61	EMERCOME	11
	08.7	630,605.70	630,607.20	0.30	2,102,024	M/10/61+M/10 EMERCOME /15	EMERCOME	11
	200	2,528,158.75	2,528,158.75	0,29	8,758,160	M/11/15	EMERCOME	11
	37.25	520,883.00	520,920.25	0.25	2,083,681	M/11/37	ENERGY INVESTMENT	11
	000	600,507.00	600,506.40	0:30	2,001,688	M/11/11	ERDEM HOLDING	11
	519,731,20	119,970.00	639,701.20	0.28	2,257,853	M/09/131	ERIK EMBORG	11
	900	498,650.00	498,650.00	0.25	1,994,600	M/11/104	FADI OIL INTRNATIONAL	11
	0.20	154,556.27	154,556.00	0.25	618,224	M/11/53	FADI OIL INTRNATIONAL	11
	900	621,471.60	621,471.60	0.30	2,071,572	M/10/96	FENAR	11

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إعداد الدائدة الماللة-السحلاك فتحاربة

			P. C.	شركة تسويق النفط				
		くいけんし	كشف بالميالغ المسترجمه لعقود مذكرة التفاهم حرب المرسكات نديد	، بالميالغ المسترجعه ا نننة	ک ٹن الفت کیلی			عمولان
	2. 15 Barrets / 10 Kl	Early Bank /16 K	المباغ المستحق /دولار	مبلغ الاسترجاع دولار أيرميل	الكمية / يزميل	رقع العسقة	المشتري	المرطة
	000	1,019,130.30	1,019,130.30	0.30	3,397,101	M/11/65	FENAR	11
	00.00	418,187,00	418,187.00	0.25	1,672,748	M/11/67	FENAR	11
	000	50,000.00	50,000.00	0.25	200,000	M/11/28	GHASSAN SHALLAH	Ħ
	1-26.00	314,095.40	314,069.40	0.30	1,046,898	M/10/40	HAMED EST	11
· - management propagation of the state of t	-64,25	744,962.00	744,897.75	0.25	2,979,591	M/11/13	HIULTD	11
Assemptivitified assemble a second	522,112.40	59,985.00	532,097.20	0.30	1,940,324	M/10/25	HYPERXOREY	11
The second secon	EJETE'S	0:00	.5,313.60	C. 3	1,017,7:2	11/11/120	HYSON(NIGERIA)	11
	6.2.0 m. C.O.	241,002.03	241,601.75	r. 5	175'996	1:/1:/112	INCOMED TRADING	11
	1,169,40	757,062.35	758,231.75	0.25	3,032,927	M/11/22	INCOMED TRADING	11
	02051	310,261.30	310,311,60	0.30	1,034,372	M/10/73	IVES COLTD	11
	900	367,467.25	367,467.25	0.25	1,469,869	M/11/75	IVES COLTD	11
	88	269,715,60	269,715.60	0.30	899,052	M/11/83	IVES COLTD	11
	350,000,00	250,000.00	600,000.00	0.30	2,000,000	M/11/12	JAWALA	11
	900	450,000.00	450,000.00	0.25	1,800,000	M/11/61	JORDAN GRAIN	11
	8	490,604.00	490,604.40	0.30	1,635,348	M/11/94	JORDAN GRAIN	11
	200	912,771.30	912,801.30	0.30	3,042,671	M/11/17	MACHINOIMPORT	11
	8	916,603.25	916,603.25	0.27	3,366,413	M/11/79	MACHINOIMPORT	11
	900	157,500.00	157,500.00	0.30	525,000	M/10/16	MARBEL RESOURCES	11
	30,660 90	2,388,708.51	2,428,378.50	0.30	8,094,595	M/11/55	MED NAFTA	11
	0.500 PM	461,567.70	468,499.00	0,25	1,873,996	M/11/34	MEDCO	11
		311,866.50	311,866.50	0:30	1,039,555	M/10/87	MEDEX SERVICES	11
	768,258,00	0.00	708,258.00	0.30	2,360,860	M/11/04	MIDDLE EAST ADVANCED SEMI CONDUCTOR	ED 11

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اعداد الدائدة الدائية-السعان التحارية

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شركة تسويق التقط	 بالمبائغ المسترجعة لعقود مذكرة التفاهم . 	nsiy	
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	•			man, and		عمولات	ğ
فيبي المهيفي أودين	المبلغ المست إدوازر	العبلغ المستحق أبوذار	مبشخ الاسترجاع دولا أيرميل	الكمبة / بوميل	رقع العسكا	المثشري	المرطة
4,822.50	250,000.00	254,822.50	0.25	1,019,290	M/11/10	MIDDLE EAST ADVANCED SEMI CONDUCTOR	11
300,093.00	144,907.00	445,000.00	0.29	1,550,000	M/11/109	NAFTO GAZ	11
178.50	313,924.80	314,103.30	0.30	1,047,011	M/10/30	NATIONAL OIL WELLS MAINTENANCE CO	11
238.50	512,125.00	512,363.50	0.25	2,049,454	M/11/30	NOURI FOR TRADING	11
-62,271.41	580,264.41	525,993.00	0.26	2,019,972	M/10/79	OJSC KALMYK OJL	11
0.00	64,,295,60	620,295.60	6.30	1,007,002	M/11/49,M/11/ 03	M/11/49,M/11/ G3SC KALMYK OIL 03	11
0.00	596,425.00	1.2,425.00	0000	1,994,750	11/11/62	PETROVIETNAM	Ħ
627,125.30	491,483,75	1,15,609.05	0.28	4,056,388	M/11/57	PITKIN	Ħ
00'0	220,500.00	220,500.00	0.30	735,000	M/10/88	PRIMACOSA	11
235,555.00	30,000,00	265,555.00	0.26	1,012,220	M/11/24	PRIMACOSA	11
<i>00.0</i>	930,000.00	930,000.00	0.30	3,100,000	M/11/21	ROSNEFT GAS EXPORT	11
595,184.05	1,727,000.00	2,322,184.05	0.29	8,085,235	M/11/05	RUSSIAN ENGINERERING COMPANY	=
1.1	775,000.00	774,624.00	0.30	2,582,080	M/11/05+M/11 /07	RUSSIAN ENGINERERING COMPANY	11
05.6	403,343.90	403,334,40	0.30	1,344,448	M/11/16	SHAHER	Ħ
00'9E-	251,419.75	251,383.75	0.25	1,005,535	M/11/08	SHANFARI GROUB	11
700	1,020,642.26	1,020,642.25	0.25	4,082,569	M/11/02	SINOCHEM	11
1,097,412.80	0.00	1,097,412.80	0.28	3,972,048	M/11/103	SLAVNEFT	11
089117	920,472.10	919,353.30	0.30	3,064,511	M/10/39	SOYUZNEFT&GAS	#
02'661'1-	1,502,500.00	1,501,300.80	0.30	5,004,336	M/11/59	SOYUZNEFT&GAS	11

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307,563,60 307,563,60 0.00 15,000,00 15,000,00 15,000,00 10,
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اعداد قدائرة المالية-السحلات التحارية

Control Cont				74	شركة تسويق النفط				
104,990,00 139,446,50 0,15 3,594,510 M/12/35 M/10 M/12/35 M/10 M/12/35 M/10 M/12/36 M/10		•	インドイト	، لعتَودُ مذكرة التقاءم به	، بالعبالغ المسترجعة	الله و مارا الله و مارا		V.)	¥
12,125,000 239,146,50 0.15 2,928,700 M/12/36 AL-HODA TRADING 104,990.00 3(8,998,35 0.15 2,929,99.9 M/11/32 AL-HODA TRADING 104,990.00 3(8,998,35 0.15 2,059,99.9 M/11/32 AREDIO AREDIO 125,000.00 0.15 2,057,054 M/11/101 AREDIO AREDIO 125,600.00 0.15 2,057,054 M/11/64 AREDIO A	and the second of the second o	Car Jan Ly 12 K	البلغ العسدد /بو".	Expl 8 man 2: 5 /42 FC	مبلغ الاسترجاع دواهر إبرمال	الكدية / يزميل	رقم العسقد		العرطة
0.00 ⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨⟨		0.00	539,146.50	539,146.50	0.15	3,594,210	M/12/35	ALCON	12
104,590,00 3C8,998,35 0.15 2,059,029 IA/11/32 ANWER AKKAD SONS 41,250,00 41,250,00 0.15 275,020 IA/11/101 AREDIO 75,000,00 75,000,00 0.15 500,050 IA/11/101 AREDIO 112,133,10 2.15 2.00,75,54 IA/11/164 AREDIO 112,684,20 1.53,684,30 0.15 288,754 IA/11/64+/11/ AREDIO 43,313,10 0.15 288,754 IA/11/64+/11/ AREDIO AREDIO 43,313,10 0.15 288,754 IA/11/64+/11/ AREDIO AREDIO 89,964,70 90,000,00 0.15 288,754 IA/11/60 ANAD AMMORA 297,974,0 0.15 1,986,577 IA/11/150 ANAD AMMORA 200,00 0.15 1,550,516 IA/11/140 CHINA OIL 225,000,00 225,000,00 0.15 1,560,000 IA/11/140 DEVON PETROLEUM 0.00 225,000,00 0.15 1,000,000 IA/11/140 CHINA OIL <t< td=""><td></td><td>446,814.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>416,814.00</td><td>0.15</td><td>2,978,760</td><td>M/12/36</td><td>AL-HODA TRADING</td><td>12</td></t<>		446,814.00	0.00	416,814.00	0.15	2,978,760	M/12/36	AL-HODA TRADING	12
41,250.00 0.15 275,020 M/11/101 AREDIO 75,000.00 75,000.00 0.15 \$00,050 M/11/64 AREDIO 313,133.10 0.15 \$00,050.00 M/11/64,80,11 AREDIO 43,313.10 0.15 \$1,024,25.24 M/11/64,80,11 AREDIO 43,313.10 0.15 \$1,024,25.25 M/11/64,411/ AREDIO 6,00 134,145.15 0.15 \$89,304 M/11/80 AREDIO 89,364.70 90,000.00 0.15 \$89,304 M/11/10 AREDIO 297,979.50 297,986.55 0.15 1,986,577 M/11/10 AWAD ANHORA 225,000.00 232,577.40 0.15 1,550,516 M/11/46 CHINA OIL 225,000.00 225,000.00 0.15 1,550,000 M/11/46 DEVON PETROLEUM 0.00 225,000.00 0.15 1,500,000 M/11/46 PENON PETROLEUM 0.00 75,000.00 0.15 1,000,000 M/11/46 PENON PETROLEUM 0.00 75,799,85 </td <td></td> <td>204,008.35</td> <td>104,990.00</td> <td>308,998.35</td> <td>0.15</td> <td>2,059,959</td> <td>M/11/32</td> <td>ANWER AKKAD SONS</td> <td>12</td>		204,008.35	104,990.00	308,998.35	0.15	2,059,959	M/11/32	ANWER AKKAD SONS	12
75,000.00 75,000.00 0.15 500,020 M/11/64 R0,11 AREDIO 0.15 2,047,554 M/11/64,80,11 AREDIO 0.15 2,047,554 M/11/64+/11/ AREDIO 0.15 1,024,252 1101/64,80,11 AREDIO 0.15		00.0	41,250.00	41,250.00	0.15	275,000	M/11/101	AREDIO	12
313,133.10 313,133.10 C.15 2,007,554 M/11/64,60,11 AREDIO O	,	00.00	75,000.00	75,000.00	0.15	500,000	M/11/64		12
152,684,30 C.15 1,024,525 M/11/64+/11/ AREDIO 43,313.10 0.15 288,754 M/11/60+/11/ AREDIO 0.00 134,145.15 0.15 288,754 M/11/80 AREDIO 89,984.70 134,145.15 0.15 884,301 M/11/72 AVIN OIL 89,984.70 90,000.00 0.15 1,986,577 M/11/12 AVIN OIL 297,985.55 0.15 1,580,516 M/11/14 CENTURY 225,000.00 232,577.40 0.15 1,580,516 M/11/14 CENTURY 225,000.00 225,000.00 0.15 1,580,500 M/11/14 CENTURY 225,000.00 225,000.00 0.15 1,580,500 M/11/14 CENTURY 225,000.00 225,000.00 0.15 1,500,000 M/11/16 DEVON PETROLEUM 0.00 75,000.00 0.15 1,000,000 M/11/16 ENDAN PETROLEUM 285,330.90 757,979.85 0.15 1,462,581 M/11/16 ENBRCOME 203,538.45		000	313,153.10	313,133.10	51.0	2,037,554	M/11/64,80,11	AREDIO	12
43,313.10 0.15 288,754 M/11/80 AREDIO 0.00 134,145.15 0.15 894,301 M/12/22 AVIN OIL 89,664.70 90,000,00 0.15 600,000 M/11/50 AVIN OIL 297,975.60 297,986.55 0.15 1,986,577 M/12/12 AVIN OIL 0.00 232,577.40 0.15 1,580,516 M/11/44 CENTURY 225,000.00 225,000.00 0.15 1,560,500 M/11/144 CENTURY 225,000.00 225,000.00 0.15 1,560,000 M/11/144 CENTURY 0.00 225,000.00 0.15 1,560,000 M/11/144 CENTURY 0.00 225,000.00 0.15 1,560,000 M/11/100 DEVON PETROLEUM 0.00 150,000.00 0.15 1,000,000 M/11/146 CENTROLEUM 0.00 150,000.00 0.15 1,000,000 M/11/146 DEVON PETROLEUM 0.00 150,000.00 0.15 1,462,581 M/11/156 EMERCOME <t< td=""><td>함정 -</td><td>000</td><td>112,684.30</td><td>153,684.30</td><td>6.15</td><td>1,024,562</td><td>M/11/64+/11/ 110</td><td>AREDIO</td><td>17</td></t<>	함정 -	000	112,684.30	153,684.30	6.15	1,024,562	M/11/64+/11/ 110	AREDIO	17
0.00 134,145.15 0.15 894,301 M/12/22 AVIN 01L 88,964.70 90,000.00 0.15 600,000 M/11/50 AWAD AMHORA 297,975.50 297,986.55 0.15 1,986,577 M/12/18 AWAD AMHORA 0.00 232,577.40 0.15 1,596,361 M/11/44 CENTURY 225,000.00 225,000.00 0.15 1,969,361 M/11/44 CENTURY 225,000.00 225,000.00 0.15 1,960,000 M/11/46 DEVON PETROLEUM 0.00 150,000.00 0.15 1,000,000 M/11/46 DEVON PETROLEUM 0.00 75,000.00 0.15 1,000,000 M/11/46 DEVON PETROLEUM 0.00 75,000.00 0.15 5,053,199 M/11/16 DEVON PETROLEUM 0.00 75,000.00 0.15 5,053,199 M/11/16 DEVON PETROLEUM 0.01 1,462,581 M/11/16 PENAR PENAR 203,538.45 0.15 1,366,323 M/11/65 PENAR	out they	000	43,313.10	43,313.10	0.15	288,754	M/11/80	AREDIO	17
88,964.70 90,000.00 0.15 600,000 M/11/50 AWAD AWHORA 297,975.50 297,986.55 0.15 1,986,577 M/12/18 AWAD AWHORA 0.00 232,577.40 0.15 1,550,516 M/11/44 CENTINEY 225,000.00 295,404.15 0.15 1,969,361 M/11/44 CENTINEY 225,000.00 225,000.00 0.15 1,960,000 M/11/100 DEVON PETROLEUM 0.00 150,000.00 0.15 1,000,000 M/11/46 DEVON PETROLEUM 0.00 75,000.00 0.15 1,000,000 M/11/46 DEVON PETROLEUM 0.00 75,000.00 0.15 5,053,199 M/11/166 ENCHROLEUM 0.15 1,000,000 M/11/166 ENCHROLEUM 384,785.00 219,387.15 0.15 1,462,581 M/11/163 FENAR 203,538.45 203,538.45 0.15 1,366,23 M/11/63 FENAR 273,425.00 259,741.45 0.15 2,816,150 M/11/78 FENAR <		134,345,15	0.00	134,145.15	0.15	894,301	M/12/22	AVIN OIL	12
297,979.50 297,986.55 0.15 1,986,577 M/12/18 AWAD AWHORA 0.00 232,577.40 0.15 1,596,361 M/11/44 CENTURY 225,000.00 295,404.15 0.15 1,969,361 M/11/16 CHINA OIL 225,000.00 225,000.00 0.15 1,500,000 M/11/16 DEVON PETROLEUM 0.00 150,000.00 0.15 1,000,000 M/11/16 DEVON PETROLEUM 0.00 75,000.00 0.15 5,003,19 M/11/26 EAG-T.C 585,330.90 75,000.00 0.15 5,053,19 M/11/16 DEVON PETROLEUM 384,763.00 157,979.65 0.15 5,053,19 M/11/16 ENERCOME 203,538.45 0.15 1,366,32 M/11/65 FENAR 203,538.45 0.15 3,982,943 M/11/63 FENAR 273,425.00 0.15 2,816,150 M/11/78 GHASSAN SHALLAH 234,714.30 234,714.30 0.15 1,564,762 M/11/48 INCOME PETROLEUM		0636	89,964.70	90,000.00	0.15	600,000	M/11/50	AWAD AMMORA	12
0.00 232,577.40 0.15 1,550,516 M/11/44 CENTURY 0.00 295,404.15 0.15 1,969,361 M/11/26 CHINA OIL 225,000.00 225,000.00 0.15 1,000,000 M/11/100 DEVON PEROLEUM 0.00 75,000.00 0.15 1,000,000 M/11/46 DEVON PEROLEUM 585,330.90 75,000.00 0.15 5,053,199 M/11/126 E.O.T.C 384,765.00 219,387.15 0.15 1,462,581 M/11/15 EMERCOME 203,538.45 0.15 1,356,923 M/11/65 FENAR 203,538.45 0.15 1,366,383 FENAR 273,425.00 0.15 2,816,150 M/11/63 FENAR 273,425.00 0.15 2,816,150 M/11/63 GHASSAN SHALLAH 234,714.30 234,714.30 0.15 1,564,762 M/11/48 INCOME PEIROLEUM		2,05	297,979.50	297,986.55	0.15	1,986,577	M/12/18	AWAD AMMORA	12
0.00 295,404.15 0.15 1,969,361 M/12/26 CHINA OIL 225,000.00 225,000.00 0.15 1,500,000 M/11/100 DEVON PEROLEUM 0.00 150,000.00 0.15 1,000,000 M/11/46 DEVON PEROLEUM 585,330.90 75,000.00 0.15 5,053,199 M/11/26 E.0.T.C 384,765.00 219,387.15 0.15 1,462,581 M/11/15 EMERCOME 203,538.45 0.15 1,356,923 M/11/65 FENAR 597,025.02 597,441.45 0.15 3,982,943 M/11/78 FENAR 273,425.00 0.15 2,816,150 M/11/78 GHASSAN SHALLAH 234,714.30 234,714.48 10.15 1,564,762 M/11/48 INCOME PEROLEUM		232,577.40	0.00	232,577.40	0.15	1,550,516	M/11/44	CENTURY	12
225,000.00 225,000.00 0.15 1,500,000 M/11/100 DEVON PEROLEUM 0.00 150,000.00 0.15 1,000,000 M/11/46 DEVON PEROLEUM 885,330.90 75,000.00 0.15 500,000 M/11/16 E.O.T.C 384,765.00 219,387.15 0.15 5,053,199 M/11/15 ENERCONE 203,538.45 0.15 1,366,923 M/11/15 ENERCONE 597,025.02 597,441.45 0.15 3,982,943 M/11/59 FENAR 273,425.00 0.15 2,816,150 M/11/72 GHASSAN SHALLAH 234,714.30 234,714.30 0.15 1,564,762 M/11/48 INCOME PERROLEUM		295,404,15	00.00	295,404,15	0.15	1,969,361	M/12/26	CHINA OIL	12
6.00 150,000.00 0.15 1,000,000 M/11/46 DEVON PEROLEUM 6.00 75,000.00 0.15 500,000 M/11/26 E.O.T.C 585,330.90 757,979.85 0.15 5,023,199 M/11/15 EMERCOME 203,538.45 219,387.15 0.15 1,462,581 M/12/53 EMERCOME 203,538.45 0.15 1,356,923 M/11/65 FENAR 597,025.02 597,441.45 0.15 3,982,943 M/12/39 FENAR 273,425.00 422,422.50 0.15 2,816,150 M/11/28 GHASSAN SHALLAH 234,714.30 234,714.30 0.15 1,564,762 M/11/48 INCOME PETROLEUM		000	225,000.00	225,000,00	0.15	1,500,000	M/11/100	DEVON PETROLEUM	12
600 75,000.00 0.15 500,000 M/11/26 E.O.T.C 585,330.90 757,979.85 0.15 5,053,199 M/11/15 EMERCOME 384,765.00 219,387.15 0.15 1,462,581 M/12/53 EMERCOME 203,538.45 203,538.45 0.15 1,356,923 M/11/65 FENAR 597,025.02 597,441.45 0.15 3,982,943 M/12/39 FENAR 273,425.00 422,422.50 0.15 2,816,150 M/11/28 GHASSAN SHALLAH 234,714.30 234,714.30 0.15 1,564,762 M/11/48 INCOME PETROLEUM		150,000.00	0.00	150,000,00	0.15	1,000,000	M/11/46	DEVON PETROLEUM	12
585,330.90 757,979.85 0.15 5,053,199 M/11/15 EMERCOME 384,765.00 219,387.15 0.15 1,462,881 M/12/53 EMERCOME 203,538.45 203,538.45 0.15 1,356,923 M/11/65 FENAR 597,025.02 597,441.45 0.15 3,982,943 M/12/39 FENAR 223,473.50 422,422.50 0.15 2,816,150 M/11/28 GHASSAN SHALLAH 234,714.30 0.15 1,564,762 M/11/48 INCOME PETROLEUM		75,000.00	00'0	75,000.00	0.15	500,000	M/11/26	E.O.T.C	12
384,765.00 219,387.15 0.15 1,462,581 M/12/53 EMERCOME 203,538.45 203,538.45 0.15 1,356,923 M/11/65 FENAR 597,025.02 597,441.45 0.15 3,962,943 M/12/39 FENAR 223,422.50 0.15 2,816,150 M/11/28 GHASSAN SHALLAH 234,714.30 0.15 1,564,762 M/11/48 INCOME PETROLEUM		172,648.95	585,330.90	757,979,85	0.15	5,053,199	M/11/15	EMERCOME	12
203,538.45 203,538.45 0.15 1,356,923 M/11/65 FENAR 597,025.02 597,441.45 0.15 3,982,943 M/12/39 FENAR 273,425.00 422,422.50 0.15 2,816,150 M/11/28 GHASSAN SHALLAH 234,714.30 0.15 1,564,762 M/11/48 INCOME PETROLEUM		-165,377.85	384,765.00	219,387.15	0.15	1,462,581	M/12/53	EMERCOME	112
597,025.02 597,441.45 0.15 3,982,943 M/12/39 FENAR 273,425.00 422,422.50 0.15 2,816,150 M/11/28 GHASSAN SHALLAH 224,714.30 0.15 1,564,762 M/11/48 INCOME PETROLEUM		000	203,538.45	203,538.45	0.15	1,356,923	M/11/65	FENAR	77
223,724.30 422,422.50 0.15 2,816,150 M/11/28 GHASSAN SHALLAH 224,714.30 234,714,30 0.15 1,564,762 M/11/48 INCOME PETROLEUM		446.43	597,025.02	597,441.45	0.15	3,982,943	M/12/39	FENAR	17
234,714.30 234,714.30 0.15 1,564,762 N/11/48 INCOME PETROLEUM		148,897.50	273,425.00	422,422.50	0.15	2,816,150	M/11/28	GHASSAN SHALLAH	12
		- Company	234,714.30	234,714.30	0.15	1,564,762	M/11/48	INCOME PETROLEUM	12

WINION PM T.- f/T/17 MATERIA CALLS

تاریخ بریات تفکید ۱۱/۲۰/۲۰۰۰ PM ۱۰۰۲ کارید

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			1 4	شركة تسويق التقط				
	1	1-3-17-47	كثف بالمبالغ المسترجعه لعقود مذكرة التفاهم حسب المرحسات	، بالمبالغ المسترجعه ا لندة	کٹیا تلکہ 3 میں		ولان	عمولان
The same of the sa	الدياغ المتفعير الدلار	المبلغ المسدد /دولار	المبلغ المستحق إدولار	مبلغ الاسترجاع مولار أيزميل	الدعبة / برميل	्वं विनास	العشتري	الرطاغ
2 2 2	-0.06	124,556.91	124,556.85	0.15	830,379	M/11/116	IPS	12
Control of the contro	27,363,49	121,820,21	149,183.70	0.15	994,558	M/11/116+/12 /48	1PS	12
	25,181.90	0.00	95,181.90	0.15	634,516	M/12/48	IPS	12
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	09'0-	55,980.00	5,979,40	0.15	373,196	M/11/01	JALOUL INVESTMENT	12
1900	-0.15	86,640.00	26,639,85	0.15	577,599	M/11/118	JORDAN GRAIN	12
And the second s	157,041.75	00.0	157,041.75	0.15	1,046,545	M/11/63	LUBNA	12
	-380,558,35	667,796.05	287,237.70	0.15	1,914,918	M/11/79	MACHINOIMPORT	12
A William Commission of the Co	53.0	60.08	24,7.5.30	Ĺ	1,908,022	10/27/04	NACHINOIMFORT	12
The second secon	308,167.35	0.00	308,167.35	0.15	2,054,449	M/12/19	MED NAFTA	12
The spiritual section of the spiritual section		224,377.00	224,376.60	0.15	1,495,644	M/12/51	NEFTE GAS	12
	39,707,40	49,993.50	89,700.90	0.15	598,006	M/11/87	OIL AND GAZ	17
	290,157,60	0.00	290,157.60	0.15	1,934,384	M/11/95	OIL AND GAZ	12
	89,455.35	0.00	89,455.35	0.15	596,369	M/11/49	OJSC KALMYK OIL	12
	311,548,50	0.00	311,548,50	0.15	2,076,990	M/11/89	OJSC KALMYK OJL	12
	433,156.95	120,000.00	553,156.95	0.15	3,687,713	M/11/54	PETRO LINA OIL	12
	[w.	30,000.00	109,810.20	0.15	732,068	M/11/84	PETROVIETNAM	12
	77,923.95	0.00	77,923.95	0.15	519,493	M/12/24	PETROVIETNAM	12
	243,754,95	60,000.00	303,754.95	0.15	2,025,033	M/11/121	PITKIN	12
	9.05	210,505.00	210,505.05	0.15	1,403,367	M/12/05	ROSNEFT GAS EXPORT	12
	763,785.30	0.00	763,785.30	0.15	5,091,902	M/11/05	RUSSIAN ENGINERERING COMPANY	12
	75,000.00	0.00	75,000.00	0.15	500,000	M/11/05,M/12/ 17	RUSSIAN ENGINERERING COMPANY	12

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اعداد الدائدة قالمالية-السجلان التحاربة

اعداد الدائرة الدائية -المنحلان الدحارية

شركة تسويق التقط	كثف بالعيالغ المسترجعه لعقود مذكرة التفاهم حسب المز
	17.470

V:1A:0A PP	THE STATE OF THE S	27.50	į	ي كالم كسم دقي التقط				
		イッハイマ	لعقود مذكرة التفاهم ن	كشف بالمبالغ المسترجعة لمؤود مذكرة التقاهم حسب المرحات المدارة	24.4 10.6.17		3	عمولان
And the second s	The state of the s	"4.5" (Lance: '50'%)	المبق فيستحي أبرين المبق السيد أبرين الدي جيفرا إلى	नहें एक ने अर्थ हैं जो किया है हैं है	الكونة / يرميل		المشتري	المرخة
	2,3,252.55	00.3	290,252.55	1 0	1,935,617	M/11/105+/12 SIBERIAN	SIBERIAN	
	31,248.60	3,176,573.35	1,251,822.15	6.13	8,345,461	11/12/38	STNOCHEM	
	-8.25	224,860,00	16,791.75	65	1,911,5 :5	M/12/15	SOYUZNEFTRGAS	
	0.00	185,423.10	185,423.10	0.15	1,236,154	M/11/71	TEKFEN	ì
	C-000,25,000.00	0,000,00	75,000.00		500,003	1,117.9	TRADING & SETED	
	50.00	1:0,834.70	110,834.70	6.15	803'886	M/11/36	THE OIL SERVIES(OSC)	
	7.370	Section 1	17 6.			M/1	Jr 355	
		0.30	21,065.15		611,101	11/22/11	VAZHMASITTIREX	
	2,614.	6			670,	65/17/3	CHARST SCRVICE	
	4,584,997.30	8,514,578.30	13,399,575.60	0.15	89,330,504	e delle de constitue que ministrativa de destinamente	lacas lists.	

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M/08/47 M/08/05 M/08/103 M/08/104
1,000,000 1,000,000 9,655,853 980,250
المِلِغُ المستحق/بوير 300,000.00 965,582.00 98,025.00
240,000.00 240,000.00 965,586.00 98,025.00
60,000.00 -4.00 0.00
0.30 0.10 0.10 0.10

اعداد الدائرة المائمة-السحانات التحارية

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ركه تمويل للنظ	ستحقة والمسددة لكافة ا	1441
	الكافة المراحل حسب الثرية	

5	3,7		فيسال بميانع المسرجاح المستحدد والممددة لحالة المراهل حسب المراك		3	,	,
		,	Taki.	الفرة من		BARKU	9
معال مبلغ الإسترجاع(نه لار لير ميل)	المناخ المنظى/بولار	Saily Share to K	المبلغ الممتحق/دولار	الكمية / بوميل	رقم العسقد	المثنري	a 4.
0:30	32.00	262,426.60	262,458.60	874,862	M/11/74	ALEX	11
0.25	000	519,877.75	519,877.75	2,079,511	M/11/76	ALEX	11
0.10	25.90	312,719.10	312,745.00	3,127,461	M/08/24	ALFA ECO	8
0.30	00:0	618,353.10	618,353.10	2,061,177	M/09/101	ALFA ECO	9
0.30	-0.10	611,755.00	611,754.90	2,039,183	M/10/63	ALFA ECO	2
0.27	1,679,252.80	809,053.00	2,488,305.80	9,141,451	M/11/31	ALFA ECO	==
0.25	00'0	247,422.00	247,422.00	889'686	M/10/56	AL-HILAL	2
0.30	07.0	1,240,352.00	1,240,352.10	4,134,507	M/09/15	AL-HODA TRADING	70
0:30	-0.10	619,000.00	618,999.90	2,063,333	M/10/106	AL-HODA TRADING	10
0,30	-0.40	606,787.00	606,786.60	2,022,622	M/10/68+M/10 /22	AL-HODA TRADING	91
0.25	00'0	502,936.00	502,936.00	2,011,744	M/11/20	AL-HODA TRADING	11
0.30	0.20	570,601.00	570,601.20	1,902,004	M/11/20+M/11 /93	AL-HODA TRADING	#
0.30	0.50	314,815.00	314,815.50	1,049,385	M/11/40	AL-HODA TRADING	#
0.30	000	300,000.00	300,000.00	1,000,000	M/11/93	AL-HODA TRADING	=
0.15	445,814,00	0.00	446,814.00	2,978,760	M/12/36	AL-HODA TRADING	12
0.30	07.0-	603,595.00	603,594.90	2,011,983	M/09/70	AL-RASHEED INTERNATIONAL	22
0.30	-0.80	601,160.00	601,159.20	2,003,864	M/10/21	AL-RASHEED INTERNATIONAL	2
0.25	-0.25	520,948.00	520,947.75	2,083,791	M/11/33	AL-RASHEED INTERNATIONAL	11
0.15	204,008.35	104,990.00	308,998.35	2,059,989	M/11/32	ANWER AKKAD SONS	77
0.25	000	747,158.75	747,158.75	2,988,635	M/10/94	ARAB TRADE DEVELOPMENT	11
0.25	274,751.75	236,205,00	510,956.75	2,043,827	M/11/52	ARAB TRADE DEVELOPMENT	11
0.10	0,00	264,505.00	264,505.00	2,645,068	M/08/35	AREDIO	œ
0:30	000	304,320.90	304,320.90	1,014,403	M/09/23	AREDIO	0
اعداد الدائدة المالية-السملان النحارية				anial 7 ati A1			

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شركة تسويق النفط	كشف بعبالغ الاسترجاع المستحقة والمسددة لكافة العراهل حسب الشركة	

			na,	That I are			عمولان
محال ميداغ الاسترجاج(تولار ليوسط)	المبلغ المتيقي/بولار	Radia Rames/pe K	الملغ المستحق/دولار	الكمية / يزميل	رقم العسقة	المشتري	[4.4]
0.25	-113.50	482,172.25	482,058.75	1,928,235	M/10/71	AREDIO	10
0.27	00.00	1,111,874.35	1,111,874.35	4,047,790	M/10/82+M/10 /84	AREDIO	10
0:30	0.00	604,305.60	604,305.60	2,014,352	M/10/86	AREDIO	11
0.15	0.00	41,250.00	41,250.00	275,000	M/11/101	AREDIO	12
0.15	0.00	75,000.00	75,000.00	500,000	M/11/64	AREDIO	12
0,15	00'0	313,133.10	313,133.10	2,087,554	M/11/64,80,11 0	AREDIO	12
0.15	0.00	153,684.30	153,684.30	1,024,562	M/11/64+/11/ 110	AREDIO	77
0.15	0000	43,313.10	43,313.10	288,754	M/11/80	AREDIO	12
0.10	00'0	50,000.00	50,000.00	200,000	M/08/53	ASMOS	80
0,30	250,030.00	49,970.00	300,000.00	1,000,000	M/10/64	ASMOS	11
0.25	34.25	435,000.00	435,034.25	1,740,137	M/09/42	AVIN OIL	6
0.25	-6.25	223,820.00	223,813.75	895,255	m/11/56	AVIN OIL	=
0.15	134,145.15	0.00	134,145.15	894,301	M/12/22	AVIN OIL	77
0.25	000	490,623.25	490,623.25	1,962,493	M/09/13	AWAD AMMORA	6
0.27	0.00	1,068,771.55	1,068,771.55	3,894,689	M/10/04	AWAD AMMORA	10
0.25	0.11	512,361.14	512,361.25	2,049,445	M/10/28	AWAD AMMORA	07
0.15	35.30	89,964.70	90,000,00	000'009	M/11/50	AWAD AMMORA	12
0.25	795.00	473,000.00	473,795.00	1,895,180	M/11/50,M/11/ 88	AWAD AMMORA	Ħ
0.15	2,05	297,979.50	297,986.55	1,986,577	M/12/18	AWAD AMMORA	21
0.27	505,218.25	20,000,00	555,218,25	2,020,873	M/09/38	B.B. ENERGY	6
0.25	0.00	478,742.75	478,742.75	1,914,971	M/09/91	B.C.INTERNATIONAL (PVT)	6 (L
0.30	0.00	322,942.50	322,942.50	1,076,475	M/10/100	B.C.INTERNATIONAL(PVT)	71 11

اعداد الدائرة المائية-السملان التحارية

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	غركة تسويق التقط	مبالغ الاسترجاع المستحقة والمسددة لكافة المراحل حسب الشركة
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	17.33	287 12 12 11 11	طنط بمبالح الاسترجاع المستحقه والمملدة لكافه المراطن هسب الشركا	بعبائ المعرب	q q		
			. 1917	القترة من		رن 1	angko
مغل مبلغ (لاستر جاع(له الا امر ميل)	الملخ المئطر/لولا	الميلغ المسجد/به لار	المبلغ المستحق/بولار	الكمية / برميل	رقم العسكة	المختثري	4
0.30	0.00	584,780.10	584,780.10	1,949,267	M/10/91	B.C.INTERNATIONAL(PVT)	11
0.30	230,317.50	24,682,50	255,000.00	850,000	M/11/81	B.C.INTERNATIONAL(PVT)	11
0.10	198,699.00	0.00	198,699.00	1,986,991	M/08/49	BASH NEFT	80
0.16	0.00	472,536.00	472,536.00	4,725,367	M/08/41	BELMET	8
0.16	000	558,900.00	558,900.00	1,863,000	M/08/41	BELMET	6
0:30	33.30	1,455,463.80	1,455,497.10	4,851,657	M/09/08	BELMET	6
0:30	11.80	423,983.00	423,994.80	1,413,316	M/11/69	BELMET	11
0.27	-418.95	545,046.50	544,627.55	1,982,013	M/09/34	BELPHARM	6
0.10	200,398.00	0.00	200,398.00	2,003,987	M/08/69	BENZOL	8
0.25	5,639.50	251,961.00	257,600.50	1,030,402	M/09/95	BULA RESOURSES	o
0.25	0.00	250,311.25	250,311,25	1,001,245	M/09/55	BULF DREILING AND OIL SERVIC	6
0.25	-36.75	240,479.00	240,442.25	961,769	M/09/55	BULF DREILING AND OIL SERVIC	01
0.30	000	150,000.00	150,000.00	500,000	M/08/100	CAMTECH	Ø.
0.10	149,735.00	0.00	149,735.00	1,497,352	M/08/79	CARTHAGO	œ
0.15	232,577.40	0.00	232,577.40	1,550,516	M/11/44	CENTURY	12
0.10	79.10	290,990.90	291,070.00	2,910,719	M/08/33	CHALYAPORN	œ
0,30	0.00	593,301.00	593,301.00	1,977,670	M/09/100	CHAIYAPORN	on .
0.30	00'0	315,000,00	315,000.00	1,050,000	M/10/74	CHAIYAPORN	10
0:30	00'0	300,000.00	300,000.00	1,000,000	M/11/14	CHAIYAPORN	11
0.30	-49,985.00	349,985.00	300,000.00	1,000,000	M/10/42	CHASE STAR	10
0.25	-49,965.00	540,790.75	490,825.75	1,963,303	M/11/58	CHASE STAR	11
0.21	34.90	34,817.10	34,852.00	348,521	M/08/13	CHINA OIL	80
0.21	227.00	227,358.00	227,585.00	910,340	M/08/13	CHINA OIL	6

اعداد قداد و المقبة-السحلات التحاربة

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ووفث فتقرير	
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	كثف بعبائغ الاسترجاع ا	Hand, 8 ac.
شركة تسويق النفط	المستحقة والمسددة لكافة ا	m/y
	المراطل حسب الشركة	

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معل مبلغ الدين مايون بدار	الميلخ المتنقر/به لار	Bartis Hannelos &	المبلغ المستحق/دولار	الكعية / برميل	رقع العاظ	المثنزي	Lv. eli
							,
0.30	000	563,830.80	563,830.80	1,879,436	M/09/113	CHINA OIL	2
0:30	0.00	1,214,139.60	1,214,139.60	4,047,132	M/10/10	CHINA OIL	92
0.29	7,659,30	1,159,518.85	1,167,178.15	4,049,652	M/11/06	CHINA OIL	11
0.15	295,404,15	00.0	295,404.15	1,969,361	M/12/26	CHINA OIL	12
0.10	3,958.00	299,995.00	303,953.00	3,039,547	M/08/15	CHINA WANBAO	8
0.30	00:00	604,912.20	604,912.20	2,016,374	M/09/122	CHINA WANBAO	g
0:30	6,528.50	1,195,067.80	1,201,596.30	4,005,321	M/10/12	CHINA WANBAO	70
0.29	15.00	1,146,137.75	1,146,152.75	3,981,693	M/11/86	CHINA WANBAO	##
0.10	0.00	201,877.00	201,877.00	2,018,771	M/08/72	COASTAL	80
0.10	-1,569.00	60,000.00	58,431.00	584,312	M/08/51	содер	8
0.25	15.00	250,580.50	250,595.50	1,002,382	M/09/65	COGEP	61
0.30	-2,945.95	632,257.45	629,311.50	2,097,705	M/10/98	COGEP	11
0.25	-55,50	250,200.00	250,144.50	1,000,578	M/09/09	COMMERCIAL HOME	01
0.25	215,316.75	632,658.75	847,975.50	3,391,902	M/11/47	COMMERCIAL HOME	11
0.27	0.00	551,577.30	551,577.30	2,005,929	M/09/83	CONSULT AND TRADE	10
0,10	00:00	150,000.00	150,000.00	1,500,000	M/08/47	DELTA PETROLEUM	æ
0.27	189,05	1,099,862.50	1,100,051.55	4,008,094	M/09/17	DELTA PETROLEUM	0
0.25	16.25	250,610.00	250,626.25	1,002,505	M/10/66	DELTA PETROLEUM	10
0.25	15.75	249,834.00	249,849.75	999,399	M/10/66	DELTA PETROLEUM	11
0.10	117,521.50	39,978.50	157,500.00	1,575,000	M/08/111	DELTA SERVICES	8
0,10	74,962.50	24,978.50	99,941.00	999,412	M/08/112	DELTA SERVICES	80
0.25	464,409.75	50,000.00	514,409.75	2,057,639	M/09/71	DELTA SERVICES	6
0.25	20.25	485,762.00	485,782.25	1,943,129	M/10/34	DEVON PETROLEUM	10
0.25	452,717.42	59,434.08	512,151.50	2,048,606	M/10/62	DEVON PETROLEUM	97

أعداد الدائرة المائدة-المحارث التحارية

ظريخ ووفث التقرير	
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		شركة تسويق التقط	كشف بمبائغ الاسترجاع المستحقة والمسددة لكافة المراحل حسب الشركة
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I	ż		للما بدين المعرب المستحقة والمعتدة للقاد لعراض كمية المراح		1		
	•		ווויי	للفترة من			عمولان
محل مبلغ الاسترجاع(دوالا)برمط)	الميلغ المتيقي/لاولار	lants, lance he K	الملغ المستطى/بولار	الكعية / برعيل	رقم العسكاة	المشتري	المرطأة
0:30	27.10	267,458.00	267,485.10	891,617	M/10/85	DEVON PETROLEUM	10
0.15	00:00	225,000,00	225,000.00	1,500,000	M/11/100	DEVON PETROLEUM	12
0,15	150,000.00	0.00	150,000.00	1,000,000	M/11/46	DEVON PETROLEUM	12
0.25	000	992,630.00	992,630.00	3,970,520	M/09/39	E.O,T,C	6
0.25	4,023.75	497,370.00	501,393.75	2,005,575	M/10/02	E.O.T.C	97
0.22	261,467.25	0.00	261,467.25	1,045,869	M/11/26	E.O.T.C	11
0.22	75,000.00	0.00	75,000.00	500,000	M/11/26	E.O.T.C	77
0.29	-2.20	3,351,275.00	3,351,272.80	11,672,165	M/10/61	EMERCOME	10
0.29	2.20	2,080,990.35	2,080,992.55	7,107,431	M/10/61	EMERCOME	11
0.30	1.50	630,605.70	630,607.20	2,102,024	M/10/61+M/10 /15	EMERCOME	#
0.24	0.00	2,528,158.75	2,528,158.75	8,758,160	M/11/15	EMERCOME	#
0.24	172,648.95	585,330.90	757,979.85	5,053,199	M/11/15	EMERCOME	12
0.15	-165,377,85	384,765.00	219,387.15	1,462,581	M/12/53	EMERCOME	12
0.10	00:00	52,347.00	52,347.00	523,470	M/08/75	EMIN	•
0:30	800,000,00	971,580.30	1,771,680.30	5,905,601	M/09/32	EMIROIL	10
0.29	00.00	1,743,400.65	1,743,400.65	5,953,859	M/09/37	EMIROIL	10
0.25	5.50	261,698.00	261,703.50	1,046,814	M/10/33	ENERGY INVESTMENT	10
0.25	37.25	520,883.00	520,920.25	2,083,681	M/11/37	ENERGY INVESTMENT	11
0:30	-0.10	578,470.00	578,469.90	1,928,233	M/09/87	ENERGY RESOURCES	6
0:30	7.50	1,200,810.00	1,200,817.50	4,002,725	M/09/02	ERDEM HOLDING	6
0.28	-201.05	886,669.00	886,467.95	3,129,339	M/10/65	ERDEM HOLDING	10
0.30	-0.60	600,507.00	600,506.40	2,001,688	M/11/11	ERIDEM HOLDING	11
0.28	519,731.20	119,970.00	639,701.20	2,257,853	M/09/131	ERIK EMBORG	11
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اعداد الدائرة المالية-المنعلان التحارية

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ووفث فتقرير	

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شركة تسويق النقط	استرجاع المستحقة والمسددة لكافة المراحل همب الثبركة
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			مركه سويل الناط				
5		عاقة لمرامل همب الا	كثف بمبالغ الاسترجاع المستحقة والمسددة لكافة المراحل حسب الثركة	ببيان الاسترجا	Strike		
			. my	Unit, i at		3	عمولان
الاستر جاعلاد الإراسية)	المؤخ المتوكي/يولار	الملخ المسدد/به لار	الملغ المستحق/دولار	الكمية / يرميل	رقم العظاء	العثناري	. A.
0.10	80,611.00	0.00	80,611.00	806,124	M/08/44	ETAP	œ
0.10	284,521.00	00'0	284,521.00	2,845,229	M/08/115	EUROL	80
0.10	50,273.00	0.00	50,273.00	502,736	M/08/46	EXPANSION	8
0.25	0000	250,089.75	250,089.75	1,000,359	M/09/125	FADI OIL INTRNATIONAL	10
0.25	0.00	491,763.75	491,763.75	1,967,055	M/09/85	FADI OIL INTRNATIONAL	6
0.25	0.00	498,650.00	498,650.00	1,994,600	M/11/104	FADI OIL INTRNATIONAL	11
0.25	-0.27	154,556.27	154,556.00	618,224	M/11/53	FADI OIL INTRNATIONAL	11
0.30	0.00	1,213,146.30	1,213,146.30	4,043,821	M/09/51	FALOIL	6
0.30	17.00	299,983.00	300,000.00	1,000,000	M/09/57	FEDERALINIY TORGOVIY DOM(FTD)	01
0.10	195,483.00	0.00	195,483.00	1,954,834	M/08/67	FENAR	80
0.27	0.00	2,212,486.90	2,212,486.90	8,048,812	M/10/09	FENAR	10
0:30	0.00	621,471.60	621,471.60	2,071,572	M/10/96	FENAR	11
0.26	00'0	1,019,130.30	1,019,130.30	3,397,101	M/11/65	FENAR	11
0.26	0.00	203,538.45	203,538.45	1,356,923	M/11/65	FENAR	12
0.25	00:0	418,187.00	418,187.00	1,672,748	M/11/67	FENAR	11
0,15	416.43	597,025.02	597,441.45	3,982,943	M/12/39	FENAR	12
0.10	-4,604.00	200,000.00	195,396.00	1,953,968	M/08/04	GAZPROM	80
0.10	0.00	367,930.00	367,930.00	3,679,310	M/08/113	GENMAR	80
0.10	313.00	95,070.00	95,383.00	953,833	66/80/H	GENMAR	8
0.30	21.70	1,183,769.00	1,183,790.70	3,945,969	M/10/20	GHASSAN SHALLAH	9
0.16	00'0	50,000.00	50,000.00	200,000	M/11/28	GHASSAN SHALLAH	11
0.16	148,997.50	273,425.00	422,422.50	2,816,150	M/11/28	GHASSAN SHALLAH	12
0.27	0.00	3,222,780.70	3,222,780.70 12,106,613	12,106,613	M/09/44	GLENCORE	6
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اعداد الدائرة المالية-السحلات التحارية

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محل مولغ الاسترجاع[توال أبوسيل]	الملاط المتطفي/احلا	الميلغ المستدارية لا	الملغ المستحق/بولار	الكمية / برميل	رقم العسكا	المثتري	المرطأة
0.25	-2,313.75	250,000.00	247,686.25	990,745	M/10/47	GROMIG	10
0:30	-26,00	314,095.40	314,069.40	1,046,898	M/10/40	HAMED EST	11
0.10	98,385.00	0.00	98,385.00	983,853	M/08/48	HELLENIC	8
0:30	-3,346,80	1,499,979.00	1,496,632.20	4,988,774	M/09/111	HIN LTD	10
0,25	-64.25	744,962.00	744,897.75	2,979,591	M/11/13	HINCE	11
0.30	522,112.20	59,985.00	582,097.20	1,940,324	M/10/25	HYPERXOREY	11
0.10	4,474.00	140,000.00	144,474.00	1,444,744	M/08/58	HYSON(NIGERIA)	8
0.30	305,313.60	0.00	305,313.60	1,017,712	M/11/120	HYSON(NIGERIA)	11
0.29	0.00	683,817.75	683,817.75	2,375,594	M/09/81	IBEX	6
0.28	3,234,16	838,548.69	841,782.85	3,009,650	M/10/08	IBEX	10
0.27	151.50	1,075,775.00	1,075,926.50	3,927,810	M/09/116	INCOME PETROLEUM	10
0.25	0:00	491,403.00	491,403.00	1,965,612	M/09/73	INCOME PETROLEUM	6
0.28	0.00	551,955.95	551,955.95	2,000,057	M/10/76	INCOME PETROLEUM	70
0.15	00'0	234,714.30	234,714.30	1,564,762	M/11/48	INCOME PETROLEUM	12
0.27	-1.00	800,822.00	800,821.00	3,002,269	M/10/26	INCOMED TRADING	10
0.25	0.00	241,601.75	241,601.75	966,407	M/11/112	INCOMED TRADING	11
0.25	1,169.40	757,062.35	758,231.75	3,032,927	M/11/22	INCOMED TRADING	11
0.15	391,394.00	0.00	391,394.00	3,913,955	M/08/39	100	8
0.15	502,519.75	0.00	502,519.75	2,010,079	M/08/39	100	6
0.25	-72.01	249,760.26	249,688,25	998,753	M/09/48	IPLOM	6
0.25	1,395,16	499,003.09	500,398.25	2,001,593	M/10/70	175	10
0.15	90'0-	124,556.91	124,556.85	830,379	M/11/116	185	12
0.15	27,363,49	121,820.21	149,183.70	994,558	M/11/116+/12 /48	IPS	12

اعداد الدائرة المالية-السمالات التحارية

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شركة تسهيق النفط	كشف بمبالغ الاسترجاع للمستحقة والمسددة لكافة المراحل حمب الشركة
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0.15	المناخ المتطور/بولار	الملغ المسدد/به لا	المباغ المستحق/بولار	الكبية / يرميل	رقم العسكة	المشتري	lu(4)
0.10	95,181.90	0.00	95,181.90	634,546	M/12/48	185	77
	316,421.00	0.00	316,421.00	3,164,220	M/08/116	ITALTECH	8
0.30	1,500,000.00	0.00	1,500,000.00	5,000,000	M/08/120	ТАГТЕСН	6
0.29	3,152,083.10	6,153,143.60	9,305,226.70	32,389,835	M/09/07	TTALTECH	6
0.30	50.30	310,261.30	310,311.60	1,034,372	M/10/73	IVES COLTD	11
0.25	00.00	367,467.25	367,467.25	1,469,869	M/11/75	IVES COLTD	11
0:30	00'0	269,715.60	269,715.60	899,052	M/11/83	IVES COLTD	11
0.25	00'0	237,500.00	237,500.00	950,000	M/10/35	JALOUL INVESTMENT	10
0.15	-0.60	55,980.00	55,979.40	373,196	M/11/01	JALOUL INVESTMENT	12
0.30	-44,523.00	660,000.00	615,477.00	2,051,590	M/09/46	JAWALA	6
0:30	350,000.00	250,000.00	600,000.00	2,000,000	M/11/12	JAWALA	11
0.10	32.00	149,968.00	150,000.00	1,500,000	M/08/55	JEWAN OIL	80
0:30	60.10	1,220,833.70	1,220,893.80	4,069,646	M/09/72	JEWAN OIL	6
0.30	-2.50	1,208,074.00	1,208,071.50	4,026,905	M/09/115	JORDAN GRAIN	10
0.15	-0.15	86,640.00	86,639.85	577,599	M/11/118	JORDAN GRAIN	12
0.25	00:00	450,000.00	450,000.00	1,800,000	M/11/61	JORDAN GRAIN	11
0.30	0,40	490,604.00	490,604.40	1,635,348	M/11/94	JORDAN GRAIN	11
0.27	250,620.50	299,968.00	550,588.50	2,002,354	M/09/80	KAMPAC OIL	2
0.10	192.00	192,207.00	192,399.00	1,923,990	M/08/92	KENTFORD	80
0.30	601,635.30	00'0	601,635.30	2,005,451	M/09/56	KENTFORD	10
0,10	20.00	149,980.00	150,000.00	1,500,000	M/08/84	LADA-OMC	œ
0.30	594,989.70	0.00	594,989.70	1,983,299	M/09/49	LADA-OMC	10
0.10	-1,511.00	99,968.00	98,457.00	984,572	M/08/76	LUBNA	80
0.27	0000	300,000.00	300,000.00	1,000,000	M/09/105	LUBNA	6

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	3		يست بميس المسريس المستحد والمعددة لمالة المراهل همل المرادة		•		
	•	-	u,	تلفرة من			2060
معل ميل الاستر هاه(له الا ليد ميل)	المناخ المتنقي/بولا	flank flance leg Y	المبلغ المستحق/بولار	الكمية / برميل	رقم العسك	المثنري	المرطة
0.27	-0.25	250,685.00	250,684.75	1,002,739	M/09/105	LUBNA	10
0,25	0.25	251,518.00	251,518.25	1,006,073	M/10/43	LUBNA	27
0.15	157,041.75	0.00	157,041.75	1,046,945	M/11/63	LUBNA	12
0.30	-122.30	1,122,671.00	1,122,548.70	3,741,829	M/10/67	LUKOIL	51
0.10	0.00	291,985.00	291,985.00	2,919,856	M/08/37	MACHINOIMPORT	8
0.28	00'0	849,080.80	849,080.80	2,997,319	M/09/22	MACHINOIMPORT	6
0.28	54.60	1,426,265.80	1,426,320.40	5,088,147	M/10/11	MACHINOIMPORT	10
0.30	00'0	1,221,074.40	1,221,074.40	4,070,248	M/10/19	MACHINOIMPORT	10
0.30	30.00	912,771.30	912,801.30	3,042,671	M/11/17	MACHINOIMPORT	11
0.23	0.00	916,603.25	916,603.25	3,366,413	M/11/79	MACHINOIMPORT	11
0,23	-380,558.35	667,796.05	287,237.70	1,914,918	M/11/79	MACHINOIMPORT	12
0.15	53.30	286,240.00	286,293.30	1,908,622	M/12/01	MACHINOIMPORT	12
0.10	5,083.00	350,000.00	355,083.00	3,550,846	M/08/95	MARBEL RESOURCES	8
0.30	0.00	1,061,442.90	1,061,442.90	3,538,143	M/09/76	MARBEL RESOURCES	6
0.27	10,511.00	1,439,656.10	1,450,167.10	5,469,675	M/10/16	MARBEL RESOURCES	10
0.27	00:0	157,500.00	157,500.00	525,000	M/10/16	MARBEL RESOURCES	11
0.26	455.00	498,518.00	498,973.00	1,935,892	M/09/54	MASEFIELD	0
0.25	202.00	250,022.00	250,224.00	1,000,896	M/10/57	MASEFIELD	10
0.30	535,880.10	0.00	535,880.10	1,786,267	M/08/60	MASTEK	6
0.28	576,401.26	9,803,960.13	10,380,361.39	36,469,888	M/09/18	MASTEK	6
0.30	39,669.99	2,388,708.51	2,428,378.50	8,094,595	M/11/55	MED NAFTA	11
0.15	308,167.35	0.00	308,167,35	2,054,449	M/12/19	MED NAFTA	12
0.10	00:00	201,838.00	201,838.00	2,018,386	M/08/97	MEDCO	8
0.30	0.00	. 571,434.30	571,434.30	1,904,781	M/10/72	MEDCO	100

اعداد الدالدة المالمة-السحلات التحاربة

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	3	1	شركة تسويق النفظ	7	, 		
9	**	كافه العراط حسب الد	حضاء يعينهم المسرجاح المستحفة والمستدة لحاقة العراهل حمسها الضرحة القرومن	، پیمبادی (تسمر کو القرز دی	4	3	عمولات
معان مبلغ الاسترجاج(نو الإرميان)	المباغ المتفقي/يولاز	الميلغ المستدايه لا	البياغ المسكحق/بولار	الكمية / برميل	رقم المسكد	المغتري	4
0.25	6,931.30	461,567.70	468,499.00	1,873,996	M/11/34	MEDCO	11
0,25	200,424.75	302,221.00	502,645.75	2,010,583	M/09/36	MEDEA CONSULTING	6
0.30	0.00	311,866.50	311,866.50	1,039,555	M/10/87	MEDEX SERVICES	11
0.25	300.00€	247,352.50	247,652.50	990,610	M/09/118	MIDDLE EAST ADVANCED SEMI CONDUCTOR	6
0.28	127.90	825,822.25	825,950.15	2,920,295	M/10/38	MIDDLE EAST ADVANCED SEMI CONDUCTOR	10
0.30	708,258.00	0.00	708,258.00	2,360,860	M/11/04	MIDDLE EAST ADVANCED SEMI CONDUCTOR	#
0.25	4,822.50	250,000.00	254,822.50	1,019,290	M/11/10	MIDDLE EAST ADVANCED SEMI CONDUCTOR	#
0.30	154,542,80	449,995.00	604,537.80	2,015,126	M/09/45	MOACO	6
0.10	0.00	94,631.00	94,631.00	946,313	M/08/54	МОСОН	œ
0.25	-578.31	480,067.56	479,489.25	1,917,957	M/09/40	MOCOH	6
0.25	464,632.50	0.00	464,632.50	1,858,530	M/09/06	MONTEGA	6
0.30	0.00	2,407,041.60	2,407,041.60	8,023,472	M/09/28	NAFTA PETROLEUM	6
0.30	00'0	2,425,618.80	2,425,618.80	8,085,396	M/10/13	NAFTA PETROLEUM	10
0.10	-48.00	140,000.00	139,952.00	1,399,529	M/08/28	NAFTA-MOSCOW	80
0.30	-1.26	601,266.36	601,265.10	2,004,217	M/10/41	NAFTO GAZ	10
0.29	300,093.00	144,907.00	445,000.00	1,550,000	M/11/109	NAFTO GAZ	#
0.28	0.00	245,759,25	245,759.25	983,037	M/10/30	NATIONAL OIL WELLS MAINTENANCE CO	10
0.28	178.50	313,924.80	314,103.30	1,047,011	M/10/30	NATIONAL OIL WELLS MAINTENANCE CO	#
0.30	0.00	615,135,60	615,135.60	2,050,452	M/10/58	NATIONAL OIL WELLS MAINTENANCE CO	01
0.15	-0.40	224,377.00	224,376.60	1,495,844	M/12/51	NEFTE GAS	77
0.25	00'0	499,529.00	499,529.00	1,998,116	M/09/20	NOURI FOR TRADING	6

اعداد الدائرة المالية-السملات التحاربة

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			العثائري	NOURI FOR TRADING	NOURI FOR TRADING	NRG OILS	OIL AND GAZ	OIL AND GAZ	OIL AND GAZ	OIL AND GAZ	OIL AND GAZ	OIL AND GAZ	OIL AND GAZ	OIL AND GAZ	CISC KALMYK OIL	OJSC KALMYK OIL	OJSC KALMYK OIL	OJSC KALMYK OIL	OJSC KALMYK OIL	OMNI OIL	OMV	ONACO	PDVSA	PERENCO	PERENCO	PERTA OIL
	كثنز		رقم العسكاد	M/10/06	M/11/30	M/09/93	M/08/77	M/08/77	M/09/78	M/09/89	M/10/55	M/10/93	M/11/87	M/11/95	M/10/45	M/10/79	M/11/49	M/11/49,M/11/ 03	M/11/89	M/10/24	M/08/20	M/08/42	M/08/32	M/08/36	M/10/50	M/08/18
-	بعبالغ الاسترج	للفترة من	الكمية / يرمول	4,036,286	2,049,454	1,050,000	1,022,234	520,960	2,040,299	2,022,143	2,049,137	1,785,251	598,006	1,934,384	2,016,028	2,019,972	596,369	2,067,652	2,076,990	2,070,270	2,738,017	1,978,262	1,977,643	1,047,555	1,048,345	3,034,181
غركة تسويق النفط	كثف بمبالغ الاسترجاع المستحقة والمسددة لكافة المراحل حسب الثركة	ių,	العيلغ المستحق/دولار	1,111,303.10	512,363.50	262,500.00	102,223.00	156,288.00	612,089.70	606,642.90	562,357.30	535,575.30	89,700.90	290,157.60	604,808.40	525,993.00	89,455.35	620,295.60	311,548.50	621,081.00	273,801.00	197,826.00	197,764.00	104,755.00	262,086,25	303,416.00
	لكافة المراهل حمب ال		Hand Hanteles Ki	1,111,762.00	512,125.00	262,480.00	102,223.00	156,288.00	612,090.00	606,642.90	562,357.30	534,765.30	49,993.50	0.00	605,312.00	588,264.41	0.00	620,295.60	0.00	621,000.00	0.00	198,000.00	0.00	99,950.00	249,973.00	0.00
	شركة		المبلغ المتنقي/دولار	-458.90	238.50	20.00	00'0	0.00	-0.30	00'0	0.00	810.00	39,707,40	290,157,60	-503.60	-62,271,41	89,455.35	00.00	311,548.50	81.00	273,801.00	-174.00	197,764.00	4,805.00	12,113.25	303,416.00
	5		سعان مباغ الاسترجاع(نوالا ليوميل)	0.28	0.25	0.25	0.17	0.17	0.30	0.30	0.27	0.30	0.15	0.15	0.30	0.26	0.15	0.30	0.15	0.30	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0,25	0.10

اعداد الدائرة المائية-المتعلات التحارية

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35,	كشف بمبالغ الاسترجاع المد	لللقرةمن
بركة نسويق النقط	ألمستحقة والمسددة لكافة المر	tat,
	ة لكافة العراحل حسب الشركة	

عمولان

			,			
الملاغ المكذر/دولا	Statte Stante/ce K	الميلغ المستحق/بولار	الكمية / برميل	رفم العسقد	المثنزي	العرطة
87,831.00	110,000.00	197,831.00	1,978,313	M/08/62	PETMAL OIL	æ
433,156.95	120,000.00	553,156.95	3,687,713	M/11/54	PETRO LINA OIL	12
179,654.00	0.00	179,654.00	1,796,551	M/08/30	PETROBRAS	80
243,489.00	0.00	243,489.00	2,434,904	M/08/11	PETROFINA	8
197.20	286,573.30	286,770.50	2,867,705	M/08/91	PETROGAZ	8
133.85	2,553,858.00	2,553,991.85	8,626,086	M/09/60	PETROGAZ	O
31.80	561,834.00	561,865.80	1,872,886	M/09/60	PETROGAZ	9
-1.00	563,307.00	563,306.00	5,633,076	M/08/66	PETROLEUM(PTSC)	æ
00:00	624,906.00	624,906.00	2,083,020	M/09/126	PETROLEUM(PTSC)	10
687,788.40	467,439.00	1,155,227.40	3,850,758	M/10/14	PETROLEUM(PTSC)	10
00'0	604,164.90	604,164.90	2,013,883	M/09/79	PETROLINE	6
-0.30	311,274.00	311,273.70	1,037,579	M/10/49	PETROLINE	97
00:00	614,773.80	614,773.80	2,049,246	M/10/60	PETROLINE	8
0.00	552,010.20	552,010.20	1,840,034	M/10/81	PETROLINE	10
257,426.00	0.00	257,426.00	2,574,276	M/08/17	PETRONAS	8
152,937.00	0.00	152,937.00	1,529,381	M/08/78	PETROPLUS	80
-1.00	524,481.00	524,480.00	5,244,814	M/08/22	PETROVIETNAM	8
0.30	558,102.00	558,102.30	1,860,341	M/10/36	PETROVIETNAM	10
0.00	598,425.00	598,425.00	1,994,750	M/11/62	PETROVIETNAM	11
79,810.20	30,000.00	109,810.20	732,068	M/11/84	PETROVIETNAM	12
77,923,95	0.00	77,923.95	519,493	M/12/24	PETROVIETNAM	12
000	8,000.00	8,000.00	80,002	M/08/73	PHOENIX	8
605,403.00	0.00	605,403.00	2,018,010	M/09/50	PHOENIX	ð
243,754.95	60,000.00	303,754.95	2,025,033	M/11/121	PITKIN	12
	STATE OF THE PERSON OF THE PER	THE PERSON NAMED OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN THE PERSON NAMED IN THE PERSON NAMED IN THE PERSON NAMED IN THE PERSON NAMED IN THE PERSON NAMED IN THE PERSON NAMED IN THE PERSON NAMED IN THE PERSON NAMED IN		To the second se		

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شركة تسويق الفط كفف بمبالغ الاسترجاع المستحقة والمسددة اكافة المراهل هسب الشركة الله ة مر

)			114	Ukry 6 art		Š	عمولان
معال مبلغ الاسترجاع(تو الارميق)	المبلغ المتبقي/يولا	Back Banes/40 K	ألبلغ المستحق/بولار	الكمية / يرميل	رقمالعالا	المثشري	14.43
0.28	627,125.30	491,483.75	1,118,609.05	4,056,388	M/11/57	PITKIN	11
0.10	0.00	50,000.00	50,000.00	200,000	M/08/01	PONGBOON INTERTRADE CO	8
0.30	0.00	300,537.30	300,537.30	1,001,791	M/10/77	PRIMACOSA	2
0.30	0000	90,000.00	90,000.00	300,000	M/10/88	PRIMACOSA	22
0.30	00:0	220,500.00	220,500.00	735,000	M/10/88	PRIMACOSA	11
0.26	235,555.00	30,000.00	265,555.00	1,012,220	M/11/24	PRIMACOSA	11
0.10	98,385.00	0.00	98,385.00	983,851	M/08/23	PTT Republical	80
0.30	272,972.70	300,000.00	572,972.70	1,909,909	M/09/03	QUANTUM	6
0.10	208,099.00	0.00	208,099.00	2,080,995	M/08/105	RAD MES	8
0.10	85,000.00	0.00	85,000.00	850,000	M/08/70	RAYMAN	8
0.10	309,661.00	00.0	309,661.00	3,096,626	M/08/29	REPSOL	80
0.25	72.00	739,815.75	739,887.75	2,959,551	M/09/29	ROMPETROL	6
0.27	-4.75	1,101,610.80	1,101,606.05	4,006,395	M/10/07	ROSNEFT GAS EXPORT	2
0:30	00.0	930,000.00	930,000.00	3,100,000	M/11/21	ROSNEFT GAS EXPORT	11
0,15	0.05	210,505.00	210,505.05	1,403,367	M/12/05	ROSNEFT GAS EXPORT	17
0.10	46.80	100,193.20	100,240.00	1,002,402	M/08/27	ROSNEFTIMPEX	8
المسدد اعلى من	0.00	0.00	0.00	33	M/08/85	ROSNEFTIMPEX	8
0.27	0.00	3,067,802.55	3,067,802.55	11,428,422	M/09/25	ROSNETTIMPEX	6
0.27	-61.20	850,740.45	850,679.25	3,002,732	M/09/25	ROSNETTIMPEX	ន
0.28	154,15	4,552,763.10	4,552,917.25	16,008,036	M/10/15	ROSNEFTIMPEX	2
0.30	0.00	543,156.90	543,156.90	1,810,523	M/10/15+M/10 /23	ROSNEFTIMPEX	2
0.23	595,184.05	1,727,000.00	2,322,184.05	8,085,235	M/11/05	RUSSIAN ENGINERERING	#

اعداد الدائرة الملاية-السعلان التحارية

- 14 Table

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دوقت التفرير	
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	كثف بعبائغ ا	
شركة تسويق النفط	الاسترجاع المستحقة والمسددة لكافة المراهل حسب الشركة	•••

and the							
الاسترجاع[الولا أبوميل)	الميلغ المتيكي/يولار	State Same (12 %	المؤلغ المستحق/بولار		رقم العالد	المشتري	4
0.23	763,785.30	0.00	763,785.30	5,091,902	M/11/05	RUSSIAN ENGINERERING COMPANY	17
0.15	75,000.00	0.00	75,000.00	500,000	M/11/05,M/12/ 17	RUSSIAN ENGINERERING COMPANY	12
0.30	-376.00	775,000.00	774,624.00	2,582,080	M/11/05+M/11 /07	RUSSIAN ENGINERERING COMPANY	ជ
0.10	203,789.00	0.00	203,789.00	2,037,893	M/08/07	SAMIR	80
0,10	-0.40	97,103.40	97,103.00	971,034	M/08/74	SETA	æ
0.30	30.00	292,470.00	292,500.00	975,000	M/09/66	SETA	10
0.25	33.75	250,734.50	250,768.25	1,003,073	M/10/37	SETA	10
0.25	9.50	228,948.00	228,957.50	915,830	M/09/30	SHAHER	6
0.30	-9.50	403,343.90	403,334.40	1,344,448	M/11/16	SHAHER	11
0.25	-36.00	251,419.75	251,383.75	1,005,535	M/11/08	SHANFARI GROUB	11
0.15	290,252.55	0.00	290,252.55	1,935,017	M/11/105+/12 /31	SIBERIAN	12
0.10	0.00	580,472.00	580,472.00	5,804,737	M/08/12	SINOCHEM	80
0.25	00:00	641,005.00	641,005.00	2,564,020	M/09/84	STNOCHEM	6
0,28	0.00	1,683,459.70	1,683,459.70	6,119,227	M/10/44	SINOCHEM	10
0.25	-0.01	1,020,642.26	1,020,642.25	4,082,569	M/11/02	SINOCHEM	11
0.15	81,248.80	1,170,573.35	1,251,822.15	8,345,481	M/12/38	SINOCHEM	12
0,10	0.00	252,551.00	252,551.00	2,525,518	M/08/26	SLAVNEFT	8
0.29	331.15	1,518,449.00	1,518,780.15	5,237,046	M/09/59	SLAVNEFT	0
0.28	4,695,25	1,638,000.00	1,642,695.25	5,809,156	M/10/27	SLAVNEFT	10
0,28	1,097,412.80	00.0	1,097,412.80	3,972,048	M/11/103	SLAVNEFT	11
0.10	398,592.00	0.00	398,592.00	3,985,924	M/08/09	SOCAP	8
0,10	387,820.00	0.00	387,820.00	3,878,221	M/08/06	SONATRACH	8
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شركة تسويق النفط كثف بمهالغ الاسترجاع المستحلة والمسددة لكافة المراجل حسب الشركة تلفزة من

	3		مسا ببلح الماركح المساحة والمستدد للقه لمراط مسب التراك	すりまし	1		
			Trins	HEQ.S. 40		<u>ين</u>	ممولان
مثل مینغ الاست هاه(نه ۱۸ لب میاز)	Laily Said, ye K.	Saff Sante by K	العبلغ المستحق/بولار	قكمية / برمؤن	رقم العنكا	المثترى	العرطاة
0.30	000	1.188.762.90	1,188,762.90	3,962,543	M/10/39	SOYUZNEFT&GAS	10
0.30	-1.118.80	920,472.10	919,353.30	3,064,511	M/10/39	SOYUZNEFT&GAS	Ħ
0.30	-1,199.20	1,502,500.00	1,501,300.80	5,004,336	M/11/59	SOYUZNEFTRGAS	##
0.15	-8.25	286,800.00	286,791.75	1,911,945	M/12/15	SOYUZNEFT&GAS	77
0:30	307,563.60	00'0	307,563.60	1,025,212	M/11/38	SRI MULTI GAS CORPORATION (SIGAGCO)	Ħ
0.25	562.25	499,178.00	499,740.25	1,998,961	M/09/64	TANKER OIL AND GAS	6
0.30	-220.80	1,468,281.00	1,468,060.20	4,893,534	M/10/05	TATNEFT	10
0.27	931,743.45	00'0	931,743.45	3,453,792	M/11/29	TATNEFT	ដ
0.10	71.00	89,910.00	89,981.00	818,668	M/08/50	TEKFEN	ထ
0.25	0.00	299,839.50	299,839.50	1,199,358	M/10/31	TEKFEN	97
0.25	0:00	190,629.50	190,629.50	762,518	M/10/31	TEKFEN	11
0.15	00:00	185,423.10	185,423.10	1,236,154	M/11/71	TEKFEN	12
0.22	-15,000.00	262,928.00	247,928.00	991,712	M/11/90	THE NGHE AN PETRO TRADINGSSERVICES	=
0.22	15,000.00	60,000.00	75,000.00	500,000	M/11/90	THE NGHE AN PETRO TRADING&SERVICES	12
0.25	0.00	250,000.00	250,000.00	1,000,000	M/10/54	THE OIL SERVIES(OSC)	=
0.15	0.00	140,834.70	140,834,70	938,898	M/11/36	THE OIL SERVIES(OSC)	12
0.10	393,032.00	0.00	393,032.00	3,930,329	M/08/10	TOTAL	80
0.10	-0.20	116,870.20	116,870.00	1,168,702	M/08/61	TRADE YEAR	80
0.10	196,182.00	0.00	196,182.00	1,961,833	M/08/43	TRANSNEFT	æ l
0.25	-62,25	250,469.00	250,406.75	1,001,627	M/09/112	TREVOR TRADING	6
#Div/0i	-1.10	00'0	-1.10	0	M/08/08	TUPRAS	œ
0.15	00'0	470,778.60	470,778.60	3,138,524	M/12/55	TUPRAS	77

اعداد آندائرة المائمة-المسملان التحارية

مشدة 11 من ١٨

1: Off AM To 1/1/1/1 MA 200 (A)

			n'i	現はる		عمولان	9
مطل مهلغ الإستر جاع(لو لاز لو مطل)	الملخ المكفي/يولار	State Sante he K	لملغ المستحى/بولار	الكمية / يرميل	رتماهسكا	المشتري	14.4
0.10	0.00	200,774.00	200,774.00	2,007,740	M/08/25	TYUMEN	œ
0.18	00.00	293,686.00	293,686.00	2,936,876	M/08/40	TYUMEN	80
0.18	00:00	546,004.50	546,004.50	1,820,015	M/08/40	TYUMEN	6
0,25	-0.40	501,416.90	501,416.50	2,005,666	M/09/102	TYUMEN	2
0.25	521,268.50	00.0	521,268.50	2,085,074	M/11/35	TYUMEN	11
0.25	23.25	485,400.00	485,423.25	1,941,693	M/11/99	UKHTA-NEFT	11
0.10	-19,730.00	99,730.00	80,000.00	800,000	M/08/98	UNICHEM	80
0.25	208.25	500,000.00	500,208.25	2,000,833	M/10/52	UNICONSULT MIDDLE EAST	9
0.30	-0.60	288,348.00	288,347,40	961,158	M/09/106	UNIFUEL	2
0.10	200,295.00	00.00	200,295.00	2,002,954	M/08/14	UNIPEC	80
0.30	-21.30	576,300.00	576,278.70	1,920,929	M/10/69	URAL INVESTOIL (UOIL)	=
0.25	-37.25	315,500.00	315,462.75	1,261,851	M/11/51	URAL INVESTOR (UOIL)	11
0.25	0.00	261,975.00	261,975.00	1,047,900	M/10/51	VAZHMASHIMPEX	9
0.15	91,665.15	00.0	91,665.15	611,101	M/11/77	VAZHMASHIMPEX	7
0.27	0.00	250,217.25	250,217.25	1,000,869	M/09/97	VITOL	6
0.27	0.00	295,583.70	295,583.70	985,279	M/09/97	VITOL	2
0.25	622.00	240,988.00	241,610.00	966,440	M/10/78	VIDOL.	11
0.10	-4.90	303,430.90	303,426.00	3,034,272	M/08/38	ZANGAS	ထ
0.30	10.00	1,166,543.50	1,166,653.50	3,888,845	M/09/77	ZANGAS	2
0.30	0.30	464,952.00	464,952.30	1,549,841	M/11/102	ZANGAS	Ξ
0.30	27.70	609,290.00	609,288.30	2,030,961	M/11/19	ZANGAS	Ħ
0.15	100,614.15	0.00	100,614.15	670,761	M/12/29	ZARNEST SERVICE	12
0.10	0000	319,288.00	319,288.00	3,192,892	M/08/02	ZARUBEZHNEFT	80
0.10	0.00	205,108.00	205,108.00	2,051,085	M/08/82	ZARUBEZHNEFT	8

تاريخ ووفث فلقرور	
24/2.1/14	
E AM	

	كشف بعبالغ الامترج	للفترة من	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	كشف بمبالغ الاسترجاع المستحقة والمسددة لكافة المراحل حسب الشركة	nr'r	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
	ذ العراجل هسب الشركة	And the second s	

		3	المراط هما إلا	فتنف بعبانح الاسترجاع المستحفه والمستده تكافه المراحل هسب الشركة	يبنى يسرن	4	•	
			-	. 126'5	للفئرة من		3	عمولان
معل مياني الاسترجاع(نولا / يوميل)	برستر	المناخ المتعقي/نه لار	الملغ المبدد/يولا	العيلغ المستحق/دولار	لكمية / برميل	رقم العسكد	المشتري	4
Ó	0.28	-0.45	4,185,383.80	4,185,383.35 15,125,883	15,125,883	M/09/82	ZARUBEZHNEFT	ø.
0	0.28	-8.70	2,865,527.00	2,865,518.30 10,240,947	10,240,947	M/10/01	ZARUBEZHNEFT	9
0	0.25	-100,615.50	1,126,324.00	1,025,708.50	4,102,834	M/11/115	ZARUBEZHNEFT	11
0	0.25	504,119.75	0.00	504,119.75	2,016,479	M/09/19	ZARUBEZHNEFT AND GAS	6
0	0.10	203,487.00	0.00	203,487.00	2,034,872	M/08/101	ZERICH GMBH	8
0	0.10	3,795.00	100,000.00	103,795.00	1,037,957	M/08/102	ZERICH GMBH	80
0	0.10	149,152.00	0.00	149,152.00	1,491,525	M/08/83	ZERICH GMBH	œ
0	0.22	000	141,293.00	141,293.00	1,412,937	M/08/87	ZERICH GMBH	œ
Ŏ	0.22	00.00	588,384.30	588,384.30	1,961,281	M/08/87	ZERICH GMBH	6
0	0.10	-1,828.00	101,947.00	100,119,00	1,001,193	M/08/88	ZERICH GMBH	80
Ó	0.30	-47.60	607,985.00	607,937.40	2,026,458	M/09/86	ZERICH GMBH	6
0	0.30	-14,495.25	901,588.95	887,093.70	2,956,979	M/10/75	ZERICH GMBH	11
0	0.10	-792.00	199,980.00	199,188.00	1,991,882	M/08/16	ZHUHAI ZHEN RONG	8
Ó	0.25	1,876.75	492,948.00	494,824.75	1,979,299	M/09/123	ZHUHAI ZHEN RONG	10
0	0.30	13,555.80	450,000.00	463,555,80	1,545,186	M/11/18	ZHUHAI ZHEN RONG	11
O	0.30	39.50	616,375.30	616,414.80	2,054,716	M/10/80	ZYRYA MANAGEMENT SERVICE	10
o .	0.25	0.25	249,737.50	249,737.75	998,951	M/11/113	ZYRYA MANAGEMENT SERVICE	11
O	0,10	191,729.00	99,995.00	291,724.00	2,917,256	M/08/59	السيد خوان (صينب)	c p
0	0.10	00'680'611	0.00	119,089.00	1,190,895	M/08/31	شركة مصغى عمان	œ
		35,279,349.82 228,028,315.97 263,307,665.79	28,028,315.97	263,307,665.79	1,097,076,115	115	المجموع الكلي	

اعداد الدائرة المالية-السملان التحارية



كشف بخلاصة مبالغ الاسترجاع المترتبة بذمة الشركات لكافة المراحل

TO

			مولات
العبلغ العتبقىلاواذ	المبلغ المستدادو لاز	ظميلغ المستحق لاو لار	المثنتري
60,000.00	240,000.00	300,000.00	A&A SERVICES
339,880.15	6,194,000.00	6,533,880.15	ACTEC
-35,00	60,262.00	60,227.00	ADDAX
186,526.03	159,628.47	346,154.50	AFRICAN MIDDLE EAST
278,060.00	0.00	278,060.00	AGIP
15.00	250,400.00	250,415.00	AL TOUN TRADING
70,00	7,008,716.70	7,008,786.70	ALCON
0.00	13,937,112.40	13,937,112.40	ALCON+FENAR
79.05	1,855,233.65	1,855,312.70	ALEX
1,679,278.60	2,351,880.20	4,031,158.80	ALFA ECO
0.00	247,422,00	247,422.00	AL-HILAL
446,814.30	4,154,491.00	4,601,305.30	AL-HODA TRADING
-1.15	1,725,703.00	1,725,701.85	AL-RASHEED INTERNATIONAL
204,008.35	104,990.00	308,998.35	ANWER AKKAD SONS
274,751.75	983,363.75	1,258,115.50	ARAB TRADE
-113.50	3,393,558.60	3,393,445.10	DEVELOPMENT AREDIO
250,030.00	99,970.00	350,000.00	ASMOS
134,173.15	658,820.00	792,993.15	AVIN OIL
837.46	2,932,700.14	2,933,537.60	AWAD AMMORA
505,218.25	50,000.00	555,218.25	B.B. ENERGY
230,317.50	1,411,147.85	1,641,465.35	B.C.INTERNATIONAL(P
198,699.00	0.00	198,699.00	BASH NEFT
45.10	2,910,882.80	2,910,927.90	BELMET
-418.95	545,046.50	544,627.55	BELPHARM
200,398.00	0.00	200,398.00	BENZOL
5,639.50	251,961.00	257,600.50	BULA RESOURSES
-36.75	490,790.25	490,753.50	BULF DREILING AND OIL SERVIC
0.00	150,000.00	150,000.00	CAMTECH
149,735.00	0.00	149,735.00	CARTHAGO
232,577.40	0.00	232,577.40	CENTURY
79,10	1,499,291.90	1,499,371.00	CHATYAPORN

الدائرة المالية-الســـجلات التجارية

صفحة ا من ٦

تاريخ ووقت التقرير ٢٠٠٤/٠٢/١٩ 1:04:11 AM



كشف بخلاصة مبالغ الاسترجاع المترتبة بذمة الشركات لكافة المراحل TO

عمولات

				يمولا ت
	الدبلغ المتبقي/دولا	العبلغ المعندلاولان	المبلغ المستحق إدو لاز	المشتري
-9	9,950.00	890,775.75	790,825.75	CHASE STAR
` 30	3,325.35	3,199,664.35	3,502,989.70	CHINA OIL
1	0,501.50	3,246,112.75	3,256,614.25	CHINA WANBAO
	0.00	201,877.00	201,877.00	COASTAL
	4,499.95	942,837.95	938,338.00	COGEP
21	5,261.25	882,858.75	1,098,120.00	COMMERCIAL HOME
11 : 1 11 PL / DEP	0.00	551,577.30	551,577.30	CONSULT AND TRADE
	221.05	1,750,306.50	1,750,527.55	DELTA PETROLEUM
65	6,893.75	114,957.00	771,850.75	DELTA SERVICES
60	2,764.77	1,037,654.08	1,640,418.85	DEVON PETROLEUM
34	0,491.00	1,490,000.00	1,830,491.00	E,O.T.C
	7,272.60	9,561,125.70	9,568,398.30	EMERCOME
	0.00	52,347.00	52,347.00	EMIN
80	00,000,00	2,715,080.95	3,515,080.95	EMIROIL
	42.75	782,581.00	782,623.75	ENERGY INVESTMENT
	-0.10	578,470.00	578,469.90	ENERGY RESOURCES
	-194.15	2,687,986.00	2,687,791.85	ERDEM HOLDING
51	19,731.20	119,970.00	639,701.20	ERIK EMBORG
	30,611.00	0.00	80,611.00	ETAP
20	34,521.00	0.00	284,521.00	EUROL
	50,273.00	0.00	50,273.00	EXPANSION
	-0.27	1,395,059.77	1,395,059.50	FADI OIL INTRNATIONAL
	0.00	1,213,146.30	1,213,146.30	FAL OIL
	17.00	299,983.00	300,000.00	FEDERALINIY
19	95,899.43	5,071,839.27	5,267,738.70	TORGOVIY DOM(FTD) FENAR
	-4,604.00	200,000.00	195,396.00	GAZPROM
	313.00	463,000.00	463,313.00	GENMAR
10	49,019.20	1,507,194.00	1,656,213.20	GHASSAN SHALLAH
	0.00	3,222,780.70	3,222,780.70	GLENCORE
	-2,313.75	250,000.00	247,686.25	GROMIG
	-26.00	314,095.40	314,069.40	HAMED EST

الدائرة المالية-الســجلات التجارية

صفحة ٢ من ٦

تاريخ ووقت التفرير ۲/۱۹-۱:04:11 AM ۲۰۰٤/۰۲/۱۹



كشف بخلاصة مبالغ الاسترجاع المترتبة بذمة الشركات لكافة المراحل FROM TO

العيلغ العتيكي يوولا	العبلغ المسندليو لاز	المبلغ المستحق لاو لاز	العشتري
98,385.00	0.00	98,385.00	HELLENIC
-3,411.05	2,244,941.00	2,241,529.95	HIU LTD
522,112.20	59,985.00	582,097.20	HYPERXOREY
309,787.60	140,000.00	449,787.60	HYSON(NIGERIA)
3,234.16	1,522,366.44	1,525,600.60	IBEX
151,50	2,353,848.25	2,353,999.75	INCOME PETROLEUM
1,168.40	1,799,486.10	1,800,654.50	INCOMED TRADING
893,913.75	0.00	893,913.75	IOC
-72,01	249,760.26	249,688.25	IPLOM
123,940.48	745,380.22	869,320.70	IPS
4,968,504.10	6,153,143.60	11,121,647.70	ITALTECH
50.30	947,444.15	947,494.45	IVES COLTD
-0.60	293,480.00	293,479.40	JALOUL INVESTMENT
305,477.00	910,000.00	1,215,477.00	JAWALA
92.10	1,370,801.70	1,370,893.80	JEWAN OIL
-2.25	2,235,318.00	2,235,315.75	JORDAN GRAIN
250,620.50	299,968.00	550,588.50	KAMPAC OIL
601,827.30	192,207.00	794,034.30	KENTFORD
595,009.70	149,980.00	744,989.70	LADA-OMC
155,530.75	902,171.00	1,057,701.75	LUBNA
-122.30	1,122,671.00	1,122,548.70	TUKOIT
-380,420.45	6,571,816.60	6,191,396.15	MACHINOIMPORT
15,594.00	3,008,599.00	3,024,193.00	MARBEL RESOURCES
657.00	748,540.00	749,197.00	MASEFIELD
1,112,281.36	9,803,960.13	10,916,241.49	MASTEK
347,837.34	2,388,708.51	2,736,545.85	MED NAFTA
6,931.30	1,234,840.00	1,241,771.30	MEDCO
200,424.75	302,221.00	502,645.75	MEDEA CONSULTING
0.00	311,866.50	311,866.50	MEDEX SERVICES
713,508.40	1,323,174.75	2,036,683.15	MIDDLE EAST ADVANCED SEMI

الدائرة المالية-الســجلات التجارية

صفحة ٣ من ٦

تاريخ ووقت التقرير ١:04:12 AM ٢٠٠٤/٠٢/١٩



كشف بخلاصة مبالغ الاسترجاع المترتبة بذمة الشركات لكافة المراحل TO

عمولات

المميلغ المتبقي ادولار	الميلغ الممنيديدو لار	المبلغ المستحق لاو لاز	المشتري
-578.31	574,698.56	574,120.25	мосон
464,632.50	0.00	464,632.50	MONTEGA
0.00	4,832,660.40	4,832,660.40	NAFTA PETROLEUM
-48.00	140,000.00	139,952.00	NAFTA-MOSCOW
300,091.74	746,173.36	1,046,265.10	NAFTO GAZ
178.50	1,174,819.65	1,174,998.15	NATIONAL OIL WELLS MAINTENANCE CO
-0.40	224,377.00	224,376.60	NEFTE GAS
-220.40	2,123,416.00	2,123,195.60	NOURI FOR TRADING
20.00	262,480.00	262,500.00	NRG OILS
330,674.70	2,624,360.00	2,955,034.70	OIL AND GAZ
338,228.84	1,813,872,01	2,152,100.85	OJSC KALMYK OIL
81.00	621,000.00	621,081.00	OMNI OIL
273,801.00	0.00	273,801.00	OMV
-174.00	198,000.00	197,826.00	ONACO
197,764.00	0.00	197,764.00	PDVSA
16,918.25	349,923.00	366,841.25	PERENCO
303,416.00	0.00	303,416.00	PERTA OIL
87,831.00	110,000.00	197,831.00	PETMAL OIL
433,156.95	120,000.00	553,156.95	PETRO LINA OIL
179,654.00	0.00	179,654.00	PETROBRAS
243,489.00	0.00	243,489.00	PETROFINA
362.85	3,402,265.30	3,402,628.15	PETROGAZ
687,787.40	1,655,652.00	2,343,439.40	PETROLEUM(PTSC)
-0.30	2,082,222.90	2,082,222.60	PETROLINE
257,426.00	0.00	257,426.00	PETRONAS
152,937.00	0.00	152,937.00	PETROPLUS
157,733.45	1,711,008.00	1,868,741.45	PETROVIETNAM
605,403.00	8,000.00	613,403.00	PHOENIX
870,880.25	551,483.75	1,422,364.00	PITKIN
0.00	50,000.00	50,000.00	PONGBOON INTERTRADE CO
235,555.00	641,037.30	876,592.30	PRIMACOSA

الدائرة المالية-الســـجلات التجارية

صفحة ٤ من ٦

تاريخ ووقت التقرير ٢/١٩-/١٤ AM ٢٠٠٤



كشف بخلاصة مبالغ الاسترجاع المترتبة بذمة الشركات نكافة المراحل FROM

عمولات

العيلغ العتيقىلاولاز	المبلغ المصددادولار	المبلغ المستحق لدو لاز	المشتري
98,385.00	0.00	98,385.00	التابلندية PTT
272,972.70	300,000.00	572,972.70	QUANTUM
208,099.00	0.00	208,099.00	RAO MES
85,000.00	0,00	85,000.00	RAYMAN
309,561.00	0.00	309,661.00	REPSOL
72.00	739,815.75	739,887.75	ROMPETROL
-4.70	2,242,115.80	2,242,111.10	ROSNEFT GAS EXPORT
139.75	9,114,656.20	9,114,795.95	ROSNEFTIMPEX
1,433,593.35	2,502,000.00	3,935,593.35	RUSSIAN
203,789.00	0.00	203,789.00	ENGINERERING SAMIR
63.35	640,307.90	640,371.25	SETA
0.00	632,291.90	632,291.90	SHAHER
-36.00	251,419.75	251,383.75	SHANFARI GROUB
290,252.55	0.00	290,252.55	SIBERIAN
81,248.79	5,096,152.31	5,177,401.10	SINOCHEM
1,102,439.20	3,409,000.00	4,511,439.20	SLAVNEFT
398,592.00	0.00	398,592,00	SOCAP
387,820.00	6.00	387,820.00	SONATRACH
-2,326.25	3,898,535.00	3,896,208.75	SOYUZNEFT&GAS
307,563.60	0.00	307,563.60	SRI MULTI GAS
562.25	499,178.00	499,740.25	CORPORATION TANKER OIL AND GAS
931,522.65	1,468,281.00	2,399,803.65	TATNEFT
71.00	765,802.10	765,873.10	TEKFEN
0.00	322,928.00	322,928.00	THE NGHE AN PETRO TRADING&SERVICES
0.00	390,834.70	390,834.70	THE OIL SERVIES (OSC
393,032.00	0.00	393,032.00	TOTAL
-0,20	116,870.20	116,870.00	TRADE YEAR
196,182.00	0.00	196,182.00	TRANSNEFT
-62.25	250,469.00	250,406.75	TREVOR TRADING
-1.10	470,778.60	470,777.50	TUPRAS
521,268.10	1,541,881,40	2,063,149.50	TYUMEN

الدائرة المالية-الســـجلات التجارية

صفحة ٥ من ٢

تاريخ ووقث النقرير 1:04:12 AM ۲۰۰٤/۰۲/۱۹



كشف يخلاصة مبالغ الاسترجاع المترتبة بذمة الشركات لكافة المراحل FROM

عمولات

العيلغ العتبظي/دولاز	للمبلغ للمستدلاولار	الميلغ المستحق/بولار	المشتري
23.25	485,400.00	485,423.25	UKHTA-NEFT
-19,730.00	99,730.00	80,000.00	UNICHEM
208.25	500,000.00	500,208,25	UNICONSULT MIDDLE EAST
-0.60	288,348.00	288,347.40	UNIFUEL
200,295.00	0.00	200,295.00	UNIPEC
-58.55	891,800.00	891,741.45	URAL INVESTOIL (UOIL)
91,665.15	261,975.00	353,640.15	VAZHMASHIMPEX
622.00	786,788.95	787,410.95	VITOL
3.70	2,544,316.40	2,544,320.10	ZANGAS
100,614.15	0.00	100,614.15	ZARNEST SERVICE
-100,624.65	8,701,630.80	8,601,006.15	ZARUBEZHNEFT
504,119.75	0.00	504,119.75	ZARUBEZHNEFT AND GAS
340,063.15	2,441,198.25	2,781,261.40	ZERICH GMBH
14,640.55	1,142,928.00	1,157,568.55	ZHUHAI ZHEN RONG
39.75	866,112,80	866,152.55	ZYRYA MANAGEMENT SERVICE
191,729.00	99,995.00	291,724.00	السيد خوان (صينب)
119,089.00	0.00	119,089.00	شركة مصفى عمان
35,279,349.82	228,028,315.97	263,307,665.79	لمجموع الكلى

تاريخ ووقت التقرير ٢/١٩-١٤٠١ ١:04:12 ٨٨ صفحة ٦ من ٦ الدائرة المالية-الســـجلات التجارية



COUNT ONE

Conspiracy to Act as an Unregistered Agent of a Foreign Government

The United States Attorney charges:

THE OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM

- 1. On or about August 6, 1990, approximately four days after the Iraqi army invaded Kuwait, the United Nations imposed economic sanctions on the Government of Iraq. These sanctions prohibited member states of the United Nations from, among other things, trading in any Iraqi commodities or products. The United Nations continued to enforce these sanctions up to and including in or about 2003.
- 2. On or about April 14, 1995, the Security Council of the United Nations adopted Resolution 986, which authorized the Government of Iraq to sell oil under certain conditions principally, that the proceeds of all sales of Iraqi oil were to be deposited into an escrow bank account monitored by the United Nations and used by the Government of Iraq only to purchase various humanitarian goods. The Iraqi Government consented to the terms of Security Council Resolution 986 after more than a year of

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negotiations over the particular methods of implementing this arrangement.

