United States Senate PERMANENT SUBCOMMITTEE ON INVESTIGATIONS Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs

> Jon Ossoff, Chair Ron Johnson, Ranking Member

SEXUAL ABUSE OF FEMALE INMATES IN FEDERAL PRISONS

STAFF REPORT

PERMANENT SUBCOMMITTEE ON INVESTIGATIONS

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Sexual Abuse of Female Inmates in Federal Prisons

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

In April 2022, the Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations ("PSI" or "the Subcommittee") launched a bipartisan investigation into sexual abuse of female prisoners in custody of the Federal Bureau of Prisons ("BOP").

The Subcommittee reviewed non-public BOP and whistleblower documents, and it conducted more than two dozen interviews with senior BOP leaders, whistleblowers, and survivors of sexual abuse. The Subcommittee found:

- BOP employees sexually abused female prisoners in at least two-thirds (19 of 29 facilities) of federal prisons that have held women over the past decade. 1
- BOP has failed to successfully implement the Prison Rape Elimination Act ("PREA"). It failed to prevent, detect, and stop recurring sexual abuse in at least four federal prisons, including abuse by senior prison officials. At FCI Dublin, for example, the former Warden and Chaplain both sexually abused female prisoners.
- BOP management failures enabled continued sexual abuse of female prisoners by BOP's own employees.
- BOP Office of Internal Affairs' ("BOP OIA" or "OIA") investigative practices are seriously flawed. There is currently a backlog of 8,000 internal affairs cases, including at least hundreds of sexual abuse cases.²

* * *

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¹ There are currently 27 female facilities where BOP holds women. Since 2012, there have been two BOP facilities that were used to hold women but no longer do: FCC Coleman and MCC New York. Thus, since 2012, there were 29 BOP facilities in total that have held women. *See* Exhibit 1; Bureau of Prisons, *Our Locations* (https://www.bop.gov/locations/list.jsp); Email from Congressional Research Service to PSI (Dec. 9, 2022) (on file with PSI) (confirming 29 total facilities between 2012 and 2022 held female prisoners). The Subcommittee reviewed public criminal convictions and data produced by BOP concerning substantiated sexual abuse cases of prisoners by BOP employees. *See* Exhibit 1; Staff-on-Inmate Cases by Facility (2012-2021), Production from DOJ to PSI (Nov. 4, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod4-0001-0049). The Subcommittee found sexual abuse of female prisoners by BOP employees in 19 of 29 federal facilities that held women since 2012. Because BOP did not disclose the gender of the victim of abuse in the data that it produced to the Subcommittee, the Subcommittee did not include BOP OIA substantiated sexual abuse cases in the remaining 10 of 29 facilities holding both men and women where there was no public criminal conviction. For this reason, there were abuse cases in *at least* 19 of 29 facilities, or, two-thirds.

² Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, *Report for Fiscal Year 2020* (https://www.bop.gov/foia/docs/FY_2020_Annual_OIA_Report.pdf); Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022); *Lawsuit settled in which 15 women alleged sexual abuse at Florida prison*, Tampa Bay Times (May 5, 2022) (https://www.tampabay.com/news/florida/2021/05/05/lawsuit-settled-in-which-15-women-alleged-sexual-abuse-at-florida-prison/).

In 2003, Congress passed PREA "to eradicate prisoner rape in all types of correctional facilities in this country" by requiring federal prisons to adopt certain policies and practices designed to mitigate the risk of sexual abuse, track allegations of sexual abuse, and protect potential victims.³ Yet according to the Subcommittee's review of court filings and non-public BOP data dating back to 2012, BOP employees have sexually abused women in their custody in at least 19 of 29—or two-thirds—of facilities where BOP incarcerates women.⁴

In at least four BOP facilities, multiple women endured ongoing sexual abuse for months or years. Beginning in June 2021, the Department of Justice ("DOJ") indicted five BOP employees at California's Federal Correctional Institution ("FCI") Dublin—including the Warden and the Chaplain—for repeated sexual abuse of at least eight female prisoners under their supervision. The horrific abuse at FCI Dublin was not unique among BOP's prisons. BOP failed to detect and prevent repeated sexual abuse in at least three other facilities before FCI Dublin.

- Starting in approximately 2012, at least two officers repeatedly sexually abused at least eight female prisoners at the Metropolitan Correctional Center ("MCC") New York over the course of several years.⁷
- Starting in approximately 2016, at least two male lieutenants and one officer sexually abused at least nine female prisoners at the Metropolitan Detention Center ("MDC") Brooklyn in New York.⁸

³ Bureau of Justice Assistance, *Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA): Overview* (https://bja.ojp.gov/program/prison-rape-elimination-act-prea/overview).

⁴ See footnote 1. "BOP employees" in this report includes bargaining staff, mid-level managers, and supervisors.

⁵ See, e.g., U.S. Attorney's Office, Southern District of New York: Correctional Officer At Metropolitan Correctional Center Sentenced To 40 Months In Prison For Engaging In Abusive Sexual Contact With Inmates (Dec. 8, 2020) (https://www.justice.gov/usao-sdny/pr/correctional-officer-metropolitan-correctional-center-sentenced-40-months-prison); Office of Public Affairs, Department of Justice: Jury Convicts Former Federal Prison Warden for Sexual Abuse of Three Female Inmates (Dec. 8, 2022) (https://www.justice.gov/opa/pr/jury-convicts-former-federal-prison-warden-sexual-abuse-three-female-inmates); U.S. Attorney's Office, Eastern District of New York: Former Federal Bureau of Prisons Lieutenant Sentenced to 25 Years in Prison for Sexual Abuse and Violation of Civil Rights Convictions (July 31, 2019) (https://www.justice.gov/usao-edny/pr/former-federal-bureau-prisons-lieutenant-sentenced-25-years-prison-sexual-abuse-and); Affidavit of Keith Vann, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 18, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod2-0135-0144).

⁶ Lisa Fernandez, 5th officer at Dublin prison charged in widening sex abuse scandal, KTVU FOX 2 (Mar. 24, 2022) (https://www.ktvu.com/news/5th-guard-at-dublin-prison-charged-in-widening-sex-abuse-scandal). *United States v. Highhouse*, No. 22-cr-000016-HSG (N.D. Cal. 2022); *United States. v. Klinger*, No. 4:22-CR-00031-JSW (N.D. Cal., June 25, 2021); *United States. v. Bellhouse*, No. 4:21-MJ-71905-MRGD (N.D. Cal., Nov. 30, 2021); *United States. Chavez*, No. 4:22-CR-00104-JSW (N.D. Cal., Mar. 10, 2022); *United States v. Garcia*, No. 4:21-CR-429 (N.D. Cal. 2022).

⁷ Benjamin Weiser, *U.S. Pays \$4.2 Million to Victims of Jail Guard's Long-Running Sex Abuse*, New York Times (July 18, 2022) (https://www.nytimes.com/2022/07/18/nyregion/mcc-officer-sex-abuse-victims-payout.html); *Herrera v. United States*, 20-cv-10206 (PKC) (S.D.N.Y. Mar. 27, 2022); U.S. Attorney's Office, Eastern District of New York: *Former Federal Correctional Officer Sentenced to Seven Years for Sexually Abusing an Inmate* (May 4, 2022) (https://oig.justice.gov/press/2016/2016-05-04.pdf).

⁸ Joseph Goldstein, *Brooklyn Prison Supervisors Charged With Sexually Assaulting Inmates*, New York Times (May 25, 2017) (https://www.nytimes.com/2017/05/25/nyregion/prison-supervisors-sex-abuse-prevention-rape-

• Starting in approximately 2012 through 2020, there were at least six male BOP employees who sexually abused at least ten female prisoners at the Federal Correctional Complex ("FCC") Coleman in Florida.⁹ The Subcommittee obtained copies of non-public sworn, compelled statements from officers at FCC Coleman, wherein the officers admitted to sexual abuse of female detainees in graphic detail.¹⁰ DOJ's Office of the Inspector General ("OIG") declined to investigate these FCC Coleman officers for sexual abuse and they were never prosecuted.¹¹

The Subcommittee found that the mechanisms that BOP employs to identify and prevent sexual abuse of female prisoners by BOP employees are ineffective. Audits intended to assess sexual abuse in prisons (known as "PREA audits") found that FCC Coleman and FCI Dublin were compliant with every PREA standard during the time when senior BOP officials admitted to the Subcommittee that there was a "culture of abuse." Further, BOP failed to systematically analyze PREA data, missing a key opportunity to identify problematic facilities or employees. 13

BOP OIA, the component of BOP responsible for investigating staff misconduct, has failed to timely investigate and resolve allegations of employee misconduct concerning both sexual abuse of female prisoners and other matters. The Subcommittee's investigation uncovered that as of November 2022, BOP OIA had a backlog of approximately 8,000 cases. ¹⁴ Some cases have been pending for more than five years. ¹⁵ BOP OIA's failures impeded BOP's ability to hold wrongdoers accountable.

charges.html); United States v. Eugenio Perez, 1:17-cr-00280-KAM (E.D.N.Y. 2018); United States v. Martinez, 1:17-cr-00281-ERK (E.D.N.Y. 2019); United States v. Armando Moronta, 17-CR-281 (E.D.N.Y. 2017).

9 See Answer at \$26-29, Regularian v. United States 5:19-CV-0615-TIC (M.D. El. 2020) [hereinafter Regularian]

⁹ See Answer at ¶ 26-29, Beaubrun v. United States, 5:19-CV-0615-TJC (M.D. Fl. 2020) [hereinafter Beaubrun Answer].