- 3. The United Nations Office of Iraq Programme, Oilfor-Food (the "Oil-for-Food Program") was subsequently established to administer, among other things, the sale of oil and purchase of humanitarian goods by Iraq. The United Nations' economic sanctions on Iraq remained in place for all trade and transactions not authorized by the Oil-for-Food Program.
- 4. During the operation of the Oil-for-Food Program, federal law prohibited United States companies and individuals from executing contracts with the Government of Iraq unless they received a license issued by the Department of Treasury's Office of Foreign Assets Control.
- 5. Iraq began selling oil pursuant to the Oil-for-Food Program in or about December 1996. Between in or about December 1996 and December 2002, the Security Council of the United Nations adopted a series of resolutions that re-authorized the Oil-for-Food Program for approximately 13 six-month phases of operation.
- 6. Under the Oil-for-Food Program, the Government of Iraq alone had the power to select the companies and individuals who received the rights to purchase Iraqi oil. During every phase of the Oil-for-Food Program, officials at the highest levels of the Government of Iraq selected a group of companies and individuals to receive the rights to purchase certain quantities of Iraqi oil

(frequently referred to as "allocations" of oil). These companies and individuals — many of whom were not otherwise involved in the oil industry — were able to reap large profits by selling their allocations of Iraqi oil to brokers and/or companies capable of transporting the oil to a refinery.

7. From at least in or about 2000, up to and including in or about March 2003, officials of the Iraqi Government conditioned the distribution of allocations of oil under the Oilfor-Food Program on the recipients' willingness to pay a secret surcharge to the Government of Iraq. The Government of Iraq directed that these surcharges — representing a percentage of the total amount of each oil contract and totaling at least several hundred million dollars — be paid to front companies and/or bank accounts under the control of the Iraqi Government in various countries in the Middle East and elsewhere.

THE DEFENDANT

8. SAMIR A. VINCENT, the defendant, was born in Iraq in or about 1940 and is a naturalized United States citizen. At no time relevant to this Information was VINCENT: (a) a duly accredited diplomatic or consular officer of a foreign government, recognized by the United States Department of State; (b) an officially and publicly acknowledged and sponsored official or representative of a foreign government; or (c) an officially and publicly acknowledged and sponsored member of the staff of, or

employee of, any such officer, official, or representative of a foreign government.

VINCENT'S ROLE IN THE CONSPIRACY

- 9. Between at least in or about 1992 and January 2003, SAMIR A. VINCENT, the defendant, consulted with and repeatedly received direction from the Government of Iraq in the course of lobbying officials of the United States Government and the United Nations to repeal sanctions against Iraq.
- 10. Between in or about 1992 and early 1996, SAMIR A. VINCENT, the defendant, and other individuals, including United Nations officials, met in Manhattan in an effort to secure terms favorable to the Government of Iraq in connection with the adoption and implementation of Resolution 986.
- 11. During the course of these discussions, in or about February 1996, VINCENT traveled to Baghdad. Based on instructions received from officials of the Iraqi Government, VINCENT participated in the drafting of agreements with other Iraqi Government officials that guaranteed millions of dollars of compensation for VINCENT and others upon the successful completion of an agreement regarding Resolution 986. Between in or about February 1996 and in or about July 1997, pursuant to these agreements, the Government of Iraq delivered millions of dollars in cash to VINCENT and others.
 - 12. At the direction of the Government of Iraq, between

in or about 1998 and January 2003, VINCENT lobbied former officials of the United States Government who maintained close contacts to high-ranking members of both the Clinton and Bush Administrations in an unsuccessful effort to convince the United States Government to support a repeal of sanctions against Iraq. VINCENT reported the results of those consultations to the Iraqi Intelligence Service and other officials of the Government of Iraq.

13. In consideration of VINCENT's efforts on its behalf, the Government of Iraq awarded VINCENT and a company under his control the rights to purchase approximately 9 million barrels of oil under the Oil-for-Food Program. VINCENT received the rights to this oil between in or about 1997 and in or about 2001 in the form of approximately five separate allocations of Iraqi oil. VINCENT reaped millions of dollars of profits by selling to an oil company the rights to purchase that Iraqi oil.

CONSPIRACY CHARGE

- 14. From at least in or about 1992, up to and including in or about January 2003, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, SAMIR A. VINCENT, the defendant, and others known and unknown, unlawfully, willfully, and knowingly did combine, conspire, confederate, and agree together and with each other to commit an offense against the United States, to wit, to violate Section 951 of Title 18, United States Code.
 - 15. It was a part and an object of the conspiracy that

SAMIR A. VINCENT, the defendant, and others known and unknown, unlawfully, willfully and knowingly would and did act in the United States as agents of a foreign government, specifically the Government of Iraq, without prior notification to the Attorney General, as required by law, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 951.

OVERT ACTS

- 16. In furtherance of the conspiracy and to effect the illegal object thereof, the following overt acts, among others, were committed in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere:
- a. In or about 1995 and 1996, SAMIR A. VINCENT, the defendant, and other individuals, including United Nations officials, met in Manhattan to negotiate an agreement between the Government of Iraq and the United Nations regarding the implementation of Resolution 986.
- b. In or about 1995 and 1996, SAMIR A. VINCENT, the defendant, conveyed messages from a United Nations official to representatives of the Iraqi government in Manhattan and elsewhere.
- c. In or about February 1996, SAMIR A. VINCENT, the defendant, traveled to Baghdad, where he participated in the drafting of agreements with an Iraqi official relating to VINCENT's and others' compensation regarding their efforts on behalf of the Iraqi government with respect to Resolution 986.
 - d. In or about May 1996, SAMIR A. VINCENT, the

defendant, received a cash payment in Manhattan from the Government of Iraq in partial satisfaction of the agreements referenced above in paragraph 16(c).

- e. In or about May 1996, SAMIR A. VINCENT, the defendant, distributed to another individual a cash payment from the Government of Iraq in partial satisfaction of the agreements referenced above in paragraph $16\,(c)$.
- f. In or about December 1996, SAMIR A. VINCENT, the defendant, received in Manhattan money paid in partial satisfaction of the agreements referenced above in paragraph 16(c), which he transferred to a foreign bank account on behalf of an Iraqi official.
- g. In or about July 1997, SAMIR A. VINCENT, the defendant, wrote a letter to officials of the Government of Iraq to explain the payment arrangements in the agreements referenced above in paragraph $16\,(c)$.
- h. In or about August 1997, SAMIR A. VINCENT, the defendant, and a representative of the Government of Iraq signed a contract in which Iraq agreed to sell VINCENT approximately 2.7 million barrels of oil as part of the Oil-for-Food Program.
- i. On or about June 13, 1998, SAMIR A. VINCENT, the defendant, and a representative of the Government of Iraq signed a contract in which Iraq agreed to sell VINCENT approximately 1.8 million barrels of oil as part of the Oil-for-

Food Program.

- j. In or about September 1999, SAMIR A. VINCENT, the defendant, helped arrange for a delegation of Iraqi religious leaders to visit the United States and meet with American religious leaders to discuss the repeal of sanctions against the Government of Iraq.
- k. On or about December 20, 1999, SAMIR A. VINCENT, the defendant, and a representative of the Government of Iraq signed a contract in which Iraq agreed to sell VINCENT approximately 1.2 million barrels of oil as part of the Oil-for-Food Program.
- 1. On or about June 26, 2000, SAMIR A. VINCENT, the defendant, and a representative of the Government of Iraq signed a contract in which Iraq agreed to sell VINCENT approximately 1.5 million barrels of oil as part of the Oil-for-Food Program.
- m. On or about September 11, 2000, SAMIR A. VINCENT, the defendant, arranged a meeting in Manhattan between a former official of the United States Government and a high-ranking representative of the Iraqi government, to discuss the United States Government's foreign policy toward Iraq and strategies to convince the United States Government to support the repeal of United Nations sanctions against the Government of Iraq.
 - n. On or about February 12, 2001, SAMIR A.

VINCENT, the defendant, and a representative of the Government of Iraq signed a contract in which Iraq agreed to sell VINCENT approximately 2 million barrels of oil as part of the Oil-for-Food Program.

- o. In or about April 2001, SAMIR A. VINCENT, the defendant, wrote a letter to an official of the Government of Iraq, in which VINCENT emphasized his efforts on behalf of the Government of Iraq in the United States and recommended that any required surcharges on his oil allocations under the Oil-for-Food Program be deducted from the amounts still owed to him under the agreements referenced above in paragraph 16(c).
- p. In or about November 2001, SAMIR A. VINCENT, the defendant, collected a message in Baghdad from officials of the Iraqi Intelligence Service and the Government of Iraq, for delivery to a former official of the United States Government regarding the Government of Iraq's position on re-admitting weapons inspectors to Iraq and the repeal of sanctions.
- q. On or about May 20, 2002, SAMIR A. VINCENT, the defendant, sent a letter to an official of the Iraqi Intelligence Service in which VINCENT again emphasized his efforts on behalf of the Government of Iraq in the United States and requested additional oil allocations without any conditions, including surcharges, placed on them.

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 371.)

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COUNT TWO

Acting as an Unregistered Agent of a Foreign Government

The United States Attorney further charges:

- 17. Paragraphs One through Thirteen and Sixteen of this Information are realleged, repeated, and incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.
- 18. From at least in or about 1992, up to and including in or about January 2003, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, SAMIR A. VINCENT, the defendant, unlawfully and knowingly acted in the United States as an agent of a foreign government, specifically the Government of Iraq, without prior notification to the Attorney General, as required by law.

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 951.)

COUNT THREE

Violation of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act

The United States Attorney further charges:

- 19. Paragraphs One through Thirteen and Sixteen of this Information are realleged, repeated, and incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.
- 20. Title 50, United States Code, Section 1701, et seq., known as the International Emergency Economic Powers Act ("IEEPA"), grants the President the authority to, among other things, "investigate, . . . prevent or prohibit, any acquisition, holding, withholding, use, transfer, withdrawal, transportation, importation

or exportation of, or dealing in, or exercising any right, power, or privilege with respect to, or transactions involving, any property in which any foreign country or a national thereof has any interest by any person, or with respect to any property, subject to the jurisdiction of the United States . . ." 50 U.S.C. § 1702(a)(1)(B). Section 1701 grants the President the power to exercise this authority upon declaration of a national emergency.

- 21. In Executive Order Number 12722, signed on August 2, 1990, President George H. W. Bush declared that "the policies and actions of the Government of Iraq constitute an unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security and foreign policy of the United States," and declared "a national emergency to deal with that threat." On August 9, 1990, following passage of United Nations Security Council Resolution Number 661 (which dealt, in part, with sanctions placed on Iraq) on August 6, 1990, the President issued Executive Order Number 12724. Executive Order Number 12724 takes "additional steps with respect to Iraq's invasion of Kuwait and the national emergency declared in Executive Order Number 12722." Executive Orders No. 12722 and 12724, which remained in effect at all times relevant to this Information, prohibit certain trade-related activities with Iraq.
- 22. Executive Order Numbers 12722 and 12724 (the "Executive Orders") imposed economic sanctions, including a complete trade embargo, on Iraq. The Executive Orders prohibited,

among other things, the export to Iraq of any goods, technology, or services from the United States and the performance by any United States person of any contract in support of an industrial, commercial, public utility or government project in Iraq. Executive Orders also prohibited other activities relating to Iraq, including "any transaction by a United States person relating to travel by any United States citizen or permanent resident alien to Iraq, after the date of this order, other than transactions necessary to effect (i) such person's departure from Iraq, (ii) travel and activities for the conduct of the official business of the Federal Government or the United Nations, or (iii) travel for journalistic activity by persons regularly employed in such capacity by a news-gathering organization." In addition, the Executive Orders specifically prohibited "[a]ny transaction by any United States person that evades or avoids, or has the purpose of evading or avoiding, any of the prohibitions set forth in this order." The Executive Orders define the term "United States person" as "any United States citizen, permanent resident alien, judicial person organized under the laws of the United States (including foreign branches), or any person in the United States, and vessels of U.S. registration." 31 C.F.R. § 575.321

23. From 1990 through all times relevant to this Information, the President continued, on an annual basis, the national emergency with respect to Iraq. These successive

Executive Orders have authorized the Secretary of Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of State, "to take such actions, including the promulgation of rules and regulations, as may be necessary to carry out the purposes" of the Executive Orders.

- 24. Pursuant to this authority, the Office of Foreign Assets Control ("OFAC"), the office within the Department of Treasury charged with the responsibility of administering sanctions against foreign entities, promulgated regulations to implement the Executive Orders. The relevant regulations are located in Section 575 of Title 31 of the Code of Federal Regulations, and state, in part:
 - "no property or interests in property of the Government of Iraq that are in the United States, that hereafter come within the United States, or that are or hereafter come within the possession or control of U.S. persons, including their overseas branches, may be transferred, paid, exported withdrawn or otherwise dealt in," and "any other dealing in any security (or evidence thereof) registered or inscribed in the name of the Government of Iraq and held within the possession or control of a U.S. person is prohibited," without first obtaining a license from OFAC. 31 C.F.R. § 575.201. By virtue of these prohibitions against dealing with Iraqi government property, and securities or interests therein, "[a] U.S. person may not, within the United States or abroad, conduct transactions of any nature whatsoever with an entity that the U.S. person knows or has reason to know is an Iraqi government entity unless the entity is licensed by the Office of Foreign Assets Control to conduct such transactions with U.S. persons." 31 C.F.R. § 575.408(c)(2);
 - b. "no goods, technology (including technical data or other information), or services may be exported from the United States, or, if subject to U.S.

jurisdiction, exported or reexported from a third country to Iraq, to any entity owned or controlled by the Government of Iraq, or to any entity operated from Iraq," without first obtaining a license from OFAC. 31 C.F.R. § 575.205;

- c. "no U.S. person may deal in property of Iraqi origin exported from Iraq after August 6, 1990, property intended for exportation to Iraq, or property intended for exportation from Iraq to any other country, nor may any U.S. person engage in any activity that promotes or is intended to promote such dealing," without first obtaining a license from OFAC. 31 C.F.R. § 575.206;
- d. "no U.S. person may engage in any transaction relating to travel by any U.S. citizen or permanent resident alien to Iraq, or to activities by any U.S. citizen or permanent resident alien within Iraq," without first obtaining a license from OFAC. 31 C.F.R. § 575.207; and
- e. "no U.S. person may perform any contract, including a financing contract, in support of an industrial, commercial, public utility, or governmental project in Iraq," without first obtaining a license from OFAC. 31 C.F.R. § 575.209.
- 25. From in or about 1992, up to and including in or about January 2003, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, SAMIR A. VINCENT, the defendant, being a United States person, unlawfully, willfully, and knowingly violated IEEPA, and the regulations promulgated thereunder, as described above, to wit, VINCENT attempted to and did engage in financial transactions with the Government of Iraq related to, among other things, his efforts to secure an agreement between the United Nations and the Government of Iraq relating to United Nations Security Council

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Resolution 986, and did travel to Iraq on several occasions in connection with these transactions.

(Title 50, United States Code, Section 1701, et seq.; Executive Orders 12722 and 12724; Title 31, C.F.R. Section 575.201, et seq.; and Title 18, United States Code, Section 2.)

COUNT FOUR

(False Statements in Income Tax Returns)

The United States Attorney further charges:

- 26. Paragraphs One through Thirteen of the Information are realleged, repeated, and incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.
- 27. From in or about 2001 through and including in or about 2004, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, SAMIR A. VINCENT, the defendant, unlawfully, willfully, and knowingly did make and subscribe U.S. Individual Income Tax Returns, Forms 1040, for the tax years 2000, 2001, 2002, and 2003, which returns contained and were verified by the written declaration of SAMIR A. VINCENT that they were made under the penalties of perjury, and which returns SAMIR A. VINCENT did not believe to be true and correct as to every material matter, in

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that, among other things, SAMIR A. VINCENT falsely claimed that he did not have control over any offshore bank accounts.

(Title 26, United States Code, Section 7206(1).)

DAVID N. KELLEY United States Attorney

1583/6

DICKSTEIN SHAPIRO MORIN & OSHINSKY LL

2101 L Street NW • Washington, DC 20037-1526
Tel (202) 785-9700 • Fax (202) 887-0689
Writer's Direct Diak: 202-828-2203
E-Mail Address: BoggsG@dsmo.com

August 8, 1997

BY COURIER

Mr. R. Richard Newcomb, Director Office of Foreign Assets Control Department of the Treasury Treasury Annex Building, 2nd Floor Pennsylvania Avenue and Madison Place, N.W. Washington, DC 20220

Re: Bayoil (USA), Inc.: Iraqi Sanctions Regulations: UNSC Resolution 986 Program

Dear Mr. Newcomb:

On behalf of Bayoil (USA), Inc. and certain U.S. persons and pursuant to Section 575.801(b) of the Iraqi Sanctions Regulations, we hereby seek a specific license authorizing it and its employees who are U.S. persons to assist its affiliated corporation, Bayoil SA, in the negotiation of a contract to purchase Iraqi crude oil in accordance with the procedures established by the 661 Committee pursuant to UNSC Resolution 986. A similar specific license is also sought for employees of Bayoil SA who are U.S. persons.

Bayoil SA has been advised by SOMO, the Iraqi Government oil company ("SOMO"), that the proposed contract to purchase the Iraqi crude oil must be negotiated and finalized in the next 3 days, and for the reasons set forth below, Bayoil (USA) thus seeks expedited treatment of this license application so that this business opportunity is not lost or otherwise adversely affected by delay.

1. Identity of the parties:

- (a) David B. Chalmers, Jr., ("Chalmers") is a U.S. citizen with an office at 600 Travis, Suite 6110, Houston, Texas 77002.
- (b) Bayoil (USA), Inc. ("Bayoil (USA)") is a Delaware corporation with offices at 600 Travis, Suite 6110, Houston, Texas 77002. Bayoil (USA) is wholly-owned by Chalmers.

598 Madison Avenue • New York, New York 10022-1614 Tel (212) 832-1900 • Fax (212) 832-0341 http://www.dsmo.com

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- (c) Bayoil SA ("Bayoil SA") is a corporation organized under the laws of Switzerland with a principal office at 9 Rue Massot 1206, Geneva, Switzerland. Bayoil SA has a branch office in London at 10 Stratton Street, London W1X 5FD England. Bayoil SA is also wholly-owned by Chalmers.
- (d) Robin D'Alessandro ("D'Alessandro") is a U.S. citizen who is an employee of Bayoil SA in the London branch office.
- (e) Jean Johnston ("Johnston") is a U.S. citizen who is an employee of Bayoil (USA) in the Houston office.

2. Iraqi Product Involved in this Transaction

This transaction relates to the proposed contract for the purchase of approximately 3.5 million barrels of Basrah Light and/or Kirkuk Iraqi crude oil (Transaction"). The price has not yet been determined or agreed to by the 661 Committee, but based on the present "spot" price for Arab Light the contract has a value of approximately \$60 million. The load port is likely to be Al-Bakr and and/or Cehyan. Bayoil SA has not yet identified the party or parties to whom it intends to resell the crude oil.

3. Background of the Transaction

As noted above, Chalmers owns 100% of both Bayoil SA and Bayoil (USA). Chalmers is also President of both corporations. Bayoil SA purchased Iraqi crude oil pursuant to the program established by UNSC Resolution 986 and the 661 Committee during the first six month period of the program, and each such purchase was approved by the 661 Committee. Bayoil received previous licenses from OFAC in 1990 to import Iraqi crude oil that had been loaded prior to August 2, 1990.

In order to simplify compliance with the Iraqi Sanctions Regulations ("Regulations"), Chalmers intended to arrange for the next contract for the purchase of Iraqi crude oil during the second six month period to be entered into by Bayoil (USA). Pursuant to Section 575.522 of the Regulations, Bayoil (USA) and its U.S. employees could negotiate and enter into an executory contract to purchase such Iraqi crude oil without a license, subject to compliance with subsection 575.522(b) of the Regulations.

Chalmers received an offer of allocation of Iraqi crude oil from SOMO on August 7, 1997 with a stipulation that the first cargo of crude oil must be lifted from Ceyhan, Turkey on August 12, 1997. Thus, Chalmers must negotiate a contract to

DICKSTEIN SHAPIRO MORIN & OSHINSKY ELP

Mr. R. Richard Newcomb, Director August 8, 1997 Page 3

purchase the crude oil represented by that offer of allocation at once, or SOMO may offer the allocation to another buyer.

Although Chalmers expected to negotiate a contract for such crude on behalf of Bayoil (USA), he has been advised by the United Overseas Bank ("Bank"), which is financing the purchase, that it will only finance the transaction if Bayoil SA is the buyer.

In order to satisfy the demands of the Bank, Chalmers must now negotiate the contract on behalf of Bayoil SA rather than Bayoil (USA). However, because Bayoil SA is not a U.S. person, Regulations Section 575.522 does not apply to it, and thus, neither Bayoil SA or its U.S. employees may negotiate the proposed contract pursuant to that general license. Although Regulations Section 575.526 authorizes U.S. persons to deal in Iraqi crude oil after its purchase has been approved by the 661 Committee, the Regulations do not appear to authorize U.S. employees of foreign corporations to negotiate such a contract and submit it to the 661 Committee for approval. Accordingly, in order for Chalmers to negotiate a contract on behalf of Bayoil SA, he must seek and obtain a specific license, even though Chalmers could conduct the same activities on behalf of his other corporation (Bayoil (USA)) without a license.

4. Activities for which license is sought

A specific license is hereby requested to authorize Chalmers to negotiate the terms and conditions of a contract to purchase crude oil from SOMO on behalf of Bayoil SA. Chalmers and Bayoil SA are familiar with UNSC Resolution 986, other applicable Security Council resolutions, the May 20, 1996 Memorandum of Understanding Between the Secretariat of the United Nations and the Government of Iraq on the Implementation of UNSC Resolution 986 and applicable guidance issued by the 661 Committee, and Chalmers and Bayoil SA represent that the contract to be negotiated with SOMO will be submitted to the 661 Committee¹ for approval.

The process of negotiating the proposed contract and preparing it for submission to the 661 Committee may also require the assistance of other U.S. persons who are employees of Bayoil SA or of its affiliate, Bayoil (USA), which customarily performs certain administrative tasks for Bayoil SA. Such employees may be performing only ministerial tasks or may be assisting in arranging financing and shipping of the cargo in advance of formal 661 Committee approval. The employees presently identified to perform such tasks are Chalmers and D'Alessandro in the London branch office of Bayoil SA and Chalmers and Johnston of the Bayoil (USA) Houston office.

Although the Regulations refer to 661 Committee approval, we understand that contracts are in fact submitted to and approved by the UN Overseers.

Mr. R. Richard Newcomb, Director August 8, 1997 Page 4

5. The Need for Expedited Approval

As stated above, Chalmers intended to negotiate this proposed contract on behalf of Bayoil (USA) without the need for a license, and thus, the requirement by SOMO that this contract be negotiated in a few days could have been met. However, Chalmers has now been advised by the Bank that it will not finance the transaction unless Bayoil SA is the buyer. Chalmers must now negotiate the contract on behalf of Bayoil SA, but he can not do so without a specific license from OFAC. If Chalmers does not receive the license from OFAC to negotiate this contract, he and his corporation may lose this significant business opportunity. Although the contract will be on behalf of a foreign corporation, such corporation is wholly-owned by a U.S. citizen, and thus the indirect beneficiary of this transaction is a U.S. citizen. Chalmers should not be denied this business opportunity merely because he must negotiate the contract on behalf of his foreign company rather than his U.S. company.

5. Conclusion

A specific license is thus sought to authorize Bayoil (USA), Chalmers, D'Alessandro and Johnston to (i) negotiate the contract with SOMO on behalf of Bayoil SA to purchase the Iraqi crude oil described above, (ii) submit such contract to the 661 Committee, and (iii) perform various tasks incident to this transaction prior to formal approval by the 661 Committee.

Bayoil (USA) and Bayoil SA request confidential treatment for the business proprietary information contained in this license request. The public disclosure of the business proprietary information contained in this letter could cause substantial harm to the competitive positions of Bayoil (USA) and Bayoil SA.

Should you have any questions or require any additional information, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

We appreciate and thank you in advance for your prompt consideration of this request.

Respectfully submitted,

Cery T Ropp—
George T. Boggs

GTB/jlp

cc: Mr. David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DICKSTEEN SHAPIRO MOREN & OENINSKY LLP

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September 9, 1999

TO: Ministry of Oil Baghdad Iraq

State Oil Marketing Organisation Baghdad Iraq

Dear Sirs:

We confirm our interest to purchase, sign and nominate immediately a minimum of 10,000,000 barrels of basrah light crude oil during the sixth phase for final destination North America / Europe / Far East.

We also confirm our definite interest to purchase from 20-30 million barrels minimum every six months and for three to five consecutive periods or longer, at your suggestion and discussions.

We are prepared to contract with you through our Bahamian company or any of our affiliates.

Sincerely,

Augusto Giangrandi, Chairman

For and on behalf of

Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited (BOTCO, Bahamas)

efore me on this 9th day of September, 1999,

RO. BOX CB12918 NASSAU BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TUX-20644

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Minority Rpt - FN 33

SNT045424

POWER OF ATTORNEY

We the undersigned, BAYOII, SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED, a Behamian Company ("the Company"), whose registered office is simute at Sassocia House. Shirley Street and Victoria in the City of Nassau in the Island of New Providence, one of the Islands in the Commonwealth of The Bahamas and its postal address is P.O. Nox N-272, Nassau, Bahamas, hereby appoints and grants full authority to

MR. AUGUSTO GIANGRANDI - Director

To execute in our name a commercial contract for the purpose of purchasing crude oil from State Oil Marketing Organization, (SOMO) and/or the Ministry of Oil, Iraq.

This authority is strictly limited to the above described transaction and shall continue in full force and effect until such time as the Attorney receive notice in writing that the Power of Attorney granted to him has been revoked.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the Seal of Bayoll Supply

& Trading Limited has been affixed hereto this 7th
day of September, in the year One thousand Nine
Riundred and Ninety-nine.

David Chalmers, Jr., President

17/09 '99 19:43

NR. TX/RX2250

P.009

IT-0 2421

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt - FN 33



TO:

GRUPPA ALLIANCE

ATTN:

Mr. Zia Bajaev

FAX:

011-7095-745-5658

FROM:

Ludmil Dionissiev

DATE:

July 13, 1998

RE:

Visit to Moscow

Dear Mr. Bajaev:

I was advised by your Secretary Ms. Natalia, with whom I had a very useful discussion to send this letter.

We had an extensive conversation with your Brother Mavlit during mid May, 1998 and have discussed Bayoil's position in regard to its ability to place Iraqi oil into United States market. There is absolutely no doubt, and it is internationally acknowledged that Bayoil is the prime supplier of Iraqi oil to the United States.

In this connection we would like to negotiate with you and purchase from you any Iraqi barrels that you can make available to us.

The President of Bayoil, Mr. David Chalmers, Jr. is arriving in Moscow on July 15th and will be leaving on Saturday July 18th. It was strongly suggested by a mutual friend, Lev Model, that we organize a meeting with you.

I will contact you tomorrow to clarify weather a meeting is possible.

Sincerely,

Ludmil Dionissie Special Advisor

BAY04-01481

BAYOIL (USA) INC.

600 TRAVIS, SUITE 6110 HOUSTON, TX 77002 713 222 7100 FAX: 713 224 8101 TLX: 3771825

PSI Minority Rpt - FN 36

TO:

UNITED NATIONS

OFFICE OF IRAQ PROGRAMME

ATTN:

Mr. Benon Sevan Executive Director

FAX:

212-963-1984/212-963-5947

oo.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE

CC: ATTN:

Mr. D.E. Krisch Mr. Matthew T. McManus

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DATE:

March 13, 2003

REF:

OIL PRICE MECHANISM

Dear Sir:

I would like to take this opportunity to apprise your office of our serious concerns regarding the current difficulties experienced by the companies lifting oil under the current phase of the U.N. Oil-for-Food Program, which is directly as a result of the procedures and methodologies the U.N. Oil Overseers are applying to carry out their responsibilities.

Bayoil's concerns are shared by many industry participants in the Program, a statement we can easily prove. All of us in the industry are under the assumption that it is still the objective of the U.N. and its members to see the maximum amount of funding to the U.N. lraqi account, for the ultimate humanitarian benefit of the Iraqi people. Therefore, in order to accomplish this goal, there should be no unnecessary hindrances for potential industry participants, which might result in loss of confidence by such companies, and subsequent reluctance to lift the maximum available quantities of oil on a ratable basis. Unfortunately, this is exactly the situation which occurs today, directly as a result of the U.N. Oil Overseers operating in a manner outside the stated guideline of their mandate, which includes as you well know, to accurately assess formula prices submitted by S.O.M.O, as to their relative fair market value.

Bayoil

As background for your information, Bayoil has been the largest shipper/marketer of Iraqi crude's to the U.S. since the oil program began, mostly under contract from a wide range of S.O.M.O. allocation holders. For this reason, I believe we are in a unique

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position to understand the changing dynamics of the Iraqi crude market, particularly during this recent period. Specifically, in February our firm shipped 8 million barrels of Kirkuk/Basrah to the U.S., and from March 1st until today, approximately 7 million barrels. These figures represent between 40-60% of the U.S. deliveries, a market share consistent with our activities during typical periods since the programs inception.

Specifically, the aforementioned activities, or procedures creating difficulties for the participants can be summarized as follows:

- 1) During the process of assessing or sourcing market information, whereby industry contact would be required. The Overseers are in a deliberate and prejudicial way ignoring and/or discounting market information/analysis from certain companies (including Bayoil), which are in the best position of knowledge, while relying instead almost solely on industry sources, which are often not participating and thus have their own vested interest.
- In this respect, Bayoil has frequently provided U.N. Overseers and S.O.M.O.
 written reports covering market analysis and other pertinent information,
 including recommended formula calculations for particular lift periods, which are
 consistent with our analysis, and completely accurate to the best of our
 professional abilities.
- Unfortunately, we have never received the courtesy of written response to our frequent and recent reports, and seldom any verbal comments or constructive counter arguments, which should normally occur between professionals. This is particularly the case in the last few months, whereby our activity has become more predominant and the market has become more volatile, and as a result our reports to Overseers have been more frequent and detailed (please see the attached Market Reports).
- 2) The Overseers' responsibilities under Resolution 986, in connection with the formula submission process with S.O.M.O. are not being adhered to.
- The Overseers have clearly <u>pre-advised S.O.M.O.</u> of the price formulas S.O.M.O. must submit to gain their approval, (a procedure that could legally be questioned as it amounts to the Overseers deciding to price irrespective of S.O.M.O.'s assessments and evaluations.). The Overseers' approach is also based on a methodology very much in variance with S.O.M.O.'s intended submission, which they share openly with the industry and which is consistent with the primary lifters.
- 3) The Overseers are currently clearly not fairly or accurately assessing the fair market value of Iraqi crudes.
- The Overseers have received written and oral documented evidence from Bayoil and others. (see attached reports) which proves that their imposed methodologies

for establishing formulas, for recent and future lifting periods, will consequentially equate to a relative cost/price differential, which will likely continue to be higher priced than those of other crude grades (i.e. Saudi) or well above the "fair market value".

- The Overseers, have reportedly taken a position on this subject along the lines that
 the system of calculating formulas is long standing, and despite the fact that this
 methodology may currently result in higher prices than other competitive grades
 and Spot market values for Iraqi grades, they maintain there is no basis for
 modification or amendments.
- The Overseers, have received certain correspondence from Bayoil and others.
 That in fact there have been regular changes to the general methodology, and specific sub-components within the past few months. No supporting evidence has been offered to contradict these industry perceptions.

The, aforementioned apparent complete departure from the original guidelines set forth for the U.N. oil experts under Resolution 986, including the practice or a unilaterally setting a price on an ad hoc basis for Iraqi oil. This in turn has led to a complete breakdown in confidence by the industry participants in the program fueled by the expectation that prices will be imposed on future liftings in a manner consistent with recent past, which will likely result in between \$1.50-3.00 per barrel loss for lifters.

As this situation is untenable for Bayoil, and as we understand other lifters as well, Bayoil has no other choice than to immediately cease participation in the program, and support others to do likewise.

We regret to inform your office of this decision, due to our historical support for the program, and will certainly be reconsidering such action if any actions are taken to rectify this situation. Meanwhile, we are immediately seeking alternative options for our vessels already scheduled to load ratably from Ceyhan and Al Bakr for some time, and will be informing our contractual supplier of such cancellations.

I have drafted a final correspondence to the U.N. Overseers, outlining our overall concerns, which considering that in the past they have not had the courtesy to respond to our market analysis reports, it now would seem appropriate to forward such communications through your office, per the additional enclosed attachment.

It will indeed be regrettable if the purpose of the Oil-for-Food Program were to be frustrated by the behavior of the very U.N. officials who are supposed to manage its smooth implementation.

I will be happy to meet or discuss further any questions you may have at your convenience. You can contact me at my Houston office Tel. (713) 222-7100 or by fax - (713) 224-8101

Sincerely,

David B. Chalmers Jr.
For and on behalf of
Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited

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08/22/01 18:48 FAX

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PHYINE AGREDMENT:

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SPECIAL COMPLETONS:

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SELLER MARRAMES THAT THE CRUDE OIL SOLD TO BUYER
PURSUANT TO THIS CONTRACT WAS OBDITIVED PURSUANT TO
ALL RECESSARY APPROPRIES AND THE DETERMINATIONS (C.B.,
RESCURITOR SEE AND THE U.W. SECURITY COUNCIL
COMMITTEE EXTRACLEMED BY SCR 661 (1980). SELLER
ALSO MORRAMES THAT THE MEDVISIONS OF ALL APPLICABLE
U.S. ALBOURTONS SAYS BERN COMPLETS WITH,
INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, SCR 886 (1895), SCR
1111 (1887), SCR 1143 (1887) AND SCR 661 (1990).

SELLER SPECIFICALLY WARREST THAT HO SUBCRESCE OF OTHER PAYMENT THE MADE TO SOME BY THE SELLER, OR TO SELLER'S EXCHANGES BY ANY TREND SAFTY, OUTSIDE THE CLU, BECAM ACCOUNT IN CHERCHING THE CRUDE OIL SOLD TO BUYER HEREMORER.

STILLER AGREES TO INDRINITY AND SOLD BOYER INJUNIESE FROM AND AGRINGS ANY LOSE, RESTEED ON NOT RESULTING FROM TEIRS PARTY CLAIMS, ARISIND OUT OF IR IS COMMETCION WITH A RELACE OF THE WARRANTIES CONTAINED REFER. LOSE MEANS ANY LOSE, LIBILITY, CLAIM, ACTION, BUIT, PROCEDURG, RESESSMENT, LIBM, JUDGEMENT, MAND, DAMAGE, DEFICIENCY OR EXPENSE (INCLUDING INTEREST PROPERTY PROLITIES WRITE ALLONGO, REAGONALE ATTOMETS FRANCE AND DESCRIPTIONS SHALL NOT RECORD EMPORCEMENT FRANCE TO SELLER MAYING SEEN FURALLY PROVEN LIRILE FOR REAGN OF THE PRESENT MAGARETS BY A COMPETENT COURT, THIS INDEMNITY WILL STRVING THE DELIVERY, INSTRUCTION AND ACCEPTANCE OF THE CRUSS OIL.

ESTLER SHALL PROVIDS BOYER A COPY OF THE U.N. CRRIITICATION, U.M. APPOINTED INSPECTOR'S CERTIFICATE OF ORIGIN UPON VESSEL'S EXPANSURE FROM THE LOADPORT.

ADDITIONAL TERMS OR TIME DIFFERDIT FROM THOSE SECTIONIN RESELVE

BAY04-00840

SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

SELLER WARRANTS THAT THE CRUDE OIL SOLD TO BUYER PURSUANT TO THIS CONTRACT WAS OBTAINED PURSUANT TO ALL NECESSARY APPROVALS AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE PROCEDURES OF THE UNITED NATIONS (U.N.) RESOLUTION 986 AND THE U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED BY SCR 661 (1990). SELLER ALSO WARRANTS THAT THE PROVISIONS OF ALL APPLICABLE U.N. RESOLUTIONS HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, SCR 986 (1995), SCR 1111(1997), SCR 1143 (1997) AND SCR 661 (1990).

SELLER SPECIFICALLY WARRANTS THAT NO SURCHARGE OR OTHER PAYMENT WAS MADE TO SOMO BY THE SELLER, OR TO SELLER'S KNOWLEDGE BY ANY THIRD PARTY, OUTSIDE THE U.N. ESCROW ACCOUNT IN OBTAINING THE CRUDE OIL SOLD TO BUYER HEREUNDER.

SELLER AGREES TO INDEMNIFY AND HOLD BUYER HARMLESS FROM AND AGAINST ANY LOSS, WHETHER OR NOT RESULTING FROM THIRD PARTY CLAIMS, ARISING OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH A BREACH OF THE WARRANTIES CONTAINED HEREIN. LOSS MEANS ANY LOSS, LIABILITY, CLAIM, ACTION, SUIT, PROCEEDING, ASSESSMENT, LIEN, JUDGEMENT. AWARD, DAMAGE, DEFICIENCY OR EXPENSE (INCLUDING INTEREST PENALTIES WHERE ALLOWED, REASONABLE ATTORNEYS FEES AND DISBURSEMENTS), BEING UNDERSTOOD THAT THE RIGHT TO INDEMNIFICATION SHALL NOT BECOME ENFORCEABLE PRIOR TO: SELLER HAVING BEEN FINALLY PROVEN LIABLE FOR BREACH OF THE PRESENT WARRANTY BY A COMPETENT COURT. THIS INDEMNITY WILL SURVIVE THE DELIVERY, INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE OF THE CRUDE OII

SELLER SHALL PROVIDE BUYER A COPY OF THE U.N. CERTIFICATION, U.N. APPOINTED INSPECTOR'S CERTIFICATE AND THE CERTIFICATE OF ORIGIN UPON VESSEL'S DEPARTURE FROM THE LOADPORT.

ADDITIONAL TERMS OR TERMS DIFFERENT FROM THOSE SET FORTH HEREIN SHALL BE CONSTRUED AS PROPOSALS FOR ADDITIONS TO THE CONTRACT AND SHALL NOT BECOME PART OF THE CONTRACT UNLESS EXPRESSLY AGREED TO BY SUPPLEMENTAL TELEX.

PLEASE CONFIRM, IN WRITING, THAT THE ABOVE CONTRACT.
ACCURATELY REFLECTS YOUR UNDERSTANDING OF THIS CONTRACT.

12

BAY04-00855

1022

TO:

United European Bank, Geneva

ATTN:

Chris Slaboszewicz

FAX:

011-4122-738-0150

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DATE:

May 27, 1999

RE:

Bayoil Technologies SA

Dear Chris:

I would appreciate a short bank reference by telex to SOMO along the following lines:

Quote:

TO:

SOMO, Baghdad

ATTN:

Saddam Hassan, General Director

TLX:

212198

REF:

BOTCO SA

We are pleased to introduce BOTCO SA, Luxembourg as a long standing client of our bank. The principals/management are well known to the bank as professionals in the oil business. Furthermore, the bank is in a position to finance any oil transaction sales under the U.N. oil sale program for BOTCO, subject to any conclusion with S.O.M.O.

Unquote

As per our previous discussion, Augusto Giangrandi is now representing the company in Baghdad, however, it is not necessary to mention the specific management names for the purpose of this letter.

Thank you for your assistance.

Regards,

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

1A Leaphill Road Bournemouth BH7 6LS. Tel: 01202 417725 Fax: 01202 417732 E-mail: <u>harbec@topco.co.uk</u>



Fax

To:	Ludo Moriconi – Italtech SRI	From: Hobi Sabih
Phone:		Pages: 1
Fax:	0039 - 0586 - 421223	Date: 27 October 1999
Re:		
		CC:
Dear L	uein	
		and it to it, my beautiful to should stop the first of
	ted. Herewith the text of you	and it is to our benefit to state that the two companies are retter addressed to:-
	TRY OF OIL	•
S.O.M Baghd		
Iraq	·	
:7 Oct	tober 1999	
O W	HOM IT MAY CONCERN	
We wo	ite to confirm that Bayoil LTD	and Italtech SRI are sister companies with common directors.
Vours	Faithfully	
	`	
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Į	09 !	Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
		PSI Minority Rpt - FN 65
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DECEMBER 27, 2000

REVENUE SHARING AGREEMENT

THIS AGREEMENT BETWEEN ITALECH S.R.L., LIVORNO ITALY (ITALTECH) AND BAYOIL SUPPLY AND TRADING LIMITED, NASSAU BAHAMAS (BAYOIL) SHALL BE EFFECTIVE FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING DECEMBER 27, 2000 AND APPLICABLE TO THE CONTRACT BETWEEN ITALTECH AND BAYOIL DATED DECEMBER 27, 2000 (AND ANY SUBSEQUENT AMENDMENTS) COVERING CONTRACT REFERENCE NO. M/09/07 BETWEEN ITALTECH S.R.L. AND SOMO, UNDER PHASE 9 OF THE UNITED NATIONS OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM WHEREBY BAYOIL AGREES TO PURCHASE ALL QUANTITIES OF BOTH BASRAH LIGHT CRUDE OIL AND KIRKUK CRUDE OIL FROM ITALTECH, UNDER THE STANDARD SOMO CONTRACT TERMS AND CONDITIONS AS APPROVED BY THE UNITED NATIONS, AND SPECIFICALLY INCLUDING THE OBLIGATION TO NOMINATE LIFTING DATES AND ARRANGE SHIPMENTS, DESPITE UNCERTAIN MARKET CONDITIONS, AND PRIOR TO ESTABLISHMENT OF U.N. APPROVED PRICE FORMULAS APPLICABLE FOR EACH SHIPMENT.

THE TERMS OF THIS AGREEMENT SHALL PROVIDE FOR ITALTECH TO RECEIVE A REASONABLE SHARE OF REVENUES GENERATED FROM THE SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF SHIPMENTS BAYOIL LIFTS FROM THE PURCHASE CONTRACT, NOT TO EXCEED AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO US\$0.20 PER NET BARREL FOR TOTAL QUANTIES LOADED UNDER THE CONTRACT AND AS A PROPORTION OF NET REVENUES OF APPROXIMATELY 40%.

DISTRIBUTION OF REVENUE SHALL BE DISTRIBUTED TO ITALTECH IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD INDUSTRY PRACTICE FOR AGREEMENT OF THIS TYPE, AND AS SUCH WHEREIN SUCH A DISTRIUTION CAN BE FAIRLY ESTABLISHED BY BAYOIL AFTER EACH DELIVERIES ARE FULLY EFFECTED.

AS SUCH, BOTH PARTIES SHALL ACT IN GOOD FAITH WITH REGARD TO REASONABLE

EYALUATION OF DISTRIBUTION AMOUNTS AND PERIODS

UCUSTO GIANGRANDI OR AND ON BEHALF OF

ITALTECH S.r.L.

DAVID B CHALMERS IR FOR AND ON BEHALF OF

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

BAYOR SUPPLY & TRADITION HAVED

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Minority Rpt - FN 66

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ITALIECH CONTRACT ALLOCATIONS	LALLOCATIONS										
PHASE 8 M/08/116											
VESSEL	BA AMOUNT	DATE	GRADE	\$ - 450	บรรษยน	EURORBL	EXCHANGE REF	Č. V	9	PAIE	PAID TO ITALTECH
OLYMPIC LOYALTY	1,003,437	10/17/2000	KIRKUK	9.00	25.536		N/A	301,031.10	\$/00/¢	8	N/A
ASTRO LYRA	2,003,560	10/20/2000	KIRKUK	5.00	26.545		NA	601,068.00		0.30 10/23/2000	
AMAZON EAGLE 5	157,223	10/23/2000	BASRAH	7.00	25.535		V/V	56,602,28		0.36 10/23/2000	
PHASE 8 M/08/120											
YESSEL	BIL AMOUNT	DATE	GRADE	OSP - \$	USS/BBL	EURO/BBL	EXCHANGE REF		į	DATE	PAID TO ITALTECH
SKOPELOS	1,917,314	12/17/2000	BASRAH	3.60	18.289	19.258	0.0497	ċ	NBBL NBBL	0.45 11/16/2000 2/16/2001	
RAPHAEL	1,998,474	12/21/2000	BASRAH	8.60	18.454	19.607	0.9412	191,731 399,695 209,771		2/23/2001 0.45 11/16/2000 2/16/2001	
SEA WORLD	1,084,212	12/31/2000	BASRAH	8.80	20.329	21,883	0.9290	189,847.00 216,842.00 162,632.00 108,421.00		2/23/2001 0.45 11/16/2000 2/16/2001 2/23/2001	
PHASE 9 MIDSIOT											
VESSEL	BAL AMOUNT	DATE	GRADE	\$- 480	าลยงรถ	EURORBEL	EXCHANGE REF	(\$ - PAID)	TBB/S	PAID	PAID TO ITALTECH (EUROS - TO DATE)
SEA WORLD	629,942	12/31/2000	BASRAH	8.60	20,329	21.883	0.9280	\$ 172,529.59	1.59 0.28	8 4/6/2001	189,801.53
AMAZON FALCON 4	2,022,854	12/29/2000	KIRKUK	3,55	19.988	20.952	0.9545	\$ 566,307.79	.79 0.28	8 4/9/2001	593,303,09
AMAZON FALCON 5	2,150,170	1/27/2001	KURKUK	7.80	21.667	23.776	0.9113	\$ 601,747.10	.10 0.28	8 4/6/2001	660.317.21
AMAZON EAGLE 7	2,140,302	2/10/2001	KIRKUK	8.15	19.472	20.797	0.9363	\$ 599,185.46	.46 0.28	8 4/9/2001	639.950.29
TINA 3	2,371,092	1/20/2001	BASRAH	8.70	21.650	23.464	0.9227	\$ 705,302.02	2.02 0.28	8 4/9/2001	764,389.32
ASTRO BETA	1,883,686	1/21/2001	BASRAH	3.70	21.560	23.366	0.9227	\$ 519,502.90	3.90 0.28	8 446/2001	571,510.34
HELESPONT PAR 2	2,103,854	1/23/2001	BASRAH	5.20	24,230	26.067	0.9288	\$ 588,955.58	5.58 0.28	8 4/9/2001	634,101.50
GOLDEN FOUNTAIN	2,150,170	1/24/2001	BASRAH	5.20	23.888	25.755	0.9275	\$ 562,010.32	1.32 0.28		605,941,06
OLYMPIA SPIRIT 2	2,607,148	2/18/2001	BASRAH	920	19.230	20,551	0.9357	\$ 730,002.00	2,00 0.28	8 4/9/2001	75,979.97
TINA 4	2,376,927	2/19/2001	BASRAH	8.20	19.230	20.551	0.9357	\$ 665,322.74	2.74 0.28		711,042,79
GOLDEN FOUNTAIN 2	2,002,056	2/27/2001	BASRAH	9.65	17.043	18.945	0.8996	\$ 560,524.50	1.50 0.28		623,061.93
BERGE BOSS	2,059,010	3/11/2001	BASRAH	9.55	17.115	19.378	0.8832	\$ 576,629.78	3.78 0.28	8 4/9/2001	652,888.98
OLYMPIC BREEZE	1,959,234	3/12/2001	KIRKUK	8,60	18.071	20,461	0.8832	\$ 156,600.79	90:0 67:0		177,310.68
MARINER	1,910,662	3/15/2001	BASRAH	9.65	16.690	18,479	0.9032	\$ 152,725.33	5.33 0.08	4/5/2001	169,093,59
H.PARADISE 4	2,073,230	3/22/2001	BASRAH	9.55	18.076	20,448	0.8840	\$ 185,719.91	3.91 0.08	18 4/9/2001	1 153,480.86
SETTEBELLO 4	2,100,011	3/23/2001	KIRKUK	4.70	19,428	21.977	0.8840	\$ 167,619.44	9.44 0.08	4/9/2001	189,841.00
								\$ 10,699,585,61	5.61		

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                                                            342,162.2400 +
TO:
            Augusto Giangrandi
            Hotel Du Rhone - Room # 202
                                                      003
FAX:
            4122-909-0010
                                                        ~2,128,195.9600G+
FROM:
            Jean Johnston
                                                            009
                                                               3,608,016.8600G+
DATE:
            April 5, 2001
            Summary Cargoes - Phase 9 Contracts
RE:
                                                                               0-0
                                                                  761-311-8700 +
Dear Augusto:
                                                              1,024,721.8500 +
                                                                  342,162.2400 +
Following is breakdown of payments made:
                                                               3,608,016.8600 +
                                                            004
         Euro 761,311.87 - from BBL
                                                               5,736,212.8200G+
   Sea World b/1 12/31/00: 189,801.53
   Astro Beta b/l 1/21/01: 571,510.34
   2. Euro 1,024,721.85 - from BCV
   Amazon Falcon b/l 1/27/01:
                                660,317.21
   Golden Fountain b/1 2/27/01:
                                177,982.78
   Berge Boss b/I 3/11/01:
                                186,421.86
   3. Euro 342,162.24 - from CAI
   Golden Fountain b/1 1/24/01:
                                173,068.65
   Mariner b/l 3/15/01:
                                169,093.59
   4. Euro 3,608,016.86 - from BNP Paribas
                                593,303.09
   Amazon Falcon b/l 12/29/00:
   Amazon Eagle b/l 2/10/01:
                                639,950.30
   Tina b/l 1/20/01:
                                764,389.32
   Hellespont Paradise b/I 1/23/01: 634,101.60
   Olympia Spirit b/1 02/18/01:
                                222,650.44
   Tina b/1 2/19/01:
                                202,989.57
   Olympic Breeze b/l 3/12/01:
                                177,310.68
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TOTAL: 5, 736,212.82

Hellespont Paradise b/I 3/22/01: 183,480.86

Settebello b/l 3/23/01:

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt - FN 74

189,841.00

03/23/04 12:11 FAX 05/03 101 13:04 FAX 242 362 4733

OIL NASSAU --- BAYOIL HOU B 20107

23/11 '00 EL:15 FAX 35 E10 558378 405.ED.4, 5.5.m.

23/21/00 FRI 12:15 FAX S13 RES 1008 1558773

23 516 858773



UNITED NATIONS NATIONS UNIES

SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED BY RESOLUTION 661 (1990)

CONCERTING THE SITUATION BETWEEN TRAD AND RUWAIT

6/AC23/2000/QT/L330/QC03	22 December 2000
TOITAL/TECH LEL LIVORTO, ITALY	PROMITE OIL OVELSHERS UNDER SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION 986 (1995)
ETERES SECOND LINE CONTRACT	PAXNO: (212) 963-1628
ATTENTION DE AMENIO CIANCIANO	RHF : OIL FOR FOOD ARGANGEMENT
TOTAL NUMBER OF TRANSMITTED	PAGES INCLUDING THIS PAGE: 1

Bes Combact Number: MARROT UN REF: S/AC25/3006/OIL/1330/COHEM. 67

Contract Number; MOSSOT UN REF: S/AC.2

Between: SONGO and "ITALITECHE ERL."

Date of Receipt
Quantity: Quality: 4,088,000 bits
Between Light
Printing Formula: Between For Reach Market

Pers of Loading: Misson-Between Visit Market

Quantity: 4,089,000 bits

Misson-Between Market

Applicate Formula: Residue U.S. Market

Receives and for U.S. Market

Pricing Formula: Burrope and/or U.S. Marlott Port of Londog: Crypun

Further to your above referenced application for approval . Of the cill contract, please be advised that the application eas even:

APPROVED

em BOMO ROF Parting BAXBOLT ROTICEDAM PERMANENT NEWTON OF BAQ TO THE UN

Prosent to Bogoloof

UNITED NATIONS



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SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED BY RESOLUTION 661 (1990) CONCERNING THE SITUATION BETWEEN IRAQ AND KUWAIT

S/AC.25/2000/OIL/1330/OC.03/add.2	19 January 2001
TO: ITALTECH s.i.l. LIVORNO, ITALY	FROM: THE OIL OVERSEERS. UNDER SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION 986 (1995)
FAX NO.:011-39-0586-859-373	FAX NO.: (212) 963-1628
ATTENTION: Mr. Augusto Glangrandi	REF.: OIL-FOR-FOOD ARRANGEMENT
TOTAL NUMBER OF TRANSMITTED	PAGES INCLUDING THIS PAGE: 1

AMENDMENT:

Contract Number: M/09/07

UN REF: S/AC.25/2000/OIL/1330/COMM. 07

Between: SOMO and "TTALTECH SRL."

Date of receipt of amendment: 19 January 2001

PLEASE BE ADVISED THAT THE AMENDMENT TO THE ABOVE CONTRACT:

- 1. ARTICLE TWO PARA (1) TO READ AS FOLLOWS: THIS CONTRACT SHALL BE COME EFFECTIVE ON THE $21^{\rm ST}$ DAY OF DECEMBER 2000, AND SHALL CONTINUE THERAFTER UNTIL 28/2/2001.
- 2. QUANTITY IN ARTICLE THREE TO READ AS FOLLOWS:-

TYPE OF CRUDE

QUANTITY

PORT OF LOADING

BASRAH LIGHT KIRKUK

11,000,000 /BBLS

AL BAKR CEYHAN 6,000,000/BBLS

≅ APPROVED

cc; SOMO BNP Paribas SAYBOLT ROTTERDAM PERMANENT MISSION OF IRAQ TO THE UN

Imoto a Byoil e UH il 82/01/01

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Minority Rpt - FN 76

19/01 '01 19:42

NR. TX/RX3025

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#4: Corrie Bayoil le





NATIONS UNIES

SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED BY RESOLUTION 661 (1990)
CONCERNING THE SITUATION BETWEEN IRAQ AND KUWAIT

S/AC.25/2000/OIL/1330/OC.03/add.3	6 February 200
TO: ITALTECH s.r.l. LIVORNO, ITALY	FROM: THE OIL OVERSEERS UNDER SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION 986 (1995)
FAX NO.:011-39-0586-859-373	FAX NO.: (212) 963-1628
ATTENTION: Mr. Augusto GIANGRANDI	REF.: OIL-FOR-FOOD ARRANGEMENT
ATTENTION: Mr. Augusto GIANGRANDI TOTAL NUMBER OF TRANSMITTEL	

AMENDMENT:

Re: Contract Number: M/09/07

UN REF: S/AC.25/2000/OIL/1330/COMM. 07

Between: SOMO and "TTALTECH SRL."

Date of receipt of amendment: 6 February 2001

PLEASE BE ADVISED THAT THE AMENDMENT TO THE ABOVE CONTRACT:

QUANTITY IN ARTICLE THREE TO READ AS FOLLOWS:-

TYPE OF CRUDE BASRAH LIGHT <u>OUANTITY</u> 17,000,000 /BBLS PORT OF LOADING

KIRKUK

8,000,000/BBLS

AL BAKR CEYHAN

■ APPROVED

cc: SOMO BNP Paribas SAYBOLT ROTTERDAM PERMANENT MISSION OF IRAQ TO THE UN

Iwido e Byoil \ 14/9/01

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt - FN 76

06/02 '01 22:49

NR. TX/RX3530

P.001

OIL NASSAU

ANA BAYOLL ROU B

DATE: DECEMBER 27, 2000

BAYOIL SUPPLY AND TRADING LIMITED TO:

ATTN:

DAPHNE MCDONALD

PAX:

242 362 4733

WE WOULD LIKE TO CONFIRM THE FOLLOWING PURCHASE/SALE AGREEMENT BETWEEN ITALTECH S:1 AND BAYOIL SUPPLY AND TRADING LIMITED REFERENCE SOMO CONTRACT NO. M/09/07.

SKLLER:

ITALTECH Erl P.O. BOX 300 LIVORNO, ITALY

BUYER:

BAYOIL SUPPLY AND TRADING LIMITED

P.O. BOX CB12918 NASSAU BAHAMAS

GRUADE:

KIRKUK CRUDE OIL OF NORMAL EXPORT QUALITY AS MADE AVAILABLE AT THE TIME OF LOADING AT CEYHAN

EASRAH LIGHT CRUDE DIL OF NORMAL EXPORT QUALITY AS MADE AVAILABLE AT THE TIME OF LOADING AT MINA AL

QUANTITY:

4,000,000 NET U.S. BARRELS OF KIRKUK CRUDE OIL PLUS/MINUS FIVE PERCENT TERMINAL OPERATIONAL

TOLERANCE..

4,000,000 MET U.S. BARRELS OF BASRAM LIGHT CRUDS OIL PLUS/MINUS FIVE PERCENT TERMINAL OPERATIONAL

TOLERANCE.

DELIVERY:

FOB CEYHAN AND FOB MINA AL BAKR DURING DATE RANGE TO BE NUMINATED, SUBJECT TO FINAL TERMINAL ACCEPTANCE OF VESSELS TO BE NOMINATED.

IF THE A/M LOADING PERIOD IS SUBSEQUENTLY AMENDED DUE TO CHANGES IN THE DELIVERY SCHEDULE CAUSED BY PECODOCTION CHANGES, WEATHER, OPERATIONAL MATTERS OR CIRCUMSTANCES BEYOND THE SELLERS REASONABLE INFLUENCE, SELLER WILL WITHOUT DELAY ADVISE BUYER OF SUCH NEW LOADING PERIOD AND CONSEQUENCES OF SUCH

COMPLETION OF DISCHARGE AT DISCHARGE PORT (TELEX OR FACSIMILE ACCEPTABLE).

3. 3/3 ORIGINAL BILLS OF LADING ISSUED OR EMDORSED TO THE ORDER OF BAYOIL SUPPLY AND TRADING LIMITED AND OTHER MORMAL LOADPORT SHIPPING DOCUMENTS.

IN THE EVENT THAT DOCUMENTS ARE UNAVAILABLE PRIOR TO THE PAYMENT DUS DATE, BUYER WILL PAY SELLER AGAINST PRESENTATION OF DOCUMENTS 1. AND 2. ABOVE AND SELLER'S LETTER OF INDEMNITY IN A FORMAT ACCEPTABLE TO THE BUYER SIGNED BY AN AUTHORIZED OFFICER OF THE SELLER AND CO-SIGNED BY AN AUTHORIZED OFFICER OF SELLER'S BANK.

IF THE PAYMENT DUE DATE FALLS ON A SATURDAY OR ON A FEDERAL BANKING HOLIDAY OTHER THAN A MONDAY FEDERAL BANKING HOLIDAY, PAYMENT WILL BE EFFECTED ON THE NEXT PRECEDING FEDERAL BANKING BUBINESS DAY. IF PAYMENT DUB DATE FALLS ON A SUNDAY OR ON A MONDAY FEDERAL BANKING HOLIDAY PAYMENT WILL BE EFFECTED ON THE MEXT SUCCEEDING FEDERAL BANKING BUBINESS DAY.

BOYER SHALL, AS INSTRUCTED BY SELLER FROM TIME TO TIME, OPEN A LETTER OF CREDIT IN STANDARD FORMAT IN PAVOUR OF THE UNITED NATIONS, UNDER THE NAME OF ITALITECH S.R.L.

INSPECTION:

LOADING OF ANY SHIPMENT OF CRUDE OIL SHALL BE SUBJECT TO THE AUTHORISATION OF THE INSPECTORS NOMINATED BY THE UNITED NATIONS AT THE PORT OF LOADING.

THE INSPECTORS SHALL ALSO HAVE THE AUTHORITY TO STOP THE LOADING IP THEY DETERMINE THAT THERE IS ANY EVIDENCE OF IRREGULARITY.

TITLE & RISK:

TITLE AND RISK TO THE CRUDE OIL SOLD HEREUNDER SHALL PASS FROM SELLER TO BUYER AT THE TIME WHEN THE OIL PASSES THE FLANGE COUNSCTION BETWEEN THE DELIVERY HOSE AND THE VESSL'S PERMANENT HOSE CONNECTION AT LOADPORT, AT WHICH POINT SELLER'S RESPONSIBILITY SHALL CEASE.

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LIW:

THIS AGREEMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAWS OF ENGLAND (WITHOUT REFERENCE TO ANY CONFLICT OF LAW RULES AND WITHOUT RECOURSE TO ARBITRATION). THE U.N. CONVENTION ON CONTRACTS FOR THE INTERNATIONAL SALE OF GOODS (1980) SHALL NOT APPLY TO THIS AGREEMENT. EACH PARTY EXPRESSLY SUBMITS TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE HIGH COURT OF LONDON WITHOUT RECOURSE TO ARBITRATION.

DESTINATION:

THE SUYER UNDERTAKES THAT THE CRUDE OIL DELIVERED UNDER THIS AGREEMENT SHALL NOT BE IMPORTED BY ITSELF OR OTHERS TO ANY DESTINATION PROHIBITED BY THE GOVERNMENT'S COUNTRY IN WHICH THE CRODE OIL WAS PRODUCED WITHOUT SELLER'S PRIOR ACCEPTANCE.

WARRANTIES:

THERE ARE NO GUARANTEES, OR WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANIABILITY, FITNESS OR SUITABILITY OF THE OIL FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OTRERWISE. WHICH EXTEND BEYOND THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PACE HEREOP.

ASSIGNMENT:

NEITHER OF THE PARTIES TO THE AGREEMENT SHALL WITHOUT THE PREVIOUS CONSENT IN WRITING OF THE OTHER PARTY (WHICH SHALL NOT BE UNREASONABLY WITHHELD OR DELAYED) ASSIGN THE AGREEMENT OR ANY RIGHTS OR OBLIGATIONS HEREDWIDER.

IN THE EVENT OF AN ASSSIGNMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS OF THIS SECTION, THE ASSIGNOR SHALL NEVERTHELESS REMAIN RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PROPER PERFORMANCE OF THE AGREEMENT. ANY ASSIGNMENT NOT MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS OF THIS SECTION SHALL BE VOID.

FORCE MAJEURE: NEITHER SELLER NOR BUYER SHALL BE LIABLE IN DAMAGES FOR ANY FAILURE OR DELAY IN PERFORMANCE OF ANY OBLIGATIONS HERBUNDER, OTHER THAN THE OBLIGATION TO MAKE PAYMENT, WHERE SUCH FAILURE OR DELAY IS CAUSED BY FORCE MAJEURE, BEING DEFINED AS ANY BYENT, OCCURRENCE OR CIRCUMSTANCE REASONABLE BEYOND THE CONTROL OF THE PARTY CLAIMING FORCE MAJEURE,

INCLUDING WITHOUT PREJUDICE TO THE GENERALITY OF THE FOREGOING, FAILURE OR DELAY CAUSED BY OR RESULTING FROM ACTS OF GOD, STRIKES, LABOR DISPUTES, FIRES, FLOODS, WARE (WHETHER DECLARED OR UNDECLARED), RIOTS, PERILS OF THE SEAS, ENBARCOES, RESTRICTIONS IMPOSED BY ANY GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY (INCLUDING ALLOCATIONS, PRIORITIES, REQUISITIONS, QUOTAS AND PRICE CONTROLS) (I.E., NONE OF WHICH ARE TO BE THE RESULT OF NEGLIGENCE ON THE PART OF THE PARTY CLAIMING FORCE MAJEURE). THE PARTY CLAIMING FORCE MAJEURE SHALL GIVEN WRITTEN MOTICE THERBOY TO THE OTHER PARTY WITHIN FORTY-HIGHT (48) HOURS OF THE OCCURRESCE THERMOP, STATING IN REASONABLE DETAIL THE CAUSE AND THE EXPECTED DURATION. THE SFFECTED PARTY SHALL USE REASONABLE DILIGENCE TO REMOVE THE FORCE MAJEURE SITUATION AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE. HOWEVER, NO PARTY SHALL BE REQUIRED TO SETTLE AGAINST ITS WILL ANY STRIKE OR LABOR DISPUTE. THE TIME OF SELLER TO MAKE OR BUYER TO RECEIVE DELIVERY HERECONDER SHALL BE EXTENDED DURING ANY PERIOD IN WHICH DELIVERY SHALL BE DELAYED OR PREVENTED BY REASON OF ANY OF THE POREGOING CLAUSES, UP TO A TOTAL OF THIRTY (30) DAYS. IF ANY DELIVERY HEREUNDER SHALL BE SO DELAYED OR PREVENTED FROM DISCHARGING ITS CARGO. FOR MORE THAN THIRTY (30) DAYS, BITHER PARTY MAY TERMINATE THIS CONTRACT WITH RESPECT TO SUCH DELIVERY UPON WRITTEN NOTICE TO THE OTHER PARTY.

THE PARTY WHOSE PERFORMANCE IS SO AFFECTED SHALL INDICATING THE NATURE OF BUCK A CAUSE AND TO THE EXTENT POSSIBLE, INFORM THE OTHER PARTY OF THE EXPECTED DURATION OF THE FORCE MAJEURE EVENT(6).

LAYTIME AND DEMURRAGE: PER SOMO TERMS AND CONDITIONS

OTHER TERMS

AND CONDITIONS: WHERE NOT IN CONFLICT WITH THE ABOVE, THE SOMO GENERAL CONDITIONS FOR CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

OPERATIONAL

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CONTACTS:

BAYOIL SUPPLY AND TRADING LIMITED DARLEEN SAMAYOA TEL: 713 222 7100 EXTENSION 23 FAX: 713 221 8101

TLX: 408368232

ENTIRE

AGREEMENT:

ONCE MUTUALLY AGREED TO IN WRITING THIS CONTRACT CONTAINS THE ENTIRE AGREEMENT BETWEEN BUIER AND SELLER WITH RESPECT TO THE SUBJECT MATTER MEREOF AND ALL PROPOSALS, MEGOTIATIONS AND REPRESENTATIONS BETWEEN THEM WITH REFERENCE THERETO ARE MERGED HEREIN,

SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

SELLER WARRANTS THAT THE CRODE OIL SOLD TO BUYER PURSUANT TO THIS CONTRACT WAS OBTAINED PURSUANT TO ALL NECESSARY APPROVADS AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE PHOCEDURES OF THE UNITED NATIONS (U.N.) RESOLUTION 986 AND THE U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED BY SCR 661 (1990). SELLER ALBO WARRANTS THAT THE PROVISIONS OF ALL APPLICABLE U.N. RESOLUTIONS HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH. INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, SCR 986(1995), SCR 1111(1997), SCR 1143(1997) AND SCR 661(1990).

SELLER SPECIFICALLY WARRANTS THAT NO SURCHARGE OR OTHER PAYMENT WAS MADE TO SOMO BY THE SELLER, OR TO SELLER'S KNOWLEDGE BY ANY THIRD PARTY, OUTSIDE THE U.N. ESCROW ACCOUNT IN OBTAINING THE CRUDE OIL SOLD TO BUYER HEREUNDER.

SELLER AGREES TO INDEMNITY AND HOLD BUYER HARMLESS FROM AND AGAINST ANY LOSS, WHETHER OR NOT RESULTING PROM THIRD FARTY CLAIMS, ARISING OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION. WITH A BREACH OF THE WARRANTIES CONTAINED HEREIM. LOSS MEANS AMY LOSS, LIABILITY, CLAIM, ACTION, SUIT, PROCEEDING, ASSESSMENT, LIEN, JUDGEMENT, AWARD, DAMAGE, DEPICIENCY OR EXPENSE (INCLUDING. INTEREST PENALTIES WHERE ALLOWED, REASONABLE ATTORNEYS PHES AND DISBURGEMENTS), BEING UNDERSTOOD THAT THE RIGHT TO INDEMNIFICATION SEALL NOT BECOME ENPORCEABLE PRIOR TO SELLER HAVING BEEN

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FINALLY PROVEN LIABLE FOR BREACH OF THE PRESENT WARRANTY BY A COMPETENT COURT. THIS INDEMNITY WILL SURVIVE THE DELIVERY, INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE OF THE CRUDE OIL.

SELLER SHALL PROVIDE BUYER A COPY OF THE U.N. CERTIFICATION AND THE CERTIFICATE OF ORIGIN UPON VESSEL'S DEPARTURE FROM THE LOADPORT.

ADDITIONAL TERMS OR TERMS DIFFERENT FROM THOSE SET FORTH HEREIN SHALL BE CONSTRUED AS PROPOSALS FOR ADDITIONS TO THE CONTRACT AND SHALL NOT BECOME PART OF THE CONTRACT UNLESS EXPRESSLY AGREED TO BY SUPPLEMENTAL TELEX.

PLEASE CONFIRM, IN WRITING, THAT THE ABOVE CONTRACT ACCURATELY REFLECTS YOUR UNDERSTANDING OF THIS CONTRACT.

Sellers:

Augusto Giangrandi

ITALTECH S.R.L.

Buyers:

Daphne McDonald

. Manager

03/23/04 12:11 FAX 05/03 '01 13:04 FAX 242 362 4733

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ITALTECH S.r.l.

JMAIL: F.O. BOX 300 -LIVORNO TELEX: 500170 MOTSOT I FAX: 0586 421223 PHONE: 0586 421221 010319504940

Sede legale e stabilimento; VIII G.B. Guartni, 24 - 57121 I IVORNO - ITALY

TO:

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

ATTN:

DAPHNE MCDONALD

FAX:

242 362 4733

FROM:

ITALTECH S.R.L.

DATE:

JANUARY 22, 2001

REF:

PURCHASE/SALE AGREEMENT DATED DECEMBER 27, 2000

SOMO REF: M/09/07

AMENDMENT NO. 1

DEAR SIRS:

REGARDING ABOVE REFERENCED CONTRACT, WE HEREBY AMEND AS FOLLOWS:

INCREASE QUANTITY AS FOLLOWS:

TYPE OF CRUDE

QUANTITY

PORT OF LOADING

BASRAH KIRKUK

11,000,000 BBLS 6,000,000 BBLS

AL BAKR CRYHAN

WE HAVE ATTACHED THE UNITED NATIONS APPROVAL LETTER FOR YOUR REFERENCE.

ALL OTHER TERMS AND CONDITIONS REMAIN UNCHANGED.

REGARDS,

ITALTECH S.R.L.

a reacu AUGUSTO GLANGRANDI CHAIRMAN

Capitale Sociale I.Y. 198,000.000 - Tribunale Livomo n. 15544 - C.C.L.A.A. 93558 - Pos. Import /Export 1003654

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Minority Rpt - FN 76

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ITALTECH S.r.l.

JMAIL: P.O. BOX 300 -LIVORNO TELEX: 500170 MOTSOT I FAX: 0588 421223 PHONE: 0586 421221 P.IVA: 010318504940

Sada legale a stabilimento: VIA G.B. Guarini, 24 - 37121 LIVORNO - MALY

TO:

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED DAPHNE MCDONALD

ATTN: FAX:

242 362 4733

FROM:

ITALTECH S.R.L.

DATE:

7 FEBRUARY, 2001

REF:

PURCHASE/SALE AGREEMENT DATED DECEMBER 27, 2000 SOMO REF: M/09/07 AMENDMENT NO. 2

DEAR STRS:

REGARDING ABOVE REFERENCED CONTRACT, WE HEREBY AMEND AS FOLLOWS:

INCREASE QUANTITY AS FOLLOWS:

TYPE OF CRUDE

QUANTITY

PORT OF LOADING

BASRAH KIRKUK

17,000,000 BBLS 8,000,000 BBLS AL BAKR CEYHAN

WE HAVE ATTACHED THE UNITED NATIONS APPROVAL LETTER FOR YOUR REFERENCE.

ALL OTHER TERMS AND CONDITIONS REMAIN UNCHANGED.

ARDS. LTECH S.R.L.

AUGUSTO GLANGRANDI

CHAIRMAN

Capitale Sociale I.V. 198,000,000 - Triburale Livomo n. 15544 - C.C.I.A.A. 93558 - Fos. Impon /Export 1003654

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Minority Rpt - FN 76

SNT045528



بعصر إلله الرئمس الرئيسر

الوصيل وبابيل للتجيارة العيامية (ش.ذ.م.م.) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (L.L.c.)

Date	:		:	التاريخ
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INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER 0209 29/12/00

Messrs: ITALTECH Srl Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB0100 dated 01/12/00

 Item	Description	Fee Euro	Amount Euro
1	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "AMAZON FALCON"	0.17 per bbl	343,885=
	B/L date 29.12.00 - Quantity 2,022,854 BBL		
	Euro Three Hundred Forty Three Thousand Eight Hu	ındred and Ei	ghty Five only

The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank Al Riggah Road Branch P.O. Box No. 5550 Dubai, U.A.E.

A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C.

A/C No.: 20-447-3006-2 Swift Code: ADCBAEAA060 PAGATO



(Paid up Capital Dhs. 3,000,000)

E-mail: islootah@emirates.net.ae

(رأس مسال المسدقسوع ۲٬۰۰۰٬۰۰۰ درهسم)

هاتــف : ١٨٥٧٧٢٨ - فاكــس : ٢٨٥٨٨٩٩ - تلكــس : ٢٥١٥٧ لوجــت اي ام - ص.ب : ١٣٨ دبـــي - الامـــارات العربيــة للتحـــدة

Tel.: 04 - 2857738 - Fax: 04 - 2858899 - Telex: 45693 LOGET EM - P.O. Box: 638 - Dubal - United Arab Emirates **

IT-0 2103

1039

OIL SELLING CONTRACT N° AB0100 BETWEEN ALWASEL & BABEL AND ITALTECH DATED DECEMBER 1st, 2000.

WHEREAS

- A. ITALTECH Srl is an Italian Company established in Livorno, Via G.B. Guarini 24, ITALY, represented by Mr Augusto Giangrandi, President,
- B. ITALTECH Srl registered to the U.N. as trader of oil from Iraq,
- C. ITALTECH has an organisation in Bagdad, Iraq, capable of signing and managing contracts with the Iraqi Government and purchasing oil in the frame of the Oil for Food U.N. Programme,
- D. ALWASEL & BABEL L.L.C. (Dubai) is a U.A.E. Company established in Dubai, P.O. Box 638, represented by Mr Abdullah Lootah.
- E. ALWASEL & BABEL L.L.C. (Dubai) can assign allocation of oil from SOMO to ITALTECH

ITALTECH agree to buy oil allocate by SOMO to ALWASEL & BABEL and assigned to Italtech at the following conditions:

SELLER:

ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING L.L.C.

P.O. BOX 638 - DUBAI - U.A.E.

BUYER:

ITALTECH Srl Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO, ITALY

QUALITY:

Kirkuk or Bashra light crude oil of quality made available at the time of the loading the shipment at the loading terminal.

QUANTITY: 2,000,000 BBL + - 5%

DELIVERY: DECEMBER 2000

COMPENSATION:

ITALTECH will pay to ALWASEL & BABEL a fee of 0.17 Euro per barrel on the quantity exposed in the Bill of Lading.

DESTINATION:

Europe/USA

PAYMENT:

On 30th day from bill of lading date in Euro to account designated by ALWASEL & BABEL.

Payment should be made upon presentation of Seller Invoice.

LAW:

This contract shall be governed and be construed in accordance with U.A.E. law. The parties hereto expressly agree that application of the United nations convention on contracts for the international sale of good 1980 is hereby excluded pursuant the article 6 of the convention.

Three arbitrators appointed in accordance with the said rules shall settle all claims under this contract under the rules of arbitration of the International Chamber of Commerce. The president of the arbitration tribunal shall be a lawyer chosen and approved by both Parties.

The arbitration shall take place in Dubai, U.A.E.

The language to be used in the arbitration proceedings shall be English.

OTHER CONDITIONS (VALID ONLY IF ALWASEL & BABEL IS THE DIRECT LIFTER OF THE CRUDE OIL):

If requested by buyer, seller shall provide buyer with a statement of facts issued by UN appointed inspector confirm that the relevant vessel was loaded under term and conditions of the United Nations oil-for-food arrangement.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

Alwasel & Babel warrants that the crude oil sold to buyer pursuant to this contract was obtained pursuant to all necessary approvals and in accordance with all applicable procedures of the United Nations (U.N.) resolution 986 and the U.N. security council committee establishes by SCR 661 (1990).

Alwasel & Babel specifically warrants that no surcharge or other payment was made to SOMO by the seller, or to Alwasel & Babel knowledge by any third party, outside the U.N. escrow account in obtaining the crude oil sold to buyer hereunder.



بسح-الله الرئمان الرئيم

الوصل وبابل للتجارة العامية (ش.دم.م.) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (L.L.)

Date:	 , د مخر	ᇤ

INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER <u>0212</u> 31/12/00

Messrs: ITALTECH Srl Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB0200 dated 01/12/00

Item	Description	Fee Euro	Amount Euro
1	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "SEA WORLD"	0.17 per bbl	107,090=
	B/L date 31.12.00 - Quantity 629,942 BBL		
	Euro One Hundred seven T	nousand and	Ninenty only

The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank Al Riggah Road Branch P.O. Box No. 5550 Dubai, U.A.E.

A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C.

A/C No.: 20-447-3006-2 Swift Code: ADCBAEAA060 PAGATO





بعسم الله الرقمس الرقيسم

الوصــل وبابــل للتجــارة العــامــة (ش.ذ.م.م.) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (L.L.ć.)

Date	;		تاريخ
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INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER <u>0193</u> 20/01/01

Messrs: ITALTECH Srl Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB0101 dated 05/01/01

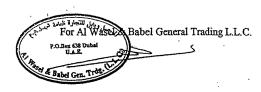
Item	Description	Fec Euro	Amount Euro
1	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "TINA 3"	0.17 per	403,086=
	B/L date 20.01.01 - Quantity 2,371,092 BBL	bbl	
	Euro Four Hundred Three Thou	ısand and Ei	ghty Six only

The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank
Al Riggah Road Branch
P.O. Box No. 5550
Dubai, U.A.E.
A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C.
A/C No.: 20-447-3006-2

Swift Code: ADCBAEAA060

PAGATO



(Paid up Capital Dhs. 3,000,000)

E-mail: islootah@emirates.net.ae

(رأس مسال للسطسوع ٢٠٠٠،٠٠٠ درهسم)

هائــف ، ۱۸۵۷۷۲۸ - فاکـــس ؛ ۱۸۵۸۸۹۹ - تلکـــس ؛ ۱۸۵۸۹۹ لوجــت اي ام - صب ؛ ۱۲۸ دبــــي - الامـــارات العربيــة المتحــدة Tel.: 04 - 2857738 - Fax : 04 - 2858899 - Telex : 45693 LOGET EM - P.O. Box : 638 - Dubai - United Arab Emirates



بسبع الله الرئمان الرئيسر

الوصــل وبابــل للتجــارة العــامــة (ش.ذ.م.م.) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (L.L.C.)

INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER 0213 21/01/01

Messrs: ITALTECH Srl Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB0201 dated 05/01/01

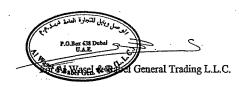
Item	Description	Fee Euro	Amount Euro
1	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "ASTRO BETA"	0.17 per bbl	320,227=
	B/L date 21.01.01 - Quantity 1,883,686 bbl		
Euro Three Hundred Twenty Thousand Two Hundred and Twenty seven only			

The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank Al Riggah Road Branch P.O. Box No. 5550 Dubai, U.A.E.

A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C.

A/C No.: 20-447-3006-2 Swift Code: ADCBAEAA060 PAGATO



(Paid up Capital Dhs. 3,000,000)

E-mail: islootah@emirates.net.ae

(رأس مسال للسدلسوع ۲٫۰۰۰٬۰۰۰ مرهسم)

هاتف: ٢٨٥٧٣٨ - فاكسس: ١٨٥٨٨٩٩ - تلكس: ٤٥١٩٦ لوجت اي ام - ص.ب : ١٣٨ دبسي - الامسارات العربيسة المتحدة

Tel.: 04 - 2857738 - Fax : 04 - 2858899 - Telex : 45693 LOGET EM - P.O. Box : 638 - Dubai - United Arab Emirates



بسح الله الرحمان الرحياح

الوصــل وبابــل للتجــارة العــامــة (ش.ذ.م.م.) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (L.C.)

Date:

INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER <u>0214</u> 23/01/01

Messrs: ITALTECH Srl Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB0301 dated 05/01/01

Item	Description	Fee Euro	Amount Euro
1	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "HELLESPONT PARADISE"	0.17 per bbl	357,655=
	B/L date 23.01.01 - Quantity 2,103,854 bbl		
	Euro Three Hundred Fifty Seven Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty Five only		

The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank Al Riggah Road Branch P.O. Box No. 5550 Dubai, U.A.E.

A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C.

A/C No.: 20-447-3006-2 Swift Code: ADCBAEAA060 PAGATO



(Paid up Capital Dhs. 3,000,000)

E-mail: islootah@emirates.net.ae

(رأس مسال للسدقسوع ۲٬۰۰۰٫۰۰۰ درهسم)

هاتـف: ١٨٥٧٧٢٨ - فاكـس: ١٨٥٨٨٩٩ - تلكـس: ١٥١٩٣ لوجـت اي ام - صب: ١٣٨ ببـــي - الامــارات العربيــة المتحــدة Tel.: 04 - 2858738 - Fax : 04 - 2858899 - Telex : 45693 LOGET EM <u>- P.O.</u> Box : 638 - Dubal <u>- United</u> Arab Emirates



بسح الله الرئمان الرثيح

الوصل وبابل للتجارة العاملة (شدمم) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (L.L.C.)

التاري

INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER <u>0220</u> 24/01/01

Messrs: ITALTECH Srl Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB0401 dated 05/01/01

Item	Description	Fee Euro	'Amount Euro	
1	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "GOLDEN FOUNTAIN"	0.17 per bbl	341,319=	
	B/L date 24.01.01 - Quantity 2,007,757 bbl			
	Euro Three Hundred Forty One Thousand Three Hundred and Nineteen Only			

The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank Al Riggah Road Branch P.O. Box No. 5550 Dubai, U.A.E. A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C. A/C No.: 20-447-3006-2 Swift Code: ADCBAEAA060

PAGATO



(الرب ال التالية : ... ، عرض المناس (Paid up Capital Dhs. 3,000,000) E-mail: islootah@emirates.net.ae (الرب التالية التالية : ... ، عرض المناس العربية التالية التالية : ١٢٨ دب إلى الأمارات العربية المتحدة المناس : ١٨٥ - ماث قد المناس : ١٨٥ -The section which have already



بسبم الله الرئمين الرئيسم

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الوصل وبابل للتجارة العاملة (ش.ذ.م.م.) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (L.L.C.)

Date :	الثار
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INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER 0220 24/01/01

Messrs: ITALTECH Srl Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB0401 dated 05/01/01

Item	Description	Fee Euro	Amount Euro
1	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "GOLDEN FOUNTAIN"	0.17 per bbl	341,319=
	B/L date 24.01.01 - Quantity 2,007,757 bbl		
Euro Three Hundred Forty One Thousand Three Hundred and Nineteen Only			

The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank Al Riggah Road Branch P.O. Box No. 5550 Dubai, U.A.E. A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C. PAGATO A/C No.: 20-447-3006-2 Swift Code: ADCBAEAA060 R8975 IT 3723 Wasel & Ba eneral Trading L.L.C. & Babel Gen. T BENE TAKE 1936.27

(Paid up Capital Dhs. 3,000,000)

E-mail: islootah@emirates.net.ae

ماتــف : ١٨٥٧٧٣٨ – فاكــ

ـس: ٢٨٥٨٩٩ - تلكــس: ٤٥٦٩٣ لوجــت اي ام - ص.ب: ١٣٨ دبـــي - الامـــارات العربيــة المتحـــدة Tel.: 04 - 2857738 - Fax: 04 - 2858899 - Telex: 45693 | OGFT FM - D O Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - Fax: 04 - 2858899 | Telex: 45693 | OGFT FM - D O Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - Fax: 04 - 2858899 | Telex: 45693 | OGFT FM - D O Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box - 620 | Dubai | Haited Box



بعسر الله الرئمس الرئيسر

الوصال وبابال للتجارة العاملة (ش.ذ.م.م.) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (L.L.C.)

Date:	 لتا، بخ

INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER <u>0221</u> 27/01/01

Messrs: ITALTECH Srl Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB0501 dated 05/01/01

Item	Description	Fee Euro	Amount Euro
1	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "AMAZON FALCON"	0.17 per bbl	365,529=
	B/L date 27.01.01 - Quantity 2,150,170 bbl		
Euro Three Hundred Sixty Five Thousand Five Hundred and Twenty Nine only			

The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank Al Riggah Road Branch P.O. Box No. 5550 Dubai, U.A.E.

A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C.

A/C No.: 20-447-3006-2 Swift Code: ADCBAEAA060 PAGATO



(Paid up Capital Dhs. 3,000,000)

E-mail: islootah@emirates.net.ae

(رأس مسال للسعفسوع ومرتوبها يرهبهم) ماتيف : ٢٨٥٧٧٣٨ - فَاكِنْس : ٢٨٥٨٨٩٩ - تلكيس : ٢٩١٨ لوجيت اي ام – صب : ١٣٨ دبيي – الاميارات العربية المتحيدة

Tel.: 04 - 2857738 - Fax: 04 - 2858899 - Telex: 45693 LOGET EM - P.O. Box: 638 - Dubai: United Arab Emirates



بسبم الله الرئمين الرثيبم

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الوصل وبابل للتجارة العاملة (ش.ذ.م.م.) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (L.L.C.)

Date :	التاريخ
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INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER <u>0221</u> 27/01/01

Messrs: ITALTECH Srl Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB0501 dated 05/01/01

Item	Description	Fee Euro	Amount Euro	
1	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "AMAZON FALCON"	0.17 per bbl	365,529=	
	B/L date 27.01.01 - Quantity 2,150,170 bbl			
	Euro Three Hundred Sixty Five Thousand Five Hundred and Twenty Nine only			

The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank Al Riggah Road Branch P.O. Box No. 5550 Dubai, U.A.E.

A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C.

A/C No.: 20-447-3006-2 Swift Code: ADCBAEAA060 PAGATO

li otuvaois General Trading L.L.C. or Al Wasel & Babi & Babel Gen. Tr IT 3724 EENE TAKE 1936,22

(Paid up Capital Dhs. 3,000,000) E-mail: islootah@emirates.net.ae

هائــف : ٢٨٥٧٧٣٨ – فاكــس : ٢٨٥٨٩٩ – تلكــس : ٢٥١٩٧ لوجــت اي لم – صَبَ : ١٣٨ دبــــي – الامـــارات العربيــة المتحـــدة Tel.: 04 - 2857738 - Fax: 04 - 2858899 - Telex: 45693 LOGET EM - P.O. Box: 638 - Dubai - United Arab Emirates



بسحر الله الرئمان الرئيط

الوصـل وبابـل للتجـارة العـامــة (ش.د.م.م.) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (LL.C.)

تاريخ :	Date:		لتاريخ
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INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER 0222

Messrs: ITALTECH Srl Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB0601 dated 01/02/01

Item	Description	Fee Euro	Amount Euro
1	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "AMAZON EAGLE"	0.17 per bbl	363,851=
	B/L date 10.02.01 - Quantity 2,140,302 bbl		
Euro Three hundred Sixty Three Thousand Eight Hundred Fifty Or			

The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank Al Riggah Road Branch P.O. Box No. 5550 Dubai, U.A.E.

A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C.

A/C No.: 20-447-3006-2 Swift Code: ADCBAEAA060 PAGATO



(Paid up Capital Dhs. 3,000,000)

E-mail: islootah@emirates.net.ae

(رأس مسال للسنفسوع ۲٬۰۰۰٬۰۰۰ درهسم)

هاتــف : ٢٨٥٧٧٣٨ - فاكــس : ٢٨٥٨٩٩ - تلكــس : ١٩٦٥ لوجــت اي ام - ص.ب : ١٣٨ دبــــي - الامــارات العربيــة المتحــدة Tel.: 04 - 2858738 - Fax : 04 - 2858899 - Telex : 45693 LOGET EM - P.O. Box : 638 - Dubai - United Arab Emirates



بسم الله الرئمان الرئيام

الوصل وبابل للتجارة العاملة (ش.ذ.م.م.) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (L.L.C.)

Date:	***************************************	:	التاريخ
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INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER <u>0222</u> 10/02/01

Messrs: ITALTECH Srl Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB0601 dated 01/02/01

Item	Description	Fee Euro	Amount Euro
1	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "AMAZON EAGLE"	0.17 per bbl	363,851=
	B/L date 10.02.01 - Quantity 2,140,302 bb1		
Euro Three hundred Sixty Three Thousand Eight Hundred Fifty C			

The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank Al Riggah Road Branch P.O. Box No. 5550

Dubai, U.A.E.

A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C. A/C No.: 20-447-3006-2

PAGATO Swift Code: ADCBAEAA060 or Al Wasel & Babel General Trading L.L.C. LENE TAKE IT 3725

(Paid up Capital Dhs. 3,000,000)

E-mail: islootah@emirates.net.ae

ــي - الامـــارات العربيـــة المتحـــدة هاتــف : ١٨٥٧٧٣٨ – فاكــس : ١٨٥٨٨٩٩ – تلكــس : ٤٥١٩٣ لوحــت اي ام – ص.ب : ١٣٨ دبـــ Tel.: 04 - 2857738 - Fax: 04 - 2858899 - Telex: 45693 LOGET EM - P.O. Box: 638 - Dubai - United Arab Emirates



بسح الله الرحمان الرحيم

الوصــل وبابــل للتجــارة العــامــة (ش.د.م.م.) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (L.C.)

Date:		: ,	ريخ	t.
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INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER <u>0229</u> 10/02/01

Messrs: ITALTECH Srl Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB0701 dated 01/02/01

Item	Description	Fee Euro	Amount Euro
1	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "OLYMPIA SPIRIT"	0.17 per bbl	443,215=
	B/L date 18.02.01 - Quantity 2,607,148 bbl		
	Euro Four Hundred Forty Three Thousand Tv	vo Hundred ar	d Fifteen only

The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank Al Riggah Road Branch P.O. Box No. 5550 Dubai, U.A.E.

A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C.

A/C No.: 20-447-3006-2 Swift Code: ADCBAEAA060 PAGATO



(Paid up Capital Dhs. 3,000,000)

E-mail: islootah@emirates.net.ae

(رأس مسال للسنفسوع ۲٬۰۰۰٬۰۰۰ درمسم)

هاتــف : ١٨٥٧٧٣٨ - فاكــس : ١٨٥٨٨٩٩ - تلكــس : ١٩٦٨ لوجــت اي ام - صب : ١٢٨ ببــــي - الامـــارات العربيــة للنحــدة Tel.: 04 - 2857738 - Fax : 04 - 2858899 - Telex : 45693 LOGET EM - P.O. Box : 638 - Dubai - United Arab Emirates



بسنع الله الرئمين الرئيسر

4

الوصيل وبابيل للتجارة العيامية (ش.ذ.م.م.) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (L.L.C.)

Date:			اريخ	11
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INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER <u>0229</u> 10/02/01

Messrs: ITALTECH Srl Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB0701 dated 01/02/01

Item	Description	Fee Euro	Amount Euro		
1	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "OLYMPIA SPIRIT"	0.17 per bbl	443,215=		
	B/L date 18.02.01 – Quantity 2,607,148 bbl				
Euro Four Hundred Forty Three Thousand Two Hundred and Fifteen only					

The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank
Al Riggah Road Branch
P.O. Box No. 5550
Dubai, U.A.E.
A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C.
A/C No.: 20-447-3006-2
Swift Code: ADCBAEAA060

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Conto mag.

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(Paid up Capital Dhs. 3,000,000)

E-mail: islootah@emirates.net.ae

(رأس مسال للسدفسوع ٢٠٠٠،٠٠٠ درهسم)

ماتيف ، ١٨٥٧٧٣٨ - فاكسن ، ١٨٥٨٨٩٩ - تلكسن ، ١٥٩٩٣ لوجست اي ام - صرب ، ١٦٨ دُبَسَيْ - الامبارات العربية المتحسدة - ١٤٠١: ١٥٩ - 2857738 - Fax : ٥٩ - 2858899 - Telex : 45693 LOGET FM - P.O. Box ، 638 - Dubai - United Avab E--



بسح الله الرعمين الرعيح

الوصيل وبابيل للتجارة العامية (ش.ذ.م.م.) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (L.L.C.)

Date	:		ريخ	t
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INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER <u>0230</u> 19/02/01

Messrs: ITALTECH Srl Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB0801 dated 01/12/00

Item	Description	Fee Euro	Amount Euro		
1	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "TINA 4"	0.17 per bbl	404,078=		
	B/L date 19.02.01 - Quantity 2,376,927 bbl	002			
Euro Four Hundred Four Thousand and Seventy Eight only					

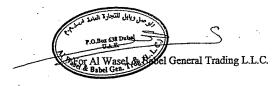
The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank Al Riggah Road Branch P.O. Box No. 5550 Dubai, U.A.E.

A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C.

A/C No. :20-447-3006-2 Swift Code: ADCBAEAA060

PAGATO





الوصــل وبابــل للتجــارة العــامــة (ش.ذ.م.م.) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (L.L.C.)

Date :

INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER <u>0230</u> 19/02/01

Messrs: ITALTECH Srl Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB0801 dated 01/12/00

Item	Description	Fee Euro	Amount Euro				
1	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "TINA 4"	0.17 per	404,078=				
	B/L date 19.02.01 - Quantity 2,376,927 bbl	DDI					
	Euro Four Hundred Four Thousand and Seventy Eight only						

The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank Al Riggah Road Branch P.O. Box No. 5550 Dubai, U.A.E.