¹⁰ 2019 Affidavit of Christopher Palomares, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 18, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod2-0101-0111) [hereinafter 2019 Palomares Aff.]; 2018 Affidavit of Christopher Palomares, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 18, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod2-0112-0123) [hereinafter 2018 Palomares Aff.]; Affidavit of Daniel Kuilan, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 18, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod2-0188-0196) [hereinafter Kuilan Aff.]; Affidavit of Keith Vann, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 18, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod2-0135-0144) [hereinafter Vann Aff.]; Affidavit of Tracy Laudenslager, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 18, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod2-0093-0100) [hereinafter Laudenslager Aff.]; Affidavit of Timothy Phillips, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 18, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod2-0124-0134) [hereinafter Phillips Aff.]; Affidavit of Scott Campbell Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 18, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod2-0086-0092) [hereinafter Campbell Aff.].

¹¹ OIG Briefing to PSI (Nov. 9, 2022); Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

¹² 2017 FCI Dublin PREA Audit, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 4, 2022); 2022 FCI Dublin PREA Audit, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 4, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod1-0262-0381); 2018 FCC Coleman PREA Audit, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 4, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod1-0635-0726); 2021 FCC Coleman PREA Audit, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 4, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod1-0125-0261); Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022); Alix McLearen, PhD, Acting Director of Reentry Services, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 4, 2022).

¹³ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

¹⁴ See Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

¹⁵ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

Key Findings

- 1. Over the past decade, female inmates in at least two-thirds (19 of 29) of federal prisons that held women were sexually abused by male BOP employees, including senior prison officials. Multiple BOP employees sexually abused multiple female prisoners at MCC New York, MDC Brooklyn, FCC Coleman, and FCI Dublin. Between 2012 and 2020, BOP has opened 5,415 internal affairs cases alleging sexual abuse of male or female prisoners by BOP employees. There were at least 134 instances across 19 female facilities where BOP employees were either prosecuted for sexual abuse of female prisoners or where BOP OIA substantiated allegations that BOP employees sexually abused female prisoners. 18
- 2. **BOP** failed to detect, prevent, and respond to sexual abuse of female prisoners in its custody. BOP failed to systematically analyze PREA complaint data and relied on flawed PREA audits that missed sexual abuse of female prisoners by male BOP employees at FCC Coleman and FCI Dublin. ¹⁹ At FCC Coleman, BOP transferred all female prisoners out of the prison two days before the auditor's on-site inspection at a time when multiple women were being abused. ²⁰ At FCI Dublin, the former PREA compliance officer, responsible for training supervisors on the PREA requirements and coordinating the PREA audit, was convicted of sexually abusing female prisoners on December 8, 2022. ²¹
- 3. **BOP failed to hold employees accountable for misconduct.** BOP has a backlog of approximately 8,000 internal affairs cases alleging employee misconduct, some of which have been pending for more than five years.²² OIA's failure to clear pending cases impedes BOP's ability to hold employees accountable.
- 4. **BOP failed to take agency-wide action to address sexual abuse of female inmates by male BOP employees.** In interviews with the Subcommittee, BOP could not identify any agency-wide actions it had undertaken in response to sexual abuse of

¹⁷ Staff-on-Inmate Cases by Facility (2012-2021), Production from DOJ to PSI (Nov. 4, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod4-0001-0049).

¹⁶ See Exhibit 1.

¹⁸ See footnote 1; Exhibit 1.

¹⁹ See Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022); Alix McLearen, PhD, Acting Director of Reentry Services, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 4, 2022); Melissa Rios, Western Regional Director, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 10, 2022); Wiley Jenkins, Former Warden at FCI Dublin, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 16, 2022); 2017 FCI Dublin PREA Audit, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 4, 2022) (on file with PSI); 2022 FCI Dublin PREA Audit, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 4, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod1-0262-0381); 2018 FCC Coleman PREA Audit, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 4, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod1-0125-0261). ²⁰ See FCC Coleman PREA Audit, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 4, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod1-0125-0261) at PSI-BOPOIA-Prod1-000136.

²¹ Office of Public Affairs, Department of Justice: *Jury Convicts Former Federal Prison Warden for Sexual Abuse of Three Female Inmates* (Dec. 8, 2022) (https://www.justice.gov/opa/pr/jury-convicts-former-federal-prisonwarden-sexual-abuse-three-female-inmates); 2017 FCI Dublin PREA Audit, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 4, 2022) (on file with PSI).

²² See Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

numerous female inmates by multiple BOP employees at MCC New York, MDC Brooklyn, and FCC Coleman. It was only after the abuse at FCI Dublin came to light that BOP began to institute agency-wide changes.²³

²³ See Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022); Alix McLearen, PhD, Acting Director of Reentry Services, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 4, 2022); Melissa Rios, Western Regional Director, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 10, 2022); Wiley Jenkins, Former Warden at FCI Dublin, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 16, 2022).

I. Introduction

BOP "is responsible for the custody and care of federal inmates."²⁴ As of November 2022, BOP held approximately 160,000 prisoners across its 122 facilities.²⁵ Approximately 11,000 were female and incarcerated in BOP's 27 "female facilities."²⁶ Six of the 27 female facilities hold women exclusively, and 21 hold both men and women.²⁷ Since 2012, there were two additional federal prisons that held women but no longer do: FCC Coleman and MCC New York.²⁸

a. Female Prisoners Are Disproportionately Vulnerable to Sexual Abuse

Women entering prison are more likely to have experienced physical and/or sexual abuse as children and adults, as compared to men in prison.²⁹ According to a February 2020 report by the U.S. Commission on Civil Rights, research suggests that at least 50 percent of women entering prison report that they experienced physical and/or sexual abuse before their incarceration.³⁰ They are also significantly more likely to be sexually harassed and abused while incarcerated.³¹ According to *the National Standards to Prevent, Detect, and Respond to Prison Rape: Final Rule*, women with histories of sexual abuse—including women in prisons and jails—are particularly traumatized by subsequent abuse.³²

b. Sexual Contact Between BOP Employees and Prisoners is a Federal Crime and Also Prohibited by BOP Policy

Sexual abuse of prisoners in BOP custody by employees is both a federal crime and subject to BOP administrative sanctions.

18 U.S.C. § 2243(b) makes it a felony—punishable by up to 15 years of imprisonment—for a BOP employee to "knowingly [engage] in a sexual act with another person who is—(1) in official detention; and (2) under the custodial, supervisory, or disciplinary authority of the [BOP]

²⁴ Bureau of Prisons, *About Our Agency* (https://www.bop.gov/about/agency/).

²⁵ Bureau of Prisons, *Statistics* (https://www.bop.gov/about/statistics/population_statistics.jsp); Bureau of Prisons, *Locations* (https://www.bop.gov/locations/).

²⁶ Bureau of Prisons, *Statistics* (https://www.bop.gov/about/statistics/statistics inmate gender.jsp).

²⁷ Bureau of Prisons, *Our Locations* (https://www.bop.gov/locations/list.jsp).

²⁸ See Email from Congressional Research Service to PSI (Dec. 9, 2022) (on file with PSI); Bureau of Prisons, *Our Locations* (https://www.bop.gov/locations/list.jsp).

²⁹ U.S. Commission on Civil Rights, *Women in Prison: Seeking Justice Behind Bars* (February 2020) (https://www.usccr.gov/files/pubs/2020/02-26-Women-in-Prison.pdf).

³⁰ U.S. Commission on Civil Rights, *Women in Prison: Seeking Justice Behind Bars* (February 2020), (https://www.usccr.gov/files/pubs/2020/02-26-Women-in-Prison.pdf) (citing Nancy Wolff, Jing Shi, and Jane Siegel, *Patterns of Victimization Among Male and Female Offenders and Evidence of an Enduring Legacy*, Violence Victimization, Vol. 24, No. 4 (2009) at 469-84) (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3793850).

³¹ U.S. Commission on Civil Rights, *Women in Prison: Seeking Justice Behind Bars* (February 2020), https://www.usccr.gov/files/pubs/2020/02-26-Women-in-Prison.pdf.

³² See Department of Justice, National Standards to Prevent, Detect, and Respond to Prison Rape: Final Rule, 77 Fed. Reg. 37,106, 37,132 (June 20, 2012) (the "2012 DOJ PREA Standards Final Notice") (https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2012-06-20/html/2012-12427.htm) (citing BJS, unpublished data, 2004 Survey of Inmates in State and Federal Correctional Facilities and 2002 Survey of Inmates in Local Jails).

employee] so engaging." BOP "staff sexual relations with inmates is always illegal" as there is no "consent" defense to a violation of 18 U.S.C. § 2243(b). As OIG explained in a 2005 report, this is because the "inherently unequal" relationship between BOP employees and prisoners precludes prisoners from having "the same ability as staff members to consent to a sexual relationship." 34

BOP policy has "zero tolerance toward all forms of sexual activity, including sexual abuse and sexual harassment." ³⁵ Per the policy, "Termination shall be the presumptive disciplinary sanction for staff who have engaged in sexual abuse." ³⁶

c. The Process for Investigating Allegations of Sexual Abuse by BOP Employees

As part of PREA's standards, BOP is required to establish reporting mechanisms for inmates to raise complaints about sexual abuse.³⁷ Those standards also require prevention planning, response planning, training and education, screening for risk of sexual victimization and abusiveness, reporting, official response following an inmate report, investigation, discipline, medical and mental healthcare, data collection and review, and prison audits.³⁸

Complaints of sexual abuse of female prisoners by BOP employees can be investigated by either BOP itself, through OIA, or by OIG.³⁹ BOP OIA refers all complaints of sexual abuse or harassment by employees to OIG. OIG—an independent entity with the authority to investigate criminal misconduct by DOJ employees—evaluates those complaints and decides whether to investigate or send them back to BOP, which can take two forms.⁴⁰ First, OIG can make a "management referral" for BOP to investigate at its discretion.⁴¹ Second, OIG can make a "monitored referral," whereby BOP continues the investigation and reports its determination to OIG once the investigation has concluded.⁴²

³⁸ See 28 C.F.R § 115.

³³ Department of Justice, Office of Inspector General, *Deterring Staff Sexual Abuse of Federal Inmates* (Apr. 2005) (oig.justice.gov/sites/default/files/archive/special/0504/index.htm). *See also, e.g., United States v. Martinez*, 388 F. Supp. 3d 225, 236 (E.D.N.Y. 2019) ("consent is not relevant" for "sexual abuse of a ward" violations under 18 U.S.C. § 2243(b)).

³⁴ Department of Justice, Office of Inspector General, *Deterring Staff Sexual Abuse of Federal Inmates* (Apr. 2005) (oig.justice.gov/sites/default/files/archive/special/0504/index.htm).

³⁵ BOP Program Statement 5324.06 (preamble).

³⁶ BOP Program Statement 5324.06 § 115.76(b).

³⁷ See 28 C.F.R § 115.

³⁹ OIG Briefing to PSI (Nov. 9, 2022); Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

⁴⁰ OIG Briefing to PSI (Nov. 9, 2022); Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

⁴¹ OIG Briefing to PSI (Nov. 9, 2022); Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

⁴² OIG Briefing to PSI (Nov. 9, 2022); Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

BOP OIA does not investigate allegations of criminal misconduct referred to OIG before OIG has decided whether to retain the case. ⁴³ If OIG declines to pursue a criminal or administrative investigation, BOP will pursue an administrative investigation. ⁴⁴ BOP OIA has the ability to compel BOP employees, as a condition of employment, to sit for interviews about the allegations against them. ⁴⁵ BOP OIA closes cases in one of three ways: substantiation of allegations, no substantiation of allegations, or closure for administrative reasons without reaching the merits of the allegations. ⁴⁶

II. The Subcommittee's Investigation

In April 2022, the Subcommittee launched an eight-month bipartisan investigation of sexual abuse of female inmates in federal prisons. Specifically, the Subcommittee evaluated whether female prisoners in the custody of BOP were safe from sexual abuse by BOP employees. The Subcommittee did the following:

- Reviewed non-public documents and data provided by BOP, BOP whistleblowers, and OIG.
- Interviewed more than two dozen witnesses, including:
 - o Four current senior officials within the BOP: Chief of BOP OIA, Beth Reese; Acting Assistant Director of Reentry Services Division, Alix McLearen, PhD; Regional Director for the Western Region with oversight of FCI Dublin, Melissa Rios; and Warden of FCI Dublin from October 2017 to November 2020, Wiley Jenkins.⁴⁷
 - o Twelve survivors of sexual abuse in BOP custody. These women were abused by male BOP employees in eight different BOP facilities. 48

⁴³ OIG Briefing to PSI (Nov. 9, 2022); Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022). DOJ OIG, as with all federal Inspector General Offices, has a right of first refusal among law enforcement agencies to investigate allegations of misconduct by employees of the agency overseen by the Inspector General's Office.

⁴⁴ OIG Briefing to PSI (Nov. 9, 2022); Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

⁴⁵ OIG Briefing to PSI (Nov. 9, 2022); Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

⁴⁶ See Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Report for Fiscal Year 2020 (Jan. 6, 2021) (https://www.bop.gov/foia/docs/FY 2020 Annual OIA Report.pdf).

⁴⁷ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022); Alix McLearen, PhD, Acting Director of Reentry Services, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 4, 2022); Melissa Rios, Western Regional Director, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 10, 2022); Wiley Jenkins, Former Warden at FCI Dublin, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 16, 2022).

⁴⁸ W.P., Interview with PSI (Sept. 8, 2022); C.R., Interview with PSI (Aug. 30, 2022); C.D., Interview with PSI (Oct. 14, 2022); K.D., Interview with PSI (Apr. 28, 2022); L.D., Interview with PSI (May 12, 2022); L.R., Interview with PSI (June 17, 2022); S.M.R., Interview with PSI (Sept. 7, 2022); B.M., Interview with PSI (Aug. 4, 2022); A.P., Interview with PSI (June 2, 2022); R.L., Interview with PSI (Oct. 12, 2022); R.D., Interview with PSI (July 5, 2022); V.M., Interview with PSI (June 14, 2022).

- o Eight BOP whistleblowers who came forward to report misconduct or BOP's deficient management practices.⁴⁹
- Brenda V. Smith, Esq., a law professor who studies sexual abuse in custodial settings.⁵⁰

Received briefings from:

- o The OIG Assistant Inspector General for Investigations and two OIG Senior Counsels to the Inspector General (collectively, "OIG") concerning OIG's investigations into allegations of sexual abuse at FCC Coleman, and the processes by which it coordinates investigative work with BOP and decides which cases to investigate itself.⁵¹
- DOJ's Office of the Deputy Attorney General concerning a November 2, 2022 report issued by a Working Group convened at the direction of the Deputy Attorney General Lisa Monaco to develop recommendations for reducing sexual abuse of prisoners by BOP employees.⁵²

There Were At Least Four BOP Facilities Between 2012 and 2022 with Recurring III. **Sexual Abuse of Female Prisoners by Male BOP Employees**

The Subcommittee identified four BOP facilities over the past decade where multiple male BOP employees sexually abused multiple female prisoners under their supervision. In many instances, the women at these four facilities were abused multiple times over a period of months or years. The facilities were MCC New York, MDC Brooklyn, FCC Coleman, and FCI Dublin.⁵³ For each of them, the Subcommittee reviewed court filings, media reports, and OIA investigative materials to better understand the extent of the sexual abuse. We discuss each facility below.

⁵¹ OIG Briefing to PSI (Nov. 9, 2022).

⁴⁹ J.R., Interview with PSI (May 24, 2022); A.M., Interview with PSI (June 7, 2022); T.K., Interview with PSI (Aug. 31, 2022); F.M., Interview with PSI (Oct. 4, 2022); S.M., Interview with PSI (Aug. 11, 2022); E.C., S.C., J.L., Interview with PSI (July 28, 2022).

⁵⁰ Brenda V. Smith, Professor of Law, American University Washington College of Law, Interview with PSI (June 10, 2022).

⁵² Office of the Deputy Attorney General, Department of Justice, Briefing to PSI (Nov. 21, 2022). Bipartisan staff from the Senate Judiciary Committee also attended this briefing. Working Group of DOJ Components, Report and Recommendations Concerning the Department of Justice's Response to Sexual Misconduct by Employees of the Federal Bureau of Prisons (Nov. 2, 2022).

⁵³ See, e.g., U.S. Attorney's Office, Southern District of New York: Correctional Officer At Metropolitan Correctional Center Sentenced To 40 Months In Prison For Engaging In Abusive Sexual Contact With Inmates (Dec. 8, 2020) (https://www.justice.gov/usao-sdny/pr/correctional-officer-metropolitan-correctional-centersentenced-40-months-prison); Office of Public Affairs, Department of Justice: Jury Convicts Former Federal Prison Warden for Sexual Abuse of Three Female Inmates (Dec. 8, 2022) (https://www.justice.gov/opa/pr/jury-convictsformer-federal-prison-warden-sexual-abuse-three-female-inmates); U.S. Attorney's Office, Eastern District of New York: Former Federal Bureau of Prisons Lieutenant Sentenced to 25 Years in Prison for Sexual Abuse and Violation of Civil Rights Convictions (July 31, 2019) (https://www.justice.gov/usao-edny/pr/former-federal-bureauprisons-lieutenant-sentenced-25-years-prison-sexual-abuse-and); Vann Aff.

a. MCC New York

MCC New York, opened in 1975, was an administrative security facility primarily used to hold male and female detainees awaiting trial in the federal courthouses in the Southern District of New York.⁵⁴ On August 26, 2021, BOP announced it would shut down this facility to address unsanitary conditions, decrepit facilities, and chronic staff shortages.⁵⁵ Today, MCC New York is undergoing repairs and is not in use. 56 Prior to its closure, MCC New York housed approximately 750 prisoners, both male and female.⁵⁷

Between approximately 2012 and 2018, then-MCC New York officer Colin Akparanta sexually abused at least seven female prisoners under his supervision.⁵⁸ On December 8, 2022, Akparanta was sentenced to 40 months imprisonment.⁵⁹

In a civil suit filed in 2020, three of Akparanta's victims alleged that BOP staff at MCC New York "ignored warning signs [and] inmates' sex abuse allegations against [] Akparanta."60 Warnings included a "town hall meeting" in 2017 where a BOP supervisor "told the assembled [female prisoners], in substance or effect, 'I don't want to hear nothing about my officers touching you." The lawsuit further alleged that a BOP officer at MCC New York "ignored [] pleas for help" from a group of female prisoners about Akparanta's sexual advances and "quipped that [] Akparanta will 'eventually get caught." Between 2021 and 2022, BOP made multiple payments totaling \$4.2 million to victims of sex abuse at MCC New York. 63 BOP has temporarily shut down MCC New York.⁶⁴

⁵⁴ State Courts, New York County Jail and Prison System (https://www.statecourts.org/inmate-search/new-york/newyork-county/new-york-mcc/).

⁵⁵ Benjamin Weiser, Justice Dept. to Close Troubled Jail Where Jeffrey Epstein Died, New York Times (Aug. 26, 2021) (https://www.nytimes.com/2021/08/26/nyregion/MCC-epstein-jail-closed.html).

⁵⁶ See Federal Bureau of Prisons, MCC New York (https://www.bop.gov/locations/institutions/nym/); Benjamin Weiser, Justice Dept. to Close Troubled Jail Where Jeffrey Epstein Died, New York Times (Aug. 26, 2021) (https://www.nytimes.com/2021/08/26/nyregion/MCC-epstein-jail-closed.html).