A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C.

A/C No.: 20-447-3006-2
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بسح الله الرقمس الرقيسر

الوصل وبابل للتجارة العاملة (ش.ذ.م.م.) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (L.L.C.)

Date:	 :	التاريخ

INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER 0210 27/02/01

Messrs: ITALTECH Srl Via G.B. Guarini, 24 **57121 LIVORNO** Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB0901 dated 01/02/01

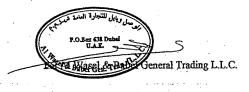
Item	Description	Fee Euro	Amount Euro			
1	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "GOLDEN FOUNTAIN"	0.17 per bbl	340,350=			
	B/L date 27.02.01 - Quantity 2,002,056 bbl					
	Euro Three Hundred Forty Thousand Three hundred and Fifty only					

The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank Al Riggah Road Branch P.O. Box No. 5550 Dubai, U.A.E. A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C.

A/C No.: 20-447-3006-2 Swift Code: ADCBAEAA060

PAGATO



(Paid up Capital Dhs. 3,000,000)

E-mail: islootah@emirates.net.ae هاتــف: ٢٨٥٧٧٣٨ – فاكــس: ٢٨٥٨٨٩٩ – تلكــس: ٢٥١٩٦ لوجــت اي ام – صب: ١٢٨ دبـــي – الامـــارات العربيــة المتحــدة

(رأس مسال للسنفسرع ٢٠٠٠,٠٠٠ درهسم)

Tel.: 04 - 2857738 - Fax : 04 - 2858899 - Telex : 45693 LOGET EM - P.O. Box : 638 - Dubai - United Arab Emirates



بسر الله الرئمان الرئيام

الوصل وبابل للتجارة العاملة (ش.ذ.م.م.) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (L.L.C.)

Date:	تاريخ:	J I
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INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER 0210 27/02/01

Messrs: ITALTECH Sri Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB0901 dated 01/02/01

Item	Description	Fee Euro	Amount Euro		
. 1	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "GOLDEN FOUNTAIN"	0.17 per bbl	340,350=		
	B/L date 27.02.01 - Quantity 2,002,056 bbl				
Euro Three Hundred Forty Thousand Three hundred and Fifty only					

The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank Al Riggah Road Branch P.O. Box No. 5550 Dubai, U.A.E. A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C.

PAGATO A/C No.: 20-447-3006-2 05170 Swift Code: ADCBAEAA060 Ricevute il Soldo General Trading L.L.C. Saria CENE TARE 1936.27 = 659 009 6195

(Paid up Capital Dhs. 3,000,000)

E-mail: islootah@emirates.net.ae

(رأس مسال للسدفسوع ۲٬۰۰۰٬۰۰۰ درهسم)

هاتــف : ٢٨٥٧٧٣٨ - فاكــس : ٢٨٥٨٩٩ - تاكــس : ٢٦٩٥٤ لوجــت اي ام - صب : ١٣٨ دبـــي - الامــارات العربيــة المتحــدة Tel.: 04 - 2857738 - Fax : 04 - 2858899 - Telex : 45693 LOGET EM - P.O. Box : 638 - Dubai - United Arab Emirates



بستر الله الرحمان الرحيار

الوصيل وبابيل للتجيارة العيامية (ش.ذم.م.) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (L.C.)

Date:	-	:	ئارىخ	

INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER 0194

Messrs: ITALTECH Srl Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB1001 dated 01/13/01

Item	Description	Fee Euro	Amount Euro				
1	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "BERGE BOSS"	0.17 per bbl	350,185=				
	B/L date 11.03.01 - Quantity 2,059,910 bbl						
	Euro Three Hundred Fifty Thousand and one Hundred and Eighty Five only						

The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank Al Riggah Road Branch P.O. Box No. 5550 Dubai, U.A.E.

A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C.

A/C No.: 20-447-3006-2 Swift Code: ADCBAEAA060 PAGATO



(Paid up Capital Dhs. 3,000,000)

E-mail: islootah@emirates.net.ae

(وأس مسال للسنفسوع ۲٬۰۰۰٬۳۰۰ برهسم)

ماتــف : ٢٨٥٧٧٣٨ - فاكــس : ٢٨٥٨٨٩٩ - تلكــس : ٤٥٩٩٣ لوجــت اي ام - ص.ب : ١٢٨ دبـــي - الامــارات العربيــة المتحــدة Tel.: 04 - 2858738 - Fax : 04 - 2858899 - Telex : 45693 LOGET EM - P.O. Box : 638 - Dubal - United Arab Emirates



بسر الله الرئمين الرثير

الوصـل وبابـل للتجـارة العـامــة (ش.ذم.م.) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (L.L.C.)

Date	;		:	ريخ	لتا
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INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER 0194

Messrs: ITALTECH Srl Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB1001 dated 01/13/01

Item	Description	Fee Euro	Amount Euro
1	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "BERGE" BOSS"	0.17 per bbl	350,185=
	B/L date 11.03.01 Quantity 2,059,910 bbl		
Euro Three Hundred Fifty Thousand and one Hundred and Eighty Five only			

The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank PAGATO Al Riggah Road Branch P.O. Box No. 5550 Dubai, U.A.E. A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C. A/C No.: 20-447-3006-2 Swift Code: ADCBAEAA060 & 8869 Ricevuto il For Al Wasel Babel General Trading L.L.C. Babel Gen. Trde O. Obstall IT 3718 Conto mag.: EENE TALE 1936 L7 = 678 OSZ \$40

(الأس مــال للـدفــع ٢٠٠٠ ، رهــم) E-mail: islootah@emirates.net.ae (الأس مــال للـدفــع ٢٠٠٠ ، رهــم) المالية المتحددة المالية المال



بسر الله الرحمان الرحيسر

الوصل وبابس للتخسارة العسامسة (ش.ذ.م.م.) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (L.L.c.)

Date	:		اريخ	ᇤ
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INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER <u>0197</u> 12/03/01

Messrs: ITALTECH Srl Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB1101 dated 01/03/01

Item	Description	Fee Euro	Amount Euro
1	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "OLYMPIC BREEZE"	0.17 per bbl	333,070=
	B/L date 12.03.01 – Quantity 1,959,234 bbl		
Euro Three Hundred Thirty Three Thousand and Seventy only			

The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank Al Riggah Road Branch P.O. Box No. 5550 Dubai, U.A.E.

A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C.

A/C No.: 20-447-3006-2 Swift Code: ADCBAEAA060 PAGATO





بسر الله الرئمان الرئيس

1180

الوصل وبابل للتجارة العاملة (ش.ذم.م.) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (L.L.C.)

Date :

INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER <u>0197</u> 12/03/01

Messrs: ITALTECH Srl Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB1101 dated 01/03/01

Item	Description	Fee Euro	Amount Euro
1	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "OLYMPIC BREEZE"	0.17 per bbl	333,070=
	B/L date 12.03.01 - Quantity 1,959,234 bbl		
Euro Three Hundred Thirty Three Thousand and Seventy only			

The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank Al Riggah Road Branch

P.O. Box No. 5550

Dubai, U.A.E. A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C.

A/C No.: 20-447-3006-2

PAGATO

Swift Code: ADCBAEAA060 For AF Wasel & Babe General Trading L.L.C. IT 3719 Conto maga.... BENE TARE 644913449 1936, 27 z

(Paid up Capital Dhs. 3,000,000)

E-mail: islootah@emirates.net.ae

هاتيف : ١٨٥٧٧٣٨ - فاكيس : ١٨٥٨٨٩٩ - تلكيس : ٤٥١٩٣ لوجيت اي ام - ص.ب : ١٣٨ ديسي - الامبارات العربيية المتحيدة Tel.: 04 - 2857738 - Fax : 04 - 2858899 - Telex : 45693 LOGET EM - P.O. Box : 638 - Dubai - United Arab Emirates



بسبح الله الرئمس الرقيسر

الوصل وبابسل للتجسارة العسامسة (ش.ذ.م.م.) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (L.L.c.)

Date:		
Date.	 تارىخ:	21

INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER <u>0198</u> 15/03/01

Messrs: ITALTECH Srl Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB1201 dated 01/03/01

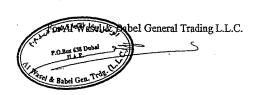
Item	Description	Fee Euro	Amount Euro	
1	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "MARINER"	0.17 per	324,813=	
	B/L date 15.03.01 - Quantity 1,910,662 bbl	001		
Euro Three Hundred Twenty Four Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirteen only				

The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank Al Riggah Road Branch P.O. Box No. 5550 Dubai, U.A.E.

A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C.

A/C No.: 20-447-3006-2 Swift Code: ADCBAEAA060 PAGATO



(Paid up Capital Dhs. 3,000,000)

E-mail: islootah@emirates.net.ae

(رأس مــال المــفــوع ٢٠٠٠٠٠٠٠ درهــم)

هاتــف ، ۱۸۵۷۳۸ - فاكـــس : ۱۸۵۸۸۹۹ - تلكــس : ۱۵۹۹۸ كوچــت اي ام - ص.ب : ۱۲۸ دبـــي - الامــارات العربيــة للتحــدة Tel.: 04 - 2857738 - Fax : 04 - 2858899 - Telex : 45693 LOGET EM - P.O. Box : 638 - Dubai - United Arab Emirates



بسب الله الرقمين الرقيس

الوصيل وبابيل للتجيارة العيامية (ش.دم.م.) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (L.L.C.)

ate	:	 	:	التاريخ

INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER <u>0198</u> 15/03/01

Messrs: ITALTECH Srl Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB1201 dated 01/03/01

Item	Description	Fee Euro	Amount Euro	
i	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "MARINER"	0.17 per bbl	324,813=	
	B/L date 15.03.01 - Quantity 1,910,662 bbl	001		
Euro Three Hundred Twenty Four Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirteen only				

The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank Al Riggah Road Branch P.O. Box No. 5550

Dubai, U.A.E.

A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C.

PAGATO

A/C No.: 20-447-3006-2 Swift Code: ADCBAEAA060

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(Paid up Capital Dhs. 3,000,000) E-mail: islootah@emirates.net.ae (رأس مـال الــفــن ٢٠٠٠، درمــم) المالية ال



بستم الله الرئمس الرثيسم

الوصيل وباييل للتجيارة العيامية (ش.دم.م.) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (L.L.C.)

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INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER <u>0199</u> 22/03/01

Messrs: ITALTECH Srl Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB1401 dated 01/03/01

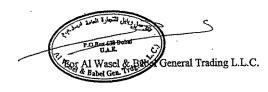
Item	Description	Fee Euro	Amount Euro	
1	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "HELLESPONT PARADISE"	0.17 per bbl	352,449=	
	B/L date 22.03.01 - Quantity 2,073,230 bbl			
Euro Three Hundred Fifty Two Thousand Four Hundred and Forty Nine only				

The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank Al Riggah Road Branch P.O. Box No. 5550 Dubai, U.A.E.

A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C.

A/C No.: 20-447-3006-2 Swift Code: ADCBAEAA060 PAGATO



(Paid up Capital Dhs. 3,000,000)

E-mail: islootah@emirates.net.ae

(رأس مسال للسنفسوع ۲٬۰۰۰٬۰۰۰ درمسم)

هاتسف ، ۱٬۸۵۷۷۲۸ - فاكسس ؛ ۱٬۸۵۸۸۹۹ - تلكسس ؛ ۱٬۵۱۹۳ لوجست اي ام - ص.ب ؛ ۱۲۸ دبسي - الامسارات العربيسة المتحسدة Tel.: 04 - 2857738 - Fax : 04 - 2858899 - Telex : 45693 LOGET EM - P.O. Box : 638 - Dubai - United Arab Emirates



بسح الله الرئمس الرثيسر

الوصل وبابل للتجارة العامية (ش.ذ.م.م.) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (L.L.C.)

Date:		:	التاريخ
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INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER 0199

Messrs: ITALTECH Sri Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB1401 dated 01/03/01

Item	Description	Fee Euro	Amount Euro	
1	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "HELLESPONT PARADISE"	0.17 per bbl	352,449=	
	B/L date 22.03.01 – Quantity 2,073,230 bbl			
Euro Three Hundred Fifty Two Thousand Four Hundred and Forty Nine only				

The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank Al Riggah Road Branch P.O. Box No. 5550 Dubai, U.A.E.

A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C.

Carle ..

A/C No.: 20-447-3006-2

Swift Code: ADCBAEAA060

Babel General Trading L.L.C.

PAGATO

(Paid up Capital Dns. 3,000,000)

1936,270 E-mail: islootah@emirates.net.ae

For Al Wasel &

هاتــف : ١٨٥٧٧٣٨ – فاكــس : ١٨٥٨٨٩٩ – تلكــس : ١٥٦٩ لوجــت اي ام – ص.ب : ١٣٨ دبــــي – الامـــارات العربيــة المتحــدة Tel.: 04 - 2857738 - Fax : 04 - 2858899 - Telex : 45693 LOGET EM - P.O. Box : 638 - Dubai - United Arab Emirates



بسح الله الرئمان الرئيام

الوصـل وبابـل للتجـارة العـامــة (ش.ذ.م.م.) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (L.L.C.)

Date :: *	التارم
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INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER <u>0205</u> 22/03/01

Messrs: ITALTECH Srl Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB1301 dated 01/03/01

Item	Description	Fee Euro	Amount Euro
1	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "SETTEBELLO 4"	0.17 per bbl	357,002=
	B/L date 22.03.01 - Quantity 2,100,011 bbl		
	Euro Three Hundred Fifty sever	1 Thousand a	and Two only

The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank Al Riggah Road Branch P.O. Box No. 5550 Dubai, U.A.E.

A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C.

A/C No.: 20-447-3006-2 Swift Code: ADCBAEAA060





Tel.: 04 - 2857738 - Fax : 04 - 2858899 - Telex : 45693 LOGET EM - P.O. Box : 638 - Dubai - United Arab Emirates



بسح الله الرئمان الرئيص

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الوصل وبابل للتجارة العاملة (ش.ذ.م.م.) ALWASEL & BABEL GENERAL TRADING (L.L.C.)

Date :		;	التاريخ
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INVOICE

INVOICE NUMBER 0205

(رأس مال المدفوع ٢٠٠٠٠٠٠٠ درهم)

Messrs: ITALTECH Srl Via G.B. Guarini, 24 57121 LIVORNO Fax 00 39 0586 859373

Contract Number: AB1301 dated 01/03/01

Item	Description	Fee Euro	Amount Euro
1	Selling of Iraq oil allocation for lifting "SETTEBELLO 4"	0.17 per bbl	357,002=
	B/L date 22.03.01 - Quantity 2,100,011 bbl		
	Euro Three Hundred Fifty seve	n Thousand a	and Two only

The Invoice shall be paid within 30 days with T/T transfer to the following bank:

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank Al Riggah Road Branch P.O. Box No. 5550 Dubai, U.A.E. PAGATO A/C Name: Al Wasel and Babel General Trading L.L.C. A/C No.: 20-447-3006-2 Swift Code: ADCBAEAA060 R8976 Risevisto II 20/04/04 or Al Wasel & Babel General Trading L.L.C. BENE ITAKE IT 3722 1936,27 = (Paid up Capital Dhs. 3,000,000)

E-mail: istootah@emirates.net.ae هاتف: ۱۸۵۷۷۲۸ - فاکسس: ۱۸۵۸۹۹ - تلکس: ۱۵۹۹۳ کوجت ای ام - صب: ۱۳۸ دیسی - الامسازات العربیة المتحدة Tel.: 04 - 2857738 - Fax : 04 - 2858899 - Telex : 45693 LOGET EM - P.O. Box : 638 - Dubai - United Arab Emirates 23 August, 1996

TO:

S.O.M.O. - Baghdad

ATTN:

Mr. S. Hassan Mr. N. Farjo

VIA FAX:

00964-2853925

Gentlemen:

In recent days we have been able to examine the key components of typical Saudi price formula and general terms in order to meet S.O.M.O.'s request to propose a text of terms with a similar structure. We, therefore, submit the enclosed revised draft proposal which more closely resembles the Saudi structure and meets other guidelines requested by S.O.M.O. The key revisions are as follows:

First, S.O.M.O. has requested earlier price periods than the Saudi (50 day after B/L) period in order to avoid provisional payments and possible complication with escrow accounts which we can accommodate by using the period 20-25 day after B/L and using WTI 2nd month quotes which correspond to quotes relevant to Saudi price dates. This should make it commensurate to Saudi formula and solve your concerns.

Please also note that under costs, we are prepared to consider eliminating the fee for lightering. We have debated this issue internally as some of your major buyers are able to go to Loop - Caribs. or other ports to fully discharge their cargo without lightering, whereas our smaller refiners do not have this advantage. We do not feel it is fair that some buyers will have to pay for this significant burden while others will not have to. However, we are prepared to eliminate this cost provided all other terms and conditions are acceptable to you.

We look forward to discussing our proposal with you at your earliest convenience. We understand that you are sending some representatives to New York and would be happy to meet with them there in an effort to clarify any points on this proposal prior S.O.M.O.'s discussions with the U.N.

We look forward to your favourable response and welcome any comments or questions you may have.

Best regards,

David B. Chalmers, Jr. President Bayoil SA

tions |

BAY04-01716

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt - FN 84



TO:

S.O.M.O.

ATTN:

Mr. Saddam Hassan

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DATE:

January 31, 1997

RE:

U.S. Market Pricing

With respect to our planning for next deliveries under our contract to U.S. refiners, we understand that the current price formula mechanism is substantially uncompetitive since the original period September 1996 price mechanism was established.

We understand that under the procedures established with the U.N. that S.O.M.O. may indicate a change in price formulas particularly after the first month if conditions so warrant. In this connection, we would propose that such a change be submitted to the U.N. in order that the intended U.S. refiners will accept delivery of Basrah Light from our company based on fair market values.

The particular components of the price mechanism that is relevant to our position and the market comparisons are evaluated and outlined as followed.

- 1. Basrah Light / W.T.I. Differential
 - A. The original differential (September) of WTI -\$4.05 had a component of freight cost increases since September of approximately \$0.25/bbl, the current formula does not reflect this increase. (WS. 47 1996 flat rates versus WS. 55 1997 flat rates).
 - B. The market assessment and comparisons to alternative grades is presumed to be included in the original (September) price formula of W.T.I. -\$4.05 (i.e. W.T.S., Venezuelan, Mexican, other grades).