⁵⁷ State Courts, New York County Jail and Prison System (https://www.statecourts.org/inmate-search/new-york/newyork-county/new-york-mcc/).

⁵⁸ U.S. Attorney's Office, Southern District of New York: Correctional Officer At Metropolitan Correctional Center Sentenced To 40 Months In Prison For Engaging In Abusive Sexual Contact With Inmates (Dec. 8, 2020) (https://www.iustice.gov/usao-sdny/pr/correctional-officer-metropolitan-correctional-center-sentenced-40-monthsprison); United States v. Colin Akparanta, 19-CR-363 (S.D.N.Y.).

⁵⁹ U.S. Attorney's Office, Southern District of New York: Correctional Officer At Metropolitan Correctional Center Sentenced To 40 Months In Prison For Engaging In Abusive Sexual Contact With Inmates (Dec. 8, 2020) (https://www.justice.gov/usao-sdny/pr/correctional-officer-metropolitan-correctional-center-sentenced-40-monthsprison); United States v. Colin Akparanta, 19-CR-363 (S.D.N.Y.).

60 See Complaint, Dkt. 1 ¶ 4, Herrera v. United States, 20 Civ. 10206 (PKC) (S.D.N.Y. 2020).

⁶¹ See Complaint, Dkt. 1 ¶ 100, Herrera v. United States, 20 Civ. 10206 (PKC) (S.D.N.Y. 2020).

⁶² See Complaint, Dkt. 1 ¶ 107, Herrera v. United States, 20 Civ. 10206 (PKC) (S.D.N.Y. 2020).

⁶³ Benjamin Weiser, U.S. Pays \$4.2 Million to Victims of Jail Guard's Long-Running Sex Abuse, New York Times (July 18, 2022) (https://www.nytimes.com/2022/07/18/nyregion/mcc-officer-sex-abuse-victims-payout.html). ⁶⁴ Jonathan Dienst, MCC, Lower Manhattan Jail Where Jeffrey Epstein Died, Transfers Out All Inmates, NBC New York (Oct. 19, 2021) (https://www.nbcnewyork.com/news/local/mcc-lower-manhattan-jail-were-jeffrey-epsteindied-transfers-out-all-inmates/3331966/).

Separately, DNA evidence confirmed that on February 14, 2015, then-MCC New York officer Rudell Mullings assaulted a female prisoner in one of the prison corridors. On May 4, 2016, he was sentenced to seven years imprisonment. 66

b. MDC Brooklyn

MDC Brooklyn is an administrative security metropolitan detention center located in Brooklyn, New York, which houses over 1,500 inmates, including men and women.67

In 2017, DOJ indicted two lieutenants (Carlos Martinez and Eugenio Perez) and one officer (Armando Moronta) at MDC Brooklyn for repeated sexual abuse of nine female prisoners during the night shift. ⁶⁸ Martinez was convicted after a two-week jury trial, where prosecutors introduced evidence that he had brought a Plan B pill into the prison for the woman he raped. ⁶⁹ Perez was convicted after a two-week jury trial and sentenced to 25 years imprisonment for sexually abusing five women held at MDC Brooklyn. ⁷⁰ Moronta pleaded guilty and was sentenced to 10 years imprisonment for abusing three women held at MDC Brooklyn and smuggling narcotics into the prison. ⁷¹ *The New York Times* described these events as "one of the largest sexual assault investigations to confront [BOP] in at least a decade."

c. FCC Coleman

FCC Coleman is currently an all-male facility with four different components: a low security federal correctional institution with an adjacent minimum-security satellite camp (FCI Coleman Low); a medium security federal correctional institution (FCI Coleman Medium); a high security penitentiary (USP Coleman I); and another high security penitentiary (USP

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⁶⁵ U.S. Attorney's Office, Eastern District of New York: Former Federal Correctional Officer Sentenced To Seven Years For Sexually Abusing An Inmate (May 4, 2016) (https://www.justice.gov/usao-edny/pr/former-federal-correctional-officer-sentenced-seven-years-sexually-abusing-inmate); See United States v. Rudell Mullings, 15-CR-538 (E.D.N.Y.); United States v. Colin Akparanta, 19-CR-363 (S.D.N.Y.).

⁶⁶ U.S. Attorney's Office, Eastern District of New York: Former Federal Correctional Officer Sentenced To Seven Years For Sexually Abusing An Inmate (May 4, 2016) (https://www.justice.gov/usao-edny/pr/former-federal-correctional-officer-sentenced-seven-years-sexually-abusing-inmate); See United States v. Rudell Mullings, 15-CR-538 (E.D.N.Y.).

⁶⁷ Federal Bureau of Prisons, MDC Brooklyn (https://www.bop.gov/locations/institutions/bro/).

⁶⁸ U.S. Attorney's Office, Eastern District of New York: *Three Federal Correctional Officers Charged with Sexually Abusing Inmates* (May 25, 2017) (https://oig.justice.gov/press/2017/2017-05-25.pdf).

⁶⁹ Alan Feuer, *Former Lieutenant at Brooklyn Federal Jail Convicted of Raping Female Inmate*, New York Times (Jan. 19, 2018) (https://www.nytimes.com/2018/01/19/nyregion/jail-guard-convicted-rape.html).

⁷⁰ U.S. Attorney's Office, Eastern District of New York: Former Federal Bureau of Prisons Lieutenant Sentenced to 25 Years in Prison for Sexual Abuse and Violation of Civil Rights Convictions (July 31, 2019) (https://www.justice.gov/usao-edny/pr/former-federal-bureau-prisons-lieutenant-sentenced-25-years-prison-sexual-abuse-and).

⁷¹ U.S. Attorney's Office, Eastern District of New York: *Former Federal Correctional Officer Sentenced to 10 Years in Prison for Sexual Abuse, Bribery and Narcotics Charges* (Oct. 24, 2018) (https://www.justice.gov/usao-edny/pr/former-federal-correctional-officer-sentenced-10-years-prison-sexual-abuse-bribery-and).

⁷² Joseph Goldstein, *Federal Jail in Brooklyn Faces a String of Sexual Assault Cases*, New York Times (Aug. 1, 2017) (https://www.nytimes.com/2017/08/01/nyregion/federal-jail-in-brooklyn-faces-a-string-of-sexual-assault-cases.html).

Coleman II).⁷³ There are currently over 6,000 inmates housed across the complex.⁷⁴ Prior to April 2021, FCC Coleman housed both male and female prisoners.⁷⁵ In April 2021, BOP transferred all female prisoners out of FCC Coleman, coinciding with public allegations of sexual abuse.⁷⁶

On May 5, 2021, the United States Government paid at least \$1.25 million to settle a civil lawsuit brought by 15 women currently and formerly incarcerated at FCC Coleman who accused eight BOP employees at that facility of years of sexual abuse. To During the course of the lawsuit, the United States Government, a defendant, admitted in a court filing that six of those employees had in fact engaged in sexual conduct with at least ten of the plaintiffs. Sexual contact between BOP employees and prisoners is a federal crime and violates BOP policy. In interviews compelled by BOP OIA during administrative investigations, prior to the United States Government's court filing, all six officers had already had admitted to sexually abusing female prisoners under their supervision. None of these six officers was ever prosecuted.

The Subcommittee investigated how BOP officers who admitted to crimes in sworn statements were never prosecuted.⁸² As discussed above in Section I.C., once OIG declines to pursue a criminal or administrative investigation, BOP will conduct its own administrative investigation, either through OIA or the Special Investigative Services at the facility.⁸³ One of BOP OIA's investigative tools is requiring employees to answer questions under oath during what is known as a *Garrity* interview.⁸⁴

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⁷³ Federal Bureau of Prisons, USP Coleman II (https://www.bop.gov/locations/institutions/clp/).

⁷⁴ Federal Bureau of Prisons, *FCI Coleman Low*, (https://www.bop.gov/locations/institutions/col/); Federal Bureau of Prisons, *FCI Coleman Medium*, (https://www.bop.gov/locations/institutions/com/) (accessed Dec. 6, 2022); Federal Bureau of Prisons, *USP Coleman I*, (https://www.bop.gov/locations/institutions/cop/); Federal Bureau of Prisons, *USP Coleman II* (https://www.bop.gov/locations/institutions/clp/).

⁷⁵ 2021 Coleman PREA Audit, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 4, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod1-0125-0261).

⁷⁶ Carl Hiassen, *Female inmates feared reprisals from prison guards who raped them*, Miami Herald (Sept. 25, 2020) (https://www.miamiherald.com/opinion/opn-columns-blogs/carl-hiaasen/article245829215.html); 2021 Coleman PREA Audit, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 4, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod1-0125-0261) at PSI-BOPOIA-Prod1-000136.

⁷⁷ Romy Ellenbogen, *Lawsuit settled in which 15 women alleged sexual abuse at Florida prison*, Tampa Bay Times (May 5, 2022) (https://www.tampabay.com/news/florida/2021/05/05/lawsuit-settled-in-which-15-women-alleged-sexual-abuse-at-florida-prison/). The settlement amount is likely much greater as eleven women did not disclose the amount of their recovery.

⁷⁸ See Beaubrun Answer at 6-8. See also 18 U.S.C. § 2243(b).

⁷⁹ 18 U.S.C. § 2243(b); Department of Justice, Office of Inspector General, *Deterring Staff Sexual Abuse of Federal Inmates* (Apr. 2005) (http://oig.justice.gov/sites/default/files/archive/special/0504/index.htm).

⁸⁰ 2018 Palomares Aff.; 2019 Palomares Aff.; Kuilan Aff; Vann Aff.; Laudenslager Aff.; Phillips Aff.; Campbell Aff.

⁸¹ Alix McLearen, PhD, Acting Director of Reentry Services, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 4, 2022); OIG Briefing to PSI (Nov. 9, 2022); Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

⁸² The Subcommittee asked BOP OIA Chief Reese this question during an interview. She said, "I do not know." Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

⁸³ OIG Briefing to PSI (Nov. 9, 2022); Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

⁸⁴ Garrity v. New Jersey, 385 U.S. 493 (1967).

In 1967, the United States Supreme Court held in *Garrity v. New Jersey* that when a government employer forces an employee to answer questions under oath as a condition of employment, that interview is considered "compelled," and any inculpatory statements made by the employee during that interview cannot be used against him in a subsequent criminal prosecution. 85 In other words, if a BOP employee admits to sexual misconduct in a compelled interview, statements made during that interview cannot be used against him in a criminal prosecution by OIG or any other law enforcement entity.

To the extent that OIG were to pursue criminal charges after the BOP employee admitted to a crime in the BOP OIA-compelled interview, OIG would have to show that it had reasons to pursue criminal charges independent from anything disclosed in the *Garrity* interview and that none of the evidence used in the prosecution was derived from the *Garrity* interview. ⁸⁶ These are difficult thresholds to clear in most cases. ⁸⁷ The practical effect is that "if [the BOP employee] can be compelled, it's a get out of jail free card" under certain circumstances, OIG told the Subcommittee. ⁸⁸

In the case of FCC Coleman, BOP OIA received female prisoners' complaints of sexual misconduct by at least six officers. ⁸⁹ BOP OIA sent the complaints to OIG. ⁹⁰ OIG declined to investigate and referred the cases back to BOP OIA. ⁹¹ BOP OIA compelled each of these officers to sit for interviews. ⁹² In those interviews, the officers made sweeping admissions to misconduct, making subsequent criminal prosecution difficult. ⁹³

The following contains excerpts of affidavits that memorialize admissions from former BOP employees at FCC Coleman following BOP OIA-compelled interviews.

In an affidavit dated October 2, 2019, former BOP correctional officer, Keith Vann, admitted in his BOP OIA-compelled interview:⁹⁴

on multiple occasions while I was a staff member she an inmate at FCC Coleman. I don't know the exact number of times but it occurred on more than one occasion.

⁸⁵ Garrity v. New Jersey, 385 U.S. 493 (1967).

⁸⁶ OIG Briefing to PSI (Nov. 9, 2022).

⁸⁷ OIG Briefing to PSI (Nov. 9, 2022).

⁸⁸ OIG Briefing to PSI (Nov. 9, 2022).

⁸⁹ OIG Briefing to PSI (Nov. 9, 2022); Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

⁹⁰ OIG Briefing to PSI (Nov. 9, 2022); Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

⁹¹ OIG Briefing to PSI (Nov. 9, 2022); Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

⁹² OIG Briefing to PSI (Nov. 9, 2022); Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

⁹³ OIG Briefing to PSI (Nov. 9, 2022). *See also* Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

⁹⁴ Vann Aff.

I was aware at the time that engaging in any type of sexual encounter with a federal inmate was a criminal act and was not lawful. I was aware at the time I could have been held criminally liable. \pred

In an affidavit dated June 28, 2019, former BOP correctional officer Christopher Palomares admitted in his BOP OIA-compelled interview: 95

I have had a large number of sexual encounters with inmates when I was an officer at FCC Coleman. I would say there is over a 70% chance I received oral sex (blow job) from _______ in the visiting room. I have received oral sex from a number of inmates and number of times.

In an affidavit dated June 28, 2019, former BOP correctional officer Scott Campbell admitted in his BOP OIA-compelled interview: 96

In December 2017, during the evening watch shift, I was making rounds at the Camp in the female living quarters. I approached in her living area and no one else was around. I asked if I could touch her "boob." I put my hand on her breast and squeezed it in a sexual manner for 3 seconds. Since that incident, when I worked at the Camp and made rounds I would touch and sexually squeeze breasts regularly. I have sexually squeezed breasts at least 8 times from December 2017, to March of 2018, when it stopped.

On Sunday, March 11, 2018, I asked to come with me to the F Unit Upper storage area and I locked me and in the closet.

was aware we were going to have a sexual encounter prior to us going to the storage area.

In an affidavit dated October 3, 2019, former BOP correctional officer Timothy Phillips admitted in his BOP OIA-compelled interview: 97

Inmates and both worked for me on the landscape detail at FCC Coleman in 2017. I have had two sexual intercourse encounters with and together. The three of us had sex together while they were FCC Coleman inmates and I was a Coleman staff member.

⁹⁵ 2019 Palomares Aff.

⁹⁶ Campbell Aff.

⁹⁷ Phillips Aff.

After reviewing affidavits in these cases in response to the Subcommittee's request, OIG told the Subcommittee in a briefing:

> There is no world in which we can say this is a good outcome. These individuals knew they have been compelled and could retire and resign and spill to [BOP] OIA and basically have immunity in some cases for engaging in sexual activity with multiple inmates. It is a terrible outcome. 98

OIG has recently reformed its complaint screening practices to mitigate the risk of overlooking widespread sexual abuse in a BOP facility by employees again. Although OIA provided the FCC Coleman allegations to OIG on multiple occasions, OIG is also considering a written memorandum with OIA to memorialize BOP OIA's current practice, such that BOP OIA would have an affirmative, written responsibility to inform OIG of new evidence uncovered during OIA's administrative investigation, prior to Garrity interviews, that could support a criminal investigation.⁹⁹

d. FCI Dublin

FCI Dublin is an all-female facility with two components: a low security federal correctional institution and an adjacent minimum-security satellite camp. ¹⁰⁰ There are currently 477 female offenders housed across the prison. 101

In the past eighteen months, DOJ has indicted five BOP employees for sexual abuse of at least eight female detainees at FCI Dublin.

- In June 2021, the U.S. Attorney's Office for the Northern District of California filed a criminal complaint against Ross Klinger, a former BOP correctional officer and recycling technician, with sexual abuse of a ward. 102 He pleaded guilty to three counts of sexual abuse of a ward. 103 The criminal complaint cites sexual abuse of two female prisoners. 104
- In November 2021, the U.S. Attorney's Office for the Northern District of California indicted Ray J. Garcia, the former Warden of FCI Dublin, on two

⁹⁸ OIG Briefing to PSI (Nov. 9, 2022).

⁹⁹ Email from OIG to PSI (Dec. 11, 2022) (on file with PSI).

¹⁰⁰ Federal Bureau of Prisons, FCI Dublin (https://www.bop.gov/locations/institutions/dub/).

¹⁰¹ Federal Bureau of Prisons, FCI Dublin (https://www.bop.gov/locations/institutions/dub/).

¹⁰² Michael R. Sisak and Michael Balsamo, Worker pleads guilty to abusing inmates at US women's prison, AP News (Feb. 11, 2022) (https://apnews.com/article/coronavirus-pandemic-health-california-oakland-prisons-5085536a92b12afa46bbfcf00cba46d9).

¹⁰³ U.S. Attorney's Office Northern District of California: Bureau Of Prisons Correctional Officer Charged With Sexual Abuse Of A Ward (June 30, 2021) (www.justice.gov/usao-ndca/pr/bureau-prisons-correctional-officercharged-sexual-abuse-ward).

¹⁰⁴United States v. Klinger, No. 4:22-CR-00031-JSW (N.D. Cal., June 25, 2021).

counts of sexual abuse of a ward. According to the criminal complaint, Garcia knowingly had sexual contact with at least one female prisoner, asked at least two inmates to strip naked for him during rounds and took photos, and stored a "large volume of sexually graphic photographs" on his BOP issued cellphone. In the two years prior to his arrest, Garcia was the PREA compliance officer at FCI Dublin, responsible for ensuring that the facility was adhering to PREA policies and training other employees, including new supervisors. On December 8, 2022, Garcia was convicted by a jury of sexually abusing female prisoners.

• On November 309, 2021, the United States Attorney's Office for the Northern District of California filed a criminal complaint against John Bellhouse for sexual abuse of a prison ward. Bellhouse served as a correctional officer and safety administrator at FCI Dublin before being placed on administrative leave in March 2021. In June 2020, a prisoner identified that Bellhouse and another BOP employee were engaging in sexual interactions with several prisoners, and also providing prisoners with contraband, money and personal cellphone use. Bellhouse pleaded not guilty and is currently awaiting trial, which is scheduled for the summer of 2023.

(https://www.justice.gov/opa/pr/jury-convicts-former-federal-prison-warden-sexual-abuse-three-female-inmates); 2017 FCI Dublin PREA Audit, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 4, 2022) (on file with PSI).

¹⁰⁵ U.S. Attorney's Office, Northern District of California: *Warden Of Federal Corrections Institute In Dublin Charged With Sexual Abuse Of A Ward* (Sept. 29, 2021) (https://www.justice.gov/usao-ndca/pr/warden-federal-corrections-institute-dublin-charged-sexual-abuse-ward). For the criminal complaint filed against Warden Garcia, *see* https://www.documentcloud.org/documents/21408685-warden-ray-j-garcia.

¹⁰⁶ U.S. Attorney's Office, Northern District of California: *Warden Of Federal Corrections Institute In Dublin Charged With Sexual Abuse Of A Ward* (Sept. 29, 2021) (https://www.justice.gov/usao-ndca/pr/warden-federal-corrections-institute-dublin-charged-sexual-abuse-ward). For the criminal complaint filed against Warden Garcia, *see* https://www.documentcloud.org/documents/21408685-warden-ray-j-garcia.