As of today, the relative change in market differentials for the above grades since September has been as follows:

```
W.T.S. September = $ W.T.I. -$1.30 versus today -$1.95 VENZ. September = (FOB) $ WTI -$1.80 versus today -$3.00 MEXICAN Sept. = (FOB) $ WTI -$1.80 versus today -$3.00
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BAY04-00455

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Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt - FN 85

733 TLX: 20644

Page 2

B. Contd.

The differential (market) for alternative grades has widened between \$0.50 - \$1.20/bbl in the same period that Basrah Light F.O.B. formula has narrowed by \$0.45/bbl (\$4.05 - \$3.60).

The change in market differential based on market comparison can be concluded to be as little as \$0.95/bbl and as much as \$1.65/bbl.

2. Price Period:

The price period of 15 days after B/L as compared to N.O.R. price for alternative grades will result in up to 30 days earlier price for Basrah Light versus alternatives (including base case Saudi Light) which average this month would equal a \$0.65/bbl disadvantage of Basrah Light versus Arab Light and other grades resulting from this earlier pricing.

3. Proposal:

We would propose an immediate adjustment in the U.S. formula ex Al-Bakr to reflect the above circumstances as follows:

- Pricing period adjustment to 50 days after B/L or use second month W.T.I. quotations.
- 2. Freight adjustment approximately \$0.20/bbl.
- 3. Market adjustment of a minimum \$0.70/bbl.

Sincerely,

David B. Chalmers, Jr. For and on behalf of Bayoil SA - Nassau Branch

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** MESSAGE 31829 via FMET at 16:50:48 08/05/97 **

WRU: BAY US

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TO: S.O.M.O., BAGHDAD ATTH: MR. M. FARJO

FROM: BAYOIL, NOUSTON DAVID B. CHALMERS, JR.

DATE: AUGUST 5, 1997

DEAR NR. FARJO:

ME UNDERSTAND THAT YOU MAY BE CONSIDERING MUCH HIGHER MUMBERS THAN ANTICIPATED FOR BASRAM LIGHT AND KIRKURK CRUDE OIL. BATOIL ALONG WITH MANY OF YOUR OTHER LOYAL CUSTOMERS WOULD BE VERY DISAPPOINTED IF S.O.M.O. DID NOT RECOGNIZE THE TREMEMOUS INCREASE IN FREIGHT SINCE OUR LAST AGREED PRICE IN MAY. AS YOU KNOW THE SAUDI ARANCO FORMULA CLEARLY MAS A PROVISION UNION ACCOMMODATES THIS AND SAUDI ARANCO SUYERS IN ANGUST WILL SE CONPENSATED FOR ALMOST USD 0.60
CERTS PER BARREL FOR LIFTINGS TO THE U.S. ME UNDERSTAND THAT YOU MAY
NAVE A BUYER MIND INAS OFFERED YOU A HIGHER PRICE, NOMEYER, ME BELIEVE
IT IS MOST LIKELY THE SUYER IS GOING TO THE U.S. MEST COAST UNION IS
A WERY LIMITED AND A SIGNIFICANTLY DIFFERENT MARKET FROM THE REST OF THE MORTH AMERICAN MARKET. WE BELIEVE IT IS ONLY FAIR YOU SHOULD ASK THIS BUYER IF THIS IS INDEED THE INTEDED MARKET FOR THIS CARGO AND PERHAPS SONO SHOULD CONSIDER A TWO-YIERED PRICING FORMULA WHICH TAKES THIS INTO ACCOUNT.

YOUR CUSTOMERS WHO MAVE BEEN WITH YOU AND SUPPORTED YOU AND WHO WOULD ALMAYS SUPPORT S.O.M.O. SHOULD NOT BE SO SIGNIFICANTLY PENALIZED. ME NAVE ALL BEEN MAITING FOR A LONG TIME FOR THE OIL TO COME SACK ONTO THE MARKET AND OUR INDEPENDENT REFINERS WILL MAYE TO MAKE OTHER ACCOMMODATIONS SHORTLY. PLEASE DO NOT LET US AND OTHER GOOD CUSTOMERS DOLM.

SINCERELY.

DAVID S. CHAMERS, JR.

BAY LE

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** End of message **

BAY04-00327



DAVID B. CHALMERS, JR PRESIDENT

TO:

United Nations Overseers

FAX:

212-963-1628

No. of Pages: 2

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DATE:

September 10, 1997

As per my telephone call with Mr. Kramer, I would appreciate the opportunity for a meeting with you on Friday morning, September 12th, to discuss the overall price formula adopted by the U.N., and in particular the proposed October formula being considered in connection with the rollover and consequential volumes expected for export before early December.

At the suggestion of Mr. Kramer, I would like to respectively submit as follows some of our viewpoints with respect to the conditions in the marketplace which would need to be taken into account in determining a formula as well as reference to our discussions on Friday.

Price Formula Freight Component

- Base formula for B. Light or A. Light F.O.B. posting less \$1.00 included a freight
 adjustment component established December 1996 consistent with the Saudi base
 rate 7.36/long ton which was relatively accurate through May 1996 with stable
 market conditions.
- Rates have increased since May approximately 30 WS points roughly equivalent to \$0.75/barrel. i.e. (last Bayoil vessel May 46 WS versus September average 76 WS points).
- At expected export levels similar to May for October/November, the market expectations are for consistently high rates.
- The August B. Light differential to A. Light included at \$0.10/barrel additional compensation for freight equating to less than 5 points WS.
- As Saudi formula includes a monthly freight adjustment which fully compensates for current freight costs (i.e. May flat Saudi rate = WS 46 versus expected September adjustment to be average 76 = \$0.75/BBL).
- Average handling costs for shipping AG/US Gulf transhipped to Gulf ports including financing, lightering, other incremental costs regularly exceed \$0.75/barrel under normal conditions in addition to freight.

BAY04-01500

BAYOIL (USA) INC

600 TRAVIS, SUITE 6110 HOUSTON, TX 77002 713 222 7100 FAX: 713 224 8101 TLX: 3771825

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt - FN 87

United Nations Overseers Page 2

Conclusion:

Expect freight/handling cost not covered by deduction within current Iraqi
postings and further covered by alternative producer postings could be about
\$0.65/barrel without further adjustments.

II. Market Differential (Saudi Posting) Adjustments

- Saudi postings have increased by \$0.10/barrel and \$0.20/ barrel respectively for September/October.
- Saudi posting changes are relevant for F.O.B. liftings but also apply to C.I.F. sales delivered during same month.

Conclusion:

- A modest increase in market differential for September was applicable, particularly
 as Iraq crude availability was cut off for two months (June-July) thereby affecting
 delivered September market conditions.
- Based on expected average production over 1 million barrels per day August November or new Iraqi production, a \$0.20/barrel increase for October lifting
 would not be reflective of worldwide supply economics and should not be included
 in Iraq postings.
- Alternative crudes such as Kuwait crude with similar value based on A. Medium postings have up to \$1.00/barrel advantage (including freight adjustment).

We hope the above referenced market factors will be considered for future approval of Iraqi postings which we will be glad to discuss in more detail during our upcoming meeting.

Sincerely,

David B. Chalmers, Jr.



TO:

United Nations Overseers

FAX:

212-963-1628

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DATE:

September 12, 1997

RE:

Iraqi Crude Pricing U.S. Market Beginning October

I would like to thank you for the opportunity to meet Friday and I would like to further recap my impression of the position of the Overseers' regarding the pricing subject.

I believe it was agreed that a more permanent solution of including within the price mechanism a floating freight component which would change with the market is a good solution for all parties. In this connection, we shall endeavor to convince SOMO that such a mechanism will be beneficial and fair to all parties.

Meanwhile, we maintain during this interim period that there are two factors which need to be addressed and included in the October price formula to be representative of market conditions and fairly compare with other producer prices.

Firstly:

 There should be a downward adjustment to the formula for increased freight cost of at least \$0.50/barrel.

It was agreed in our meeting with the Overseers that the approximate base freight today would be approximately \$1.80/barrel.

It should be clear based on factual changes in the freight market demonstrated by the enclosed chart that over the past four months freight costs have increased by average of about \$0.60/barrel.

(i.e. Platts charts enclosed demonstrate WS 45-50 April/ May versus 65-70 August/September equalling a minimum of 20 points and a maximum of 30 points increase calculated as follows.

20 pts x 19.45 flat \div 7.38 = \$0.52/barrel 30 pts x 19.45 flat \div 7.38 = \$0.79/barrel

BAY04-01495

BAYOIL SA-NASSAU BRANCH

P.O. BOX CB12918 NASSAU, BAHAMAS 809-362 4731 FAX: 809-362 4733 TLX: 20644

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt - FN 87

United Nations Overseers Page 2

During the past four months since this overall freight market increase we see no evidence of any component changes in the Iraqi price formula proposed or agreed during this period by the Overseers other than the adjustment in August and applicable in September also from a price of Arab Light minus \$1.00 to Arab Light minus \$1.10. Therefore this \$0.10/barrel does not begin to address the increases in cost and market changes outlined berein

Secondly:

 The Saudi market price differential to WTI increase from September to October of \$0.20/barrel should not be reflective by a similar increase in the Iraqi market price.

The \$0.20 increase reflects spot price increases in August/September for delivered crudes reflecting two months absence of Iraqi crude from the market.

As this increase is applied to Saudi crudes which can also be lifted from Caribbean storage or delivered during the same months in the U.S. i.e. October such an increase may be justified particularly as Saudi customers have long term security of supply.

Iraqi customers would have to accept such an increase if applied for October shipments FOB which correspond to arrival in December. By then the market effects of the high Iraqi exports will be fully realized and buyers would not pay such a premium for barrels arriving in December.

I hope this clarifies our position about what is fair and is based on what has been proposed to SOMO for further submission to the U.N. However, I believe SOMO's is reluctant to submit pricing conditions such as these, however justified, unless in advance the Overseers show willingness to adopt these changes. My understanding of your position in the meeting is that no such adjustment need to be made despite the points raised above therefore the only likely outcome is for SOMO to propose a price without such adjustments resulting to a similar occurrence as September where buyers refused to lift the crude oil until market conditions changed. Such conditions contradict the whole purpose of the program. I hope this does not occur and I look forward to an opportunity to meet again Monday, perhaps to further discuss this matter.

Sincerely,

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

President

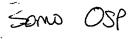
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MAR. 06. 2001 (TUE) 15:00 GDP ASSOCIATES

212 832 5250

PAGE, 1





950 Third Avenue • Suite 1800 • New York, NY 10022 Tel: (212) 832-5250 • Pex: (212) 832-4970

FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION

To: Mr. David Chalmers, President, Bayoil Inc.

Fax #: (713) 224-8101 From: Giandomenico Picco

RE:

Date: March 6, 2001

No. of pages (including this cover sheet): 10

PERSONAL

BAY04-01163

PSI Minority Rpt - FN 87

MAR. 06. 2001 (TUE) 15:01 GDP ASSOCIATES

212 832 5250

PAGE. 2

SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED
BY RESOLUTION 661 (1990) CONCERNING THE
SITUATION BETWEEN IRAQ AND EUWAIT

8/AC.25/2001/OIL/COMM.07 20 February 2001 ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Letter dated 20 February 2001 from the Oversoors addressed to the Chairman of the Security Council Committee catabilished by resolution 661 (1990) concerning the situation between Iran and Kuwaii

----- S/AC.25/2001/QIL/1330/OC.12

20 February 2001

Sir.

The following report of the Oil Overscers was prepared pursuant to the request by the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established by resolution 661 concerning the situation between Iraq and Kuwait made at its informal meeting dated 13 February 2001, following the letter dated 6 February 2001 from the Chargé d'Affaires, A.I. of the Permanent Mission of the United States to the United Nations addressed to the Chairman (S/AC.24/2001/Comm.83 – attached). In this letter, inter alla, the Oil Overscers were requested to provide a clarification on "what their monitoring of the oil industry has indicated regarding payment of the surcharge; an explanation for fraq's much lower than normal shipments of crude oil in January and December; the value of revenues lost to the Oil-fix-Food program as a result of decreased oil exports; and whether or not there is room in the most recent pricing mechanism proposed by SOMO for imposition of a surcharge".

1. Background

The questions raised have to some extent been addressed in the Oil Overseers' letter dated 13 February 2001 addressed to the Chairman of the 661 Committee (S/AC.25/2001/OIL/Comm.06 - attached). Some of the analysis contained in that letter is repeated here.

In order to gain an understanding of the events that have taken place in the past few months it is important to be aware of the recent trends in the structure of contractual relationships between the different parties involved in Iraqi crude oil exports.

Amongst the phase IX contract holders there are very few companies that can be classified as and-users of crude oil. Many of the current contract holders seem to be intermediaries who are not known in the perfolcum industry. They are very small in size and seem to have limited credit facilities. This means that, due to the large sums of money involved, they often cannot open letters of credit and/or obserter ships on their own account. In most cases the end-users (i.e. refining companies) will not purchase from these companies because of the limited possibility for compensation in the event of non-performance. As a consequence of this, these contract holders have to sell their oil to the (bigger) trading companies, which subsequently on-sell the oil to the end-users.

These trading companies ormally have the (credit) facilities the low them to perform the activities that cannot be executed by the intermediaries. The relationship between the trading companies and the intermediaries appears to vary from being distant to an extremely close alliance.

The current structure, as described above, has gradually evolved from a situation in which SOMO, by and large, were: a) directly solling to end-users, then b) were selling via traders to end-users and now c), are selling via intermediaries to traders who on-sell to end-users.

This means that there are often at least two companies in the contractual chain between SOMO and the end-user, both of which naturally want to make a profit.

2. Pricing mechanisms proposed by SOMO and OSP setting

SOMO and the Oil Overseers agree from time to time on an Official Sales Price (OSP) that is fixed for a certain period. This period is normally a month but can be shorter depending on the volatility of the markets.

The Oil Overseers' objective is to set the OSP within a band which is determined by the following boundaries:

-The upper limit should be such that end-users (i.e. refiners) find the OSP levels attractive compared with alternative crudes. Due to volatility in the resultet this can only be evaluated over an extended period of time. (Say three to four months).

The lower limit should be such that no structural trading profits exceeding some five cents per barrel can be made given the low risk nature of the task generally undertaken by the intermediaries.

The Oil Overseers are under the impression that SOMO's recent objective of the price setting is different in two aspects:

-SOMO seems to target a price (OSP) that allows at least \$0.20 per barrel profit for traders/intermediaries.

-SOMO securs to prefer to see these profits to be realized on a cargo-by-cargo basis rather than over an extended period. This explains the frequent requests for a (downward) price revision as we have lately experienced. This short term view is also confirmed by SOMO granting contracts with a validity of only between six and eight weeks, rather than for the full aix month period which was customary.

It is important to bear in mind that the attractiveness of all crudes may fluctuate substantially due to changing market conditions. The OSP for a certain period can only reflect one set of market assumptions for that (future) period. This means that, even in the case of the OSP being set at exactly the "right" level, the markets will during that period sometimes value the crude higher than the OSP or sometimes lower than the OSP. For a freely tradable crude like fraq's this can lead to prices in the market which are either above (premia) or below (discounts) the OSP. These premis or discount represent normal oil industry commercial practice.

MAR. 06. 2001 (TUE) 15:02 GDP ABROCIATES

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PAGE. 4

If the current mode of exports continues, some 100 million barrels will be exported and the estimated revenue generated during Phase IX would be around Euro 3.9 billion (\$3.5 billion). If export levels returns to more or less normal, then the revenue generated is estimated at around Euro 6.3 billion (\$5.7 billion).

6. Summary and Conclusions

- a) Iraqi crude oil, on a fob busis, has been consistently offered to end-users at substantial premis over the OSP's. Under certain market conditions these premis (but not necessarily surcharges to Iraq) could be economically justified and could have been paid by some end-users. Others have refused to purchase oil because of concerns related to the possibility of part of the premis being used for surcharges to be paid to Iraq outside of the United Nations Iraq account.
- b) in cases where no substantial premia could be acquired deals have fallen spert, nominations have been cancelled and the oil was not exported. This also explains (at least partly) why lraquerude oil, on a fob basis, has not traded at small premia, or even discounts during the past few months.
- c) At the same time some traders who have been involved in delivering Iraqi crude into the Gulf of Mexico niight have incurred losses. This is due to taking an exposure to the US market for delivered oit, which has recently deteriorated substantially.
- d) Due to the short term profit perspective of SOMO's direct customers it is almost impossible to set an OSP that guarantees them a realistic profit level on a cargo by cargo basis. The Oil Overseers have repeatedly resisted giving in to an OSP setting that leaves a substantial "profit cushion" in case the markets deteriorate. This has lead to some friction between SOMO and the Oil Overseers.

The Oil Overseers appreciate the confidence in their work and the support they receive from the Committee.

Morten Bunt-Jenson

Accept, Sir, the assurances of our highest consideration.

The Overseers

BAY04-01166

This needs to be considered when addressing the specific question on whether the OSP recommended by the Overseen allows room for surcharges. Cartainly, the intention in setting the OSP is to mitigate the possibility of excessive premia being paid. However, the natural fluctuation of the market will mean that regardless of how the OSP is set, under some market conditions there could be room for surcharges.

S. Payment of surchargus

It would appear that since December, end-users can consistently only buy kaci crude oil at a premium of 20 - 50 cents per barrel over the OSP on a free on board (fob) basis.

To what extent, if any, these premis are being used to pay illegal surcharges to Iraq is unknown to the Oil Overseers. When directly saked by the Oil Overseers about surcharges the State Oil Marketing Organization (SOMO) categorically danied the allegations.

However, direct contacts with traders and end-users in the oil industry confirm in broad terms what has been written in the professional press on this matter.

4. Lower than normal shipments of Iraqi crude oil in January and December

The Oil Oversoors are of the opificon that export levels seem to have been negatively affected under those conditions in which, for legal or commercial reasons, end-users are not a prepared to pay a substantial premium.

5. The value of revenue lost to the Oll for Food programme

During the month of December 2000 If an exported approximately 18 million barrels of crude oil, which is some 50 million barrels less than would have been expected. Assuming an everage price of \$20 per barrel, the reduced export level reflects a less in revenues of about \$1 billion for December.

During January 2001, Iraq has exported some 31 million barrels of oil. This export level was considerably lower than had been expected and, at an assumed export level of 2.2 million barrels a day and an oil price of \$20.80 per barrel, this represents a loss of income of some \$775 million for January.

Since the beginning of phase IX to 16 February 2001 about 65 million barrels of Iraqi crude oil were exported, including 51 million barrels from Mina-al-Bakr (78%) and 14 million barrels from Ceyhan (22%). The value of this export is estimated at Euro 1,481 million (\$ 1,346 million at the current rate of exchange).

Normally trade cride oil exports per month are some 26-28 million betrels at Coyhan and 38-45 million betrels at Mina-al-Bakr. On the assumption that the average level of Iraqi crude oil export per month is (conservatively) 65 million betrels, then at least 100 million betrels of export volume has been forgone up to 16 February. In terms of money, some Euro 2.4 billion (S. 2.2 billion.) in revenue has been lost.

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SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED : :
BY RESOLUTION 661 (1990) CONCERNING THE
SITUATION BETWEEN IRAQ AND KUWAIT

S/AC.25/2001/OIL/COMM.06 13 February 2001 ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Letter dated 13 February 2001 from the Oversoom addressed to the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established by resolution 661 (1990) concerning the situation between Iraq and Kuwait

****** S/AC.25/2001/OfL/1330/OC.10

13 February 2001

Sir.

With reference to the attached communication dated 13 February 2001 from the State Oil Marketing Organization (SOMO) of Iraq, submitting for the approval of the Security Council Committee established by resolution 661 (1990) concerning the situation between Iraq and Kuwsit the revised pricing mechanisms for loadings of crude oil during 13-28 February 2001 in accordance with paragraphs 5 and 6 of the Procedures to be employed by the Committee in the discharge of the responsibilities as required by paragraph 12 of Security Council resolution 986 (1995), the Overseas have the following assessment:

On 6 February the Committee endorsed the revised prices (OSP's) for February loading crude oil that is destined for the European and US markets. Since then the attractiveness of Iraqi crude oil in these markets has deterioristed further.

Notwithstanding this descriptation, and usors have been confronted with fob offers of braqi crude oil which reflect in general a substantial premium over OSP's: say between 20 and 70 cents a barrel. In an essentially risk-free environment these premia should be considered as excessive. Although many end-users have striad away from paying high premia for legal reasons, there have been temporary market conditions under which these could be justified economically. There have also been moments however, at which the economics should have dictated a smaller premium or even a discount, as cottld be expected at this moment. However, no such reduced premia or discounts have occurred for some months.

fixport levels seem to have been negatively affected under those conditions in which, for legal or commercial reasons, end-users were not prepared to pay a substantial premium.

The ourrent situation can be summarized as follows:

 By far the largest part of fraqi crude oil is nowadays sold via middletten and traders rather than directly to end-users (refiners). The former have a very short tenn profit perspective and often look at this issue on a cargo-by-cargo basis.

PAGE. 7

 The markets have moved in such a way that the OSP's for Burope and the US are currently too high to allow any sales to end-users to take place without the middlemen/raders accepting negative or zero premia.

 In absence of end-users paying premia of at least around 20-25 cents per barrel the oil is apparently not exported.

In the context of the foregoing, the Oil Oversoers would like to make the following observations:

- The need for price revisions more than once a month is mostly a direct consequence of the nature of the contractual structures between SOMO and the end-users.
- SOMO's contract holders' requests for excessive premis in combination with the errado nature of the exports has been damaging for the income into the UN-Iraq account.
- The Oil Oversees recommendation is motivated by their objective of maximizing oil exports and income into the UN Iraq account within the contractual structure as has been chosen by SOMO.
- This contractual structure asks for market responsive pricing and, as the Oil Oversours do not allow a substantial built-in "profit cushion", price revisions may occur more often if markets are volatile.
- more often if markets are volatile.

 -The Oil Oversiers are concerned that under the ourset arrangement, price revisions can only go in one direction (i.e. downwards) since there is no mechanism, spart from SOMO's request, to increase prices.

Notwithstanding the observations above, given the current situation, the Oil Overseers would like to recommend to the Committee the proposed SOMO adjustments of the pricing machanisms for US said European destinations for lostlings during 13-28 Retrusty.

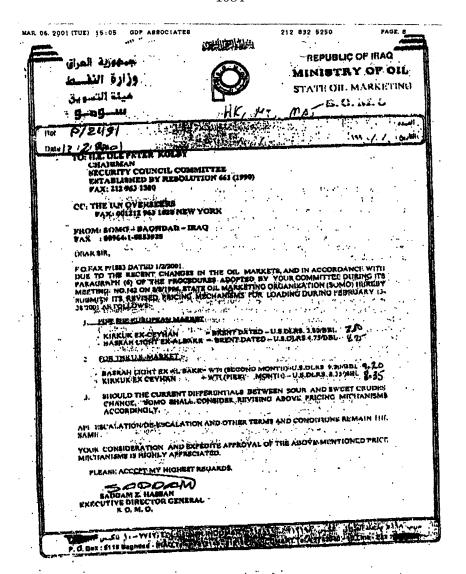
Accept, Sir, the assurances of our highest consideration.

The Overseers

Alexandre Kramar

Morten Buur Jenson

Michel Tellings



BCURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED RESOLUTION 66: (1996) CONCERNING THE SITUATION BETWEEN IRAQ AND KUWAIT S/AC.25/2001/COMM.83 7 February 2001 ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

LETTER DATED 6 FEBRUARY 2001 FROM THE CHARGE D'AFFAIRES, A.F. OF
THE PERMANENT MISSION OF THE UNITED STATES TO THE UNITED NATIONS
ADDRESSED TO THE CHARMAN

The United States Mission to the United Nations presents its compliments to the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to Resolution 661 (1990) concerning the situation between Iraq and Kuwait and would like as take this opportunity to share our concerns about the oil pricing mechanism. The United States has consistently supported the oil overseen's successments regarding Iraqi oil prices. We recognize that it has been particularly difficult for the overseen to carry out their responsibilities over the last several weeks, and we are appreciative of their efforts and professionalism.

Our support for the oversexist assessments has been based on the assumption that a fair market value price offers the price effective protection against an all practness being in the financial position to pay any manthorized suncharge of blokbeils to the seller. We are vary troubled, therefore, by continuing reports in the business press and 'commitmentalisms we have received from companies that SOMO is demanding, and some off haves are paying, a surcharge of 10-50 caps a barrel, so be paid directly to frag. Although this is clearly a committee of UNECI resolutions, as well as written instructions provided to all buyers by the oversears with the agraement of the 661 Committee on Decomber 15, 2000, some reports indicate that many buyers are not still not aware of these facts or are simply ignoring them. A Fabruary 2 report from Reuters is typical, and it outlines a very sophisticated surcharge mechanism that has best changed in reaction to market.

"Iraq has meanwhile eased its oil surcharge demand considerably from an initial 50 cents per barrel over the official selling price; but the fraci government is by no means backing down from its policy. Indeed, industry sources said fraci has softened its cash request in a bid to reflect market conditions. "Retroscrive to December 1, lifters to Europe must pay 25 cents a barrel and lifters to the U.S. must pay 30 cents a barrel," said an official in the fraci capital. "Some customers have paid the 40 rents and they will be reimbursed the difference."

It is important that the oververs not recommend to the Committee a pricing mechanism that leaves room for a surcharge. We request that the oil overcors prepare a written report to the Committee on this issue to include: what their monthring of the oil inclustry has indicated regarding payment of the sercharge, an explanation for iren's much lower than normal shipments of crede in January and December, the value of revenues lest to the Oil-fire-Food program as a result of decreased nil exports and whether or not there is room in the most rectus pricing machonism proposed by SOMO for imposition of a surcharge. We further request that when the report is completed, the overseen give a presentation on their fundings and observations to the Committee in a formal questing.

While we do not object to the pricing mechanisms proposed in your note of 1 February, we hope that the oversees report and presentation will provide the Committee with a basis for improved evaluations of future pricing mechanisms and consideration of actions to address problems.

Pinelly, we request that this onte be circulated to members of the Contmittee.

Accept, Sir, the sasureness of my highest consideration.

Sincerely.

BAY04-01172

FROM : GDP

FAX NO. :2128324970

Jul. 11 2002 04:34PM P1

74



150 E. 58th Street • 23 Floor • New York, NY 10155 Tel: (212) 832-5250 • Fax: (212) 832-4970

FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION

To: David Chaimers

Fax #:

From: Giandomenico Picco Fax#: 212-832-4970

RE: FYI

Date: July 11, 2002

No. of pages (including this cover sheet): 6

BAY04-01029

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt - FN 87

FROM : GDP

FAX NO. :2128324970

Jul. 11 2002 04:34PM P2

OSP 2012

UK PROPOSAL FOR A PROACTIVE PRICING MECHANISM

Since December 2000 the Iraq Sanctions Committee has continued to receive information from the Oil Overseers that substantial sums of money have been withheld from the UN/Iraq escrow account due to excessive levels of premia being charged by SOMO contract holders. The Committee continues to take note of the Information supplied by the Oil Overseers that excessive premia could be realised as a result of extra-contractual arrangements, between SOMO and the contract-holders. The Iraq Sanctions Committee has never approved such arrangements. The Committee introduced retroactive price setting in October 2001 with the objective of combating these practices, which are detrimental to the OFF programme.

The Committee continues to work towards its objective of maximising the funding base of the OFF humanitarian programme in order to meet the basic humanitarian needs of the Iraqi population. In this context it sees it as its responsibility to facilitate the smooth flow of Iraqi oli_into the markets at fair market value and in a manner consistent with Security Council resolutions.

To further this objective the Committee has decided to increase the attractiveness of Iraqi oil to end-users and established traders by allowing them, provided that certain conditions are satisfied, the choice between purchasing large oil on a proactive or a retroactive pricing basis. The Committee will also work towards its objective of minimising the risk of abusive practices that could lead to funds being withheld from the UN-Iraq account.

The Committee would therefore undertake the following:

1. SOMO AND CONTRACT HOLDERS

No change will be made to the existing system of registration of national oil purchasers by UN Member States and SOMO's discretion of awarding contracts to companies of its choice. The Oil Overseers are requested to allow for a contract holder's commission of five cents per barrel when submitting their price recommendations to the Iraq Sanctions Committee.

2. THE "GREENLIST"

Subject to the Sanctions Committee's approval by way of the no-objection procedure, a company will be allowed on the "Greenlist". The Committee will only allow on this list those companies that are either refiners of Iraqi crude oil or established crude oil traders that possess relevant commercial experience in lifting and shipping cargoes of crude oil. A request from a company to be put on the "Greenlist" should be submitted via the Oil Overseers and should be accompanied with a completed standardised questionnaire (attached). The questionnaire will contain relevant information about the company and its

activities. Many of the companies that are currently involved in the physical lifting of Iraqi oil would be expected to qualify for inclusion on the "Greenlist". The Committee on a monthly basis would review the "Greenlist". The Committee will not allow the continued presence of any companies on the list that have caused damage to the OFF programme e.g. by failing to lift the oil they have committed themselves to lift during a particular pricing period. The Committee will not accept companies that are affiliated with companies that are already on the list or which were deleted from that list.

3. PRICING OF IRAQI CRUDE OIL

The Committee will allow two alternative pricing systems; proactive and retroactive.

The proactive system will only be allowed under the following conditions:

- SOMO will submit [proactive] prices before a certain date. Such prices will
 need to be approved by the Iraq Sanctions Committee. The timing of the
 SOMO submission of oil prices should be in line with existing oil industry
 practices. Prices would be fixed for a full month and the Committee will not
 accept any requests for subsequent revisions of these prices.
- The company lifting Iraqi crude oil must be on the "Greenlist".
- The lifting company should open the Letter(s) of Credit for volumes and destinations of their choice within <u>three New York banking days</u> of the Committee's approval of the crude oil prices. The volume(s) and destination(s) cannot subsequently be changed and the Committee will, for the purpose of deciding whether that company will qualify to retention on the "Greenlist" in future, consider this as a lifting commitment.
- The Letter(s) of Credit should both include the name of the contract holder from which the lifting company has bought the oil and the name of the "Greenlist" - lifting - company that opened the Letter of Credit on the contract holder's behalf.
- The Letter(s) of Credit should explicitly state the price as previously approved by the Sanctions Committee.

The retroactive system will prevail under the following conditions:

- In all cases if SOMO has not submitted (proactive prices) before a certain date or if the Committee has not approved these prices.
- If the lifting company is no longer on the "Greenlist".

FROM : GDP

FAX NO. :2128324970

Jul. 11 2002 04:34PM P4

- If the lifting company is on the "Greenlist" but wants to lift an (incremental)
 volume of oil for which no valid Letter of Credit was opened in time for it to
 qualify for proactive pricing.
- Approval of Letters of Credit, and therefore UN authorisation to export the cargo, can only be given if the pricing clause in the Letter of Credit reads;

"The price shall be [proactive cases only -- agreed price mentioned] / as will be agreed [retroactive cases only -- no prices mentioned] upon between SOMO and the United Nations".

4. MONTHLY REPORTING

The Oil Overseers will report to the Sanctions Committee on a monthly basis recording any failure by a company on the "Greenlist" to comply with its lifting commitment(s). In order for the Committee to decide whether such company should remain on the "Greenlist" the Oil Overseers will submit their report to the Iraq Sanctions Committee as soon as possible after the end of each month. The Sanctions Committee will then, on the basis of the standard 48-hour no-objection procedure, decide whether the company should be <u>retained on</u> the "Greenlist".

5. REVIEW

The Sanctions Committee will review the effectiveness of this proposal after six months.

6. IMPLEMENTATION

The Oil Overseers will submit to the Iraq Sanctions Committee a detailed proposal for the implementation of a proactive/retroactive system no later than 1 August 2002.

FROM :GDP

FAX NO. :2128324970

Jul. 11 2002 04:35PM P5

QUESTIONNAIRE FOR GREENLIST APPLICATION

1)	Full Company Name:
2)	Registered Business address:

- 3) Name of contact person, telephone number and fax number:
- 4) How would you describe the activities of the Company?
- crude oil refining company;
- crude oil trading company;
- crude oil refining/trading company;
- other (please specify)
- 5) If the company* is a crude oil refining or refining/trading company, has the company processed any crude oil of Iraqi origin during the past twelve months?

If so please supply the following information:

- the location(s) of the refinery which processed the iraqi crude oil; whether the crude oil was purchased on an fob, C&F or delivered basis;
- The vessel name, bill of lading date, discharge date and discharge location of a recent delivery of Iraqi crude oil for processing in the company's refining system;
- 6) If the Company is a crude oil refining/trading company that has not refined any crude oil of Iraqi origin during the past twelve month or if the Company is a crude oil trading company, please supply the following information for three recent trades:
 - Names(s) of vessels, equal or larger than LR2 size, which were chartered by or for account of the Company;
 - Bill of Lading dates, load ports, types of crude oil and discharge ports for these three vessels;

7) Sign and date the duly filled in questionnaire and forward it to the United Nations Oil Overseers at the following fax number: +1 212 9631628)

*In question 5) and 6) the word *Company* is meant to include all its affiliated companies.



Ambassador Antonio Montero Chairman, U.N. 661 Committee

CC:

Mr. Eugene Young

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

President

Bayoil (USA) Inc.

DATE:

October 23, 1998

Dear Ambassador Montero:

As you may recall, our company Bayoil was one of the companies participating in the Iraqi oil sale during the first and second period.

However, since that period our participation has been only indirect, resulting from our cooperation with several Russian companies currently favored by S.O.M.O. as preferred customers. As a result of this cooperation our company regularly lifts Iraqi crudes for U.S. destination to be further distributed to many independent refiners that we represent. Specifically, our current liftings exceed 200,000 barrels per day on average.

Because of our participation in this market we regularly provide S.O.M.O., the U.N. Overseers, and our Russian suppliers required market information regarding spot prices in the U.S. as well as freight market conditions which apply to each monthly period in an effort to help S.O.M.O. and the U.N. establish fair market price formulas each month.

In this connection, we are obliged to report to your Committee that the market prices for the month of November, particularly for U.S. destinations as submitted by S.O.M.O. to the U.N. are completely out of line with the conditions in the market today. We understand that in the past the 661 Committee has rejected prices submitted by S.O.M.O. for being considered too low which we believe likewise the Committee should consider such a rejection in November resulting from being considerably too high and not in accordance with guidelines to be representative of fair market conditions.

I believe the best way of explaining to your Committee our conclusions about the prices submitted will be to enclose a copy of correspondence recently sent to S.O.M.O. by our company which outlines the conditions in the market that have not been included in the prices submitted by S.O.M.O.

BAYOIL (USA) INC

600 TRAVIS, SUITE 6110 HOUSTON, TX 77002 713 222 7100 FAX 713 224 8101 TEX 3771825

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
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Ambassador Antonio Montero Chairman, U.N. 661 Committee Page 2

Due to the fact that most of the U.S. refiners which ultimately receive these quantities have committed to November liftings well in advance and therefore cannot easily change or substitute for more economic grades on short notice. This would therefore result in substantial economic penalties to these refiners if the prices currently submitted are imposed upon them.

We are hopeful the Committee will take into consideration the actual market conditions today which can easily be substantiated by others in the establishment of a fair market formula for November shipments.

Thank you for your assistance in this matter.

Sincerely,

David B. Chalmers, Jr.



TO: ATTN: FAX NO:

U. N. OVERSEERS

ALEXANDER KRAMAR 212-963-1518

FROM:

DAVID B. CHALMERS, JR.

DATE:

FEBRUARY 22, 1999

I TRUST THE ATTACHED INFORMATION WILL BE USEFUL TO YOU IN ESTABLISHING THE MARCH OFFICAL PRICE.

DAVID B. CHALMERS, X

BEST REGARDS,

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

P.O. ROY CRIDOTE NASSALI RAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TLX: 20644

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Minority Rpt - FN 88

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To: Atta: Fac:

U.N. Overgours Mr. Alexander Kramer 212-963-1628

From:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

Date:

February 16, 2000

As per our previous telephone conversations, you can see from the stached contract that the market for Basrah Light in February was very weak. Several other sales were made at similar prices, including one 500,000bbl ourge sold at March W.T.I. Jess USD 2.85.

The March delivered market is still unclear, but remains weak. I hope you will take this under consideration.

Bost regards,

BAY04-01278

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Minority Rpt - FN 88

United Nations Overseers

ATTN:

Alexander Kramer

FAX:

212-963-1628

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DATE:

June 20, 2000

REF:

JULY O.S.P.

Dear Alexander:

I would like to take this opportunity to provide you some updated market information which may be of interest in connection to the expected discussions in S.O.M.O. with regard to establishing a proposed formula price for July liftings, particularly for the destinations in North America.

Freight:

 Base WS rates have increased modestly since the previous period on average of 2-5 WS points from approx WS87 to WS92 equaling freight increase of \$0.10/barrel minimum.

Note: The World tanker market remains tight and volatile due to shortages of suitable tonnage in all classes and particularly VLCC's. While rates seemed to have stabilized in recent weeks, the fixtures have been limited due to the fact that most requirements are covered for June. Therefore, the freight market has not yet been established for period beginning July for VLCC fixtures from the AG. In fact, the expected near term sudden requirements which would result after S.O.M.O. signs contract and accept nominations to be lifted in July, could substantially boost WS prices as offered by owners.

BAY04-01948

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Market:

- The delivered U.S. Gulf price sales discounts has in recent weekss stabilized or improved somewhat from the recent months continued decline in values due to oversupply conditions (i.e. from -\$3.50 to -\$3.35).
- The Basrah Light market, while could be as stated above be positively affected by reduced overhang in prompt cargo's unsold, it is still too early to evaluate the overall supply and requirement imbalanced for the period beginning July.

The official formula prices for other major sour crude producers such as Mexico and Saudi have been reduced for July by \$.35/bll and \$.25/bll respectively.

Note: The above referenced official price formulas for these producers apply to deliveries during July, which therefore are comparable, and probably more competitive to June official sales prices for Iraqi grades, due to the difference in transportation time.

Summary:

While short term price values have stabilized or improved slightly for Iraqi grades for North America, there have been limited transactions to confirm any long term trend of appreciation. Furthermore, the prospects for a near term increase in OPEC supplies generally, in addition to Iraqs expected production growth would not justify an increase in price formulas for July. However, if Basrah Light exports are more widely distributed to the other major markets, during July, and refinery runs increase for such grades in the U.S. as is expected, then an expected sustained improvement in Basrah Light market values should justify a substantial improvement in market price formulas for the August forward lifting periods.

Thank you for your consideration to the above referenced points with regard to the establishment of a fair market formula price applied to July liftings.

Sincerely,

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

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PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

TO: ATTN: FAX:

United Nations Overseers Alexander Kramar 212-963-1628

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DATE

September 13, 2000

REF:

October O.S.P./Market Information

As per our market discussions yesterday, the realities of the Basrah market are such that, while asking prices may be higher in order to move the continued oversupply, the delivered differentials are actually deteriorating as exemplified by the sale concluded today, see corresponding enclosure.

Circumstances such as full refinery capacities, as well as competition from other grades has ted to this, which we will be summagizing fully in a memo to S.O.M.O. this week.

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations

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S.O.M.O.

ATTN:

MOHAMMED ALJIBOURI

FAX:

011 9641 285 3925

FROM:

DAVID B. CHALMERS, JR.

DATE:

OCTOBER 14, 1998

AS PER OUR TELEPHONE DISCUSSION AND YOUR REQUEST, WE ARE PLEASED TO OUTLINE THE RELEVANT MARKET AND FREIGHT CONSIDERATIONS WHICH SHOULD BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT IN THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A FAIR MARKET FORMULA FOR NOVEMBER LIFTINGS FOR NORTH AMERICAN DESTINATION.

FREIGHT:

OUR ASSUMPTION IS THAT FOR OCTOBER LIFTINGS A PRICE INCREASE FROM SEPTEMBER OF USD 0.55/BBL INCLUDED A FACTOR COVERING REDUCTION OF FREIGHT MARKET FROM APPROXIMATELY WS 52-55 PTS TO 40-42 PTS WHICH WOULD EQUAL APPROXIMATELY USD 0.30-0.35/BBL. THE CONSEQUENTIAL INCREASE BACK OF RATES FOR FIXTURES DONE THROUGH MID NOVEMBER FROM WS 40-42 PTS TO AS HIGH AS WS 54.5 PTS AND AVERAGE 52.5 PTS WOULD THEREFORE RESULT IN INCREASED COSTS FROM OCTOBER OF USD 0.25-0.30/BBL. THEREFORE, THE PRICE DISCOUNT (W.T.I.) FOR OCTOBER SHOULD BE INCREASED BY AT LEAST USD 0.25/BBL TO COVER FREIGHT COST INCREASES ALREADY FIXED FOR NOVEMBER LIFTINGS.

MARKET:

OUR ASSUMPTION IS THAT S.O.M.O. HAD INCLUDED A MARKET INCREASE FACTOR OF APPROXIMATELY USD 0.20/BBL FROM SEPTEMBER/OCTOBER IN ESTABLISHING THE OCTOBER DISCOUNT. WHERE SAUDI OSP INCLUDED NO INCREASE, AN INCREASE OF USD 0.10/BBL IN NOVEMBER MAY REFLECT THEIR ATTEMPT TO FOLLOW S.O.M.O.

MEANWHILE; HOWEVER, IT IS OUR UNFORTUNATE DUTY TO OUTLINE NEGATIVE FACTORS IN THE MARKET WHICH HAVE OCCURRED SINCE OCTOBER WHICH SHOULD BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT FOR NOVEMBER AS FOLLOWS:

1) DEMAND:

BAYOIL (USA) INC.

600 TRAVIS, SUITE 6110 HOUSTON, TX 77002 713 222 7100 FAX: 713 224 8101 TLX: 3771825

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U.S. DEMAND FOR OCTOBER PERIOD HAS BEEN REDUCED FOR SOUR GRADES EQUALING BETWEEN 250-300,000/BBLS PER DAY DUE TO SPECIFIC REFINERY SHUT DOWNS RESULTING FROM HURRICANE GEORGE EARLY THIS MONTH. IN FACT, SEVERAL IRAQI DELIVERIES WERE FORCE MAJORED AND STORED FOR AN INDEFINITE PERIOD. CONSEQUENTLY, THE SHIPMENTS NOT DELIVERED IN OCTOBER ARE OFFERED FOR NOVEMBER.

2) SUPPLY:

THE MOST CRITICAL FACTOR DRASTICALLY AFFECTING MARKET CONDITIONS FOR IRAQI GRADES THROUGH YEAR END IS THE DRAMATIC INCREASE IN SUPPLY OF IRAQI GRADES TO THE U.S. DUE TO LARGE NEGATIVE ECONOMIC CONSEQUENCES FOR EUROPEAN LIFTERS AND CONSEQUENTIAL CHANGE OF DESTINATION OF THESE QUANTITIES TO U.S. PORTS.

THE SIMULTANEOUS DECISIONS BY LIFTERS TO CHANGE DESTINATION WITHOUT SPECIFIC REFINERY OUTLETS CONFIRMED HAS RESULTED IN A SUBSTANTIAL OVER SUPPLY OF IRAQI GRADES ON OFFER FOR NOVEMBER/DECEMBER DELIVERY TO A LIMITED AND FIXED NUMBER OF REFINERY OUTLETS.

THE CONSEQUENCES AS PER NORMAL MARKET FORCES ARE THAT SPOT BUYERS HAVE DRAMATICALLY REDUCED BIDDING PRICES AND TERM CUSTOMERS ARE POTENTIALLY PAYING FAR OVER MARKET PRICES. TO DEMONSTRATE THIS FACTOR FURTHER WE HAVE OUTLINED THE SPECIFIC SHIPMENTS TO THE U.S. WHICH ARE ATTACHED.

IN SUMMARY THE PRICES WHICH REFINERS ARE CONSIDERING LIMITED PURCHASES ARE AT LEAST USD 0.40/BBL LESS THAN PREVIOUS MONTH SPOT SHIPMENTS. CONSIDERING ONE MAJOR REFINERY SHUT DOWN (260+M B/D) THROUGH MID NOVEMBER, THE SITUATION IS UNLIKELY TO IMPROVE.

THANK YOU FOR YOUR CONSIDERATION.

BEST REGARDS

DAVID B. CHALMERS, JR



ATTN: FAX NO:

S.O.M.O. MR. AWNI 964**7**-774-2797

FROM:

DAVID B. CHALMERS, JR.

DATE:

FEBRUARY 22, 1999

I TRUST THE ATTACHED INFORMATION WILL BE USEFUL TO YOU IN ESTABLISHING THE MARCH OFFICAL PRICE.

BEST REGARDS

DAVID B. CHALMERS, IR.

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

P.O. BOX CB12918 NASSAU, BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TLX: 20644

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Minority Rpt - FN 89



TO: ATTN: SOMO, BAGHDAD

MOHAMMED ALJIBOURI

FAX:

011-9641-774-2797

DATE:

JANUARY 21, 2000

REF:

CRUDE/FREIGHT MARKET ASSESSMENTS

Dear Mr. Aljibouri:

After repeated unsuccessful attempts to contact you by phone during this week, we would respectfully like to submit important market price data relevant for crude values and shipping costs for Iraqi crude grades, and in particular for February liftings.

Due to the criteria enclosed herein, and in consideration of commitments made by SOMO's customers for shipping dates in February, prior to the recent selling price formulas (i.e. U.S. – Basrah Light) submitted to the United Nations, SOMO should consider further submitting to the United Nations a revised formula price, particularly for U.S. destination which more accurately reflects the recent drastic changes in market values for Basrah Light as per other U.S. market crudes (see enclosed) as well as freight costs before February 1, 2000.

I shall look forward to the earliest opportunity to further provide some any other background information regarding the market prices enclosed herein.

Best Regards,

David P. Chalmana la

BAYOIL, SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

P.O. BOX CB12918 NASSAU BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TIX: 20644

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
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FREIGHT MARKET

FREIGHT RATES HAVE RISEN SHARPLY IN THE LAST WEEK AND ARE ASSESSED AS FOLLOWS:

350 x w46.25 ag/west 280 x w50 ag/west 270 x w65 ag/skorea 260 x w62.5 ag/rsea-spore (older turbine tonnage)

Pertinent fodures reported

AG/WEST

SORO 2752/14 KUWAIT/USG W45 KPC MEGARA 2902/16 AG/UKC W50/52.5 TOTAL STENA COMPANION 3302/20 AL BAKR/USG W46.25 CHEVRON

AG/EAST

ELISABETH MAERSK 265 2/17 AG/SKOREA W67.5
HYUNDAI
MAERSK ESTELLE 270 2/20 AG/SKOREA W65
HYUNDAI
STENA CONCEPT 260 2/9 AG/SPORE W65 BP
SKYROS 270 2/11 AG/SAFR W65 BP
SAFRICA
FRONT CHIEF 270 2/11 AG/SAFR W55 TOTAL
FRANK SHRONTZ 270 2/18 AG/SKOREA W65
SSANGYONG
ORIENTAL VENTURE 265 2/16 AG/SKOREA W65
IDEMITSU
CHIOS 265 2/15 AG/SKOREA W67.5
SSANGYONG



SOMO, Baghdad

ATTN:

Mr. Mohammed Al Jibouri

FAX:

011-9641-774-2792

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DATE:

March 30, 2000

RE:

APRIL OSP (N. America)

Dear Mr. Al Jibouri

As per our discussion the currently revised OSP for Basrah Light (U.S. destination) does not correspond to the further deteriorated market prices for Basrah Light and other alternate crudes. Further, freight costs are set to increase further as qualified vessels for AG/West movement for 1st half April lifting are scarce (i.e. 2 or less).

MARKET

- Basrah Light delivered US Gulf has been sold at June WTI less \$2.50 for 10th arrival.
- As this vessel has cost basis May WTI the equivalent differential to June = WTI less \$3.00.
- Currently major buyer June less \$2.70 for mid April.
- Currently there are approximately 5 million barrels unsold April vessels "Lindburg", "Kraka", "Front Commander"
- Based on such values delivered, the equivalent FOB value including freight/miscellaneous costs equalling WTI less \$4.50 - \$4.75.

ALTERNATIVE CRUDES OFERINGS/DELIVERED

MARS	WTI	LESS \$4.20
ISTHMUS	WTI	LESS \$2.25
WTS	WTI	LESS \$2.00
BRENT	WTI	LESS \$1.20

The sample crudes shown above indicate between \$0.50 - \$1.00 change since March.

Arab Light - May OSP Arab Light expected substantially lower shall apply for delivered sales customers May arrival (or equal to Basrah Light April lifting).

BAY04-01979

BAYOR SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

P.O. BOX C812918 NASSAU BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TtX. 20644

PSI Minority Rpt - FN 89

Page 2 SOMO, Baghdad Mr. Mohammed Al Jibouri

The change in market price differential since one month of minimum \$0.50 per barrel combined with increase of freight of minimum \$0.50 per barrel would justify a \$1.00 per barrel final adjustment versus March OSP.

FREIGHT

- Only two qualified vessels (size, condition) existed for offer early today for 1-15 April ("Else Maersk", "Pacific Lagoon") which are reported to be on offer as of close of business.
- Offering price WS 70.5 West firm = \$1.65 freight only.

STIMMARY

Regards,

I hope the above referenced highlighted points shall be considered for the purposes of establishing a fair market formula for Basral Light.

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

26th July 2000

To: Mr Saddam Z. Hassan, Executive Director

SOMO Baghdad

Dear Sir,

August Pricing

We would be grateful if you would allow us to make some specific points about the proposed price for Basrah Light crude for US destination in August.

In general, we are forced to say, that the price has been set at a too expensive level, and needs to be re-set at WTI (2nd month) less \$7.00/BBL (rather than the proposed WTI less \$6.20/BBL) for August loading.

1. With respect to Arab Light (USGC)

Month	Arab Light	Basrah Light
June	- 3.95	- 6.10
July	- 4.20	- 6.00
August	- 4.50	- 6.20

Since June, the discount of Arab Light has dropped \$0.55/BBL, and that of Basrah Light by \$0.10/BBL. This means, that against the international marker price crude oil, and currently the most identifiable in terms of OPEC swing production, that Basrah Light is too expensive by \$0.45/BBL. This is reflected in the recent increase in sour crude supply.

We should not forget that the cost of cutting back sulphur in sour crude oils has become increasingly expensive recently, and this has been reflected in the sour discounts for Basrah Light (witness the recent accelerated collapse in sour prices), as evidenced by the ever-widening gasoil - fuel oil spread.

2. Freight

In addition to the above, you will be aware that the Aramco formula has a fixed freight element that is not exposed to the increasing shipping market rates.

Since June, the shipping market for VLCC to USGC has increased from WS 87 points, to up to WS 100 points over this last month.

This represents an incremental of \$0.35/BBL.

Sir, you will readily see from this, that the recent incremental market factors require a further price adjustment of \$0.80/BBL on the proposed August discount of minus \$6.20/BBL, to reflect an FOB price that is consistent with alternative grades pricing and associated shipping economies. In this regard, we would state that a reduction in the August discount to \$7.00/BBL is required.

Best Regards,

John Irving



SOMO, BAGHDAD

Mr. Mohammed Al Jibouri

FAX:

011-9641-885-3925

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DATE:

July 28, 2000

REF:

AUGUST O.S.P.

Dear Mr. Al Jibouri:

I would like to take this opportunity to provide you with additional market information in connection to the expected discussions in S.O.M.O. with regard to revising the current formula price for August liftings, particularly for the destinations in North America.

Freight:

Suitable tonnage for early August is in short supply, if at all available. Owners are now asking in excess of last weeks rate of WS 90 to currently W.S. 100+ for August 15-20, again suitable tonnage is in tight supply. World Scale rates have increased excessively equaling a freight increase of approximately US \$0.30 per barrel.

Market:

The delivered U.S. Gulf price sales discounts has in recent weeks weakened somewhat from the recent months, continuing to spiral downward to WTI minus \$3.66 to \$4.00 with confirmed sales for late August / early September. Current market is minus \$3.65 to minus \$3.85.

The official formula prices for other major sour crude producers such as Mexico and Saudi have been decreased. Saudi Light has decreased \$0.55 per barrel (from minus \$3.95 – minus \$4.50 plus a freight credit of approximately \$0.35 per barrel. Platts last quoted delivered US Gulf price was \$3.70 under WTI.

BAY04-01917

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

P.O. BOX CB12918 NASSAU BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TUX: 20544

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
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Page 2

Summary:

Anticipation of additional Saudi and Kuwaiti barrels being offered to U.S. refiners is putting further pressure on U.S. price differentials with current September delivered buyers biding US\$3.65 to US\$4.00 under W.T.I.

In conclusion, a further discount of approximately \$0.70 per barrel to minus \$6.90 F.O.B. should be considered to compensate for freight increase of \$0.30 and market increase of \$0.40 respectively.

Thank you for your consideration to the above referenced points with regard to the establishment of a fair market formula price applied to August liftings.

Sincerely,

David B. Chalmers Jr.



S.O.M.O.

ATTN

Mr. Mohammed Al Jibouri

FAX:

0119641 885 3925

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DATE:

September 14, 2000

REF:

October O.S.P.

As per previous months and requests, we respectfully have summarized below the market and economic considerations we hope will be considered as follows:

1) Market

While reported asking prices have increased versus last month, the realities for selling remaining unsold Basrah Light in the present buying period has resulted in several transactions below last month (ie, between WTI -3.55 to -3.85 as reported L.O.R. and per enclosed last sale, confidential)

The above circumstances could improve, but competitive grades prices have dropped (ie Mars -4.80 from -3.75)

2) Freight

Vessels for October lifting's are now being fixed on average between WS 112 to 115 with one vessel (BP) at 130, which represents and average increase in rates since last month of 10-15 points or approximately \$0.25-0.30/barrel.

As U.S. Gulf Coasts lightering contracts have expired in recent weeks and months, new rates have increased approximately \$0.10-0.15/barrel corresponding to the increase in 80,000 metric ton class vessel rate for Caribs/USGC of between 50-100% since beginning of the year (ie, between WS 125 and 275).

Increased OPEC output and in particular, recent and projected increased Saudi fixtures, has led to this month's increase in rates, per above, and even higher rates offered late October/November.

Kirkuk (U.S. Destination)

For the limited contract quantities of Kirkuk with U.S. destination and appropriate O.S.P. price differential should be considered as follows:

We appreciate S.O.M.O.'s consideration of the above reference, as per previous lifting periods, with respect to the submission of October O.S.P. prices.

BAY04-01901

P.O. BOX CB12918 NASSAU, BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TIX: 20644

BAYOR SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

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1) Freight: Basis recent ULCC Fixture

East Mediterranean versus Arab Gulf to West would indicate about 35 point premium from Mediterranean equal to approximately \$0.50-0.55/barrel cost savings.

2) Market:

Best regards

Given typical U.S. Gulf refining yields, particularly at this time of year, a maximum 0.15/barrel quality premium can be achieved.

Therefore, the Kirkuk O.S.P. should not exceed \$0.65-0.70/barrel over Basrah Light.

I look forward to the opportunity to discuss these points in the near future.



ITALTECH Srl

MADE TO HIX 300 - LIVORA TOLEX: 300170 MOTROT I

TOLEX: 300170 MC FAX: (580) 4212 F10086: (386) 4312

E IVA: UNUSURADA

Sede legale e stabilimentos VIa C.D. Guarini, 24 (ingresson VIa F. Runnini) - 17121 LEVORNO - FFALT

TO:

SOMO, BAGHDAD

ATTN:

Mr. Saddam Hassan

FROM:

Italtech S.r.l.

DATE:

November 13, 2000

RE:

December (O.S.P.) Basrah Light U.S.

Dear Sirs:

As per previous periods we are pleased to outline the current market conditions which are expected to be reflected in the December formula as follows:

I. DELIVERED U.S. MARKET

Recent spot transactions delivered U.S. are between WTI minus \$4.00 - \$4.20 for deliveries December. (Most recent January delivery minus \$4.20).

Therefore, market differential has decreased \$0.20 / barrel.

II. SHIPPING

Freight rates as offered and fixed for December lifting are based on WS 130 AG/US or approximately \$3.10 / barrel.

Therefore, freight cost has increased by 10 WS points or \$0.24 / barrel.

III. SUMMARY OF EXPECTED RANGE OF SHIPPING AND HANDLING COSTS AS FOLLOWS:

(\$/bbl)	ı	Best Case	Worst Case
Freigh (@ 13	t 0 WS pts)	3.09	3.09
Insura	nce	0.02	0.02
L/C		0.05	0.05

BAY04-01870

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	Inspection	0.02		0.02
	(\$/bbl)	Best Case		Worst Case
	Outurn Loss	0.13		0.15
	Demurrage @ loadport	0.03		0.06
	Demurrage @ disport	0.13		0.15
	Lightering	0.45		0.50
	OPA	0.02		0.02
	Hedge Costs	0.01		0.01
د در سرون	TVM	0.13		0.15
CIME VAL	TVM UE OF MONEY) Misc.	0.35		0.50
	TOTAL	4,43		4.72
	AVERAGE:		4.58	

CONCLUSION IV

Based on the market and handling costs described above the formula WTI discount can be fairly established as follows:

Average (Best - Worst)

Shipping / Costs

- 4.58

Market Differential

- 4.10

WTI Discount (Dec)

- 8.68

Sincerely,

August Giangrandi

P.D. WE Have NOT yet included the Cost OF EURO Headging And convension. (APRIX. 0.8)



BACHE DEAL HO

FAX FACTS

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ATTN:	Andrei Touthain	
FAX NO:	011-7095-956-3349	
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Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
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MEMORANDUM

TO: ALFA-ECO

FROM: BAYOIL

REF: JULY S.O.M.O. OSP PRICING FORMULA CONSIDERATIONS

PLEASE SEND THE FOLLOWING TO S.O.MO. FOR DISCUSSIONS:

REF: JULY PRICE FORMULA (NORTH AMERICA)

WE WOULD RESPECTFULLY SUBMIT OUR IDEAS AND MARKET INFORMATION HEIRIN FOR YOUR CONSIDERATION WITH RESPECT TO JULY OSP PRICES TO BE SET SHORTLY AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. MARKET DIFFERENTIAL
- ANY PRICE INCREASE IN THE MARKET DIFFERENTIAL (NARROWING) SHOULD BE REFLECTIVE OF THE SUPPLY / DEMAND SITUATION AS EXIST TODAY AND REASONABLE EXPECTATION OF THE FUTURE.
- THE CURRENT OVERHANG OF CRUDE INVENTORIES GENERALLY IN THE U.S. AND SPECIFICALLY IRAQI GRADES AVAILABLE AND OFFERED FOR VOLUMES IN JUNE WELL IN EXCESS OF OVERALL REQUIREMENTS DOES NOT CURRENTLY RESULT IN A REASONABLE EXPECTATION OF IMPROVED CONDITIONS BY JULY.
- THE SUPPLY OF IRAQI CRUDE GRADES FOR THE 4TH PERIOD UNDER THE INCREASED DOLLAR LIMITS SHOULD NOT RESULT IN PRICE DIFFERENTAL INCREASES WHICH CORRESPONDS TO INCREASES FROM OTHER PRODUCERS WHICH WILL REDUCE SUPPLY PARTIALLY THROUGH PRICE INCREASE.
- 2. FREIGHT DIFFERENTIAL

- THE AVERAGE FREIGHT RATES FOR JUNE AG/USG (ABOUT WS 60) ARE NOT OFFERED SIGNIFICANTLY LOWER OR HIGHER FOR JULY RESULTING IN NO ADJUSTMNET REQUESTED OR APPROPRIATE. IT IS OUR CONCLUSION THAT FUTHER INCREASES IN THE PRICE DIFFERENTIAL SHOULD BE POSTPONED UNTIL AFTER JULY AND MARKET CONDITION HAVE TIME TO EVIDENCE ACTUAL IMPROVEMENT INSTEAD OF EXPECTED IMPROVEMENT.

WE LOOK FORWARD TO DISCUSSING BY PHONE ANY OF THE SPECIFIC MARKET CONDITIONS REFLECTIVE OF OUR SUMMARY STATEMENTS PER THE ABOVE AT YOUR EARLIEST CONVIENIENCE.

BEST REGARDS,

ALFA-ECO

RANSMIT REPORT

1998.10-23 10:57 713-2378949 BAYOIL 713-224-8101

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FAX FACTS

DATE:	10-83-98
TO:	CROWN
ATTN:	MARTIN FIGURES
FAX NO:	01144171404 2397
	*** PAGES AFTER COVER: 4**
FROM:	DAVID B. CHALMERS, JR.
COMMENTS:	
ATTACH	ED 15 SUGGESTED LETTER.
TO 661	COMMITTEE AND COPY OF
OUR LE	

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt - FN 91



FAX FACTS

DATE:	10-83-98
то:	CROWN
ATTN:	MARTIN FIGURES
FAX NO:	01144171404 2397
	*** PAGES AFTER COVER: 4**
FROM:	DAVID B. CHALMERS, JR.
COMMENTS:	
ATTACH	IED IS SUGGESTED LETTER.
	COMMITTEE AND COPY OF
OUR L	•
If you have any pro	blems receiving this transmission, please call us at (713) 222-7100.
BAYOIL (USA) INC.	600 TRAVIS, SUITE 6110 HOUSTON, IX 77002 ,713 222 7100 FAX: 713 224 8101 TLX: 37718



Ambassador Antonio Montero Chairman, U.N. 661 Committee

CC:

Mr. Eugene Young

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

President

Bayoil (USA) Inc.

DATE:

October 23, 1998

Dear Ambassador Montero:

As you may recall, our company Bayoil was one of the companies participating in the Iraqi oil sale during the first and second period.

However, since that period our participation has been only indirect, resulting from our cooperation with several Russian companies currently favored by S.O.M.O. as preferred customers. As a result of this cooperation our company regularly lifts Iraqi crudes for U.S. destination to be further distributed to many independent refiners that we represent. Specifically, our current liftings exceed 200,000 barrels per day on average.

Because of our participation in this market we regularly provide S.O.M.O., the U.N. Overseers, and our Russian suppliers required market information regarding spot prices in the U.S. as well as freight market conditions which apply to each monthly period in an effort to help S.O.M.O. and the U.N. establish fair market price formulas each month.

In this connection, we are obliged to report to your Committee that the market prices for the month of November, particularly for U.S. destinations as submitted by S.O.M.O. to the U.N. are completely out of line with the conditions in the market today. We understand that in the past the 661 Committee has rejected prices submitted by S.O.M.O. for being considered too low which we believe likewise the Committee should consider such a rejection in November resulting from being considerably too high and not in accordance with guidelines to be representative of fair market conditions.

I believe the best way of explaining to your Committee our conclusions about the prices submitted will be to enclose a copy of correspondence recently sent to S.O.M.O. by our company which outlines the conditions in the market that have not been included in the prices submitted by S.O.M.O.

Ambassador Antonio Montero Chairman, U.N. 661 Committee Page 2

Due to the fact that most of the U.S. refiners which ultimately receive these quantities have committed to November liftings well in advance and therefore cannot easily change or substitute for more economic grades on short notice. This would therefore result in substantial economic penalties to these refiners if the prices currently submitted are imposed upon them.

We are hopeful the Committee will take into consideration the actual market conditions today which can easily be substantiated by others in the establishment of a fair market formula for November shipments.

Thank you for your assistance in this matter.

Sincerely,

David B. Chalmers, Jr.



A

TO: ATTN: FAX: Alfa Eco/TNK Andrei Toutchnin 011-7095-956-3349

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DATE:

March 16, 2000

RE:

April O.S.P.

Dear Andrei:

Grateful if you could forward following to SOMO:

QUOTE:

TO:

SOMO, Baghdad

ATTN:

Mr. Mohammed Al-Jibouri

Please find below our ideas and concerns regarding April pricing based on market and freight conditions for your guidance and consideration:

A. MARKET

- The rise in crude and lagging crack spreads in the U.S. differentials and U.S. starting to see weakening bids.
- 2. U.S. Refiners are backing out crude and offering to the market.
- Excess Basrah Light crude currently being offered in April at WTI less USD 1.75-1.80 with little interest from buyers.
- 4. Uncertain whether delivered values will deteriorate further due to impending OPEC increase.

B. FREIGHT

- Due to real increase in demand for large vessels based on OPEC production increases and other factors, worldscale rates have catapulted from WS 42.5 to WS 62.5.
- Newer vessels are offering WS 65 plus as Saudi formulas adjust freight from low USD 0.40's, A SOMO adjustment of about USD 0.45 would be appropriate to cover this increase.

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

PO BOX CB12918 NASSAU BAHAMAS 241 362 4731 FAX 242 362 4733 TIX 20644

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt - FN 91

Page 2 Alfa Eco / TNK

C. OTHER

Due to the absolute high prices, which have currently developed over several minimum, the
corresponding costs of time value money, in-transit losses and insurance would result in an
average USD 0.10 per barrel cost increase over the same period.

We hope the above is of assistance.

Best regards,

UNQUOTE

Thanks for your assistance.

Best regards,

David B. Chalmers, Jr. For and on behalf of Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited TO: ATTN: SOVOIL AG, ZURICH Mr. Sergei Sharaphov

FAX:

011-411-363-1661

FROM:

Ludmil Dionissiev

DATE:

July 28, 2000

Dear Sergei:

PLEASE FORWARD FOLLOWING TO S.O.M.O.

Quote:

We have nominated and we intend to lift on the 7 of August. There was a lot of pressure from SOMO to accept this very unfavorable lifting date and we have accepted it. It is our duty to inform you that the petroleum market is experiencing new and very profound changes and if SOMO doesn't react on time there shall be negative market consequences of an unspecified magnitude.

Mainly there are two factors that are not helping the marketing of Basrah in the USA. We believe that you know them, however it is our duty to inform you about:

Market:

U.S. price for sour crude weakened recently due to oversupply and availability of cheaper grades from other producers.

Marine transportation:

Rates for ULCC/VLCC are almost approaching WS 100. That corresponds to a freight increase of \$0.30-35 per barrel.

For Basrah Light to keep its competitiveness with other grades we think that further adjustment to SOMO OSP for August of \$0.75-0.80/ barrel is needed.

Sincerely,

Unquote

Best regards,

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations

PSI Minority Rpt - FN 91

DATE:

July 28, 2000

Dear Mr. Pokhov,

I shall be very grateful to you if you send the following message to the general director of SOMO. This is very urgent!

Quote:

We would like to provide you with some market information with regard to the price formula for August 2000 liftings.

Due to recent changes in the market the price formulation at present is not sufficient. As you may be aware we have nominated vessels for lifting on 1 and 10 of August and we are facing marketing difficulties.

Please take the following factors into consideration:

- Freight: increase of \$0.30 35 per barrel due to excessive increase in Worldscale rates.
- 2. Petroleum Market:

Almost all other producers supplying the USA have dropped their price formulations by more than 50 cents/barrel.

To keep lifting of Basrah and to keep the competitiveness of the crude grade, we need SOMO's immediate further price reduction for August to a total of 80 cents/barrel.

We hope to hear from you soon.

Sincerely,

Unquote

Thank you for your assistance.

Best regards,

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TROUGH TIMENGRT

BAY04-01922

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt - FN 91

TO: :

Rosnefteimpex, Moscow

ATTN: FAX: Mr. Poukhov 0117095 941 6035

FROM:

Ludmil Dionissiev

DATE:

July 28, 2000

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To keep lifting of Basrah and to keep the competitiveness of the crude grade, we need SOMO's immediate further price reduction for August to a total of 80 cents/barrel.

We hope to hear from you soon.

Sincerely, YNP Unquote

Thank you for your assistance.

Best regards,

TO:

PETROVIETNAM

PETROLEUM TECHNICAL SERVICES COMPANY

SOMU-OSP

ATTN CC:

Mr. Nguyen Manh Hung

Tran Minh Tuan 84.4.7336589

FAX:

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

Date:

September 24, 2000

REF:

OSP Discussions October Liftings

Dear Mr. Hung:

Due to the impending liftings in October for Basrah Light and Kirkuk for U.S. destination and per our usual practice of providing market information and price proposals to S.O.M.O. prior to the establishment of the monthly price, please forward our suggested fax to S.O.M.O. from PTSC on the subject as follows:

QUOTE

TO:

S.O.M.O., Baghdad

ATTN: FROM:

PTSC

REF:

October Formula Price

Due to our impending liftings of Basrah Light and Kirkuk in October, to be intended for delivery to the U.S., we would propose S.O.M.O. consider to submit formula prices which are adjusted from September to include the following market factors:

A. FREIGHT COST

The freight components of the formula discount should compensate for the average increase in VLCC rates since September of between 15-20 World Scale points, equaling between \$0.35 - 0.45 per barrel.

B. MARKET DISCOUNT

- The market price difference to W.T.I. has depreciated, or widened, for other sour crude grades such as Mars, Poseidon, W.T.S., Venezuelan Light, of between \$0.25 - 0.75 per barrel since September.
- The U.S. (S.P.R.) will be offering sour crude for delivery beginning October totaling 15 million barrels which should contribute to a further sour market adjustment for all grades in the near future.

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Minority Rpt - FN 91

C. QUALITY/LOCATION PREMIUM KIRKUK

- The typical U.S. refinery values for Kirkuk are currently allowing for \$0.10 0.20 per barrel versus Basrah Light at the same location.
- ii. The average freight saving for Kirkuk versus Basrah Light would range between \$0.40 0.60 per barrel basis the flat rate difference applicable for between a 20-40 World Scale point market premium, basis the range in vessel size.

Based on the above factors an adjustment to the October O.S.P. for Basrah Light and Kirkuk would be justified as follows:

For Basrah Light	=	From: (WTI Platts)	minus	\$6.70 / barrels
			+	\$0.35 - 0.45 (freight)
			+	\$0.25 - 0.75 (market)
		To: (WTI Platts)		\$7.30 - 7.90 / barrel
For Kirkuk (U.S.)	_	At: (WTI Platts)	minus	\$7.30
FOR KLIKUK (U.S.)	_	AL (WII FIALLS)	mmus	•
		•	-	\$0.40 - 0.60
			-	\$ <u>0.10 - 0.20</u>
		(WTI Platts)		\$6.80 - 6.50 / barrel

Sincerely

UNQUOTE

Thank you for your assistance.

Regards,

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

TO: ATTN: ROSNEFTE IMPEX MR. POUKOV 70959416035

FAX: DATE:

OCTOBER 4, 2000

FROM:

LUDMIL DIONISSEV

PLEASE FORWARD THE FOLLOWING TO S.O.M.O.:

QUOTE:

TO:

S.O.M.O.

ATTN: FAX: Mr. Saddam Hassan 0119641 885 3925

DATE:

October 5, 2000

REF:

October O.S.P.

We appreciate your review of the more current market considerations below since our previous discussions concerning the October price formula, particularly in consideration of our upcoming lifting on October 15, 2000

1) Basrah Light market (U.S. Destination)

Due to increased supplies of competitive crude grades and corresponding lower spot and/or official selling prices established for these grades, the Basrah Light market corresponding delivered market value has deteriorated further in recent days of approximately \$0.50/barrel (or between -4.00 to -4.20 less than WTI Platt's)

2) Freight/Other Costs

Current freight and transshipments costs as per our previous discussions has increased even further since that time, which combined with all the other various costs for our customers could well exceed \$4.00/barrel.

Therefore, the currently proposed formula prices submitted for October (WTI -7.00) compared to the figures described above would result in severe economic hardship or disadvantage to our customers, which according to past practice would be considered by S.O.M.O., by way of a further interim month price adjustment.

Furthermore, we feel that if S.O.M.O. should adapt quickly to such market charges by way of a further price adjustment then market share could be maintained at a time when refiners are under pressure to purchase alternative grades from other producers.

Best regards,

ROSNEFTEIMPEX

UNQUOTE

BAY04-01891

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations

PSI Minority Rpt - FN 91

TRANSMIT REPORT

2000.10-04 18:57 713-224-8101 BAYOL 713-224-8101

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TO: ATTN: FAX:

ROSNEFTE IMPEX

MR. POUKOV 70959416035

DATE:

OCTOBER 4, 2000

FROM:

LUDMIL DIONISSEY

PLEASE FORWARD THE FOLLOWING TO S.O.M.O.:

QUOTE:

TO; ATIN: FAX:

S.O.M.O. Mr. Saddam Hassan 0119641 885 3925

DATE:

October 5, 2000

REF:

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Freight/Other Costs 2)

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RANSMIT REPORT

2000:10-04 19:03 713-224-8101 BAYOIL 713-224-8101

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TO: ATTN: FAX:

ROSNEFTE IMPEX

MR. POUKOV 70959416035

DATE:

OCTOBER 4, 2000

FROM:

LUDMIL DIONISSEY

PLEASE FORWARD THE FOLLOWING TO S.O.M.O.:

OUOTE:

TO: ATTN: PAX:

S.O.M.O. Mr. Suddam Hassan 0119641 885 3925

DATE:

October 5, 2000

REF:

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To: U.N. OVERSEERS
Attn: Mr. Alexander Kramar
Mr. Michel Tellings

Mr. Morten Buur-Jensen

Fax: 212-963-1628

From: David B. Chalmers, Jr.

Date: October 25, 2000

RE: BASRAH LIGHT NOVEMBER OSP (NORTH AMERICA)

We would like to bring to your attention the serious imperfections in the Iraqi OSP's that have been maintained for October Basrah Light loadings for the U.S. We believe these prices to be so seriously overvalued that we are certain that immediate adjustments are required for November liftings.

The above referenced price adjustments are based on recent analysis of actual experienced costs associated with recent shipments of Basrah Light crude oil from Mina Al Bakr to USGC together with the consideration of recent market price changes for similar crude oil grades as well as taking into account the current high freight rates.

Also included, and not to be forgotten, are the increases in the handling and other costs (mainly, but not limited to, the increase in the fundamental oil price itself) not previously taken into account in recent price adjustments.

Please note that this correspondence concludes that it is imperative that the proposed discount for November loadings ex Mina Al Bakr for Basrah Light to U.S. is revised from the current -\$7.00/ bbl to -\$8.49 /bbl.

BAY04-01242

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

P.O. BOX CB12918 NASSAU BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TIX: 20644

PSI Minority Rpt - FN 95

1132

1)SUMMARY OF FREGHT / HANDLING / OTHER COSTS (CURRENT CHANGES)

Since September

Freight (@ WS 130)	3.06	+0.56
		Changes in the last six months
Insurance	0.02	+0.01
Letter of Credit	0.05	+0.025
Inspection	0.03	+0.01
Outturn Loss	0.15	+0.07
Demurrage @ Loadport	0.06	+0.04
Demurrage @ Discharge	0.15	+0.07
Lightering	0.50	+0.20
OPA	0.02	
Hedge Costs	0.01	
TVM	0.15	+0.07
Miscellaneous	0.35	+0.10
TOTAL	4.55	0.595 + .56

1133

2)SUMMARY OF MARKET / FORMULA PRICE CHANGE

	B LIGHT	MARS	<u>wts</u>
AVG SPOT OCTOBER	WTI-3.30-3.40	WTI-3.80	WTI-2.20
AVG SPOT NOV	WTI-3.90-4.10	W11-7.00	WTI-3.20
	-\$0.60-0.70/BBL	-3.20/BBL	-\$1.00/BBI
	A LIGHT /A MEDI	<u>IUM</u>	MAYA
AVG FORMULA OCT	WTI-4.65/5.80		WTI-7.70
AVG FORMULA NOV	WTI-5.05/6.60		WTI-8.70
	-\$0.40-0.80 / BBL		-\$1.00/BBL

3)TAKEN TOGETHER IT IS POSSIBLE TO SUMMARISE THE OVERALL CHANGES

FREIGHT	\$0.56 /BBL
ASSOCIATED COSTS	\$0.53 / BBL
SOUR MARKEŢ (see above)	\$1.00/BBL
BASIS SEPT OSP DISCOUNT	\$6.70 / BBL
REQUIRED DISCOUNT FOR NOVEMBER	\$8.79/BBL

It can be clearly seen from the above that the October OSP of -\$7.00 FOB for Basrah Light was far too expensive and has not been used as a base in this purpose.

It can be clearly seen from the above that the October OSP of -\$7.00 FOB for Basrah Light was far too expensive and has not been used as a base in this purpose.

The price discount for October is thus completely inconsistent with current market conditions and has lead to severe price dislocations in the delivery of sour barrels to US and thus needs to be revised with immediate effect.

Best Regards

David D. Chalmana In



TO:

U.N. OVERSEERS

ATTN:

Mr. Alexander Kramar Mr. Michel Tellings Mr. Morten Buur-Jensen

Fax:

212-963-1628

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DATE:

October 25, 2000

RE:

Basrah Light and Maya Value Comparison - U.S. Gulf

One of the most, if not, the, most competitive grades to Basrah Light is Mexican Maya. The relative margins between these grades, combines with the ready accessibility of the short haul grade, largely determines the refiners perception of the value of the Basrah Light crude oil ex Mina Al Bakr.

The following is based on Platts data for 24 October 2000.

	\$/BBL Basrah Light	\$/BBL <u>Maya</u>
GPV (1)	34.97	31.92
Freight Costs (2)	4.48	1.04
Current Job (3)	26.31	25.65
Refiner's Margin	4.18	<u>5,23</u>

The above indicates that Basrah Light is too expensive with respect to Maya by \$1.05/bbl.

It is apparent from this data that Maya FOB price is \$0.66/bbl cheaper than Basrah Light basis the composite formula which is directly comparable.

BAY04-01236

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

P.O. BOX CB12918 NASSAU BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TIX: 20644

Thus, we can state the following:

Benefit of Maya Over Basrah Light

\$ / bbl

GPV -3.05

FOB 0.66

Freight / Costs 3.44 +\$1.05/bbl

Sincerely,

David B. Chalmers, Jr.



BAYOIL

TO:

U.N. OVERSEERS Mr. Alexander Kramar Mr. Michel Tellings

Mr. Morten Buur-Jensen

Fax:

212-963-1628

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DATE:

October 25, 2000

RE:

Pricing for November Basrah Light loadings ex Mina Al Bakr (North

America)

We would like to draw to your attention the serious imperfections present in the current discount of WTI (second month) less \$7.0/bbl for Basrah Light loadings from Mina Al Bakr during the month of October for North America destination and the requirement for correct pricing for November.

Without doubt any continued imperfect pricing will lead to serious and on going difficulties and disruptions to the refiners in North America and the situation can only be described in the most pessimistic manner. Not least this situation has been and will be compounded by the release of 30 million barrels of crude oil from the Strategic Petroleum Reserve and the increase in OPEC production of 500,000 bpd due to the implementation of the \$28.00 OPEC basket price trigger.

In general the proposed SOMO pricing has not taken into consideration the market supply costs of other competing contract grades, has failed to appreciate the true value of the crude oil to the refining companies as compared with the full supply/refinery economics of competing grades, and has not considered the true increase in actual costs of supplying Basrah-Light itself.

The general evident weakness in Sour crude prices is being driven by undoubted increased availabilities resulting from the recent decisions taken by OPEC over world supply patterns

This is most clearly expressed in the escalating freight rates for current spot charters as against the fixed freight element that is present in the competing Aramco contracts(see below).

BAY04-01238

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

P.O. BOX CB12918 NASSAU BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TIX: 20644

Not least the proposed SOMO pricing has underestimated the yield structure of products emanating from processing Basrah Light with respect to other crude oils such as domestic grades, short haul imports and long haul contractul barrels.

The correct pricing for Basrah Light needs to accommodate the wide differential that exists between the white oils (eg gasoline and gas oil with tight specification requirements) and black oils (eg fuel oil) that currently exist at the moment. These differentials are putting continued pressure on the sweet-sour crude spread and this fact must be recognised in the pricing policy decisions of the suppliers of sour crude oil to the world's oil markets.

The October discount of -\$7.0/bbl does not nearly compensate for the issues introduced above and has involved the lifters with serious losses.

Please find below several examples that demonstrate these issues and, in doing so, lend their suggestions to the correct discounts required for the pricing of November loading Basrah Light cargoes to North America.

A) BASRAH LIGHT COMPARED TO WTI

GPV* difference @ the same location and current market prices	-\$3.91/ьы
VLCC freight and other costs from Mina Al Bakr to USGC	-\$4.48/bbl **

- GPV Gross Product Value is the outturn value of the produced products/feedstocks to the refiner as a result of processing the crude oil.
- This difference is in fact the current market price off WTI for Basrah Light in USGC

-\$8.39/bbl

• This supply cost is broken down as follows:-

FOB Discount required

Freight (@WS 130)	\$3.06/bbl
Insurance, l/c, inspection, loss, OPA, hedge costs	\$0.28/bbl
Lightering/demurrage	\$0.64/bbl
TVM	\$0.15/661
Others	\$0.35/bbl

This means that at a delivered value of WTI less \$3.91/bbl (the current market level)the associated fob price should be WTI less \$8.39/bbl.

B) ARAMCO ARAB LIGHT FOR DECEMBER ARRIVALS (EFFECTIVE NOVEMBER LOADINGS)

Price Differential for fob Arab Light (Official Aramco Pricing for November loadings ex Ras Tanura)	-\$5.05/bbl ***
Current Freight Adjustment for Arab Light to USGC	-\$2.17/bbl
GPV difference for Basrah Light vs Arab Light	-\$0.50/bbl
Freight Differential Mina Al Bakr/ Ras Tanura	-\$0.06/bbl
Unique Costs for Basrah Light:	
Lightering/Demurrage TVM Loss,OPA,insurance Others	-\$0.64/bbl -\$0.15/bbl -\$0.19/bbl -\$0.35/bbl
REQUIRED FOB DISCOUNT FOR BASRAH LIGHT	-\$9.11/bbl

This further reduction anticipates the continued downward pressure on the price of sour barrels in the Western Hemisphere. It is of the crucial importance that SOMO is aware of these factors and responds accordingly.

C) BASED ON MARKET VALUE OF COMPETING WTS DOMESTIC GRADE

Current Market Price of WTS	-\$3.22/bbl
GPV difference	-\$0.77/ын
Freight on Basrah Light	-\$3.06/bbl
Other Costs (see before)	-\$1.39/bbl
REQUIRED FOR DISCOUNT FOR BASRAH LIGHT	_\$\$ 44/hhi

These three illustrations alone conclusively demonstrate the problems for lifters that will arise through any continued implementation of the October discount of -\$7.0/bbl for November..

It is thus imperative that this discount is itself adjusted downwards to somewhere in the region of -\$8.40 to -\$9.11/bbl for all Basrah Light cargoes loading from Mina Al Bakr beginning in November.

We hope the above will prove of interest to you and will assist you in your deliberations for November pricing.

Best Regards

David B. Chalmers, Jr.



TO:

UN OVERSEERS

ATTN:

Alexander Kramar Michel Tellings Morten Buur-Jensen

FAX:

212-963-1628

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DATE:

November 20, 2000

REF:

December (OSP) Basrah Light

Dear Sirs:

I. Shipping Cost Factor

A. Lightering

In addition to the information provided yesterday regarding VLCC overtime, please see enclosed recent charter for lightering. While the specific charges rate average \$230,000.00 or typically \$0.47 / bbl, current avails are indicated up to \$250,000.00 average to Caribs rates.

B. VLCC Market Freight

Based on WS 137 now fixed and offered, a further increase of \$0.10-0.15 / barrel should be considered.

II. Total Net Back Formula

Based on clarification to the above referenced freight costs, in addition to the other costs outlined in our original memo, the following F.O.B. formula should be fully justified based on <u>market conditions</u>:

BAY04-01820

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

PO BOX CR12018 NASSALL RAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TIX: 20644

1142

==	3.30 / bbl
+	0.74 / bbl
+	0.46 / bbi
+	0.20 - 0.35 / bbl
	4.70 – 4.85 / bbl
	<u>4.00 – 4.20</u> / bbl
	8.70 - 9.05 / bbl
	+

Sincerely,

For and on behalf of Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited



TO:

UN OVERSEERS

ATTN:

Alexander Kramar Michel Tellings

Morten Buur-Jensen

FAX:

212-963-1628

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

_ DATE:

November 20, 2000

REF:

February O.S.P. Formula Prices (N. America)

Dear Sirs:

We are pleased to provide you current market assessments for Iraqi crude and other grades, based on recent transactions concluded, and actual refinery valuation comparisons applicable for such grades for typical users as follows:

I. U.S. Market

The itemized market assessments and /or recent changes for Iraqi grades and major competitive grades should be accounted for within the February price formula as follows:

 Current spot transactions (see enclosed contracts) for Basrah Light received in US Gulf have changed little since last reviewed (re: 4.50- 4.60 from 4.40 - 4.50).

Note: However, the change since the December O.S.P. assessment of (W.T.I. -4.00 to -4.20 has not been reflected in the January O.S.P. charge).

The spot transaction for primary competing grades have depreciated since January O.S.P. assessments (12/20) as per Platts / other sources outlined below:

BAY04-01838

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

P.O. BOX CB12918 NASSAU, BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TIX: 20644

PSI Minority Rpt - FN 95

			From 12/20	to	<u>1/10</u>
Mars	-	W.T.I.	-5.50 -5.60	to	7.00
Poseidon	-	W.T.I.	-3.80 -4.20	to	6.10
Oriente	-	WT.I.	-7.20 (F.O.B.)	to	9.50 - 10.00
Mesa	-	W.T.I.	-3.20	to	4.10
W.T.S.	- '	W.T.I.	-2.75	to	3.45

The official formula price for Arab Light has been reduced by \$.15/ per barrel.
 Note: (Freight, lighter, other delivered cost subsidy to Buyers max \$0.20/bbl).

4. Maya formula discount unchanged.

Note: Still substantially more competitive on a quality adjusted basis (see margin comparison).

 Delivered price comparisons for currently offered primary substitute grades to Basrah Light, adjusted for typical refinery yield difference as follows:

	GPV Vs. WTI	FOB Vs. WTI	Landed at Vs. WTI	Relative Margin
Basrah Light	-4.74	-8.60	-4.30	-0.44
Oriente	-4.84	-9.50	-7.00	+2.16
Maya	-8.48	-11.44	-10.12	+1.32
Mars	-5.14	-7.03	-7.03	+1.89
A. Medium	-5.41	-7.35	-6.15	+0.74
A. Light	-4.40	-5.20	-4.00	-0.40
A. Heavy	-6.68	-8.75	-7.55	+0.87

Brent	-0.80	-4.23	-1.88	+1.08
Nigerian Light	+0.50	-4.23	-1.15	+1.65

KIRKUK - U.S. GULF

As per previous correspondence, the O.S.P. formula should reflect typical freight cost savings, plus quality premium adjustment as follows:

Page 3

Freight Savings: Quality:

\$0.45 - 0.50 / barrel \$0.15 0 0.20 / barrel

\$0.60 - 0.70 / max

CONCLUSION:

While delivered spot Basrah Light levels have changed little in recent weeks (i.e. -\$0.10 - 0.20), it is imperative to take into account the changing spot values and comparative margins of the other grades available in the spirit of establishing fair formula prices under the Oil-for-Food Program guidelines.

It is in this connection it is particularly important for such long haul destinations to establish prices which will compete on arrival and thereby encourage regular nominations and liftings under the Program.

(i.e. Recent experiences for Lifters in September – November 2000, whereby spot values for those liftings on arrival have gravitated to the relative value of other grades and, therefore, a net back to Lifters substantially below the O.S.P. at time of lifting).

Sincerely,

David B. Chalmers, Jr. For and on behalf of

Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited



UN OVERSEERS

Alexander Kramar Michel Tellings

Morten Buur-Jensen

FAX:

212-963-1628

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DATE:

January 31, 2001

REF:

Differential delivered FOB Basrah Light and FOB Kirkuk for European

Destination

It is very important that these two grades are priced in equilibrium with each other so as to provide the suppliers with equivalent opportunity to supply either grade.

This differential can be arrived at in a number of ways:

- A.) Basis CIF Augusta utilizing Sumed for Basrah
- B.) Basis CIF Augusta utilizing Cape Voyage for Basrah
- C.) Basis CIF Amsterdam utilizing Cape Voyage for Basrah

A.) <u>Ba</u>	asis CIF Augusta/Basrah Sumed	\$/BBL	
	Kirkuk job (current)	-3.00	
	Freight to Augusta (LR2@150W.S. pts)	0.82	
	LC/Euro	0.10	
	Insurance/Inspection etc	0.04	
	Landed Augusta	-2.04	
	Quality differential for BL/K	-0.57	
	Landed BL Augusta	-2.61	
LR2	Freight Sidi Kerir/Augusta (150W.S. pts)	-0.57	
	Sumed	-0.44	
	Insurance/Inspection	-0.04	
	LC/Euro	-0.10	
VLCC	MAB-Air Suhhna Freight (125W.S. pts)	<u>-1.01</u>	
	FOB MAB	-4.77	
Differ	ential FOB Kirkuk/Basrah Light	+1.77	

B.) Basis CIF Augusta/Cape Voyage for Basrah
Ceyhan -Augusta LR2 (150 W.S. pts) 0.82
MAB -Augusta/Cape/VLCC (90 W.S. pts.) 2.41

\$BBL

0.82 (see A)

-Premium for this voyage with

VLCC being "out of position"

BAY04-00796

Quality Differential at Augusta Kirkuk/Basrah Light

0.57

BAYOR SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

P.O. BOX CB12918 NASSAU, BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TIX: 20644

FOB differential required Kirkuk/Basrah Light	2.16	
C.) Basis CIF Rotterdam/Cape Voyage for Basrah	\$BBL	
MAB- Rotterdam (85W.S. pts)	2.36	
Ceyhan-Rotterdam (115W.S. pts)	1.28	
Quality Differential	0.62	
FOB Differential Required Kirkuk/Basrah Light	1.70	

In conclusion it can be seen that the required FOB differential between Kirkuk ex Ceyhan and Basrah Light ex Mina Al Bakr is

A. B. C.	1.77 2.16 1.70	
Average	1.88	

The proposed differential of 4.50-3.0 for February is clearly not wide enough to represent true market value.

Best regards,

David B. Chalmers, Jr.



TO:

UN OVERSEERS

ATTN:

Alexander Kramar

Michel Tellings Morten Buur-Jensen

FAX:

212-963-1628

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DATE:

January 31, 2001

RE:

FREIGHT CONSIDERATIO FOR PRICING CRUDE OIL FROM MINA

AL BAKR

Dear Sir:

You will be aware that for our dedicated February loading program (which involves nominations and vessel pricing), prior to the actual month of loading. This involves "locking in" market freight rates significantly ahead of the loading program; it is absolutely clear that the OSP deliberations should, therefore, be based on this "fixing window" rather than any later period. If this is not the case this puts the companies where nomination procedures are consistent with the SOMO contract at a significant disadvantage. This is particularly evident in any periods of supply disruption with nomination delays (as is the case here).

To put it another way, the current OSP deliberations for February Basrah Light should consider the worldscale market in the period 10-23 January 2001. This should especially apply to the first half February loadings. To facilitate your research we list below some relevant charters over the period 10-23 January for fixing in the loading window first half February.

You will immediately notice that the appropriate rate to use for first half February loading is about 95 points WS.

The election of a lower rate would penalize regular such lifters, such as our good selves, against lower rate opportunities that exist for available nomination windows in the second half of the month.

Best regards,

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

BAY04-00798

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

P.O. BOX CB12918 NASSAU, BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TIX: 20644

DATE	VESSEL	MT	WINDOW	VOYAGE	RATE	CHARTERS
15/1	Kap.Hiotic	400	4/2	MEG/USG	87.5	Chevron
16/1	Suva	270	28/1	MAB/West	97.5	Sempra- Failed
12/1	Ness	255	20/2	MEG/SAFR	113.75	Sassi
18/1	Hyundai Sun	260	9/2	MEG/India	120	India
19/1	Christina	280	1 /2	RT/RSEA	97.5	Vela
	Verona	265	5/2	Kharg/RSEA	102.5	Agip
23/1	Sylt	280	5/2	MEG/USGC	95	Vela
	Orient Tiger	260	14/2	MEG/UKCM	95	Stasco
11/1	Tanker TBN	270	5/2	MAA/USGC	97.5	KPC
12/1	Pacific Blue	400	1 /2	MEG/USGC	87.5	Exxon
10/1	Hallamaint	280	15/1	MAB/USGC	95	Bayoil
10/1	Hellespoint Paradise	200	13/1	MINDLOSOC		
	Concordia	270	3/2	MEG/UK	97.5	Stasco

TO:

UN OVERSEERS

ATTN:

Alexander Kramar Michel Tellings Morten Buur-Jensen

FAX:

212-963-1628

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DATE:

February 11, 2001

REF:

February O.S.P. Formula Prices (N. America)

Dear Sirs:

We are pleased to provide you current market assessments for Iraqi crude and other grades, based on recent transactions concluded, and actual refinery valuation comparisons applicable for such grades for typical users as follows:

I. U.S. Market

The itemized market assessments and /or recent changes for Iraqi grades and major competitive grades should be accounted for within the February price formula as follows:

 Current spot transactions (see enclosed contracts) for Basrah Light received in US Gulf have changed little since last reviewed (re: 4.50- 4.60 from 4.40 - 4.50).

Note: However, the change since the December O.S.P. assessment of (W.T.I. -4.00 to -4.20 has not been reflected in the January O.S.P. charge).

 The spot transaction for primary competing grades have depreciated since January O.S.P. assessments (12/20) as per Platts / other sources outlined below:

			From 12/20	to	<u>1/10</u>
Mars	-	W.T.I.	-5.50 -5.60	to	7.00
Poseidon	-	W.T.I.	-3.80 -4.20	to	6.10
Oriente	-	WT.I.	-7.20 (F.O.B.)	to	9.50 - 10.00
Mesa	-	W.T.I,		to	4.10
W.T.S.	-	W.T.I.	-2.75	to	3.45

The official formula price for Arab Light has been reduced by \$.15/ per barrel.

Note: (Freight, lighter, other delivered cost subsidy to Buyers max 0.20/bl).

4. Maya formula discount unchanged.

Note: Still substantially more competitive on a quality adjusted basis (see margin comparison).

5. Delivered price comparisons for currently offered primary substitute grades to Basrah Light, adjusted for typical refinery yield difference as follows:

	GPV Vs. WTI	FOB Vs. WTI	Landed at Vs. WTI	Relative Margin
Basrah Light	-4.74	-8.60	-4.30	-0.44
Oriente	-4.84	-9.50	-7.00	+2.16
Maya	-8.48	-11.44	-10.12	+1.32
Mars	-5.14	-7.03	-7.03	+1.89
A. Medium	-5.41	-7.35	-6.15	+0.74
A. Light	-4.40	-5.20	-4.00	-0.40
A. Heavy	-6.68	-8.75	-7.55	+0.87

Brent	-0.80	-4.23	-1.88	+1.08
Nigerian Light	+0.50	-4.23	-1.15	+1.65

KIRKUK - U.S. GULF

As per previous correspondence, the O.S.P. formula should reflect typical freight cost savings, plus quality premium adjustment as follows:

Page 3

Freight Savings: Quality: \$0.45 - 0.50 / barrel \$0.15 0 0.20 / barrel

\$0.60 - 0.70 / max

CONCLUSION:

While delivered spot Basrah Light levels have changed little in recent weeks (i.e. -\$0.10 - 0.20), it is imperative to take into account the changing spot values and comparative margins of the other grades available in the spirit of establishing fair formula prices under the Oil-for-Food Program guidelines.

It is in this connection it is particularly important for such long haul destinations to establish prices which will compete on arrival and thereby encourage regular nominations and liftings under the Program.

(i.e. Recent experiences for Lifters in September – November 2000, whereby spot values for those liftings on arrival have gravitated to the relative value of other grades and, therefore, a net back to Lifters substantially below the O.S.P. at time of lifting).

Sincerely,

David B. Chalmers, Jr.
For and on behalf of
Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited



ITALTECH S.r.l.

/MAIL: P.O. BOX 300 -LIVORNO TELEX: 500170 MOTSOT I FAX: 0586 421223 PHONE: 0586 421221 P.IVA: 010319504940

Sede legale e stabilimento: VIa G.B. Guarini, 24 - 57121 LIVORNO - ITALY

TO:

U.N. Overseers

FAX:

212 963 1628

FROM:

Italtech S.r.l.

DATE:

February 11, 2001

REF:

February OSP Price Mechanism

Italtech has recently received notice of the formula price changes recently approved by the UN, which we understand were based on price changes the Overseers would recommend, but were however significantly different than those prices proposed by SOMO.

Due to the fact that the price formulas submitted did not reflect the original request by SOMO, which we expect were based on recommendations of SOMO customers, we would like to clarify our objections to these price formulas by way of summarizing the economic conditions affecting Italtech's recent and future liftings which are not reflected in the current formula prices as follows:

US DELIVERIES / MARKET CONDITIONS

SUPPLY/DEMAND:

- There is a substantial supply imbalance of Basrah Light to the U.S. (ie March 8-10 mil bbls) versus the refinery outlets. This condition has been prevalent for the past several months, and contributed to the market price changes described below.
- The volume of other substitute sour crudes to the U.S. (ie South American, Saudi grades) has been maintained, despite reported OPEC cuts, at more competitive prices than Iraqi grades.

BAY04-01178

Capitale Sociale I.V. 198.000.000 - Tribunale Livorno n. 15544 - C.C.I.A.A. 93558 - Pos. Import /Export I003654

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations

PSI Minority Rpt - FN 95

MARKET PRICE:

- The delivered spot values of Basrah Light have continued to deteriorate relative to the recent price (WTI) primarily due to the above referenced supply imbalance in the market.
- Specifically, the spot value (recently concluded) is over \$1.50/bbl less than
 the estimate used in setting the original February price formulas. (ie WTI –
 6.00/-6.30)
- Additionally, these spot prices are affecting a majority of cargos lifting in January, thereby reflecting equivalent losses whereby no further OSP adjustment can take place under current guidelines.
- The typical refinery values of Iraqi grades relative to other substitute grades, at their respective market prices, result in Basrah Light being \$1.50-2.00 less competitive at current formula prices (see refinery margin comparison).

EUROPE DELIVERIES / MARKET CONDITIONS

SUPPLY / DEMAND:

- The relatively few shipments of Basrah Light/Kirkuk to Europe since January is consistent with limited refinery outlets for Iraqi and substitute grades.
- The apparent consistent level of OPEC grades (ie Saudi) competing with Iraqi grades has contributed to oversupply conditions.
- The recent negative refinery margins at relevant crude prices has led to dramatically reduced outlets for Iraqi grades.

MARKET PRICES:

- The delivered market values of Iraqi grades delivered either to Northern/Med.
 Ports can be traced to spot values of substitute crudes (ie Urals) which has depreciated well over \$1.00/bbl since January.
- The relative refinery value of Iraqi grades, as compared to other substitute grades has not remained competitive at current OSP prices on average between \$1.00 - \$2.00 / bbl (see refinery margin comparison).

CONCLUSION:

Based on the above referenced market price assessment of Basrah Light as well as the relative refinery value comparisons to other sour crudes in each market region, we urgently appeal to the United Nations to reconsider the price mechanisms applicable for Europe / U.S. in February in an effort to avoid financially penalizing lifters and/or affecting production to the producer.

Augusto Giangrandi

Chairman

1156

TYPICAL REFINERY MARGIN COMPARISON: MED

All figures in \$USD/BBL:

CRUDE OIL	VALUE TO REFINER	COST TO REFINER	GROSS MARGIN TO REFINER BEFORE COSTS
			· ·
ARAB MEDIUM	27.58	25.82	1.76
ARAB HEAVY	26.49	24.99	1.50
MAYA	24.86	22.04	2.84
URALS	28.18	27.36	0.82
IRAN HEAVY	27.53	26.91	0.62
NIGERIAN LIGHT	32.35	31.26	1.09
BASRAH LIGHT	27.43	27.65	-0.22

1157

TYPICAL REFINERY MARGIN COMPARISON: USG

All figures in \$USD/BBL:

CRUDE OIL	VALUE TO REFINER	COST TO REFINER	GROSS MARGIN TO REFINER BEFORE COST
ARAB MEDIUM	33.56	23.91	9.65
ARAB HEAVY	32.47	23.01	9.46
MAYA	30.98	20.59	10.39
WTS	35.23	25.29	9,94
MARS	33.77	22.70	11.07
BASRAH LIGHT	33.95	25.67	8.28

It can easily be seen from the above that Basrah Light @OSP - \$8.45/bbl is significantly overpriced with respect to competing grades requiring a minimum discount increase of at least \$1.50/bbl.

At the current OSP the Iraqi crude oil cannot move without incurring significant and sustained losses



ITALTECH S.r.l.

/MAIL: P.O. BOX 300 -LIVORNO TELEX: 500170 MOTSOT I FAX: 0586 421223 PHONE: 0586 421221 P.IVA: 010319504940

Sede legale e stabilimento: Via G.B. Guarini, 24 - 57121 LIVORNO - ITALY

To:

UN 661 Committee

Attn:

Mr. Peter Kolby, Chairman

Fax:

212 688 0554

From:

ITALTECH S.r.1.

Date:

February 12, 2001

Ref:

February Price Mechanism/Oil-for-food Program

It is our understanding that the UN 661 Committee has confirmed recently submitted changes to the price mechanisms for Iraqi liftings in February for most destinations.

Italtech is currently a customer of SOMO, participating under Phase 9 of the Oil-for-food Program. As such, in connection with meeting contractual liftings, and in the spirit of participating in the programs success, have made early arrangements for February lifting dates and vessels prior to the establishment of the price mechanism.

For this reason we feel obliged to appeal to the Committee directly in an effort to re-address the price mechanism revisions submitted recently, as well as those omitted.

It is our view that the UN Overseers seem to be operating under different mandate than past periods, whereby there is extreme reluctance to accept downward changes in price mechanisms based on other concerns, while market conditions have fully justified such changes.

BAY04-01176

Capitale Sociale I.V. 198.000.000 - Tribunale Livorno n. 15544 - C.C.I.A.A. 93558 - Pos. Import /Export 1003654

For instance, we understand SOMO's request for downward price adjustment for Basrah to the U.S. in February was met such resistance that despite market deterioration at that time, SOMO was obliged to submit a price increase.

It is due to the above and because at further market deterioration, briefly summarized in a letter to the UN Overseers, that we request an immediate review of all price mechanisms effective for February, prior to further scheduled shipments.

In this connection, we have enclosed a letter to the Overseers summarizing the well known market factors which should be considered.

Thank you for your prompt attention to this most urgent matter.



TO: UNITED NATIONS OVERSEERS

ATTN: ALEXANDER KRAMAR

FAX: 212-963-1628

DATE: MAY 29, 2001

FROM: DAVID CHALMERS

RE: IRAQI CRUDE PRICING FOR JUNE: US DESTINATION

This correspondence expresses serious concerns about the U.N. proposed OSP's for June in that the price ideas for the U.S. are far too expensive and do not reflect average changes in market/freight cost conditions since the previous pricing period. Specifically these market changes, outlined below, can be easily converted to a price per barrel increase as follows:

Freight

Average Freight Rate (May lifting)

U.S. 77

(60-55 range offers/fixing)

Average Freight Rate (June Lifting) Average Freight Rate change U.S. 57 - 20-point WT

=.55/bbl approximate

*Per Platt's/ Broker market assessments mid April

Market

Average Delivered Market (May lifting)
Average Delivered Market (June lifting)

WTI-6.15

*Platt's mid April quotes

June lifting) WTI-6.15 Last spot sale

Conclusion

The established past procedure for adjustments upward or downward to the monthly price formula (U.S.) has been to calculate changes in the primary factors (freight/market) since the previous established period. Therefore, as per the outline market factors above, there is no justification for an adjustment greater than \$0.55 based on previously established methods for establishing a fair formula price.

Regards,

BAYOIL, SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

P.O. BOX 6812918 NASSAU BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TIX: 20644

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt - FN 95



ITALTECH S.r.l.

/MAIL: P.O. BOX 300 ~ LIVORNO TELEX: 500170 MOTSOT I FAX: 0586 421223 PHONE: 0586 421221 P.IVA: 010319504940

Sede legale e stabilimento: Via G.B. Guarini, 24 - 57121 LIVORNO - ITALY

TO:

S.O.M.O.

ATTN:

Mr. Saddam Z. Hassan

Executive Director General

CC:

Chief - Crude Oil Section I

Chief - Crude Oil Section II

- DATE:

December 12, 2000

REF:

December (OSP) Basrah Light for N. American Destination

Dear Sirs:

In connection with recent discussions between United Nations / SOMO officials to determine a fair formula price, in which Overseers were not taking into account SOMO's cost/market analysis, please see below the current estimates of actual cost and market conditions applicable for most lifters in December which could be useful for future discussions as follows:

I. FREIGHT / COST

Capitale Sociale I.V. 198.000.000 Teibunale I income n 15544 - CCI A A 02558 - Pos. Import /Export 1003654

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations

PSI Minority Rpt - FN 96

Page 2

TOTAL:	=	4.91 – 4.96
Miscellaneous	=	0.35 - 0.40
Euro Conversion	=	0.05 (Avg)
Hedge	=	0.01

II. DELIVERED MARKED (DIFF)

Spot transactions delivered December/January are WTI -\$4.15 to -\$4.20.

Note: (Current unsold sour crudes, oversupply Barah Light December (3-5 Million Barrels) will likely result in further deterioration of differential to WTI after exports resume).

III. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

The F.O.B. net back price for most lifters based on conditions described above, which are fixed or likely to vary slightly in most cases, will be as follows:

Freight / Costs	=	<u>US\$/BBL</u> 4.91 – 4.96
+ Landed Price Differential (WTI)	=	4.10 - 4.20
Total F.O.B. WTI (Diff) Netback	=	9.01 – 9.16

REFERENCE JANUARY O.S.P. (NORTH AMERICA)

As January O.S.P. price formulas should be agreed relatively soon, we would like to outline some market considerations which should be included with respect to establishing a fair formula price for January as follow:

I. FREIGHT COST

The flat rates for year 2001, to be established shortly for all worldwide movements are expected to increase 15-20% from 2000 year rates.

Page 3

II. The newly established, and reported increase, in port charges applicable in year 2001 from Al Bakr, should be included in the 2001 flat rate, or otherwise considered separately as part of the cost calculation not previously considered in the formula prices.

III. MARKET

- The expected demand decrease in the first quarter, which has historically caused inventory build up and overhang of cargoes available, should be considered as the long voyage and from Al Bakr to North America applicable for January lifting will be likely affected by the above.
- The late adoption of price formulas and extension of phase 8-9 has resulted in less opportunities to pre-arrange recent export quantities East, which will undoubtedly put pressure on the West market due to the quantities of shipments.

We will be pleased to review these matters during the next few weeks, as the market considerations described above become clearer.

•

Augusto Giangrandi

Chairman

TO: ^

S.O.M.O.

ATTN:

Mr. Saddam Z. Hassan

Executive Director General 9641-885-3925

December 17, 2000

FAX: CC:

Chief - Crude Oil Section I

Chief - Crude Oil Section II

DATE:

FORMULA PRICES (EUROPE)

Dear Sirs:

I. KIRKUK

Since the recent establishment of a formula price for December shipments, certain market developments have substantially affected the economics for shipments yet to be lifted through at least January 15, 2001 thereby requiring an immediate adjustment to the formula as proposed and substantiated below.

MARKET CONSIDERATIONS

- Recent Urals cargoes sold at substantially lower levels than the previous week, when the OSP was established and exports were expected to resume, which is a reflection of refinery variable run acquisition levels.
- 2. General European reluctance to increase stocks prior year-end will likely result in minimum requirements at lower acquisition levels.
- 3. The relative increased cost factors for shipping from Ceyhan on a prompt basis, combined with potential holding costs during period prior to corresponding loading dates for next available refinery requirements not fulfilled after year-end will likely be up to 10 days.

PSI Minority Rpt - FN 96

Page 2

Therefore, the Kirkuk differential should be further adjusted to reflect the above referenced changes in market conditions as follows:

From: Dtd Brent less \$3.55 / bbl

Adjusted: Change Dtd / Urals less \$0.85 / bbl

Week Dec 11-17

(from Dtd less 1.50 - 2.35)

Adjusted: Shipment date holding up to less \$0.20/bbl

(10 days).

To: Dtd Brent less \$4.60 / bbl

II. BASRAH LIGHT (EUROPE)

As per Kikruk, in the base case Basrah Light to be adjusted similarly due to the recent market developments affecting Kirkuk liftings, and in addition to use the present market freight calculation to be added to final Kirkuk formula as follows:

MARKET CONDITIONS

1. Freight differential (costs) to equate to Kirkuk (same location).

i.e. Kirkuk – Ceyhan/Augusta at WS 210 (market) = $2.10 \times 3.71 \div 7.37 = 1.05 / bbl$

Basrah – Al Bakr/Augusta at WS 170 (market) = 1.70 x 4.92 ÷ 7.28 = 1.15 / bbl (Suez) + Transit Suez 0.44 + 0.10 = 0.54 / bbl + Sidi/Augusta at WS 215 (market) = 2.15 x 2.57 ÷ 7.28 = 0.76 / bbl

Total Al Bakr / Augusta = 2.45 / bbl

Freight differential Kirkuk / Basrah Light = 1.40 / bbl

2. QUALITY DIFFERENTIAL BASRAH LIGHT / KIRKUK

Under present complex margin netback comparison widely published and typical of recent survey with Med refiners the range between grades has been 0.45-0.55 / bbl under present typical sulfur balance limits most refiners would more severely penalize Basrah Light in order to substitute to Kirkuk or Urals.

Therefore: Basrah Light (Europe) is proposed to be adjusted as follows:

Kirkuk Dtd - \$4.60 / bbl Freight Adjustment - \$1.40 / bbl Q. Adjustment - \$0.50 / bbl

Dtd. - \$6.50 / bbl

Sincerely, ITALTECH S.r.l.

Augusto Giangrandi Chairman



ITALTECH S.r.l.

/MAIL: P.O. BOX 300 -LIVORNO TELEX: 5001 70 MOTSOT 1 FAX: 0586 421 223 / PHONE: 0586 421 221 P.IVA: 010319504941

Sede legale e stabilimento: Via G.B. Guarini, 24 - 57121 LIVORNO - ITALY

To:

Ministry of Oil

His Excellency The Minister

From:

ITALTECH S.r.l.

Date:

February 11, 2001

Ref:

February OSP

I hope all went well during your recent trip to the Far East. As you know my return trip to Baghdad has been somewhat delayed, but expect to arrive this week latest.

Meanwhile, I would like to bring to your attention some developments concerning Italtech's and other liftings this month, which will require urgent cooperation between SOMO and ourselves, in order to mitigate a difficult situation.

Specifically, as you my be aware, the U.N. has continued to resist appropriate formula price changes, including supporting SOMO's proposed changes for February. Unfortunately, during this same time market values of Iraqi grades in the U.S. and Europe have deteriorated further as compared to their respective referenced prices (i.e. Brent, WTI). These depressed market values are continuing to apply to un-delivered shipments from the previous pricing period, as currently in our case, applied to about 8 million barrels loaded in January. Therefore, further shipments at current formulas become untenable.

Therefore, Italtech, together with other concerned customers, are via submission of letters and reports, appealing directly to the UN Overseers, and 661 Committee members to initiate an immediate adjustment to formula prices.

BAY04-01174

Capitale Sociale I.V. 198.000.000 - Tribunale Livomo n. 15544 - C.C.I.A.A. 93558 - Pos. Import /Export 1003654

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt - FN 96

In order for our efforts to be successful and effective it is imperative to get the support of the Ministry and SOMO, to also quickly address the issue in New York. Also, this should include supporting our requests to delay slightly liftings these next few days, during which time these changes can be processed.