¹⁰⁷ Michael R. Sisak and Michael Balsamo, *Abuse-clouded prison gets attention, but will things change?*, AP News (May 5, 2022) (https://apnews.com/article/business-prisons-california-sexual-abuse-only-on-ap-3a4db9ab478bfdd545ef3c7e08cd273b); Office of Public Affairs, Department of Justice: *Jury Convicts Former Federal Prison Warden for Sexual Abuse of Three Female Inmates* (Dec. 8, 2022)

¹⁰⁸ Office of Public Affairs, Department of Justice: *Jury Convicts Former Federal Prison Warden for Sexual Abuse of Three Female Inmates* (Dec. 8, 2022) (https://www.justice.gov/opa/pr/jury-convicts-former-federal-prison-warden-sexual-abuse-three-female-inmates).

¹⁰⁹ U.S. Attorney's Office, Northern District of California: Federal Correctional Officer Charged With Sexual Abuse Of An Inmate (Dec. 3, 2021) (https://www.justice.gov/usao-ndca/pr/federal-correctional-officer-charged-sexual-abuse-inmate). The U.S. Attorney's Office filed a superseding indictment with additional charges against Bellhouse on September 29, 2022. See Department of Justice, FCI Dublin Officer Faces Abuse Charges Against Two Additional Incarcerated Victims (Sept. 29, 2022) (https://www.justice.gov/opa/pr/fci-dublin-correctional-officer-faces-abuse-charges-against-two-additional-incarcerated).

¹¹⁰ U.S. Attorney's Office, Northern District of California: *Federal Correctional Officer Charged With Sexual Abuse Of An Inmate* (Dec. 3, 2021) (https://www.justice.gov/usao-ndca/pr/federal-correctional-officer-charged-sexual-abuse-inmate).

¹¹¹ See Complaint at ¶ 114, United States v. Bellhouse, 4:21-mj-71905-MRGD (N.D. Cal. 2021).

¹¹² Dublin prison guard faces more charges of sexual abuse of female inmates, Bay City News Service (Oct. 2, 2022) (https://www.danvillesanramon.com/news/2022/10/02/dublin-prison-guard-faces-more-charges-of-sexual-abuse-of-female-inmates).

- In January 2022, the Criminal Section of the Civil Rights Division of DOJ filed an information against James Highhouse, a former Chaplain at FCI Dublin, on charges of sexual abuse of a ward, abusive sexual contact, and making false statements to investigators.¹¹³ In February 2022, Highhouse pleaded guilty to five felonies for sexually abusing a female inmate and lying to investigators about the misconduct.¹¹⁴ In August 2022, Highhouse was sentenced to 84 months in prison followed by five years of supervised released.¹¹⁵
- On March 10, 2022, Enrique Chavez, a food service foreman at FCI Dublin was indicted on two counts of abusive sexual contact with a prison inmate. 116

 According to the indictment, Chavez touched the woman's breasts, buttocks and genitals on two separate occasions in October 2020. 117 Chavez pleaded guilty on October 27, 2022, to abusive sexual contact with a female prison inmate while he was employed at FCI Dublin. 118 The count carries a maximum statutory sentence of two years imprisonment and a \$250,000 fine, with a minimum period of supervision following release from prison of five years and a maximum of a lifetime of supervision. 119 Sentencing is scheduled for February 2, 2023. 120

As of May 2022, OIG and/or BOP were investigating at least 17 additional current or former employees at FCI Dublin for sexual misconduct. 121

The most recent indictments are not the only examples of repeated sexual abuse of female prisoners at FCI Dublin. Since the 1990s, there have been at least three additional high-profile cases of sexual abuse of female prisoners involving male BOP employees.

¹¹³ United States v. James Highhouse, 4:22-CR-16 (N.D. Cal. 2022).

¹¹⁴ Department of Justice, Former Bureau of Prisons Chaplain Pleads Guilty to Sexual Assault and Lying to Federal Agents (Feb. 23, 2022) (https://www.justice.gov/opa/pr/former-bureau-prisons-chaplain-pleads-guilty-sexual-assault-and-lying-federal-agents).

¹¹⁵ Department of Justice, *Federal Prison Chaplain Sentenced for Sexual Assault and Lying to Federal Agents* (Aug. 31, 2022) (https://www.justice.gov/opa/pr/federal-prison-chaplain-sentenced-sexual-assault-and-lying-federal-agents).

Department of Justice, Correctional Officer at FCI Dublin Charged for Abusive Sexual Contact with Female Inmate (Mar. 23, 2022) (https://www.justice.gov/opa/pr/correctional-officer-fci-dublin-charged-abusive-sexual-contact-female-inmate).

¹¹⁷ United States v. Chavez, 4:22cr104 (N.D. Cal. 2021) (indictment filed on Mar. 10, 2022).

¹¹⁸ U.S. Attorney's Office Northern District of California: *Former Correctional Officer Admits To Abusive Sexual Contact With Inmate* (Oct. 27, 2022) (https://www.justice.gov/usao-ndca/pr/former-correctional-officer-admits-abusive-sexual-contact-inmate).

¹¹⁹ U.S. Attorney's Office Northern District of California: *Former Correctional Officer Admits To Abusive Sexual Contact With Inmate* (Oct. 27, 2022) (https://www.justice.gov/usao-ndca/pr/former-correctional-officer-admits-abusive-sexual-contact-inmate).

¹²⁰ U.S. Attorney's Office Northern District of California: *Former Correctional Officer Admits To Abusive Sexual Contact With Inmate* (Oct. 27, 2022) (https://www.justice.gov/usao-ndca/pr/former-correctional-officer-admits-abusive-sexual-contact-inmate).

¹²¹ Lisa Fernandez, *25 Dublin prison employees under investigation for sex, drug, lying abuses*, KTVU FOX 2 (May 5, 2022) (https://www.ktvu.com/news/25-dublin-prison-employees-under-investigation-for-sex-drug-lying-abuses). For the full list of investigations, *see* https://www.documentcloud.org/documents/21882894-dublin-prison-open-investigations.

- In 1996, three women were brought to a male housing unit at an adjacent facility where BOP officers opened their cell doors allowing male inmates to rape them. The United States settled in 1998 and BOP promised "to adopt and implement certain policies and procedures designed to reduce the risk to female prisoners of sexual assaults." 122
- In the late 1990s and early 2000s, four male BOP employees at FCI Dublin were convicted or pleaded guilty to sexual abuse of female inmates at that facility. 123
- In the early 2010s, according to media reports, approximately "a dozen Dublin employees were removed for sexually abusing inmates," including one who videotaped himself having sex with inmates and stored those tapes in a prison locker. None were arrested. 124

e. Sexual Abuse Across Other BOP Facilities that Hold Female Prisoners

In an attempt to understand the breadth of sexual abuse of female prisoners by male BOP employees, the Subcommittee analyzed court filings in criminal cases, civil cases, and BOP records concerning the number of substantiated allegations of sexual abuse by BOP employees. Through those efforts, PSI was able to identify that over the past decade BOP opened 5,415 cases of sexual abuse from male and female inmates by BOP employees. ¹²⁵ Of those cases, 586 were substantiated. ¹²⁶ There were at least 134 cases for which a BOP employee was convicted of sexually abusing a female prisoner or where BOP OIA substantiated allegations that a female prisoner was sexually abused by a BOP employee. ¹²⁷ BOP employees sexually abused women in their custody in at least two-thirds (19 of the 29) of the facilities where BOP has held incarcerated women this past decade. ¹²⁸

¹²² Lucas v. White, 96-cv-2905-TEH (N.D. Cal. 1997) (settlement agreement on file with PSI).

¹²³ United States v. Accursi, 4:97-cr-40101 (N.D. Cal.); United States v. Hyson, 4:99-cr-40031 (N.D. Cal.); United States v. Hawthorne, 4:99-cr-40051 (N.D. Cal.); United States v. Donaldson, 4:02-cr-40153 (N.D. Cal.); United States v. Rodarte, 4:02-cr-40153 (N.D. Cal.). See also Josh Richman, Lawyer: Abuse of inmates rampant; Guard's indictment latest problem to surface at Dublin's Federal Correctional Institution, Tri Valley Herald (Aug. 21, 2002) (on file with PSI); Josh Richman, Ex-Dublin guard agrees to deal, admits to abuse; Plea bargain calls for 10-16 months in prison, The Daily Review (May 17, 2003) (on file with PSI).

¹²⁴ Michael R. Sisak and Michael Balsamo, *Abuse-clouded prison gets attention, but will things change?*, AP News (May 5, 2022) (https://apnews.com/article/business-prisons-california-sexual-abuse-only-on-ap-3a4db9ab478bfdd545ef3c7e08cd273b).

¹²⁵ Staff-on-Inmate Cases by Facility (2012-2021), Production from DOJ to PSI (Nov. 4, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod4-0001-0049).

¹²⁶ Staff-on-Inmate Cases by Facility (2012-2021), Production from DOJ to PSI (Nov. 4, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod4-0001-0049). The Subcommittee calculated the total number of substantiated cases by tabulating data produced by DOJ.

¹²⁷ See Exhibit 1. The Subcommittee arrived at this number by reviewing court filings and cases where BOP OIA substantiated allegations sexual abuse of female prisoners by BOP employees at the six female-only facilities.

¹²⁸ See footnote 1: Exhibit 1.