As you know Italtech, and its primary customers have made consistent liftings in good faith and during uncertain market conditions, which recently have had dramatic negative financial impact, purely on unforeseen market prices. It therefore is important for us to cooperate together in order to reverse such circumstances for our valued customers.

Sincerely,

Augusto Giangrandi

29 Jun 01 20:53 John Trving

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P.1

2002



TO: ATTN: FAX: SOMO, Baghdad Mr. Ali Hassan 9641-885-3925

FROM: DATE:

John Irving June 29, 2001

REF:

July Price Formula

Dear Mr. Hassen:

I would regard it as a great honour to be able to meet you in the near future either in Vicana, Amman or Baghdad - the venue and place being a function of your itinerary and your current diary.

It is particularly imperative with regard to the resumption of exports to discuss the potential July price and potential difficulties with the Overseers, specifically in connection with the recent history i.e. June 2001, where they have departed from past methodologies which are further exacerbated by artificial market factors relevant today, but will not be relevant when exports resume. If such factors are mposed by the U.N. Overseers the likely result will an an incorrect price formula for July as well.

As such it will be useful to review in person an appropriate calculation prior to the submission of the formula.

I would be very grateful if the above can be organized, and to this end, I will attempt to contact you over the weekend.

You can always contact me on my mobile - 0044 7787 148767: telephone 00441 256889024 or fax 0044 1256 889028.

I look forward to meeting you in the near future.

Yours sincerely.

John lrving

BAYON, SUPPLY & TRADING UNITED

F.O. BOX CB12918 NASSAU BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TIX: 20644

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Minority Rpt - FN 96

BAY04-01111

TO: S.O.M.O. BAHDAD ATTN: ALI HASSAN FAX: 011 9641 885 3925

DATE: JULY 13, 2001

RE: OSP'S FOR IRAQI OIL IN PERIOD 21-31 JULY 2001 DESTINATION NORTH AMERICA

You will be aware that the OSP's for Kirkuk and Basrah Light Crude for North American destination have already been established for the period 10-20 July 2001.

You will also be aware that the end of this period is no more than seven days away and that this constitutes an impossibly short gap to cover all normal business practices in order to effect oil movements in the period immediately following 20th July 2001.

We would therefore earnestly recommend to you that the applicable OSP's for the above movements are established without delay for the period 21-31 July (or later). For your kind information there has been no reported market changes that have occurred since the announcement of July 10-20 previous OSP's. However, due to significant volume of Kirkuk loading to the U.S. and due to previously covered European requirements, Kirkuk prices could deteriorate from these previously assessed.

FOR BASRAH LIGHT	PREVIOUS	12/7/01	CHANGE
FREIGHT	\$1.29 (45 WS)	\$1.43 (50 WS)	-0.14
-		BASE OSP	-7.55
		REQUIRED NEW OSP BASRAH	-7.69

The same consideration can be given to Kirkuk whereby the new OSP should \$-6.99. You will, of course, be completely aware that these price calculations are in line with adopted UN procedures for their price-overseeing role.

In conclusion we state that these procedures require new OSP's as follows for July 21st onwards:

Basrah Light \$-7.69 Kirkuk \$-6.99

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt - FN 96

Best regards,

David B. Chalmers Jr.

29 Rug 01 00:24 Johr. 08/28/2001 18:11 FAX 7132248101 John-Irving 01 3889028



TO:

S.O.M.O.

ATTN:

MR. ALI HASSAN

28^{TR} AUGUST 2001

FROM:

DATE:

BAYOIL SUPPLY AND TRADING LIMITED MR JOHN IRVING

RE:

PRICE OF IRAQI CRUDE OIL FOR NORTH AMERICA DESTINATION FOR CARGOES LOADING SEPTEMBER 2001.

We trust that you and your colleagues are well,

Firstly, we must express our serious reservations concerning the current price during August 2001, where you will be aware that the lifters became increasingly frustrated by:

- 1.) The establishments of OSP's that were not reflective of

- 1.) The establishments of OSP's that were not reflective of prevailing market condrigns.
 2.) Serious market losses for most lifters.
 3.) Persistent failure to recognise the above factors
 4.) The degree of retro-activity that was evident on both freight and market numbers against positions previously fixed
 5.) A pricing policy that is non-comparable with the pricing frequency of other-long hand sour crude oils and is clearly leading to grade substitution in the USGC
 6.) The failure of the above mentioned pricing policy to reflect the Aramco pricing charges for Arab Light, Medium and Heavy crude oils (reductions of \$0.50,\$0.70,\$0.40/bb! respectively) delivered in September for USGC.
- delivered in September for USGC.

 7.) The continued utilization and polongation of the microg-troupon the establishment of the May OSP (Barah) @ -39.45 basis an admitted base of a delivered market of -56.50 and a stated applied freight of 87WS. Together with \$0.92 costs, this gives a base requirement of \$59.92.
 This gave a pricing error of \$0.47/bbl. This error continued in May to June where the freight market moved from 77WS to

FG BOX CR17918 NASSAU BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 EAX-242 362 4735 TX: 20644

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Minority Rpt - FN 96

BAY04-01074

29 Rug 01 00:24 John Irving 08/28/2001 18:11 FAX 7132246101

01 6888028

p.3 Q2002



57WS (an increase of \$0.55/bbl) and the delivered market was

57WS (ar increase of \$0.55/0bl) and the neuveron manager unchanged @ -\$6.15.
The established procedure for OSP adjustments upwards or downwards basis delivered market, freight and cost changes was further broken by an OSP increase of \$0.90/bbl (from \$8.45 to -\$7.55), giving a pricing error of \$0.35/bbl

Please see below that the current price of \$6.55, accomined on the same basis, is still \$0.58/bbl too high.

The complete failure to respond to the falling price of spot short hauf sour crude in USGC over the month of August.

Since the end of July Mars has dropped from \$4.13 \$3.95/bbl (end July) to \$6.45 \$6.09/bbl (end August), and still Basrah was priced at \$5.5 FOB across the entire month of August, with the period 11-20 and 21-31 being effectively applied retroactively.

This continuous and relentless pressure to apply prices that are demonstrably incorrect and too expensive by far is the biggest threat facing the scheduling policy of S.O.M.O.

What has happened recently is that the OSP's have been pushed to the ultimate, providing a catalyst for non contractual performance, succeeded in making fraqi crude unattractive, initiated a clear Aramco advantage, benefited abort or medium long haul crude oil movements (including Brent ex Sullon Voe), expedited the political policies of certain National State members of the UN Security Council and generally disadvantaged the successful disposition of Iraqi crude oil in world markets-including USGC.

This situation can be corrected by the re-establishment of historically effective pricing criteria: -

Price for 1-30 September 2001

Basrah Light

Delivered market: -\$4.75' bbl (offered/concurred)-(-\$4.95/bbl BID)

Freight \$1,51/bbl (52.5 WS)

-£

Other costs: -50.92/bbl (Approximate per previous memo)

Derived OSP: -\$7.12/pbl

The freight rate of \$2.5 WS is the corrent AG-WEST rate for VLCG; and its application is consistent with historical 30 day pricing across-the month.

29 Rug 01 00:24 Joh ... Irving 08/28/2001 18:11 FAX 7132248101

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6000

Kirkuk

Other Costs

Quality Differential to Basrah Light:

+\$0.20 /bbi

Freight Saving Differential to Basrah Light:

+\$0.43/bbl (65 WS -- Ceyhan)

+\$0.10 /bbl (double negative) -\$6.50/BID

Kirkuk OSP Required:

-\$6,45/661

We hope that you regard this correspondence as helpful and we hope that the above problems mentioned above will soon be resolved in a manner that is satisfactory to your

Best Regards,

John Irving

BAY04-01076

TRANSMIT REPORT

2001.01-17 17:34 713-224-8101 BRYOIL 713-224-8101

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301	01196419963926	01-17 17:31	. 02' 55	03/03	ОK		

7460210182

TO:

SOMO, Baghdad

ATTN:

Mr. Ali Hassan

FAX:

9641-885-3925

DATE:

January 17, 2001

Dear Ali:

I thought you may be interested in the short note I sent the Overseer's which I felt compelled to write out of sheer frustration, which I am sure is mutually shared with you and your colleagues at SOMO.

David Chalmers

BAY04-01191

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt - FN 99





February 12, 2001

Via Fax 212-415-4271

United Nations 661 Committee Mr. Eugene Young, US Representative New York, NY

Dear Mr. Young:

As you recall from our previous discussions, Bayoil has shipped oil from Iraq since the beginning of the oil-for-food program, primarily to the US, for distribution to many independent refiners. As such, although Bayoil has no contracts with SOMO, likely due to our American origins, we do provide regular market information to SOMO and the UN for purposes of establishing a fair pricing mechanism each month.

On balance since the start of the oil-for-food program began, we believe our market assessments have been considered by both parties until recently. It appears to many lifters during recent months, and February in particular, that the Overseers have been skeptical toward market assessments relating to actual handling costs as well and delivered market assessments. It is further apparent to most lifters that recent resistance by the Overseers to consider fully these factors which would result in downward adjustment to price formulas, is due to some new mandate, whereby any price mechanism approved would not theoretically allow a margin covering the recently reported request for some kind of surcharge.

While most lifters, including Bayoil, support the concept of these efforts by the Overseers, in practice it has contributed to the recent and current price formulas being completely uncompetitive with the market. For regular lifters such as Bayoil, which in good faith, makes arrangements for shipments to its refiner trade partners well in advance of the price mechanism formula being established, there is no recourse to the consequential market losses which will occur and have in recent months occurred resulting from market changes after lifting. Therefore, considering the recent history, it seems reasonable for the U.N. to approve new price formulas reflecting real changes in the market since January; thereby reducing further market losses for lifters, which should contribute to the success of the program in general and eliminate further production curtailments.

The market changes for Iraqi crudes referred to above are typical of depreciation of all the comparable sour crude grades (i.e. Urals), delivered to either Europe or America, relative to their reference price (Brent – WTI) respectively between \$1.20-\$1.50/bbl since January. At the same time the price mechanism for Basrah to these markets has risen from \$0.25/bbl U.S. and \$0.70/bbl Europe. While we understand the Overseers have taken into account a generic reduction of market freight, most vessels for February have been arranged prior to such a reduction. In any case, a freight reduction factor of \$0.25-\$0.30/bbl does not come close to justifying the net increase in the price mechanism during a period of such a substantial market depreciation.

Due to the above referenced example of disparities between the market realities and current formula prices, we are compelled to appeal directly to the 661 Committee to approve and support proposed adjustments to the current price formulas to reflect the recent market changes, which can be easily calculated, while preserving a strict policy of establishing formula prices which encourage SOMO's customers to adhere to all resolution guidelines.

Thank you for your attention to this most urgent matter.

D. 111

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

BAYOR SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

P.O. BOX CB12918 NASSAU, BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TIX: 20644

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt-FN 103

BAY04-01173

1177

*****URGENT****

TO:

ROSNEFTEIMPEX

ATTN:

MR. POUKHOV

FAX:

011 7095 979 6071

Email:

recms@online.ru

FROM:

DAVID B. CHALMERS, JR.

REF:

FEBRUARY OSP

PLEASE URGENTLY FORWARD ON YOUR LETTERHEAD THE ATTACHED MEMO AND GRAPHS TO THE UN OVERSEERS. URGENTLY SEND COPIES TO THE FOLLOWING:

- 1. SOMO
- 2. MR. PETER KOLBY, CHAIRMAN 661 COMMITTEE FAX NO. 212 688 0554
- 3. AMBASSADOR SERGEY LAVROV UN REPRSENTATIVE RUSSIAN FEDERATION FAX NO: 212 628 0252

BEST REGARDS, DAVID B. CHALMERS, JR.

PSI Minority Rpt-FN 105

1178

URGENT URGENT

FROM: ROSNEFTEIMPEX

MR. POUKHOV

TO: U.N. OVERSEERS

FAX: 212 963 1628

REF: IRAQI CRUDE FORMULA PRICES (FEB)

DATE: February 11, 2001

We hereby request immediate action be taken to revise formula prices for Iraqi crudes based on <u>actual</u> market prices and conditions today, and applicable to prompt shipments which ROSNEFTEIMPEX has contracted for and scheduled to lift.

Specifically, and most urgently, we refer to vessels awaiting loading Mina Al Bakr, which if loaded at current formula prices would mean paying a substantial premium to the market for the crude, and consequently substantial losses to receivers.

To support our urgent request we hereby enclose a summary of the economic conditions applicable for prompt shipments, referred to above, which during recent negotiations with S.O.M.O. were apparently not considered, which combined with further market changes since, mandate an immediate price review which should be within the guidelines of the "oil for food" resolution to regularly establish fair market prices.

MARKET SUMMARY

BASRAH LIGHT

There is substantial volume (over 8MM barrels) of Basrah Light inventory and/or deliveries in March (i.e. January loading) which is being valued and offered at substantial discounts (-1.50/bbl) to the U.S. price formula applicable to both the applicable lifting date and to currently applied (February) formula. Based on insufficient outlets for such quantities resulting from full refinery capabilities values are likely to deteriorate further.

Therefore a revised formula for European destination should be <u>immediately</u> adopted, in addition to a further revised formula for U.S. destination effective not later than February 15, reflecting market changes outlined below, not reflected in today's formula:

EUROPE (BASRAH)

For purposes of demonstration the substantial requirement for formula price change applicable to February we summarize the change between the (January) price formula and current (February) price formula compared to change in market prices as follows:

OFFICIAL SELLING PRICE (January/February)

January Europe Formula:	Brent	- \$5.20/bbl
February Europe Formula:	Brent	- \$4.50/bbl
=Effective Price Increase		+\$.70/bbl

MARKET (January/February)

During the time period between the establishing of the (January) formula and the (February) formula the following change in market prices has occurred as follows: (See enclosed Platts chart)

	Basrah Light (Delivered NWE)	Urals (NWE)		Urals (Med)
(January) Liftings	Brent -\$1.70	Brent	-\$.70-80	Brent -\$.90
(February) Liftings	Brent -\$2.90	Brent	-\$1.95-2.00	Brent -\$2.20-2.30
Current (Offered)	Diviti va.50	Diene	Ψ1.20 ·2.00	2.20 2.50
Effective Market Δ	-\$1.25/bbl		-\$1.20-1.25/bb	-\$1.30-1.40/bbl

Therefore the net effect to lifters for F.O.B. shipments from January to mid February (i.e. ROSENEFTEIMPEX lifting period) are as follows:

Average Market Decrease

Basrah Light/Other Sour Crude

-\$1.20-1.30/bbl

(Jan/Feb)

Increase O.S.P. Formula (Jan/Feb) +\$.70/bbl

Effective Price Increase

\$1.90/bbl (minimum)

(Jan/Feb)

BASRAH U.S.

For purposes of demonstration the substantial requirement for formula price change applicable to February we summarize the change between the (January) price formula and current (February) price formula compared to change in market prices as follows:

OFFICIAL SELLING PRICE (January/February)

January U.S. Formula:

WTI -\$8.75/bbl

February U.S. Formula:

WTI -\$8.45/bbl (current)

=Effective Price Increase:

+\$.30/bb1

Basrah Light Spot Assessment (Platts) (Delivered U.S. Gulf)

1180

(January) Liftings WTI -\$4.50bbl (January O.S.P.-Based Value)

(February) Liftings WTI -\$6.00/bbl (Basis last spot sale) *Note: January lifting

=Effective Market Δ -\$1.50/bbl

Therefore the net effect to lifters for F.O.B. shipments from January to mid February (i.e. ROSENEFTEIMPEX lifting period) are as follows:

Average Market Decrease

Basrah Light/Other Sour Crude -\$1.50/bbl (minimum)

Increase O.S.P. Formula (Jan/Feb) +\$.30/bbl

Effective Price Increase +\$1.70/bbl (minimum)

(Jan/Feb)

FREIGHT COST

BASRAH LIGHT

At the time that the February OSP prices were negotiated with SOMO and submitted for approval we understand that a freight market adjustment was considered by the U.N. Overseers to partially offset some of the above factors.

Unfortunately, for liftings arranged in advance, before mid February, such market freight savings had not occurred. For future shipments a savings of 10 WS pts should apply or equal to approximately \$0.25/bbl.

CONCLUSION

It is evident from the above referenced simple summary of economic considerations affecting liftings in February that an immediate price formula change is required.

This price change should take in fully the net price increase since January described above, by adjusting the current OSP formulas for Europe and the U.S. as follows:

EUROPE: DTD Brent -4.50 (Feb OSP Current)

-1.90 (Effective Price Increase Since Jan.OSP)

TO: DTD Brent -6.40 (Feb OPS Proposed)

US: WTI

-8.45 (Feb OSP Current)

-1.70 (Effective Prince Increase Since Jan.OSP)

TO: WTI -10.50 (Feb. OSP Proposed)

KIRKUK CRUDE

While the requirement for immediate formula price changes for Basrah shipments for Europe/US destinations is stressed above, due to the economic impact for lifters (ie

ROSNEFTEIMPEX and others) which pre-arrange prompt vessels prior to the establishment of offical prices, it is also implied that Kirkuk formula prices should likewise be adjusted.

This need to change Kirkuk prices also is evidenced by the recent export levels, which have ranged from nil to short periods whereby a few liftings have occurred, but well below capacity.

Kirkuk formula prices should therefore be adjusted based on the above proposed Basrah Light price formula, plus fair market adjustments for quality and freight savings.

Sincerely,

ROSNEFTEIMPEX

TO:

Mr. Peter Kolby, Chairman

U.N. 661 Committee

FAX:

212 688 0554

CC:

Ambassador Serge Lavrov

•

UN Representative Russian Federation

FAX:

212 628 0252

FROM:

ROSNEFTEIMPEX

DATE:

February 12, 2001

Dear Sirs:

I am compelled to write you regarding the price mechanism recently approved by the UN for February liftings, whereby the prices submitted by the Overseers are significantly different than market prices, and consequently will jeopardize future oil liftings under the program, as well as the companies participating.

Rosnefteimpex has participated in the program since Phase VIII, and as such are familiar with the process of establishing prices. On the basis of this understanding, and good faith, we have arranged liftings for February, prior to the establishment of a price mechanism, for vessels expected to begin loading February 9, 2001.

Under the present price mechanism to perform such a lifting would have substantial financial consequences to the lifter which cannot be the intent of the UN.

However, given the fact that the changes in market circumstances since January described above, which have deteriorated further last week, seemed to have been largely dismissed the UN Overseers. For example, we understand that SOMO attempted to submit more competitive formula's which would not have been accepted, despite supportive arguments. For this reason, we appeal herein to the Committee directly in order to resolve this issue.

We are also concerned with the future viability of the program, if due to recent special concerns of the Committee, as in February, a price mechanism can't be fairly established according to standard industry conditions.

As to the present situation, with vessels arriving, and to avoid further curtailments to the production and program in general, we have submitted the enclosed memorandum to the UN Overseers, which clearly demonstrates the current price mechanism inequities for your review.

Sincerely,

ROSNEFTEIMPEX

1183

URGENT URGENT

FROM: ROSNEFTEIMPEX

MR. POUKHOV Fax: (995) 979 60 71

TO:

U.N. OVERSEERS

FAX:

212 963 1628

REF:

IRAQI CRUDE FORMULA PRICES (FEB)

DATE:

February 11, 2001

We hereby request immediate action be taken to revise formula prices for Iraqi crudes based on actual market prices and conditions today, and applicable to prompt shipments which ROSNEFTEIMPEX has contracted for and scheduled to lift.

Specifically, and most urgently, we refer to vessels awaiting loading Mina Al Bakr, which if loaded at current formula prices would mean paying a substantial premium to the market for the crude, and consequently substantial losses to receivers.

To support our urgent request we hereby enclose a summary of the economic conditions applicable for prompt shipments, referred to above, which during recent negotiations with S.O.M.O. were apparently not considered, which combined with further market changes since, mandate an immediate price review which should be within the guidelines of the "oil for food" resolution to regularly establish fair market prices.

MARKET SUMMARY

BASRAH LIGHT

There is substantial volume (over 8MM barrels) of Basrah Light inventory and/or deliveries in March (i.e. January loading) which is being valued and offered at substantial discounts (-1.20/bbl) to the U.S. price formula applicable to both the applicable lifting date and to currently applied (February) formula. Based on insufficient outlets for such quantities resulting from full refinery capabilities values are likely to deteriorate further.

Therefore a revised formula for European destination should be <u>immediately</u> adopted, in addition to a further revised formula for U.S. destination effective not later than February 15, reflecting market changes outlined below, not reflected in today's formula:

EUROPE (BASRAH)

For purposes of demonstration the substantial requirement for formula price change applicable to February we summarize the change between the (January) price formula and current (February) price formula compared to change in market prices as follows:

1

BAY04-01197

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations

PSI Minority Rpt-FN 106

OFFICIAL SELLING PRICE (Jaquary/February)

 January Europe Formula:
 Brent
 - \$5.20/bbl

 February Europe Formula:
 Brent
 - \$4.50/bbl

 ⇒Effective Price Increase
 +\$.70/bbl

MARKET (Japuary/February)

During the time period between the establishing of the (January) formula and the (February) formula the following change in market prices has occurred as follows: (See enclosed Platts chart)

	Basrah Light (Delivered NWE)	Urals (NWE)	Urals (Med)
(January) Liftings	Brent -\$1.70	Brent	-\$,70-80 -\$1,95-2,00	Brent -\$.90 Brent -\$2.20-2.30
(February) Liftings Current (Offered)	Brent -\$2.90	Brent	-\$1.93-2.00	Brent -\$2,20-2,30
Effective Market A	-\$1.25/bbi		-\$1.20-1.25/bb	-\$1.30-1.40/bbl

Therefore the net effect to lifters for F.O.B. shipments from January to mid February (i.e. ROSENEFTEIMPEX lifting period) are as follows:

Average Market Decrease

Basrah Light/Other Sour Crude

-\$1.20-1.30/bbl

(Jan/Fcb)

Increase O.S.P. Formula (Jan/Feb) +

+\$.70/bbl

Effective Price Increase

\$1.90/bbl (minimum)

(Jan/Feb)

BASRAH U.S.

For purposes of demonstration the substantial requirement for formula price change applicable to February we summarize the change between the (January) price formula and current (February) price formula compared to change in market prices as follows:

OFFICIAL SELLING PRICE (January/February)

January U.S. Formula:

WTI -\$8.70/bbl

February U.S. Formula:

WTI -\$8.45/bbl (current)

-Effective Price Increase:

+\$.25/661

1185

Basrah Light Spot Assessment (Platts)

(Delivered U.S. Oulf)

(January) Liftings WTI -\$4,50bbl (January O.S.P.-Based Value)

(February) Liftings WII -\$5.70/bbl (Basis last spot sale) "Note: January lifting

≈Effective Market Δ -\$1.20/bbl

Therefore the net effect to lifters for F.O.B. shipments from January to mid February (i.e. ROSENEFTEIMPEX lifting period) are as follows:

Average Market Decrease

Basrah Light/Other Sour Crude -\$1.20/bbl (minimum)

Increase O.S.P. Formula (Jan/Feb) +\$.25/bbt

Effective Price Increase

+\$1.40/bb! (minimum)

(Jan/Feb)

FREIGHT COST

BASRAH LIGHT

At the time that the February OSP prices were negotiated with SOMO and submitted for approval we understand that a freight market adjustment was considered by the U.N. Overseers to partially offset some of the above factors.

Unfortunately, for liftings arranged in advance, before mid February, such market freight savings had not occurred. For future shipments a savings of 10 WS pts should apply or equal to approximately \$0.25/bbl.

CONCLUSION

It is evident from the above referenced simple summary of economic considerations affecting liftings in February that an immediate price formula change is required.

This price change should take in fully the net price increase since January described above, by adjusting the current OSP formulas for Europe and the U.S. as follows:

EUROPE: DTD Brent -4.50 (Feb OSP Current)

-1.90 (Effective Price Increase Since Jan.OSP)

TO: DTD Brent -6.40 (Feb OPS Proposed)

US:

WTI -8.45 (Feb OSP Current)

-1.40 (Effective Prince Increase Since Jan.OSP)

TO: WTI -9.85 (Feb. OSP Proposed)

KIRKUK CRUDE

While the requirement for immediate formula price changes for Basrah shipments for Europe/US destinations is stressed above, due to the economic impact for lifters (ie ROSNEFTEIMPEX and others) which pre-arrange prompt vessels prior to the establishment of offical prices, it is also implied that Kirkuk formula prices should takewise be adjusted.

This need to change Kirkuk prices also is evidenced by the recent export levels, which have ranged from nil to short periods whereby a few liftings have occurred, but well below capacity.

Kirkuk formula prices should therefore be adjusted based on the above proposed Basrah Light price formula, plus fair market adjustments for quality and freight savings.

Sincerely,

Y.Poukhov

10

02-12-2001 09:44AM FROM

TO:

Mr. Peter Kolby, Chairman

U.N. 661 Committee

FAX:

212 688 0554

FROM:

ROSNEFTEIMPEX

Fax: (095) 979 60 71

DATE:

February 12, 2001

Dear Sirs:

I am compelled to write you regarding the price mechanism recently approved by the UN for February liftings, whereby the prices submitted by the Overseers are significantly different than market prices, and consequently will jeopardize future oil liftings under the program, as well as the companies participating.

Rosnesteimpex has participated in the program since Phase VIII, and as such are familiar with the process of establishing prices. On the basis of this understanding, and good faith, we have arranged liftings for February, prior to the establishment of a price mechanism, for vessels expected to begin loading February 9, 2001.

Under the present price mechanism to perform such a lifting would have substantial financial consequences to the lifter which cannot be the intent of the UN.

However, given the fact that the changes in market circumstances since January described above, which have deteriorated further last week, seemed to have been largely dismissed the UN Overseers. For example, we understand that SOMO attempted to submit more competitive formula's which would not have been accepted, despite supportive arguments. Por this reason, we appeal herein to the Committee directly in order to resolve this issue.

We are also concerned with the future viability of the program, if due to recent special concerns of the Committee, as in February, a price mechanism can't be fairly established according to standard industry conditions.

As to the present situation, with vessels arriving, and to avoid further curtailments to the production and program in general, we have submitted the enclosed memorandum to the UN Overseers, which clearly demonstrates the current price mechanism inequities for your review.

Sincerely Yours,

Y.Pokhov

1188

TO: RICHMOND HOTEL - GENEVA

FAX: 0114122 715 7001

ATTN: MR. AUGUST GIANGRANDI – ROOM 527

DATE: FEBRUARY 11, 2001

FROM: DC

Please see attached copies of:

1. Letter to Overseers from Rosnefteimpex

- Letter to UN 661 Committee from Rosnefteimpex
- 3. Letter to MO from Italtech (to approve and instruct Italy)
- 4. Letter to UN Overseers from Italtech (to be finalized in Houston in AM)
- 5. Letter to UN 661 Committee from Italtech
- 6. To be finalized letter to US from Bay

Best regards,

DC

772-6872

917 913 4035



TO:

Mr. Peter Kolby, Chairman

U.N. 661 Committee

FAX:

212 688 0554

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DATE:

June 25, 2001

Dear Sirs:

I am enclosing a copy of a letter sent to an affiliated company, addressed to myself, from the office of The Oil Overseers, together with copies of letters sent to several oil contract holders. While the various companies may respond to the letters directly or through their respective U.N. Mission, I feel compelled to advise your office of our concerns regarding the motivations behind the sending of these letters.

Specifically, our concerns center on the compelling evidence of a long standing prejudice toward myself and the company I am affiliated with, extended to the companies we have contracted for supply, by the individual U.N. Overseers, Mr. Michel Tellings. In this connection, I would like to summarize some key points supporting our concerns as follows:

Firstly, Bayoil has from the beginning of the Oil-for-Food" program provided the office of The Oil Overseers regular well documented market information in the spirit of assisting The Overseers to achieve their sole mandate of establishing monthly price mechanisms which are reflective of fair market conditions. As such, since the start of the program until late last year, there were seldom differences between Bayoil's market assessments applicable for each monthly price mechanism and the final agreed formula between SOMO and the U.N. Overseers.

Beginning late last year, there has been consistent differences between fair market formulas proposed by lifters, and the formula which the office of the Overseers would accept from SOMO. Since most lifters, such as Bayoil, make such arrangements well in advance of each month, SOMO has endeavored to propose or submit prices consistent with lifters current assessments, often leading to a stalemate or outright rejection by the Overseers. This development is widely known to be due to the hard line approach of Mr. Tellings, including a departure of methodologies used to establish monthly formulas prior to his appointment, which has led to widely reported friction between Mr. Tellings and SOMO, as well as most established lifters such as Bayoil who regularly contested the price formula.

BAY04-01301

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

PO. BOX CB12918 NASSAU BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TIX. 20644

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt-FN 110

U.N. 661 Committe Page 2

The prejudice specifically directed toward Bayoil and myself personally, can be traced to our correspondence to the Committee during previous months outlining the inconsistency in calculating fair formula prices, and is further evidenced by Mr. Tellings refusal to have a telephone conversation or meeting on the subject which is, of course, outside the guidelines and completely unprofessional.

The recent letter request for information enclosed is further evidence of a pattern of prejudice, whereby the documentation request is completely outside Mr. Telliag's authority and mandate under the program. Furthermore, the fact that the type of documentation request has not been part of historical practice and not requested of any other lifter than ourselves.

It should be further noted that the requested documentation is specifically targeting the lightering of vessels through the Egyptian SUMED Pipeline and Canal, which is a historical shipping route, recently interpreted by Mr. Tellings as outside the contract terms.

This interpretation has led to the current situation, whereby, new documentation requirements for vessel owners under destination disallows such Suez routings to final disport, leading to a stoppage of all transit through the Suez Canal. It is not reasonable that such an occurrence was contemplated by the Committee, whereby an individual overzealous Overseer has established the power to stop shipping through an established trade route due to a technical contract interpretation and based on prejudice toward a specific shipper.

Due to the above circumstances we respectfully decline Mr. Tellings' request for information outside the authority of his office, while maintaining our accountability to all our suppliers, including SOMO, with respect to meeting contractual terms and conditions.

It is with great regret that I feel compelled to address the above referenced concerns to your office, as I have previously had great respect for the office of the Oil Overseers, who's job is of great importance to the success of the program.

Sincerely,

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

Encls.

TO:

UN OIL OVERSEERS

ATTN:

Alexander Kramar

Michel Tellings Morten Buur-Jensen

FAX:

212-963-1628

FROM:

Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited

DATE:

January 24, 2002

REF:

Your Ref: S/AC.25/2002/1382 dated 10 January 2002

M/T Hellespont Paradise - B/L 2/25/01 and M/T Tina - B/L 1/20/01

Dear Sirs:

For your information with regard to the referenced shipments, Bayoil has according to standard industry practice, made every effort to comply on all shipments within the terms and conditions of the contracts applicable for each lifting. To this extent, we have further provided our supplier, when requested, any information relevant to the application of the appropriate contractual terms.

Therefore, we are surprised by the continued request directly to Bayoil relating to specific detailed information for the shipments referenced to above as Bayoil had previously provided your office, on a courtesy basis, clarification about shipping routes for a number of vessels, including the vessels mentioned, which should have satisfied your overall concerns. As such we understand your office has already obtained directly and indirectly the information requested concerning the vessels used in shipping the oil to final destination which should have satisfied your overall concerns. Secondly, we are surprised by such a request directly to Bayoil as recently your office had made it clear to our personnel that there is no reason for communications between your office and Bayoil's professional personnel, despite the fact Bayoil is an approved lifter and therefore formally authorized to have discussions on price with your office.

This was evident during a recent telephone call by Bayoil London representative, Dr. John Irving to Mr. M. Tellings to discuss market prices, in which Dr. Irving was told in response to an enquiry about how formulas were calculated, "who are you", "you are not a refiner, you are not an allocation holder". "I am bored with this conversation".

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Page 2

Based on this disturbing conversation, we are greatly concerned that your office, whose mandate is primarily in connection with reviewing prices submitted for establishing fairness, is instead, on some kind of mission to find fault with our Company, by attempting to directly audit the activities of our company in a manner not universally applied to all industry participants in the program and outside your office's standard scope of responsibility.

A further example of your apparent prejudice toward Bayoil is evident in your recent letters statement regarding the purported non-adherence to the contract provision under transshipments, whereby your office now retroactively interprets that Bayoil's shipments routing via SUMED/Suez Canal, constitute a breach of contract while the shipping route has been both historically and widely used by the industry including during this period, which was well known by your office. It should be further noted that Bayoil, along with most industry participants, consider your offices recently adopted vessel loading documentation requirements for the purpose of prohibiting such vessel routing via Suez constitutes a clear restraint of trade and further prohibits the successful operation of the Oil-for-Food Program.

In connection with your office's current over-zealous efforts to audit our company's indirect participation in the Oil Sale Program, for reasons we conclude to be highly prejudicial, we feel compelled to address herein the most serious example of such practice as follows:

Bayoil has previously on several occasions corresponded with your offices and provided supporting documentation concerning a most serious injustice affecting our company in connection with a shipment Bayoil lifted on June 8, 2000, whereby the quantities loaded were substantially below the documented B/L quantities under which Bayoil's Letter of Credit was automatically drawn. As this mistake in loading was due primarily to the negligence of the U.N. appointed inspector, which was known almost immediately after loading, it is incredulous that Bayoil was required to pay for quantities of oil not loaded, and that your office has taken no initiative to correct this injustice and has relayed that no remedy for Bayoil's recovery of funds paid to the U.N. account without a direct initiative by of S.O.M.O. as well as full U.N. membership approvals which thus far has not happened.

With regard again to your fax of giving Bayoil an ultimatum in connection with the documentation requested, we do not feel currently obligated to provide such information under such circumstances, particularly as the information requested is likely to be used out of context and without consideration of the normal practice at SUMED, whereby shipping tolerances and logistics allow for differences in shipping capacities to be accrued and compensated over time, unless in the current environment whereby your office has initiated methods to stop all transit via Egypt to major consuming countries. As, and if circumstances and attitudes change to a more commercial tone, we shall further consider your request.

Meanwhile, we look forward to your suggestions for resolution of the matter also addressed herein, whereby funds have been paid into the U.N. Oil-for-Food Account under the L/C for vessel M/T "Essex", an amount of \$50,720,155.83 resulting a minimum of \$1,202,678.93 more than should have been paid due to the discrepancy of B/L volume which was recalculated at loadport to be 1,989,133 barrels or 48,312 barrels greater than paid under the L/C which as drawn basis 2,037,445 barrels. Further the recalculated loadport volume of 1,989,133 barrels is still substantially above the final disport figures according to the same U.N. Inspection company of Saybolt.

Look forward to your earliest response.

Sincerely,

David B. Chalmers Jr. For and on behalf of Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited



TO:

UN OVERSEERS

ATTN:

ALEXANDER KRAMAR MICHEL TELLINGS MORTEN BUUR-JENSEN

FAX:

212-963-1628

FROM:

DAVID B. CHALMERS, JR.

DATE:

AUGUST 8, 2001

RE:

IRAQI CRUDE PRICING POST AUGUST 10TH 2001

DEAR SĪRS:

FOLLOWING OUR DISCUSSION EARLIER TODAY I WOULD LIKE TO REVISIT SOME OF THE CLEAR ISSUES IN THIS VERY IMPORTANT AREA.

1) FREQUENCY OF PRICE CHANGES

WHILST EVERY LIFTER IS SUPPORTIVE OF 30 DAY PRICING CHANGES THE MORE VOLATILE MARKET CONDITIONS FOLLOWING SUSPENSION OF EXPORTS COMBINED WITH THE SURGE OF EXPORTS U.S. BOUND, SHOULD SUPPORT REQUIRED MARKET ADJUSTMENTS WITHIN A 30 DAY PERIOD. AS AN EXAMPLE OF THIS MARKET VOLATILITY DUE TO A SURGE IN THE EXPORTS, THE CURRENT 10 DAY PRICE FORMULA HAS RESULTED IN THE WRONG PRICE AND SERIOUS FINANCIAL LOSSES FOR MANY LIFTERS.

WE WOULD, THEREFORE, ENVISAGE ANY AGREED 30 DAY PRICING POLICY TO RECOMMENCE SEPTEMBER 1ST USING THE CURRENT BALANCING AUGUST PERIOD FOR THE NECESSARY READJUSTMENTS REQUIRED.

2) CURRENT SPOT MARKET OF DELIVERED BASRAH LIGHT

IN THE FIRST APPENDIX TO THIS CORRESPONDENCE PLEASE FIND ENCLOSED A COPY OF TODAY'S SALE FROM BAYOIL TO EXXON FOR 1MBBLS BASRAH LIGHT DELIVERY 15-25 SEPTEMBER, 2001.

BAY04-00772

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

P.O. BOX CB12918 NASSAU BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TUX: 20644

PSI Minority Rpt-FN 111

THIS TRANSACTION WAS PRICED @ -4.60 DELIVERED, AND BY NO MEANS CAN BE CONSTITUTED AS THE ONLY DEAL TO BE DONE AT THESE LEVELS OR LOWER.

THIS IMPLIES AN FOB PRICE MINA AL BAKR AS FOLLOWS:

DELIVERED VALUE	-4.60
FREIGHT(55WS)	-1.58
LIGHTERING	-0.60
DEMURRAGE @ LOAD	04
DEMURRAGE @ DISPORT	-0.07
INSU/INSP	-0.04
TVM	-0.10
LOSSES	-0.10
OPA/HEDGE	-0.02
RISK/COST CONTINGENT	-0.20

REQUIRED FOB

-7.35

YOU WILL BE AWARE THAT THIS FREIGHT LEVEL OF 55WS IS FOR THOSE VESSELS ALREADY FIXED FOR AUGUST LOADING.

USING THE SAME LOGIC AS ABOVE, THE FOB PRICE FOR KIRKUK POST AUGUST 10TH SHOULD BE AS FOLLOWS:

B.LIGHT FOB -7.35

(FREIGHT SAVINGS) +0.45 – (WS 55/WS65)

(QUALITY DIFFERENTIAL) +0.20

KIRKUK FOB (REQUIRED) -6.70

3) OTHER MARKET FACTORS

A. VOLUME OF BASRAH CRUDE OIL SCHEDULED FOR USGC

THE SECOND APPENDIX DETAILS, FOR YOUR CONVENIENCE, THE VOLUME OF CRUDE OIL EX MINA AL BAKR THAT IS SCHEDULED TO ARRIVE IN THE USGC THROUGH DECEMBER.

THIS DATA HAS BEEN EXTRACTED FROM OUR ANALYSIS OF VLCC CHARTERERS.

YOU CAN READILY SEE THAT THE VOLUMES ARE LARGE:

FIRST DECADE 10M BARRELS SECOND DECADE 12M BARRELS THIRD DECADE

16M BARRELS

TOTAL

38M BARRELS

SINCE CONVENTIONAL WISDOM SUGGESTS THAT 20M BARRELS IS HIGH FOR THIS REGION, IT IS CLEAR THAT THE SPOT SOUR MARKET WILL COME UNDER INCREASING PRESSURE.

PLEASE REMEMBER THAT THESE FIGURES DO NOT INCLUDE KIRKUK.

ONE OF THE REASONS FOR THIS IS THE CONTINUATION OF AN IMPLIED AND SOMETIMES STATED POLICY TO NEGATIVELY PRICE AND REGULATE BASRAH IMPORTS INTO EUROPE. FOR EXAMPLE, THE CLEAR CONSTRAINT OF TRADE REGARDING THE USE OF SUMED / MED HAS CLEARLY RESULTED IN THE MARGINAL SURPLUS BARRELS GOING TO THE USGC.

B. PRICE DETERIORIATION OF OTHER COMPETING GRADES I.E. MARS/WTS

SINCE THE END OF JULY THE PRICE OF WTS HAS MOVED FROM -\$1.00/BBL TO OVER -\$2.00/BBL NOW. SIMILARLY, THE PRICE OF MARS CRUDE OIL HAS MOVED FROM -\$3.50/BBL TO CURRENTLY BELOW -\$4.27/BBL OVER THE SAME PERIOD.

4) CURRENT FORMULA PRICE BASRAH LIGHT (U.S.)

THE CURRENT FORMULA APPROVED FOR THE PERIOD AUGUST 1-10 DOES NOT REFLECT THE MARKET/COST FACTORS OUTLINED ABOVE WHICH WERE BASED ON THE ESTABLISHED METHODOLOGY USED BY THE U.N. SINCE THE PROGRAM STARTED.

I.E. THE OVERSEEN PRICE DISCOVERY FOR BASRAH FOR AUGUST 1-10 BELIEVE INVOLVED THE FOLLOWING:

DELIVERED VALUE FREIGHT

COSTS

-0.68 BY LOGICAL DEDUCTION

FOB PRICE PROMOTED

-6.55

IT APPEARS THAT THIS \$0.68/BBL DEDUCED COST HAS NO MEASURE IN REALITY AND DOES NOT REFLECT THE TRUE COSTS WIDELY USED TO ESTABLISH MONTHLY PRICES.

WE THEREFORE HOPE THAT IN THE INTEREST OF ESTABLISHING A FAIR MARKET PRICE FORMULA CONSEQUENTLY LEADING TO RATABLE LIFTINGS, YOUR OFFICE WILL CONSIDER THE FACTORS OUTLINED ABOVE.

BEST REGARDS

BAVID B CHALMERS JR.

Matthew T. McManus Division Chief – Energy Producer Affairs U.S. Department of State EB/ESC/IEC/EPC Room 3535 Washington, D.C. 20520

Dear Sir:

It was a pleasure to speak to you by phone concerning the recent controversy over the pricing mechanism currently being adopted by the United Nations ("UN"), under the "Oil-for-Food" Program. As I mentioned to you, my colleagues and I at Bayoil are greatly appreciative of your recent initiative to reach out to current and former industry participants in the program, such as ourselves, in the spirit of learning more about industry concerns over the present system, and finding solutions to the issues involved. We hope that this will lead to longer-term success of the program and wider industry participation.

We believe we can assist you in your quest for solutions to these issues as a result of our history as participants in this program and our knowledge of the industry. Furthermore, we believe that we could provide you with a more objective approach than you might encounter from other participants in the program due to the fact that we maintained but limited participation, for the most part, during the period in which greater controversy arose in connection with the pricing mechanism.

Accordingly, my colleagues and I would hope to maintain dialogue with your office and/or meet to further discuss the various key points of concern to the industry that we believe should be considered in finding a solution that addresses all concerns.

In anticipation of continued dialogue with your offices, I would respectfully like to submit the enclosed memorandum from Bayoil which will, in the interim, summarize some of the key points of concern to the industry which, from our perspective, have led to the present situation, and present you with some ideas, which we believe could lead to a longer term solution.

Sincerely yours,

John D.N. Irving

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt-FN 114

1199

MEMORANDUM

TO: Matthew T. McManus

Division Chief - Energy U.S. Department of State

FROM: Mr. John D.N. Irving - Bayoil London

Mr. David B. Chalmers, Jr. - Bayoil Houston

DATE: September 13, 2002

REF: Summary analysis of key developments affecting recent industry

participation in Iraq oil sales under the U.N. "Oil-for-Food" Program and proposed future changes in procedures for establishing price mechanisms.

I. INDUSTRY PERSPECTIVE OF RECENT PRACTICES FOR ESTABLISHING OIL PRICE MECHANISM

Our Comments

There are, in our view, two key issues related to the controversy over the current pricing mechanism that have contributed to criticism within the industry and reduced participation in the program.

- The methodologies applied by the UN Overseers in the assessment and
 calculation of the price formulas has become unpredictable, and the variation in
 these methodologies has spurred further uncertainties. At the same time, the
 accuracy of the assessment, regardless of the methodology employed, is
 questionable.
- 2. The procedure adopted over the past few months by the 661 Committee, with the Overseer's approval, requires "holding" formula prices submitted by S.O.M.O. until the applicable period has elapsed. This procedure appears to be at variance with Resolution guidelines and general industry practice, and has led to lower program participation, and perhaps even an impact on the future success of the program.

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Methodology

With regard to the methodologies used by the Overseers in determining reasonable price formulas, it is evident - from our analysis of the formulas approved over the course of the program and our discussions with other industry participants - that the Overseers have, over time, changed their methodologies for calculating formulas and sourcing market information in a manner that has been construed by many industry participants as unpredictable, uncompetitive, and even unfair. In fact, many industry participants hold a very cynical view that the Overseers will adopt whichever methodology will yield the highest price for a respective period.

To be more specific, ever since the program's inception, various methods have been used by the Overseers to consider formulas for approval. These involved the application of different criteria and assumptions, from period to period, with respect to key market components used in the eventual formula. For example, the criteria for determining market value assessment for U.S.-bound shipments has shifted, over time, from quality-based comparative values to Saudi crude prices, spot Iraqi price-based assessments, and recently to quality-based comparative values to U.S. crude grades. As the basis for assessing the value of Iraqi grades changed, so too did the market period applied to each monthly formula calculation. Moreover, during the period subsequent to the adoption of retroactive prices, the Overseers have calculated the formulas as follows: i) initially on the basis of market assessments prevailing at the time of UN approval, ii) on the basis of the calculated average 30 days prior to UN approval, and iii) most recently, on the basis of assessments applicable during a determined loading period for each Iraqi grade. Such inconsistency on a unilateral and undefined basis has caused the greatest degree of frustration and criticism within the industry.

Unfortunately, this criticism has been fueled by the recent controversy surrounding the July 2002 prices for U.S.-bound shipments, when outspoken industry participants created a stir in the press and elsewhere, claiming that the Overseers were calculating the U.S. market component of the formula based on average published prices for other varieties of crude (e.g. Mars crude)- which did not fully reflect differences in quality and market delivery periods - instead of applying price assessments derived from widely reported spot market transactions or offerings for Iraqi grades applicable to the July lifting period.

Most industry observers have concurred that, in tandem with the periodic change in methodologies used for calculating price formulas, the accuracy of the market assessments to the various components of each formula has suffered for the following two reasons:

1. Many industry participants believe that the market assessments historically used to calculate formulas were derived from documented and reported transactions that the Overseers sourced from the most active participants in the program. These transactions are often no longer included or considered, in light of the greater weight given by the

Overseers to the market assessments and/or formula recommendations of the major British oil companies. In a similar vein, many industry participants are concerned about the fact that the Overseers actually "pre-advise" S.O.M.O. on the only formula that they should forward for approval. This procedure in fact allows the Overseers to present to the Committee a formula that has been "officially submitted" by S.O.M.O. even though, in reality, it has been "imposed" on S.O.M.O. by the Overseers, thus exonerating the latter from having to justify how they arrived at the formula.

Retroactivity

Many industry participants have criticized the retroactive pricing policy recently adopted by the UN. However, it is our view that the prime concern of most companies is the overall uncertainty and/or lack of confidence in the actual methodology applied towards the calculation of the formula, which if applied retroactively often results in an unacceptably high level of financial risk. Therefore, the retroactive pricing policy in and of itself is not a primary practical concern; it is rather the combination of this policy and the uncertainty over the methodology used to calculate the retroactive price. Delivery time to the U.S. Coast by itself can tolerate retroactivity provided a decision on price formulas is made prior to unloading. Thus, retroactivity would ironically provide a price closer to the market value at selling date

Unfortunately, the association of the Overseer's varying methodologies with the retroactive pricing policy has contributed to unforeseen financial losses to current program participants and led to wider criticism, including claims by many that the retroactive pricing is at variance with the initial UN Resolution guidelines and corresponding contractual terms.

While the reasons for adopting the practice of approving formula prices on a retroactive basis only are clearly understood and supported by the industry at large, most companies believe a "standard industry" methodology for calculating relevant fair market price formulas (prior to the date of lifting) can easily accomplish the same goal.

Accordingly, it should be possible for the UN and other experts to regularly determine a final price formula for a particular period and grade. This formula could be accurate enough in relation to cost/market components not to be commercially marketable prior to lifting at premiums over the formula. This, in theory, opens the possibility that allocation holders could no longer afford to pay the illegal surcharges recently reported.

Conversely, most industry observers do not understand the logic of applying prices retroactively to eliminate this possibility, as the theory must somehow imply that end users can predict consistent future increases in market values. This, in turn, would compensate for consistently paying premiums over current market prices prior to each lifting.

Conclusion

In summary, the UN Oil-for-Food Program has, in our view, evolved to a situation where the industry has become increasingly critical of the program in general, and has subsequently greatly reduced its participation over time. This has led refiners to substitute Iraqi crude with crude from other sources; a development that may be difficult to reverse in the future.

If it is indeed in U.S. interests to maintain the Oil-for-Food program and, furthermore, make it successful, we believe that the adoption of a pricing formula through defined and consistent methodologies should be undertaken and implemented. Furthermore, such pricing formulas should initially include conditions that will stimulate industry interest in substituting and reverting back to Iraqi grades, without consequential financial risk in doing so.

Accordingly, based on the assumption that there is a broad-based renewed interest in stimulating participation in the program, we would be prepared to cooperate with your office through our expertise in this regard. As such, we have attached herein a summary of specific recommendations, which should address overall industry concerns, while hopefully meeting any concerns or guidelines of the U.N. and its members.

II. RECOMMENDED FUTURE GUIDELINES/PROCEDÜRES FOR ESTABLISHING PRICE MECHANISMS

Per the above conclusions, we would recommend that the U.N. adopt more defined and consistent methodologies to evaluate and approve submitted price formulae that would better meet industry approval. We wish to stress that there are two inherent and integral steps to this recommendation:

- Step 1 That the U.N. adopt a clearly defined and standard industry methodology to determine a <u>base case price</u> formula for each grade/destination that clearly identifies each <u>market/cost component</u> or assessment used to calculate the final formula price. And furthermore, that the UN adopt this in conjunction with a defined methodology with respect to the conditions and procedures followed to determinate the applicable <u>time period</u> prices.
- Step 2 That the U.N. adopt clearly defined procedures and methodologies for evaluating and assessing (not simply limited to the calculation of market factor changes) prevailing market conditions to be applied for each consequential formula over time.

STEP 1

The methodologies proposed for establishing and/or calculating the base case price formula components can be broken into three categories and are defined and described as follows:

1) Primary Shipping Cost Assessment

Definition: = Cost assessment in \$ per barrel, applicable to each period, that comprises a generic freight cost calculation for typical vessels loading at each Iraqi port and destined for a designated delivery port within each destination region.

Method of

Assessment: - A <u>market freight</u> rate assessment is determined, for the prevailing period, by objectively applying the predominant spot freight rates determined by major industry participants and/or publications for specific vessels chartered from Iraqi ports in conjunction with generic vessels offered/chartered in the region for transit to the destinations applicable to Iraqi crude formulas.

The <u>shipping cost estimate</u> is then calculated according to standard industry methods by applying the <u>freight rate assessments</u> to generic shipments according to their loading ports (i.e. Kirkuk, Basrah) and destination regions (i.e. Europe, U.S.)

For Europe:

Kirkuk – Shipping Cost = Rate x Ceyhan to Augusta (Italy)

Basrah – Shipping Cost = Rate x Al Bakr to Augusta (Italy)

For the Americas:

Kirkuk – Shipping Cost = Rate x Ceyhan to S. Sabine (Texas)

Basrah – Shipping Cost = Rate x Al Bakr to S. Sabine (Texas)

Note: It is important that the calculation of all freight components of each formula be based on the same delivery port in order to achieve accurate formula differences between Iraqi grades delivering to the same destination. (This has not always been done in the past, thus contributing to inconsistency and lower industry participation).

2) Secondary Associated Transaction Cost/Risk Factors Assessment

A. Vessel Demurrage

Definition: = Estimated cost assessments associated with typical conditions at loading ports/disports for the various destination regions. (inclusive of estimated costs for typical loading port and transshipment vessels where applicable due to discharge port restrictions).

Method of

Assessment: - Cost estimate to be calculated by determining, from industry sources, the prevailing and/or experienced normal waiting time for vessels at loading ports/disports until discharge, and converting the number of days at prevailing demurrage rates to a per barrel cost.

B. Marine Insurance

Definition: = Cost per barrel estimate of typical insurance costs to shippers subject to insurance coverage against "All Risk" of physical loss or damage to crude oil shipped and/or stored in bulk form.

 Additional cost per barrel estimate of prevailing war risk insurance costs to shippers loading from Iraqi ports.

Method of

Assessment: - Cost estimate to be calculated according to standard industry methods and based on prevailing and industry-sourced insurance rates and valuation of oil and vessel hulls covered, whereby the final estimate is sufficient to allow the charterer to use the best class of vessel available.

C. Letter of Credit/Currency Conversion Cost

Definition: = Typical L/C cost per barrel including L/C confirmation charges in New York, and

Typical risk factor/cost of conversion from US\$/Euro between the time period in which the price is established and that of the final payment due date.

Method of

Assessment: -

- Cost estimate calculated according to standard financing method and based on quoted rates or fees provided by banks and participants covering L/C opening charges and confirmation charges applicable for prevailing L/C valuations issued to the U.N.
- Cost estimate for currency conversion risk based on typical and/or actual cost/risk exposure charges incurred by shippers according to information/documentation sourced from major participants and financial institutions.

Note: Such cost estimates should fully cover partial risk of loss and not based on rate or fees availably only to larger institutions.

D. Inspection Costs

Definition: = Typical costs per barrel associated with fees for appointing independent inspectors at load/discharge port(s) required by banking and insurance institutions for the purposes of establishing the accuracy of vessel load/discharge volume calculations.

Method of

Assessment: - Cost estimate to be based on typical rates (fees charged by major surveyors and inspection companies to major participants.

E. Other Financing (T.V.M. Hedging)

Definition: = Cost of financing typical cost/risk exposure to shippers covering the period between payment and/or pricing of oil from suppliers and the corresponding period for final receivers.

Method of

Assessment: - Cost estimate to be based on prevailing oil valuations, interest rates / future transaction fees applicable and typically charged to oil company participants.

F. Cargo Handling Losses

Definition: = Typical handling/transportation oil volume losses which occur between the load port and final disport and are not otherwise covered by extraordinary insurance claims.

Method of

Assessment: - Cost estimate per barrel covering normal cargo losses not covered by extraordinary insurance of approximately 0.5% and calculated on the basis of prevailing oil valuations.

G. Contingencies/Risk Margin

Definition: = Minimum expected overages compared to budgeted secondary cost estimates and based on the historical costs incurred by the major participants in the program since inception.

 Risk margin factor assessment per barrel applicable to minimum typical market basis risk for such transactions, particularly given the origin of the Iraqi oil and pricing mechanism.

Method of

Assessment: - Cost estimate based on realistic industry standard experience as provided by major participants, including documented historical analysis if required.

 Risk margin estimate to be based on prevailing market risk assessment incurred by shippers with respect to the basis risk associated with the market assessment components of each formula. (i.e. W.T.L/Basrah Light or Urals/Kirkuk, Brent/Kirkuk, Platts/Nymex).

3) Market Assessment

Definition: = The prevailing assessments of the delivered spot market prices for Iraqi grades reflected as a \$ per barrel differential versus the relative market crude for each destination (i.e. Brent or W.T.I.).

Method of .

- Assessment: The primary and most accurate/fair method for assessing the prevailing market price differential should be based on actual spot market delivered sales transactions of Iraqi grades reported or published at the time price formulas are proposed and approved for each applicable loading period. As such, these spot transactions should be the primary and single basis for calculating market assessment components of the prevailing formula price.
 - In the event that no actual accurate transactions are offered or available from primary participants, an assessment of prevailing delivered Iraqi crude market offerings and/or bids by end users should be the governing factors from which to derive a market assessment.
 - In the event that, during a particular assessment period, there are no Iraqi grades reported as sold/being offered to the relevant destination region, then the oil experts should evaluate the prevailing spot prices for the closest comparable crude grade from other sources, and adjust the final estimate to reflect the prevailing quality differential to the Iraqi crudes and reported by a varied group of actual end users or other qualified industry sources.

Note: If the primary methodology cannot be applied and/or the above referenced alternate methods are applied to a particular formula, then it should be clearly stated to all industry participants.

Formula Market Assessment Difference Between Iraqi Grades (Kirkuk/ Basrah Light) For Same Destination

A major characteristic in the marketing of Iraqi barrels per destination derives from the two clear grades from this region; one or the other PREDOMINATES according to the different destinations, with the lesser grade trading off the DOMINANT basis' generic quality differences. It is regarded as absolutely essential that the pricing of these grades reflect this key fundamental point.

Because of the complexities in this area it is pivotal to consider each location as being characterized by the import of a DOMINANT Iraqi crude oil grade as the main price determinant with the SECONDARY grade priced as a differential to the DOMINANT grade (this differential takes into consideration generic quality differences between the grades and the respective freight component costs as defined above).

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Location	Dominant Grade	Secondary Grade
U.S.	BASRAH	KIRKUK
EUROPE FAR EAST	KIRKUK BASRAH	BASRAH N/A

Note: The quality difference assessment applied by the U.N. should perfect the prevailing values provided and/or documented by the larger participants in the program.

The other <u>timing guidelines or conditions</u> proposed for application to the process of establishing future price formulas are defined and described as follows:

1) Period Of Time During Which Each Price Formula Is Applicable

Each cargo has a specific Bill of Lading (B/L) Date. This date either falls during the first half (a "PERIOD") or second half (a "PERIOD") of the calendar month of loading. If a cargo has a B/L in the first half (1st-15th inclusive) of the calendar month, then the applicable pricing differential should be that established for the first 15 days (1-15 inclusive) of the calendar month and if the B/L is in the second half (16th-28, 29,30, or 31st as appropriate) of the calendar month then the applicable pricing differential should be that established for cargoes loading over the second half of that same calendar month.

2) Determination Of The Respective Price Formula For Each Period

The price formula applicable to each cargo for each PERIOD should be determined at the end of that PERIOD and based on the prevailing market assessments for the various market components at that time. The time interval between the end of a PERIOD and that when the price for that PERIOD is actually known and published should be a maximum as defined by the procedure outlined below.

There should be no price submissions before the beginning of each PERIOD by SOMO to the U.N. (in other words no submitted prices will be on hold)

3) Procedure For Finalizing Price Formulas Within A Time Limit

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By the last calendar day of each PERIOD (or before if this day is a week-end / public holiday in either Iraq or USA) SOMO should inform Oil Overseers of their pricing differentials for each of the grade/location combinations. This day will be called the SUBMISSION DAY.

In all cases the procedures followed for the determination of the pricing differentials for each PERIOD for each GRADE / DESTINATION shall always be consistent and identical for each PERIOD for the same GRADE/DESTINATION - this always assumes that the pricing formula for each grade/destination is constant.

From the SUBMISSION DAY, SOMO and Oil Overseers should have a limited amount of time to finally agree and confirm pricing differentials. This limited amount of time should also include agreement by the 661 Committee for the price differentials to be applied for each PERIOD.

The final price differentials should be known and published not more than two working days after the SUBMISSION DAY.

STEP 2

PROPOSED PROCEDURES FOR EVALUATING MARKET ADJUSTMENTS FROM ONE PRICING PERIOD TO ANOTHER

The difficult task of maintaining fair and competitive price formulas over time, despite clearer and more consistent methodologies employed by the U.N., will likely continue to be a difficult task, particularly due to the market volatility associated with substantial increase in export volume of Iraqi crude.

As such, in the spirit of all parties wishing to resolve the current difficulties of the oil program with an aim of contributing to the future success and participation, it might well be of utmost importance to establish a better sense of mutual accountability between the U.N. Overseers, S.O.M.O., and the industry participants, which should translate to certain new procedures on responsibility pertaining to the communications and/or exchange of market information, particularly during the periods that price mechanisms are being established.

With this in mind, we would specifically like to propose further recommendations in connection with the procedures/guidelines followed by the above referenced program participants as follows:

A. PROCEDURES TO BE FOLLOWED BY S.O.M.O. WITH RESPECT TO SUBMISSION OF THE RESPECTIVE PRICE MECHANISMS FOR EACH PERIOD AND DESTINATION.

S.O.M.O. should ideally:

- Hand in a formal written submission of specific formulas for each period on the pre-designated date required under recommended procedures for finalizing price formula.
- 2) Submit a written summary of the calculations used and methodology applied to each formula submitted, including enclosed market documentation supporting the calculations submitted, on the day prior to submission date.
- 3) Be responsible for contacting key industry sources, such as key participating marketing companies, refiners, and others during the period prior to each submission to obtain the most accurate prevailing market condition applicable to Iraqi crude in each major market as well as other market components applicable to each formula.

B. PROCEDURES TO BE FOLLOWED BY THE U.N. OVERSEERS WITH RESPECT TO SUBMISSION OF THE RESPECTIVE PRICE MECHANISMS FOR EACH PERIOD AND DESTINATION

The U.N. Overseers would generally re-focus their activities on establishing certain newly adopted daily operating procedures leading to a greater adherence to industry standard modus operandi, while performing their primary stated function under Resolution 986 (1995) to "verify that the purchase price of petroleum and petroleum products is reasonable in the light of prevailing market conditions,"). Specifically one may suggest the following:

- The Overseers would have a fiduciary responsibility to maintain daily communications of a professional and courteous nature with broad based oil industry representatives, particularly with emphasis on key direct or indirect participants in the program, in an effort to obtain and maintain the most accurate market information that applies to their responsibilities.
- 2) The Overseers would accordingly take into account this market information sourced from the industry, combined with relevant published oil market reports in an effort to complete a realistic level of in-house market analysis. This will surely help in the fulfillment of their long-term responsibilities as well as provide a basis for supporting their (the overseers) assessments of formulae submitted by S.O.M.O.
- 3) The Overseers would provide the Committee or its members regular market reports pertaining to their analysis and/or market information sourced from industry, which support the decisions or assessments made on formulae submitted.
- 4) The Overseers would openly exchange views on their market analysis with industry participants especially where differences of opinions exist on market assessments, which may lead to disapproval or rejection of formulas submitted by S.O.M.O.

C. PROCEDURES TO BE FOLLOWED BY INDUSTRY WITH RESPECT TO SUBMISSION OF THE RESPECTIVE PRICE MECHANISMS FOR EACH PERIOD AND DESTINATION

The primary oil industry companies which are directly or indirectly involved in the successful execution of the oil sales program should take a greater degree of responsibility to supply S.O.M.O. and the U.N. representatives reliable and frequent market analysis and/or reporting as such, some specific procedures which should be adopted as follows:

- The participating marketing companies, either independent or major company affiliates, should take more responsibility to report to the Overseers and S.O.M.O. confirmed market transactions for Iraqi oil which they are in a knowledgeable position to confirm directly, as a result of their market participation and can be relayed with a high degree of accuracy.
- 2) The same companies, as well as perhaps other less active participants, such as refiners from each region, should provide, upon request, the Overseers and S.O.M.O. with prevailing market analysis relevant to the price formula components, such as refinery net back values and market comparisons to substitute grades.
- 3) It is envisaged that the above information will be communicated verbally, upon request, unless or otherwise requested in fax/e-mail form, particularly at the time when price formulas are being established.

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MEMORANDUM

TO: Matthew T. McManus

Division Chief - Energy U.S. Department of State

FROM: Mr. John D.N. Irving - Bayoil London

DATE: September 18, 2002

REF: Bayoil's recommendations to the U.N. with respect to future

methodologies and/or guidelines to be applied to the establishment of

price formula mechanisms.

Dear Sirs:

As a follow up to Bayoil's Memo of September 13, 2002 and per your recent telephone request, I would be pleased to provide further background explanation about the considerations given with regard to our recommendations with respect to the (1) method and (2) time applied by the U.N. for establishing the market value component of each price formula for consecutive periods.

Market Assessment

The proposed application of prevailing <u>spot prices of Iraqi grades</u> to calculate the market component of each formula is made in context with recommending a reference price component yielding a higher level of accuracy or fairness, which simultaneously is a reflection of refiners' historical practice of purchasing these grades on an incremental or spot basis instead of base load or term supply. Despite the above, we evaluated all the methods applied by the Overseer chronologically since the program started. For example, for U.S. destination, the application of a Saudi (O.S.P.) adjusted for quality, followed by Iraqi spot sales assessments, and recently a U.S. crude (i.e. Mars) based assessment adjusted for quality.

In this respect, we would like to summarize the analysis and logic applied to evaluating these various methods.

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations

PSI Minority Rpt - FN 114

The Logic Associated With The Pricing Of Spot Iraqi Crude Oil

Introduction

The price of any crude oil changes as the parameters determining its comparative value change-however the rate of this price change will be different for different crude oils depending upon whether the crude oil is contracted on a TERM or SPOT basis.

The comparative value of any crude oil-be it TERM or SPOT- will be consistently changing with a rate of change that will be different for different geographical market sectors and for different crude oils.

The characteristic of a SPOT priced crude is that its price is constantly adjusting so as to find its correct equilibrium level at that moment IN TIME and as market mechanisms allow, whereas a TERM crude oil will have a price fixed over a definitive interval period of time independent of any disturbance factors (market forces, supply-demand balances, political, technical, operational or economic).

At the end of this defined interval period of time the price of the TERM crude will be adjusted to reflect the level of the perceived and prevailing SPOT price (adjusted to reflect as far as is possible all inherent characteristic differences) of other competing TERM or SPOT grades.

Thus over a particular time period the holder of a TERM priced contract experiences either an opportunity COST or GAIN against the prevailing SPOT price-and at any one time is possessing either positive or negative economic rent against the TERM price.

Characteristically in a SPOT price there exists no economic rent apart from the intrinsic and private benefits / costs the seller or buyer of that price might hold and which are advantageous (or not) with respect to market forces at that moment.

Characteristic of contracted TERM crude oil is a contracted and stable volume shipped rateably/ month-a volume that is independent of any change in a prevailing SPOT price and subject to a defined and predictable schedule.

The volume supplied of TERM barrels can be adjusted on a contractual

basis by arrangement without any change in the TERM price apart from normal time interval adjustments which would have happened anyway. This has the effect on global equilibrium of a compensatory change in the prevailing SPOT price-especially those SPOT barrels that are trading on a long haul basis from sources close to those of the TERM sources.

The effect of this is to apply a downwards pressure at that moment on the SPOT price which is not reflected in the TERM price.

Daily SPOT volume transactions fluctuate depending upon whether the SPOT price accurately reflects in totality the balance of all the parameters involved in the price level itself

The parameters that govern the comparative value of any crude oil are many and vast-but an attempt will be made here to state some that are considered to be of overriding importance.

- The inherent quality of the crude oil: i.e as the crude oil is processed in a
 refinery (through a multiplicity of optionality that the plant possesses per
 crude oil) what are the relative values of the many product and feedstock
 distribution yields (depending upon how this distribution is monetarised)?
- What other crude oils are available to each refinery?
- What are the current stock levels of crude oil and products?
- How does the delivered cost of each crude oil compare to its own value to that particular sector location?
- What is the shipping market for transporting crude oils from many different producing areas to many different refinery sectors?
- How do these values change with respect to and in consideration of the many different refineries in the same and different geographical sectors?
- Should the refinery be buying marginal (in the sense that TERM crude oil supply is a TERM commitment for the refinery independent of SPOT market forces) crude oil at all?
- Should the refineries in each market sector be processing any crude oil at all-should they be running feedstocks instead?
- What is the price of the marker crudes in each market sector?
- Are the marker crudes in different geographical sectors allowing arbitrage possibilities that distort the crude supply picture and create a substantial disequilibrium in terms of any normalized trading patterns?

These parameters-and many more -govern the ever-changing value and subsequent ever-changing SPOT price of any crude oil.

The supraordinate control of these parameters-and their numerous permutations of combination- on price discovery is relatively elastic-thus ensuring volatility and continuous momentary equilibrium in the SPOT price (i.e. the SPOT price is always changing).

The formula FOB price for any particular SPOT barrel of crude oil must always reflect and be consistent with the spot prices of its competing spot grades in terms of quality, freight, other costs associated with the transportation and the length of time required to transport the crude to a particular sector.

If this is not the case then no refiner will buy the oil unless the SPOT value of the oil is increasing and the seller maintains the same price.

Generally speaking the market forces prevailing on SPOT crude oil are different and compensatory to TERM crude oil.

CHANGES IN TERM CRUDE OIL SUPPLY: AFFECT ON SPOT PRICE

In the current oil market environment it is well known that the current supply level of TERM crude is, in itself, trading above "quota". It is also known that this excess can be increased according to needs and with general compliance from certain industry participants and geopolitical interests. In this environment it is undeniably the case that the SPOT price of associated grades will reflect the ability of the market to "absorb" incremental TERM barrels and, accordingly, will always be under pressure and consistently trade (on an equivalent basis) below the TERM price at a differential that is volatile and totally unpredictable.

THE DEMAND FOR TERM CRUDE OIL: REFINERY BALANCING

Most of the world's major integrated companies-and many others- possess TERM crude oil supply contracts. The Percentage of refinery capacity employed in the conversion of TERM supply barrels varies across different companies. The balance of the refinery capacity to final utilization levels-final levels dictated by market forces-is reached through the purchase of SPOT crude oil.

In this way the scheduling of refinery throughput is conducted at a different rate depending upon whether TERM (earlier) or SPOT (later). The scheduling of the TERM barrels constitutes a BASE load upon which the refinery will process the crude oil in a manner that is not fully subject to prevailing market forces. On the

other hand the level of SPOT crude processed is completely defined by prevailing market forces (even to the level of substitution with feedstocks). In this way the demand function for SPOT crude is completely different to that same function for TERM crude.

The demand function for SPOT crude oil in itself is not correlated with whether the crude oils in question are long haul or short haul. The function is always applicable at the delivered location. In this way the market forces on long haul SPOT barrels are pivotal and extreme-thus ensuring perpetual volatility. This volatility is manifested in the SPOT price.

This volatility ensures a continued and erratic differential basis between the existent TERM and SPOT prices that offers no justification that the two prices can be linked in any meaningful way.

THE EFFECT OF TIME ON THE DIFFERENTIAL BETWEEN TERM AND SPOT PRICES: LONG HAUL AND SHORT HAUL

Generally speaking the longer a force acts on an unconstrained body the more that body will move away from its original position.

In this way the prevailing theoretical differential between the TERM and SPOT prices of crude oils that can be linked through an equivalent basis in quality etc. increases as the time from perception of the linkage is established.

This effect is more pronounced for long haul crude oils than short haul crude oils since the establishment of TEMPORAL POINT OF SALE is generally much later in the former than the latter. This effect is greatly accentuated by the fact that short haul barrels are almost always sold BEFORE loading whereas this is not the case for long haul SPOT cargoes.

Thus any imposed linkage in the supply price of long haul SPOT crude oil with a prevailing TERM price that has been pre-established will almost certainly create a disequilibrium between the COST of supply and the prevailing SPOT price. This disequilibrium will be either positive or negative and is a manifestation of the SPOT supply cost not reflecting current market conditions.

This effect will also present on short haul crude oils but it will be much less pronounced than for the long haul counterpart.

THE VALUE AND PRICE STATUS OF IRAQI CRUDE OIL

In every current market sector Basrah Light and Kirkuk crude oils (Iraqi grades) are considered as SPOT barrels and all transactions on these grades are valued

and priced as such. This is characterized by loading programme that truly reflects market forces as they apply to these grades,

From the INTRODUCTION above one can immediately understand that the SPOT prices of the Iraqi grades are constantly changing as market forces change.

This means that at the prevailing market level, as it moves through time, buyers and sellers by definition are, at the moment of transaction, creating a new equilibrium price level.

This equilibrium price level will be reflected through quality differences etc (see above) into the SPOT price of other competing grades.

This SPOT equilibrium price level will NOT be reflected in the existent TERM price of a similar grade until as such time that TERM price is adjusted on a regular time interval basis.

This SPOT equilibrium price level allows full price discovery and a supply schedule that is responsive to true market forces.

(1) THE METHOD

THE PRICING OF IRAQI CRUDE OIL

The pricing of Iraqi crude oil should be linked to the SPOT oil price because the sour grades of crude oil from Iraq are SPOT traded on the market.

The SPOT price of long haul Iraqi crude oil is completely exposed to the infinite momentary instabilities in time caused by some of the factors mentioned above, and, not least is exposed to 1) the arbitrage possibilities of imported crude oil (with a shorter voyage time in US and Far East) dominating local market share as immediate economics dictate. This factor can provide pivotal, immediate, volatile and damaging swings to the perceived SPOT price of a long haul Iraqi grade. 2) The SPOT pricing of short haul grades within the region in question.

The linkage of the formula contract price of Iraqi grades to the Saudi ARAMCO TERM price (or any other sour TERM price) will without doubt produce a price formula that is inconsistent with prevailing SPOT prices, and will de facto introduce large profits/losses for the lifters. This manifestation will be out of control until the next TERM price imposition.

There exists little, if any, correlative activity between the daily SPOT price SPOT sour crude grades and Saudi barrels. Rather the ARAMCO price acts as a BASE LINE about which the SPOT sour price rotates until the moment of restoration when the ARAMCO price re-adjusts-then the process continues again. In other

words the ARAMCO price is always playing "catch-up"-do we want to link Iraqi grades to this?

If the Iraqi crude oil grades are linked to the Saudi ARAMCO TERM formulas through quality and freight balancing then economic rent (only positive) will characterize the position of the seller because if the oil cannot be sold in defense of the cost structure (i.e too expensive) it will NOT be lifted and the schedule will be disturbed (in this case economic rent to the shipper will never be negative).

Forcing a shipper to lift under this scenario (eg Performance payment guarantees) will not work because no one will want to lift anyway.

Similarly, since the Iraqi crude oil will only be lifted on a linkage to the ARAMCO formula when positive economic rent is manifested between the formula price and the SPOT price to the contract holder, it invites a potential profit condition to pay any surcharge.

The ARAMCO price is not a full and fair price in that TERM Contract holders are not allowed to re-sell the barrels on the open SPOT market. Refiners often re-sell Iraqi and other SPOT crude barrels when refinery economics and other factors so determine. This means that the SPOT price of Iraqi reflects these issues-probably in this scenario going down-and that the TERM price of ARAMCO never does. To link the two prices in this scenario is nonsensical

In order to remove as many basis parameters as possible from evaluating the SPOT price of IRAQI crude oil then the BEST POSSIBLE GUIDE is the SPOT PRICE OF IRAQI CRUDE ITSELF as priced off a differential to WTI, Dated Brent or Oman/Dubai as appropriate.

If price discovery on Iraqi grades (through contracts and current offer conditions) is not possible then the market prices of the CLOSEST competing SPOT grades per destination should be considered.

This is how other SPOT grades are traded and why should Iraqi crude oils be any different?

The grades are traded to a particular band of refiners, the price discovery of the transactions is in Platts Crude Oil Marketwire, and the Oil Industry itself is generally aware of what is going on

Even this second option will produce less pricing error than that associated with pricing off some TERM contract, which, as we have discussed, bears little relation to the prevailing SPOT price of some arbitrarily chosen grade.

What should also be considered with respect to ARAMCO pricing, for example, is that this price is chosen up to 55 days before its incorporation on a particular

cargo (TERM price is usually announced on the 5th month m-1 for month m where m= month of applicability) thus creating a price dimension that is completely uncharacteristic of a SPOT price.

In addition not only does ARAMCO pricing have hidden cost benefits to the enduser- (such as freight and lightering subsidies), for some destinations such as EUROPE it is tied to the futures market rather than to the cash market- a factor that the sellers of SPOT sour grades such as URALS completely ignore.

Since SPOT Iraqi grades in Europe are typically derived as a result of the refiners value off URALS basis quality this is just a prevailing quality assessment as compared to spot Urals price, combined with other considerations such as overall availabilities of Iraqi grades offered versus regional requirement for a given period. Therefore, linking ARAMCO TERM prices to Basrah Light and Kirkuk could prove to be completely and dangerously misrepresentative.

In addition, we can comment on the spot assessment of Iraqi barrels through the consideration of other US similar grades (e.g. Mars). It is our understanding that the methodology of applying market assessments for other U.S. crude used during this calendar year occurred as a result of the Overseers inability to determine spot price for Iraqi grades due to low industry participation and resulting few number of reported transactions.

However, as in the case of July, it is evident that the spot prices actually concluded can and did in that case be completely discounted from a relative value to these other grades. Therefore, in order to avoid such circumstances, and regain industry confidence in the accuracy level of such assessments, it would not be advisable to use a method, which only contributed to less participation.

(2) <u>TIME</u>

PRO-ACTIVE SUPPLY PRICING OF SPOT TRADED IRAQI CRUDE OIL

The imposition of a pro-active supply price to contract crude oil that is traded on the SPOT market is COMPLETELY EQUIVALENT TO LINKING THE SUPPLY PRICE TO THE PREVAILING EQUIVALENT TERM PRICE.

This price might not be at the same level: that is not the point. Of chief issue is that the price is a FIXED LINE; therefore the logic is completely unchanged.

This imposition would have completely different effects on short haul SPOT barrels than on long haul.

The reasons for this have already been presented above.

Of critical importance is WHEN the pro-active price is applied and HOW LONG is its period of duration.

For short haul SPOT barrels with a sailing time to destination of only a few days the impact of a pro-active price will be negligible on the basis that the oil will most likely have been pre-sold anyway.

The re-calculation of this price every 15 days or so will also have very little impact depending on when this next 15 day period starts.

Since short haul SPOT barrels are traded about 10-20 days ahead of time (depending upon scheduling issues at the loading port) then the imposition of a 15 day pro-active price on the 25th of month m-1 for cargoes loading 26th/m-1 to 10th/m would be appropriate to the timing of the point of sale

For long haul barrels (voyage time 35-40 days) the situation is completely different. The KEY POINT here is that a proactive price applied to a long haul cargo over a 15 day period (with ever increasing departure from true price from day 1) means that it will probably not have reached its point of sale until the imposition of the next 15 day price, and any increase in the 15 days will result in a

greater and greater deviation from the SPOT pricing realities (as discussed above).

The only logical solution to this problem for long haul SPOT barrels is to have a price imposition that is consistent with the EXPECTED PRICE DISCOVERY OF SALE where maximum information exists at that moment.

This is equivalent to having a second proactive price on the 15th day discounting the price of the first 15 days.

This is EXACTLY EQUIVALENT TO PRICE RETROACTIVITY.

Since we are dealing in expectation this must be on the 15th day of the month

From everything that has been discussed above this RETROACTIVE price must be established with the prevailing SPOT price rather than any TERM or LINE pricing.

In conclusion, we concur that retroactive pricing for long haul spot Iraqi grades is the correct logical procedure for defining the moment of price discovery in time and that, furthermore, supreme importance should be placed on assessing the true SPOT value of the respective grades at the moment of application with a

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consistent and valid methodology. It our opinion that the assessment by the UN of these SPOT prices in the past has been characterized by the utilization of incorrect factors and inconsistent procedures that need to be updated as per our original recommendations. The choice of the UN methodology, however, was undoubtedly correct.

For short haul Iraqi grades Pro-active price determination is logically valid.

For long haul grades read Basrah Light to US, Europe and Far East and Kirkuk to US. For short haul grades read Kirkuk: Europe destination.

The Period Each Price Formula Is Determined

-		US Destination	EU Destination	Far East Destination
Basrah Ligh	t -Applicable	Retroactive	Retroactive	Retroactive
	-Time	1st and 16th/M	1st and 16th/M	1st and 16th/M
	-Formula Assessment	Spot	Spot	Spot
	-Period of Application	15 days	15 days	15 days
Kirkuk	-Applicable	Retrospective	Pro-active	N/A
	-Time	1st and 16th/M	26 th /M-1 and 10 th /M	
	-Formula Assessment	Spot	Spot	
	-Period of Application	15 days	15 days	
Where M =		pplicable month of loa	ading	

TO:

John

FROM:

David

DATE:

September 23, 2002

REF:

Pricing Methodology Discussions U.N./State Department

Dear John:

Please review my general thoughts on key questions for further discussions as follows:

A. U.N./Oil Overseers

General - i Are they currently opposed to applying assessment of delivered spot market at end of each period (at current or increased levels of spot activity)?

- U.S.
- Europe
- ii What are the current factors used for secondary costs?
- U.S.
- Europe
- iii What is the current profit/risk margin factor applied (i.e. 5 cents), and would they be opposed to a greater margin if no evidence of surcharge exists and in effort to boost exports?
- iv Are they opposed to 15 day retro instead of 30 day or instead of recent inquiry into 2 day?
- v Same as above for timing of assessing shipping?

Specific i What is current U.S. delivered assessment of B.L. that would be considered for September.

- ii What is the current consideration given to spot Mars recent increases?
- iii What kind of current communications with lifters is taking place with regard to clarifying their position on the key issue (i.e. are they being generally open to all)?

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B. State

- General i Are there any areas of our recommendations where the State doesn't agree with our suggestions or premise of such recommendations?
 - ii What, if any are the Overseers objections to same above based or recent meeting and correspondence?
 - iii Is their new initiative to formally or informally instruct the Overseers to either modify methodology used or be more flexible in general in the future?
 - iv Are they opposed to greater allowance for margin in future formulas due to reports of no surcharge and to simulate exports? (i.e. require trader large participation)
 - v If not, will they suggest the above to the Overseers?
 - vi Would they like to maintain 30 day retro for time being, particularly as the inspectors are not in yet?
- Specific i Do they want any of our people to meet with them to have expanded discussions on points raised in the memo?
 - ii Do they want our people to meet with the Overseers to review these same specific recommendations?
 - iii Can we rely on the Overseers current explanation of methodology applied with respect to our decision to lift? (Despite the fact they may currently not include many of our suggested components or procedures).



TO:

UN OVERSEERS

ATTN:

Alexander Kramar Michel Tellings Morten Buur-Jensen

FAX:

212-963-1628

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DATE:

September 26, 2002

Dear Gentlemen:

As you are undoubtedly aware, Bayoil has not been participating indirectly or otherwise in the U.N. Program since early this year for a number of reasons. However, since that time we have continued to follow closely the market factors affecting the Program, such as changes in refinery demand and valuations, particularly in the U.S.

As such, largely due to our historical participation and industry expertise, Bayoil has been contacted, along with other key industry participants, by certain U.S. government entities and individuals seeking to better understand the recent developments which had led to lower participation in the Program. In this connection we have provided these individuals some specific recommended procedures or guidelines that could be adopted by the Industry, S.O.M.O., and the U.N. with respect to achieving the goal of increased participation in the near future.

We would like to make clear to your good selves that the recommendations were made in an attempt to be constructive and objective with respect to proposed future pricing methodologies to be applied that meet broad industry concerns. We understand that the U.S. government individuals who reviewed our recommendations have appreciated this approach and, in general, agree with many of our suggestions. As such, and at their request, we would like to enclose a copy of the specific recommendations outlined in our memorandum for your review and comments.

BAY04-00757

BAYOIL (USA), INC.

909 TEXAS AVE., SUITE 202 HOUSTON, TX 77002 713-222-7100 FAX: 713-224-8101 TIX: 408368232

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We look forward to hearing your comments and/or the opportunity to meet and discuss them in more detail.

Sincerely,

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

RECOMMENDED FUTURE GUIDELINES/PROCEDURES FOR **ESTABLISHING PRICE MECHANISMS**

As per our previous conclusions, it is our recommendation for the U.N. to adopt more defined and consistent methodologies of evaluating and approving price formulas submitted, which further meet industry approval. Within this recommendation there are two inherent and integral factors we would like to highlight as follows:

- Step 1 We recommend the U.N. adopt a clearly defined and industry standard methodology for determining a base case price formula for each grade/destination which clearly identifies each market/cost component or assessment used to calculate the final formula price in combination with a defined methodology with respect to the conditions and procedures followed for the determination of the applicable time period prices.
- Step 2 We recommend that the U.N. adopt clearly defined procedures and methodologies for evaluating and assessing (not limited to the calculation of market factor changes) prevailing market conditions to be applied for each consequential formula over time.

STEP 1

The methodologies proposed for establishing and/or calculating the base case price formula components can be broken into three categories and are defined and described as follows:

1) Primary Shipping Cost Assessment

Definition: = Representing the cost assessment in \$ per barrel applicable for each period comprised of a generic freight cost calculation for typical vessels loading at each Iraqi port to a designated delivery port within each destination regions.

Method of

Assessment: - A market freight rate assessment is determined for the prevailing period by objectively applying the predominate spot freight rates reported by major industry participants and/or publications for specific vessels chartered from Iraqi ports in combination with generic vessels offered/chartered in the region for transit to the destinations applicable to Iraqi crude formulas.

The shipping cost estimate is then calculated according to standard industry methods by using the freight rate assessments and applying such rates to a generic shipment from each Iraqi port within each destination region (i.e. Europe, U.S.)

For Europe:

Kirkuk - Shipping Cost Rate x Ceyhan to Augusta (Italy) Basrah - Shipping Cost Rate x Al Bakr to Augusta (Italy)

For Americas:

Kirkuk - Shipping Cost Rate x Ceyhan to S. Sabine (Texas) Basrah - Shipping Cost Rate x Al Bakr to S. Sabine (Texas)

Note: It is important for all freight components to each formula to be calculated based on same delivery port in order to achieve accurate formula differences between Iraqi grades delivering to same destination. (Not always previously done, which has contributed to inconsistency and on lower industry participation).

2) Secondary Associated Transaction Cost/Risk Factors Assessment

A. Vessel Demurrage

Definition: = Representing estimated cost assessments associated with typical conditions at load port/disport for the various destination regions. (inclusive of estimated cost for typical load port vessels and transshipment vessels where applicable due to discharge port restrictions).

Method of

Assessment: - Cost estimate to be calculated by determining from industry sources the prevailing and/or experienced normal waiting time for vessels at load port/disport until discharge, and converting number of days at prevailing demurrage rates to a per barrel cost.

B. Marine Insurance

Definition: = Cost per barrel estimate of typical insurance cost to shippers subject to insurance covering against "All Risk" of physical loss or of damage to crude oil shipped and/or stored in bulk form.

> Additional cost per barrel estimate of prevailing war risk insurance cost to shippers from Iraqi port.

Method of

Assessment: - Cost estimate to be calculated according to industry standard method and based on prevailing and industry sourced insurance rates and valuation of oil and vessel hulls covered, whereby final estimate is sufficient to allow charterer to use best class of vessel available.

C. Letter of Credit/Currency Conversion Cost

- Definition: = Representing typical L/C cost per barrel including L/C confirmation charges in New York, and
 - = Representing typical risk factor/cost of conversion from US\$/Euro between time period price is established and final payment due date.

Method of

- Assessment: Cost estimate calculated according to standard financing method and based on quoted rates or fees provided by banks and participants covering L/C opening charges and confirmation charges applicable for prevailing L/C valuation issued to the U.N.
 - Cost estimate for currency conversion risk based on typical and/or actual cost/risk exposure charges incurred by shippers according to information/documentation sourced from major participants and financial institutions.

Note: Such cost estimates should fully cover partial risk of loss and not based on rate or fees availably only to larger institutions.

D. Inspection Costs

Definition: = Representing typical cost per barrel associated with fees for appointing independent inspectors at load port/discharge port(s) required by banking and insurance institutions for purposes of establishing accuracy of vessel load/discharge volume calculations.

Method of

Assessment: - Cost estimate to be based on typical rates (fees charged by major surveyors and inspection company to major participants.

E. Other Financing (T.V.M. Hedging)

Definition: = Representing cost of financing typical cost/risk exposure to shippers covering period between payment and/or pricing of oil from suppliers and the corresponding period from final receivers.

Method of

Assessment: - Cost estimate to be based on prevailing oil valuations, interest rates / future transaction fees applicable and typically charged oil company participants.

F. Cargo Handling Losses

Definition: = Representing typical handling/transportation oil volume losses which occur between load port and final disport which are not otherwise covered by extraordinary insurance claims.

Method of

Assessment: - Cost estimate per barrel covering normal cargo losses not covered by extraordinary insurance of approximately 0.5% and calculated on the basis of prevailing oil valuations.

G. Contingencies/Risk Margin

- Definition: = Representing minimum expected overages compared to budgeted secondary cost estimates and based on the historical experience incurred by the major participants in the program since inception.
 - Representing risk margin factor assessment per barrel applicable to minimum typical market basis risk for such type transactions, particularly given origin of Iraqi oil and pricing mechanism.

Method of

- Assessment: Cost estimate based on realistic industry standard experience as provided by major participants, including documented historical analysis if required.
 - Risk margin estimate to be based on prevailing market risk assessment incurred by shippers with respect to the basis risk associated with the market assessment component of each formula. (i.e. W.T.I./Basrah Light or Urals/Kirkuk, Brent/Kirkuk, Platts/Nymex).

3) Market Assessment

Definition: = Representing the prevailing assessments of the delivered spot market prices for Iraqi grades reflected as a \$ per barrel differential versus the relative market crude for each destination (i.e. Brent or W.T.I.).

Method of

- Assessment: The primary and most accurate or fair method of assessing the prevailing market price differential should be based on actual spot market delivered sales transactions of Iraqi grades reported or published at the time price formulas are proposed and approved for each applicable loading period. As such, these spot transactions should be the primary and single basis for calculating market assessment component to the prevailing formula price.
 - In the event no accurate actual transactions are offered or available from primary participants, an assessment of prevailing delivered Iraqi crude market offerings and/or bids by end users should be the governing factors to derive a market assessment.
 - In the event during a particular assessment period there is no Iraqi grades reported as sold, or being offered to the relevant destination region, then the oil experts should evaluate the prevailing spot prices for the closest comparable crude grade from other sources, and adjust the final estimate to reflect the prevailing quality differential to the Iraqi crudes and reported by a varied group of actual end users or other qualified industry sources.

Note: If the primary methodology cannot be applied and/or the above referenced alternate methods are applied to a particular formula, then it should be clearly stated to all industry participants.

Formula Market Assessment Difference Between Iraqi Grades (Kirkuk/ Basrah Light) For Same Destination

The major characteristic of the marketing of Iraqi barrels per destination is that of the two clear grades from this region one or other grade PREDOMINATES in different destinations with the lesser grade trading off the DOMINANT basis generic quality differences. It is regarded as absolutely essential that the pricing of these grades reflects this key fundamental point.

Because of the complexities in this area it is pivotal to consider each location being characterized by the import of a DOMINANT Iraqi crude oil grade as the main price determinant with the SECONDARY grade priced as a differential to the DOMINANT grade (this differential takes into consideration generic quality differences between the grades and the respective freight component costs as defined above).

1232

Location	Dominant Grade	Secondary Grade
U.S.	BASRAH	KIRKUK
EUROPE	KIRKUK	BASRAH
FAR EAST	BASRAH	N/A

Note: The quality difference assessment applied by the U.N. should perfect the prevailing values provided and/or documented by the larger participants in the program.

The other <u>timing guidelines or</u> conditions proposed to be applied to the process of establishing future price formulas are defined and described as follows:

1) Period Of Time During Which Each Price Formula Is Applicable

Each cargo has a specific Bill of Lading Date. This Bill of Lading (B/L) Date either falls during the first half (a "PERIOD") or second half (a "PERIOD") of the calendar month of loading. If a cargo has a B/L in the first half (1st-15th inclusive) of the calendar month then the applicable pricing differential is that established for the first 15 days (1-15 inclusive) of the calendar month and if the B/L is in the second half (16th-28, 29,30, 31st as appropriate) of the calendar month then the applicable pricing differential is that established for cargoes loading over the second half of that same calendar month.

2) Determination Of The Respective Price Formula For Each Period

The price formula applicable to each cargo for each PERIOD shall be determined at the end of that PERIOD and based on the prevailing market assessments for the various market components at that time. The time interval between the end of a PERIOD and when the price for that PERIOD is known and published shall be a maximum as defined by procedure (see below).

There will be no price submissions before the beginning of each PERIOD by SOMO to the U.N. (in other words no submitted prices will be on hold)

3) Procedure For Finalizing Price Formulas Within A Time Limit

By the last calendar day of each PERIOD (or before if this day is a week-end / public holiday in either Iraq or USA) SOMO should inform Oil Overseers of their pricing differentials for each of the grade/location combinations. This day will be called SUBMISSION DAY.

In all cases the procedures followed for the determination of the pricing differentials for each PERIOD for each GRADE / DESTINATION shall always be consistent and be the same for each PERIOD for the same GRADE/DESTINATION - this always assumes that the pricing formula for each grade/destination is constant.

From SUBMISSION DAY SOMO and Oil Overseers have a limited amount of time to finally agree and confirm pricing differentials. This limited amount of time also includes the agreement of the 661 Committee to the price differentials to be applied for each PERIOD.

The final price differentials should be known and published not more than two working days after SUBMISSION DAY.

STEP 2

PROPOSED PROCEDURES FOR EVALUATING MARKET ADJUSTMENTS FROM ONE PRICING PERIOD TO ANOTHER

The difficult task of maintaining fair and competitive price formulas over time, despite more clear methodologies used by the U.N., will continue to be a difficult task, particularly due to the market volatility associated with substantial increase in export volume of Iraqi crude.

As such, in the spirit of all parties wishing to resolve the current difficulties of the oil program with an aim toward contributing to the future success and participation, it would be our opinion of utmost importance to establish a better sense of mutual accountability between the U.N. Overseers, S.O.M.O., and the industry participants, which should translate to certain new procedures on responsibility pertaining to the communications and/or exchange of market information, particularly during the periods that price mechanisms are being established.

With this in mind, we would propose specifically further recommendations in connection with the procedures or guidelines followed by the above referenced program participants as follows:

- A. PROCEDURES TO BE FOLLOWED BY S.O.M.O. WITH RESPECT TO SUBMISSION OF THE RESPECTIVE PRICE MECHANISMS FOR EACH PERIOD AND DESTINATION.
 - A formal written submission of specific formulas for each period on the predesignated date required under recommended procedures for finalizing price formula.
 - 2) A written summary of the calculations used and methodology applied to each formula submitted, including enclosed market documentation supporting the calculations submitted, on the day prior to submission date.
 - 3) S.O.M.O. to be responsible to contact key industry sources, such as key participating marketing companies, refiners, and others during the period prior to each submission to obtain the most accurate prevailing market condition applicable to Iraqi crude in each major market as well as other market components applicable to each formula.

B. PROCEDURES TO BE FOLLOWED BY THE U.N. OVERSEERS WITH RESPECT TO SUBMISSION OF THE RESPECTIVE PRICE MECHANISMS FOR EACH PERIOD AND DESTINATION

The U.N. Overseers should generally re-focus their activities on establishing certain newly adopted daily operating procedures leading to a greater level of professionalism and broad industry respectability, while performing their primary stated function under Resolution 986 (1995) to "verify that the purchase price of the petroleum and petroleum products is reasonable in the light of prevailing market conditions,...."). Specifically the following procedures or disciples are recommended:

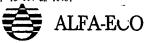
- The Overseers would have a fiduciary responsibility to maintain daily communications of a professional and courteous nature with broad based oil industry representatives, particularly with emphasis on key direct or indirect participants in the program, in an effort to obtain and maintain the most accurate market information that applies to their responsibilities.
- 2) The Overseers would have the responsibility of using this market information sourced from the industry, combined with relevant published oil market reports in an effort to complete a realistic level of in-house market analysis which will be important to fulfilling their long-term responsibilities as well as provide a basis for supporting their assessments of formulas submitted by S.O.M.O.
- 3) The Overseers would provide the Committee or its members regular market reports pertaining to their analysis and/or market information sourced from industry, which correlated to decisions or assessments made on formulas submitted.
- 4) The Overseers would openly exchange views on their market analysis with industry participants especially where differences of opinions exist on market assessments, which may lead to disapproval or rejection of formulas submitted by S.O.M.O.

C. PROCEDURES TO BE FOLLOWED BY INDUSTRY WITH RESPECT TO SUBMISSION OF THE RESPECTIVE PRICE MECHANISMS FOR EACH PERIOD AND DESTINATION

The primary oil industry companies which are directly or indirectly involved in the successful execution of the oil sales program should take a greater degree of responsibility to supply S.O.M.O. and the U.N. representatives reliable and frequent market analysis and/or reporting as such, some specific procedures which should be adopted as follows:

- The participating marketing companies, either independent or major company affiliates, should take more responsibility to report to the Overseers and S.O.M.O. confirmed market transactions for Iraqi oil which they are in a knowledgeable position to confirm directly, as a result of their market participation and can be relayed with a high degree of accuracy.
- 2) The same companies, as well as perhaps other less active participants, such as refiners from each region, should provide, upon request, the Overseers and S.O.M.O. with prevailing market analysis relevant to the price formula components, such as refinery net back values and market comparisons to substitute grades.
- 3) It is envisaged that the above information will be communicated verbally, upon request, unless or otherwise requested in fax/e-mail form, particularly at the time when price formulas are being established.

TUE, 15-0CT-02 19:31



P. 01

21. Novy Arbot st., Moscow, 121019. Tel. 201 5914, 291 4401. Fax 956 3350. Telex 911183 CROWN RU

TO:

BAYOIL SUPPLY AND TRADING LIMITED

ATTN.:

President Mr. David B. Chalmers Jr.

CC:

Mr. John Irving

FROM:

ALFA-ECO, MOSCOW

DATE:

MOSCOW, October 11, 2002

SUBJECT:

Iraqi crude oil

Dear Mr. Chalmers.

We hereby refer to your telephone conversation with Mr. Kuzhmichev of October 8, 2002 and our agreement on the sale of Iraqi crude oil of October 11, 2002.

As discussed, the existing retroactive pricing mechanism, when the official selling price is approved by the UN Security Council Committee after delivery dates, does not reflect the actual market situation. Moreover it increases commercial risks and in most cases leads to the loss of profit.

Thus we believe that the existing pricing mechanism needs to be changed and on our part we are ready to start respective discussions with UN Security Council Committee.

In this connection we would much appreciate if you could render us all possible assistance we may need in these discussions, such as preparation of necessary materials and expert judgments, as well as your participation in the talks.

We would be pleased to receive your supporting letter to the UN Security Council Committee concerning your position with reference to the above mentioned.

We understand that if the retroactive pricing mechanism is changed, there may appear some additional profit. We suggest that such additional profit should be shared between our parties as follows: 30% to Bayoil and 70% to Alfa-Eco.

Looking forward to your soonest reply.

Best regards.

LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY ALFA-ECO, MOSCOW

signed by

Alexander Lyssenko International Department Director

Countersigned by

David B. Chalmers Jr.

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Minority Rpt - FN 116



BAYOIL

ALFA-ECO

TO: ATTN:

Mr. Alexander Lyssenko

: Mr. Alexander

International Department - Director

FAX:

011 7095 956 3350

FROM:

Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited

DATE:

October 17, 2002

SUBJECT:

Iraqi Crude Oil

Dear Mr. Lyssenko,

In follow up to your letter of October 11, 2002, I would like to examine your points in the sequential order that they were made.

Our Agreement

It gives me personal great pleasure to have concluded this transaction with your fine Company—there has been a long association between us and we would like to complement you on all aspects of your involvement.

There is no doubt that as the world becomes smaller that we should seek to find mutual areas (such as Venezuela, Russian crude and product imports to US etc) where we can work together.

This was very much the philosophy of my discussion with Mr Alexie Kuzhmichev on October 8th 2002 and I look forward to continuing and focusing on this area with a visit to Moscow—at your convenience—in the very near future.

In this respect myself and John Irving would welcome a visit with your good-selves.

U.N. Price Formula Procedures

With reference to the pricing policies currently being adopted for Iraq oil sales under the U.N. "Oil-for-Food" Program and proposed future changes in procedures for establishing price mechanisms we would like to outline the following:

BAY04-01018

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

BO BOY CRISDIR MACCALL BALLALIAC 242 242 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TIX: 20644

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt - FN 116

In general, after considerable analysis of the U.N. price formula approval procedure during the period since formulas are approved by retroactivity, it is our conclusion that it is not so much "retroactivity" that has resulted in price formulas being not reflective of the prevailing market conditions, more than the methodologies applied by the U.N. to assess the various market components for each formula for each consecutive period.

Consequently, a flawed methodology for assessing market components when applied retroactively does add commercial risk and could likely lead to financial losses and/or opportunity cost to industry participants.

Therefore, we concur that the existing U.N. approved pricing mechanism and/or methodology for calculating each consequential price formula should be changed to reflect more realistic market factors covering previously prevailing market risks for transactions of this type, as well as include more defined allowances for contingencies and/or profits for contractors.

As described above, certain modifications to methodology used to establish pricing formulas should be adopted in the near future, whether pro-active or retroactive, in an effort to reduce risk of losses and also provide for an opportunity of profit for the contractors and lifters alike.

In this respect, key Bayoil personnel, including myself, have been recently corresponding and meeting with appropriate U.N. and Committee officials for the purpose of conveying industry concerns over recent pricing disputes arising from the aforementioned U.N. procedures of establishing market price formula by methods which do not generally meet industry acceptance.

These discussions have been somewhat constructive and have contributed to our decision to begin again participation in the program while continuing to work with these officials to improve the pricing procedure in the near future.

Therefore, we are pleased to learn from your letter ALFA-ECO's interest to also take a pro-active approach with key U.N. officials to support changes in methods for establishing the price mechanism for each period that will be more market responsive.

We would therefore like to review our recent discussions and correspondence in order to generate a summary report of our recommendations to the U.N. which ALFA-ECO could use as a basis for future discussions and correspondence with key representatives on the committee.

Additional Profit Consideration

As described above, our view of the retroactive price setting is that such practice could add to risk of loss primarily based on the inaccuracy of the formula due to the fact that

the methodology applied does not reflect market conditions or contingencies and profits, and therefore, its abolishment alone does not imply more or less profitable for lifters.

Therefore, I suggest our companies work together to solve the greater issues associated with encouraging the U.N. authorities to become more flexible with respect to the market condition applied in future periods leading to the establishment of price mechanisms with a defined and realistic level of profit potential, which I am confident can benefit both companies.

As you may be aware the U.N. presently contends they are attempting to allow for a \$0.05 per barrel allowance for contractors, which is certainly often not clear or realistic given the typical risk for final lifters, but in any event is the basis for Bayoil's agreement to contract with ALFA-ECO at a \$0.06 per barrel guaranteed profit over the pricing formula.

Sincerely,

David B. Chalmers, Jr.



Pages: 3

TO:

ALFA-ECO, MOSCO

ATTN

Mr. Alexander Lyssenko

FAX:

7095-291-4843

FROM:

Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited

DATE:

October 28, 2002

RE:

IRAQI CRUDE OIL NOMINATIONS

Dear Alexander:

Please find attached our comments on additional Iraqi crude oil nominations. Please feel free to use any excepts of our text and information for onward submission to SOMO.

Best regards.

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

BAY04-01325

BANDIL BURBLE & FRADING LANCED

FC BOX CE12918 NASSAU BAHAWAS 242 362 473 FAX 242 362 4733 TV 20044

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt-FN 116



TO:

SOMO, Baghdad

ATTN:

Mr. Ali Hassan

Mr. Mubdir Alkhudhair

FROM:

Mr. David B. Chalmers, Jr.

Bayoil Supply & Trading

FAX: EMAIL: 9641-774-2797

somo@uruklink.net

DATE:

October 29, 2002

REF:

Revised US Price formula resubmission retroactively for October

deliveries

Dear Sirs:

In regards to our submission of suggested pricing submitted on 27 October 2002, we respectfully submit the following revisions to the price formulas;

TABLE: Summary of Calculations per Proposed Re-Submitted Price Formula

BASRAH LIGHT – OCTOBER 1-20	
WTI – 3.25	Mars (Dec assessment)
0.30	Mars Vs. B.Light
1.15	Freight AG/USG WS 40
0.85	Lighter/Dem/Loss/Ins/etc.
WTI - 5.45	
+ 0.25	API Adjustment
+ 0.35	Backwardation (Dec/Jan)
WTI - 4.95	

BASRAH LIGHT - OCTOBER 20-30		
WTI – 3.45	Mars (Dec assessment)	
0.30	Mars Vs. B. Light	
1.95	Freight AG/USG WS 70	
0 <u>.85</u>	Lighter/Dem/Loss/Ins/etc.	
WTI - 6.35		
+ 0.25	API Adjustment	
+ <u>0.35</u>	Backwardation (Dec/Jan)	BAY04-01008
WTI - 5.95		******

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

P.O. BOX CB12918 NASSAU BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TIX: 20644

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Minority Rpt-FN 117

Formula Revisions

 The second formula period is revised to October 20-30 due to consideration of the historical practice of a minimum 10-day period on sales of similar circumstances, such as the proposed European formula periods proposed, and in consideration of U.N. Approval expectation for a 10-day period.

II. Market Component Revisions

October 1-20

- The base discount is revised to reflect a higher average between Mars (Dec.) currently (-3.45, -3.50) versus (-3.25) in our original proposal, which will result in an increased average discount of -3.25/bbl.
- Due to conditions that most of the 1-20 loadings are still uncommitted, it is more that reasonable to average current Mars price discounts with those prevailing during average load periods.

October 20-30

- The base discount is revised to reflect a higher current market discount for ...
 (Dec.) Mars of between (-3.45, -3.50).
- Due to the condition that any loadings between 20-30 are unsold and to be priced by S.O.M.O. (end Oct.), well prior the relevant selling period for their respective delivery dates, it is more than reasonable to use current market value for Mars as a basis for pricing cargos for this period.

I greatly appreciate your review of the above referenced matter for further discussions, particularly due to our concerns as to establishing a mechanism that would cover the recent market changes for the late nominated shipments.



BAYOIL

TO: ATTN: SOMO, Baghdad Mr. Ali Hassan

Mr. Mubdir Alkhudhair

FROM:

Mr. David B. Chalmers, Jr.

Bayoil Supply & Trading

FAX: EMAIL: 9641-774-2797 somo@uruklink.net

DATE:

October 29, 2002

REF:

Revised US Price formula resubmission retroactively for October

deliveries

In regards to our previous fax of October 29, 2002, and further telephone conversations in this regard, we would respectfully like to summarize some further consideration with respect to S.O.M.O.'s evaluation of fair market October price formulas as follows:

It is our considered opinion that the key factors which should be considered with respect to the establishment of fair formula prices for October are:

- The time period in which will be the delivered Basrah Light market assessment (Sweet/Sour differential) component of the formula will be applied to the final proposed and/or approved formula.
- The market reference mechanism or methodology applied (per above) to establish the fair market value of Basrah Light delivered US Gulf applied to October liftings.
- The time period in which the base freight market assessment (VLCC AG-3) USG) will be applied to the final proposed and/or approved formula.
- The market reference by which the freight market will be assessed per above 4) for a specific loading period.

After further evaluation of the actual market circumstances relating to these key issues, which are undoubtedly being reviewed by S.O.M.O. and Overseers in connection with the establishment of October prices, it is our considered opinion the following criteria should be applied to each factor outlined above:

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

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BAY04-00273

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations **PSI Minority Rpt-FN 117**

- 1) Due to the long delivery period from Mina Al Bakr to North America, and due to the fact that Basrah Light will be all sold on a spot market basis, and due to the fact that most spot market purchases will be made just prior to the month the oil will be processed, it would therefore be more applicable to establish the delivered value discount market assessment as close to this period as possible.
 - In this regard, since all North American liftings for October will be delivered for refinery runs in December, it would be imperative to assess such a market assessment to be applied for October liftings at the end of October.
 - Conversely, the alternate mechanism of assessing the market Sour differential during the period when most vessels sailed would imply all such vessels were sold at that time and at that price basis.
- 2) The market reference mechanism being recently adopted by U.N. Overseers of Platt's Mars quotations for second month, while less than accurate in many times, can be fairly applied with a quality discount (approx .30-.35) if then applied during the time prices are being approved (IE end October) as per the above.
- 3) The time period which fairly represents the typical and/or required period vessels are fixed should be consistently applied.
 - The time calendar period which historically conforms to the above criteria would in our view be the five days prior each calendar month lifting period.
- 4) The market reference which should be applied in our view should be based on a non partial published assessment (as per methodology for market prices) such as Platt's.
 - Therefore, the average Platt's published assessments for spot dirty tankers rate under AG/USGC 270K for the average five publications prior each calendar month.

Best regards,

David B. Chalmers, Jr.



TO: ATTN: SOMO, Baghdad

Mr. Ali Hassan

Mr. Mubdir Alkhudhair

FAX:

9641-774-2797

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

John Overbey

DATE:

December 4, 2002

REF:

Basrah Crude Quality Variability

Dear Sirs:

As per our telephone conversation, please find herein our comments on our summary points regarding the establishment of further quality price mechanism adjustment, particularly related to the sulfur content:

To remain competitive in the US Gulf Coast market, quality adjustments should be made in the price of Basrah. Consideration of amending the base 34 API gravity adjustment to \$0.015/tenth and instituting a sulfur adjustment of \$0.10/tenth from a base of 2.0%S is necessary to distinguish the value difference in Basrah quality. This method is similar to the current quality adjustments for Mars crude. This should be in addition to the value difference of Basrah to Mars, which is currently recognized to be \$0.45/bbl.

There are several approaches to determining quality differences in crude oil. Factors affecting crude oil quality are varied, but two factors generally take precedence, (1) API gravity and (2) sulfur in whole crude. Another approach is to compare yield data of crudes. Source data for this analysis comes from Shell Oil Basrah assays and Mars Sep 2002 assay as listed at www.marscrude.com. A comparison of these approaches indicates similar results of approximately \$1.65/bbl. See below.

BAY04-02158

BAYOR SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

P.O. BOX CB12918 NASSAU BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TIX: 20644

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations **PSI Minority Rpt-FN 117**

1247 Listed is a comparison of yields on Basrah at 34 API and current loading quality.

			BASRAH 34 YIELD(v/v)	SULFUR	BASRAH 29 YIELD(v/v) S		DIFF YIELD
WHOLE CRUE	ÞΕ		100	2.02	100	2.78	
LPG	_		1.45		1.83	0	-0.38
C5-85			5.82	2 0	5.21	Ó	0.61
NAPHTHA	85-145		9.51	0	7.94	Ō	1.57
KERO/JET	145-230		14.42	0.1	12.54	0.28	1.88
DIESEL	230-300		11.16	0.88	10.36	1.33	0.8
GASOILS	300-408		18.29	1.73	15.36	2.25	2.93
VGO	408-540		17.71	2.68	17.26	3.4	0.45
VAC RESID	540+		21.64	4.95	29.5	6.3	-7.86
		\$/BBL*					
LPG		23.42	0.339518		0.428495		
C5-85		27.35	1.59177		1,424935		
NAPHTHA		27.35	2.600985		2.17159		
KERO/JET		30.22	4.357724		3.789588		
DIESEL		30.71	3,427236		3.181556		
GASOILS	70/301	24.16	4.418498		3.710669		
VGO	70/301	24.20	4.286068		4.177162		
VAC RESID**		•	3.825952		4.6728		
			\$24.84795		\$23.55679		\$1.2916
*Note: P	rices based on	Nov. 25 Platt's	USGC				

Based on this approach, there is a \$1.29/barrel premium for Basrah 34 API versus current loading quality.

The Mars offshore pipeline receives crude from various production facilities and delivers a blended composite stream onshore. To provide equity among the shippers, the Mars Oil Pipeline Company has established a quality bank on gravity and sulfur which escalates/deescalates based on a shipper's barrels for a month. These tables are attached. The API gravity adjustment is approximately \$0.015/tenth and the Sulfur adjustment is approximately \$0.10/tenth.

Using these factors, but applying them to the change in Basrah quality above, the result is \$1.39/barrel, which compares favorably with the above approach of comparing yields.

A comparison of Basrah 34 and Mars crude oils has been made as it regards competitive pricing of crude in the US Gulf Coast. Listed below is a table of comparison between current quality of Basrah and Mars.

			BASRAH 29.8 YIELD(v/v) S		MARS 30.4 YIELD(v/v) \$		BBL 2018 VA. Malik Y
WHOLE CRUE LPG C5-85 NAPHTHA KERO/JET DIESEL GASOILS	85-145 145-230 230-300 300-408		100 1.83 5.21 7.94 12.54 10.36 15.36	2.78 0 0 0 0 0.28 1.33 2.25	100 2.82 5.84 16.27 13.18 9.16 4.67	1.88 0 0 0.0616 0.353 0.969 1.36	
VGO VAC RESID	408-540 540+		17.26 29.5	3.4 6.3	28.38 19.68	2.11	
LPG C5-85	Gasoline	\$/BBL* 23.42 27.35	0.428495 1.424935		0.660303 1.59724		0.23181 -0.17231
NAPHTHA KERO/JET DIESEL GASOILS	Jet Diesel 70/3010	27.35 30.22 30.71	2.17159 3.789588 3.181556		4.449845 3.982996 2.813036		-2,27826 -0,19341 0,36852
VGO VAC RESID**	70/3010	24.16 24.20	3.710669 4.177162 4.6728		1.128179 6.868357 3.69		2.58249 -2.6912 -9828
YIELD VALUE			\$23.55679		\$25.18996		-\$1.63316

^{**}Note: Price of Fuel Oil adjusted based on blending 1% Fuel Oil with Basrah 4.83% Fuel Oil to produce 3% Fuel Oil in USGC (FO blend=2 parts VacResid & 1 part Diesel Cutter)

The top part of this table is a comparison of yield cutpoints while the bottom part applies recent Platt's US Gulf Coast prices to these cutpoints. The result is a negative \$1.63/barrel based on yield of Basrah 29.8 versus Mars. These yield values do not take into account the higher sulfur content in diesel and gasoil that will cause further value discounting by refiners which are limited in their sulfur handling abilities.

Since the approach of comparing yield data on a cargo basis is cumbersome and the results of applying API and sulfur differentials are very comparable, we propose to simplify the calculations by either of the following:

1. Using the currently approved API adjustment differential of \$0.01/tenth, the API adjustment of Basrah 34 to Basrah 29.8 is \$0.42, the proposed sulfur adjustment of

\$0.01/tenth is \$0.76 and the current Basrah to Mars adjustment is \$0.45 for a total of \$1.63/bbl.

2. An alternative solution might be to institute a single discount that would account for the effect of API and sulfur value differences as well as the Basrah to Mars value differential. Given the data presented, we think a single adjustment should be \$0.04/tenth of API with Basrah 34.0 API as a base. Applying this methodology to Basrah 29.8 yields a result of \$1.68/bbl.

We look forward to hearing your comments and discussing this further at your earliest convenience.

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

Sincerely

FROM:

FRX ND. : 7135249798

Mar. 06 2003 10:43AM P1



DATE:

February 2, 2003

TO:

S.O.M.O

ATTN: FAX: Mr. Mubdir Alkudhair . 011-9641-774-2797

FROM:

Mr. David B. Chalmers, Jr. Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited

REF:

Your monthly discussion with U.N Overseers on

OSP calculations for January (US destination)

The calculations enclosed per your request are based on our understanding of the currently applied methodology, which is approved by the U.N. Overseers.

We would respectfully like to make some clarification points regarding some of the key components of the formula calculations as follows:

Market Mars:

The calculation average for each decade is a result of the recent methodology applied of the average Mars (2nd month) quote for Basrah Light and Mars (1nd month) quote for Kirkuk, for five days around actual B/L date for vessels loaded during each decade.

Freight:

The application of WS 28 for Basrah Light was based on Platt's quotes during 25-30 December which are most applicable to the actual vessels loading between 10-21 January. The assessments around January 10 for 21-31 lifting were approximately the same plus 1-2 WS points.

The application of WS 135 for Kirkuk was based on assessments for VLCC west from Med/W.Africa about January 10 as applied for the liftings 21-31 or Plant's Med/US Gulf rates approximately WS 170 adjusted to VLCC difference.

Misc. Costs:

The enclosed breakdown of typical miscellaneous costs are based on current and updated assessments of minimal projected costs for each category. Many categories have recently increased due to

BAY04-00617

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Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt - FN 118

FROM :

FRX ND. : 7135249788

Mar. 96 2003 10:44AM P2

relevant volatile market circumstances and can be easily documented and further described.

Quality Difference:

The GPV differential from Iraqi grades as compared to Mars are based on assessments the U.N. has recently applied. As per previous correspondence the GPV difference of \$0.55 for versus mars is substantially different from the actual product yields between the crudes according to standard industry methods for calculating such crude comparisons.

小女子を ここのなる はんき

Contingencies/Profit/Etc.

The formula calculations enclosed per decade for January shipments does not include the factor applied covering purchasing cost, contingencies for added miscellaneous cost or profit risk margin. As we understand such factor have been included in recently submitted formulas based our \$0.05/bbl. It is our view that such an assessment during current times is extremely unrealistic and would therefore seek your support to propose additional allowances for such factors beginning in January.

We hope you receive the comments and calculations in good order and will provide you further explination of documentation supporting the assessments or comments at your request.

As always, please give my best regards to all your estremed colleagues at S.O.M.O.

FROM : FRX ND. : 7135249790 Mar. 06 2003 10:44AM P3

The breakdown of the miscellaneous secondary are as follows:

	EAN	CEYHAN
DENURRAGE	0.12	0.12
INSPECTION	0.02	0.02
WAR RISK INSURANCE	0.08	Q
MARINE INSURANCE	0.02	0.02
STEAMER PREMIUM	0.03	0.03
TVM	0.06	0.02
LIGHTERING	0.44	0.44
OPA/PORT CHARGES	0.03	0.01
LOSS	Q. OB	0.08
HEDGE COST	0.01	0.01
LC/RURO	0.04	0.04
TOTAL	0.93	0.79

FROM :

FRX NO. : 7135249780

Mar. 06 2003 10:45AM P4

BASRAH

Projected				
OSP Bull	d-up by vessel liftir	ige average:		
	Jan 1-10	Jan 11-20	Jen 21-31	Jan 1-31
Mens	(2.912)	(3.142)	(3.867)	(3,424)
Freight	(2.420)	(2.420)	(2.420)	(2.420)
Costs	(0.930)	(0.930)	(0.930)	(0.930)
GPV	(0.550)	(0.650)	(0.550)	(0.560)
API	0.360	0.350	0.350	0.300
,	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	(6.462)	(6.692)	(7.417)	(6.974)

MRKUK

OSP Bull	d-up on vessel liftir	ng days:		
	Jan 1-10	Jan 11-20	Jan 21-31	Jan 1-31
Mars1	(2.187)	(2.604)	(4.259)	(3.223
GPV	(0.350)	(0.350)	(0.350)	(0.350
Freight	(2.210)	(2.210)	(2.210)	(2.210
Costs	(0.790)	(0.790)	(0.790)	(0.790
API	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150
	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	(5.537)	(5.954)	(7.609)	(6.573

02/03/2003 10:50 FAX 7132248101

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Mar. 86 2983 19:439M P1



FROM:

DATE: February 2, 2003

TO:

S.O.M.O Mr. Mubdir Alkadhair 011-9641-774-2797 ATTN: FAX:

.Mr. David B. Chalmers, Jr.

Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited

Your monthly discussion with U.N Overscors on OSP calculations for January (US destination) REF:

The calculations enclosed per your request are based on our understanding of the currently applied methodology, which is approved by the U.N. Overseers.

We would respectfully like to make some clarification points regarding some of the key components of the formula calculations as follows:

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Freight:

The application of WS 88 for Basrah Light was based on Platt's quotes during 25-30 December which are most applicable to the actual vessels loading between 10-21 January. The assessments around January 10 for 21-31 lifting were approximately the same plus 1-2 WS points.

02/03/2003 10:43 FAX 7132248101

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Mar. 95 2993 18:43PM P1



BAYOIL

DATE: February 2, 2003

TO: S.O.M.

ATTN: Mr. Mubdir Alkudhair FAX: 011-9641-774-2797

FROM:

.Mr. David B. Chaimers, Jr. Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited

REF:

Your monthly discussion with U.N Overseers on OSP calculations for January (US destination)

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RESULT OR

FROM :

FRX NO. : 7135249780

Mar. 86 2003 18:439M P1



BAYO

DATE:

February 2, 2003

TO:

S.O.M.O

ATTN: FAX:

Mr. Mubdir Alkudhair 011-9641-774-2797

FROM:

Mr. David B. Chalmers, Jr.

Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited

REF:

Your monthly discussion with U.N Overseers on OSP calculations for January (US destination)

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We would respectfully like to make some clarification points regarding some of the key components of the formula calculations as follows:

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The application of WS 88 for Basrah Light was based on Platt's quotes during 25-30 December which are most applicable to the actual vessels loading between 10-21 January. The assessments around January 10 for 21-31 lifting were approximately the same plus 1-2 WS points.



TO:

S.O.M.O.

ATTN:

Mr. Mushab Mr. A. Hassan

CC: FAX:

9641-774-2797

FROM:

David B. Chalmers Jr.

DATE:

February 24, 2003

REF:

FEBRUARY PRICE FORMULA MECHANISM

Dear Sirs:

In the spirit of our historical cooperation with S.O.M.O. and in connection with our substantial February oil lifting activity on behalf of several S.O.M.O. contractors, we would respectfully like to summarize a number of key price and market factors which are recommended to be considered with respect to the impending February price formula submissions as follows:

Our recommendations can be broken down into two integral issues relating to the establishment of Fair Market formulas:

- 1.) That S.O.M.O. should propose formulas, which encompass the various market/cost components that have been established as an approved methodology since the program inception, including some modifications established over the past year.
- 2.) That S.O.M.O. should propose formulas, which according to the recently established methodologies will include a fair and predetermined procedure for determining the various market/cost assessments, particularly accounting for current substantially higher cost component conditions and the current deterioration in Sour Crude differentials along with an associated risk factors prevailing during this volatile period.

Based on the above referenced recommended criteria we would specifically recommend February prices be proposed based on the Following methodology and price components:

1.) The market/cost components for each grade's final price formula which was expected to be applied for February liftings, based on the recently approved methodology are as follows:

Basrah Light (U.S.)/ Kirkuk (U.S.)

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L U.S. Sweet/Sour Crude Market Factor:

Base price differential versus official reference Crude (W.T.I.) price reflecting prevailing Sweet/Sour market discount by applying Spot (Mars) crude versus (W.T.I.) as base case comparison to Basrah/Kirkuk.

ii. Quality Differential Factor:

Price Differential between Mars crude versus Basrah/Kirkuk representing prevailing typical quality difference for refiners.

iii. Base Freight Cost Factor:

Base freight cost/BBL assessment (before lighterings) based on market rates for typical vessels by size/class for each lifting period.

iv. Secondary Costs/Factor:

Prevailing market cost calculations for other typical transaction cost including, demurrage, insurance, credit/currency conversion, inspection, hedging, financing, cargo handling losses, risk margin.

v. A.P.I. Gravity Adjustment Factor:

Representing the typical/average vessel loading automatic price adjustment downward reflecting the lesser quality or lower A.P.I. versus the standard export quality assessment per specifications for each grade. (i.e. 34° A.P.I. Basrah Light, 36° A.P.I. Kirkuk)

Note: This automatic adjustment downward is currently added back to final formula thus canceling out automatic adjustment in general terms and conditions adopted in 1998. As per previous correspondence such practice does not seem logical and has an added effect of not fairly pricing the recent deterioration in crude quality.

2. The market/cost assessments which are recommended to be applied for each lifting period during February Basrah Light/Kirkuk shipments based on certain expectations of the industry prior load is regarding the general methodology to be approved (per above) are outlined as follows:

A. Kirkuk (U.S.)

February 1-13: ("Stena Congress")

1259

(Vessels: "Ionian Spirit," "Eagle Milwaukee," February 14-28: "Amazon Gladiator" and "Polar.")

i. Market Factor:

Average Differential quotes (Mars 1st Month) published 5 days around B/L. Actual lifting's during each period (above).

ii. Quality Diff:

As per previous months (Approx \$.35/BLL)

iii. Base Freight:

February 1-13:

Calculated typical cost/barrel. Based on market rates reported/published for generic shipments Ceyhan/Med to U.S. Gulf (VLCC/WS135).

February 14-28: Calculated typical cost/barrel. Based on market rates reported/published for generic shipments Ceyhan/Med to U.S. Gulf (80K/WS205 and 130K/WS180 February 14-28)

iv. Secondary Cost:

February 1-13: A calculated total cost/BBL based on typical recent costs for generic shipments Ceyhan/U.S. Gulf VLCC (i.e. Approx .80/BBL).

February 14-28:

A calculated total cost/BBL based on typical recent costs for generic shipments Ceyhan/U.S. Gulf VLCC (i.e. Approx .80/BBL) included adjustments applicable (14-28) to reflect variances to loading conditions and vessel lightering cost as follows:
-1/2 lightering cost incurred (130K vessels-Polar) -No lightering cost incurred (80K vessel-others) - Demurrage allowance increased to reflect delayed loading conditions of 5-9 days calculated by volume of approx. \$30K/day

v. A.P.I. Adjustment:

Average/barrel A.P.I. adjustment for vessels actually loading during each period (Approx./. 25/BLL) (Subject to review of add Back Methodology)

B. Basrah Light (U.S.)

February 11-20: (Vessels February 21-28:

i. Market Factor

February 11-25:

Average differential quotes (Mars 2nd month-April) published 5 days around Basrah Light across lifting during this period.

February 25-28:

Average differential quotes (Mars 1st month-April) published 5 days around Basrah Light across lifting during this period.

il. Quality Differential:

As per previous month (minimum \$.55/BBL)
(Subject to increase base on higher sulfur contents versus standard export quality) For all periods.

iii. <u>Base Freight:</u>

February 11-25:

Calculated typical cost/barrel based on market rates reported/published for generic shipments AG/USG of approx. WS110

February 25-28:

Calculated typical cost/barrel based on market rates reported/published for generic shipments AG/USG of approx. WS95

iv. Secondary Costs:

February 11-20:

Based on typical recent cost of approx. \$.95/BBL.

February 21-28:

Base of typical cost of approx. \$.95/BBL plus variable covering additional cost of extraordinary

1261

delayed loading conditions of 3-4 days calculated by volume at \$70-80,000 per day.

vi. A.P.I. Adjustment:

-Average/barrel A.P.I. for vessels actually loaded during each period (approx. \$.40/BBL) (Subject to review of current add back methodology)



TO:

S.O.M.O.

ATTN: CC: Mr. Mushab Mr. A. Hassan

FAX:

9641-774-2797

FROM: DATE: David B. Chaimers Jr.

February 24, 2003

REF:

CHANGE IN METHODOLOGY APPLIED JANUARY O.S.P.

FORMULA'S (U.S.)

Dear Sirs:

The breakdown of the various components of each formula as per our recommendations for February formulas reflects the industry perception of the methodology generally accepted by the U.N. Overseers during the past several months up until January. The industry has renewed participation in recent months in part due to the higher expectation of this methodology being applied at the end of each month, despite the fact that many industry participants do not believe the methodology reflects a Fair Market component covering quality deterioration of Basrah Light.

Despite the above, due to higher confidence in the methodology applied in December and prior months continued to be were many industry participants such as Bayoil committing to forward shipments in January, February and March based on this assumption. However, to the surprise of all participants in January, there was a major departure in the methodology applied that contradicts certain premises established from the beginning of the program.

We would therefore like to outline our views on this apparent departure U.N. connection with our strong recommendation that such conditions not be applies in February as follows:

The apparent change in methodology concerns the additional market component, which reflects the difference between 1st/2nd W.T.I. quotation applicable around each loading, which is being added to each January formulas for both grades, and all lifting periods. This difference or backwardation in the market structure has not been consistently applied for both Iraqi grades and for all price periods every since the program's inception and particularly last year. It should be further noted that by suddenly adding this factor in January on a retroactive basis without prior notice.

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when this backwardation factor is the highest level in 16 years, is particularly unrealistic.

The primary concern however is that as a result of adding back this backwardation process (W.T.I. 1st/2^{sd} month differences) has the effect of reducing the competitiveness of each formula by a corresponding amount and if applied contradicts with the logic applied when in 1997 whereby the establishment of a reference price was established by S.O.M.O. and the U.N. (i.e. For Basrah Light, 2nd month W.T.I. quotes to apply 15 days after B/L less the month discount).

Specific key points for consideration:

- 1.) The establishment (1997) of using 2nd month quotations for W.T.I. was adopted to correlate to most of the alternate foreign Sour producers prices which are prices around delivery on W.T.I. 1nd month quotes would approximately equate to Basrah Light prices on 2nd month quotes (15 days after B/L) or much earlier period given the long shipment period.
- 2.) By adding back the 1st/2nd month difference based on quotes around load dates would in effect cancel out the methodology history adopted, resulting in the other foreign crude's being cheaper by a similar amount.
- 3.) S.O.M.O. and the U.N.'s recently agreed procedure of assessing delivered values of Basrah Light adjusted for quality based on prevailing market quotations for Mars Crude is also used as a barometer of Sour differentials by other producers (i.e. Saudi) which do not further adjust this factor by the corresponding monthly W.T.I. differences.
- 4.) Despite the considerations outlined above, the practice of adding back a backwardation factor for both Iraqi grades and all loading periods based on the attempt to some how equate to market assessments on Domestic (Mars) crude would not be applicable for Kirkuk or Basrah Light for most loading periods.

We hope the above outlined possible considerations for not applied such a factor in future months may provide S.O.M.O. a logical foundation for eliminating such practice when calculating formula's for submission to U.N., as well as provide S.O.M.O. arguments to U.N. experts if their exists future rebate with such experts as to the approval of formula's submitted without such factors included.



TO:

S.O.M.O.

ATTN: CC: Mr. Mushab Mr. A. Hassan

FAX:

011 9641 774 2797

EMAIL:

somo@uruklink.net

DATE:

February 26, 2003

REF:

Recent methodology applied to Iraqi crude formula

compared to Saudi formulas for same delivery period

If the recently adopted methodology applied by the U.N. Overseers in January for assessing the delivered market component is applied again in February it will result in a substantial uncompetitive difference between prices for a similar grade quality (A.MED) for deliveries in April (i.e. February loadings).

Our conclusion can be easily calculated by calculating the expected Saudi formula for April deliveries expected to be submitted shortly by using the methodology the Saudi's applied for January and predicting the April price accordingly and likewise, doing the same for Basrah Light formulas submitted already February 1-10 and calculating the expected 10-20 formulas as per the attached table.

Specifically, the A.MED delivered W.T.I. differential in April will likely approximate a \$5.50/bbl discount. In contrast if the current methodology is applied for Basrah Light as the table demonstrates the F.O.B. O.S.P. discounts will be Feb 1-10 (-7.95), Feb 11-20 (-7.40) and Feb 21-28 (-6.80). Based on these F.O.B. discounts the delivered cost discounts for cargos loading during these periods, a calculation of adding back freight plus cost less API will be as follows:

FEB 1-10 (-4.17) FEB 11-20 (-4.03) FEB 21-28

(-3.69)

As seen from the table, the delivered cost discount applied by the U.N. is substantially smaller or more costly than the Saudi formula delivered W.T.I. price differential for the same period of an amount between \$1.30 to \$1.80/bbl.

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

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Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt - FN 118

	(5.800) 27	Apr-03	n S	b Medium I	Official Arab Medium Price	_	(4.200)	Mar-03	Price	Official Arab Medium Prio	Official Ar
(6.225)	(5.797)	30.729	31.157	36.954	AVG	(4.379)	(4.183)	29.400	29.656	33.838	AVG
(7.300)	(5.650)	30.35	32,000	37.850		(4.965)	(4.050)	28.62		_	31-Jar
(7.300)	(5.650)	30.35	32.000	37.650		(5.010)	(3.875)	28.78		-	30-Jar
(7.300)	(5.650)	30.35	32.000	37.650	28-Feb	(3.970)	(3.865)	29.62	29.726	33.500	29-Jan
(4.750)	(4.650)	31.21	31.310	35.960		(4.820)	(3.920)	27.85		_	28-Jar
5.1	(5.205)	31.65	31.585	36.790		(4.770)	(3.710)	27.52		_	27-Jer
(6.00C)	(5.490)	30.98	31.490	36.980		(5.145)	(4.680)	30.26			24-Jar
(5.800)	(7.140)	30.19	28.850	35.990		(4.700)	(5.190)	29.45			23-Jar
(6.550)	(6.995)	30.61	30.165	37.160		(4.145)	(4.825)	30.45		-	22-Jar
(8.110)	(5.830)	30.75	31.030	36.860		(3.400)	(4.320)	30.91			21-Jar
(8.000)	3		31.140	36.850		(2.880)	(3.280)	31.24			17-Jar
Basrah Diff	Mars Diff Ba	Bearah #	Mers 1	¥11		Basrah Diff	Mars Diff	Basrah	~	_	i
				Platt's	April 2003 pricing:					Platt's	March 2003 pricing:
						•	Annual Later	COLUMN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN			

struction:	Basrah		
Feb 1-10		Feb 11-20	Feb 21-28
(4.183)		(4.783)	(5.150)
(3.170)	W117	(2.850) W105	(2.580) W95
(0.930)		(0.930)	(0.930)
(0.550)		(0.550)	(0.550)
0.320		0.400	0.400
0.770		1.299	2.010
(7.743)		(7.414)	(6.800)
(7.950)			
	Feb 1-10 (4.183) (3.170) (0.930) (0.550) 0.320 0.770 (7.743)	Feb 1-10 (4.183) (3.170) W117 (0.930) (0.550) 0.320 0.770 (7.743)	Feb 1-10 Feb 11-20 (4.183) (4.783) (3.170) W117 (2.850) W105 (0.930) (0.550) (0.550) (0.550) (0.770 1.299 (7.414)

OSP propos	sed: Basrah Feb 1-10	Feb 11-20	Feb 21-28
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Mars	(4.183)	(4.783)	(5.150)
Freight	(3.170) W117	(2.850) W105	(2.580) W95
Costs	(0.930)	(0.930)	(0.930)
GPV	(0.550)	(0.550)	(0.550)
API	0.320	0.400	0.400
Front/Back	0.000	0.000	0.000
	(8.513)	(8.713)	(8.810)



TO: ATTN: U.N. Overseers Morten Buur-Jensen

FAX:

212-963-1628

DATE:

February 27, 2003

REF:

Recent methodology applied to Iraqi crude formula compared to Saudi formulas for same delivery period

In respect to the conclusions of our memo of February 27th, which calculates the generic delivered cost of vessel's loading 1-10 February at approximately W.T.I. less \$4.17/bbl, we would like to highlight an additional factor other than the comparatively high landed W.T.I. discount versus A.MED, which causes the formula to be uncompetitive to a greater degree as follows:

Bayoil has loaded the only two vessels during this period, due in large part to the direct request from S.O.M.O. shipping to assist in the gap in nominations for this period and keep the program going smoothly, which one of the vessels, "Skopelos", will arrive March 16th earliest. The load rate early February, and due to the price period of 15 days after B/L the vessel has a cost basis of April W.T.L less the above referenced discount. For your further information the vessel is still available for sale.

The additional aforementioned factor which will result in the currently submitted price formula being extremely uncompetitive, in addition to its landed W.T.I. discount, stems from the fact that its arrival and fully lightered discharge date corresponds to the time when May W.T.I. becomes the pricing reference price for all other foreign sour crudes, particularly Saudi crude. Based on the above, it is currently impossible to market such quantities on the basis of April W.T.I. As of today, the May W.T.I. is \$3.70/bbl lower than April, and as a result, without further change in the O.S.P. formula, will result in a loss of similar amount on this vessel.

Due to the fact that we are in extraordinary times, and market volatility, without setting Any precedent, is would seem only fair that consideration would be given to this circumstance, particularly since prices have been approved retroactively for the purpose of more accurately reflecting the market.

BAYOR SUPPLY & TRADING HAVITED

P.O. BOX CB12918 NASSAU BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TIX: 20644

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt - FN 118

We appreciate your consideration to the above matter in you mutual discussions and decisions in the coming days.

Best regards

John Overbey



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Attn:

Mr. Matthew T. McManus

Division Chief - Energy Producer Affairs

FROM:

John D.N. Irving

DATE:

February 27, 2003

In connection with my brief discussion with Mr. Kirsh regarding the recent change in methodology being imposed on SOMO's formula submission by the Overseers, and the resulting uncompetitive consequences it has, and will cause for participants in the program, I would appreciate if your office could review our summary of the key issues of concern, including copies of the relevant correspondence sent to the U.N. and SOMO on this matter.

I know these are busy times for your office, but we only address these concerns because of the high potential financial consequences for participants in the program, such as Bayoil, which as you are aware, only began recently participating after a long absence due in part to your previous indications that renewed participation was supported by your Department.

We will be at the disposal of your office or the appropriate U.S. Mission's individual experts to discuss this matter further.

Sincerely,

John Irving Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited

BAYOR SUPPLY & TRADING UNITED

P.O. BOX CB12918 NASSAU BAHAMAS 242 362 4731 FAX: 242 362 4733 TIX: 20644

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt-FN 118

BAY04-00636

TO: Attn: U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Mr. Matthew T. McManus

Division Chief - Energy Producer Affairs

FROM: John D.N. Irving

DATE:

February 27, 2003

REF:

CHANGE IN METHODOLOGY APPLIED JANUARY O.S.P.

FORMULA'S (U.S.)

Dear Sirs:

The breakdown of the various components of each formula as per our recommendations for February formulas reflects the industry perception of the methodology generally accepted by the U.N. Overseers during the past several months up until January. The industry has renewed participation in recent months in part due to the higher expectation of this methodology being applied at the end of each month, despite the fact that many industry participants do not believe the methodology reflects a Fair Market component covering quality deterioration of Basrah Light.

Despite the above, due to higher confidence in the methodology applied in December and prior months continued to be were many industry participants such as Bayoil committing to forward shipments in January, February and March based on this assumption. However, to the surprise of all participants in January, there was a major departure in the methodology applied that contradicts certain premises established from the beginning of the program.

We would therefore like to outline our views on this apparent departure U.N. connection with our strong recommendation that such conditions not be applied in February as follows:

The apparent change in methodology concerns the additional <u>market component</u>, which reflects the difference between 1 */2 **d W.T.I. quotation applicable around each loading, which is being added to each January formulas <u>for both grades</u>, and all <u>lifting periods</u>. This difference or <u>backwardstion</u> in the market structure has not been consistently applied for both <u>lraqi grades</u> and for all price periods every since the program's inception and particularly last year. It should be further noted that by suddenly adding this factor in January on a retroactive basis without prior notice when this backwardation factor is the highest level in 10 years, is particularly unrealistic.

The primary concern however is that as a result of adding back this backwardation process (W.T.I. 1st/2nd month differences) has the effect of reducing the competitiveness of each formula by a corresponding amount and if applied contradicts with the logic applied when in 1997 whereby the establishment of a reference price was established by

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Attn:

Mr. Matthew T. McManus

Division Chief - Energy Producer Affairs

FROM:

John D.N. Irving

DATE:

February 27, 2003

REF:

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BAY04-02148

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt-FN 118

S.O.M.O. and the U.N. (i.e. For Basrah Light, 2nd month W.T.I. quotes to apply 15 days after B/L less the month discount).

Specific key points for consideration:

- 1.) The establishment (1997) of using 2nd month quotations for W.T.I. was adopted to correlate to most of the alternate foreign Sour producers prices which are prices around delivery on W.T.I. 1st month quotes would approximately equate to Basrah Light prices on 2nd month quotes (15 days after B/L) or much earlier period given the long shipment period.
- 2.) By adding back the 1st/2nd month difference based on quotes around load dates would in effect cancel out the methodology history adopted, resulting in the other foreign crude's being cheaper by a similar amount.
- 3.) S.O.M.O. and the U.N.'s recently agreed procedure of assessing delivered values of Basrah Light adjusted for quality based on prevailing market quotations for Mars Crude is also used as a barometer of Sour differentials by other producers (i.e. Saudi) which do not further adjust this factor by the corresponding monthly W.T.I. differences.
- 4.) Despite the considerations outlined above, the practice of adding back a backwardation factor for both Iraqi grades and all loading periods based on the attempt to some how equate to market assessments on Domestic (Mars) crude would not be applicable for Kirkuk or Basrah Light for most loading periods.

We hope the above outlined possible considerations for not applied such a factor in future months may provide S.O.M.O. a logical foundation for eliminating such practice when calculating formula's for submission to U.N., as well as provide S.O.M.O. arguments to U.N. experts if their exists future rebate with such experts as to the approval of formula's submitted without such factors included.

Jean Johnston

From: Jean Johnston

Sent: Thursday, February 27, 2003 10:46 AM

To: mcmanusmt@state.gov
Subject: U.N. Price Mechanisms Feb 03

Dear Mr. McManus:

Please find attached correspondence from Mr. John Irving.

<<OSP FEB 03 State Dept Cover Ltr.doc>> <<OSP FEB 03 STATE DEPT LTR..doc>> <<FebOSPIraqi-Saudi Formula UN 2.27.03.doc>> <<FebOSP analysisfeb26.xls>> <<UNFeb1-10OSP 2-27-03.doc>>

9/23/2004

PSI Minority Rpt-FN 118

Mary Jenkins

From: Sent: To: Subject:

Mary Jenkins Monday, March 10, 2003 9:34 PM 'kirschde@state.gov'; 'mcmasnusmt@state.gov' FW: OSP Correspondence

UN OSP March
UN-METHODOLOGI Feb OSP UN-U.S. MARKET
3-10-03.doc ES APPLIES FEB. ... Reconstruction.xis IRAQI CRUDES 3-...
Attached documents sent to UN Overseers:

BAY04-00598

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Minority Rpt-FN 118

Mary Jenkins

From: Sent: To: Subject:

Mary Jenkins Tuesday, March 11, 2003 12:22 PM 'mcmanusmt@state.gov' FW: OSP Correspondence

UN OSP Merch UN-METHODOLOGI Feb OSP 3-10-03.doc ES APPLIES FEB. ... Reconstruction



Attached documents sent to UN Overseers:

BAY04-00602

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations **PSI Minority Rpt-FN 118**

UNITED NATIONS

OFFICE OF IRAQ PROGRAMME

ATTN:

Mr. Benon Sevan Executive Director

FAX:

212-963-1984/212-963-5947

CC:

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE

ATTN:

Mr. D.E. Krisch

Mr. Matthew T. McManus

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DATE:

March 13, 2003

REF:

OIL PRICE MECHANISM

Dear Sir:

I would like to take this opportunity to apprise your office of our serious concerns regarding the current difficulties experienced by the companies lifting oil under the current phase of the U.N. Oil-for-Food Program, which is directly as a result of the procedures and methodologies the U.N. Oil Overseers are applying to carry out their responsibilities.

Bayoil's concerns are shared by many industry participants in the Program, a statement we can easily prove. All of us in the industry are under the assumption that it is still the objective of the U.N. and its members to see the maximum amount of funding to the U.N. Iraqi account, for the ultimate humanitarian benefit of the Iraqi people. Therefore, in order to accomplish this goal, there should be no unnecessary hindrances for potential industry participants, which might result in loss of confidence by such companies, and subsequent reluctance to lift the maximum available quantities of oil on a ratable basis. Unfortunately, this is exactly the situation which occurs today, directly as a result of the U.N. Oil Overseers operating in a manner outside the stated guideline of their mandate, which includes as you well know, to accurately assess formula prices submitted by S.O.M.O, as to their relative fair market value.

Bayoil

As background for your information, Bayoil has been the largest shipper/marketer of Iraqi crude's to the U.S. since the oil program began, mostly under contract from a wide range of S.O.M.O. allocation holders. For this reason, I believe we are in a unique

BAY04-02115

PSI Minority Rpt - FN 118

position to understand the changing dynamics of the Iraqi crude market, particularly during this recent period. Specifically, in February our firm shipped 8 million barrels of Kirkuk/Basrah to the U.S., and from March 1st until today, approximately 7 million barrels. These figures represent between 40-60% of the U.S. deliveries, a market share consistent with our activities during typical periods since the programs inception.

Specifically, the aforementioned activities, or procedures creating difficulties for the participants can be summarized as follows:

- 1) During the process of assessing or sourcing market information, whereby industry contact would be required, The Overseers are in a deliberate and prejudicial way ignoring and/or discounting market information/analysis from certain companies (including Bayoil), which are in the best position of knowledge, while relying instead almost solely on industry sources, which are often not participating and thus have their own vested interest.
- In this respect, Bayoil has frequently provided U.N. Overseers and S.O.M.O. written reports covering market analysis and other pertinent information, including recommended formula calculations for particular lift periods, which are consistent with our analysis, and completely accurate to the best of our professional abilities.
- Unfortunately, we have never received the courtesy of written response to our frequent and recent reports, and seldom any verbal comments or constructive counter arguments, which should normally occur between professionals. This is particularly the case in the last few months, whereby our activity has become more predominant and the market has become more volatile, and as a result our reports to Overseers have been more frequent and detailed (please see the attached Market Reports).
- 2) The Overseers' responsibilities under Resolution 986, in connection with the formula submission process with S.O.M.O. are not being adhered to.
- The Overseers have clearly <u>pre-advised S.O.M.O.</u> of the price formulas S.O.M.O. must submit to gain their approval, (a procedure that could legally be questioned as it amounts to the Overseers deciding to price irrespective of S.O.M.O.'s assessments and evaluations.). The Overseers' approach is also based on a methodology very much in variance with S.O.M.O.'s intended submission, which they share openly with the industry and which is consistent with the primary lifters.
- 3) The Overseers are currently clearly not fairly or accurately assessing the fair market value of Iraqi crudes.
- The Overseers have received written and oral documented evidence from Bayoil and others, (see attached reports) which proves that their imposed methodologies

for establishing formulas, for recent and future lifting periods, will consequentially equate to a relative cost/price differential, which will likely continue to be higher priced than those of other crude grades (i.e. Saudi) or well above the "fair market value".

- The Overseers, have reportedly taken a position on this subject along the lines that
 the system of calculating formulas is long standing, and despite the fact that this
 methodology may currently result in higher prices than other competitive grades
 and Spot market values for Iraqi grades, they maintain there is no basis for
 modification or amendments.
- The Overseers, have received certain correspondence from Bayoil and others.
 That in fact there have been regular changes to the general methodology, and specific sub-components within the past few months. No supporting evidence has been offered to contradict these industry perceptions.

The, aforementioned apparent complete departure from the original guidelines:set forth for the U.N. oil experts under Resolution 986, including the practice or a unilaterally setting a price on an ad hoc basis for Iraqi oil. This in turn has led to a complete breakdown in confidence by the industry participants in the program fueled by the expectation that prices will be imposed on future liftings in a manner consistent with recent past, which will likely result in between \$1.50-3.00 per barrel loss for lifters.

As this situation is untenable for Bayoil, and as we understand other lifters as well, Bayoil has no other choice than to immediately cease participation in the program, and support others to do likewise.

We regret to inform your office of this decision, due to our historical support for the program, and will certainly be reconsidering such action if any actions are taken to rectify this situation. Meanwhile, we are immediately seeking alternative options for our vessels already scheduled to load ratably from Ceyhan and Al Bakr for some time, and will be informing our contractual supplier of such cancellations.

I have drafted a final correspondence to the U.N. Overseers, outlining our overall concerns, which considering that in the past they have not had the courtesy to respond to our market analysis reports, it now would seem appropriate to forward such communications through your office, per the additional enclosed attachment.

It will indeed be regrettable if the purpose of the Oil-for-Food Program were to be frustrated by the behavior of the very U.N. officials who are supposed to manage its smooth implementation.

I will be happy to meet or discuss further any questions you may have at your convenience. You can contact me at my Houston office Tel. (713) 222-7100 or by fax - (713) 224-8101

Sincerely,

David B. Chalmers Jr. For and on behalf of Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited

Frankrije je

Jean Johnston

From: Jean Johnston

Sent: Thursday, March 13, 2003 4:32 PM

To: kirschde@state.gov

Cc: mcmanusmt@state.gov

Subject: UN Oil Price Mechanisms

Dear Sirs:

Please find attached letter addressed to Mr. Benon Sevan, Executive Director of UN Office of Iraq Programme, together with letter to UN Oil Overseers to be forwarded from Mr. Sevan's office for your review.

The attachments referred to are the recent correspondence which has been forwarded to your office.

Please do not hesitate to contact me (713) 222-7100 if you require any elaboration on the attached.

Sincerely,

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

<<UN OIL PRICE MECHANISM 3.13.doc>> <<UN APPROVAL OF PRICING FORMULS 3.13.doc>>

9/23/2004

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt-FN 118

OIL OVERSEERS

OFFICE OF IRAQ PROGRAMME

ATTN:

MORTEN BUUR-JENSEN

FAX:

212-963-1628

FROM:

JOHN OVERBEY

DATE:

MARCH 3, 2003

REF:

ADDITIONAL POINTS OF CONSIDERATION WITH RESPECT TO THE METHODOLOGY OF ASSESSING SOUR MARKET PRICES BY USING APPLIED DIFFERENTIALS BETWEEN (MARS)

ASSESSMENT CORRESPONDING TO ARRIVAL VERSUS THE FOLLOWING MONTH W.T.I., INSTEAD OF THE SAME MONTH.

Dear Mr. Morton Buur-Jensen:

While we maintain our previously stated recommendations with respect to not applying this methodology for any period or either grade (Basrah Light/Kirkuk), due to historical practice and foreign competition, it should be noted that the premise of this methodology applied by Overseers has certain logic if refinery purchase prices were only based on economics whereby Iraqi grades were directly substituted for Mars, and not alternate grades, which would also imply the quality differentials was fairly assessed, which it is clearly not.

With this in mind however, it is technically only logical based on a very narrow range of load dates between the 11th and 15th of each month, for Basrah only, and only if there were no delays in shipment. That is, for these load dated, in theory, the typical vessels competition or discharge date, after lightering about 45 days, would take place on or before the beginning of the month in which the Mars assessment is used.

Therefore, there would be a theoretical value added for a refinery, if the Basrah cargo can be processed from the beginning of a particular month (as per Mars), and the cost is basis following month W.T.I.

As Kirkuk, is pricing versus 1st month W.T.I., and given about 30 days completion of lightering time, such load date would clearly not be able to be refined prior to the receiving month. Therefore, no case can be made for adding back such a backwardation assessment to Mars differential. (i.e. even lifting 11-15 each month could not be processed until middle of Sour assessment month.)

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt-FN 118

In cases of Kirkuk loadings late month, or early in the month, there exists clearly a negative backwardation cost associated with the applicable 1st month W.T.I. quotations which are prevailing during the U.N. contract price period 15 days after B/L and the typical sale's price period around discharge (likely to be after 25th of each month due to transit time).

The same conditions apply for Basrah lifting's during the same period.

Therefore, instead of adding backwardation for such load date, a subtraction should occur, in order to be competitive with other Sour Crudes.

In summary, with respect to the importance of fairly assessing Iraqi grade formula's, in February/March, particularly the delivered W.T.I. Market differential component to each formula, we would like to highlight the following key points:

1.) No case can be made for narrowing the Mars/W.T.I. differential assessment by applying the following month W.T.I. for:

Basrah Lifting- Before 10th each month -After 15th each month

Kirkuk Lifting-Any lifting period

- 2.) The effect of applying backwardation to the delivered Sour differential assessment Mars/W.T.I., results in the delivered cost differential Basrah/W.T.I., particularly today, substantially more narrow that this potential market sales differentials.
- 3.) A case can be made for subtracting W.T.I. (1st/2nd) month backwardation for lifting very late or early each month for Basrah and Kirkuk, due to the W.T.I. month applied to the cost (per U.N. standard contract) is higher than the typical sales basis W.T.I. month expected time of discharge (i.e. "Skopelos case").

Mary Jenkins

From: Sent: To: Subject:

Mary Jenkins Monday, March 10, 2003 9:29 PM 'Jensenm@un.org' OSP Correspondence





UN OSP March
3-10-03.doc ES APPLIES FEB. ... Reconstruction.xds IRAQI CRUDIES 3-...

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Minority Rpt-FN 118

BAY04-00597

Ministry of Petroleum

Baghdad, Iraq

ATTN:

His Excellency Amer Rasheed

FAX:

011 9641 885 3018

DATE:

March 15, 2003

Dear Dr. Rasheed:

As per my previous correspondence, Bayoil has lifted and nominated substantial Iraqi crude volumes in the recent period, in the spirit of our mutual cooperation.

In this connection, the market value of these recently lifted quantities have on a relative basis deteriorated further since our last correspondence and have resulted in unforeseen negative financial consequences for lifters such as Bayoil.

The aforementioned recent deterioration in delivered Iraqi crude values is clearly a direct consequence to the substantial imported quantities of Saudi grades recently delivered and projected to be delivered through May. Consequently, there are not enough potential outlets for the Iraqi grades, which will undoubtedly not correspond to the lifted volumes as of today.

Therefore, we believe it is imperative, prior to the submission of any further price mechanisms, that there should be a complete understanding of the actual market conditions today, as outlined in our recent correspondence to S.O.M.O.

Additionally, I would like to inform you that our company and others, have been recently corresponding to key U.N. officials, and 661 Representatives, regarding the recent difficulties experienced by S.O.M.O., with respect to obtaining approval from The Overseers for formula prices which reflect the actual market circumstances.

It is in our view that these initiatives will shortly lead to more flexibility by The Overseers, and thus would hope to likewise see support from S.O.M.O. by submitting price formulas consistent with our recommendations.

I have enclosed some examples of more recent correspondence to the U.N. and S.O.M.O. on this matter for your review.

I will greatly appreciate your assistance in this matter, and will be glad to discuss or comment on any of the material provided.

Sincerely,

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt-FN 119

Mary Jenkins

From: Sent: To: Subject:

Mary Jenkins Friday, February 07, 2003 4:31 PM 'ow@nucoastal.com' Jan OSP

BAY04-00631

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Minority Rpt-FN 120

1

NuCoastal

ATTN: FAX: Mr. Oscar Wyatt 713-877-7192

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DATE:

February 7, 2003

RE:

January O.S.P. Prices (US)

Pursuant to our telecons, please find below suggested text to S.O.M.O. Please forward to MEDNAFTA to forward to S.O.M.O.:

Quote:

With reference to our impending February lifting, our intended receivers have expressed concern with regard to an apparent inconsistency in criteria used for calculating formula prices submitted in January which would affect the relative market price competitiveness for our intended lifting.

Specifically, we would like to be assured that S.O.M.O. will make all endeavors to use the methodology established in recent months (i.e. December) accepted by the U.N. with respect to the criteria used to calculate the formula for each period. In this connection it is imperative that due to competition from foreign producer suppliers such as Saudi and Venezuela, no factor is added to the formula, particularly for our lifting period which reflects the premium between monthly quotations around the lifting date. Such a methodology is not applied in the monthly formulas for both the aforementioned producers, and if applied would make S.O.M.O.'s formula's un-competitive by that amount, which in turn would result in the refinery receivers rejecting any deliveries from our shipment on this basis.

We appreciate your clarification of this matter at your earliest convenience.

Unquote

Best regards,

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

02/07/2003 16:42 FAX 7132248101

************* *** TX REPORT ***

TRANSMISSION OF

TX/RX NO

0016

7138777192

TI/RI NO
CONNECTION TEL
CONNECTION ID
ST. TIME
USAGE T
PGS. SENT
RESULT

02/07 16:41 00.25 OK

TO: ATTN: FAX: NuCoastal Mr. Oscar Wyatt 713-877-7192

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

FROM: DATE:

February 7, 2003

RE:

January O.S.P. Prices (US)

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PIRA

ATTN:

Larry Goldstein

FROM:

John Overbey

DATE:

February 27, 2003

REF:

Methodology Applied By U.N. Oil Overseers for Approval of Formula

Prices to U.S. Destination

Dear Larry:

With respect to our earlier conversations and correspondence on our concerns over the changing methodology being applied recently by the Overseers and the consequential competitive disadvantage as compared to other foreign supplies, we would like to provide you with some of our recent correspondence to the United Nations and State Department on this matter.

As should be evident from our correspondence, the case can clearly be made that continuation of such practice will undoubtedly cause great financial consequence to industry participants, and likely lead to participants such as Bayoil fleeing the program again, at a time when the U.S. needs to keep oil flowing to check these exorbitant prices.

We are hopeful that you will concur with our position in this matter and relay your professional recommendations to the relevant authorities, during this week, while the market circumstances are being evaluated by the U.N., pertaining to the price discussions and submissions by SOMO for February.

David and I will look forward to hearing from you with regard to any comments or questions on this matter at your convenience.

Sincerely,

John Overbey
For and on behalf of
Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited

PSI Minority Rpt-FN 121

BAY04-00635



FAX FACTS

DATE: July 1st
TO: David Chelmers - GUEST
ATTN:
FAX NO: 01144207 447 1100
PAGES AFTER COVER:
FROM: <u>Len Vestal</u>
COMMENTS: David-I Just talked to Larry Gold stein & he send me this There they just wrote for the U.S. U.N. & Stale Dept. T having read it yet, but wonted to Sell they wonted to
The information contained in this Facsimile is confidential and/or privileged. This Facsimile is intended to be reviewed initially by only the individual named above. If the reader of this Transmittal Page is not the intended recipient or a representative of the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that any review, dissemination of copying or copying of this Facsimile or the information contained herein is prohibited. If you have received this Facsimile in error, please immediately notify the sender by telephone and return this Facsimile to the sender at the above

BAYOK (USA), INC.

909 TEXAS AVE., SUITE 202 HOUSTON, TX 77002 713-222-7100 FAX; 713-224-8101 TIX: 408368232

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt-FN 121

BAY04-01040



You may be interested.

PIRINC has prepared the enclosed report, *Iraqi Oil: A Love-Hate Relationship*. The report reviews the complex, even contradictory, concerns associated with Iraqi oil.

Iraq is one of the three countries, along with Iran and North Korea, named by President Bush as members of the "axis of evil." Yet the US is a sizeable market for Iraqi oil. The growth in imports from Iraq has generated opposition in Congress, most recently expressed in a Senate bill to prohibit them. Companies importing Iraqi oil in support from and conformity within US and UN sanctions regulations, find themselves under public scrutiny, and occasional outright criticism for doing so.

The US has a strong interest in maximizing legal exports from Iraq. At the same time, the US wants to close off illegal revenue sources that support the Iraqi regime. Recently, the UN pricing regime was modified to reduce the scope for illegal surcharges but an unintended result has been a significant fall-off in legal exports and funds for humanitarian imports. The loss could push up oil prices, given OPEC's likely decision to maintain production levels. It is not clear that overall illegal revenues have fallen. Illegal revenues from smuggled oil are far larger and only modest oil price increases, supported by a tighter world market, would offset any losses in surcharges.

It is proving extremely difficult for the US to achieve all its objectives. The US has succeeded in overseeing the return of an important source of supply to the world oil market while insuring that most of proceeds go for approved purposes. Any slippage, however, is a cause for concern, given the nature of the Iraqi regime.

If you have any questions or comments, please call Larry Goldstein, Ron Gold or John Lichtblau.

June 2002

Petroleum Industry Research Foundation, Inc. 3 Park Avenue • 26th Floor • New York, NY 10016-5989 Tel.: (212) 686-6470 • Fax: (212) 686-6558



Iraqi Oil: A Love-Hate Relationship

Since the 1990 invasion of Kuwait, the U.S. has viewed the Iraqi regime as hostile. Iraq is one of the three countries, along with Iran and North Korea, named by President Bush as members of the "axis of evil." On August 2, 1990, former President Bush issued an executive order declaring a national emergency and by executive order imposed a complete trade embargo and blockage of government financial assets on Iraq. Within a few days, the UN Security Council imposed similar comprehensive sanctions. The original executive order has been renewed over the years, most recently on July 31, 2001 by the current President Bush.

In 1995, in response to growing humanitarian concerns for the Iraqi population, the UN sanctions regime was modified to carve out an exception to the total embargo, oil. UN Security Council Resolution 986 allowed the Iraqi government to sell a limited amount of oil for a limited period, with proceeds to be deposited in a specified bank account and to be used for specific purposes, primarily humanitarian supplies and compensation to war victims. Sanctions are still in effect although with significant changes, in particular the removal of limits on oil sales and most recently, a streamlining of the review process regarding purchases of imports. US sanctions regulations have incorporated the changes made over the years by the UN Security Council.

Although US-Iraq relations are no less hostile than they were in the aftermath of the Gulf War, the US has become a sizeable market for Iraqi oil. In the first three months of this year, US imports of crude oil from Iraq amounted to nearly 50% of UN monitored Iraqi oil exports and about 10% of total US crude oil imports. Despite this substantial commercial relationship, companies importing Iraqi oil in support from and conformity within US and UN sanctions regulations, find themselves under public scrutiny, and occasional outright criticism for doing so. Part of the problem lies in the manner of just how the oil is acquired. Iraq refuses to sell oil directly to US companies. From those who do buy the authorized oil at approved prices, Iraq is accused of collecting illegal surcharges above and beyond authorized prices, which in turn are presumably "incorporated" in prices charged to third parties. Thus, US companies are accused of indirectly lending financial support to the Iraqi regime even though they have no incentive whatsoever to pay anything more than competitive market value for the oil--indeed, perhaps a bit less given the supply risks associated with this source. For any sustained surcharges to be possible, there has to be some gap between approved prices and market value, an issue that the UN has been attempting to address. Iraq is also accused of collecting revenue through illegal commissions on import contracts, and most important, through oil smuggling.

This report reviews the complex, even contradictory, concerns associated with Iraqi oil. The return of Iraqi oil to the international market has played an important moderating role on world oil prices. ² The US has an interest in supporting high levels of legal, controlled exports both as an ongoing force for price moderation and as a means of funding approved humanitarian imports. At the same time, the US wants to close off illegal revenue sources. An official pricing

² Just as its periodic loss has undoubtedly raised world oil prices.

¹ Of the total proceeds, 72% were to finance humanitarian imports—split between the Iraqi government controlled areas (59%) and the Northern Governates or areas controlled by the Kurds (13%)—and 25% for compensation of victims. The balance funds the UN administration costs, and monitoring and inspection programs.



system that leaves no money on the table for surcharges would in principle meet both objectives although such a system in practice has been difficult to devise. Until late last year, the UN had been pricing Iraqi oil preferentially to and not competitive with other comparable crudes in a broadly successful effort to encourage legal export volumes and raise revenues for humanitarian imports. However, recent attempts to price closer to market, in particular through a shift to retroactive pricing, is having the undesirable effects of cutting monitored export volumes and revenues available to finance humanitarian imports. ³

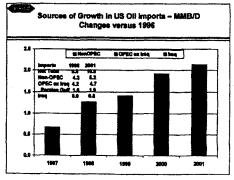
The illegal revenues from surcharges are estimated to be a very small fraction, about 2-3% of total legal revenues. They are also modest relative to the 10 times larger revenues from smuggling. On the surface, it's therefore puzzling, why we haven't focused efforts on eliminating the smuggling. The illegal sales through the Syrian pipeline by itself nets Saddam 5 times the illegal revenues from surcharges, where he gets dollars per barrel not dimes. Reducing smuggling, however, involves gaining the cooperation of countries receiving the oil, which so far has not been successful.

Iraq's Role in Oil Markets

Toward the end of 1996, Iraq accepted the UN conditions for oil sales laid out in the August 1995 UN Security Council Resolution 986 and Iraqi oil began its reentry into world markets. Production levels rose from about 580 MB/D in 1996 to 2.5 MMB/D in 1999, a level that has more or less been sustained through 2001. In 2001, OPEC's production was up by about 1.8 MMB/D versus 1996, with the entire net difference accounted for by Iraq. In effect, Iraq, which currently is not subject to any OPEC production limits, has pre-empted market gains for the rest of OPEC, putting pressure on that organization's cohesion and ability to influence prices.

The impact of Iraq's return to market is illustrated by the changes in recent years in US sources of supply of imports. The chart on the right shows the broad sources of growth in US net oil imports since

From 1996 through 2001, US net imports grew by 2.1 MMB/D or from 8.5 to 10.6 MMB/D. All non-OPEC sources supplied 0.9 MMB/D of the growth followed closely by Iraq, which supplied nearly 0.8 MMB/D. The other OPEC



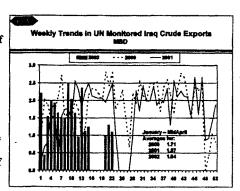
³ This could result in an annualized loss of \$3 billion to the escrow account without necessarily cutting into the net illegal flow of funds to Saddam. It takes only modest increases in the much larger flow of illegal revenues from smuggled oil to offset the reduced revenues from surcharges, a process facilitated by a tighter world market. With refinery margins weak and other crudes readily available, the new level of uncertainty created by retroactive pricing has moved Iraqi oil from the top toward the bottom of a refiners preference list.



countries collectively supplied less than 0.5 MMB/D. The share of total 1996-2001 growth accounted for by the other OPEC group amounted to about 20% of the 2.1 MMB/D total, well below the group's 50% share of total US net imports in 1996. The growth in imports from Iraq has generated opposition in Congress, most recently expressed in a Senate bill to prohibit them. The bill is opposed by the Administration and is highly unlikely to become law. Nonetheless it reflects the uncomfortable balance in perceptions between the advantages to the US of having a new source of supply come to market and the desire not give any support to a hostile regime, even if in fact the lion's share of Iraq's oil revenues go for humanitarian purposes.

While annual figures give some perspective on the impact of Iraq's return to the world oil market, they miss another aspect of Iraqi exports, at least those monitored by the UN, namely their short-term volatility. Sharp swings in a country's export volumes can result from sudden changes in market conditions, physical production and logistics problems and, especially in the case of Iraq, political decisions to curtail exports. The chart below illustrates the weekly trends in UN-monitored crude exports since the beginning of 2000.

Over the period shown, monitored exports have varied from weekly highs exceeding 2.5 MMB/D to weekly lows of zero. The zero export periods all have political roots. The 2000 and 2001 zero export intervals occurred when a sixmonth sanctions phase had come to an end and Iraq was refusing to accept the terms of the next six-month phase as set by the UN Security Council. Exports rebounded once Iraq finally agreed to the terms. The latest, mid-April to mid-May curtailment was stated to be in support of the Palestinians during the recent intensification of the Israel-Palestinian



conflict. The Iraqi government called on the other Arab exporters to follow suit. When it was clear that no other country would join in cutting oil supplies, Iraqi (monitored) exports resumed. However, the bounce back does not appear to be as vigorous as has been the case after earlier curtailments. This year through mid-April, monitored exports have averaged 1.6 MMB/D, about 0.5 MMB/D below its 2-2.2 MMB/D export capacity. Setting aside the curtailment period, monitored exports since early March have averaged about 0.7 MMB/D below year-earlier volumes.

The significantly lower volumes are generally considered to be the result of changes in UN pricing formulas designed to reduce the scope for illegal surcharges.⁴ Pricing issues are

⁴ Earlier, concerns over Iraqi production capability led to a broadening of permitted imports to include oil-related equipment. As of mid-May of this year, about 8% of the value of import contracts approved for the Iraqi government controlled areas were for oil-related equipment.



discussed in more detail in the next section of the report but before turning to them, it should be kept in mind that whether or not Iraqi exports recover toward earlier high levels is an important near-term issue for world oil markets. OPEC has already indicated that it will not raise official production quotas when it meets later this month. Recent forecasts, including those issued by the US Department of Energy and the International Energy Agency project higher world oil demand in the third quarter (due mainly to seasonal factors). The third quarter is typically a stock-build quarter as well. With non-OPEC production expected to rise only modestly, the world will be looking to OPEC for more oil. While the OPEC members apart from Iraq are already producing beyond their quotas, and the gap could rise still further, there is little doubt that an early return by Iraq to at least its prior high levels of exports would go far towards alleviating risks of a significant tightening of world oil markets over the summer.

Pricing Iraqi Oil

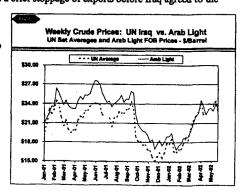
Under the current UN sanctions regime, a special committee sets the prices under which Iraqi oil is legally exported. The prices are meant to be in line with market values of the oil although precision is impossible to assure. The demonstrated political supply risks associated with Iraqi oil mean that ultimate buyers view this source differently from other more stable sources and allow for this difference in what they are willing to pay. A further complication comes from at least the early need to raise revenues to finance humanitarian imports, and therefore the priority given to insuring that the world oil market would take large volumes of oil on offer.

Iraq refuses to sell oil directly to US buyers, so US companies purchasing Iraqi oil must do so through resellers. It is the initial, direct buyers who would be paying the illegal surcharges to the Iraqi government. In late 2000, as the sanctions regime was coming up for renewal, the Iraqi government announced that anyone buying oil from the national oil company would have to pay an explicit 50 cent/barrel surcharge to a bank account controlled by Iraq. The UN Security Council rejected the demand. There was a brief stoppage of exports before Iraq agreed to the

six-month renewal of the program but the matter of illegal surcharges remains.

In principle, the closer the UN price is to market value, the less room there would be for surcharges and there are indications that the recent changes in pricing practices, especially the shift early this year from forward to retroactive pricing, has cut into the potential for surcharges.

The chart on the right shows the weekly average crude prices set by the UN for Iraqi exports and for comparison



purposes, the FOB Arab Light prices. Prices are shown from the beginning of 2001 through the end of May 2002.

Through early 2002, the average UN set prices tended to be significantly below the Arab Light prices. But with the change in UN pricing practice that was introduced early in the year, the gap has virtually disappeared. At that time, the shift was made from forward to retroactive pricing. Differences between the two crude streams limit the value of exact price comparisons between them but the data strongly indicate a substantial narrowing of any gap between UN prices and market values. The narrowing suggests that the move to retroactive pricing was accompanied by other changes as well that effectively narrowed the gap. 5 But caution is needed before concluding any per barrel surcharge has been similarly reduced.

The substantially lower UN-monitored Iraqi export volumes since early March, setting aside the Iraqi political curtailment discussed earlier, suggests that effective prices relative to values seen by final consumers have moved up with the new pricing. Such a development encourages the more marginal buyers to look elsewhere for supplies.

The Iraqi government has placed a high priority on revenue fully under its own control through surcharges, smuggling, and illegal commissions. It has also shown willingness suspend temporarily all legal exports and forgo the associated UN-controlled revenues and the far smaller revenues from illegal surcharges. The Iraqi government may prefer, at least for the time being, to accept substantially lower UN-controlled volumes and money into the escrow account since there doesn't seem to be any reduced flow of illegal payments to the government.

The Iraqi government's own revenue losses would be reduced to the extent reduced legal oil exports tighten the market and raise revenues received on smuggled oil. As published by the GAO, smuggled oil amounts to between 325 to 480 MB/D. 6 The losses of illegal surcharges on authorized oil could be offset if markets tightened sufficiently to raise prices received on smuggled oil by between 50 cents and 75 cents/barrel. It should be noted that the estimated range for smuggled oil as published by the GAO includes 100 MB/D of exports to Jordan. Although technically in violation of the UN sanctions, the exports to Jordan are tacitly accepted by the UN, and the US government.

⁵ Retroactive pricing per se need not necessarily impact the margin between the official price and the prices in turn set by the middlemen to their customers. While it does offer UN officials more information about market conditi before setting approved prices, the more discretion the pricing officials exercise, the less certainty buyers have about

their ultimate costs, adding to their market risks.

See, US General Accounting Office, Weapons of Mass Destruction; UN Confronts Significant Challenges in Implementing Sanctions Against Iraq, May 2002.

A sustained loss of 0.5 MMB/D from global oil markets would easily raise world market prices by that level.

The Oil Companies

The US regulations for companies buying oil from the Iraqi government or its state oil company are clear. To receive a specific license to import the oil, any purchase contract must accord with "normal arms-length commercial practice" and the applicant must certify that it understands that:

"---issuance of a license does not authorize a licensee to provide goods, services or compensation of any kind to the Government of Iraq other than that specifically provided in contracts entered into by the applicant and the Government of Iraq and submitted to and approved by the UN 661 Committee or its designee."

US companies are thus prohibited from paying surcharges on purchases of oil directly from Iraq. However, as noted earlier, Iraq refuses to deal directly with US companies. As has been widely reported, last year the US State Department wrote to the US companies buying Iraqi oil on the world oil market warning them to be sure their purchases are not tainted by payment of a surcharge that Iraq has reportedly demanded. US companies in any case have no incentive to pay anything above their judgments of competitive market value for Iraqi oil, including any allowance for supply risk. By importing competitively priced Iraqi oil, they are in effect holding down the cost of imported oil to US consumers. This is particularly the case when as part of their effort to prop up oil prices; OPEC has been holding back supplies of comparable crudes available to the market.

The companies importing Iraqi oil into the US are thus not the appropriate targets of any effort to cut the illegal flow of revenues to the Iraqi government. The appropriate targets have proven more difficult, the direct buyers paying the reported surcharges, and the countries such as Russia who could exercise greater oversight over their national's behavior, as well as those entities and countries receiving the smuggled oil. The problem is further complicated by the apparent willingness of the government of Iraq to sacrifice substantial legal revenues in order to maintain the far smaller flow of direct illegal revenues to itself. As with much else concerning Iraq, imperfect results seem to be the most that can be achieved. In his May appearance on Meet the Press, Secretary Powell summed up the current imperfect situation as follows:

But he is able — through smuggling activities and other states that are neighbors of his, and this kind of duplicitous action in arranging surcharges — he is able to generate an additional \$2-\$3 billion a year that he can use for whatever purpose he chooses. I wish that were not the case. I wish that were not the case. I wish that it down entirely, but we haven't been able to. But we have been able to keep the Oil-for-Food program in place, and that controls about 80 percent of the funds available for the regime.

In sum, it is proving extremely difficult for the US to achieve all its objectives when it comes to Iraqi oil. Nonetheless, the US has succeeded in overseeing the return of an important source of

⁸Quotations taken from, U.S. Department of the Treasury, Office of Foreign Assets Control, <u>An Overview of the Iraqi Sanctions Regulations</u>—<u>Title 31 Part 575 of the U.S. Code of Federal Regulations</u>.
⁹ Meet the Press interview, May 5, 2002.

Iraqi Oil: A Love-Hate Relationship



supply to the world oil market while insuring that most of proceeds go for approved purposes. Any slippage, however, is a cause for concern, given the nature of the Iraqi regime. A narrow focused forward pricing formula would appear to be more consistent with US interests than the retroactive pricing method currently in place.

BAY04-01048

1298

INTEROFFICE

To: David Chalmers From: Ken Vestal

Subject: OSP Retroactive Prices

Date: March 7, 2002

Below are the OSP's with the difference shown from the month before. In discussions with John Irving and Larry Goldstein of PIRA they both believe the "Retroactive Pricing" started in October and I believe that is correct. I multiplied the volume of the loading month by the difference from the OSP of the preceding month. *Example*: December volume on the "Lycorn Pacifique" was 1,921,000 of Kirkuk, the change in OSP's from November to December was \$1.50 bbl for Kirkuk or a total impact to Bayoil of \$2,881,500 for that cargo only. The total for the five months of October thru February was \$20,992,200, see attached breakdown for all cargoes. Also I did not include March "Hellespont Grand" in this review.

		Delta-Month		Delta-Month
<u>Month</u>	Basrah OSP	<u>Before</u>	Kirkuk OSP	<u>Before</u>
September	\$6.80	\$+0.25	\$6.15	+\$0.25
October	7.00	-0.20	6.15	NC
November	6.45	-0.55	6.05	0.10
December	5.00	-1.45	4.55	1.50
January	4.15	-0.85	3.85	0.70
February 1/H	3.70	-0.45	3.30	0.55
" 2/H	3.85	-0.30	3.30	0.55

NOTE: David I made a mistake on the change or delta on the January to February Kirkuk OSP, on the last one sent to you in Geneva. I showed a \$0.30 change for the January to February OSP and it should have reflected a \$0.55 change. I have also corrected the attached accounting sheet showing the details on the gross impact to Bayoil for the "Retroactive Pricing".

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UNITED NATIONS

OFFICE OF IRAQ PROGRAMME

ATTN:

Mr. Benon Sevan

FAX:

Executive Director 212-963-1984/212-963-5947

CC:

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE

ATTN:

Mr. D.E. Krisch

Mr. Matthew T. McManus

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DATE:

March 13, 2003

REF:

OIL PRICE MECHANISM

Dear Sir:

I would like to take this opportunity to apprise your office of our serious concerns regarding the current difficulties experienced by the companies lifting oil under the current phase of the U.N. Oil-for-Food Program, which is directly as a result of the procedures and methodologies the U.N. Oil Overseers are applying to carry out their responsibilities.

Bayoil's concerns are shared by many industry participants in the Program, a statement we can easily prove. All of us in the industry are under the assumption that it is still the objective of the U.N. and its members to see the maximum amount of funding to the U.N. Iraqi account, for the ultimate humanitarian benefit of the Iraqi people: Therefore, in order to accomplish this goal, there should be no unnecessary hindrances for potential industry participants, which might result in loss of confidence by such companies, and subsequent reluctance to lift the maximum available quantities of oil on a ratable basis. Unfortunately, this is exactly the situation which occurs today, directly as a result of the U.N. Oil Overseers operating in a manner outside the stated guideline of their mandate, which includes as you well know, to accurately assess formula prices submitted by S.O.M.O, as to their relative fair market value.

Bayoil

As background for your information, Bayoil has been the largest shipper/marketer of Iraqi crude's to the U.S. since the oil program began, mostly under contract from a wide range of S.O.M.O. allocation holders. For this reason, I believe we are in a unique

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position to understand the changing dynamics of the Iraqi crude market, particularly during this recent period. Specifically, in February our firm shipped 8 million barrels of Kirkuk/Basrah to the U.S., and from March 1st until today, approximately 7 million barrels. These figures represent between 40-60% of the U.S. deliveries, a market share consistent with our activities during typical periods since the programs inception.

Specifically, the aforementioned activities, or procedures creating difficulties for the participants can be summarized as follows:

- 1) During the process of assessing or sourcing market information, whereby industry contact would be required, The Overseers are in a deliberate and prejudicial way ignoring and/or discounting market information/analysis from certain companies (including Bayoll), which are in the best position of knowledge, while relying instead almost solely on industry sources, which are often not participating and thus have their own vested interest.
- In this respect, Bayoil has frequently provided U.N. Overseers and S.O.M.O. written reports covering market analysis and other pertinent information, including recommended formula calculations for particular lift periods, which are consistent with our analysis, and completely accurate to the best of our professional abilities.
- Unfortunately, we have never received the courtesy of written response to our
 frequent and recent reports, and seldom any verbal comments or constructive
 counter arguments, which should normally occur between professionals. This is
 particularly the case in the last few months, whereby our activity has become
 more predominant and the market has become more volatile, and as a result our
 reports to Overseers have been more frequent and detailed (please see the attached
 Market Reports).
- 2) The Overseers' responsibilities under Resolution 986, in connection with the formula submission process with S.O.M.O. are not being adhered to.
- The Overseers have clearly <u>pre-advised S.O.M.O.</u> of the price formulas S.O.M.O. must submit to gain their approval, (a procedure that could legally be questioned as it amounts to the Overseers deciding to price irrespective of S.O.M.O.'s assessments and evaluations.). The Overseers' approach is also based on a methodology very much in variance with S.O.M.O.'s intended submission, which they share openly with the industry and which is consistent with the primary lifters
- 3) The Overseers are currently clearly not fairly or accurately assessing the fair market value of Iraqi crudes.
- The Overseers have received written and oral documented evidence from Bayoil and others. (see attached reports) which proves that their imposed methodologies

for establishing formulas, for recent and future lifting periods, will consequentially equate to a relative cost/price differential, which will likely continue to be higher priced than those of other crude grades (i.e. Saudi) or well above the "fair market value".

- The Overseers, have reportedly taken a position on this subject along the lines that the system of calculating formulas is long standing, and despite the fact that this methodology may currently result in higher prices than other competitive grades and Spot market values for Iraqi grades, they maintain there is no basis for modification or amendments.
- The Overseers, have received certain correspondence from Bayoil and others.
 That in fact there have been regular changes to the general methodology, and specific sub-components within the past few months. No supporting evidence has been offered to contradict these industry perceptions.

The, aforementioned apparent complete departure from the original guidelines set forth for the U.N. oil experts under Resolution 986, including the practice or a unilaterally setting a price on an ad hoc basis for Iraqi oil. This in turn has led to a complete breakdown in confidence by the industry participants in the program fueled by the expectation that prices will be imposed on future liftings in a manner consistent with recent past, which will likely result in between \$1.50-3.00 per barrel loss for lifters.

As this situation is untenable for Bayoil, and as we understand other lifters as well, Bayoil has no other choice than to immediately cease participation in the program, and support others to do likewise.

We regret to inform your office of this decision, due to our historical support for the program, and will certainly be reconsidering such action if any actions are taken to rectify this situation. Meanwhile, we are immediately seeking alternative options for our vessels already scheduled to load ratably from Ceyhan and Al Bakr for some time, and will be informing our contractual supplier of such cancellations.

I have drafted a final correspondence to the U.N. Overseers, outlining our overall concerns, which considering that in the past they have not had the courtesy to respond to our market analysis reports, it now would seem appropriate to forward such communications through your office, per the additional enclosed attachment.

It will indeed be regrettable if the purpose of the Oil-for-Food Program were to be frustrated by the behavior of the very U.N. officials who are supposed to manage its smooth implementation.

1302

I will be happy to meet or discuss further any questions you may have at your convenience. You can contact me at my Houston office Tel. (713) 222-7100 or by fax - (713) 224-8101

Sincerely,

David B. Chalmers Jr. For and on behalf of Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited proportion of the contract of

Page 1 of 1

Jean Johnston

From: Jean Johnston

Sent: Friday, March 14, 2003 11:22 AM

To: john@j-irving.demon.co.uk

Subject: FW: UN Oil Overseers Price Mechanisms

----Original Message----

From: David Chalmers Jr.

Sent: Thursday, March 13, 2003 4:34 PM

To: Jean Johnston

Subject: FW: UN Oil Overseers Price Mechanisms

----Original Message-----

From: David Chalmers Jr.

Sent: Thursday, March 13, 2003 3:57 PM

To: 'Sevan@un.org'

Subject: UN Oil Overseers Price Mechanisms

Dear Mr. Sevan;

Please find attached correspondence addressing our concerns with reference to the UN Oil Overseers' current methodology for approving the Iraqi Crude Price Mechanism, together with copies of correspondence/market information addressed to the UN Oil Overseers for your attention.

The first letter is addressed to you and the second letter includes the letter for the UN Oil Overseers, to be forwarded to them upon your review.

I look forward to your earliest response. You can contact me at (713) 222-7100 to elaborate on any of the attached.

Sincerely,

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

<<UN OIL PRICE MECHANISM 3.13.doc>> <<UN APPROVAL OF PRICING FORMULS 3.13.doc>> <<B. LIGHT LIFTINGS FEB 2-8. 3-11-03 revised (U.N.).doc>> <<UN OSP March 3-10-03.doc>> <<UN-METHODOLOGIES APPLIES FEB. O.S.P. 3-10-03.doc>> <<Feb OSP Reconstruction.xls>> <<UN-U.S. MARKET IRAQI CRUDES 3-10-03.doc>>

<<UN FEB OSP 2.28.doc>> <<UN Morten 2.28.doc>> <<FebOSPIraqi-Saudi Formula UN 2.27.03.doc>> <<FebOSP analysisfeb26.xls>> <<FebOSPIraqi-Saudi Formula UN 2.27.03.doc>> <<UNFeb1-10OSP 2-27-03.doc>>

9/23/2004

U.N. OIL OVERSEES

ATTN:

Mr. Morten Buur-Jensen Mr. Michel Tellings

FAX:

212-963-1628

CC:

UNITED NATIONS

OFFICE OF IRAQ PROGRAMME

ATTN:

Mr. Benon Sevan - Executive Director

FROM:

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited

DATE:

March 13, 2003

REF:

OUR CORRESPONDENCE OF MARCH 10-11, 2003 CONCERNING METHODOLOGIES APPLIED BY OVERSEERS FOR APPROVAL OF

FORMULA PRICES SUBMITTED BY S.O.M.O.

Dear Sirs:

Bayoil has respectfully sent to your office the above referenced correspondence, in the spirit of cooperation by providing your office up-to-date market information and/or analysis which further reflects Bayoil's experience and direct involvement in the Iraqi oil market, in connection with your responsibilities, under Resolution 986, to review price formula submission by Iraq to determine their Fair Market Value.

Due to the fact that it is March 13th and our correspondence specifically addresses the early March formula prices, expected to be submitted shortly, it is particularly unfortunate we have not received the courtesy of a response or comments.

Unfortunately, this example of one-way communications, regarding the important issue of evaluating formula prices is typical of a pattern over time of one-way communications, which is disrespectful and does not comply with our understanding of the guidelines for your office, with respect to consulting with companies registered to participate in the

The type of market analysis provided to your offices yesterday has been generated by several veteran professionals within our firm, and in a context and form that can be easily understood and ratified by consultation with others in the industry. Furthermore, such type correspondence has been continuously provided in good faith, despite the fact your office has never directly replied to a number of such type reports provided during the past

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six months (i.e. including a 12 page report on September 26, 2002), concerning recommendations for future market formula analysis and cooperation.

Based on the facts stated above, Bayoil has now clearly concluded that your office is acting in a manner with clear prejudice toward our firm, and further in a manner that as previously mentioned violates the fiduciary duties your personnel hold under the terms of Resolution 986.

Our conclusions of a clear prejudice towards Bayoil are evidenced by 1.) the aforementioned non-responsiveness to our urgent correspondence requesting certain clear market factors be included in the March formula prices and 2.) the limited responsive our points of view regarding some issues addressed in respect to February formulas, whereby it became apparent that your office concurred with our premise that the prevailing methodology was resulting in uncompetitive formulas, particularly during early lifting periods, while clearly not indicating a willingness to modify such market assessment practices for no other reason than that "this was the way we've been doing it."

This inflexibility of further evidence of prejudice towards Bayoil, as in it is widely known that Bayoil's vessel's would be more affected during these periods. The knowledge about Bayoil's cargo physical unsold positions during that period further reiterates our conclusion of a clear prejudice toward Bayoil exists.

Our conclusions are not made lightly, but instead only after a long pattern of similar behavior have occurred over time, in combination with a compilation of reported prejudicial comments made to a number of individuals over time.

Due to the substantial further negative financial consequences likely to be incurred by our firm and other firms lifting during this period, particularly without an immediate change in the procedure your office follows, it is with regret that Bayoil has initiated a formal protest to the U.N. Office of Iraqi Programme, the 661 committee, and key member representatives about your actions, concerning this matter. We will further request an investigation into the procedure of market analysis due diligence and industry communications practice, your office has historically and recently conducted which is expected to support our conclusion.

Regretfully this has come to this state, particularly given the current economic and political environment whereby it should be in the interest of all parties for the exports from authorized ports, under the U.N. Oil for Food program, to be successful.

Sincerely,

David B. Chalmers Jr.
For and on behalf of
Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited

ARTICLE ELEVEN DESTINATION

Except to the extent inconsistent with the laws of BUYER'S country and the laws applicable to Banque Nationale de Paris :

- BUYER acknowledges that all laws, regulations and rules of the Republic of Iraq relating to destination of crude oil purchased hereunder shall apply to BUYER.
- BUYER undertakes that all laws, regulations and rules of the Republic of Iraq shall apply to vessels employed by him to transport crude oil covered by this Contract.
- 3. BUYER undertakes, whenever required, to submit to SELLER or his representative within a reasonable time, the discharge certificate of each shipment duly endorsed by the Iraqi Representation (or any other acceptable Representation) in the country of destination.

ARTICLE TWELVE FORCE MAJEURE

- Failure or omission to carry out or to observe any of the terms, provisions or conditions of this Contract shall not give rise to any claim by one party hereto against the other or be deemed to be a breach of this Contract if this is due to force majeure.
- 2. If by reason of force majeure the fulfilment by either party of any terms and conditions or this Contract is delayed for a period not exceeding three (3) months the period of such delay shall be added to the duration of this Contract. If, however, the period of delay exceeds three (3) months, either party at any time after the expiry of the three (3) months shall have the right to terminate this Contract by giving written notice.

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BAY04-01534

PSI Minority Rpt-FN 128

11-DEC-1996 19:55 P.62 STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT NO. M/01/07

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt-FN 128

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SECTION ONE SPECIFIC PROVISIONS F.O.B. CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

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Appendix I Appendix II

Form of Letter of Credit Application Form to Request Approval of Contract

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CONTRACT BETWEEN STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANISATION heroinafter (called SELLER) of the one part and BAYOTL SA (hereinafter called SUYER) of the other part.

Whereby it is agreed as follows :-

Wherever the General Provisions of Section Two, attached and herein incorporated in this Contract, are at variance or in conflict with this section One, the provisions of Section One shall govern

BECTION ONE

ARTICLE OME

Definitions

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As used in this Contract, unless otherwise provided, the following words and terms shall have the following meanings :-

means forty-two (42) U.S. Gallons at sixty degraes (60 Degrees) Fahranheit and at normal atmospheric pressure. Barrel

means a period of twenty-four (24) running hours communing at 00.01 hours local time at the peri of leading. Day

Barrel per : Dey (b/d) means the average number of barrels of crude oil supplied during a calendar day as defined above.

F.O.B. means "Free on Board" as referred to in the ICC Incoterms 1990.

Dollar (8) : The currency of the United Status of America. -1-

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means Gregorian Calendar North commencing at 00.01 hours local time at the port of loading on first day of the month. Month

means a period of three (1) consecutive months beginning on a 1st January or a 1st April or a 1st July or a 1st October. Quarter

means a Gregorian Calendar Year.

means scale adopted by the American Setroleum Institute for expressing the specific gravity of crude oil. API Gravity:

means Security Council resolution 986 (1995) of 14 April 1995. SCR 986 :

661 Committee: means the Security Council Committee established by Security Council resolution 661 (1990).

means the procedures to be employed by the 661 Committee (United Nations document \$/1996/636, dated 8 August 1996). Procedures :

means the independent experts in international Oil trade appointed by the Secretary-Ceneral of the United Mations pursuent to SCR 986 and the procedures. Overseers :

means the independent oil inspection agents appointed by the Socretary-General pursuant to ECR 986. Inspectors :

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ARTICLE TWO

PERIOD :

- 1. Subject to Article Right below, this Contract shall become effective on the 12th. day of Dec. 1996, and shall continue thereafter until 19th. January 1997, unless renewed by Eutuel agreement.
- The ultimate consumer of the crude wil wold under this Contrast shall be BAYOIL to be processed in U.S. Refineries.

ARTICLE THREE

: YTLLKUD GNA YTLTKUD

SELLER undertakes to sell and deliver FOB and BOYER undertakes to purchase, receive and pay for the following:

Type of Crude Quantity Port of Loading
BASEAN LIGHT 2,000,000 BRIS. AL-BARR Type of Crude

- The quality of the crude oil shall be the standard export quality evailable at the port of leading from time to time.
- Quantities shall represent contracted quantities or number of barrels per day contracted multiplied by the number of days of the relevant period stipulated in sub Article 3.1.
- Quantities shall be lifted as evenly as possible over the course of ouch delivery period in lots of approximate barrels and as will be agreed between BUYER and SKLLER.
- 5. Quantities lifted under allowed operational vessel slippage shall be desired as part of the contracted quantities of the period.

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4. In cases when SELLER, for reasons technical or otherwise that are beyond his central, is unable to meet his full contractual commitments. SELLER shall have the right to reduce the contracted quantities for the duration of the period when such circumstances shall prevail. SELLER shall advise BUTER as soon as possible before the beginning of any period during which supplies to all buyers are to be reduced.

7. In no event shall any loading start beyond one hundred and sighty (180) days from 10/12/1996, unless the Security Council has authorized sales beyond that date.

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ARTICLE POUR

PRICE :

1. The price(s) of the crude oil to be delivered under this contract shall be as follows :-

Type of Crude BASRAN LIGHT

API 34

Port of Loading AL-BAKK

Price Mechanism in \$ per Berrel FOB
BASRAN LIGHT EX AL-MAKR | WTI - \$ 3.76 / BGL.
FOR THE U.S. MARKET.

The above - mentioned pricing mechanism is for loading in Documber 1996, and shall be adjusted up or down each successive month for the duration of the contract in the same direction and magnitude cent for cent per barrel as the changes in the published price for Asia light words at an announced by the producer applicable for the same destination and North or medium. The WII price is calculated by taking the arthmetic average of the means of the high and low spot assessments of WII (First Month) quotations as published in the Flatt's Crude Oil Narkstvire for five Consecutive Quotations storting from the 15th. Day from the Bill of Lading date (Bill of Lading date shall be day one).

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RECPEEER

Each party shall have the right not later than the 15th day of any month to request a review of the prioring mechanism of this Contract.

If following a request for a review, the parties are unable to agree within a paried of ten (19) days from the date upon which such request was made, either party may elect to terminate this contrast by serving written meties of phase-out to the other party and termination shall be effective at the end of the month following the month during which the notice of termination has been received.

But if the parties are able to agree within the above mentioned ten (10) days period, any agreed upon adjustment to the pricing mechanism shell be subject to the approval of the 651 committee.

However, if such approval has not been granted by the 661 committee, this contract shall be considered as terminated as of the end of the month following the south during which the above mentioned ten (10) days period ends unless the parties agree otherwise.

In case of Contract termination under any of the above mentioned events, this contract shall remain in full force and effect at the pricing mechanism applicable in accordance with this contract terms and conditions up to the affective date of termination and such termination shall not affect the parties' rights and obligations therefrom, unless the parties agree otherwise during the period prior to the effective date of termination. b

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ARTICLE SIX

PAYMENT

1. BUYER shall establish in respect of each shipment lifted under this Contract an irrevocable documentary letter of credit issued by a bank acceptable to Banque Mationale de Paris, S.A. ("MBF") for confirmation, in the form set out in Appendix I bereef.

In all cases, the Letter of tradit shall be established, confirmed and accopted at least seven (7) days prior to loading date.

- 2. BUYER irrevocably undertakes that payment for each cargo of crude oil lifted shall be made out of the proceeds of the continued Letter of Credit directly to account number 0200-201782-001-08 established by the Secretary-Comeral of the United Mations, pursuant to paragraph 7 of SCR PSS, at BMP (New York Branch) (bereinster "United Mations iraq account"), upon presentation to RMP of the documents required by the Letter of credit, including but not limited to the Commercial Invoice and the Bill of Lading.
-). All charges within Iraq are for SKLLER, whereas all charges outside Iraq are to be borne by BUYER.
- 4. Unless otherwise provided herein, payment shall be made not later than thirty (30) days from S/L date, in seme date funds.
- If payment falls due on a Saturday or Bank holiday other than Monday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on the last proceding banking day. If payment falls due on a Sunday or a Monday Bank noliday in the place where payment is to be made then payment shall be made on the next succeeding banking day.

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ARTICLE SEVER

SONO STANDARD DOCUMENTATION :

Bill of Lading Certificate of Origin Certificate of Quality and Quantity Loading Time Sheet Ullage Report Easter's Receipt for samples Distribution of Documents 9 (9 Originals & 6 Copies)

Two sets of documents are handed to Master, one being for Consignes. Soller shall advise SUTER by telex or mable within forty-eight (48) hours following each lossing with the following details:

- a) Vessel's name
 b) Loading Port
 c) Commenced Loading Date
 d) Completed Loading Date
 e) Sailing date
 f) Gross & net quantities in metric tons, long tons &
 U.S. barrels
 g) API Gravity

ARTICLE EIGHT

APPROVAL OF CONTRACT

This Contract is subject to the approval of the Overseers on behalf of the 661 Committee. Such approval shall be obtained in accordance with the Procedures, utilizing the form set out in Appendix 11 hereof.

MELECITY MINE

SPECIAL COMPLTIONS

Loading of any shipment of crude oil shall be subject to the authorization of the Inspectors at the port of loading. The Inspectors shall also have the authority to stop the loading if they determine that there is any evidence of irregularity.

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2. Notwithstanding Sub Article 4-3 of section Two of this Contract, the accepted date of arrival of the vessel at the loading ports shall be fixed on a one (1) day range. All releted Articles of Section Two of the Contract will reed to that effect and conformity.

3. Notwithstanding Sub Article 6-5 of Section Two of this Contract SELLER shall be allowed as laytime at Al Bakr Terminal as follows:

Laytime (hrs)	Vessel DWT (NT)

36	Up to 129 999
54	130 000 - 199 999
≰K :	Dver 200 000

All related Articles of section two of the Contract will read to that effect and conformity.

- In addition to the events specified in Sub Article 6-6 of Section Two, any time consumed due to the Inspectors prohibiting loading shall not count as used laytime.
- 5. This Contract shall terminate forthwith in the event that the Security Council terminates the authorization to import petroleum or petroleum products originating in Iraq.
- Assignment of the rights or obligations of the SELLER or BUYER shall be subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.
- 7. Any claims from SUMER under Sub Article 1-3 or Article Seven of Section Two, and any analyses carried out under Sub Articles 1-5 and 1-6 of Section Two, shall be copied to the Overseers. Payments or other awards under Article Thirteen of section Two, in respect of claims under Article Thirteen Of section Two are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee. Any sum to be paid by BUMER in settlement of a dispute under Article Thirteen of Section two relating to the proceeds of the sale of crude oil under this Contract whall be paid by BUMER directly to the United Nations Iraq Account.

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8. Fayments to SELLER under Sub Article 5-5 and Sub Article 6-7 of Section Two, and any other payments or awards under Article Thirteen of Section Two, are subject to the approval of the 661 Committee.

9. This Contract shall be subject to SCR 986, the Procedures and the Nemorandum of Understanding Detreen the Secretariat of the United Nations and the Government of Iraq on the implementation of SCR 986 (United Nations document 8/1996/156, dated 20 May 1996).

ARTICLE TEN

ADDRESSES:

In addition to the notices, declarations and other communications required under Article Fourteen, notices, approvals, declarations and communications required above for the Overseers, on behalf of the 661 Committee, shall be effected at the addresses below:

FOR SELLER:

STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANISATION
P.O. BOX 5118
BAGDDAD - YRAG
TELEK : 212198 - 212199 5000 IK
TELEKPHONE : 964-1-2859561
964-1-774200 - 10 lines
PAX : 964-1-2853925

FOR BUYER :

BAYOLL SA (SWITZERLAND) C/O P.O. BOX: N. 4820 HASSAU, BAHAMAS FAX: 809 362 4733 PHOME: 809 362 4731 TLX: 20644

FOR OVERSEERS

PAR: \$18-949-1428 NEW YORK.

This Contract has been done and signed on the lithday of December 1996.

SADDAW FOR SELLER EADDAN I. HASEAN EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GENERAL

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Appendix 1

SAMPLE LETTER OF CREDIT TO COVER OIL PURCHASES - OPENED BY ANOTHER BANK ACCEPTABLE TO BMP.

BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH TELEX NO. 6737018

DATE :

FROM: (OPENING BANK)

TEST KEY :