IV. BOP Does Not Systematically Analyze Key Indicators of Sexual Abuse in its Facilities

The Subcommittee asked BOP for the information it relies upon to monitor compliance with PREA, including the risk of BOP employees sexually abusing female prisoners. BOP witnesses, including OIA Chief Reese, Acting Assistant Director for Reentry Services Alix McLearen, PhD, Western Regional Director Rios, and former FCI Dublin Warden Wiley Jenkins identified three categories of information used to assess risk and monitor compliance: (1) PREA audits; (2) complaints filed by inmates concerning staff-initiated sexual abuse; and (3) disposition of those complaints. ¹²⁹

The Subcommittee determined that PREA audits of FCC Coleman and FCI Dublin failed to detect the culture of BOP employees sexually abusing female detainees at those facilities before, during, and after abuse occurred. The Subcommittee also found that BOP does not systematically analyze complaint data to detect potentially problematic employees or institutions. Finally, BOP has accrued a backlog of approximately 8,000 cases and does not report case closure rates in a way that would indicate its progress in clearing the backlog.

a. Flawed PREA Audits Failed to Detect the Culture of Sexual Abuse of Female Prisoners by Employees at FCC Coleman and FCI Dublin

PREA "is intended to make confinement facilities free from sexual abuse and its threat." When Congress passed PREA in 2003, it established a National Prison Rape Elimination Commission (the "NPRE Commission") to "carry out a comprehensive legal and factual study of the penological, physical, mental, medical, social, and economic impacts of prison rape" and to issue a report with "recommended national standards for reducing prison rape[.]" The recommendations, adopted by DOJ and binding on BOP, require periodic PREA audits of all federal correctional facilities to ensure compliance with the standards put forth in the regulations. According to DOJ, PREA auditors "are responsible for conducting high quality, reliable, objective, and comprehensive audits that hold agencies and facilities accountable for keeping individuals in their custody and care safe from sexual abuse and sexual harassment." 133

PREA audits assess whether an institution is compliant with the 45 PREA standards by reviewing policies and practices within the institution, interviewing employees and prisoners, and reviewing documentation from the audit period, such as prisoner complaints of sexual abuse

¹²⁹ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022); Alix McLearen, PhD, Acting Director of Reentry Services, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 4, 2022); Melissa Rios, Western Regional Director, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 10, 2022); Wiley Jenkins, Former Warden at FCI Dublin, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 16, 2022).

¹³⁰ Bureau of Justice Assistance, *Prison Rape Elimination Act Auditors: Information and Resources* (Nov. 2021) (https://www.prearesourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/PREA-Auditors-FS.pdf).

¹³¹ Pub. L. 108-79, § 7, codified at 34 U.S.C. § 30306.

¹³² See 28 C.F.R § 115.

¹³³ Bureau of Justice Assistance, *Prison Rape Elimination Act Auditors: Information and Resources* (Nov. 2021) (https://www.prearesourcecenter.org/sites/default/files/PREA-Auditors-FS.pdf).

or harassment.¹³⁴ PREA audits are one of the key tools that BOP relies upon to assess whether its facilities have implemented the standards designed to mitigate the risk of sexual abuse of prisoners.¹³⁵ When the Subcommittee asked the BOP Regional Director for the Western Region, Melissa Rios, the BOP official responsible for oversight of FCI Dublin among other facilities, how the regional office monitored potential sex abuse in its facilities, she explained that she relies on PREA policies to mitigate the risk of sexual assault, and PREA audits to assess compliance with the PREA policies.¹³⁶

The Subcommittee reviewed PREA audits of FCC Coleman and FCI Dublin—where there were, per BOP OIA Chief Reese, "cultural issues" concerning sexual misconduct by employees—to evaluate whether the audits detected that there was a sexual abuse problem. ¹³⁷ In other words, did the PREA audits predating and during the period of multiple BOP employees abusing multiple women find that the prison was not compliant with some or all of the PREA standards? Did the audits covering the periods of significant sexual abuse detect the cultural issues at that prison?

The Subcommittee found that BOP failed to accomplish either outcome with its PREA audits. PREA audits during all of the relevant periods for these facilities came back clean: these audits found that FCC Coleman and FCI Dublin were compliant with all PREA standards before, during, and after the multiple, documented instances of sexual abuse. Table 1 shows the results of these audits.

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¹³⁴ See, e.g., 2021 FCI Dublin PREA Audit, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 4, 2022) (on file with PSI).

¹³⁵ Alix McLearen, PhD, Acting Director of Reentry Services, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 4, 2022).

¹³⁵ 28 C.F.R. § 115 (citing BJS report); Melissa Rios, Western Regional Director, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 10, 2022).

¹³⁶ Melissa Rios, Western Regional Director, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 10, 2022). *See also* Alix McLearen, PhD, Acting Director of Reentry Services, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 4, 2022).

¹³⁶ Melissa Rios, Western Regional Director, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 10, 2022).

¹³⁷ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

¹³⁸ Compare 2017 FCI Dublin PREA Audit, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 4, 2022) (on file with PSI); 2022 FCI Dublin PREA Audit, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 4, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod1-0262-0381); 2018 FCC Coleman PREA Audit, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 4, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod1-0635-0726); and 2021 FCC Coleman PREA Audit, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 4, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod1-0125-0261) with Section III.C., supra. See also Exhibit 1.

Table 1: PREA Audits of FCC Coleman and FCI Dublin 139

Facility	PREA Audit Date	Results (Standards)	
	March 22, 2015	Exceeded: 4	
		Met: 38	
		Not Met: 0	
		Not Applicable: 1	
FCC Coleman	April 19, 2018	Exceeded: 2	
		Met: 43	
		Not Met: 0	
	September 7, 2021	Exceeded: 1	
		Met: 44	
		Not Met: 0	
	May 16, 2014	Exceeded: 2	
		Met: 40	
		Not Met: 0	
		Not Applicable: 1	
FCI Dublin	June 14, 2017	Exceeded: 0	
		Met: 41	
		Not Met: 0	
		Not Applicable: 2	
	March 12, 2022	Exceeded: 0	
		Met: 45	
		Not Met: 0	

When asked in an interview with the Subcommittee whether PREA audits can help detect a culture of abuse at a facility, BOP's Acting Director of Reentry Services said, "it is clear the PREA audit did not do that at Coleman." ¹⁴⁰

The Subcommittee has concerns about PREA audits of FCC Coleman and FCI Dublin. PREA auditors seek to interview a representative sample of prisoners incarcerated at a facility. ¹⁴¹ For the FCC Coleman PREA audit of 2021, BOP transferred all female prisoners out of the prison two days before the auditor arrived for on-site interviews. ¹⁴² The auditor did not interview any female prisoners. ¹⁴³

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¹³⁹ 2017 FCI Dublin PREA Audit, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 4, 2022) (on file with PSI); 2022 FCI Dublin PREA Audit, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 4, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod1-0262-0381); 2018 FCC Coleman PREA Audit, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 4, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod1-0635-0726); 2021 FCC Coleman PREA Audit, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 4, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod1-0125-0261).

¹⁴⁰ Alix McLearen, PhD, Acting Director of Reentry Services, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 4, 2022).

¹⁴¹ See 2021 FCC Coleman PREA Audit, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 4, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod1-0125-0261).

¹⁴² See 2021 FCC Coleman PREA Audit, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 4, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod1-0125-0261).

¹⁴³ See 2021 FCC Coleman PREA Audit, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 4, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod1-0125-0261).

The PREA audit of FCI Dublin from 2017 identifies the then-Associate Warden, Ray J. Garcia, as the facility's PREA compliance officer—the individual responsible for ensuring that the facility was compliant with the PREA standards, training new supervisors on PREA procedures and policies, and coordinating the PREA audit. 144 After Garcia was promoted to Warden, he was indicted for sexually abusing multiple female prisoners under his supervision for a period of years, and convicted by a jury on December 8, 2022. 145

b. BOP Does Not Systematically Analyze PREA Complaint Data

In 2009, the National Prison Rape Elimination Commission (the "NPRE Commission")—a bipartisan Commission that Congress created through PREA to study policies and practices related to the prevention, detection, response, and monitoring of sexual abuse in correction and detention facilities in the United States—issued a report underscoring the importance of analyzing data trends to identify and prevent prison rape and sexual abuse. 146 The NPRE's 2009 report noted that "data are especially useful in documenting patterns and trends and in measuring performance within facilities and throughout entire correctional systems." ¹⁴⁷ Based on recommendations in NPRE Commission's 2009 report, DOJ finalized the National Standards to Prevent, Detect, and Respond to Prison Rape (the "National PREA Standards") in 2012. 148 In relevant parts, the National PREA Standards promulgated by DOJ require BOP to "collect accurate, uniform data for every allegation of sexual abuse" and "review[the] data collected ... [to] identify[] problem areas [and] tak[e] corrective action on an ongoing basis." ¹⁴⁹

Complaint data, which is collected and stored by BOP OIA, is one of the primary indicators that BOP could use to detect sexual abuse in a specific facility or by a specific staff member. 150 During an interview with the Subcommittee, BOP OIA Chief Reese explained that

in federal prisons and periodically report results to [DOJ OIG] and to appropriate BOP officials (e.g., senior

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¹⁴⁴ See 2017 FCI Dublin PREA Audit, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 4, 2022) (on file with PSI); Michael R. Sisak and Michael Balsamo, Abuse-clouded prison gets attention, but will things change?, AP News (May 5, 2022) (apnews.com/article/government-and-politics-prisons-california-bf66f02f8d21137461497d26c38c6ac5).

¹⁴⁵ Office of Public Affairs, Department of Justice: Jury Convicts Former Federal Prison Warden for Sexual Abuse of Three Female Inmates (Dec. 8, 2022) (https://www.justice.gov/opa/pr/jury-convicts-former-federal-prisonwarden-sexual-abuse-three-female-inmates); 2017 FCI Dublin PREA Audit, Production from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 4, 2022) (on file with PSI).