PLEASE ADVISE OUR FOLLOWING IRREVOCABLE DOCUMENTARY CREDIT TO THE BELOW MENTIONED BENEFICIARY ADDING YOUR CONFIRMATION. FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY PLEASE FORWARD A COPY OF THIS LETTER OF CREDIT TO THE CENTRAL BANK OF IRAQ FOR PUNPOSES OF ADVIRING STATE OIL MARKETING ORGANIZATION (SOMO) PURSUANT TO THE 65T COMMITTEE PROCEDURES WE HAVE OSTAINED THE NECESTARY GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORIZATION FOR THE ISSUANCE OF THIS LETTER OF CREDIT. (OR: NO GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORIZATION IS RECUIRED FOR THE ISSUANCE OF THIS LETTER OF CREDIT. REQUIRED FOR THE ISSUANCE OF THIS LETTER OF CREDIT).

QUOTE :

OUR REF : (LETTER OF CREDIT NO)

BY ORDER OF: (ACCOUNT PARTY)
INFAVOR OF: THE UNITED NATIONS
FOR A MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF U.S.DOLLARS_
AMOUNT SPELLED OUT) FOB.

THIS CREDIT IS AVAILABLE BY DEFERRED PAYMENT AT THIRTY (30) DAYS FROM BILL OF LADING DATE (INCLUDING BIL DATE) AGAINST PRESENTATION NOT LATER THAN 199 (Insert validity date) OF THE FOLLOWING DOCUMENTS AT THE COUNTERS OF BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS, S.A., 200 LIBERTY STREET, NEW YORK, NEW YORK, NEW YORK.

1. THIRTY (30) DAYS DATE DRAFT DRAWN BY THE UNITED NATIONS ON BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS NEW YORK BRANCH AND PAYABLE TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT

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NUMBER 0200-201752-001-08 . 8UCH DRAFT MUST BE DATED THE ON BOARD DATE ON THE BILL OF LADING .

2- SOMO'S DULY SIGNED ORIGINAL COMMERCIAL INVOICE PLUS ()
COPIES COVERING (QUANTITY) OF BARRELS (PLUE OR
MINUS FIVE PERCENT) OF KIRRUK OR BASRAH LIGHT CRUDE OIL
FROM (PORT OF SHIPMENT) TO (DESTINATION) ON MYT TBN.

INVOICE TO SHOW QUANTITIES IN METRIC TONS, LONG TONS AND U.S. BARRELS . PRICE (AS AGREED)

INVOICE MUST STATE THAT PAYMENT IS TO BE MADE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS, S.A. NEW YORK BRANCH FOR CREDIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NUMBER 0200-201782-001-08.

- INVOICE TO ALSO INDICATE THE FOLLOWING:

 API GRAVITY AT 80 DEG F OF THE CARGO LOADED ,(NO GRAVITY ESCALATION).

 PRICE CALCULATED AS PER PRICE CLAUSE ABOVE.

- BAL DATE . CONTRACT NO.
- SHIPMENT NO. BNP CONFIRMATION NO. OPENING BANK L/C NO.
- PAYABLE BY BUYER AS ARRANGED.

EACH ORIGINAL BILL OF LADING TO BE ORIGINALLY SIGNED AND STAMPED BY VESSEL'S MASTER AND MARKED WITH THE SHIPMENT NUMBER.

- 4- CERTIFICATE OF IRAQI ORIGIN ISSUED BY SOMO IN () ORIGINAL AND () COPY .
- 5- QUANTITY AND QUALITY CERTIFICATE IN () ORIGINAL AND () COPY.

COVERING THE SALE OF () BARRELS (PLUS OR MINUS FIVE PERCENT) OF CRUDE OIL FOB CEYHAN AND OR AL BAKR TERMINAL

SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

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- THE AMOUNT OF THE PRESENT LETTER OF CREDIT IS AUTOMATICALLY ADJUSTED TO CORRESPOND TO THE FINAL INVOICE PRICE WITHOUT ANY AMENDMENT TO THIS LETTER OF CREDIT.

- CREDIT: FROM THE PORT OF _____AT THE LATEST WHERE COPIES OF DOCUMENTS ARE CALLED FOR PHOTOCOPIES ARE ACCEPTABLE. THIS LETTER OF CREDIT IS NOT ASSIGNABLE AND NOT TRANSFERABLE.
- PARTIAL SHIPMENT IS PERMITTED .
- TRANSSHIPMENT PROHISTED.

 DOCUMENTS PRESENTED LATER THAN 21 DAYS AFTER BILL OF
 LADING DATE BUT STILL WITHIN THE CREDIT VALIDITY ARE

- LADING DATE BUT STILL WITHIN THE CREDIT VALIDITY ARE ACCEPTABLE.

 CHARTER PARTY BILLS OF LADING ACCEPTABLE.

 ALL BANKING CHARGES WITHIN IRAQ ARE FOR THE SELLER'S ACCOUNT, WHEREAS ALL CHARGES OUTSIDE IRAQ INCLUDING BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS 8.A. NEWYORK BRANCH CHARGES AND FEES ARE FOR BUYER'S ACCOUNT.

 IN THE EVENT THE ORIGINAL DUE DATE FALLS ON A SATURDAY OR ON A NEW YORK BANK HOLIDAY OTHER THAN MONDAY, SUCH PAYMENT SHALL BE MADE ON THE LAST PRECEDING NEW YORK BANKING DAY. IN THE EVENT THE ORIGINAL PAYMENT DUE DATE FALLS ON A SUNDAY OR A MONDAY NEW YORK BANK HOLIDAY, PAYMENT SHALL BE MADE ON THE NEXT SUCCEEDING NEW YORK BANKING DAY.

 PROVIDED ALL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THIS LETTER OF CREDIT WILL BE IRREVOCABLY PAID INTO THE UNITED NATIONS IRAQ ACCOUNT, ACCOUNT NAMBER 0200-201782-001-09 WITH BANQUE NATIONALD BE PARIS, SA NEW YORK BRANCH THESE INSTRUCTIONS WILL BE FOLLOWED IRRESPECTIVE OF ANY CONFLICTING INSTRUCTIONS CONTAINED IN THE SELLER'S COMMERCIAL INVOICE OR ANY TRANSMITTED LETTER.

WE HEREBY ENGAGE WITH THE BENEFICIARY AND BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS S.A., NEW YORK BRANCH TRHAT DOCUMENTS DRAWN UNDER AND IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE TERMS OF THIS CREDIT WILL BE DULY HONORED UPON PRESENTATION AS SPECIFIED.

THIS TELEX IS THE OPERATIVE INSTRUMENT AND WILL NOT SE FOLLOWED BY A WRITTEN CONFIRMATION (IF ORIGINAL IS TRANSMITTED, THIS WOULD NOT APPLY).

THIS CREDIT IS SUBJECT TO THE UNIFORM CUSTOMS AND PRACTICE FOR DOCUMENTARY CREDITS (1983 REVISION) INTERNATIONAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE PUBLICATION NO. 500.

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UNQUOTE :

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS TO BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS S.A., NEW YORK BRANCH:

WE HEREBY UNDERTAKE TO HONOR YOUR TELEXISWIFT REIMBURSEMENT REQUEST FOR PRINCIPAL AND ALL OF YOUR CHARGES, INCLUDING CONFIRMATION AND NEGOTIATION FEED FOR PAYMENT AT MATURITY, ACCORDING TO YOUR PAYMENT INSTRUCTIONS. IF OUR COVER DOES NOT REACH YOU IN TIME TO REIMBURSE YOU FOR YOUR PAYMENT UNDER THE CREDIT ON DUE DATE, WE HEREBY UNDERTAKE TO COMPENSATE YOU FOR ANY LOSS OF INTEREST INCURRED BY YOU DUE TO THIS DELAY.

REGARDS, (OPENING BANK)

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SECTION TWO

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GENERAL CONDITIONS

F.O.B. CRUDE OIL SALES CONTRACT

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MEASUREMENT AND SAMPLING

- Measurement of the quantities and the taking of four (4) emples for the purpose of determining the quality of the crude vil in each shipment shall be carried out, in accordance with good otandard practice at the port of loading at the time of the shipment in question.
- The bill of lading shall indicate the quantity of drude oil delivered in conformity with measurements at the port of loading and shall be considered final and binding upon both parties after deduction of bottom sediments and water.
- Any claims from SUYER as to determinations made at the loading port relating to the quality delivered shall be sent to SELLER, within sixty (60) days from the data of the bill of lading.
- No claim submitted by SUTER for one lot of the crude oil shall be regarded as a reason for rejecting any other lot of the crude oil to be delivered under the present Contract.
- 5. In case of a dispute arising over the quality of the delivered crude oil, BUVER and SELLER will refer to the analysis of the two samples to be carried out independently by the two parties. These analyses will be binding upon both parties provided they are found in agreement with each other within the reproducibilities of IP or ASTM methods.
- Should these analyses prove different, however, the other two samples chall be analysed by a third laboratory, to be agreed upon by both parties. The result of this analysis

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shall be tinal and the cost thereof shall be borne by the party losing the claim.

ARTICLE TWO RISK AND PROPERTY

Title to the crude oil and all risks thereof shall pass to BUTER when the oil passes the flange connection between the delivery hose and the vessel's permanent hose connection at the loading port. However, any loss of or damage to the oil during loading, if caused by the vessel, shall be as between the parties hereto, for the account of BUYER who shall hear all prejudicial consequences thereof.

ARTICLE TEXES LIFTING PROGRAMMS

- BUYER shall lift the quantities of crude oil agreed upon in this Contract as follows:-
 - A. Quantities to be lifted under this Contract shall be fairly evenly spread.
 - B. SUVER shall notify SELLER of quarterly requirements for the full calendar year at least sixty (60) days before commencement of the relevant year or at date of signature of new contracts if later than November 1st of the preceding year.
 - C. BUYER shall specify monthly listings during each quarter at least forty-five (45) days before commencement of the relevant quarter.
- The above-mentioned tentative schedules, which are to be supplemented to cover all contracted quantities, may be

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altered by express request of BUYER, subject to SELLER's approval. SELLER shall not unreasonably withhold its approval, and will notify BUYEK within (15) days of the request.

3. If, during any calendar quarter, BUTER fails to take deliveries of any quantities of crude oil provided for during such quarter; SELLER, after allowing for normal operational slippage of a nominated and accepted Vessel between the quarters and a previously accepted tolerance of up to five percent (5) of the quarterly contracted quantity, may deduct such quantities from the total quantities of crude oil to be delivered under this Contract.

ARTICLE FOUR MONIMATION OF VESSELS

- BUYER shall notify SELLER twenty (20) days before the beginning of each month of its loading programme for that month. Such programme shall specify for each vossel :-
 - The expected date of arrival of each vessel.
 - Quality and quantity of crude oil to be loaded, five percent (5%) more or less.
 - Vessel's name or TBN.
 - Port(s) of discharge and destinations.
 - Instructions needed by SELLER to issue documents in accordance with affoctive export regulations.
- 2. SELLER shall notify BUYER not later than ten (10) days after receipt of the notice specified bereinabove whether it accepts or refuses echadules or nominations. In case of refusal, SELLER shell propose other dates which shall be as close as possible to those proposed by BUYER. Dates thus determined thall be desmed accepted by SUYER unless the

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latter advises SELLER to the contrary within three (3) working days following receipt of SELLER's notification.

- 3. The date of arrival of the vessel at the loading port shall be as follows:
 - a) For Mediterranean ports; the date of arrival shall be within a range of three (3) days extending one (1) day before and one (1) day after the expected date of arrival.
 - b) For Arabian Gulf ports: the date of arrival shall be within a range of five (5) days extending two (2) days before and two (2) days after the expected date of arrival.

Mowever an accepted date of arrival may be changed at any time by BUYER with SELLER's consent.

- 6. BUYER shall require vessel's master to advise loading port by radio or cable of vessel's expected day and time of arrival at least seventy-two (72) hours, forty-eight (48) hours and twenty-four (24) hours before arrival. Failure to give any notice at least twenty-four (24) hours in advance of arrival of any vessel will increase laytime allowed SELLSR by an amount equal to the difference between twenty-four (24) hours and the number of hours prior to arrival of such vessel that notice of such STA is received by SELLER.
- 5. Mominations quoted as TBN shall be replaced by firm vesselnomination with the same accepted date range and to load a similar quantity of crude oil at least five (5) days before the firm date of arrival.

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Should SUTER fail to give the above notice of at least five (5) days, the deemed arrival date of the vessel shall be the fifth day after the date when notice is received by SEILER.

- Should BUYER wish to substitute a vessel of different size to load a different quantity, this shall be subject to prior approval of SELLER.
- 7. BUYER shall specify when the nominated vessel is for part varyo and advise SELLER the DWT of the vessel and cargo on board (if any) which should not exceed the allowed limits set by port authorities.

ARTICLE FIVE VESSEL BERTES

- Each vessel shall comply with all regulations in force at the loading port.
- Loading berth indicated by SELLER's representative shall enable a vessel, to proceed thereto, lie thereat, and depart therefrom always safely afloat.
- SELLER's representative may shift the vessel at the loading port from one berth to snother, and shall then assume all extra expenses in connection therewith. Such shifting time shall be counted as used laytime.
- 4. Vessel shall vacate her barth as soon as loading is completed. In the event of failure to do so, EUYER shall pay SELLER for any resultant demurrage, loss or damage which SELLER may incur including such as may be incurred due to resulting delay to other vessels swaiting their turn to

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. If in the course of entering berth or mooring or loading or unmooring or leaving berth, the vessel or her grew damage any of the terminals, see or shore installations or equipment due to negligence or any reason, 2072R shall be responsible for all claims, damages, coets, and expenses arising therefrom.

ARTICLE SIX LOADING CONDITIONS

- Vessels arriving within their agreed period shall be loaded in order of tendering their notice of reediness.
- Upon arrival of the vessel at the loading port, the master or his representative shall tender to SELLER's representative notice of reediness of the vessel to load crude oil berth or no berth.
- 3. Leytime shell commonce (six) 6 hours after notice of readiness to load has been tendered by the master to SELLER or SELLER's representative, subject to BUYER's and vessel's compliance with all other provisions of this Contract and if the motice is tendered within the range of days as defined in Article Four Para. (3) of this Section.

If the notice is tendered before the beginning of the period as defined in Article Four Para (3) of this Section, then laytime shall commence at 6 A.M. local time on the first day of such period. However if the vessel is moored at loading borth before 00.01 hours on the first day of the period hereinabove indicated, then laytime shall commance six (6) hours after completion of vessel's mooring borth or on commancement of loading, whichever shall first occur.

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If the notice is tendered after the expiration of the period as defined in Article Four Para. (3) of this Section, loading will be made in accordance with SELLER's possibilities and laytime will commence upon Commencement of loading. Nowever, SELLER may refuse to load a vessel which has urrived more than ten (10) days after moon time of the date determined as in Article Four Para. (3) of this Section.

If notice is tendered at a time when there was had weather at the loading port, laytime shall commence six (6) hours after the end of the bad weather. However, if the bad weather lasted beyond the accepted range, then laytime shall commence upon commencement of loading and the wessel shall not lose its loading turn.

- Laytime shall end when loading howes have been disconnected after completion of loading.
- 5. SELLER shall be allowed as laytime within which to complete each shipment at each port of loading one-half the total laytime as published in the Worldscale, i.e. thirty-six (36) hours laytime. Fridays and Local Public Molidays excluded, unless actually used in the loading of much shipment.
- 6. Any time consumed due to the following shall not count as used laytime:-
 - Delay to the vessel in reaching or clearing her berth caused by conditions beyond SELLER's control.
 - Delay to the vessel during loading including, delay due to inability of the vessel's facilities to load the cargo within the time allowed and generally speaking any time lost on account of vessel.

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- If BUYER or owner or master of the vessel or port suthorities prohibit loading at any time.
- Any delay on account of bad weather after remittance of notice or during loading.
- Discharging of ballast and changing type of crude.
- Awaiting customs and immigration clearance and pratique.
- Awaiting pilot or tugs, or while moving from anchorage to place of loading.
- 7. In case of dirty beliest or overflows on board or pollution of see water by oil or loss of oil due to overflows or leaks of oil on board or sehore caused by the vessel, SUTER will be fully responsible before the port authorities and SELLER for all claims, losses, costs and expenses arising therefrom.

ARTICLE SEVEN DESIGNAME

1. For the period that used laytime at the loading port exceeds the allowed laytime epocified in Article Six Fara (5) of this Section, SELLER shall pay to SUYER demurrage computed on an hourly basis in accordance with the rate published in MORLDSCALF in force on the day when loading begins, for the size vessel in question per day and prorate to any part of the running day, and the size of caryo loaded plus five percent (5%) in case of part cargo loading.

The WORLDSCALE flat rate is the ceiling to be adjusted by either of the following as the case may be:

- a. Charter Party rate when the SUYER is the charter of the vessel, or
- b. The AFRA rate if the vessel is on time charter or under BUYER's control, or

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- c. Published London market single voyage charter rate at the date of leading for a vessel of a similar size in a similar trade to the vessel in question.
- 2. However, if demurrage occurs at the loading port because of firm or explosion in or about the plant of SELLER, or because of breakdown of machinery or equipment of SELLER, the rate of demurrage shall be reduced to one-half.
- 3. Notwithstanding the above, no demurrage shall be payable in the event SELLER is prevented from or delayed in delivering all or any part of the crude oil for reasons of force majeurs; or if the claim for demurrage is received by SELLER ofter sixty (60) days from the date of the Bill of Lading; or if the fully documented claim itself for demurrage is received by SELLER after ninety (90) days from the date of the Bill of Lading.

ARTICLE SIGHT TAXES AND DUTIES

- BUYER shall bear alone port dues and fees charged on vessels at the port of loading.
- Dues and other charges on the crude oil loaded or to be loaded shall be borne by SELLER.

ARTICLE MINE TERMINATION IN THE EVENT OF LIQUIDATION OR DEFAULT

SELLER may terminate this Contract forthwith on giving to RUYER notice in writing to that effect in the event that:

BUYER goes into liquidation or entors into an arrangement or composition with its creditors, or

P. 12 32

- 10 -

- BUYER shall be in arrears with the payments due to SELLER under this Contract; or
- Whereby the terms of the Contract, a minimum quantity of crude oil is to be taken by SUYER within any specified period, SUYER fails in the said period to take delivery of the said minimum quantity; or
- In the event of any breach of Article Ten or Bleven by BUTER; or
- In case of any change in ownership, share holding, country of registration or premises etc. that relate to huyer as a contracting party.

ARTICLS TEN ABSIGNOUST

- Meither party shall have the right to assign its rights and obligations under this Contract in whole or in part without the written consent of the other.
- In the event of an approved accignment, essigner shall be jointly held responsible with assignee for the full performance of its obligations towards the other party.
- 3. It is expressly understood that BUTER will process crude oil sold under this Contract in its own processing facilities or under processing arrangements with other refiners for BUTER's own account for which SELLER's prior approval must be obtained. BUTER also undertakes that under no mirrowestances shall BUTER result or exchange the said crude oil in its original form or blend it with any other crude oil or crude oil derivatives for purposes of resals or exchange.

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ARTICLE ELEVER DESTINATION

- BUYER shall at all times comply with all the laws, regulations and rules of the Republic of Iraq relating to destination of crude oil purchased hereunder in force from time to time.
- BUYER undertakes that all laws, regulations and rules of the Republic of Iraq shall apply to vessels employed by him to transport crude oil covered by this Contract.
- 3. BUYER undertakes, whenever required, to submit to SRLEER or his representative within a reasonable time, the discharge certificate of each shipment duty endorsed by the Iraqi Representation (or any other acceptable Representation) in the country of destination.

ARTICLE TWELVE FORCE HAJEURE

- Failure or omission to carry out or to observe any of the terms, provisions or conditions of this Contract shall not give rise to any claim by one party hereto against the other or be deemed to be a breach of this Contract if this is due to force majoure.
- 2. If by reason of force majeure the fulfilment by either party of any terms and conditions of this Contract is delayed for a period not exceeding three (3) months the period of such delay shall be added to the duration of this Contract. If, however, the period of delay exceeds three (3) months, either party at any time after the expiry of the three (3) months shall have the right to terminate this Contract by giving written notice.



ARTICLE THIRTEEN ARBITRATION

- 12 -

- 1. The two contracting parties shall settle in good faith any dispute arising from this Contract through negotiations by the representatives of the two parties. If no agreement can be reached within a period of thirty (20) days, the two parties shall settle the dispute by way of arbitration as stated in paragraph (2) of this Article.
- 2. The Arbitration Board shall be composed of three members, each contracting party shall select one member. The two welected arbitrators shall together select an umpire to be the President of the Board. If the two parties fail to select the arbitrators in the manner shown above within a period of three wonths, the members of the Arbitration Soard shall be appointed in accordance with the rules of arbitration of the International Chamber of Commerce and the arbitration place shall be Baghdad or any other place mutually agreed upon.

ARTICLE POURTEEN MOTICES

Any notices, declarations and other communications which
sither party may be required to give or make to the other
party shall, unless otherwise specifically provided
elsewhere, be given in writing within the required time and
sant by post, by telegraph or by telex to the address of the
other party specified for this purpose in the Contract and
shall, unless otherwise specifically provided herein, be
deemed to have been given or made on the date of receipt by
the other party.

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- 13 - '

 Sither party, by not less than fifteen (15) days notice in writing to the other party, may from time to time change its address.

ARTICLE FIFTERS

This Contract shall be construed and governed in accordance with the laws of the Republic of Iraq.

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APPLICABLE PROCESSORS OF THE U.M. SECURITY COUNCIL
COMMITTHE RESEALLERED BY SCH 661 (1990). SELLER
RLED MARRAMES SHAT THE REDUISIONS OF ALL APPLICABLE
U.S. ARROLATIONS SAYS BERN COMMITTED WITH,
INCLUSING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, SCH DISCIPSIO, SCH
2111 (1897), SCH 1143 (1997) AND SCH 661 (1998).

CILLER SPECIFICALLY WARRENTS THAT NO SUBCREMENT OR OTHER PAYMENT WAS MADE TO SOME BY THE SELLER, OR TO SELLER'S EXCHANGES BY ANY THIRD SAMELY, OUTSIDE THE OTHER PARTY, OUTSIDE THE OTHER SAMELY, OUTSIDE THE OTHER PARTY, OUTSIDE THE OTHER PARTY OF SOLD TO SOUTH MERCHANGER.

FILLER AGREES TO IMPRINITY AND ROLD BUYER INDMITTED FROM THE BARKET ANY LORS, WHETHER OR NOT RESULTING FROM THIRD PARTY CLAIMS, ARROND OUT OF OR IN COMMECTION WITH A REPACH OF THE SERRITIES CONTAINED RESULT. LOSS ROAMS ANY LOSS, LIABILITY, JUDGESCHI, ARROND, DAMAGE, DEFICIENCY OR EXPERIE (INCLUDING INTEREST FROM RED DISCUSSIONATE, LIEN, JUDGESCHI, ARTOGEREST FROM RED DISCUSSIONATE), REING UPDERSTOOD THAT THE RIGHT TO ENDERSTROND THAT HE REAL DOT RECORD EMPLOYEE FROM THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE CAUGH OF THE DELIVERY, INSTRUCTION AND ACCEPTANCE OF THE CAUGH OIL.

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ADDITIONAL TERMS OR VERMS DISTRIBUT FROM THOSE SEC-TOWN REMETS

PSI Minority Rpt-FN 129

SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

SELLER WARRANTS THAT THE CRUDE OIL SOLD TO BUYER PURSUANT TO THIS CONTRACT WAS OBTAINED PURSUANT TO ALL NECESSARY APPROVALS AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE PROCEDURES OF THE UNITED NATIONS (U.N.) RESOLUTION 888 AND THE U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED BY SCR 681 (1990). SELLER ALSO WARRANTS THAT THE PROVISIONS OF ALL APPLICABLE U.N. RESOLUTIONS HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, SCR 986 (1995), SCR 1111(1997), SCR 1143 (1997) AND SCR 661 (1990)...

SELLER SPECIFICALLY WARRANTS THAT NO SURCHARGE OR OTHER PAYMENT WAS MADE TO SOMO BY THE SELLER, OR TO SELLER'S KNOWLEDGE BY ANY THIRD PARTY, OUTSIDE THE U.N. ESCROW ACCOUNT IN OBTAINING THE CRUDE OIL SOLD TO BUYER HEREUNDER.

SELLER AGREES TO INDEMNIFY AND HOLD BUYER HARMLESS FROM AND AGAINST ANY LOSS, WHETHER OR NOT RESULTING FROM THIRD PARTY CLAIMS, ARISING OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH A BREACH OF THE WARRANTIES CONTAINED HEREIN. LOSS MEANS ANY LOSS, LIABILITY, CLAIM, ACTION, SUIT, PROCEEDING, ASSESSMENT, LIEN, JUDGEMENT. AWARD, DAMAGE, DEFICIENCY OR EXPENSE (INCLUDING INTEREST PENALTIES WHERE ALLOWED, REASONABLE ATTORNEYS FEES AND DISBURSEMENTS), BEING UNDERSTOOD THAT THE RIGHT TO INDEMNIFICATION SHALL MOT BECOME ENFORCEABLE PRIOR TO; SELLER HAVING BEEN FINALLY PROVEN LIABLE FOR BREACH OF THE PRESENT WARRANTY BY A COMPETENT COURT. THIS INDEMNITY WILL SURVIVE THE DELIVERY, INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE OF THE CRUDE OIL.

SELLER SHALL PROVIDE BUYER A COPY OF THE U.N. CERTIFICATION, U.N. APPOINTED INSPECTOR'S CERTIFICATE AND THE CERTIFICATE OF ORIGIN UPON VESSEL'S DEPARTURE FROM THE LOADPORT.

ADDITIONAL TERMS OR TERMS DIFFERENT FROM THOSE SET FORTH HEREIN SHALL BE CONSTRUED AS PROPOSALS FOR ADDITIONS TO THE CONTRACT AND SHALL NOT BECOME PART OF THE CONTRACT UNLESS EXPRESSLY AGREED TO BY SUPPLEMENTAL TELEX.

PLEASE CONFIRM, IN: WRITING, THAT THE ABOVE CONTRACT.

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DEMURRAGE CLAIMS, SHALL NOT APPLY TO THE PRESENTATION OF CLAIMS BETWEEN SELLERS AND BUYERS.

OTHER TERMS:

INCOTERMS LATEST EDITION PLUS AMENDMENTS TO APPLY WHERE NOT IN CONFLICT WITH THE ABOVE.

SANCTIONS OBSERVANCE:

THIS CONTRACT SHALL TERMINATE FORTHWITH IN THE EVENT THAT THE SECURITY COUNCIL TERMINATES THE AUTHORIZATION TO IMPORT PETROLEUM OR PETROLEUM PRODUCTS ORIGINATING IN IRAQ. LOADING OF ANY SHIPMENT OF CRUDE OIL SHALL BE SUBJECT TO THE AUTHORIZATION OF THE INSPECTORS AT THE PORT OF LOADING, THE INSPECTORS SHALL ALSO HAVE THE AUTHORITY TO STOP THE LOADING IF THEY DETERMINE THAT THERE IS ANY EVIDENCE OF IRREGULARITY.

SELLER WARRANTS THAT THE CRUDE OIL SOLD TO BUYER PURSUANT TO THIS CONTRACT WAS OBTAINED PURSURANT TO ALL NECESSARY APPROVALS AND IN ACCOURDANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE PROCEDURES OF THE UNITED NATIONS (U.N.) RESOULUTION 986 AND THE U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED BY SCR 661 (1990). SELLER ALSO WARRANTS THAT THE PROVISIONS OF ALL APPLICABLE U.N. RESOLUTIONS HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, SCR 986 (1995), SCR 1111 (1997), SCR 1143 (1997), AND SCR 661 (1990).

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SELLER AGREES TO INDEMNIFY AND HOLD BUYER HARMLESS FROM AND AGAINST ANY LOSS, WHETHER OR NOT RESULTING FROM THIRD PARTY CLAIMS, ARISING OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH (A) A BREACH OF ANY OF THE WARRANTIES CONTAINED HEREIN. LOSS MEANS ANY LOSS, LIABILITY, CLAIM, ACTION, SUIT, PROCEEDING, ASSESSMENT, LIEN, JUDGEMENT, AWARD, DAMAGE, DEFICIENCY OR EXPENSE (INCLUDING INTEREST PENALTIES WHERE ALLOWED AND REASONABLE ATTORNEYS FEES AND DISBURSEMENTS), IT BEING UNDERSTOOD THAT THE RIGHT TO INDEMNIFICATION SHALL NOT BECOME ENFORCEABLE PRIOR TO SELLER HAVING BEEN FINALLY PROVEN LIABLE FOR BREACH OF ANY OF THE PRESENT WARRANTIES BY A COMPETENT COURT. THIS INDEMNITY WILL SURVIVE THE

DEMURRAGE:

THE BUYERS SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROCURING A SAFE BERTH REACHABLE ON ARRIVAL AT THE DISCHARGE PORT, AND SHALL PAY DISCHARGE PORT DEMURRAGE TO THE SELLERS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING PROVISIONS:

- A) DEMURRAGE SHALL BE PAYABLE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CHARTER PARTY RATE, TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR EACH DELIVERING VESSEL.
- B) IF THE VESSEL IS ON TIME CHARTER, THE APPLICABLE DAILY RATE WILL APPLY INCLUDING THE COST OF THE DAILY HIRE, PLUS BUNKER COSTS.
- C) DEMURRAGE TO BE PAID BY BUYER WITHIN THREE MONTHS OF RECEIPT OF SELLERS FULLY DOCUMENTED CLAIM.

FOR THE AVOIDANCE OF DOUBT, ANY TIME BAR PROVIDED FOR IN THE CHARTERPARTY, FOR THE PRESENTATION OF DEMURRAGE CLAIMS, SHALL NOT APPLY TO THE PRESENTATION OF CLAIMS BETWEEN SELLERS AND BUYERS.

OTHER TERMS:

INCOTERMS LATEST EDITION PLUS AMENDMENTS TO APPLY WHERE NOT IN CONFLICT WITH THE ABOVE.

SANCTIONS OBSERVANCE:

THIS CONTRACT SHALL TERMINATE FORTHWITH IN THE EVENT THAT THE SECURITY COUNCIL TERMINATES THE AUTHORIZATION TO IMPORT PETROLEUM OR PETROLEUM PRODUCTS ORIGINATING IN IRAQ. LOADING OF ANY SHIPMENT OF CRUDE OIL SHALL BE SUBJECT TO THE AUTHORIZATION OF THE INSPECTORS AT THE PORT OF LOADING, THE INSPECTORS SHALL ALSO HAVE THE AUTHORITY TO STOP THE LOADING IF THEY DETERMINE THAT THERE IS ANY EVIDENCE OF IRREGULARITY.

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Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt-FN 129

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1111 (1997), SCR 1143 (1997), AND SCR 661 (1990).

SELLER SPECIFICALLY WARRANTS THAT NO SURCHARGE OR OTHER PAYMENT WAS MADE BY THE SELLER, OR TO SELLER'S KNOWLEDGE BY ANY THIRD PARTY, OUTSIDE THE U.N. ESCROW ACCOUNT IN OBTAINING OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE CRUDE OIL SOLD TO BUYER HEREUNDER.

SELLER AGREES TO INDEMNIFY AND HOLD BUYER HARMLESS FROM AND AGAINST ANY LOSS, WHETHER OR NOT RESULTING FROM THIRD PARTY CLAIMS, ARISING OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH (A) A BREACH OF ANY OF THE WARRANTIES CONTAINED HEREIN. LOSS MEANS ANY LOSS, LIABILITY, CLAIM, ACTION, SUIT, PROCEEDING, ASSESSMENT, LIEN, JUDGEMENT, AWARD, DAMAGE, DEFICIENCY OR EXPENSE (INCLUDING INTEREST PENALTIES WHERE ALLOWED AND REASONABLE ATTORNEYS FEES AND DISBURSEMENTS), IT BEING UNDERSTOOD THAT THE RIGHT TO INDEMNIFICATION SHALL NOT BECOME ENFORCEABLE PRIOR TO SELLER HAVING BEEN FINALLY PROVEN LIABLE FOR BREACH OF ANY OF THE PRESENT WARRANTIES BY A COMPETENT COURT. THIS INDEMNITY WILL SURVIVE THE DELIVERY, INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE OF THE CRUDE OIL.

SELLER SHALL PROVIDE BUYER A COPY OF THE U.N. CERTIFICATION AND THE CERTIFICATE OF ORIGIN PRIOR TO VESSEL'S ARRIVAL AT DISPORT.

OPERATIONAL

CONTACTS:

BAYOIL SUPPLY AND TRADING LIMITED DARLEEN SAMAYOA

TEL: 713 222 7100 FAX: 713 224 8101 TLX: 3771825

PLEASE ACKNOWLEDGE YOUR ACCEPTANCE OR REQUESTS TO THIS CONTRACT, REFERENCING THE CONTRACT DATE, DELIVERY PERIOD, CARGO AND VOLUME STATED ABOVE, WITHIN 24 HOURS BY FAX 242 362 4733 OR TELEX 20644. THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS CONTAINED HEREIN WILL BE DEEMED ACCEPTED UNLESS NOTIFICATION TO THE CONTRARY IS RECEIVED BY BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED, NASSAU BAHAMAS ATTN: DAPHNE MCDONALD WITH 3 BUSINESS DAYS.

REGARDS,

TO:

S.O.M.O., Baghdad

ATTN:

Mr. Mohammed Al-Jibouri

Mr. Mubdir Alkhudair 011 8737 6370 5020

FAX:

Iraqi Oil Advisory Board Mr. Phillip Carroll

ATTN:

Mr. Fadhil Ossman

CC:

Mr. Thamir Ghadhban

Ministry of Oil

FROM:

Bayoil Supply & Trading Limited

David B. Chalmers, Jr.

DATE:

June 5, 2003

REF:

Iraq's Future Crude Oil Sale Plans

Dear Sirs:

In anticipation of resumption of Iraqi crude oil exports in the near future, our company officials have recently been actively making provisional arrangements to lift Iraqi crudes from both export terminals on a prompt basis, in an effort to help facilitate Iraq's ability to resume exports quickly. Specifically, Bayoil has in this respect maintained two vessels on standby at or near the Iraqi export terminals, which in one case has been holding since late March, due to the suspension of exports, after shipping arrangements had already been secured against U.N. approved contracts, already scheduled and confirmed to load.

Additionally, it should also be noted that during this process, Bayoil has been working diligently to provide S.O.M.O. with current and well substantiated objective market information and analysis which should be helpful with respect to enhancing S.O.M.O.'s capacity to offer quantities immediately available at terms and conditions which in turn would facilitate interest from a wide range of historical buyers to contract and lift such quantities immediately available, as well as to facilitate contractual commitments from buyers for the increased export volumes as they become available.

The above referenced arrangements and general initiative to cooperate were made in good faith, and with a certain expectation that our company was naturally qualified to purchase Iraqi crudes, based on our company's historical activity, in which Bayoil has shipped over 100 million barrels during a recent calendar year, to primarily independent refiners in the U.S.

BAY04-00054

SOMO 2003: Imagfuture Crude on sales

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt-FN 134

Therefore, we are concerned by reports that S.O.M.O. has evaluated offers for purchasing crude oil under the open tender recently awarded, with a specific preference for refiners, and likewise may award term or spot contracts similarly only to refiners, which in our view, does not give due consideration to Bayoil past activity and performance, or give consideration to the fundamental role Bayoil serves for many refiners.

We are also particularly concerned by the fact that such a qualification, while potentially excluding a firm such a Bayoil, would not exclude a firm which would qualify by owning a refinery, and/or operate as a surrogate to a refinery, while still performing a trading function to deliver on to a variety of users/locations, and thereby circumvent the qualifications of S.O.M.O.

In this connection, we would like to clarify for good order sake, our perspective of the primary functions and/or activities which Bayoil carries out in the normal course of business, which should further clarify how Bayoil's past activities have clearly provided in the past a specific added value to the U.S. refining industry:

I. Advantages for Refiners/Future Cooperation with Bayoil

Bayoil Historical Activity of loading from Iraqi ports VLCC/ULCC parcels (2-3 million barrels), ratably during each month, to be primarily delivered and transshipped to several U.S. ports has provided a number of advantage to U.S. refiners as follows:

- Provided refiners the opportunity to buy Iraqi grades in parcel sizes consistent
 with typical port limitations and refinery capacity limits for specific arrival dates,
 which also are comparable to typical parcel sizes offered by other suppliers
 (i.e. 80m tons).
- Provided refiners the opportunity to buy Iraqi grades closer to arrival dates, and as such, allowing refiners to compare delivered prices to other suppliers from short distances (i.e. Venezuela).
- Provided refiners the opportunity to fix the respective delivered price, per an
 agreed formula above around and/or after time of discharge, thereby enabling
 refiners to reduce basis risk associated with price volatility between the period
 crude and product prices are determined.
- Provided refiners the reduced financing requirements by extending the payment period for each delivery often much later than S.O.M.O.'s standard payment period, and as well eliminate any Letter of credit requirements normally required for F.O.B. lifting's.
- Provided larger refiners the opportunity to schedule deliveries of several parcels ratable through the month, thus eliminating typical holding cost associated with lightering several parcels from a single VLCC over a monthly period.

In regards to S.O.M.O.'s consideration of future crude sales to Bayoil, we would respectively like to highlight our company's ability to continue providing the kind of valuable service to refiners described above in the future, which should enhance S.O.M.O.'s ability to rapidly regain market share, particularly in the U.S. market as it has in past periods.

In this respect, it should be noted that during the period since 1997, the substantial quantities of Iraqi crude's Bayoil delivered to primary U.S. refiners (approximately 400 million BBLS), were purchased from primarily the larger widely known companies which received allocations from S.O.M.O. under the "Oil for Food Program." In this respect, it should be further noted that Bayoil's primary refinery customers during this period had an equal opportunity to purchase such quantities F.O.B. from the same suppliers, but evidently chose not to do so during this period. Therefore, the facts and circumstances described above with respect to the historical distribution of Iraqi crude's, particularly to the U.S., should clearly demonstrate that Bayoil's recent proposals to purchase crude directly from S.O.M.O., is based on the premise that many U.S. refiners would typically prefer to purchase Iraqi crude's on delivered terms and conditions from companies such as Bayoil, which can continue past practice of providing shipping, lightering, financing and price risk management functions associated with the delivery of Iraqi crude's to the U.S. from each respective load port (i.e. See enclosed Letter Lyondell Refinery).

II. Advantages for S.O.M.O./ Future Cooperation with Bayoil

The potential advantages for S.O.M.O., through future cooperation with Bayoil, can be summarized as follows:

- i. Based on the premise that many refiners prefer or insist on purchasing crude on delivered terms and conditions, for the reasons described above, there is ample evidence that such cooperation should result in a <u>greater demand for Iraqi crude's</u>, consistent with the volume of requirements for such refiners which only buy on a delivered basis.
- ii. Based on the historical purchasing practice for typical refineries, there is ample evidence which would lead to a <u>more ratable vessels liftings</u> over time, through cooperation with firms such as Bayoil.
 - Historically Bayoil's primary refinery receiver requirements have mandated that Bayoil deliver lightered parcels off of different VLCC's arriving ratably through each month, which consequentially implies more ratable loadings during each month.
- iii. Based on the typical volatility in crude prices, and price formula market components, combined with often wide disparity in prevailing valuations between various refiners, there is a strong case for such cooperation with firms such as Bayoil yielding higher or more stable prices.

The points raised herein with respect to Bayoil's future cooperation with S.O.M.O., are made with the full understanding of the difficult situation existing today in Iraq, and with the greatest respect for the professional approach that is currently taken by S.O.M.O. and the Ministry personnel, and therefore hopefully received in the spirit of mutual cooperation to see Iraq's oil exports reach historical levels as soon as possible.

My colleagues and I would greatly appreciate the opportunity to discuss the points raised herein at your earliest convenience.

Best regards,

David B. Chalmers Jr.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF STATE DATE/CASE ID: 03 JAN 2005 S200400020

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt-FN138

SUBJECT: POTENTIAL IRAQI OIL CUTOFF THREAT

REF: MOSCOW 20683

CLASSIFIED BY IO A/S DAVID WELCH FOR REASONS 1.5 (B), (D)

- 1. THIS IS ACTION REQUEST. SEE PARAGRAPHS 5 AND 6.
- 2. IRAQ HAS TAKEN ANOTHER STEP TO DISRUPT OIL MARKETS AND CHALLENGE UN SANCTIONS BY SUBMITTING TO THE UN PROPOSED BELOW-MARKET PRICES FOR IRAQI CRUDE SALES UNDER THE OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM. IF THE UN DOES NOT AGREE TO THE NEW PRICING MECHANISM, IRAQ MIGHT INTERRUPT OR RESTRICT OIL SALES.
- 3. (C) AT REGULAR INTERVALS, AT LEAST MONTHLY, THE IRAQI STATE OIL COMPANY SOMO PROPOSES PRICES FOR IRAQI OIL SALES TO UN OIL OVERSEERS, WHO MUST APPROVE THE PRICE AND FORWARD THE PROPOSALS TO THE UN'S IRAQ SANCTIONS COMMITTEE FOR ITS

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APPROVAL. ON NOVEMBER 22, THE OVERSEERS INFORMED THE
COMMITTEE THAT SOMO HAD SUBMITTED "BELOW MARKET LEVEL" PRICES
FOR OIL LIFTINGS IN DECEMBER AND THEY CONCLUDED THAT THE
PRICES "DO NOT REPRESENT FAIR MARKET VALUE". THE OVERSEERS
DECLINED TO ENDORSE THE PRICING FORMULA, WHICH WOULD CREATE
AN OPPORTUNITY FOR UNAUTHORIZED REBATES TO IRAQ BY
UNSCRUPULOUS OPERATORS OUTSIDE THE OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM.
PRIVATELY, THE OVERSEERS HAVE INDICATED THAT THERE IS
EVIDENCE IRAQ WILL THREATEN TO STOP OR SLOW OIL PRODUCTION IF
IT DOES NOT GET THE PRICING IT WANTS. THIS MAY ALSO BE
LINKED TO IRAQ'S THREAT TO OIL PURCHASERS THAT IT WILL CHARGE
AN ADDITIONAL 50 CENTS PER BARREL BEGINNING DECEMBER 1, WITH
THE PROCEEDS PAID DIRECTLY TO IRAQ INSTEAD OF INTO THE OIL
FOR FOOD ESCROW ACCOUNT.

- 4. THE DEADLINE FOR MEMBERS OF IRAQ SANCTIONS COMMITTEE (SAME AS SECURITY COUNCIL) TO MAKE COMMENTS ON THE OVERSEERS COMMUNICATION ON THE PRICING MECHANISM IS MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 27 AND WE UNDERSTAND THERE MAY BE A COMMITTEE MEETING THAT DAY ON THIS ISSUE.
- 5. ACTION REQUESTED: EMBASSIES MOSCOW AND PARIS

EMBASSY IS REQUESTED TO APPROACH HOST GOVERNMENT AT APPROPRIATE SENIOR LEVEL AND MAKE POINTS BELOW.

-- AS YOU MAY KNOW, IRAQ HAS JUST SUBMITTED TO THE UN PROPOSED OIL PRICES FOR DECEMBER THAT DEVIATE FROM MARKET PRICES. THE UN OIL EXPERTS -- THE OVERSEERS -- HAVE DECLINED

TO ENDORSE IRAQ'S PROPOSED PRICES.

CONTIDENTIAL

PAGE 04 STATE 224156 222337Z
-- IRAQ'S PRICING WOULD CREATE AN OPPORTUNITY FOR
UNAUTHORIZED REBATES TO IRAQ BY UNSCRUPULOUS OPERATORS
OUTSIDE THE OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM.

- -- IRAQ HAS STRUCK AT THIS CORE ELEMENT OF THE UNSCR'S BECAUSE IT PERCEIVES THAT ITS EFFORTS TO CHIP AWAY AT SECONDARY ELEMENTS OF THE SANCTIONS REGIME IS SUCCEEDING.
- -- WANT TO BE CLEAR THAT U.S. SEES ITS NATIONAL INTERESTS IMPLICATED IN THIS IRAQI BEHAVIOR. WE ARE WILLING TO WORK WITH YOU AND OTHERS TO PROTECT OUR COMMON INTERESTS.
- -- THE ISSUE NOW MOVES TO THE IRAQ SANCTIONS COMMITTEE. IRAQ HAS GIVEN INDICATIONS THAT IF THE COMMITTEE DOES NOT AGREE ON A NEW PRICING MECHANISM, OIL LIFTINGS WOULD BE DISRUPTED.
- -- BY THIS ACTION, IRAQ IS BLATANTLY THREATENING THE SECURITY COUNCIL AND SEEKING TO DISRUPT WORLD OIL MARKETS. IRAQ'S MESSAGE IS: DO AS WE WANT, NOW, OR WE WILL TURN OFF THE OIL.
- -- THE U.S. IS DETERMINED TO SEE IRAQ FAIL IN THIS EFFORT.
- -- THE SECURITY COUNCIL MUST STAND UNIFIED AGAINST THIS CHALLENGE TO THE COUNCIL'S AUTHORITY.
- -- THERE MAY BE DIFFERENCES BETWEEN US ON OTHER AREAS OF IRAQI SANCTIONS POLICY, BUT YOU SHARE OUR INTEREST IN SEEING STABILITY IN WORLD OIL MARKETS AND SEEING THAT THE SECURITY COUNCIL NOT CAPITULATE TO THREATS LIKE THIS ONE.
- -- URGE YOU TO INSTRUCT YOUR UN MISSION IN NEW YORK TO

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EXPRESS SUPPORT FOR THE OVERSEERS AND REJECTION OF IRAQ'S
CHALLENGE. WE UNDERSTAND THERE WILL BE A MEETING OF THE 661
COMMITTEE ON THIS ISSUE MONDAY, NOVEMBER 27. IF THERE IS
NOT, YOUR DELEGATION SHOULD EXPRESS ITS VIEWS TO THE CHAIRMAN
OF THE 661 COMMITTEE BY THE COMMENT DEADLINE HE ESTABLISHED
OF MONDAY, 10 AM.

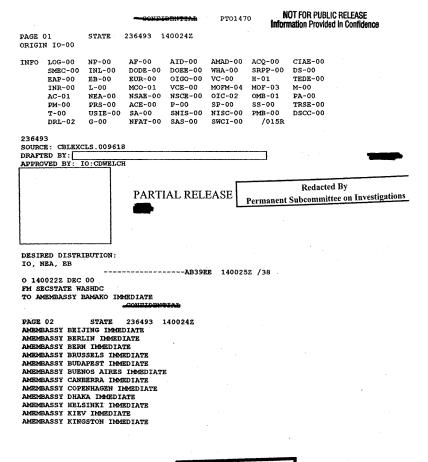
- ~- HOPE WE CAN CONTINUE TO WORK TOGETHER TO COUNTER EXTREME CHALLENGES LIKE THIS ONE.
- 6. ACTION REQUESTED: EMBASSIES LONDON, THE HAGUE

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EMBASSIES ARE REQUESTED TO INFORM APPROPRIATE OFFICIALS THAT WE ARE DELIVERING THIS DEMARCHE IN PARIS AND MOSCOW. ALBRIGHT

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF STATE | Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations DATE/CASE ID: 03 JAN 2005 S200400020 PSI Minority Rpt-FN140

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AMEMBASSY KUALA LUMPUR IMMEDIATE AMEMBASSY LISBON IMMEDIATE AMEMBASSY LONDON IMMEDIATE AMEMBASSY LUXEMBOURG IMMEDIATE AMEMBASSY MADRID IMMEDIATE AMEMBASSY MOSCOW IMMEDIATE AMEMBASSY OSLO IMMEDIATE AMEMBASSY OTTAWA IMMEDIATE AMEMBASSY PARIS IMMEDIATE AMEMBASSY PRAGUE IMMEDIATE AMEMBASSY REYKJAVIK IMMEDIATE AMEMBASSY ROME IMMEDIATE AMEMBASSY STOCKHOLM IMMEDIATE AMEMBASSY THE HAGUE IMMEDIATE AMEMBASSY TOKYO IMMEDIATE AMEMBASSY TUNIS IMMEDIATE AMEMBASSY WELLINGTON IMMEDIATE AMEMBASSY WINDHOEK IMMEDIATE COMPLDENTIAL INFO

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PAGE 03 STATE 236493 140024Z IRAQ COLLECTIVE IMMEDIATE AMEMBASSY KUWAIT IMMEDIATE AMEMBASSY RIYADH IMMEDIATE USMISSION USUN NEW YORK IMMEDIATE

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E.O. 12958: DECL: 12/13/2005

TAGS: IZ, PREL, UNSC

SUBJECT: RESISTING IRAQ'S EFFORTS TO COLLECT UNAUTHORIZED

SURCHARGE

REF: STATE 228383

CLASSIFIED BY IO A/S DAVID WELCH FOR REASONS 1.5 (B) AND (D)

1. 161 RECENT PRESS REPORTS INDICATE THAT IRAQ IS ONCE AGAIN ATTEMPTING TO IMPOSE A SURCHARGE ON OIL BUYERS TO BE PAID INTO AN ACCOUNT NOT CONTROLLED BY THE UN. THE US BELIEVES SUCH AN ACTION--WHICH IS INTENDED TO EVADE UN SANCTIONS, DIVERT FUNDS FROM THE OIL FOR FOOD PROGRAM AND PROVIDE THE BAGHDAD REGIME WITH A SOURCE OF ILLICIT INCOME--MUST BE STRONGLY OPPOSED. A NUMBER OF SHIPS ARE WAITING TO LOAD IRAQI OIL BUT HAVE NOT DONE SO, LENDING CREDENCE TO THE REPORTS THAT IRAQ IS DEMANDING THE SURCHARGE AND OIL PURCHASERS ARE BALKING.

UNCLASSIFIED 2. (CL IT IS IMPORTANT FOR UNSC MEMBERS AND OTHER KEY NATIONS TO REBUFF THIS EFFORT BY IRAQ TO UNDERMINE THE UN SANCTIONS REGIME AND OBTAIN AN UNCONTROLLED SOURCE OF ILLICIT FUNDS. IT IS ALSO IMPORTANT TO WARN OIL BUYERS THAT MIGHT BE TEMPTED

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PAGE 04 STATE 236493 140024Z TO PAY A SURCHARGE TO THE IRAQIS. WE ISSUED A PRESS STATEMENT ON DECEMBER 11 (TEXT IN PARA 4 BELOW) DIRECTED AT THOSE TWO OBJECTIVES.

- 3. TW ACTION REQUESTED. EMBASSY IS REQUESTED TO APPROACH HOST GOVERNMENT AT APPROPRIATE LEVEL AND MAKE POINTS BELOW AS A FOLLOW-ON TO REF DEMARCHE. EMBASSY MAY PROVIDE A COPY OF THE PRESS STATEMENT IN PARA 4.
- -- THE UN OIL OVERSEERS AND IRAQI STATE OIL COMPANY SOMO REACHED AN AGREEMENT ON OIL PRICING FOR DECEMBER. SINCE THEN, HOWEVER, THERE ARE CREDIBLE REPORTS THAT IRAQ IS DEMANDING THAT OIL BUYERS PAY A PER-BARREL SURCHARGE TO AN ACCOUNT NOT CONTROLLED BY THE UN.
- -- SUCH PAYMENTS WOULD BE VIOLATIONS OF UN SANCTIONS AND DEPRIVE THE IRAQI PEOPLE OF OIL-FOR-FOOD INCOME.
- -- WE ALL NEED TO BE VIGILANT TO IRAQ'S ATTEMPTS TO OBTAIN A SOURCE OF FUNDS NOT UNDER UN CONTROL.
- -- AS WAS THE CASE DURING IRAQ'S RECENT ATTEMPTS TO CREATE AN IMPASSE WITH THE UN ON PRICING FOR ITS OIL, THE U.S. RESOLVE TO STAND UP TO IRAQI BLACKMAIL REMAINS FIRM. THE U.S. MAINTAINS LARGE STRATEGIC PETROLEUM RESERVES AND IS PREPARED TO ACT, IN CONCERT WITH ITS PARTNERS IN INTERNATIONAL ENERGY AGENCY, TO COUNTER THE EFFECT ON OIL SUPPLY OF IRAQI PROVOCATIONS.
- -- WE ISSUED A PRESS STATEMENT ON DECEMBER 12 INTENDED TO ENSURE THAT OIL BUYERS KNOW THAT PAYING A SURCHARGE TO IRAQ COVETDENSTA

PAGE 05 STATE 236493 140024Z IS NOT AUTHORIZED AND THAT THEY ARE UNDER CLOSE SCRUTINY.

-- URGE YOU TO CONSIDER TAKING SIMILAR ACTIONS AS APPROPRIATE.

(FOR SECURITY COUNCIL MEMBERS)

-- URGE YOU TO INSTRUCT YOUR MISSION IN NEW YORK TO SUPPORT ACTIONS BY THE UN OVERSEERS OR THE IRAQ SANCTIONS COMMITTEE

UNCLASSIFIED THAT WOULD FIRMLY DISSUADE BUYERS OF IRAQI CRUDE FROM PAYING ANY SURCHARGE.

4. (U) BEGIN PRESS STATEMENT.

DECEMBER 12, 2000 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE STATEMENT BY PRESS SPOKESMAN

IRAQI ATTEMPT TO LEVY OIL SURCHARGE

THE U. S. GOVERNMENT IS AWARE OF MEDIA REPORTS THAT THE IRAQI GOVERNMENT IS ATTEMPTING TO FORCE ITS OIL CUSTOMERS TO VIOLATE UN SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTIONS BY DEMANDING THAT THEY SECRETLY PAY A PREMIUM INTO AN IRAQI CONTROLLED ACCOUNT. THE U. S. GOVERNMENT IS CONCERNED ABOUT THESE REPORTS AND IS LOOKING INTO THEM VERY CLOSELY.

UN SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTIONS UNEQUIVOCALLY REQUIRE THAT FEES PAID FOR IRAQI OIL BE DEPOSITED INTO A UN-CONTROLLED ESCROW ACCOUNT, WHERE THE FUNDS CAN BE USED IN THE OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM TO PROVIDE FOR THE HUMANITARIAN NEEDS OF CONFIDENTIAL

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THE IRAQI PEOPLE. PAYING A SURCHARGE OF ANY AMOUNT TO IRAQ
WOULD VIOLATE UN SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTIONS AND DEPRIVE THE
IRAQI PEOPLE OF OIL-FOR-FOOD FUNDS. IRAQ, S ATTEMPTED
EXTORTION OF THE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY HAS ALREADY COST THE
PEOPLE OF IRAQ HUNDREDS OF MILLIONS OF DOLLARS IN LOST OIL
SALES. THIS MONEY WOULD HAVE GONE INTO THE UN-CONTROLLED
FUND FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE IRAQI PEOPLE.

COMPANIES THAT BUY OIL ON WORLD MARKETS KNOW THE CLOSE ATTENTION THAT IS FOCUSED, IN ALL JURISDICTIONS, ON THE OIL INDUSTRY AND THE IMPORTANCE OF KEEPING ACTIVITIES STRICTLY LEGAL, AND WE WOULD EXPECT COMPANIES TO REJECT IRAQ,S LATEST ATTEMPT AT INTIMIDATION.

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PAYMENTS INTRODUCED TO INFORMAL MEETING OF IRAQ SANCTIONS
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                       REASON: 1.5 (B/D).
        LET SUMMARY: ON MARCH 16, THE U.S. AND UK JOINTLY
  INTRODUCED TWO SETS OF PROPOSALS (TEXTS IN PARA 12) TO COMBAT THE ILLEGAL OIL SURCHARGE AND COMMISSIONS/KICKBACKS ON OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM CONTRACTS TO AN INFORMAL MEETING OF THE IRAQ SANCTION COMMITTEE HOSTED BY THE NORWEGIAN UN MISSION.
  ILLEGAL PAYMENTS ARE UNDERMINING THE OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM AND
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                                           Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF STATE DATE/CASE ID: 03 JAN 2005 $200400020
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THE UN SANCTIONS ON IRAQ, IT BECAME CLEAR THAT OUR PROPOSALS WILL BE DIFFICULT TO SELL. IN THE MEETING, THE FRENCH REP ARGUED THAT WHILE THEY WERE INTERSTED IN THE PROPOSALS, THEY SAW A NEED TO OPEN UP THE COMMITTEE'S PROCEDURES. FOR FRANCE, THIS MEANT THAT WE SHOULD LOOK AT OTHER ASPECTS OF THE COMMITTEE'S PROCEDURES THAT WOULD NEED TO BE OPENED UP. THE RUSSIAN DEL WAS CONCERNED THAT THE COMMITTEE WAS ACTING TO REGULATE THE OIL MARKET AND THAT THERE WAS NO EVIDENCE OF SURCHARGES ACTUALLY BEING PAID. THEY AND OTHER DELEGATES ALSO REGISTERED A NUMBER OF OPERATIONAL CONCERNS WITH PROPOSED ACTIONS, IN PARTICULAR THE FEE FOR REGISTERING OIL PURCHASERS. THE NORWEGIAN CHAIRMAN, REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UN OFFICE OF THE IRAQ PROGRAM (OIP) AND THE OIL OVERSEERS WELCOMED THE TWO PROPOSALS. COMMITTEE MEMBERS WILL SEEK COMMENTS FROM CAPITALS AND THE COMMITTEE WILL MEET AGAIN, LIKELY IN THE NEXT WEEK OR SO, TO CONTINUE DISCUSSIONS ON THE PROPOSALS. END SUMMARY.

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PAGE 03 USUN N 00674 01 OF 04 211812Z 2. LOT THE PROPOSALS ADDRESS THE PROBLEM OF ILLEGAL PAYMENTS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF IRAQ BY WAY OF SURCHARGES ON IRAQ'S OIL EXPORTS AND COMMISSIONS ON ITS CONTRACTS FOR HUMANITARIAN IMPORTS UNDER THE UN OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM. USUN PRESENTED THE DRAFT PAPERS (SHARED/CLEARED WITH 10/PHO AND NEA/NGA) FOR COMMENT, NOTING OUR UNDERSTANDING THAT A CONSENSUS EXISTED AMONG COMMITTEE MEMBERS ON THE NEED TO MINIMIZE THE POSSIBILITY OF PAYMENTS BEING MADE TO THE GOVERNMENT OF IRAQ (GOI) VIA ILLEGAL SURCHARGES AND COMMISSIONS. USUN SAID THE DIVERSION OF PAYMENTS FROM THE UN IRAQ ESCROW ACCOUNT BY WAY OF SURCHARGES PAID BY OIL PURCHASERS DIRECTLY TO THE GOI THREATENED THE CAPACITY OF THE ACCOUNT TO FINANCE HUMANITARIAN EFFORTS IN IRAQ. AT THE SAME TIME, THE ILLEGAL PAYMENTS WERE A SECURITY ISSUE SINCE THE GOVERNMENT OF IRAQ USED THE FUNDS OBTAINED TO REBUILD ITS MILITARY PROGRAM AND RECONSTITUTE WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION. UKUN FOLLOWED UP TO EMPHASIZE THAT THE GOAL OF THE PROPOSALS WAS TO MAKE THE OIL FOR FOOD PROGRAM AS TRANSPARENT AS POSSIBLE, NOT TO IMPEDE THE FLOW OF OIL OR HUMANITARIAN GOODS. THE UK REPALSO NOTED THAT A RECENT REPORT BY THE UN SECRETARY GENERAL WARNED OF A POSSIBLE SHORTFALL IN FUNDING FOR THE UN'S CURRENT HUMANITARIAN DISTRIBUTION PLAN AS A RESULT OF THE RECENT DROP IN OIL REVENUES FLOWING TO THE ACCOUNT.

3. (2) THE COMMITTEE HEARD INFORMAL RESPONSES ON THE OIL SURCHARGE PROPOSALS FROM COMMITTEE MEMBERS, THE OFFICE OF THE IRAQ PROGRAM AND THE OIL OVERSEERS, PENDING THEIR REVIEW OF THE PROPOSALS AND FORMAL INSTRUCTIONS. ALL DELEGATION

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COMMENTS RELATED TO THE SURCHARGE PROPOSALS. NO MEMBER OFFERED COMMENTS ON THE COMMISSION PROPOSALS. THE SINGAPORE REP HIT ON A CENTRAL OPERATIONAL CONCERN IMMEDIATELY. WHILE COMPLEMENTAL

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SINGAPORE UNDERSTOOD THE PURPOSE OF A ONE-TIME, NONREFUNDABLE
FEE FOR REGISTERING OIL PURCHASERS, IT WARNED THAT SINGAPORE
MIGHT NOT BE ABLE TO SUPPORT THAT INDIVIDUAL ITEM FOR FEAR OF
SIDELINING LEGITIMATE COMPANIES AND INCREASING THEIR
INCENTIVES TO OPERATE OUTSIDE THE OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM. UKUN
RESPONDED THAT FOR ANY COMPANY MEETING THE OTHER SUGGESTED
CRITERIA OF AVAILABLE CAPITAL AND PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE, THE
FEE SHOULD NOT BE AN OBSTACLE. OUR FRENCH, RUSSIAN AND
JAMAICAN COUNTERPARTS EACH ECHOED THE CONCERN THAT THE FEE
WOULD PENALIZE LEGITIMATE COMPANIES.

4. (2) THE FRENCH REP FOUND FAULT WITH MOST PROPOSED MEASURES, DESPITE VOICING SUPPORT FOR THE OVERALL OBJECTIVE OF REDUCING ILLEGAL PAYMENTS. HE EMPHASIZED FRENCH READINESS TO PARTICIPATE IN THE DISCUSSION OF PAYMENTS, BUT WARNED THAT OPENING "THE BIBLE" (PROCEDURES FOR THE SALE OF OIL AGREED IN 1996 AFTER EXTENSIVE NEGOTIATION) FOR REVISION WOULD MAKE ALL ASPECTS OF THE OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM FAIR GAME. IN PARTICULAR, HE SAID, THE FRENCH HAD PLENTY OF IDEAS FOR SIMPLIFYING THE SALE OF HUMANITARIAN ITEMS TO IRAQ. WHILE THE FRENCH REP'S RHETORIC WAS MILDER THAN IN A 15 MARCH CONVERSATION WITH USUN/UKUN, WHEN HE ASSERTED THAT A DISCUSSION OF ONE VIOLATION OF UN RESOLUTIONS WOULD DEMAND THE DISCUSSION OF ALL VIOLATIONS INCLUDING THE NO FLY ZONES, HE REMAINED ADAMANT THAT THE "REPRESSIVE" MEASURES PROPOSED MUST BE

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WHITE HOUSE FOR OVP

E.O. 12958: DECL: 03/21/2011

TAGS: ETTC, PREL, UNSC, IZ SUBJECT: UN/IRAQ: U.S./UK PROPOSALS FOR RESTRICTING ILLEGAL PAYMENTS INTRODUCED TO INFORMAL MEETING OF IRAQ SANCTIONS CONFIDENTIAL

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COMMITTEE

BALANCED BY "POSITIVE" MEASURES TO SPEED THE FLOW OF HUMANITARIAN ITEMS TO IRAQ. HE POINTED OUT THAT NOT ALL THE FUNDS IN THE ESCROW ACCOUNT ARE UTILIZED, AND ALLEGED THAT WHILE IRAQ IS TO BLAME, THERE ARE ALSO OTHER REASONS FOR HUMANITARIAN ITEMS NOT GETTING THROUGH. ON OTHER ISSUES, THE FRENCH CONJECTURED THAT THE FEE FOR REGISTRY MIGHT BE INEFFECTIVE AT WEEDING OUT UNSCRUPULOUS COMPANIES IF THE MIDDLEMEN CURRENTLY SUSPECTED OF PAYING IRAQ'S SURCHARGES ARE .
FRONTS FOR MAJOR TRADERS WITH PLENTY OF CASH. HE ALSO OPINED THAT A STATEMENT FROM COMPANIES THAT THEY WOULD NOT MAKE PAYMENTS TO IRAQ WOULD BE USELESS. THE FRENCH REP MADE MUCH OF A CLAIM THAT THE CONTINUED DIFFERENCE IN TREATMENT OF OIL PURCHASERS AND END USERS WAS UNJUSTIFIED, AND ARGUED THAT LETTERS TO END USERS WOULD NOT BE SUFFICIENT, ESPECIALLY. SINCE MIDDLEMEN WERE LIKELY TO GET AROUND ANY RESTRICTIONS ON THEM. THE FRENCH ALSO EMPHASIZED A NEED TO SET OBJECTIVE CRITERIA FOR REGISTERING ELIGIBLE PURCHASERS OF IRAQI OIL, AS WELL AS TO CLARIFY THE PROCEDURE FOR BANNING COMPANIES FOUND TO HAVE VIOLATED THE PROCEDURES.

5. LET USUN RESPONDED THAT OUR GOAL IN THE PROPOSALS WAS TO ATTACK THE SPECIFIC ISSUES OF SURCHARGES AND COMMISSIONS WITH WHICH WE ARE FACED. REGARDING THE PROCEDURE FOR DETERMINING WHEN COMPANIES HAD VIOLATED THE SANCTIONS, USUN SAID OUR VIEW WAS THAT THE COMMITTEE SHOULD TAKE A CONSENSUS DECISION. THE DETERMINATION OF EVIDENTIARY STANDARDS SHOULD BE UP TO THE COMMITTEE. ALTHOUGH WE BELIEVED IT MIGHT NOT BE PRODUCTIVE

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TO SET STANDARDS FOR SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE IN ADVANCE, WE WOULD BE WILLING TO DISCUSS. REGARDING THE SIGNED STATEMENT BY THE COMPLOPMETAL

USUN N 00674 02 OF 04 211813Z PAGE 03 COMPANIES, WE SAW IT AS PART OF A PACKAGE OF STEPS TO DETER PAYMENT OF SURCHARGES. REGARDING THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN END USERS AND MIDDLEMEN, USUN EXPLAINED THAT END USERS WERE SUBJECT ONLY TO MEMBER STATES CONTROL AND AUTHORITY NOT TO THAT OF THE COMMITTEE. MEANWHILE, THE BEHAVIOR OF THE OIL PURCHASERS WAS STIPULATED IN UN RESOLUTIONS AND PROCEDURES AND THUS FELL UNDER THE COMMITTEE'S JURISDICTION. IN ADDITION, THE LIST OF ELIGIBLE PURCHASERS HAD BEEN REVIEWED BY THE COMMITTEE. ON THE SUBJECT OF REVISING PROCEDURES, IT WOULD BE REQUIRED FOR SOME OF OUR PROPOSALS AND NOT FOR

- 6. Let THE FRENCH REP FURTHER NOTED THAT HE KNEW A REVIEW OF . IRAQ POLICY WAS ONGOING IN SOME CAPITALS, AND THAT FRANCE LOOKED FORWARD TO DISCUSSING NEW APPROACHES. IN THAT CONTEXT, HE ASKED WHETHER THE U.S./UK PROPOSALS WERE PART OF A NEW U.S. POLICY. USUN RESPONDED THAT WE HOPED ALL CAPITALS WERE UNDERTAKING A POLICY REVIEW AND SAID THE SUGGESTION THAT "SOME" CAPITALS WERE ABOUT TO SCRAP THEIR POLICIES TO SUDDENLY MOVE IN THE DIRECTION SUGGESTED BY "SOME" OTHER CAPITALS WAS "DILLUSIONAL." ANY FURTHER PROGRESS ON IRAQ WOULD REQUIRE COMPROMISE FROM ALL PARTIES.
- THE RUSSIAN REP RAISED CONCEPTUAL OBJECTIONS TO THE OIL SURCHARGE PROPOSAL. HE CLAIMED THAT SINCE THE GOI'S ALLEGED COLLECTION OF OIL SURCHARGES HAS NOT BEEN PROVEN, THE SOLUTION OF TIGHTENING STANDARDS FOR OIL PURCHASERS MIGHT BE ENTIRELY INAPPROPRIATE TO SOLVE THE PROBLEM OF REDUCED INFLOWS TO THE ESCROW ACCOUNT. HE ALSO WARNED THAT THE PROPOSAL WOULD HARM THE OIL MARKET. HE EXPLAINED THAT THE GOI IS SATISFIED WITH ITS CURRENT OIL EXPORT SYSTEM, AND CONFIDENTIAL

USUN N 00674 02 OF 04 211813Z EXPRESSED FEAR THAT THE BAGHDAD REGIME WOULD RETALIATE AGAINST UN ATTEMPTS TO ALTER THE SYSTEM BY CUTTING OFF IRAQI OIL EXPORTS. IN ADDITION, THE RUSSIAN ALLEGED THAT THE PROPOSALS WOULD OVERSTEP THE MANDATE OF THE COMMITTEE TO IMPLEMENT SANCTIONS AND WOULD INTERVENE ILLEGALLY IN THE OIL MARKET. THE RUSSIAN REP ALSO ECHOED THE COMMON CONCERN FOR PURCHASERS, SO AS NOT TO HARM LEGITIMATE COMPANIES. HE
REITERATED QUESTIONS ABOUT THE LEGALITY OF CHARGING A
REGISTRATION FEE AND ABOUT THE DEFINITION OF A CLEAR

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PROCEDURE FOR "BLACKLISTING" COMPANIES VIOLATING PROCEDURES. FINALLY, HE SHARED THE FRENCH CONCERN THAT THE PROPOSAL PERPETUATED A "DISBALANCE" BY SANCTIONING MIDDLEMEN WHO PAID THE GOI SURCHARGE WHILE NOT MONITORING OR PENALIZING END USERS WHO PURCHASED THE SURCHARGED OIL.

8. 107 UKUN RESPONDED TO THE RUSSIAN DELEGATE'S COMMENTS THAT THE COMMITTEE HAD EXPLICITLY ACKNOWLEDGED IN NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER 2000 THAT THE SURCHARGE EXISTED AND THAT IT REDUCED THE FLOW OF OIL EXPORTS AND FUNDS TO THE ESCROW ACCOUNT. THE ACKNOWLEDGMENT WAS BASED UPON INFORMATION FROM THE OIL OVERSEERS AND THE MEDIA. USUN RESPONDED THAT THE COMMITTEE SHOULD NOT ACT OUT OF FEAR OF ANGERING THE GOVERNMENT OF IRAQ. THE SANCTIONS ALREADY SET THE GOI AT ODDS WITH THE COMMITTEE, AND POTENTIAL RETALIATION WAS NO REASON

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CONFIDENTIAL SECTION 03 OF 04 USUN NEW YORK 000674

WHITE HOUSE FOR OVP

E.O. 12958: DECL: 03/21/2011 TAGS: ETTC, PREL, UNSC, IZ

SUBJECT: UN/IRAQ: U.S./UK PROPOSALS FOR RESTRICTING ILLEGAL

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PAYMENTS INTRODUCED TO INFORMAL MEETING OF IRAQ SANCTIONS COMPTREMETAL

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NOT TO DO THE RIGHT THING TO IMPROVE SANCTIONS

IMPLEMENTATION. USUN NOTED THAT IRAQ'S "SATISFACTION" WITH THE CURRENT SYSTEM WAS NOT POSITIVE AS IT DEPRIVED THE ESCROW ACCOUNT AND THE IRAQI PEOPLE OF FUNDS FOR HUMANITARIAN ITEMS.
AS CONCERNED THE RIGHT TO MARKET INTERVENTION, IT WAS ONLY
BECAUSE OF IRAQ'S RECENT PRICING CHANGES AND IMPOSITION OF
SURCHARGES THAT THE FLOWS TO THE ESCROW ACCOUNT WERE NO LONGER ADEQUATE. POINTING TO THE HISTORY OF THE SURCHARGE, USUN SAID THAT IRAQ HAD ALREADY RENEGED ON ITS PROMISE TO DROP THE SURCHARGE AND RETURN TO NORMAL PRICING IN EXCHANGE FOR UN SUPPORT FOR OIL INDUSTRY DEVELOPMENT. BY EXTENDING SUPPORT TO IRAQ'S OIL INDUSTRY, THE UN HAD SHOWN ITS WILLINGNESS TO COOPERATE UNDER THE OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM. COMMITTEE HAD FULL RIGHT TO RESPOND TO IRAQ'S NONCOMPLIANCE IN ORDER TO ENSURE THE FUNCTIONING OF THE OIL-FOR- FOOD

- WHILE THE JAMAICAN REP WELCOMED THE U.S./UK ATTEMPT TO ADDRESS AN IMPORTANT ISSUE, HE ECHOED FRANCE, RUSSIA AND OTHERS IN QUESTIONING THE LEGALITY OF THE FEE, AND IN REQUESTING CLARIFICATION OF THE PROCEDURE FOR "BLACKLISTING" COMPANIES. THE CHINESE REP ALSO SHARED CONCERNS ABOUT THE LEGALITY OF THE FEE, THE CLARIFICATION OF THE "BLACKLISTING" PROCEDURE, AND THE NOTION OF A DISCREPANCY IN THE TREATMENT OF MIDDLEMEN AND END USERS.
- 10. (6), THE OIL OVERSEERS WELCOMED THE PROPOSALS, WHICH THEY SAID WERE IN LINE WITH THEIR UNDERSTANDING OF THE ISSUES. RESPONDING TO COMMITTEE MEMBERS' COMMENTS, THE OVERSEERS

USUN N 00674 03 OF 04 211813Z PAGE 03 EXPRESSED THEIR VIEW THAT OBJECTIVE CRITERIA FOR ELIGIBLE OIL PURHASERS COULD BE IDENTIFIED ALONG THE LINES OF THE U.S./UK OIL SURCHARGE PROPOSAL. IN THEIR VIEW, A FEE ON PURCHASERS WOULD BE AN APPROPRIATE MECHANISM TO HELP WEED OUT COMPANIES PAYING THE SURCHARGE. IN FACT, FEES FOR TENDERS ARE CUSTOMARY IN THE INDUSTRY, AND ANY ESTABLISHED COMPANY SHOULD BE IN A POSITION TO PAY. PRELIMINARY FEE SUGGESTIONS RANGED FROM USD 5,000 TO USD 100,000. THE OFFICE OF THE IRAQ PROGRAM ALSO RESPONDED WITH STRONG SUPPORT FOR THE U.S./UK PROPOSALS, WHICH IT SAID ADDRESSED TWO OF THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S MAJOR CONCERNS WITH THE OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM.

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11. (N THE NORWEGIAN REP, REPRESENTING THE CHAIRMAN OF THE SANCTIONS COMMITTEE, ASSERTED THAT THE U.S./UK PROPOSALS ON SURCHARGES AND COMMISSIONS WERE AN INITIATIVE IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION. RESPONDING TO THE RUSSIANS, SHE SAID THAT THERE WAS PLENTY OF CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE ON SURCHARGES/COMMISSIONS AND THE COMMITTEE SHOULD NOT FIND ITSELF "PREVENTED FROM TAKING A PRECAUTIONARY APPROACH." THE NORWEGIANS NOTED THAT THE OVERSEERS THEMSELVES SAID THAT THE PROPOSALS ON THE SURCHARGE WERE A "SIGNIFICANT CONTRIBUTION." SHE ALSO TOOK ISSUE WITH THE FRENCH THREATENING TO OPEN UP ALL THE COMMITTEE'S PROCEDURES, NOTING THAT SURCHARGES/COMMISSIONS WERE NOT THE ONLY PROBLEMS FACING THE COMMITTEE AND THAT TAKING UP ONE ISSUE "DOES NOT EXCLUDE OTHERS." THE NORWEGIAN REP SAID THAT SHE WOULD SCHEDULE ANOTHER MEETING OF THE COMMITTEE IN A WEEK OR SO TO CONTINUE WORK ON THE PROPOSALS.

12. (U) TEXTS OF THE U.S./UK DRAFT PROPOSALS FOLLOW.

COMPEDENTIAL

PAGE 04 USUN N 00674 03 OF 04 211813Z DRAFT OIL SURCHARGE PROPOSAL:

- (1) REQUIRE THE OVERSEERS TO RECONFIRM THE PROHIBITION ON PAYING A SURCHARGE THROUGH A REISSUANCE OF THE DECEMBER 15 STATEMENT ON THE OIL SURCHARGE TO ALL THOSE COMPANIES REGISTERED TO IMPORT IRAQI OIL.
- (2) REQUIRE ALL COMPANIES ON THE UN LIST OF ELIGIBLE PURCHASERS OF IRAQI OIL TO REREGISTER, RENEWABLE AT THE BEGINNING OF EACH PHASE. EACH NEW APPLICATION WOULD BE APPROVED BY THE OIL OVERSEERS AND THE 661 COMMITTEE SUBJECT TO CERTAIN CRITERIA. THOSE CRITERIA WOULD INCLUDE: (A) PROVEN CREDITWORTHINESS AND EVIDENCE OF AVAILABLE CAPITAL, (B) EVIDENCE THAT THE COMPANY HAD PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE IN THE OIL INDUSTRY, (C) EVIDENCE OF MEMBERSHIP OF INTERNATIONAL/NATIONAL OIL/PETROLEUM ORGANIZATIONS, (D) EVIDENCE FROM NATIONAL AUTHORITIES OF THE COMPANY'S DATE OF REGISTRATION, AND (E) A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF COMPANY'S ACTIVITIES AND THEIR INVOLVEMENT IN THE PETROLEUM SECTOR.
- (3) REQUIRE ALL COMPANIES TO PAY A NON-REFUNDABLE FEE TO THE ESCROW ACCOUNT.
- (4) REQUIRE ALL COMPANIES TO SIGN A STATEMENT THAT THEY WILL NOT MAKE ANY PAYMENTS OF ANY KIND TO THE GOVERNMENT OF IRAQ

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ONLY TO THE UN ESCROW ACCOUNT.

TAGS: ETTC, PREL, UNSC, IZ SUBJECT: UN/IRAQ: U.S./UK PROPOSALS FOR RESTRICTING ILLEGAL PAYMENTS INTRODUCED TO INFORMAL MEETING OF IRAQ SANCTIONS

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OR ANY IRAQI ENTITY AND THAT ALL PAYMENTS MADE WILL BE MADE

- (5) ANY COMPANY THAT IS DEEMED BY THE SANCTIONS COMMITTEE OR . THE OIL OVERSEERS TO HAVE VIOLATED THAT COMMITMENT WILL BE REMOVED FROM THE LIST OF COMPANIES ELIGIBLE TO MAKE PURCHASES.
- (6) REQUIRE THAT A LETTER BE SENT TO ALL MEMBER STATES AND OBSERVERS REPEATING THE INFORMATION IN THE ABOVE FIVE POINTS AND REQUESTING THAT THEY INFORM THEIR COMPANIES OF THIS ISSUE AND THAT THEY INVESTIGATE ANY POSSIBLE VIOLATIONS AND, WHERE APPROPRIATE, TAKE ACTION AGAINST THOSE FOUND TO HAVE MADE

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SUCH PAYMENTS.

- (7) REQUIRE THAT A LETTER BE SENT TO ALL MEMBER STATES AND OBSERVERS REQUESTING THAT THEY WARN END-USERS/REFINERS TO TAKE ALL NECESSARY STEPS TO AVOID OIL BOUGHT WITH A SURCHARGE AT ANY STAGE OF THE TRANSACTIONS' PROCESS.
- (8) REQUEST THAT OIP MAKE CLEAR THE PROHIBITIONS ON SUCH PAYMENTS IN ITS PERIODIC BRIEFINGS TO MEMBERS STATES ABOUT THE OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM AND INCLUDE ALL DOCUMENTS ON THIS ISSUE ON ITS WEBSITE IN A HIGHLIGHTED FASHION.
- (9) ISSUE A PRESS RELEASE OUTLINING THE COMMITTEE'S STEPS IN THIS AREA SINCE THE END OF NOVEMBER 2000, INCLUDING ITEMS 1-8

DRAFT COMMISSIONS ON OIL-FOR-FOOD CONTRACTS PROPOSAL: CONFIDENTIAL

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- (1) A LETTER TO ALL MEMBER STATES AND OBSERVERS REQUESTING THAT THEY INFORM THEIR COMPANIES DOING BUSINESS WITH IRAQ UNDER THE OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM, THAT: (A) THE SANCTIONS COMMITTEE HAS NOT APPROVED THE PAYMENT OF ANY KIND OF COMMISSION TO THE GOVERNMENT OF IRAQ OR ANY IRAQI ENTITY INSIDE OR OUTSIDE IRAQ, (B) PAYMENTS CANNOT BE MADE TO THE GOVERNMENT OF IRAQ OR ANY IRAQI ENTITY INSIDE OR OUTSIDE IRAQ, (C) THOSE MAKING SUCH PAYMENTS WOULD BE IN VIOLATION OF RELEVANT SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTIONS AND MUST BE PROSECUTED UNDER NATIONAL LEGISLATION/REGULATIONS, (D) NO FUTURE CONTRACTS WILL BE ACCEPTED BY THE UNITED NATIONS FROM COMPANIES OR ANY RELATED PRIVATE OR COMMERCIAL ENTITIES IF THEY ARE DEEMED BY THE 661 COMMITTEE TO HAVE MADE PAYMENTS TO. THE GOVERNMENT OF IRAQ OR ANY IRAQI ENTITIES INSIDE OR OUTSIDE IRAQ, AND (E) THEREFORE, NON-IRAQI COMPANIES PARTICIPATING IN THE OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM MUST NOT MAKE PAYMENTS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF IRAQ OR ANY IRAQI ENTITY INSIDE OR OUTSIDE IRAQ.
- (2) ALL FUTURE OIL-FOR-FOOD CONTRACT APPROVAL LETTERS MUST STATE THAT COMMISSIONS ARE UNAUTHORIZED AND THAT ALL STATES HAVE A RESPONSIBILITY FOR ASSURING THAT THEIR COMPANIES ARE NOT VIOLATING SANCTIONS.
- (3) A PRESS RELEASE SHOULD BE ISSUED FROM THE COMMITTEE OUTLINING THE STEPS TAKEN ABOVE AND THE MESSAGE THERE-IN.
- (4) REQUEST THAT OIP MAKE CLEAR THE PROHIBITIONS ON

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COMMISSIONS IN ITS PERIODIC BRIEFINGS TO MEMBERS STATES ABOUT THE OIL-FOR-FOOD PROGRAM AND INCLUDE ALL DOCUMENTS ON THIS CONFIDENTIAL

PAGE 04 USUN N 00674 04 OF 04 211813Z ISSUE ON ITS WEBSITE IN A HIGHLIGHTED FASHION. END TEXT OF

PROPOSALS.

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CONFIDENTIAL

<< END OF DOCUMENT >>

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SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED BY RESOLUTION 661 (1990) CONCERNING THE SITUATION BETWEEN IRAQ AND KUWAIT S/AC.25/2001/COMM 465 12 October 2001 ORIGINAL ENGLISH

LETTER DATED 8 OCTOBER 2001 FROM THE PERMANENT OBSERVER MISSION OF SWITZERLAND TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE CHAIRMAN

Excellency,

I refer to your letter of 8 May 2001 in which you forwarded to me a report by the Oil Overseers concerning an alleged irregularity involving the company Glencore International AG registered in Switzerland.

The competent Swiss authority, the State Secretariat for Economic Affairs, has investigated Glencare's activities mentioned in the report of the Oil Overseers. Its report is in the enclosure to this letter It concludes that no evidence has been found that Glencore intended to divert the shipment of oil from its original destination and sell it in Europe.

Please accept, Excellency, the assurances of my highest consideration.

) -

Jeno C.A. Stachelin

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt-FN 156

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State Secretariat for Economic Affairs

Report of investigation

Irregularity in the course of an oil transaction under the "oil-for-food" programme involving Glencore International AG, Baar, Switzerland

By letter dated & May 2001 (S/AC.25/2001/OC.217), the Security Council Committee established by resolution 661 (1990) concerning the situation between Iraq and Kuwat (hereinafter referred to as "the Committee") requested the Swiss authorities to investigate the Swiss company named above (heremafter referred to as "the company") and to provide the results of their investigation of the facts detailed in paragraph 1 below, as reported by the United Nations Oil Overseers (heremafter referred to as "the Overseers");

1. Facts reported to the Swiss authorities

In the course of executing contract M/09/44 approved on 2 February 2001 under the "oil-for-food" programme, the company discharged a shipment of 1 million barrels of Iraqi crude oil from the vessel "Front Maple" in Croatia, whereas the commercial documents, particularly the letter of credit, drawn up by the company for calculating the purchase price of the crude oil gave the destination as the United States. Since the company had paid the purchase price for Iraqi crude oil destined for the United States market, in other words, some \$US 3 million less than the price for crude oil destined for the European market, it unlawfully enriched itself by this amount Whea questioned on the subject by the Overseers, the company stated that the cargo was simply being stored in transit on an intermediate basis in the free port of Omisaly in Croatia, pending its final shipment to the United States, and that the "transshipment prohibited" clause would be violated only if oil was transferred directly from one ship to snother, not if it was stored on an intermediate basis in a shore tank, as had happened in the present case

At the Overseers' request, the company amended the commercial documents to indicate "Europe" as the destination, rather than the "United States", so that it could pay the United Nations authorities the difference in price between oil destined for the United States and oil destined for Europe.

2. Investigation of the company by the Swiss authorities

On the basis of the information communicated to them by the Committee (see para I showe), the competent Swiss authorines, namely, the State Secretariat for Economic Affairs, began an investigation into the company on 25 May 2001 The company was asked to give its explanation of the facts reported by the United Nations and to provide all the necessary documentation in its defence.

On 7 June 2001, the company's lawyer replied in detail to the Secretariat's questions and submitted copious documentation. Basically, the following information was provided

The M/09/44 contract is the only contract concluded between the company and the Iraqı authorities (State Oil Marketing Organization) Eight shipments have been

-2:

made, including the 28 February 2001 (date of the bill of lading) shipment (hereinafter referred to as "the shipment") on the vessel "Front Maple" of 1,024,790 barrels which were discharged in Croatia

By fax dated 23 April 2001 addressed to the Overseers, the company Glencore UK Ltd, acting on behalf of the Swiss company, gave its explanation of the shipment the company had purchased the crude oil for delivery and use in the United States, which explained why the price had been calculated on the basis of the United States destination indicated in the letter of credit. After being lifted in the Turkish port of Ceyhan, the crude oil had been stored on an intermediate basis in the free port of Omisalj in Croatia, pending more favourable market conditions for its final shipment to the United States. Glencore UK Ltd took the position that intermediate storage of the shipment prior to final delivery to the United States did not constitute a prohibited transshipment or violate United Nations regulations in any other way

According to Glencore UK Ltd, oil shipments from Iraq under the "oil-for-food" programme were, in practice, regularly transshipped from one vessel to another in the port of Fujairah in Saudi Arabia or had transited through the pipelines of the SUMED system in the Mediterranean before their final delivery to Europe or the United States, without the United Nations ever intervening on grounds of a possible violation.

The Secretariat is not in a position to verify the accuracy of this last allegation: only the United Nations authorities can do this. In any case, the situations mentioned do not apply in the present case

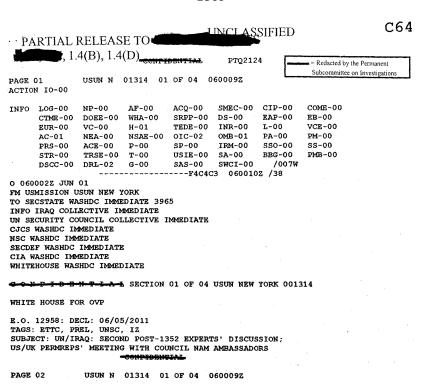
Lastly, Glencore UK Ltd sileges that, following the company's 23 April 2001 fax, the United Nations published an amendment to its regulations whereby it prohibited transshipment through SUMED pipelines

If this is true, it would suggest that the term "transshipment" was not sufficiently clear

3. Conclusion

- 3.1 The investigation by the Swiss authorities found no evidence that the company intended to sell the oil in Europe. While no such evidence was found, some doubts remain, in that the noir westigation established that the oil was indeed discharged in Europe and transferred to a free port. However, such an operation constitutes neither transshipment from one vessel to another (a practice which the United Nations apparently allows) nor transit through SUMED pipelines (a practice which the United Nations appears to have allowed initially but then prohibited).
- 32 Since the company, in order to conform to the terms of the "oil-for-food" programme, emended the commercial documents and paid the United Nations the difference between the price originally agreed and the price actually owed, the Secretariat does not consider it appropriate to institute procedures for the revocation of the 9 September 1996 authorization to purchase Iraqi oil products

Bern, 18 September 2001/Doc. No 277612.1



1. TO SUMMARY: SECURITY COUNCIL IRAQ EXPERTS MET JUNE 5 TO CONTINUE DISCUSSIONS ON THE NEW APPROACH TO IRAQ SET OUT IN UNSCR 1352. FOLLOWING THEIR JUNE 4 DISCUSSION OF THE PROCESSING OF OIL FOR FOOD CONTRACTS USING THE GOODS REVIEW LIST (GRL), THE EXPERTS TOOK UP THE SECOND MAJOR ISSUE AREA. OF CONTROLLING THE FLOW OF GOODS AND REVENUES TO IRAQ THROUGH THE NEIGHBORING STATES. THE GROUP ALSO EEGAN DISCUSSION OF "OTHER ISSUES" IDENTIFIED IN RESOLUTION 1352 WITH COMMENTS ON

REASONS: 1.5 (B/D).

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF STATE DATE/CASE ID: 04 JAN 2005 S200400020

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Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
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2. TSL ON CONTROLLING THE FLOW OF GOODS AND REVENUES TO IRAQ THROUGH THE NEIGHBORING STATES, ISSUES OF CONCERN AMONG SECURITY COUNCIL EXPERTS WERE AS FOLLOWS:

NEIGHORING STATES ISSUES

-- CONSULTATIONS WITH NEIGHBORING STATES: THE U.S., UK, FRANCE, CHINA AND OTHERS SPOKE OF THE IMPORTANCE OF CONSULTING WITH JORDAN, SYRIA AND TURKEY -- THE THREE STATES SHARING LAND BORDERS WITH IRAQ THAT WOULD BE AFFECTED BY THE PROPOSED MEASURES TO CONTROL THE FLOWS OF GOODS AND REVENUES. FRANCE SUGGESTED INVITING JORDAN, SYRIA AND TURKEY'S EXPERTS TO A MEETING OF COUNCIL IRAQ EXPERTS, WHILE RUSSIA PROPOSED HOLDING AN AMMASSADORIAL-LEVEL MEETING WITH THE AFFECTED STATES AND CALLED THE CONSULTATIONS AN IMPORTANT FUBLIC RELATIONS MEASURE. THE U.S. AND NORWAY URGED THE GROUP TO RESPECT THE SENSITIVITIES OF THE STATES IN QUESTION WITH REGARD TO CONSULTING ON IRAQ SANCTIONS. THE U.S. ENCOURAGED ALL COUNCIL MEMBERS TO CONSULT BILATERALLY WITH THOSE STATES RATHER THAN PUTTING THEM IN AN "AWKWARD AND UNCOMFORTABLE" POSITION IN THIS DISCUSSION. THE UK INDICATED THAT IT WOULD SPEAK WITH THE NEIGHBORS ON WAYS TO ENGAGE IN CONSULTATIONS.

HELPING OR HURTING NEIGHBORING STATES: FRANCE SAID THAT

USUN N 01314 01 OF 04 060009Z THE UK DRAFT SOUGHT TO ALTER THE LEGAL JORDANIAN BARTER ARRANGEMENT BY IMPOSING BORDER CONTROLS, MONITORING AND A GOODS NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE. FRANCE ARGUED THAT THE NEIGHBORING STATES WOULD NOT COOPERATE WITH THE PROPOSED ARRANGEMENTS IF THESE WOULD HURT THEIR FINANCIAL INTERESTS OR CONSTRAIN THEM MORE THAN THEY ARE NOW. THE UK SAID THAT WHILE THE LEGITIMACY OF THE EXISTING JORDAN-IRAQ ARRANGEMENT WAS NOT IN QUESTION, THE COUNCIL HAD ACKNOWLEDGED A PROBLEM WITH THE FLOW FROM THE REGION OF GOODS AND REVENUES TO IRAQ OUTSIDE UN CONTROL. THE UK RESOLUTION "PROPOSED BRINGING ALL LEGAL ARRANGEMENTS IN THE REGION INTO THE SAME FRAMEWORK." THE U.S. ACKNOWLEDGED THE CURRENT JORDANIAN ARRANGEMENTS BUT NOTED THAT NONE OF US WERE SATISFIED WITH THE CURRENT SITUATION AND IT HAD TO BE IMPROVED. ULTIMATELY, FRANCE SOUGHT A RESOLUTION THAT PROVIDED INCENTIVES FOR NEIGHBORING STATES TO BE INVOLVED IN THIS PROCESS. IT ALSO SOUGHT MAXIMUM ROOM FOR THE SECRETARY-GENERAL TO MANEUVER IN WORKING WITH NEIGHBORING STATES. THE UK PARAMETERS, ACCORDING TO THE FRENCH, WERE TOO CONSTRAINING ON THE SECRETARY-GENERAL. THE U.S. ARGUED THAT THE SECRETARY-GENERAL WOULD WANT THE COUNCIL'S GUIDANCE AND THAT THE COUNCIL NEEDED TO STRIKE A BALANCE BETWEEN PROTECTING NEIGHBORING STATES' ECONOMIC INTERESTS AND PROTECTING THE SECURITY INTERESTS OF THE COUNCIL BY LIMITING THE FLOW OF DANGEROUS GOODS AND REVENUE

COMPLEMENTAL

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	PRS-00	ACE-00	P-00	SP-00	IRM-00	SSO-00	SS-00
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WHITE HOUSE FOR OVP

E.O. 12958: DECL: 06/05/2011 TAGS: ETTC, PREL, UNSC, IZ

SUBJECT: UN/IRAQ: SECOND POST-1352 EXPERTS' DISCUSSION; US/UK PERMREPS' MEETING WITH COUNCIL NAM AMBASSADORS

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TO IRAQ. THE UK POINTED OUT THAT THERE WERE ALREADY INCENTIVES BUILT INTO THE RESOLUTION THAT: (A) ALLOWED FOR FREE PRICING BETWEEN IRAQ AND THE STATE CONCERNED, AND (B) EXEMPTED ANY NATIONAL ESCROW ACCOUNTS FROM DEDUCTIONS FOR OTHER UN ACCOUNTS.

-- SAFETY NET FOR NEIGHBORING STATES: FRANCE ASSERTED THAT THE RESOLUTION ELABORATING THE NEW APPROACH NEEDED TO INCLUDE A MECHANISM TO COMPENSATE JORDAN, SYRIA AND TURKEY IF IRAQ RETALIATED AGAINST THEIR COOPERATION WITH THE COUNCIL BY SEVERING TRADE. THE FRENCH PROPOSED DRAWING ON THE UNCC, BUT NOT ON THE HUMANITARIAN ACCOUNTS FOR IRAQ, SINCE ONE OF THE COUNCIL'S GOALS WAS TO IMPROVE IRAQ'S HUMANITARIAN SITUATION. THE UNMOVIC ACCOUNT ALSO HAD FUNDS AVAILABLE.

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-- SAFETY NET (CONTINUED): FRANCE THOUGHT THE SAFETY NET SHOULD ADDRESS ANY COUNTRIES' REQUESTS FOR COMPENSATION, EVEN

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THOSE THAT WERE NOT NEIGHBORS TO IRAQ. FRANCE ARGUED THAT, SINCE NON-NEIGHBORING STATES TRADED WITH IRAQ, THEY ALSO SHOULD BE SUBJECT TO NEW ARRANGEMENTS -- SUCH AS THE PROPOSED INSPECTIONS OF FLIGHTS TO IRAQ -- AND SHOULD BE COMPENSATED IF IRAQ RETALIATED. THE UK CLARIFIED THAT ONLY JORDAN, SYRIA AND TURKEY WOULD BE REQUIRED TO IMPLEMENT NEW CUSTOMS AND FINANCIAL ARRANGEMENTS BECAUSE ONLY THEY IMPORTED IRAQI OIL AND THEREBY PROVIDED IRAQ WITH SUBSTANTIAL REVENUES. IRAN DID NOT IMPORT IRAQI OIL OR TRADE HEAVILY WITH IRAQ, AND THEREFORE DID NOT NEED TO ADOPT FINANCIAL OR TRADE CONTROLS. THE COUNCIL SHOULD WORK WITH IRAN ON PREVENTING OIL SMUGGLING THROUGH ITS WATERS, AND THE RESOLUTION OFFERED IRAN CUSTOMS ASSISTANCE. THE U.S. SAID THE ARRANGEMENTS FOR NEIGHBORING STATES WERE INTENDED TO MINIMIZE ILLEGAL FLOWS OF GOODS AND REVENUES TO IRAQ, AND WERE NOT/NOT RELATED TO THIRD COUNTRIES. UN CHARTER ARTICLE 50 REQUESTS FOR COMPENSATION FOR THE ECONOMIC COSTS OF SANCTIONS. ANY SAFETY NET DISCUSSIONS NEEDED TO BE SEPARATE FROM ARTICLE 50 CLAIMS AS THEY WERE SPECIFICALLY RELATED TO NEIGHBORING STATES AND THE RESOLUTIONS' PROPOSALS. THE U.S. AGRED WITH BANGLADESH THAT THE PROPOSED ARRANGEMENTS WOULD NOT SUPERSEDE THE RIGHT OF STATES TO MAKE ARTICLE 50 REQUESTS TO THE 661 COMMITTEE.

-- ASSISTANCE FOR THE KURDS: FRANCE ASKED HOW THE NEIGHBORING STATES PROVISIONS WOULD AFFECT THE FLOW OF REVENUES TO THE KURDS WHO THEY SAID WERE THE MAJOR BENEFICIARIES OF THE ILLEGAL IRAQ-TURKEY TRADE. THE KURDS CHARGED TRANSIT FEES AND ACTED AS MIDDLEMEN IN THE SALE OF IRAQI OIL TO TURKEY, AND WOULD LOSE IF IRAQ SEVERED TRADE WITH TURKEY. THE UK AND U.S. APPRECIATED THE CONCERN FOR THE KURDS, BUT ASSERTED THAT KURDISH INTERESTS WERE PROTECTED.

1.4(B), 1.4(D)

-- NATIONAL ESCROW ACCOUNTS VS. BARTER: FRANCE ASSERTED THAT THE UK DRAFT ELURRED THE DISTINCTION BETWEEN THE PROPOSED BARTER ARRANGEMENTS AND NATIONAL ESCROW ACCOUNT ARRANGEMENTS BY OBLIGING THE STATES TO NOTIFY ALL CONTRACTS TO THE SECRETARIAT UNDER EITHER ARRANGEMENT.

-- CAP ON NEIGHBORING STATES OIL FLOWS: FRANCE ARGUED THAT THE UK-PROPOSED CAP (150,000 BARRELS/DAY) ON JORDAN, SYRIA AND TURKEY'S OIL IMPORTS FROM IRAQ WAS TOO LOW SINCE SYRIA

AND TURKEY PRESENTLY IMPORTED OVER 200,000 BARRELS/DAY OF IRAQI OIL.

OIL SURCHARGE

3. [C] ON MINIMIZING IRAQ'S OIL SURCHARGE, THE ISSUES OF CONCERN TO COUNCIL EXPERTS WERE AS FOLLOWS:

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CONFIDENCIAL PTQ2126

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INFO	LOG-00	NP-00	AF-00	ACQ-00	SMEC-00	CIP-00	COME-00
	CTME-00	DOEE-00	WHA-00	SRPP-00	DS-00	EAP-00	EB-00
	EUR-00	AC-00	H-01	TEDE-00	INR-00	L-00	VCE-00
	AC-01	NEA-00	NSAE-00	OIC-02	OMB-01	PA-00	PM-00
	PRS-00	ACE-00	P-00	SP-00	IRM-00	SSO-00	SS-00
	STR-00	TRSE-00	T-00	USIE-00	SA-00	BBG-00	PMB-00
	DSCC-00	DRL-02	G-00	SAS-00	SWCI-00	/007W	

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FM USMISSION USUN NEW YORK
TO SECSTATE WASHDC IMMEDIATE 3967
INFO IRAQ COLLECTIVE IMMEDIATE
UN SECURITY COUNCIL COLLECTIVE IMMEDIATE
CJCS WASHDC IMMEDIATE
NSC WASHDC IMMEDIATE
SECDEF WASHDC IMMEDIATE
CIA WASHDC IMMEDIATE
WHITEHOUSE WASHDC IMMEDIATE

GONFIDENTIAL SECTION 03 OF 04 USUN NEW YORK 001314

WHITE HOUSE FOR OVP

E.O. 12958: DECL: 06/05/2011 TAGS: ETTC, PREL, UNSC, IZ

SUBJECT: UN/IRAQ: SECOND POST-1352 EXPERTS' DISCUSSION; US/UK PERMREPS' MEETING WITH COUNCIL NAM AMBASSADORS

-COMPEDENTIAL

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-- RUSSIAN OBJECTION: RUSSIA OPPOSED SETTING INTERNATIONAL CRITERIA FOR COMPANIES ELIGIBLE TO PURCHASE IRAQI OIL AND MAINTAINED THAT NATIONAL MEASURES WERE ADEQUATE TO WEED OUT

COMPANIES PAYING THE SURCHARGE. RUSSIA WONDERED WHY THEY WOULD NOT BE COMPENSATED IF THEIR COMPANIES WERE PENALIZED. THE U.S., UK, NORWAY AND IRELAND ARGUED THAT COLLECTIVE MEASURES WERE NECESSARY. NATIONAL MEASURES, ON WHICH THE SYSTEM RELIED AT PRESENT, WERE CLEARLY NOT SUFFICIENT SINCE IRAQ CONTINUED TO COLLECT SIGNIFICANT SURCHARGES. THE U.S. EMPHASIZED THAT THE INTENTION WAS NOT TO DAMAGE LEGITIMATE TRADERS, AND OFFERED TO WORK WITH RUSSIA TO ADDRESS ANY CONCERNS THAT THE MEASURES WOULD HURT RUSSIAN COMPANIES.

- -- TIMELINESS: FRANCE WORRIED ABOUT DELAYS IN ESTABLISHING THE PROPOSED SYSTEM, AND WANTED A DEADLINE FOR THE 661 COMMITTEE TO PREPARE THE LIST OF COMPANIES. THE UK AGREED THAT THE RESOLUTION MIGHT SET SUCH A DEADLINE. FRANCE INVITED COUNTRIES TO WEED OUT THEIR OWN LISTS OF OIL TRADERS BEFORE THE NEW SYSTEM WAS OPERATIONAL. THE UK EXPLAINED THAT UK LAW DID NOT PERMIT THE GOVERNMENT TO BAR COMPANIES FROM PURCHASING IRAQI OIL. THE UK WOULD REQUIRE INTERNATIONAL LAW, SUCH AS THE PROPOSED RESOLUTION, TO DO SO. IRELAND INDICATED THAT IT SHARED THE UK DIFFICULTY IN THIS REGARD. BANGLADESH AND CHINA QUESTIONED WHICH BODY WOULD DETERMINE WHICH COMPANIES MET THE CRITERIA -- THE COMMITTEE, THE SECRETARIAT, OR NATIONAL GOVERNMENTS.
- -- OBJECTIVITY: CHINA AND RUSSIA EXPRESSED CONCERN THAT POLITICAL INTERESTS WOULD INFLUENCE THE COMPOSITION OF THE

PAGE 03 USUN N 01314 03 OF 04 060010Z LIST BY THE 661 COMMITTEE. NORWAY ARGUED THAT THE SECRETARY GENERAL COULD DEVISE OBJECTIVE CRITERIA THAT WOULD PRECLUDE POLITICIZATION.

CIVILIAN FLIGHTS TO IRAQ

- 4. THE ON AUTHORIZING NON-IRAQI CIVILIAN FLIGHTS TO IRAQ, THE ISSUES OF CONCERN TO COUNCIL EXPERTS WERE AS FOLLOWS:
- -- IMPLEMENTATION: FRANCE WAS CONCERNED ABOUT DELAYS IN ESTABLISHING THE INSPECTION SYSTEM FOR FLIGHTS TO IRAQ. FRANCE WANTED TO APPEND TO THE PROPOSED RESOLUTION A LIST OF COUNTRIES VOLUNTEERING TO CARRY OUT FLIGHT INSPECTIONS, WHICH WOULD INCLUDE FRANCE. THE UK CAUTIONED THAT ESTABLISHING THE LIST AND SETTING UP NATIONAL AND UN MONITORS WOULD TAKE TIME, SO ANNEXING THE LIST TO THE RESOLUTION MIGHT NOT BE POSSIBLE. FRANCE WANTED TO ENSURE THAT THIS PARAGRAPH BECAME OPERATIONAL IMMEDIATELY UPON THE ADOPTION OF THE RESOLUTION.
- -- NOTIFICATION PERIOD: FRANCE WANTED A TWO-DAY NOTIFICATION

UNCLASSIFIED PERIOD FOR FLIGHTS, NOT THE PROPOSED FIVE-DAY PERIOD. THE UK PROPOSED CONSULTING WITH THE SECRETARIAT TO DETERMINE HOW MUCH TIME WOULD BE REQUIRED TO FACILITATE INSPECTIONS.

-- USE OF IRAQI AIRCRAFT: FRANCE ARGUED THAT IRAQI AS WELL AS NON-IRAQI AIRCRAFT SHOULD BE AUTHORIZED TO FLY INTERNATIONALLY. THE UK WAS RESISTANT TO THE FRENCH PROPOSAL. THE U.S. ARGUED THAT FRANCE SHOULD EMBRACE THE PROPOSAL TO ALLOW INTERNATIONAL CIVILIAN FLIGHTS TO IRAQ, WHICH ADDRESSED FRANCE'S HUMANITARIAN CONCERN. IRAQI FLIGHTS

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WERE NOT NECESSARY IN ORDER TO PROVIDE INTERNATIONAL AIR
LINKS TO THE IRAQI PEOPLE.

-- INSPECTION OF RETURN FLIGHTS: FRANCE ASSERTED THAT ONLY FLIGHTS TO IRAQ AND NOT/NOT FLIGHTS FROM IRAQ SHOULD BE INSPECTED. THE U.S. ARGUED THAT FLIGHTS FROM IRAQ COULD CARRY BANNED NON-OIL EXPORTS, GOODS FOR RE-EXPORT, AND MILITARY EQUIPMENT FOR REPAIR. UKUN SIGNALLED THAT IT MIGHT BE ABLE TO AGREE WITH FRANCE ON THIS POINT.

-CONPIDENTIAL

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INFO LOG-00 NP-00 AF-00 ACQ-00 SMEC-00 CIP-00 COME-00 CTME-00 DOEE-00 WHA-00 SRPP-00 EAP-00 DS-00 EB-00 EUR-00 VC-00 H-01 TEDE-00 INR-00 L-00 VCE-00 AC-01 NEA-00 NSAE-00 OIC-02 OMB-01 PA-00 PM-00 PRS-00 ACE-00 P-00 SP-00 IRM-00 SSO-00 SS-00

OFFICE OF FOREIGN ASSETS CONTROL

IRAQI SANCTIONS REGULATIONS (31 C.F.R. PART 575)

GUIDANCE ON PAYMENTS FOR IRAQI-ORIGIN PETROLEUM PURSUANT TO LICENSED PURCHASES

SUMMARY

- When specifically authorized by the 661 Committee and the Office of Foreign Assets Control ("OFAC"), United States persons are authorized to deal in, and to import into the United States, Iraqi-origin petroleum and petroleum products
 (See section 575.523 of the Iraqi Sanctions Regulations, 31 C.F.R. Part 575, the "ISR").
- Such authorization does not authorize any transfer of funds or other financial or economic resources to or for the benefit of the Government of Iraq or a person in Iraq except transfers to the 986 Escrow Account.

BACKGROUND

This guidance was developed in response to media reports that the Government of Iraq has attempted to force its oil customers to violate UN Security Counsel resolutions by demanding that they pay premiums in the form of surcharges, port fees or other payments into an Iraqi controlled account.

GUIDANCE

Following imposition of the economic embargo against Iraq, the Security Council of the United Nations became convinced of the need for equitable distribution of humanitarian relief to all segments of the Iraqi civilian population. United Nations Security Counsel Resolution 706 (1991) authorized States to permit the import of petroleum and petroleum products originating in Iraq subject to the approval of each purchase of Iraqi petroleum and petroleum products by the Security Counsel Committee established by Resolution 661 (1990) following notification to the Committee by the State concerned;

and payment of the full amount of each purchase of Iraqi petroleum or petroleum products directly by the purchaser in the State concerned into an escrow account to be established by the United Nations and to be administered by the Secretary-General, exclusively to meet specified purposes. The specified purposes of the resolution were to purchase foodstuffs, medicine and materials and supplies for essential civilians needs, in particular health related materials, and for all feasible and appropriate United Nations monitoring and supervision for the purpose of assuring their equitable distribution to meet humanitarian needs in all regions of Iraq and to all categories of the Iraqi civilian population. This program has commonly been referred to as the "oil-for-food" program.

The ISR provides that specific licenses may be issued on a case-by-case basis to permit United States persons to purchase Iraqiorigin petroleum or petroleum products from the Government of Iraq in accordance with the provisions of UNSC Resolution 986, other relevant Security resolutions, the Memorandum of Understanding, and other guidance issued by the 661 Committee (ISR § 575.523). Although any transaction ordinarily incident to a licensed transaction and necessary to give effect thereto is also authorized (ISR § 575.418), the ISR does not authorize any transfer of funds or other financial or economic resources to or for the benefit of the government of Iraq or a person in Iraq, except transfers to the 986 Escrow Account (See, e.g., ISR §§ 575.201; 575.203; 575.523(e); 575.526(b)).

On December 15, 2000, the UN Iraqi Sanction Committee agreed to circulate a communication clarifying the position of the Committee regarding Iraq's attempts to impose "surcharges" on those seeking to purchase Iraqi oil. The text of that communication advised buyers of Iraqi oil of the following:

- The Sanctions Committee has not approved a surcharge of any kind on Iraqi oil.
- 2. Payments for purchasing Iraqi crude oil cannot be made to a non-UN account.
- Therefore, buyers of Iraqi oil shall not pay any kind of surcharge to Iraq.

OFAC is aware of media reports that the Iraqi Government is attempting to force its oil customers to violate UN Security Council resolutions by demanding the they pay a premium into an Iraqi controlled account. OFAC is concerned about these reports and is looking into them very closely.

UN Security Council resolutions unequivocally require that fees paid for Iraqi oil be deposited into a UN-controlled escrow account, where the funds can be used in the oil-for-food program to provide for the humanitarian needs of the Iraqi people. Paying a surcharge of any amount to Iraq would violate UN Security Council resolutions and the ISR and deprive the Iraqi people of oil-for-food funds. The UN Sanctions Committee, representing every Security Council member including the U.S., has unanimously rejected this scheme. Iraq's attempted extortion of the international community has already cost the people of Iraq hundreds of millions of dollars in lost oil sales. This money would have gone into the UN-controlled fund for the benefit of the Iraqi people.

U.S. persons who buy Iraqi oil on world markets should know the close attention that is focused, by OFAC in the U.S., and in all other jurisdictions, on the oil industry's dealings with Iraq. We would expect U.S. persons to reject Iraq's latest attempt at intimidation. Any transaction by a U.S. person involving violation of the U.S. economic embargo against Iraq may result in the imposition of criminal and/or civil penalties.

12-22-2000

Current Class: UNCLASSIFIED Page: 1 Current Handling: n/a Document Number: 1997STATE120071 Channel: n/a PTQ5605 UNCLASSIFIED PTQ5605 PAGE 01 STATE 120071 260241Z ORIGIN PM-00 INFO LOG-00 ACDA-08 ACDE-00 AID-00 AMAD-01 ARA-01 ACO-01 CG-00 SMEC-00 CIP-00 COME-00 CTME-00 OASY-00 DOEE-00 DOTE-00 SRPP-00 DS-00 EAP-01 EB-00 EUR-01 UTED-00 FMC-02 FRB-00 H-01 TEDE-00 INR-00 IO-00 ADS-00 MOFM-04 MOF-03 M-00 NEA-01 NSAE-00 OES-01 OIC-02 OIG-04 OMB-01 PA-00 PRS-00 P-00 CIO-00 SP-00 SCT-00 TRSE-00 SS-00 STR-00 T-00 USIE-00 SA-01 SNIS-00 NISC-00 PMB-00 DSCC-00 PRM-10 PRME-01 DRL-09 G-00 /054R 120071 KODAKC.260082 SOURCE: DRAFTED BY: PM/ISP: <u>)</u> (APPROVED BY: PM: NEA/ARP: NEA/NGA : EB/ESC/MA EB/ESC LO/PHO -----C98FC4 260244Z /38 R 260236Z JUN 97 FM SECSTATE WASHDC TO GULF COOPERATION COUNCIL COLLECTIVE IRAQ COLLECTIVE NOT FOR PUBLIC RELEASE AMEMBASSY NEW DELHI Information Provided in Confidence AMEMBASSY SINGAPORE AMEMBASSY BEIJING AMEMBASSY WELLINGTON AMEMBASSY BRUSSELS AMEMBASSY CANBERRA -AMEMBASSY ISLAMABAD UNCLASSIFIED UNCLASSIFIED PAGE 02 STATE 120071 260241Z AMEMBASSY BELIZE AMEMBASSY HANOI USMISSION USUN NEW YORK AMEMBASSY KUALA LUMPUR AMEMBASSY MADRID AMEMBASSY ATHENS Current Class: UNCLASSIFIED Page: 1

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations

PSI Minority Rpt-FN 202

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SECDEF WASHDC//ISA// 0000
JOINT STAFF WASHDC//JS: MEAF// 0000
CIA WASHDC//RTT// 0000
USCINCCENT MACDILL AFB FL
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CTF FIVE ZERO
COMDESRON FIVE ZERO
MARLO BAHRAIN/ /00/ /
DIA WASHINGTON DC/ /PGI-2D/ /
ONI WASHINGTON DC//211//

UNCLAS STATE 120071

E.O. 12958: N/A TAGS: MOPS, ETTC, EWWT, PREL, IZ SUBJECT: IRAQ SANCTIONS ENFORCEMENT: UPDATE TO SHIPPING PROCEDURES IN THE ARABIAN GULF

1. THE RECENT PASSAGE OF UNSCR 1111, WHICH CONTINUES UNSCR 986 (OIL FOR FOOD RESOLUTION), HIGHLIGHTS THE NEED TO REMIND MARITIME NATIONS WITH MERCHANT VESSELS CARRYING UNCLASSIFIED

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CARGO TO IRAQ OR OTHER PORTS IN THE NORTHERN ARABIAN GULF
OF SHIPPING PROCEDURES ENFORCED BY THE MARITIME
INTERCEPTION FORCE (MIF). THESE SHIPPING PROCEDURES ARE
DESIGNED TO ENHANCE THE DELIVERY OF LEGITIMATE HUMANITARIAN
CARGOES TO IRAQ WHILE DETERING POTENTIAL SMUGGLING
OPERATIONS. POSTS ARE URGED TO SHARE THE INFORMATION IN
PARAGRAPH 2 WITH APPROPRIATE OFFICIALS IN THE MARITIME
ADMINISTRATIONS OF HOST COUNTRIES, IF APPROPRIATE. THIS
INFORMATION WILL ALSO BE TRANSMITTED IN AN INFORMATION
BROADCAST TO MARINERS THAT WILL BE COPIED BY MAJOR SHIPPING
SOURCES. USUN IS REQUESTED TO SHARE THIS INFORMATION WITH
THE MISSIONS OF MARITIME NATIONS IN NEW YORK.

2. BEGIN TEXT OF MARITIME SHIPPING NOTICE:

1. SUMMARY: THE NAVAL INTERCEPTION EFFORT IN SUPPORT OF UNITED NATIONS SANCTIONS PERTAINING TO IRAQ CONTINUES IN THE ARABIAN GULF AND OTHER AREAS WHERE VESSELS ARE INBOUND TO OR OUTBOUND FROM IRAQ. CARGO BOUND FOR AQABA OR TRANSSHIPMENT FROM AQABA WILL NORMALLY BE INSPECTED ASHORE

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BY A TEAM CONSISTING OF LLOYD'S REGISTER AND THE AQABA PORT AUTHORITY. VESSELS TRAVERSING THE NORTHERN ARABIAN GULF, THE SHATT AL-ARAB WATERWAY, OR KHAWR ABD-ALLAH WATERWAY SHOULD EXPECT TO BE QUERIED AND, IF BOUND FOR OR DEPARTING IRAQI PORTS, BOARDED BY MULTINATIONAL NAVAL UNITS ENFORCING UN SANCTIONS. DOCUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS FOR THE OFFICIALS IN AQABA AND THE NAVAL UNITS IN THE ARABIAN GULF ARE IDENTICAL. IRAQ-BOUND CARGOES OTHER THAN APPROVED FOOD, MEDICAL SUPPLIES, OR HUMANITARIAN ITEMS WILL NOT BE ALLOWED TO PASS. VESSELS NOT IN POSSESSION OF APPROPRIATE AUTHORIZATION LETTERS FROM THE UN MAY BE SUBJECT TO DELAY UNCLASSIFIED

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STATE 120071 260241Z UNTIL PROPER DOCUMENTATION IS OBTAINED. BONA FIDE MEDICAL SUPPLIES NOT UNDER THE UNSCR 986/1111 REGIME DO NOT REQUIRE A UN AUTHORIZATION LETTER; HOWEVER, SHIPMENTS OF MEDICAL SUPPLIES WHICH ARE APPROVED UNDER THE UNSCR 986/1111 PROCEDURES DO REQUIRE A LETTER OF AUTHORIZATION FROM THE UN. ALL INBOUND FOOD SHIPMENTS, WHETHER OR NOT THEY FALL UNDER UNSCR 986/1111 PROCEDURES, REQUIRE UN AUTHORIZATION LETTERS. ALL NON-FOOD OR NON-MEDICAL HUMANITARIAN COMMODITIES REQUIRE AUTHORIZATION LETTERS FROM THE UN. 2. UN SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION 986/1111: THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THIS RESOLUTION DOES NOT AFFECT THE MISSION OF THE MULTINATIONAL FORCES OPERATING UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF UNSCR 661 (1990), UNSCR 665 (1990), AND OTHER RELEVANT RESOLUTIONS. CERTAIN REVISED OPERATING PROCEDURES ARE SET FORTH IN THIS NOTICE TO ACCOUNT FOR THE REQUIREMENTS OF UNSCR 986/1111 AND THE ANTICIPATED INCREASE OF SHIPPING TRAFFIC IN THE NORTHERN ARABIAN GULF. SHIPS TRAVERSING THE ENFORCEMENT AREA IN THE ARABIAN GULF SHOULD EXPECT DELAYS STEMMING FROM MARITIME INTERCEPTION OPERATIONS. STRICT ADHERENCE TO THE PROCEDURES IN THIS NOTICE WILL MINIMIZE ANY DELAYS ASSOCIATED WITH SEABORNE INSPECTIONS. 3. THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS ARE IN EFFECT FOR ALL IRAQ-BOUND SHIPPING TRAVERSING THE MARITIME INTERCEPTION OPERATIONS AREA IN THE ARABIAN GULF: A. NOTIFICATION: A MINIMUM OF -2 HOURS ADVANCE NOTIFICATION IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO ARRIVAL AT THE ENFORCEMENT AREA.

U.S. NAVAL FORCES, CENTRAL COMMAND (BAHRAIN) BY FAX (973-724-344 OR 973-724-334) OR LETTER (SEE PARAGRAPH 8) THE UNCLASSIFIED

CONTACT THE MARITIME INTERCEPTIBN FORCES (MIF) COORDINATOR,

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- (1) VESSEL NAME;
- (2) VESSEL FLAG:
- (3) INTERNATIONAL RADIO CALL SIGN;
- (4) ITINERARY, INCLUDING PORT OF CARGO ORIGIN; (5) DESCRIPTION OF CARGO;
- (6) VOLUME OF CARGO;
- (7) NUMBER OF HOLDS;

- (9) IDENTIFICATION OF THE VESSEL'S SHIPPING AGENT;
 (10) IDENTIFICATION OF THE VESSEL'S OWNERS;
 (11) IF REQUIRED (REFER TO PARAGRADU 1) IN COLUMN IF REQUIRED (REFER TO PARAGRAPH 1), UN SECURITY COUNCIL LETTER SHOWING SERIAL NUMBER, ISSUE DATE, AND EXPIRATION DATE;
- (12) ESTIMATED ARRIVAL DATE AND TIME AT THE CHECKPOINT (SEE PARAGARGAPH 3.C).
- B. CARGO CONFIGURATION: ALL CARGO MUST BE ACCESSIBLE FOR INSPECTION AT SEA. CARGO CARRIERS ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR LOADING CARGOES TO ENSURE ACCESSIBILITY. THE FOLLOWING SPECIFIC GUIDANCE APPLIES:
- (1) CONTAINERIZED CARGO: CARGO CONTAINERS MUST NOT BE STACKED MORE THAN THREE HIGH FROM THE DECK. AS A SAFETY PRECAUTION TO PROTECT INSPECTION TEAMS, CONTAINERS STACKED MORE THAN THREE HIGH WILL BE CONSIDERED INACCESSIBLE. THIS PROVISION APPLIES BOTH TO INTERNAL AND DECK-LOADED
- (2) BREAK BULK: PACKAGED OR BAGGED CARGO MUST BE LOADED IN A MANNER WHICH PERMITS THOROUGH INSPECTION. PALLETIZED ROWS OF CARGO REQUIRE ADEQUATE SEPARATION TO ALLOW FOR SAFE ACCESS.
- (3) LOOSE BULK: LOOSE BULK CARGO MUST BE ACCESSIBLE FOR UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 06 STATE 120071 260241Z PHYSICAL AND VISUAL INSPECTION, VERIFICATION OF MEASUREMENT SOUNDINGS, AND SAMPLING. HATCH COVERS MUST BE OPENED TO ALLOW THROUGH INSPECTION.

- (4) IF A VESSEL'S CARGO IS DEEMED INACCESSIBLE FOR INSPECTION, THE VESSEL MAY BE DIRECTED TO RETURN TO A PORT WHERE ACCEPTABLE CARGO LOADING CAN BE ARRANGED.
- C. CHECKPOINT: VESSELS BOUND FOR OR DEPARTING FROM IRAQI PORTS OR THE MINA AL-BAKR OIL TERMINAL MUST PASS WITHIN A FIVE-NAUTICAL-MILE RADIUS OF LATITUDE TWENTY-NINE DEGREES THIRTY-TWO MINUTES NORTH, LONGITUDE FORTY-NINE DEGREES

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FOURTEEN MINUTES EAST (29-32N, 049-14E). APPROACHING VESSELS SHOULD CONTACT THE MIF COMNANDER ON BRIDGE-TO-BRIDGE RADIO, CHANNEL 16, WHEN WITHIN FIVE NAUTICAL MILES

OF THIS POINT. VESSELS WILL NOT BE PERMITTED TO PROCEED FROM THIS POINT UNTIL CLEARED BY THE MIF COMMANDER. VESSELS CONTAINING CARGOES FOR DESTINATIONS OTHER THAN IRAQ WILL NOT BE ALLOWED PASSAGE INTO IRAQ.

- D. VESSEL TONNAGE LIMIT: VESSELS UNDER 30,000 DWT WILL NOT BE AUTHORIZED TO PROCEED TO MINA AL-BAKR FOR THE PURPOSE OF LOADING PETROLEUM CARGOES.
- E. DOCUMENTATION: VESSEL DOCUMENTATION MUST CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS:
- (1) AN ORIGINAL MANIFEST LIST, DESCRIBING THE CARGO AS WELL AS ITS LOCATION IN THE SHIP, MUST BE ON BOARD. THE ORIGINAL MANIFEST MUST INCLUDE THE PORT OF ORIGIN, PORTS OF CALL, COMPLETE BUSINESS NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF ALL SHIPPERS AND CONSIGNEES, AND A FINAL DESTINATION OF ALL CARGO. A COMPLETE BUSINESS ADDRESS MUST INCLUDE EITHER THE STREET ADDRESS; A PROMINENT IDENTIFIABLE GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION; OR A POST OFFICE BOX PLUS A TELEPHONE OR FAX NUMBER.

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- (2) CARGO ADDRESSED TO A FREE-TRADE ZONE MUST HAVE THE NAME, ADDRESS AND TELEPHONE OR FAX NUMBER OF THE CONSIGNEE TAKING CUSTODY OF THE CONTAINER OR CARGO.
- (3). CONSIGNEE NAMES AND ADDRESSES ON ALL CARGO MUST MATCH THE MANIFEST.
- (4) THE MANIFEST MUST BE SIGNED IN THE ORIGINAL BY THE VESSEL'S MASTER OR CHIEF MATE. THE MANIFEST MAY BE ON SHIPPER'S LETTERHEAD, FAX, PHOTOCOPY, OR COMPUTER PRINTOUT, BUT IT MUST BEAR AN ORIGINAL SIGNATURE, CONTAIN ALL THE INFORMATION LISTED ABOVE, AND OTHERWISE COMPLY WITH NORMAL MARITIME TRANSPORT PRACTICE.
- (5) THE ORIGINAL MANIFEST MAY CONSIST OF MORE THAN ONE DOCUMENT IF THERE ARE AMENDMENTS THAT LIST CARGO DROPPED OFF AT A GIVEN PORT, OR CORRECT THE ORIGINAL MANIFEST. THESE AMENDMENTS MAY ORIGINATE FROM THE SHIPPER OR CARRIER. SINCE ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTS MAY BE TRANSMITTED TO A VESSEL BY SUCH MEANS AS TELEGRAM OR FAX, THEY NEED NOT BEAR AN ORIGINAL SIGNATURE. HOWEVER, THE MASTER IS REQUIRED TO CERTIFY IN WRITING THAT THE AMENDED MANIFEST ACCURATELY REFLECTS WHAT IS ON BOARD THE VESSEL. THE UNDERLYING REQUIREMENTS ARE FOR ACCURATE DOCUMENTATION OF CARGO AND DESTINATION, AND FOR A HIGH DEGREE OF CONFIDENCE THAT THE DOCUMENTS ARE AUTHENTIC.

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(6) IF APPLICABLE, THE CARGO DOCUMENTATION MUST INCLUDE A COPY OF THE AUTHORIZATION ISSUED BY THE UN PURSUANT TO UNSCR 661 OR UNSCR 986/1111. REFER TO PARAGRAPH 1 ABOVE FOR SPECIFIC AUTHORIZATION REQUIREMENTS.

4. VESSEL PRE-CLEARANCE:

A. OIL TANKERS INBOUND TO THE MINA AL-BAKR TERMINAL PURSUANT TO UN AUTHORIZATION UNDER UNSCR 986/1111 WILL UNCLASSIFIED

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NORMALLY BE AUTHORIZED TO PROCEED UNINTERRUPTED THROUGH THE
CHECKPOINT DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH 3C. ADVANCE NOTIFICATION
AND CHECK-IN ON CHANNEL 16 ARE STILL REQUIRED.
B. VESSELS TRANSPORTING BULK HUNANITARIAN CARGOES ARE

UNCLASSIFIED

INVITED TO CONTACT THE MIF COORDINATOR PRIOR TO SAILING TO EXPLORE PRE-CLEARANCE OPTIONS WHICH USE VOYAGE MONITORING METHODS AND CARGO LOADING CERTIFICATION FROM APPROVED AGENTS. THE MIF COORDINATOR MAY CONSIDER ALTERNATE PRE-CLEARANCE PROCEDURES ON A CASE-BY-CASE BASIS. C. NOTWITHSTANDING THE PRE-CLEARANCE OPTIONS DISCUSSED THE MULTINATIONAL NAVAL FORCES RETAIN THE RIGHT UNDER UNSCR 665 AND OTHER RELEVANT RESOLUTIONS TO CONDUCT DOCUMENT CHECKS AND AT-SEA INSPECTIONS OF ANY VESSEL WHEN DEEMED NECESSARY. 5. INCOMPLETE DOCUMENTATION: IRAQ-BOUND VESSELS WHICH ARE DETERMINED TO HAVE INCOMPLETE CARGO MANIFESTS, OR TO BE OTHERWISE IN VIOLATION OF THE REQUIREMENTS LISTED IN THIS ADVISORY, MAY BE DETAINED BY THE NAVAL FORCES OR DIVERTED TO A NON-IRAQ PORT UNTIL APPROPRIATE CONDITIONS ARE MET. 6. PETROLEUM EXPORTS AND BUNKER FUEL NOT APPROVED BY THE UN: OUTBOUND VESSELS ARE SUBJECT TO SEARCH BY THE MIF. AN INTERCEPTED VESSEL IS SUSPECTED TO BE CARRYING A CARGO OF IRAQI PETROLEUM, PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, OR HAS TAKEN ON IRAQI BUNKER FUEL-WITHOUT UN AUTHORIZATION, THE MIF WILL TAKE CARGO AND BUNKER FUEL SAMPLES FOR LABORATORY ANALYSIS, EXAMINATION, AND COMPARISON WITH IRAQI CONTROL SAMPLES. VESSELS SUSPECTED OF VIOLATING UN SANCTIONS MAY BE DETAINED AND IF IT IS DETERMINED THAT A PETROLEUM CARGO IS OF IRAQI ORIGIN, THE CARGO WILL BE SEIZED AND DISPOSED OF IN

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ACCORDANCE WITH UNSCR 778. IN SUCH CASES, THE VESSEL AND CREW MAY ALSO BE SUBJECT TO ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS BY AN UNCLASSIFIED

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ACCEPTING UN MEMBER STATE.

7. CRUISE AND PASSENGER SHIPS: CRUISE OR PASSENGER SHIPS TRAVERSING THE MIF ENFORCEMENT AREA WILL BE SUBJECT TO THE

FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS:

A. VESSELS WITH NO COMMERCIAL CARGO CARRYING CAPACITY MAY ARRANGE FOR EXPEDITIOUS TRANSIT THROUGH THE ENFORCEMENT AREA BY FORWARDING CERTIFICATION FROM A MEMBER OF THE INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF CLASSIFICATION SOCIETIES (LACS) THAT THE SHIP HAS NO SUCH CAPACITY. THE CERTIFICATION MUST BE SENT BY LETTER OR FAX AT LEAST SIXTY DAYS PRIOR TO TRANSIT.

- B. A PASSENGER VESSEL ARRIVING IN THE ENFORCEMENT AREA WHICH HAS NOT COMPLIED WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF PARAGRAPH ~.A WILL BE BOARDED AND INSPECTED DURING DAYLIGHT HOURS. IF IT IS DETERMINED THAT THE VESSEL HAS NO COMMERCIAL CARGO CARRYING CAPACITY, ITS IDENTIFICATION WILL BE RECORDED, SO THAT IT MAY BE VISUALLY IDENTIFIED AND NOT BOARDED DURING SUBSEQUENT TRANS ITS ~
- 8. FOR MERCHANT ADVISORY UPDATES, VESSELS SHOULD CONTACT THE COMMANDER, U.S. NAVAL FORCES CENTRAL COMMAND, MARITIME INTERCEPTION COORDINATOR (N3LCG), FPO AE 09501-6008. THE FAX NUMBER IS 9-3-~24-344 OR 9-3-~24-334. THE VOICE TELEPHONE IS 9V3-~24-839 OR 973-~24-841.
- -- END TEXT OF UPDATED MARINER NOTICE
- 3. DEPARTMENT POC FOR MIF MATTERS IS USN, TALBOTT

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Message Printed on 2/21/2003 7:42:59 AM by RL RefNum: RL2112420

From/To: Petrian Shipbrokers Msg Recvd/Delivered: 2/20/2003 9:23:54 PM

ATTN: Paul Martin

SUBJ: ARGOSEA / MILLENIUM

REF: MHR2112420

FROM: ODIN MARINE, INC. - LARGE TANKER DEPARTMENT

DATE: 2/20/2003 TIME: 9:23:54 PM

ATTN: Paul Martin SUBJ: ARGOSEA / MILLENIUM

ARGOSEA / MILLENIUM

WE HAVE RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING THIS EVENING FROM THE CHARTERERS :-

- 1. We would like to reconfirm the basis of our agreement when we we would like to reconfirm the basis of our agreement when we first chartered the vessel and referente that nothing has changed despite the received queries from the Owner and you should not be concerned whatsoever. We would further like to confirm that neither you as Brokers nor the Owners of the vessels would be subject to any law enforcement in whatever matter and in whatever jurisdiction since this is a recognized and approved transaction by the concerned parties involved.
- 2. We further undertake to indemnify Odin Marine and the Owners for any harm, losses, or consequences that may arise out as a result of the operation of the vessels. As you had already been made aware from the beginning that not much information could be shared, the whole operation is done in line with certain protocols and special agreements.
- 3. It is essential at this time to reemphasize once again the confidentiality of the entire operation and that all parties must maintain the highest level and utmost confidentiality in all aspects of this operation.
- 4. The safe passage of the vessel while approaching MINA AL BAKR to load and its safe passage while loaded on the return trip only endorses the above and the legitimacy of the operation.
- 5. Regarding information on Millennium for the Trade of Raw Materials and Mineral Oils. Very briefly, it is part of SBIG S.A. which is a holding company for a number of well established businesses in the Middle East involved in numerous international businesses ventures. We are, in addition, the dealers for BMW, Rover, Land Rover, and Mini vehicles in Jordan and our most recent activity entails building a CKD plant for Land Rover in Jordan. More importantly, we have been awarded by the Government of Jordan a license to erect and operate a 60,000 barrels per day crude oil refinery with a total cost of approximately \$600 million.
- It goes without saying that all information provided herein this e-mail must be kept in strict confidence and are solely provided for the addressee.

REGARDS MICHAEL RICHARDS ODIN MARINE INC

Fax: 203-964-8115

Berkovitz, Da

Redacted by the Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations

From: HJaffe Sent:

Thursday, March 24, 2005 9:45 AM

To: Berkovitz, Dan (HSGAC) Subject: Re: Correct e-mail?

Dear Dan:

Set forth below is the response to your recent questions. If you have any further comments or questions do not hesitate to call.

Regards, Howard

CONFIDENTIAL AND SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE

To: Dan Berkovitz
For the Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental

Redacted by the Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations

From: Howard A. Jaffe For: Odin Marine, Inc.

Redacted by the Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations

Date: March 24, 2005

Dear Dan:

Redacted by **Permanent Subcommittee** on Investigations

With regard to the other issues you raised we respond as follows:

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations **PSI Minority Rpt-FN 211**

11/21/2005

1. Discharge and pick up activities of certain chartered vessels-

The Charters you inquired of were term charters, as we heretofore explained, and so Odin's knowledge is limited to information extracted from e-mails in its files. Subject to the foregoing Odin, to the best of its knowledge, believes the following information to be accurate:

M/T Seacross II C/P 2/07/03

Loaded Khor Al Amaya (KAA) 03/16/03 Discharged: via Ship to Ship (STS) to T/T Marine Pacific at Fujairah 03/27/03

M/T Violando C/P 2/08/03

Never loaded or discharged under this C/P.

M/T Sea Victory C/P 2/17/03

Loaded KAA 03/01/03 Discharged: via STS T/T Marine Pacific at Fujairah 03/22/03

M/T Arcadian I C/P 02/14/03

Loaded Mina Al Bakr 03/01003 Discharged: via STS M/T Empress des Mers 05/10/03

M/T Artemis/JNSL C/P 01/27/03

Loaded: Aqaba 02/05/03 (believe slow loading) 137,024.345 M. Tons Arab Light Crude Oil Discharged: 03/22/03 eta Aden at which time it is believed discharge occured

MT Argosea C/P 2/06/03

Loaded: KAA 02/12-18/03 985,333 barrels of Basrah Light Crude Oil Discharge: Appears initially ordered to Aqaba to discharge with eta 04/07/03; voyage orders were then changed for discharge at Aden eta 04/07/03; then ordered to Aqaba again where it discharged on 04/18/04. Vessel was redelivered to owner about 04/27/03.

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by
Permanent Subcommittee
on Investigations

Page 3 of 3

Redacted by Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations

Respectfully submitted,

Howard A. Jaffe

1391

Peter Boks
To: sevan@un.org
cc:
02/18/2003 05:37 PM Subject: For your info. Encrypted Mail

Benon,

Just to let you know:

Tv. "Argosea" has completed loading from Khor Al Amayah.

Rumour is that following vessel's are scheduled to load at the same location:

Tv. "Violanda", Tv. "Seacross II", Tv. "New Jane", Tv. "Eagle", Tv. "Artines" & Tv. "Navarino"

Product if offered on the market by a company Apex Oil & Trading, and is loaded under the "Jordanian agreement".

In the meantime, it also seems that a cargo (Iraqi Crude Oil) was loaded in Aqaba on Tv. "Berge Chief" .

Please call me if more info is required.

Best regards,

Peter

PSI Minority Rpt-FN 220

RefNum: RL2084656

on 2/5/2003 9:59:31 AM by RL Message Printed

From/To: ("424802810" <424802810@thermles.gr>) Msg Recvd/Delivered: 2/5/2003 9:16:10 AM

SUBJ: ARTEMIS

From: "424802810" <424802810@thermles.gr>

To: LARGETANKER@ODINGROUP.COM

Subject: Date: Wed, 5 Feb 2003 14:23:22 -00

Message-Id: <412003235142322420@thermles.gr>

Email sent via OTE Inmarsat-C LES Thermopylae, LES Id: 305

Date/Time 03-02-05/14-13

MRN 921150

TO : JORDAN NATIONAL SHIPPING LINES

CC : ODIN MARINE INC.

CC . POLEMBROS SHIPPING

FM : M/T '' ARTEMIS ''

NOTICE OF DELIVERY

DEAR SIRS,

DEAR SIRS,

PLEASE BE ADVISED THAT M/T '' ARTEMIS '' UNDER MY COMMAND

ARRIVED AT ''AQABA'' ON FEBRUARY 05TH, 2003 AT 1530 HRS AND SINCE

THIS DATE AND TIME HAS BEEN DELIVERED TO ''THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY

AND MINERAL RESO TIME CHARTER PARTY.

BUNKERS ROB ON AM DELIVERY TIME : FUEL OIL = 239 M/TONS DIESEL OIL = 115 M/TONS

YOURS FAITHFULLY

MASTER CAPT.GEORGANTAS DIMITRIOS

KINDLY PASS SAME TO ALL PARTIES CONCERNED.

TKS/BRGDS MASTER

NNNN

. Received: from galaxy.maritel.gr ([195.167.98.7])
by srvmrs.odinmarine.com (NAVGW 2.5.2.9) with SMTP id M2003020509160123185
for <LARGETANKER@ODINGROUP.COM>; Wed, 05 Feb 2003 09:16:03 -0500
Received: from thermles.gr (thermoc.thermles.gr [212.205.249.97])
by galaxy.maritel.gr (8.11.6/8.11.6) with SMTP id h15EIsQ20415
for <LARGETANKER@ODINGROUP.COM>; Wed, 5 Feb 2003 16:19:12 +0200
Message-ID: <41200323514243224204hermles.gr> Message-ID: <412003235142322420@thermles.gr>

Message Printed on 3/26/2003 8:07:51 AM by RL RefNum:RL2171307

From/To: (Capt. Ghazi Abu Laila)
Msg Recvd/Delivered: 3/26/2003 8:07:40 AM
SUBJ: Artemis / JNSL TCP 27 Jan 2003

ODIN MARINE INC. 26 March 2003

Re ; Artemis / JNSL

TCP Dated 27 Jan 2003

PLEASE NOTE BELOW WHICH RECEIVED FROM OWNERS ++ QUOTE ++

M/T ARTEMIS/JORDAN C/P 27/01/03

LOI RECEIVED AND FOUND IN ORDER.
WE HAVE ALSO NOW RECEIVED CONFIRMATION THAT THE OUTSTANDING MONIES
FOR THE WAR RISK HAVE BEEN REMITTED, ALTHOUGH STILL NOT RECEIVED.
IN THE SPIRIT OF COOPERATION, MASTER HAS BEEN ISTRUCTED TO RELEASE
CARGO OF 137,024.345MT CRUDE OIL TO ADEN REFINERY COMPANY AND
AL-HODA INTERNATIONAL TRADING CO, AT THE PORT OF ADEN WITHOUT
PRODUCTION OF THE ORIGINAL BILL OF LADING.

REGARDS POLEMBROS

UNQTE

Regards,

Bob Lubbers ODIN MARINE INC.

OFF TEL 203-969-3300
OFF FAX 203-964-8115
MOBILE TEL 203-559-9001
MOBILE EMAIL rimarine@aol.com
HOME TEL 203-356-1115
YAHOO MESSENGER Robert_Lubbers

----- End of Message -----

Message Printed on 3/30/2003 3:10:31 PM by TP RefNum:TP2177701

From/To: ("Millenium Marine Division" <marine@sbigholdings.com>)

Msg Recvd/Delivered: 3/29/2003 5:57:42 AM

ReplyTo: <marine@sbigholdings.com>
From: "Millenium Marine Division" <marine@sbigholdings.com>

To: <argosea@super-hub.com>
cc: <largetanker@odingroup.com>, <ops@petrian.co.uk>

Subject:

Date: Sat, 29 Mar 2003 12:56:23 +0200

Message-Id: <FC1876CEBD085847B213148B8E7ED4BD01AE67@hqmail.sbig.com>

MILLENNIUM FOR THE TRADE OF RAW MATERIALS & MINERAL OILS

Phone +962 6 5608777 - Fax +962 6 5688009

From: Marine & Oil Operations FAX: +962 6 5623112

TELEX: 23662 AFICO JO

To: Master of M/T ARGOSEA Fax 00870763257420

CC: ODIN MARINE, Bob Lubbers

<mailto:largetanker@odingroup.com> largetanker@odingroup.com Fax 0012039648115

CC: PETRIAN

DATE:29.03.2003

SUBJECT: CHARTERERS INSTRUCTIONS , __

DEAR CAPT. VLADIMIR

FOLLOWING ARE CHARTERERS INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE VOYAGE FUJAIRAH/AQAPA.

HEAVE UP ANCHOR AND PROCEED A.S.A.P AT FULL SPEED TO AQABA, JORDAN TO DISCHARGE.

2- REPORT TODAY YOUR SAILING TIME, BUNKERS ROB AND ETA
3- REPORT DAILY YOUR NOON POSITION, DISTANCE RUN, DISTANCE TO GO,
AVG SPEED, ETA AND BUNKERS ROB.

BEST REGARDS

JAMIL SAYEGH

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Minority Rpt-FN 251 Message Continues...

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Page:2

RefNum 2177701

MILLENNIUM

[A Mime Part ( - ) was detected here]

Received: from psmtp.com ([64.75.1.134])
by srvmrs.odinmarine.com (NAVGW 2.5.2.9) with SMTP id M2003032905573205447
for <largetanker@odingroup.com>; Sat, 29 Mar 2003 05:57:32 -0500
Received: from source ([128.121.227.37]) by exprod5mx75.postini.com ([64.75.1.245]) with SMTP;
Sat, 29 Mar 2003 05:57:32 EST

Received: from trade3551 ([194.165.153.202]) by sbigholdings.com (8.12.6) id h2TAvNgA036082; Sat, 29 Mar 2003 03:57:26 -0700 (MST)
Reply-To: <marine@sbigholdings.com>
From: "Millenium Marine Division" <marine@sbigholdings.com>
To: <argosea@super-hub.com>
Co: <largetanker@odingroup.com>, <ops@petrian.co.uk>
Date: Sat, 29 Mar 2003 12:56:23 +0200
Message-ID: <FC1876CEBB0085847B213148B8E7ED4BD01AE67@hqmail.sbig.com>
MIME-Version: 1.0
Content-Type: multipart/alternative;
boundary="---= NextPart_000_0000_01C2F5F2.A1831B90"
X-Priority: 3 (Normal)
X-MSMail-Priority: Normal
X-Mailer: Microsoft Outlook, Build 10.0.2627
X-MimeOLE: Produced By Microsoft MimeOLE V6.00.2800.1106
X-pstn-levels: (C:80.2266 M:98.8113 P:95.9108 R:95.9108 S: 7.9823 )
X-pstn-settings: 4 (1.5000:4.5000) pmCr
X-pstn-addresses: from <marine@sbigholdings.com> forward (user good)
```

essage Printed on 3/31/2003 2:35:34 PM by RL RefNum:RL2179783

From/To: Petrian Shipbrokers/Operations
Msg Recvd/Delivered: 3/31/2003 2:35:25 PM
SUBJ: Argosea / Millenium TCP 06 Feb 2003

REF: RL2179783

FROM: ODIN MARINE, INC. DATE: 3/31/2003 TIME: 2:35:25 PM

SUBJ: Argosea / MIllenium TCP 06 Feb 2003

ODIN MARINE INC. 31 March 2003

Re : Argosea / Millenium

TCP Dated 06 Feb 2003

FOLLOWING RECEIVED FROM CHARTERERS ++ QUOTE ++

PLEASE NOTIFY OWNERS/MANAGERS OF M/T ARGOSEA THAT VESSEL IS PRESENTLY ENROUTE TO AQABA ETA 7 APRIL 03 TO DISCHARGE ITS CARGO OF CRUDE OIL (WITH POSSIBLE CHANGE OF DISPORT WITHIN THE TRADE AREA AGREED). UPON COMPLETION OF THE VOYAGE, CHARTERERS SHALL REDELIVER THE NAMED VESSEL AT THE DISPORT.

CHARTERERS WOULD LIKE TO THANK OWNERS FOR THEIR GOOD COOPERATION

REGARDS

Jamil Sayegh MILLENIUM Marine & Oil Division

Unquote

Regards,

Bob Lubbers ODIN MARINE INC.

OFF TEL 203-969-3300
OFF FAX 203-964-8115
MOBILE TEL 203-559-9001
MOBILE EMAIL rimarine@aol.com
HOME TEL 203-356-1115
YAHOO MESSENGER Robert_Lubbers

----- End of Message ----

Message Printed on 4/1/2003 8:10:16 AM by RL RefNum: RL2180947 From/To: SBIG Holdings Msg Recvd/Delivered: 4/1/2003 7:50:16 AM SUBJ: Argosea 01/04 03 TUE 15:45 FAX 96265688009 SBIG HEAD OFFICE 01/04 03 TUE 15:45 FAI 9625598009 SBIG HEAD OFFICE ce:oDir. 04.04.03 13:08 * *TCC 30 *000979 APR 01 +3 1526 PTS *058383424871910 01,04.03 13:08 FM: MILLENNIUM TO: MASTER OF ARGOSEA DEAR CAPT VLADIMIR PLS NOTE YOUR DISCH PORT IS ADEN IN YEMEN KINDLY ADVISE YOUR ETA ADEN ANCHORAGE ALSO REPORT YOUR TODAY'S NOON POSITION RGDS J. SAYEGH MILLENNIUM *4 *424871910=ARGS X 23662 AFICO JO 23662 AFICU JU *NNNN *ITD 03-04-01 12:29;47 MSG 194087 ** ** *TIME 001.4 MINS

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations **PSI Minority Rpt-FN 253**

----- End of Message -

Message Printed on 4/3/2003 8:30:36 AM by RL RefNum: RL2185834

From/To: Sayegh/SBIG Holdings (private) Msg Recvd/Delivered: 4/3/2003 8:30:36 AM

ATTN: Jamil Sayegh SUBJ: Argosea / Millenium TCP 06 Feb 2003

REF: RL2185834

FROM: ODIN MARINE, INC. DATE: 4/3/2003 TIME: 8:30:36 AM

ATTN: Jamil Sayegh SUBJ: Argosea / Millenium TCP 06 Feb 2003

ODIN MARINE INC. 03 April 2003

Re ; Argosea / Milleniom

TCP Dated 06 Feb 2003

PLEASE NOTE BELOW WHICH RECEIVED FROM OWNERS ++ OUOTE ++

TSAKOS SHIPPING AND TRADING S.A.

DD : 03.04.2003 - Msg.No.: HH.030403-02

RE : MT ARGOSEA/MILLENNIUM TCP 06.02.03 PLEASE PASS TO CHARTERERS

Following message received from the ship's Master.

QUOTE

23662 AFICO JO

FM: MILLENNIUM TO: MASTER M/T ARGOSEA

DR CAPT VLADIMIR

- YR DISPORT IS ADEN, YEMEN, PLS NOTE THE FOLG: 1- REPORT YOUR ETA SOONEST TO AGENT IN ADEN.
- 2- AGENT IS MIDDLE EAST AGENCY ADEN, PH +967 2 240958 FAX +967 2 240957, TLX 5728 YEMEN, MOB MR ALI BOU KHADRI +967 71 713040 OR MR GHULAM +967 71189007
- 3- DUE TO DRAFT, YOU'LL LIGHTER AT ANCHORAGE TILL DRAFT 14.00 M EVEN KEEL, THEN BERTH AL'GSIDE
- 4- FOR ALL YOUR SHIP BUSINESS AND DISCH, FM TIME YOU DROP ANCHOR TILL COMPLETE DISCH'S WOULD BE HANDLED BY JORDAN NATIONAL SHIPPING WHO WOULD CONTACT YOU LATER ON 3RD APRIL, PLS FOLLOW THEIR OPERATIONAL INSTRUCTIONS.
- 5- OUR REPRESENTATIVE MR HAMMAN KILANI IS FLYING TONIGHT TO ADEN, WILL MEET YOU ONBOARD WITH NEW SET OF BS/L FOR YOUR SIGNATURE

кетипп: стоооэа _____

B'RGDS

J.SAYEGH MILLENNIUM

23662 AFICO JO

UNQTE

BRGDS VLADIMIR EGOSHIN MASTER

220550 STAR GR 424871910=ARGS X

UNQUOTE

Charterers are requested to provide full details of:

- a. Lightering vesselsb. The STS Operatorsc. The exact STS location

The above information is needed by the Owners in order to notify their P+I Club/H+M Underwriters and place appropriate insurance cover for STS operation.

Charterers' prompt reply will be highly appreciated.

Best regards, Capt. M. Foradis Operations dept. TSAKOS Athens as Agents

UNQTE

Regards,

Bob Lubbers ODIN MARINE INC.

OFF TEL 203-969-3300
OFF FAX 203-964-8115
MOBILE TEL 203-559-9001
MOBILE EMAIL rimarine@aol.com
HOME TEL 203-356-1115
YAHOO MESSENGER Robert_Lubbers

----- End of Message -----

Message Printed on 4/1/2003 12:55.05 PM by RL RefNum:RL2181783 From/To: (<ops@petrian.co.uk>)
Msg Recvd/Delivered: 4/1/2003 12:04:17 PM
SUBJ: ARGOSEA / MILLENIUM / TCP 12.03.03 - URGENT ReplyTo: <ops@petrian.co.uk>
From: <ops@petrian.co.uk>
To: "Odin Marine Connecticut"<largetanker@odingroup.com>
Subject: ARGOSEA / MILLENIUM / TCP 12.03.03 - URGENT
Date: Tue, 01 Apr 2003 18:01:24 +0100
Message-Id: <E190PBB-0001hu-00@mta04.btfusion.com> TO..: "Odin Marine Connecticut" ATTN: MICHAEL RICHARDS FROM: PETRIAN SHIPBROKERS LTD DATE: 01-APR-2003 18:01 MSG.: 661447 ----- Recipient List: -----TO: Odin Marine Connecticut // MICHAEL RICHARDS
TO: ODIN OPERATIONS // BOB LUBBERS URGENT URGENT _______ ARGOSEA / MILLENIUM / TCP 12.03.03 PLS FIND BELOW MSG FROM OWNERS: QTE To: PETRIAN SHIPBROKERS LTD REF : TST/09/121/FL4 TO: PETRIAN FM : TSAKOS ATHENS URGENT URGENT RE: MT ARGOSEA - A/C MILLENNIUM CP DD 06 FEB 2003 FOLLOWING RECEIVED FROM MASTER MT ARGOSEA, A FEW MINUTES AGO. QUOTE
DATE: 01.04.2003 TIME:15:00 UTC MSG:791
REF:TST/121/09/FL4/OPS ATTN: CAPT.M, FORADIS CC: CSM ATTN: CAPT. ANDREAS XAPOLYTOS BORIS PETRIJCUKS FYI FOLLOWING RECEIVED FROM CHARTERERS: STRATOS CSAT 23662 AFICO JO 1-APR-2003 12:40:02 23662 AFICO JO FM: MILLENNIUM Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations

PSI Minority Rpt-FN 255

TO: MASTER OF ARGOSEA

DEAR CAPT. VLADIMIR

PLS MOTE YOUR DISCH PORT IS ADEN IN YEMEN KINDLY ADVISE YOUR ETA ADEN ANCHORAGE

ALSO REPORT YOUR TODA'S NOON POSITION

RGDS J.SAYEGH MILLENNIUM

23662 AFICO JO

UNQTE

BRGDS MASTER UNQUOTE

WE ESTIMATE VESSEL'S ARRIVAL ADEN ON ABOUT 3/4 1400 HRS.

WE APPEND HEREUNDER OUR REPLY TO CHARTERERS.

OUOTE

TO: Millenium

FM: Tsakos Shipping Athens

RE: ARGOSEA - T/C dtd. 6th February 2003 - 985,333 bbls Basrah Light Crude Oil

We refer to your order that the vessel proceed to Aqaba to discharge her cargo, with which, subject to revision of the Bill of Lading position, we were happy to comply.

This was in line with our discussions in $\mbox{\it Amman}$ with yourselves where we highlighted:

- 1. that there was considerable media speculation that the cargo was unlawful, to which you and your government insisted that the cargo was for the use of the Jordanian state, and that you were permitted to export the cargo from Iraq by the tacit consent of the United Nations under Article 50 of the UN charter:
- 2. that there was media speculation that the cargo was not for the use of the Jordanian state and that even if para 1 above was accepted, if it became clear that the cargo was to be delivered to non-Jordanian state interests, the rationale ûnder the UN charter (Art. 50) would no longer be available and Owners would have to treat the cargo/order for delivery as unlawful. As a result, the indemnity provided by the Jordanian government on 13th March 2003 was drafted to ensure that the delivery was to Jordanian state interests through Millenium.

You have now changed your orders for Aqaba and have directed the vessel to deliver the cargo at Aden. Given the two matters highlighted above, we are duty bound to enquire on behalf of the Owners of the vessel for details as to the circumstances in which cargo destined for use by the Jordanian state should be discharged at Aden. We very much wish to work with you and to accommodate your reasonable and lawful orders but consider that it is imperative that you please let us have as much information as possible in order to demonstrate to us that the cargo is still destined for use by Jordanian state interests despite being ordered to be delivered at Aden.

We look forward to your reply.

1402

Keinmm: Ziei/e3

```
Best regards,
UNQUOTE
      CHARTERERS PROMPT REPLY WOULD BE APPRECIATED.
      BEST REGARDS
H.HAJIMICHAEL
      UNQTE
         (END)
      B.REGARDS/SARAH CLAXTON

MOB: +44 77 60 17 79 28

OFF: +44 20 74 11 01 47

FAX: +44 20 72 22 13 46

++ PLEASE REPLY TO E-MAIL: ops(at)petrian.co.uk ++

YAHOO: sarah(underscore)petrian
Received: from psmtp.com ([12.158.34.153])
by srvmrs.odinmarine.com (NAVGW 2.5.2.9) with SMTP id M2003040112041322011
for <\argetanker@odingroup.com>; Tue, 01 Apr 2003 12:04:14 -0500
Received: from source ([62.172.195.246]) by exprod5mx13.postini.com ([12.158.34.245]) with SMTP;
    Tue, 01 Apr 2003 09:04:12 PST
Received: from [213.120.127.221] (helo=smtp.btclick.com)
    by mta04.btfusion.com with smtp (Exim 4.10)
    id 190PBB-0001hu-00
    for largetanker@odingroup.com; Tue, 01 Apr 2003 17:04:09 +0000
Date: Tue, 01 Apr 2003 18:01:24 +0100
From: <ops@petrian.co.uk>
To: "Odin Marine Connecticut"<largetanker@odingroup.com>
Reply-To: <ops@petrian.co.uk>
Sender: <ops@petrian.co.uk>
Subject: ARGOSEA, MILLENIUM / TCP 12.03.03 - URGENT
Mime-Version: 1.0
X-MM2000-RRInfo: 661447-1127
X-MM2000-RRInfo: 661447-1127
X-MM2000-RRInfo: 661447-1127
Content-Type: text/plain
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit
Message-Id: <E190PBB-0001hu-00@mta04.btfusion.com>
X-pstn-levels: (C:80.2266 M:99.5542 P:95.9108 R:95.9108 S:88.7957 )
X-pstn-addresses: from <ops@petrian.co.uk>
X-pstn-addresses: from <ops@petrian.co.uk>
X-pstn-addresses: from <ops@petrian.co.uk>
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X-pstn-addresses: from <ops@petrian.co.uk>
X-pstn-addresses: from <ops@petrian
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----- End of Message -----

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Message Printed on 4/10/2003 11:54:47 AM by RL RefNum:RL2199449
From/To: (<ops@petrian.co.uk>)
Msg Recvd/Delivered: 4/10/2003 11:38:19 AM
SUBJ: ARGOSEA / MILLENIUM / TCP 06.02.03
ReplyTo: <ops@petrian.co.uk>
Reply10: copsepetrian.co.uk>
From: copsepetrian.co.uk>
To: <largetanker@odingroup.com>
Subject: ARGOSEA / MILLENIUM / TCP 06.02.03
Date: Thu, 10 Apr 2003 16:37:47 +0100
Message-Id: <E193e7u-0006xX-00@mta03.btfusion.com>
FROM: PETRIAN SHIPBROKERS LTD
DATE: 10-APR-2003 16:37
MSG.: 663114
ARGOSEA / MILLENIUM / TCP 06.02.03
I HAVE SPOKEN TO OWNERS WHO ADVISE THAT VSL WILL DISCHARGE AGAINST ORIGINAL B/LS ALTHOUGH APPARENTLY THESE NEED TO BE REISSUED AFTER THE OLD ONES ARE CANCELLED. THE OWNER'S OPERATOR IS OF THE UNDERSTANDING THAT HIS BOSS HAS SENT A MSG REGARDING B/LS DIRECTLY TO CHARTERERS - I HAVE ASKED FOR THEM TO SEND US A COPY.
BEST REGARDS,
SARAH CLAXTON
PETRIAN - OPS
 +++++++++++++++
> REF: RL2198431
> FROM: ODIN MARINE, INC.
> DATE: 4/10/2003
> TIME: 8:06:40 AM
 > SUBJ: ARGOSEA / MILLENIUM / TCP 06.02.03
 > I thinmk becuase there is a bill of lading on board ????
 > That is my understanding
 > Regards,
> Bob Lubbers
> ODIN MARINE INC.
> OFF TEL 203-969-3300
> OFF FAX 203-964-8115
> MOBILE TEL 203-559-9001
> MOBILE EMAIL rlmarine@acl.com
> HOME TEL 203-356-1115
> YAHOO MESSENGER Robert_Lubbers
> ReplyTo: <ops@petrian.co.uk>
> From: <ops@petrian.co.uk>
> To: "ODIN OPERATIONS"<ltops@odingroup
                                                                               Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
```

```
> Subject: ARGOSEA / MILLENIUM / TCF 06.02.03
> Date: Thu, 10 Apr 2003 13:03:35 +0100
> Message-Id: <E193amc-0003jS-00@mta03.btfusion.com>
> TO..: "ODIN OPERATIONS"
> ATTN: BOB LUBBERS
> FROM: PETRIAN SHIPBROKERS LTD
> DATE: 10-APR-2003 13:03
> MSG.: 662985
> ARGOSEA / MILLENIUM / TCP 06.02.03
> PLS FIND BELOW MSG FROM OWNERS. FYG, WE HAVE PUT A CALL INTO OWNERS
> IN ORDER TO
> ASCERTAIN WHY THEIR MSG IS TO BE DISREGARDED - WE WILL REVERT WHEN WE
> SPOKEN TO OWNERS:
> QTE
> ---
> To: PETRIAN - MRS SARAH CLAXTON
> ref:tst/09/121/f14/mf
> FROM: TSAKOS HELLAS
> DATE: 10 APR 2003
> KINDLY DISREGARD OUR BELOW MESSAGE OF TODAY .
> QQ
> To: PETRIAN - MRS SARAH CLAXTON
> from:tsakos hellas
> date: 10 apr 2003
> sub: m.t. argosea / l.o.i.
> following for chrtrs:
> chrtrs are kindly requested to provide l.o.i. for cargo discharging
> without presentation of original bs/l.
> > best regards,
> cpt m.foradis/ops
>
> UNQQ
> SORRY FOR ANY INCONVENIENCE CAUSED .
> BEST REGARDS
> CPT M.FORADIS /OPS
> UNQTE
> -----
> (END)
> B.REGARDS/SARAH CLAXTON
> B. REGARDS/SARAH CLAXTON

> MOB: +44 77 60 17 79 28

> OFF: +44 20 74 11 01 47

> FAX: +44 20 72 22 13 46

> ++ PLEASE REPLY TO E-MAIL: ops(at)petrian.co.uk ++

> YAHOO: sarah(underscore)petrian
> Received: from psmtp.com ([12.158.34.178])
> by srvmrs.odinmarine.com (NAVGW 2.5.2.9)
> by srvmrs.odinmarine.com (NAVGW 2.5.2.9) with SMTP id
> M2003041008040027481
```

Message Printed on 4/10/2003 12:59:55 PM by RL RefNum: RL2199636 From/To: (<ops@petrian.co.uk>)
Msg Recvd/Delivered: 4/10/2003 12:45:23 PM
SUBJ: ARGOSEA / MILLENIUM / TCP 06.02.03 ReplyTo: <ops@petrian.co.uk>
From: <ops@petrian.co.uk>
To: "ODIN OPERATIONS"<ltops@odingroup.com>
Subject: ARGOSEA / MILLENIUM / TCP 06.02.03
Date: Thu, 10 Apr 2003 17:44:50 +0100
Message-Id: <E193fAn-0004YT-00@mta04.btfusion.com> TO ..: "ODIN OPERATIONS" ATTN: BOB LUBBERS FROM: PETRIAN SHIPBROKERS LTD DATE: 10-APR-2003 17:44 MSG.: 663142 ARGOSEA / MILLENIUM / TCP 06.02.03 PLS FIND BELOW MSG FROM OWNERS: QTE TO : PETRIAN FM : TSAKOS HELLAS DD: 10.04.2003 FOLL SENT. ÂEST REGARDS : MT ARGOSEA TO : MT ARGOSEA
ATTN : Capt. Vladimir
CC : MILLENNIUM
ATTN : Mr Ahed M. Sukhon
FM : TSAKOS HELLAS
DD : 10.04.2003 - Msg.No.: HH.100403-15 Capt. Vladimir, Please note that the following arrangements have been made with the $\operatorname{Charterers}\colon$ A set of new Bs/L will be presented to you recording the following changes:

 Consignee: Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources,
 The Government of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan
 Port of discharge: Aqaba, Yemen

 The Charterers will return to you the 3 original Bs/L already signed by you with port of discharge: Fujairah. 3. On receipt of all 3 original Bs/L you may sign the new set of Bs/L as (1.) above 4. The Charterers' representative will hand to you one original of the new Bs/L (with Aqaba discharge). On receipt of the original B/L you may commence discharge. 5. On completion of discharge at Aqaba, the original B/L that is left onboard your vessel must be endorsed:
CARGO DELIVERED VOYAGE ACCOMPLISHED

Permanent Subcommit Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations

PSI Minority Rpt-FN 257

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SIGNED BY
MILLENIUM FOR THE TRADE OF RAW MATERIALS AND MINERAL OILS
AS AGENTS FOR
MINISTRY OF ENERGY AND MINERAL RESOURCES,
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN
Please confirm receipt of/compliance with our instructions.
Best regards
H. Hajimichael
Tsakos Athens/As Agents
UNQTE
 (END)
B.REGARDS/SARAH CLAXTON
MOB: +44 77 60 17 79 28
OFF: +44 20 74 11 01 47
FAX: +44 20 72 22 13 46
++ PLEASE REPLY TO E-MAIL: ops(at)petrian.co.uk ++
YAHOO: sarah(underscore)petrian
```

----- End of Message -----

1407

Jean Johnston

om: Sent:

john irving [john@j-irving.demon.co.uk] Tuesday, June 17, 2003 3:26 PM David Chalmers Jr; Bobby Hamblin; John Overbey; Jean Johnston Fixed Price Proposal for J dated Tuesday 17th June

To: Subject:

1) The sept WTI closed tonight at 28.88 (10 cents down from last night) and we wanted to narrow the contingency another 10 cents to 50 cents
2) This would make the price unchanged
3) Since tonight we are sending in contracts that are revised basis re-assessment of risk: and we are also sending the 1c formats as well: then we will change contingency to 40 cents
4) This is because we know we have competition from Al Hoda (bunch of peasants at 20.65) and Bibinaft (bunch of homosexuals) so we need to perhaps keep in touch-we still have not heard from OFAC

-	SEPT WTI base discount api credit contingency (see below)		7.50 0.05 0.40	EMBAS 28.88 0.45	
	sulphur freight		0.10		0.03
FIXED	NEW PRICE	20.27	FIXED		20.25
NEW OSP=		8.61		8.63	

I have prepared new P/L's for both ships at these new OSP's and will send separately. Also I am valuing Basrah at -4.4 basis September off the Timematrix

----Original Message---From: john irving [mailto:john@j-irving.demon.co.uk]
Sent: Monday, June 16, 2003 9:55 PM
To: 'david@bayoil.com'; 'bobbyh@bayoil.com'; 'johnoverbey864@hotmail.com'
Cc: 'jeabj@bayoil.com'

Jean Johnston

From: Sent:

To:

John Irving Ijohn@J-Irving.demon.co.uk] Monday, June 16, 2003 4:01 PM Jean Johnston FW: Fixed Price discussions with Jordanian Ministry-the logic: Revised Assessment following discussions wuth DBC Subject:

----Original Message---From: john irving [mailto:john@j-irving.demon.co.uk]
Sent: Monday, June 16, 2003 9:55 PM
To: 'davideBayoil.com'; 'bobbyhBbayoil.com'; 'johnoverbey864@hotmail.com'
Cc: 'jeabj@bayoil.com'
Subject: FW: Fixed Price discussions with Jordanian Ministry-the logic:
Revised Assessment following discussions wuth DBC

1) Two separate dates good but other way round: Empress on 18th and Embassy on 19th=> these become the null en void dates in the contracts
2) Do not give all contingency back at once since probably have another bite tomorrow=> change contingency from 70->60 cents

*=.	EMPRESS		EMBASSY
	SEPT WTI base discount api credit contingency (see below sulphur freight	28.98 7.50 0.56 0.05 0.10	28.98 7.50 0.45 .0.05 0.60 0.03
FIXED	NEW PRICE	20.17 FIXED	. 20.15
NEW OSP-		8.81 -	8.83

----Original Message---From: john irving [mailto:john@j-irving.demon.co.uk]
Sent: Monday, June 16, 2003 9:09 FM
To: 'john irving'; davidc@bayoil.com; bobbyh@bayoil.com; johnoverbey@64@hotmail.com
Cc: jeanj@bayoil.com
Cc: jeanj@bayoil.com
Subject: RE: Fixed Price discuusions with Jordanian Ministry-the logic

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations PSI Minority Rpt-FN 259

BAY14-01796

MY IDEAS ON PRICE PROPOSAL FOR JORDANIANS FOR MONDAY 16th June 2003

Proposed price for Monday June 16th 2003 Contract null en void basis 18th June if we do not open 1c-on Embassy contract Contract null en void basis 19th June if we do not open 1c -on Empress contract

The reason for two separate dates is that we don't want to be hedging 6mbbls all at once -and it gives more time to measure the performance risk on the STS

If the price is driven down on the 18th by our hedging etc then we can always not open the 1c on the second cargo (the STS) and give a new price

· .	EMPRESS	EMBASSY
SEPT WII	28.98	28.98
base discount	7.50	7.50
api	0.56	0.45
credit	0.05	0.05
contingency (see below)	0.39	0.39
sulphur	0.10	0.03
freight	0	0.20
NEW PRICE	20.38	20.36

----Original Message---From: john irving [mailto:john@j-irving.demon.co.uk]
Sent: Sunday, June 15, 2003 8:44 FM
To: 'davidc@bayoil.com'; 'bobbyh@bayoil.com'; 'johnoverbey@64@hotmail.com'
Subject: Fixed Price discussions with Jordanian Ministry-the logic

- 1) As you know on Saturday we proposed \$19.59 for the Empress and \$19.57 for the Embassy 2) The logic of these prices is as follows:

;		empress		. EMBASSY
. "	SEPT WTI (when I did calculation just 28.5	before close) 2	8.50	
	BASE DISCOUNT API(degrees) 29.53	7.5	8.39	7.5
	API CREDIT (immediate payment/ doc present 0.05	0.56 ation) 0	.05	0.45
	SULPHUR(% w/w) SULPHUR FREIGHT (tc considerations \$24.5 vs \$1 0.20	0.10 8kpd) 0	.00	0.03
	Contingency (vs market volatility)*	0.70		0.70
	PROPOSED FIXED PRICE(in our contract)	19.59		19.57
	DIFFERENTIAL BELOW BASE	8.91		8.93
3)	Contingency assessment			

The lows of September WTI were \$28.20 on Friday

BAY14-01797

	The second second				
	RESULTING DIFFERENTIAL ELOW	BASE	8.60		8.63
**	EFFECTIVE CONTINGENCY		0.39		0.40
4)	OUR PREVIOUS PROPOSAL 10th Ju	ne	7.5 0	29.31	7.5 base 0.20 frei 0.05 cred
			0.05		0.05 cred 0.50 api
•			21.26		21.06
5)	OUR CHANGES SINCE 10th June	overall		1.67	1.4
		market contingency	0.70	0.81	0.8
		sulphur	0.70	0.10	0.0
		api	0.06		-0.0
		TOTAL	1.67	•	1.49
6)	GIVE BACK CONTINGENCY (see ab (our argument off lows)			0.39	0.4
7)	MARKET CLOSE FRIDAY 13th June	a	20.68	•	20.68
8)	NEW PRICES FOR MONDAY (basis 20.68 on the close) 0.40 (see (6))	close vs 28		0.18 0.39(see (6))	0.1
	Proposed price			19.59	19.
	NEW PRICE		20.16		20.15
	COMPETITION (AL HODA))- laundry money .		20.65		20.65 (w
10)	QUESTION			are we bidding vs ours	elves?
	analysis is based on mkt being	unchanned of	Mond	•••	:
OK OK	average to besed on myt being	ununanyed or	: monda	²y ·.	

DRAFT

DRAFT

DRAFT

TO:

BANQUE CANTONALE VAUDOISE

DRAFT

ATTN:

ROXANA IONICI

DATE:

JUNE 17, 2003

GRATEFUL IF YOU COULD PLEASE ISSUE THE FOLLOWING IRREVOCABLE DOCUMENTARY LETTER OF CREDIT IN FAVOR OF THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY & MINERAL RESOURCES, JORDAN, WITH A COPY TO BAYOIL HOUSTON/NASSAU.

QUOTE

ARAB BANK TO:

AMMAN, JORDAN AMMAN, JORDAN +9626-562-7163

FAX:

ATTN: MR. JIHAD ALI (TEL) 9626-562-9333

HIS EXCELLENCY ENG. M. BATAYNEH cc:

MINISTRY OF ENERGY AND MINERAL RESOURCES

FAX:

CC: BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

WE HEREBY ISSUE OUR IRREVOCABLE DOCUMENTARY LETTER OF CREDIT NO. XXXXX

BY ORDER OF:

BAYOIL SUPPLY AND TRADING LIMITED

SASSOON HOUSE P.O. BOX N-272 NASSAU, BAHAMAS

IN FAVOUR OF:

THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY AND MINERAL RESOURCES THE GOVERNMENT OF THE HASHEMIT KINGDOM OF JORDAN

HEAD OFFICE BRANCH

AMMAN, JORDAN

AMOUNTING TO:

USD 58,177,130.00(+/- 5 PCT) (UNITED STATES DOLLARS FIFTY EIGHT MILLION, ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY SEVEN THOUSAND ONE HUNDRED THIRTY PLUS/MINUS FIVE

PCT).

VALID UNTIL:

JULY 17, 2003 AT OUR COUNTERS IN LAUSANNE, SWITZERLAND

AVAILABLE WITH US BY PAYMENT AT SIGHT AGAINST PRESENTATION AT OUR COUNTERS IN LAUSANNE, SWITZERLAND OF THE FOLLOWING DOCUMENTS:

SIGNED BENEFICIARY'S COMMERCIAL INVOICE PLUS THREE (3) COPIES COVERING 2,870,110 NET U.S. BARRELS PLUS/MINUS FIVE (5) PERCENT
OF BASRAH LIGHT CRUDE OIL, VIA SHIP-TO-SHIP TRANSFER FROM VESSEL M/T
"EMPRESS DES MAR" ONTO VESSEL M/T "HELLESPONT GRAND", INVOICE TO SHOW
QUANTITY IN NET METRIC TONS, LONG TONS AND NET U.S. BARRELS.

INVOICE ALSO TO CERTIFY THAT COMMENCEMENT OF DISCHARGE FROM VESSEL M/T "EMPRESS DES MAR" ONTO M/T "HELLESPONT GRAND" SHALL BE NOT LATER THAN JUNE 19, 2003.

- 2) FULL SET OF CLEAN ON BOARD OCEAN BILLS OF LADING IN 3/3
 ORIGINAL AND 3 NON-NEGOTIABLE COPIES DATED 'ON BOARD' AND
 ISSUED TO THE ORDER OF BANQUE CANTONALE VAUDOISE, LAUSANNE, SWITZERLAND
 SHOWING SHIP-TO-SHIP TRANSFER FROM M/T "EMPRESS DES MAR" ONTO M/T
 "HELLESPONT GRAND" AT FUJAIRAH, TO DESTINATION NORTH AMERICA, MARKED
 'FREIGHT PAYABLE BY BUYER AS ARRANGED'. EACH ORIGINAL BILL OF LADING TO
 BE ORIGINALLY SIGNED AND STAMPED BY VESSEL'S MASTER AND MARKED WITH
 SHIPMENT NUMBER.
- 3) CERTIFICATE OF ORIGIN ISSUED BY THE JORDANIAN GOVERNMENT PLUS 3 (THREE) COPIES STATING THAT THE ORIGIN OF THE BASRAH LIGHT CRUDE OIL IS FROM IRAQ.
- 4) ORIGINAL QUANTITY CERTIFICATE ISSUED BY INDEPENDENT INSPECTOR ON BOARD M/T "EMPRESS DES MAR", PLUS 3 (THREE) COPIES.
- 5) ORIGINAL QUALITY CERTIFICATE ISSUED BY INDEPENDENT INSPECTOR ON BOARD M/T "EMPRESS DES MAR", PLUS 3 (THREE) COPIES.

CÖVERING: 2,870,110 NET U.S. BARRELS PLUS/MINUS FIVE (5) PCT OF
BASRAH LIGHT CRUDE OIL, VIA SHIP-TO-SHIP TRANSFER FROM VESSEL M/T
"EMPRESS DES MAR" ONTO M/T "HELLESPONT GRAND" AT FUJAIRAH

PRICE: THE PRICE WILL BE FIXED AND FLAT AND WILL BE \$20.27 (U.S DOLLARS
TWENTY POINT TWENTY SEVEN) PER NET U.S. BARREL DELIVERED FUJAIRAH

SHIPMENT: VIA SHIP-TO-SHIP TRANSFER DELIVERED VIA VESSEL M/T "EMPRESS DES MAR"
FOR FULL COMPLETION OF VOLUME TRANSFER NOT LATER THAN JUNE 23, 2003
ONTO VESSEL M/T "HELLESPONT GRAND".

SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

- A) COMMENCEMENT OF DISCHARGE FROM VESSEL M/T "EMPRESS DES MAR" ONTO M/T "HELLESPONT GRAND" SHALL BE NO LATER THAN JUNE 19,2003.
- B) WHERE COPIES OF DOCUMENTS ARE CALLED FOR, PHOTOCOPIES ARE ACCEPTABLE.
- C) THIS DOCUMENTARY CREDIT IS NOT ASSIGNABLE NOR TRANSFERABLE.
- D) PARTIAL SHIPMENTS PROHIBITED.
- E) TRANSSHIPMENTS ARE PERMITTED.
- F DOCUMENTS PRESENTED LATER THAN 21 DAYS AFTER BILL OF LADING DATE BUT STILL WITHIN THE CREDIT VALIDITY ARE ACCEPTABLE.
- G) CHARTERPARTY BILLS OF LADING ARE ACCEPTABLE.
- H) ALL BANKING COMMISSIONS AND CHARGES OUTSIDE SWITZERLAND ARE FOR BENEFICIARY'S ACCOUNT

I)	THIS LETTER	OF CREDIT	WILL BECOME	AUTOMATICALLY	OPERATIVE	UPON RECEIPT BY
	US (ISSUING	BANK) LATI	EST BY 17.00	HOURS SWISS T	IME ON JUNE	19 TH , 2003 OF A
	TESTED TELEX	OR AUTHER	NTICATED SWI	FT SENT BY ADV	ISING BANK,	REFERING TO
	THIS L/C NO.	C	ONFIRMING EI	THER THAT:		

SHIP-TO-SHIP TRANSFER FROM VESSEL M/T "EMPRESS DES MAR" ONTO M/T "HELLESPONT GRAND" HAS COMMENCED ON THE SAME DAY AS THE ISSUANCE OF THIS LETTER OF CREDIT NO. ____ I.E. ON JUNE 19, 2003.

OF

THAT BENEFICIARY HAS PRESENTED AT THEIR COUNTERS AN ATTESTATION DULY SIGNED BY AUTHORIZED OFFICER(S) OF THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY AND MINERAL RESOURCES, CONFIRMING THAT:

SHIP-TO-SHIP TRANSFER FROM VESSEL M/T "EMPRESS DES MAR" ONTO M/T "HELLESPONT GRAND" HAS COMMENCED ON THE SAME DAY AS THE ISSUANCE OF THIS LETTER OF CREDIT NO. ___ I.E. ON JUNE 19^{TF} , 2003.

ADVISING BANK MUST CONFIRM THAT SIGNATURE(S) ON THE BENEFICIARY'S ATTESTATION IS/ARE BINDING UPON BENEFICIARY.

IN CASE SUCH TELEX/SWIFT DOES NOT REACH OUR BANK BY 17:00 HOURS SWISS TIME ON JUNE 19^{TM} , 2003, THIS DOC. CREDIT WILL AUTOMATICALLY BE CONSIDERED AS NULL AND VOID AND CANCELLED.

PAYMENT TERMS

UPON RECEIPT OF FULL SET OF DOCUMENTS ISSUED IN STRICT COMPLIANCE WITH THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THIS LETTER OF CREDIT, WE SHALL COVER YOU ON A SIGHT BASIS IN ACCORDANCE WITH YOUR PAYMENT INSTRUCTIONS.

PLEASE ADVISE BENEFICIARY WITHOUT ADDING YOUR CONFIRMATION.

SUBJECT TO UCPDC, 1993 REV., PUB. NO. 500 OF ICC, PARIS, AS FAR AS THEY ARE APPLICABLE.

THE PRESENT MESSAGE IS THE ORIGINAL CREDIT INSTRUMENT AND NO WRITTEN CONFIRMATION WILL FOLLOW.

KINDLY ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT QUOTING OUR RESPECTIVE REFERENCES.

THANKS AND REGARDS

BANQUE CANTONALE VAUDOISE LAUSANNE, SWITZERLAND

UNQUOTE

THANKS & BEST REGARDS,

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

03 bbls from J Page 1 of 1

Unknown

From: john irving [john@j-irving.demon.co.uk] Monday, March 24, 2003 8:25 AM Sent:

David Chalmers Jr Subject: 03 bbls from J

Imran rang. Apparently (according to him) he has first call on J bbls. Apparently Vitol is very interested. I spokr to State (David) who said they could not answer the question. However he gave me tel of US Treasury (1 202-622 2490). When I rang this number none answered except machine "foreign assets and control"

We have the GRAND there basis 25th and the two ships are Argosea and Sea Cross 2-apparently 2.5mbbls.

Imran mentioned price of wti-\$10 sts fujairah ex ship

0.10(approx)

generic 1.15(assumes payment 30 days)

-10.00

freight(55ws/\$170/mt) 1.50 -0.40(assume)

landed usge

-7.65

ETA usgc

10th May approx=> June price out

- We could try and buy these bbls basis July
 We should buy the bbls basis 60-70 days since no lc(assume)
- 3) We should try and buy cheaper than \$10
 4) We should have first refusal on all barrels emanating from al amaya via

Millenium

9/24/2004

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations **PSI Minority Rpt-FN 264**

TO: ATTN: PETROLINE FZC MR. ALI JAFFRI

FAX:

011-96-265510003

FROM:

BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED

DATE:

MAY 19, 2003

REF:

OIL STORAGE/PURCHASE PROPOSAL

I. Iraqi crude oil F.O.B. Fujaraih Ex vessel Marine Pacific.

We understand Petroline has an agreement with the Ministry of Energy & Minerals (Kingdom of Jordan) to purchase or act as agent for the sale of the storage of crude on the above referenced vessels. Therefore, based on written confirmation that the Jordanian Ministry has interest through Petroline to pursue further the general proposal outlined below, we will be pleased confirm our general interests in the above as follows:

- A. Bayoil is in principle prepared to offer to the Ministry transshipment and floating storage on Bayoil controlled tonnage for a reasonable period of time, based on the market daily rate assessment, provided terms and conditions can be mutually agreed.
- B. The terms of the storage agreement will be for a minimum of 30 days and a maximum of 90 days and at a day rate of \$(USD) 45,000 per day with every 30 day period being paid in advance. Notice of the termination of the storage agreement will be made 20 days in advance of the termination.

The charter party terms for the storage will be as follows:

......See Below proposed recap......

C. The oil will be transferred from the Marine Pacific onto the Bayoil vessel via STS operation (ship-to-ship transfer). The costs of this operation will be for the account of Ministry of Energy and Minerals. If the Ministry would like Bayoil to organize the STS this can be arranged.

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
PSI Minority Rpt-FN 265

D. Based on agreed terms to the above, and in consideration of Bayoil's historical activity as largest shipper and distributor of Iraqi crudes, Bayoil would be further interested in the purchase the crude oil transshipment on the above referenced Bayoil tonnage, under terms and conditions mutually agreed and subject to the crude oil purchase agreement being approved by the U.N. and other authorities (i.e. U.S.), and in conformity with the prevailing laws governing the purchase and sale of Iraqi crude.

Sincerely, David B. Chalmers, Jr. President Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited

Proposed Recap:

Quote

Charterer: Petroline FZC for and on behalf of The Ministry of Energy & Minerals

(Kingdom of Jordan)

Owner: Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited

Vessel: M/T Hellespont Embassy/sub Hellespont Grand

Vessel's description:

NAME	: HELLESPONT EMBASSY	EX NAMES	: EMBASSY
CALLSIGN	: V7AB	CLASS	: ABS
BUILT	: 1976	FLAG	: MARSHALL ISLANDS
SDWT	: 413,012 MT	SDRFT	: 22.902 M
LOA	: 365.86 M	BEAM	: 70 M
KTM	: 70.20 M	BCM	: 178.71
TPC	: 224,72	BOW CHOCK	: 450 X 600 MM
GRT	: 199,210	NRT	: 161,946
SCNT	: 194,175	PCNT	: N/A
DERRICK	: 2 X 20 T	P+I CLUB	: UK P+I CLUB
NAT. OFF	: GREEK/PHILIPPINO	NAT. CREW	: GREEK/PHILIPPINO
HEATING	: NO	SBT/CBT	: CBT
IGS	: YES	COW	: YES
COATING	: NO	PUMPS	: 2X9000 + 2X2500 M3/HR
CUB CAP A	AT 98 PCT EXC SLOPTANKS		:491.728 CBM
SLOP TANK	K CAPACITY AT 98 PCT		: 5,539 CBM
IGS COATING CUB CAP A	: YES : NO AT 98 PCT EXC SLOPTANKS	COW	: YES : 2X9000 + 2X2500 M3/HR :491,728 CBM

Time Charter Agreement

Period:

Min 30 days/Max 90 days

Laycan:

To be advised

Delivery:

Offshore Fujairah

Re-Delivery: Offshore Fujairah

Cargo:

1-2 grades No heat crude(always exclude crude oils emanating from Iran)

Hire:

45,000/day due with every 30-day period being paid in advance In default of such proper and timely payment:

a) Owners shall notify charterers of such default and charterers shall within 1 day of receipt of such notice pay to Owners full amount due. Failing which Owners will withdraw vessel from service of charterers And commence legal proceeding at Texas Federal Court - United States of America -to recover all monies including, but not limited to, Owner's legal fees. Owners reserve the right to re-visit such damages At a later date should Charterers not comply with spirit of "Hotel

Agreement".

Bunkers:

Owners to pay for all bunkers consumed.

Trading Area: Arabian Gulf/Red Sea/ and nearby surrounding area excluding Iran and

Cancellation: Charterers shall have the option to cancel the "Hotel Agreement" at any time by given Owners notice of such termination 20 days in advance.

Charterers shall give the owners 30/20/15/12/10/7 days approximate notice of date of redelivery and then 5/4/3/2/1 days definite notice of

redelivery.

GARB/LOI: Texas/U.S Law.

Expenses:

Owners shall bear all expenses rising directly with the actual storage of Cargo onboard vessel as requested by charterers.

SHIP-TO-SHIP LIGHTERAGE CLAUSE:

Charterers have the option to load and/or discharge and/or lighten the vessel via ship to ship transfer in accordance with OCIMF guidelines and in places where such operations are lawful and customary-Charterers shall bare the cost of such operation unless other agreement is made between Owners and Charterers. All Equipement required to perform a ship to ship lighterage operation -fenders, hoses and any other equipment deemed necessary by Charterer to be for charterer's account. Owner agrees to allow personnel on board as necessary to the operation, including but not limited to Mooring/Lightering Master. Charterer may leave fenders and other supplied lightering gear alongside and aboard the Vessel between lighterings. Owner agrees to exercise due diligence to protect Charterer's lightering gear from damage while in Vessel's custody. All lighter vessels.

All time used for charterers account. Any delay due to the Vessel's condition or breakdown or inability of Vessel's facilities or equipment to load or discharge cargo at the rate requested by the lighter or attributable to deficiency of the Vessel, her officers or crew, shall not count as used time.

COW: The vessel will routinely employ crude oil wash(COW) concurrent with the discharge of cargo in accordance with the procedures described in the ICS/OCIMF "Guidelines for tank washing with crude oil" in the absence of prohibition by port or terminal regulations, owner agrees to comply with applicable port and terminal regulations and, as necessary, to submit any advance information of technical data that may be required by local authorities relative to the conduct of cow operations.

Changes to ShellTime 4 Charter Party Form:

In the event of a conflict between these additional terms and clauses and the language of the "ShellTime4" form, these additional terms and clauses shall prevail. The following additional changes are made to the "ShellTime4" C/P form:

Clause 1. "Description and condition of Vessel"
Line 14 add IFO 380 CST RMG 35 and MDO, DMB
Line 14/15 Delete "centistokes" thru to "ACGFO"
Line 15 Delete "CGFO"
Line 20-24 Delete in its entirety

Clause 4. "Period Trading Limits" Line 67 after "(Clause 28)"-delete "including in particular in any part of the world" and insert "trading area as defined on to recap. Line 68-72 Delete

Line 76 after "afloat." Delete balance of line thru Line 84 "option."

Line 85-86 Delete in its entirety.

Clause 7. "Charterers to provide" Line 97-Delete "Charterers" and insert "Owners". Delete after "towage" thru line 103.

Under this same clause add "At Master's discretion should vessel be unable to anchor or remain at anchorage at the designated location due to weather conditions, bottoms conditions or any other factor which, in the master's judgement, an unsafe situation-All bunkers consumed for these same purposes, will be bared by charterers."

Clause 8. "Rate of Hire" Line 105 Insert USD \$45,000

Clause 9. "Payment of Hire" Line 107. Inset the following Owners payment instructions:

BAYOIL Banking details to be advised

Line 109 after "advance", delete "less". Thereafter, continue to delete Lines 110-117.

Line 129-135 Delete

Line 160-179 Delete

Line 183-291 Delete

Line 302-352 Delete

Clause 27. "Exceptions" Line 380-386 Delete

Line 391-410 Delete

Clause 37. "New Jason Clause" delete "1974" and insert/replace with "1994".

Line 463 delete "English Law" and insert "Texas Law"

Line 494-527 Delete

Clause 40. "Export Restrictions". After "and or shipped" insert "including adherence to crude oil purchase under United Nations Resolution including other authorities(i.e U.S) new regulatory Structure always in conformity with prevailing laws governing the Purchase and sale of Iraqi crude".

Clause 41. "Laws and litigation" under this clause delete any reference to English Law including arbitration and replace with "General Average/Arbitration Texas Law-United States law to apply".

Unquote

1420

TO: PETROLINE FZC ATTN: MR. ALI JAFFRI 011-96-265510003 FAX:

FROM: **BAYOIL SUPPLY & TRADING LIMITED**

DATE: MAY 22, 2003

REF: OIL STORAGE CONTRACT DATED MAY 22, 2003

We understand Petroline has an agreement with the Ministry of Energy & Minerals (Kingdom of Jordan) to purchase or act as agent for the sale of the storage of crude on the above referenced vessels. Therefore, based on the following contract that the Jordanian Ministry through Petroline has agreed to finalize the general outlined contract below, we are pleased to provide the following fixture recap dated May 22, 2003.

Quote

Charterer: Petroline FZC for and on behalf of The Ministry of Energy & Minerals

(Kingdom of Jordan)

Owner: Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited

Vessel: M/T Hellespont Embassy/sub Hellespont Grand

Vessel's description:

NAME : HELLESPONT EMBASSY EX NAMES : EMBASSY CALLSIGN : V7AB CLASS : ABS BUILT 1976 FLAG MARSHALL ISLANDS SDWT 413,012 MT SDRFT 22.902 M LOA 365.86 M BEAM 70 M KTM 70.20 M BCM 178.71 TPC : 224.72 BOW CHOCK : 450 X 600 MM GRT : 199,210 NRT 161,946 SCNT : 194,175 PCNT N/A DERRICK : 2 X 20 T P+I CLUB UK P+I CLUB NAT. OFF : GREEK/PHILIPPINO HEATING : NO NAT. CREW GREEK/PHILIPPINO SBT/CBT CBT IGS : YES COW YES : 2X9000 + 2X2500 M3/HR :491,728 CBM COATING PUMPS

CUB CAP AT 98 PCT EXC SLOPTANKS SLOP TANK CAPACITY AT 98 PCT

> Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations **PSI Minority Rpt-FN 266**

Hotel/Time Charter Agreement

Period:

Min 30 days/Max 90 days

Laycan:

To be advised

Delivery:

Offshore Fujairah

Re-Delivery: Offshore Fujairah

Cargo:

1-2 grades No heat crude(always exclude crude oils emanating from Iran)

WVNS(within vessel's natural segregation)

ANY TAXES AND OR DUES ON CARGO TO BE FOR CHARTERER'S ACCOUNT AND TO BE SETTLED DIRECTLY BY THEM.

Hire:

45,000/day due with every 30-day period being paid in advance In default of such proper and timely payment:

a) Owners shall notify charterers of such default and charterers shall within 1 day of receipt of such notice pay to Owners full amount due. Failing which Owners will withdraw vessel from service of charterers And commence legal proceeding at Texas Federal Court - United States of America -to recover all monies including, but not limited to, Owner's legal fees. Owners reserve the right to re-visit such damages At a later date should Charterers not comply with spirit of "Hotel

Agreement".

Bunkers:

Owners to pay for all bunkers consumed.

Trading Area: Arabian Gulf/Red Sea/ and nearby surrounding area excluding Iran and

Israel

Cancellation: Charterers shall have the option to cancel the "Hotel Agreement" at any

time by given Owners notice of such termination 20 days in advance.

Charterers shall give the owners 30/20/15/12/10/7 days approximate Redelivery:

notice of date of redelivery and then 5/4/3/2/1 days definite notice of

redelivery.

GARB/LOI: Texas/U.S Law.

Expenses: Owners shall bear all expenses rising directly with the actual storage of

Cargo onboard vessel. as requested by charterers.

IT IS UNDERSTOOD THAT ALL COST RELATED TO THE ACTUAL TRANSFER/PORT FEES AT DESIGNATED PORTS FOR DISCHARGE/LOADING, AND ANY OTHER EXPENSE ARISING FROM SUCH DELIVERY WILL ALWAYS BE FOR CHARTERERS ACCOUNT.

SHIP-TO-SHIP LIGHTERAGE CLAUSE:

Charterers have the option to load and/or discharge and/or lighten the vessel via ship to ship transfer in accordance with OCIMF guidelines and in places where such operations are lawful and customary-Charterers shall bare the full cost of such operation. All Equipement required to perform a ship to ship lighterage operation -fenders, hoses and any other equipment deemed necessary by Charterer to be for charterer's account. Owner agrees to allow personnel on board as necessary to the operation, including but not limited to Mooring/Lightering Master. Charterer may leave fenders and other supplied lightering gear alongside and aboard the Vessel between lighterings. Owner agrees to exercise due diligence to protect Charterer's lightering gear from damage while in Vessel's custody.

All lighter vessels.

All time used for charterers account. Any defay due to the Vessel's condition or breakdown or inability of Vessel's facilities or equipment to load or discharge cargo at the rate requested by the lighter or attributable to deficiency of the Vessel, her officers or crew, shall not count as used time.

COW: The vessel will routinely employ crude oil wash(COW) concurrent with the discharge of cargo in accordance with the procedures described in the ICS/OCIMF "Guidelines for tank washing with crude oil" in the absence of prohibition by port or terminal regulations, owner agrees to comply with applicable port and terminal regulations and, as necessary, to submit any advance information of technical data that may be required by local authorities relative to the conduct of cow operations.

Changes to ShellTime 4 Charter Party Form:

In the event of a conflict between these additional terms and clauses and the language of the "ShellTime4" form, these additional terms and clauses shall prevail. The following additional changes are made to the "ShellTime4" C/P form:

Clause 1. "Description and condition of Vessel"
Line 14 add IFO 380 CST RMG 35 and MDO, DMB
Line 14/15 Delete "centistokes" thru to "ACGFO"
Line 15 Delete "CGFO"
Line 20-24 Delete in its entirety

Clause 4. "Period Trading Limits" Line 67 after "(Clause 28)"-delete "including in particular in any part of the world" and insert "trading area as defined on to recap. Line 68-72 Delete

Line 76 after "afloat." Delete balance of line thru Line 84 "option."

Line 85-86 Delete in its entirety.

Clause 7. "Charterers to provide" Line 97-Delete "Charterers" and insert "Owners". Delete after "towage" thru line 103.

Under this same clause add "At Master's discretion should vessel be unable to anchor or remain at anchorage at the designated location due to weather conditions, bottoms conditions or any other factor which, in the master's judgement, an unsafe situation-All bunkers consumed for these same purposes, will be bared by charterers."

Clause 8. "Rate of Hire" Line 105 Insert USD \$45,000

Clause 9. "Payment of Hire" Line 107. Inset the following Owners payment instructions:

BAYOIL Banking details to be advised

Line 109 after "advance", delete "less". Thereafter, continue to delete Lines 110-117.

Line 129-135 Delete

Line 160-179 Delete

Line 183-291 Delete

Line 302-352 Delete

Clause 27. "Exceptions" Line 380-386 Delete

Line 391-410 Delete

Clause 37. "New Jason Clause" delete "1974" and insert/replace with "1994".

Line 463 delete "English Law" and insert "Texas Law"

Line 494-527 Delete

Clause 40. "Export Restrictions". After "and or shipped" insert "including adherence to crude oil purchase under United Nations Resolution including other authorities(i.e U.S) new regulatory

1424

Structure always in conformity with prevailing laws governing the Purchase and sale of Iraqi crude".

Clause 41. "Laws and litigation" under this clause delete any reference to English Law including arbitration and replace with "General Average/Arbitration Texas Law-United States law to apply".

Witness the signature of:

Petroline FZC/Mr.Ali Jaffri

Witness the signature of:

Bayoil Supply and Trading Limited

Unquote

Jean Johnston iohn Irving [John@-irving.demon.co.uk] Tuesday, June 10, 2003 5:34 AM David Chalmers Jr.; Bobby Hambilin; Jean Johnston Meetling with the Minister of Energy, Jordan Tuesday 10th June2003 From: Sent: To: Subject: 1 embassy (jordan) jun(03).123 (... OFAC Iraqi embassy jordan a lanctions Regulatio.. suk (jun03)... JORDAN,123 (15 Present: JI, AG, ZK, Minister Location: Minister's office I) I will get straight into facts. 2) Ship A : Empress des Mer Minister has contracted these bbls out but has a deadline on the 1c of tomorrow morning. This contract is to party X who has told Ministry that bbls will go to MED. But he is not hopeful, I think, of getting the lc. We discussed the following: ex ship price(base). -7.50 api -0.44 (we do not know quality on Empress but Embassy is api 29.53/2.8(?) % sulphur to be discussed means of transportation: sts onto Hellespont Grande (not named in transaction summary: The issues are that this cargo lands at about -5.13 basis September including API but not including sulphur Plse note that the Grande econs are based on 2.5mbbls and not 2.7mbbls-so the benefit will be somewhat higher Structure of transaction a) Oil loads on ship, say for 3 days d1, d2,d3 b) Bayoil sells September wti each day close of business: broker recap sent to Ministry every day c) The Base price for the cargo is the volumetric average price weighted over the loading period d) From this price is deducted API on SOMO esc/desc e) Before loading Bayoil opens lc for approx value on the day of opening basically within 24 hours transaction completed Banks allowing f) LC is amended at end of loading with final price g) Payment day is the day after loading h) Since payment is aprox 27 days early then price is further adjusted by (27/365)*0.03*21.56 rounded up=0.05 i) The 21.56 is close of business platts Sept(29.55) less7.5 less0.44 less0.05

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j) Doc LC-issue of docs for negotiating LC-see Jean proposal sent a few days ago for details
(WE NEED TO THINK ABOUT DOC REQUIREMENTS FOR LC -SEE BELOW)
            3) SHIP B) Hellespont Embassy TC rate=$24.5kpd charter commenced 28th May
            Embassy finished loading some 24 hours ago (b/1 dated 9 th June 2003).
            Minister would like to keep these bbls on same ship and re-charter ship to Bayoil at
 Minister would like to sory acceptance of the same rate ($24.5kpd) but lower the fob price accordingly to market for these type of ships

In fact I messed up by saying to Minister that the rate is too high vs current mkt (65ws) rather than against $18kpd when in fact $24.5kpd is only 55ws.

I hope he misses this point but I was speaking in expectation which upon subsequent analysis proved to be incorrect. The fact is I have not slept for some time.
At $24.5kpd the rate is $1.55/bbl and at $18kpd the rate is $1.35/bbl. This is on 375,000mt. Actual quantity loaded = 378,174mt net
            I will try and send you fax with loading details on Embassy.
           -> fob price is 7.50+0.20(1.55-1.35) -7.7 api 0.44
            Presumably the Ministry wants this oil paid for asap as per Empress (Ship A)=>
            Fricing Trigger d1,d2,d3 as per fixed three days , say when ship leaves Fujairah
            Bayoll hedges and demonstrates as per Ship A
LC amount is known and paid after these 3 days-> credit cost covering = 0.05 (see
 abovel
           -> fob price- -7.5-0.20-0.44-0.05-8.19
freight 1.55
generic 0.76
comm 0.15 (I have not investigated why it is 15 cents)
landed 5.73 basis September
           4) OFFAC Issues
                                                                             ••
           The Ministry will sell with no guarantees pertaining to sanctions, customs or UN
                                                 The above is the Offac doc released on 23rd May 2003 pertaining to sanctions on Iraq
 petroleum.

Now I am not an expert on this doc but a review of the actual order sections 1-3 inclusive indicates to me that it might be ok. However we have not checked the exception conditions to the order. I do believe we need to solve this issue before we move on.
           5) Where are we now.
           Minister wants another meeting tonight at 6pm where he hopes we will have two
 Minister wants another meeting tonight at 6pm where he hopes we will have two proposals for him (SHIP A and B).

Failing that we can have another meeting at 11am tomorrow.

I told him that we might not want 2 ships at the same time for mkt reasons The issue with the Embassy I think is more likely than the Grande

We need to amend our proposal (JEAN) and re-send after we have talked and developed Strategy.
```

Strategy

Clearly we can look at Embassy basis Ain Sukhna-so we need to word the re-let to in the appropriate fashion and I need to find out the minimum re-delivery period

These econs are shown in s/s below:

		1427		
Sept ,say \$1/bbl: if 700kbbls x-med-175ws	Timing: 15,sa we can find VLCC We would then	nts more expensive than y+1+19=July 15th if ever on/around 25th June ex need to sell 700kbbls i	ything works-> we Sidi.	
off dated pricing 25t		Platts Basrah fob Sidiust ip brent +\$0.60/bbl	Kerir for EU is a	bout -4.6
p/l to EU -1.91	cost fob	sept wti	income august	
-1.91	cfd discount ful-ain		0.6 -4.6	0.6
-0.48				3.59

Separation of the second secon

David Chalmers Jr

Jean Johnston From:

Tuesday, June 10, 2003 6:22 PM Sent:

John Irving To:

David Chalmers Jr

Subject: Jordanian Basrah Barrels

Dear John:

I have attached draft contracts for your review. Please let me have our comments, if any. DBC asks that you do not submit to the Ministry until advised by him.

With reference to your meeting with the Minister tomorrow, please be advised of the following:

- I have sent you by fax the Security Council Special Report (18 Sept 1990), specifically addressing Jordan's protocol with respect to the purchase of crude oil from Iraq. 1.
- DBC would like you to obtain following from Ministry: 2.
 - Original documents issued by SOMO for these crude purchases i.e. Original Bill of Lading,
 - Certificate of Origin, and Q & Q certificate.

 Anything that the Minister of Oit can supply you with which supports that the oil was lifted under the guidelines of the UN Security Council Exemption See special report referenced above.

 Evidence that the purchase of crude fell under these specifications. What Security Council Agreement was in place at the time of loading?
 - Any documents in their possession with regard to distribution of this crude to the United States
- . 3.
- Following is summary of DBC's conversation with Washington Attorney:

 1. On reading the OFAC Guidelines and Executive Order, he sees no immediate reason as to why we could not import these barrels into the U.S.
 - His interpretation is, if we buy post sanctions then as oil is now on the world market, no sanctions should apply.
 - However, needs to know Terms under which Jordanian's acquired the crude could it be deemed tainted? How did the U.N. view the status of this crude at the time of shipment?

I have also forwarded our attorney a copy of the Security Council Special Report he says we need to know what UN agreement was in place at time of loading. He will also contact OFAC tornorrow a.m.

- DBC had been trying to contact you with reference to you calling Matt at the State Department to discuss following:

 - Rules of OFAC, if any, with regard to purchase of these barrels?

 As sanctions are now removed imports do not require UN Authorization. If Jordan followed protocol (under above ref. report) in acquiring these barrels no authorization/restriction would be
 - Under what conditions would it not be appropriate to buy this oil?
- Feedback from the Banks. Will require following information: 5.
 - All original SOMO documentation

 - 3.
 - All original SOMO documentation
 Proof of how payment to SOMO was made CAI only
 In lieu of (2) above BNP will accept confirmation that OFAC have no restrictions on these
 barrels/no import restrictions to the United States
 Any documentation from Ministry of Energy that oil is free and clear of any liens, encumbrances,

6/24/2004

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations **PSI Minority Rpt-FN 272**

Page 2 of 2

Hopefully above will be of some help for your morning meeting.

I have also faxed of contract offer received here today.

Best regards,

Jean

Jean Johnston

From: Sent:

john irving [john@j-irving.demon.co.uk] Thursday, June 12, 2003 9:58 AM David Chalmers Jr; Bobby Hamblin; Jean Johnston

To: Subject: Offers submitted to Ministry of Energy Jordan June 12th 2003



JORDANIAN JORDANIAN RAH CRUDE PURCHRAH CRUDE PURCH

1) Events this morning took quite an unusual turn

1) Events this morning took quite an unusual turn
2) ZK went to check with one of his contacts what "others" were doing (Vitol, Glencore, Taurus etc) -and determined that the interested parties are Vitol, TNK, some Iraqis (alkhwam), the Canadians(see below), Dayoil and others
3) During the course of this meeting he got hold of an offer made 11th June from "Canadian Habitat International" based in Abu Dhabi which referred exactly to some of our wording discussed yesterday in the Ministry. In particular we had drummed up this strategic stock issue (basis origin issues) and here came the Canadian offer indicating precisely our wording.
4) ZK rang Ministry and got HF(the guy who came into the meeting yesterday) who said that "they were still consulting their lawyers on their response to our Y/N due diligence questions" At the end of this call -when ZK asked HF when our meeting would be HF said that Minister was in meeting and that we had only half an hour left to put in our offer. At that moment-and probably before we knew that HF was the mole and probably the cause of all the bullshit. The issue was that we were running out of time and we did not know because HF did not tell us-he is promoting others.

promoting others.

5) ZK rang alternative info source and determined that Minister was unavailable for discussion and meeting PM and that he (the Minister) wanted our offer.

6) Now of course we have not finished our diligence process but feel we are getting

pretty close 7) Lef

Left with no choice but to put in offer on both cargoes as discussed with David

7) Left with no choice but to put in offer on both cargoes as discussed with David previously. Both these offers are subject to us opening Ic by cob banking europe tuesday 17th June. The other issue was that we put the offers in thru Minister's secretary (loyal tribe -so ok) and that we know he has received them at the meeting.

8) Luckily I had spent some time checking Jean's format and changing some issues as they have developed. I was not planning to do this until after another meeting. So the offers that have gone in are "John Revised 2 Thur". Now I am certain that they are not perfect but plse check to see if I have got something totally wrong. I do not think so but the main changes are:

a) docs for 1c
b) hedging and pricing on the STS Empress des Mers
c) hedging and pricing on Embassy- 1 day
d) null en void Tuesday 17th June if no 1c
e) the inclusion of a sulphur clause basis 10 cents de-escalation above 2.9%.
The reason for that is that we received a phone call that %S was 3.35% on one of the cargoes. Now this was a surprise -so that is why we put in the mars gradient after 2.9% - basis that was the quality indicated yesterday and before where we had no sulphur clause. In addition ZK was told in another phone call that basis this quality "revision" perhaps we might want to change our price. I do not, at this stage, know the reason for the quality change because "we are not supposed to know". Just learnt that we will receive inspection docs at 7pm tonight.

9) The offers went in at 2.50-3.05pm today. It is currently 5pm and the Minister's Meeting with the PM is supposed to last all day (by-laws for election). The next two days are a holiday. We await

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations **PSI Minority Rpt-FN 277**

davidc

From: Khorma [khorma@nol.com.jo]

Sent: Sunday, July 06, 2003 1:13 PM

To: David Chalmers Jr

Cc: Augusto Giangrandi; BAYOIL /john irving; Augusto Giangrandi

Subject: Fw:

Dear David,

I hope all is well with you.

Please consider this message as an official notification of release from responsibility towards the Jordan deal. After considerable efforts restrain myself as a result of my last telephone conversation with John and his last e-mail. I have decided to let be known that my honor, reputation in Jordan and integrity goes above anything. Throughout my career I have never had anyone address me or my country with the manner spoken to me, nor has anyone ever hang up on me. Your friendship is far too valuable to loose over business. Therefore, please consider this message as official notice to my release for the Jordan cargo. However, I will always remain at your disposal any further future assistance you may require of me. For your reference I spoke to Augusto and gave him full details of the situation of the cargo.

With utmost respect.

Zeid Khorma

9/24/2004

PSI Minority Rpt-FN 283

davido

Sent:

john irving [john@j-irving.demon.co.uk] Monday, December 01, 2003 3:22 AM David Chalmers Jr

To: Subject:

Conversation with Sea Giant-draft of follow-up questions following JI/DBC telecon 6pm London time 30th November 2003

Dear David,

Following our telecon of last night here are the proposed questions for Augusto:

QUOTE

Dear Augusto,

Following our conversation on 27th November re: Italy, J and AD I have had a conversation with David. From that latter conversation a number of questions have arisen that are associated with the need for due diligence on the logic of position discovery and to assure that we moving in the correct direction.

l. On Italy I cannot add very much since not familiar with all issues surrounding C and your current discoveries in that direction. My suggestion to you would be that you send an e mail/ fax to David outlining your progress and key points of objectivity as to how the situation currently stands and what you intend to do to move the situation (what ever it is) forward. I cannot say anything else

- i) The old Empress bbls -we are, as I stated previously, not interested in these bbls (if they are still there) due to customs issues and political uncertainties surrounding these historical bbls and to quality degredation issues
- ii) Of course we are interested in the "new" 03 J bbls. Even if cargo size is only 500,000 bbls we are interested.

We have a number of questions on these "new" 03 bbls for J

- a) Has a new allocation been / being given to J by 03?b) If so have we seen the draft resolution/ other docs related to this activity?

- b) If so have we seen the draft resolution/ other docs related to this activity?
 c) What assurances have been given to you by Toilet/ new MO?
 d) Has a wording been proposed to you for this. 'exclusive agreement'. The exclusive agreement is between the Kingdom of J and B or what?
 e) The 'modus operandi' of Walleed (Toilet right hand man) -has he proposed wording? Are B in this working or is it agency (Augusto) etc?
 f) In order for B to lift these bbls what arrangements have been made for contract exchange? i.e. how is the situation to be developed?
 g) When is this allocation due to commerce?
- g) When is this allocation due to commence?
- iii) On the issue of the "\$8-12/bbl" oil by train /truck we would need detailed information.
- a) It is difficult for us to understand why 03 would/ could want to do this business when international price is in the \$20's.Difficult to rationalise an explanation for this

Can you enlighten me as to why this trade should take place-its justification

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations **PSI Minority Rpt-FN 285**

1433

- iv) Product for crude swap: 03 and J
- a) The character of this swap is available to us now -direct with 03. Certain traders (Projector, Vitol) are already importing LPG and now Iran is importing distillates This is all following the demise of the Halliburton contract. What I am concluding is that J has been offered the same deal.
- h) Have you seen documentary evidence of this? Have we seen any docs that 03 is b) Have you seen documentary evidence of this? Have we seen any docs that 03 is proposing/accepting this transaction with J?
 c) Why do they (J) need an intermediary company to handle this transaction?
 d) Who has made this request and do we have it in writing?
 e) What is the structure of the transaction and associated credit issues?. Is it a \$ balance budget transaction?
 f) When can this transaction start?
 g) What is the time gap between product export to 03 and crude back?
 h) What products does 03 want and what rateability?
 i) Where does 03 want the products imported? land/sea?
 j) Which arm of 03 is J talking to?

- v) MF for crude swap : 03 and J
- a) Obviously this is very confidential and you could not name over the phone the 03 guys present in the meeting
 b) What is the structure of this transaction?

- b) which is the Strategy of the Strains of the Strains of the Council.
 d) Presumably inside 03 this transaction has the backing of the Coalition and the Council.
 bo we have evidence of this?
- by we have evidence of this?
 e) Presumably Toilet is in full knowledge of this and has given his approval. Is there an "assent document"?
 f) Presumably the "assent document" (if it exists) acknowledges the right of the 'newco' to participate in this transaction. Is this the case?

- g) When is this proposed transaction due to start? h) The 03 guys present in the meeting: were they in possession of authourisation docs as
- per (d) above?
- i) Can you let us know quietly who the 03 guys were in the meeting?j) Will the newco be a J registered Company?-does it matter?
- 3) AD
- a) The '40-60' allocation: is there a letter from 03 authourising this entitlement?
 b) The letter from you to AD I understand was just from you to AD and none else. I understand that this letter referred to historical liftings and capabilities. Could you please fax us a copy of this letter
 c) I understand that you are working on the following structure: 03->AD->B-> market
 d) On this basis (see (c)-above) you require bank comfort and refinery contracts (anywhere in world) backing. You mention that this is for the internal comfort of AD in order to prevent "embarrassment down the road". This is strange-since they are currently key requirements of 03 for individual contracts. Therefore I can only think it is for AD to pass on to 03. Am I correct in this point? Obviously the reason for the question is that one must be very selective and careful how refineries are "presented" to 03
 e) Therefore there has been requests made to AD by 03. Do we have a copy of this request?
 f) Who in 03 is AD talking to?
 g) Is the DUB participation part of the same allocation or different. ? If different is the DUB allocation on the same logic? If different are you working with the DUB people as well?

- h) When do 03 want the AD (and DUB if different) allocation to commence?

Augusto, that's the end of these questions which, I am sure you agree, we need to know the answers as we deliberate together on the required starategy

```
Thanks
Regards
John
UNQUOTE
   ----Original Message----
From: john irving [mailto:john@j-irving.demon.co.uk]
Sent: Thursday, November 27, 2003 4:27 PM
To: 'david@bayoil.com'
                     Conversation with Sea Giant : November 27th 2003 2-2.30pm London
  Subject:
            Dear David,
            I hope you and your Family are having Happy Thanksgiving
            Sea Giant rang me.
I told him that you were sorry that you could not ring back-he left a message I understand-but that you were just getting on a plane to California \,
            I guess the conversation can be broken down into 3 areas:
            1) Italy
            2) J
3) AD
                                              Brief Synopsis
            SG is very keen to speak with you on all areas. Conversation very friendly. The push
 from J and AD seems to be worthy of pursuing with some vigour since the "climate" seems right for this developed "pan arabism". My estimation is that SG cannot push much more forward without our support and, from the below, we have to make a significant number of proposals.
            1) Italy
            Now this does not mean a lot to me -but here goes!
opened up "36,000" files, hair raising conspiracy, fog disappearing to your and his general advantage, a lot of issues now have a solid explanation, clarity being restored, evidence of such a conspiracy against C that a "newspaper editor would pay $10m for the serial rights", SG met with top lawyers in US, heavy shit against some people-"they would drop their pants" including "a daughter in NY", serious amount of information now known. Plain justice for the 'big man'. Evidence of agenda.
                                   i) strengthening of " big man" position-N.B the "big man" is a certain
 DBC !!
                                  ii) disqualifies some bastardsiii) Continue to be professional in 'eye of storm'iv) Events unfolding as per SG predictionsv) "Truth in our favour"
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on 3/4/2003 5:48:07 PM by VRT
                                                                                                               RefNum: VRT2127807
Message Printed
From/To: ("Millennium" <jsayegh@sbigholdings.com>)
Msg Recvd/Delivered: 2/28/2003 6:31:32 PM
 SUBJ: ARCADIAN CLEARANCE / BAHRAIN
From: "Millennium" <jsayegh@sbigholdings.com>
To: <largetanker@odingroup.com>
Subject: ARCADIAN CLEARANCE / BAHRAIN
Date: Sat, 1 Mar 2003 01:30:23 +0200
Message-Id: <FC1876CEBD085847B213148B8E7ED4BD340A@hqmail.sbig.com>
ATTN: MICHAL RICHARDS
 GOOD EVENING MICHAEL
 PLS NOTE THE FOLLOWING:
 - ARCADIAN 1
- ANCAULAN 1
CHARTRS PLEASED TO RECONFRIM THAT DAVID YOUNG CAN PHONE COMMANDER
FRENCH IN THE MORNING AND ASK HIM "IF THE ARCADIAN 1 WHICH HAS JUST
COMPLETED LOADING IRAQI CRUDE AT AL AMAYA FOR ACCOUNT MILLENIUM HAS HIS
PERMISSION TO SAIL ???"
 REGARDS
 Jamil Sayegh
MILLENIUM Marine Division
Phone +962 6 5608777 ext 355#
Fax +962 6 5623112 or 962 6 5688009
Cell +962 79 6677575
 email marine@sbigholdings.com
Received: from MAIL.sbig.com ([194.165.153.115])
by srvmrs.odinmarine.com (NAVGW 2.5.2.9) with SMTP id M2003022818312519514
for <largetanker@odingroup.com>; Fri, 28 Feb 2003 18:31:26 -0500
Received: from HQMail.sbig.com ([10.0.0.8]) by MAIL.sbig.com with Microsoft
SMTPSVC(5.0.2195.5329);
Sat, 1 Mar 2003 01:30:23 +0200
Subject: ARCADIAN CLEARANCE / BAHRAIN
X-MS-Has-Attach:
X-MS-TNEF-Correlator:
X-MS-TNEF-Correlator:
From: "Millennium" <jsayegh@sbigholdings.com>
To: <largetanker@odingroup.com>
Return-Path: jsayegh@sbigholdings.com
X-OriginalArrivalTime: 28 Feb 2003 23:30:23.0251 (UTC)
 FILETIME=[5D841E30:01C2DF81]
               ----- End of Message -----
                                             Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
```

Miscellaneous additional documents
relating to Khor al-Amaya

Message Printed on 2/11/2003 6:19:26 AM by RL RefNum: RL2093303

From/To: Sayegh, Jamil/SBIG Holdings (private)
Msg Recvd/Delivered: 2/10/2003 5:53:17 PM
ATTN: Jamil Sayegh
SUBJ: Eagle/Millenium - Confidentiality agreement

REF: VRT2093303

FROM: ODIN MARINE,INC. - LARGE TANKER DEPARTMENT DATE: 2/10/2003 TIME: 5:53:17 PM

ATTN: Jamil Sayegh SUBJ: Eagle/Millenium - Confidentiality agreement

PLS, FIND ATTACHED LETTER FROM THE OWNERS OF THE M/T "EAGLE" RE CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT.

BEST REGARDS
ODIN MARINE INC.

Fax: 203-964-8115
Telex: 49682099
E-mail: largetanker(at)odingroup.com

----- End of Message -----

1437

WORLD NAVIGATION LIMITED 147/1, St. Lucia Street, Valletta, Malta

To: The Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources The Hashemite Kingdon of Jordan

Re: EAGLE CP DATE FEB 6TH, 2003

In connection with the "EAGLE/MILLENIUM" time charter party dated February 6^{th} , 2003, the undersigned has been provided, in confidence, with the following item, all of which constitute secret and confidential information from the Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resource, the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan.

 A letter giving MILLENIUM the power of attorney from the Ministry of Energy and Mineral resources dated February 6th, 2003 and signed by the Minister, His Excellency Mohammad Batavneh.

The undersigned will utilize the above material and instrument solely for the purpose of warrantying the Power of Attorney from the Ministry of Energy to MILLENIUM.

Owners (WORLD NAVIGATION LIMITED, Valletta, Malta) of the "EAGLE" will not disclose or provide access to the same to any third party (including but not limited to its employees), except on a need to know basis, solely for the purpose of aiding in the consummation of the proposed business and then only on condition that the materials and instruments so disclosed be held in confidence by the party to whom it is disclosed. Owners will take such action as is necessary to ensure that its employees and third parties to whom the confidential information and/or instrument are furnished, are aware of and subscribe to maintainance of this agreement.

All of the materials and instruments, and any and all copies of the same, will be returned to the provider of the confidential information or instruments, upon party's written request. In such event, the information obtained form such materials and instruments will nevertheless be maintained in confidence by the under signed and not disclosed to third parties.

In witness whereof, the undersigned has executed this confidentiality agreement in Athens, Greece, this 8^{th} day of February, 2003.

For and on behalf of

NAVIGATION LIMITED

AMPROPOULOS

Y-IN-FACT

Page:2

RefNum:2093297

FEB. 10. 2003 5:55PM

ODIN MARINE INC

NO. 429 P. 1/1

Millennium for the Trade of Raw Materials and Mineral Oils Company

الْأَنْفَيَةُ لَنَجَارَةَ الْعَوَادُ الْمُعْلَمُ وَالْزَيْوَتُ الْمَعْتَقِيةَ ذُ * مِ * م *

7 February 2003

Michael H. Richards Odine Marine INC 66 Gate House Road Stamford, CT 06902 USA

By Facsimile and Courier: +1 203 964 3130

Dear Mr. Richards

Per your request, kindly forward this letter to the owners of M/V Eagle.

"We Millonnium for the Trade of Raw Materials and Mineral Cills, for and on behalf of the Ministry of Energy and Mineral resources of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, are assigned to import crude oil from Basrah by see tankers eccording to a special protocol and arrangements in line with the United Nations Memorandum of Understanding, hereby undertake the safety of the chartered vessel MV Eagle and its sefe return and that it will not be confiscated due to the type of particular that the safety of the chartered vessel MV Eagle and its sefe return and that it will not be confiscated due to the type of particular that the safety of the chartered vessel MV Eagle and its sefe return and that it will not be confiscated due to the type of particular that the safety of the safety of the chartered vessel MV Eagle and its sefe return and that it will not be confiscated due to the type of particular that the safety of the

Consequently as a result we furthermore undertake to fully indemnify the Owners of the above named vessel and hold them harmless in association with its operation for whatever reason or consequence in relation with the vessel's operation to/from Basrah whether on ballists or loaded with Iraq oil.

Materials and Mineral Ollassification behalf of the Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan

And The charters of record for fall spine charter are always to be "Millennium for the Trade of Raw/Materials and Mineral Resources of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan

And Jordan

The Charter of the Ministry of Energy & Mineral Resources

The Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan

Corporate Representative Office P. O. Box 93 Amman 11118 - Jordan

Main Tel :+(962 6) 566 8777 Direct Fax: +(962-6) 566 8009

----- End of Message -----

Message Printed on 2/13/2003 4:02:01 PM by RL

RefNum:RL2100760

From/To: (UNKNOWN)

Msg Recvd/Delivered: 2/13/2003 3:48:29 PM SUBJ:

TO :DYNACOM TM LTD. KIND ATTN: CAPT K.PSARAKOS

CC :ODIN MARINE INC. KIND ATTN: MR BOB LUBBERS

DATE:13.02.2003 FROM :MT EAGLE VOY :037 MSG:EAG/025/130203

EAGLE/MILLENIUM TCP 6TH FEB-2003

SUB:- VOYAGE INSTRUCTIONS

PLS BE ADVISED THAT RECIEVED FOLLOWING VOYAGE INSTRUCTIONS FROM CHARTERERS BY FAX.

QUOTE:

PRIVATE & CONFIDENTIAL

DATE:13 FEB-03 @ 17:15 UTC

CAPT KALEEM

SUBJECT VOYAGE INSTRUCTIONS.

CHARTERERS INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE VOYAGE FROM FUJAIRAH TO MINA BAKAR ARE AS FOLLOWS:

- 1.DEPART FUJAIRAH ON 14 FEB 2003 AROUND 05:00 UTC STEAM AT A SPEED OF 12/13 KNOTS.
- 2.PROCEED ON NORMAL NORTHBOUND SAFE COURSE TO MINA BAKR.
- 3.THE U.S. NAVY WILL CALL YOU ON THE WAY IN APPROXIMATE 3.THE U.S. NAVY WILL CALL YOU ON THE WAY IN APPROXIMATE POSITION 50-60 N.M BEFORE ARRIVAL BAKR SEA PILOT STATION FOR VESSELS INSPECTION. THEY ARE ALREADY AWARE ABOUT YOUR PASSAGE AND ITENIRARY. AUTHORIZATION IS GRANTED FOR YOUR SHIP TO PROCEED TO BAKR AND BACK TO FUJAIRAH WITH THE CARGO LOADED. PLS COOPERATE AS USUAL AND PROVIDE U.S. NAVY WITH ANY INFORMATION THEY REQUIRE.
- 4.ONCE CLEARD TO RESUME VOYAGE CONTINUE TO MINA BAKR.

raye.z

- 5.REPORT YOUR ETA BY VHF TO MINA BAKR PILOT STATION AS SOON
- PRACTICABLE VSL EXPECTED TO BERTH ON ARRIVAL OTHERWISE ANCHOR
- AT KHAWR AL KAFKA NORTH ANCHORAGE TILL CALLED BY PILOT.
- 6.THE TERMINAL TO LOAD AT COULD BE KHOR OMAYEH OR BAKR SEA ISLAND:
- FOLLOW LOCAL AUTHORITY INSTRUCTIONS.
- $7.\mathrm{IF}$ AT MINA BAKR, YOU ARE ASKED (I REPEAT: IF YOU ARE ASKED)FOR
- LOADING AUTHORIZATION INFORM THEM THAT A SPECIAL AUTHORIZATION
- TO LOAD IS GRANTED TO CHARTERERS NAMED ABOVE.
- $\$. \\ \text{THE AGENT AT BAKR ARE MESSRS GENERAL ENTERPRISE FOR MARITIME}$
- AGENCIES HOWEVER TENDER N.O.R. BY E-MAIL OR FAX TO US.
- 9.YOU WILL LOAD CRUDE OIL,1 GRADE,UP TO MAXIMUM SHIP'S CAPACITY
- ALLOWING SAFE UNDER KEEL CLEAERANCE. FOR THE MAX DRAFT \slash TRIM
- ALLOWED PLS CHECK WITH PORT AUTHORITY AT THE TERMINAL.
- 10. WHEN LOADING COMPLETED, PROCEED TO FUJAIRAH.
- 11.FOR YOUR RETURN VOYAGE, SAME ARRANGEMENTS MENTIOND UNDER 3)
 ABOVE APPLY.
- 12.REPORT BY PHONE/FAX AS APPROPRIATE AT FOLLOWING.
- a DEPART FUJAIRAH+ ROB
- b CLEARANCE RO RESUME NORTHBOUND VOYAGE, BY PHONE.
- c SECURING AT TERMINAL + ROB.
- d COMMENCEMENT OF LOADING, BY PHONE.
- c COMPLETION OF LOADING & DEP MINA BAKR + ROB.
- f CLEARANCE TO RESUME SOUTHBOUND VOYAGE BY PHONE. g ARRIVAL FUJAIRAH + ROB.
- NOTE: FOR WRITTEN COMMUNICATIONS. PREFERABLY EMAIL OTHERWISE BY FAX.
- 13.UPON LOADING COMPLETION, MASTER IS AUTHORIZED TO SIGN A RECIEPT FOR THE QUANTITY OF CARGO LOADED.
- 14.MASTER AND ALL ADDRESSEES ARE REQUIRED TO MAINTAIN THE CONTENT OF THIS MESSAGE AS HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL.

IMPORTANT NOTE: APART FROM CARGO WORKS AND MINIMUM NORMAL ROUTINE SHIPPING FORMALITIES, MASTER TO ENSURE THAT NO INFORMATION OF ANY KIND IS GIVEN TO ANY PERSON /// AT THE LOADING PORT WITH REGARD TO ARRANGEMENTS MADE OR MENTIOND HERE ABOVE.

FOR MASTER'S THE SPECIFIC GRAVITY IS 0.86 AND API $\mathrm{Gr},$ IS 32.9 APPROX.

SHOULD YOU HAVE ANY QUERY AT ANY TIME DONOT HESITATE TO CALL ME ON MOBILE +963 79 6677575 OR OFFICE + 962 6 5608777 EXT 355#.

BREGARDS Capt Jamil SAYEGH

MARINE & OIL OPERATIONS MANAGER.

UNQUOTE:

ALL ABOVE RECIEVED BY FAX TWO TIMES, 1ST TIME WITHOUT SIGNATURE 2ND FAX SAME BUT WITH SIGNATURE.

THANKS & BEST REGARDS MASTER

Mcssage Printed on 2/18/2003 8:13:34 AM by RL RefNum: RL2105844

From/To: (UNKNOWN)

Msg Recvd/Delivered: 2/18/2003 6:29:31 AM

SUBJ: Eagle

TO :MILLENIUM FOR THE TRADE OF RAW MATERIAL & MINERAL OILS. KIND ATTN: CAPT JAMIL SAYEGH.

TO :DYNACOM TM LTD. KIND ATTN: CAPT K.PSARAKOS

CC :ODIN MARINE INC. KIND ATTN: MR BOB LUBBERS

DATE:18.02.2003 FROM :MT EAGLE VOY :037 MSG:EAG/060/180203

EAGLE/MILLENIUM TCP 6TH FEB-2003

SUB:- VSL AWAITING BERTH AVAILABILITY

PLS BE ADVISED THAT VSL ARRIVED ALBAKR TERMINAL ANCHORAGE"B" AND AWAITING BERTHING VAILABILITY AS FOLLOWS:

- 16.02.03 / 0536 HRS LT END OF SEA PASSAGE,

 " / 0536 " " ARRIVED KHAWRAL KAFKA PT.
 " / 0536 " " NOR TENDERD.
 " / 0536 " " FREE PRATIQUE REQUESTED
 " / 0830 " " VSL ANCHORD AT KHAWRAL KAFKA ANCHORAGE"B".
 " / 0830 " " ALBAKR TERMINAL & PILOT INFORMED.
- " / 0830 " " ALBAKK TERMINAL & PILOT INFORMED.

 NO BERTHING PROSPECTUS TODAY.
 " / 0930 " " CHARTERERS CONTACTED MASTER BY PHONE,
 CONFIRMED THAT HAVE RECIEVED N.O.R. & CHRTRR
 EXPECTING VSL BERTHING ON 17TH FEB-03.

 16.02.03 / 1200 " " VSL AWAITING BERTH AVAILABILITY/
 FREE PARATIQUE NOT GRANTED YET.

 $17.02.03\ /\ 1200\ "\ "\ VSL$ AWAITING BERTH AVAILABILITY & FREE PARATIQUE.

17.02.03 / 1415 " " VSL CONTACTED AL-BAKR TERMINAL, REPLIED NO BERTHING PROSPECTUS TODAY.

18.02.03 / 1000 " " VSL CONTACTED AL-BAKR TERMINAL, REPLIED NO BERTHING PROSPECTUS FOR TODAY.

18.02.03 / 1115 " " CHARTERERS CONTACTED VSL BY PHONE, ASKED QNTY

TO LOAD, QNTY GIVEN, CHARTERERS INSTRUCTED

THE VSL TO BE READY SINCE BERTHING NOW ASA ONE VSL "ARGOSEA" WILL COME OUT THEN WE WILL BERTH ON TERMINAL "KHAWRAL AL-AMAYA". VSL IS READY.

18.02.03 $\,$ / 1200 $\,$ " $\,$ " VSL AWAITING BERTHING AVAILABILITY & FREE PARATIQUE.

THANKS & BEST REGARDS MASTER

----- End of Message -----

RefNum:2114143 Page:2

<Chartering@sberries.com>
To: "ODIN MARINE INC." <largetanker@odingroup.com>
Subject:

Date: Fri, 21 Feb 2003 20:57:12 +0200
Message-Id: <OFB5C5F9A9.9051CD6C-ONC2256CD4.0067E0A1@internal.net>

External Recipients

Internal Recipients

External Recipients

Internal Recipients

To:

Chartering@sberries.com

cc:

bcc:

Subject

Cabinet

Distributed To

(s):

Chartering@sberries.com

From Shipping Berries S.A.

To Messrs. Odin Marine Inc. Largetanker@odingroup.com

Friday, February 21, 2003

Re: M/T EAGLE TCP Millenium dated 6 February 2003

Dear Sirs:

We refer to our telephone conversation today at 1800 hours Athens time your email message sub ref: RL2113610 of 6 Feb 2003.

You advise "that the Cargo which is presently being loaded onto the

 $^{\rm M/T}$ Eagle is potentially cargo that is not cargo that complies with UN Sanctions and therefore may be illegal cargo".

When you approached us with this possible fixture you represented to us that the vessel was being time-chartered by your clients ? Millenium

For the Trade of Raw Materials and Mineral Oils who were acting on behalf of the Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources of the Hashemite

Message Continues...

Kingdom of Jordan, pursuant to power of attorney from the Ministry. Moreover, you represented to us that the lifting of the cargo from Iraq was pursuant to and compliant with the sanctions regime and controls of the United Nations Organization. It is also a fundamental condition of the charterparty that the vessel shall be employed by the charterers in lawful trades in lifting of lawful cargoes. These are warranties which you made since you had the direct contacts with the charterers, and their principals. Of course, the vessel owners relied on your warranties.

When the vessel arrived at the area which is controlled by the naval forces of the states enforcing the UN sanctions the vessel was requested by same to identify the charterers on whose behalf she was going to load and, after providing this information, she was cleared to proceed.

At this time the vessel has nearly completed loading and she is expected to top up soon.
Since she is time chartered she will need sailing instructions regarding her destination and orders for the delivery of the cargo. These instructions must come through you from the time charterers who, in the last message, which you just relayed to us with your reference "VRT2113953" assure owners that " the ships are granted safe passage in and out [of Iraq] by the UN Naval Forces".

However, you advise that it "..may be appropriate for the Master/Owners of the vessel to contact the local coalition forces /escorts and advise same of the situation and request any further advise which the authorities may provide".

Your company is the only channel of communications Owners have with the time charterers, and they can only seek instruction from Odin Marine Inc.

Moreover, since you are located a lot closer to New York, which is the center of the United Nations Organization, in one of the principal countries involved in the enforcement of the UN sanctions Owners request, indeed demand, of you to liaise with the proper and competent authorities of both the UNO and the USA and obtain from them the necessary instructions, clearances, directions and information about what the vessel needs to do in order to safely proceed out of Iraq. You are in a much better position than Owners to explain matters since you have the contacts with the time charterers. Of course Odin must also provide the Charterers' sailing instructions.

As the vessel is due to complete loading during the weekend you should send us by email whatever instructions you have for the vessel.

Please note well that the safety and security of the crew and the .vessel

rage:4 ĺ are, in the circumstances, yours and the charterers responsibility, and the $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right$ vessel owners will hold you and the time charterers responsible for anv loss, damage or delay. Best Regards Shipping Berries S.A. Received: from hermes.gatewaynet.com ([217.19.69.34]) by srvmrs.odinmarine.com (NAVGW 2.5.2.9) with SMTP id M2003022113544019538 for <argetanker@odingroup.com>; Fri, 21 Feb 2003 13:54:41 -0500 Received: by Chartering@sberries.com (8.12.6/8.12.1) with ESMTP id h1LIsdm9021249 for <largetanker@odingroup.com>; Fri, 21 Feb 2003 20:54:39 +0200 (EET)
From: "Chartering Dept. of Shipping Berries S.A." From: "Chartering Dept. of Shipping Berries S.A." <Chartering@sberries.com>
Reply-To: "Chartering Dept. of Shipping Berries S.A." Chartering@sberries.com>
To: "ODIN MARINE INC." <largetanker@odingroup.com>
Date: Fri, 21 Feb 2003 20:57:12 +0200
Subject: Subject:
X-Priority: 1 (High)
Message-ID: <OFB5C5F9A9.9051CD6C-ONC2256CD4.0067E0Al@internal.net>
X-MIMETrack: Serialize by Router on hermes/hermes(Release 5.0.11
JJuly 24, 2002) at 02/21/2003
08:54:39 PM
MIME-Version: 1.0
Content-type: text/plain; charset=iso-8859-1 Content-transfer-encoding: quoted-printable Fax: 203-964-8115 Telex: 49682099 E-mail: largetanker(at)odingroup.com ----- End of Message -----