¹⁴⁶ National Prison Rape Elimination Commission, National Rape Elimination Commission Report at 85 (June 2009). The value of analyzing data trends was made clear to BOP two decades prior. In 1999, the Government Accountability Office ("GAO") issued a report that examined BOP's policies, practices, and systems for preventing and addressing BOP employee-initiated sexual abuse of female prisoners. See Government Accountability Office, Women in Prison: Sexual Misconduct by Correctional Staff, GAO-GGD-99-104 (1999) (https://www.gao.gov/products/ggd-99-104). GAO identified deficiencies with BOP OIA's informational systems for "tracking . . . allegations of staff-on-inmate sexual misconduct in federal prisons" since "information on all allegations were not readily available from [that] system." Based on that finding, GAO issued a recommendation to the BOP Director to "develop systems and procedures to monitor and analyze allegations of staff sexual misconduct

managers and wardens)." ¹⁴⁷ National Prison Rape Elimination Commission, National Rape Elimination Commission Report at 85 (June

¹⁴⁸ See Department of Justice, 2012 DOJ PREA Standards Final Notice, 77 Fed. Reg. 37,106 (2021).

¹⁴⁹ 28 C.F.R. § 115.88.

¹⁵⁰ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

OIA is the entity within BOP that has primary responsibility for tracking and overseeing employee misconduct. OIA maintains a database that contains information about all of the complaints it receives, including type of misconduct, facility, identity of employee, date, and other related information. 152

In the Subcommittee's interviews of Chief Reese, Dr. McLearen, and Regional Director Rios, these witnesses described how complaints of sexual abuse against BOP employees can suggest whether a region, group of facilities, individual facility, or employee merits additional scrutiny. The absence of complaints can also be probative: if female prisoners do not feel safe filing a complaint, the number of complaints at a particular institution may be artificially suppressed, meriting further scrutiny. 154

Yet while BOP is required by law to collect and analyze complaint data, it does not systematically use it to prevent and/or detect sexual abuse of female prisoners by employees. ¹⁵⁵ In other words, it does not have a practice of analyzing this data to identify facilities with an outlier number of complaints or broader system-wide issues. ¹⁵⁶ Although BOP may be aware of multiple complaints against individual employees, it does not appear that BOP analyzes this data to specifically identify BOP employees accused of abusing multiple women who merit additional scrutiny. ¹⁵⁷ BOP OIA does not, in the ordinary course of business, report any complaint data to BOP leadership in the Central Office in Washington, D.C., the Regional Offices, or Wardens. ¹⁵⁸ Indeed, as DOJ acknowledged to the Subcommittee, "the system used [by BOP] to track staff-initiated incidents was designed primarily for individual case tracking and not for trend analysis of data across matters." ¹⁵⁹ Therefore, save for an *ad hoc* review, BOP does not ascertain whether the number of sexual abuse allegations at a specific facility or region is trending or part of a larger pattern. ¹⁶⁰

c. The Office of Internal Affairs Annual Reporting Is Confusing, Omits Relevant Information, and Obscures BOP's Internal Affairs Case Backlog

BOP OIA generates an annual report for each fiscal year, intended to provide "information concerning the types and frequency of misconduct that occurs within [BOP]. The report is intended for managers and supervisors to address any trends and to identify any need for training to prevent misconduct from occurring." ¹⁶¹

(https://www.bop.gov/foia/docs/FY_2020_Annual_OIA_Report.pdf).

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¹⁵¹ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

¹⁵² Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

¹⁵³ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022); Alix McLearen, PhD, Acting Director of Reentry Services, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 4, 2022); Melissa Rios, Western Regional Director, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 10, 2022).

¹⁵⁴ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

¹⁵⁵ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

¹⁵⁶ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

¹⁵⁷ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

¹⁵⁸ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

¹⁵⁹ See Email from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 18, 2022) (on file with PSI).

¹⁶⁰ See Email from DOJ to PSI (Oct. 18, 2022) (on file with PSI).

¹⁶¹ Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Report for Fiscal Year 2020 (Jan. 6, 2021)

The report identifies how many cases BOP OIA closed by category of alleged misconduct. However, BOP OIA does not report out critical categories of information, such as the facilities where misconduct was alleged, the type of facility where misconduct was alleged (*i.e.*, whether it was a female facility), the gender of the complainant in sexual abuse cases (except for the most recent report, in FY 2020), the identity of the BOP employee accused of abuse, and whether the employee was named in other complaints over time. ¹⁶³

Additionally, its presentation of case closure data is confusing, obscuring how long cases have been pending and the total case backlog. ¹⁶⁴ Each year, OIA reports the total number of cases it closed according to the year that the case was opened. In other words, cases that were opened in one fiscal year but closed in another fiscal year are reported under the fiscal year they were originally opened. This method of presenting data obscures how long cases have been pending and the extent of the case backlog. ¹⁶⁵ Further, the report does not disclose what portion of the backlog is comprised of sexual abuse or any other category of case. ¹⁶⁶

V. BOP Fails to Hold Employees Accountable for Misconduct

"Obviously there [was] a cultural issue and a sense of permissiveness with staff having too much time with inmates [at FCC Coleman]. There [was] also a belief that staff [would] engage in this behavior without repercussions."

-BOP OIA Chief Reese¹⁶⁷

a. BOP Internal Affairs Has a Backlog of Approximately 8,000 Misconduct Cases

Per BOP guidelines, OIA should resolve complaints of employee misconduct within 180 days. ¹⁶⁸ Local investigators at each institution should resolve complaints within 120 days. ¹⁶⁹ The Subcommittee found that BOP's past and current practices violate these guidelines. ¹⁷⁰

(https://www.bop.gov/foia/docs/FY 2020 Annual OIA Report.pdf).

¹⁶² Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Report for Fiscal Year 2020 (Jan. 6, 2021)

¹⁶³ Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Report for Fiscal Year 2020 (Jan. 6, 2021)

⁽https://www.bop.gov/foia/docs/FY_2020_Annual_OIA_Report.pdf).

¹⁶⁴ See Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022); Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Report for Fiscal Year 2020 (Jan. 6, 2021)

⁽https://www.bop.gov/foia/docs/FY_2020_Annual_OIA_Report.pdf).

¹⁶⁵ See Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022); Office of Internal Affairs BOP, Report for Fiscal Year 2020; Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

¹⁶⁶ See Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022); Office of Internal Affairs BOP, Report for Fiscal Year 2020.

¹⁶⁷ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

¹⁶⁸ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

¹⁶⁹ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

¹⁷⁰ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022). Chief Reese told the Subcommittee that the Warden involved in the incident she recalled was later investigated for failure to report.

During FY 2020, the latest data that BOP OIA has analyzed and reported, BOP OIA opened 5,270 cases of allegations of employee misconduct—not limited to sexual misconduct—involving 6,593 of BOP's 37,000 employees.¹⁷¹ More than 1,100 of these cases alleged violations of Classification 1 offenses, the most serious misconduct, including sexual abuse or sexual harassment of female detainees.¹⁷² Yet as of March 17, 2021, BOP OIA had only closed 1,663 cases, or 31.6%.¹⁷³ Of cases opened in FY 2020, 3,607 cases, or 68.4%, remained open.¹⁷⁴

For FY 2020, there were 554 allegations of BOP employees and contractors sexually abusing prisoners reported to BOP OIA or detected during an open BOP OIA investigation. As of March 17, 2021, BOP substantiated five allegations of sexual abuse reported that year, which involved two BOP employees, two contract/residential reentry employees, and one employee working in a privatized facility. BOP did not sustain 215 allegations, and 304 were still pending. 177

Failure to timely clear cases adds up. During the course of its investigation, the Subcommittee uncovered that as of October 28, 2022, OIA had a backlog of approximately 8,000 cases, with some cases pending for more than five years. During an interview with the Subcommittee, BOP OIA Chief Reese said that BOP does not expect to be able to clear the backlog for another two years, at the earliest. ¹⁷⁹

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¹⁷¹ Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, *Report for Fiscal Year 2020* at 8 (https://www.bop.gov/foia/docs/FY_2020_Annual_OIA_Report.pdf); Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

¹⁷² Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Report for Fiscal Year 2020 at 8

⁽https://www.bop.gov/foia/docs/FY_2020_Annual_OIA_Report.pdf); Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022). Classification 1 cases are defined as allegations, which, if substantiated, would constitute a prosecutable offense (other than offenses such as misdemeanor arrests). Classification 1 cases, which include sex abuse, bribery, trafficking of contraband, and inappropriate use of a firearm, must be reported to OIA immediately and referred to OIG immediately. Bureau of Prisons, *Program Statement* (May 20, 2003) (https://www.bop.gov/policy/progstat/1210_024.pdf).

¹⁷³ Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Report for Fiscal Year 2020 at 11 (Jan. 6, 2021)

⁽https://www.bop.gov/foia/docs/FY_2020_Annual_OIA_Report.pdf).

¹⁷⁴ Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Report for Fiscal Year 2020 at 11 (Jan. 6, 2021)

⁽https://www.bop.gov/foia/docs/FY_2020_Annual_OIA_Report.pdf).

¹⁷⁵ Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Report for Fiscal Year 2020 at 32 (Jan. 6, 2021) (https://www.bop.gov/foia/docs/FY 2020 Annual OIA Report.pdf).

¹⁷⁶ Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, *Report for Fiscal Year 2020* at 12 (Jan. 6, 2021) (https://www.bop.gov/foia/docs/FY_2020_Annual_OIA_Report.pdf).

¹⁷⁷ Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Report for Fiscal Year 2020 at 32 (Jan. 6, 2021)

⁽https://www.bop.gov/foia/docs/FY_2020_Annual_OIA_Report.pdf). The Subcommittee took these figures directly from BOP OIA's FY 2020 annual report. The Subcommittee notes that they do not add up. BOP OIA reports that there were 554 allegations of BOP employees sexually abusing prisons, and that it sustained 5, did not sustain 215, and had 304 pending—a total of 524. The report does not expressly account for 30 of these allegations (554 minus 524). This is another example of BOP OIA's confusing presentation of data.

¹⁷⁸ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

¹⁷⁹ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

b. BOP's Inability to Timely Investigate and Close Internal Affairs Complaints Has Failed to Hold Wrongdoers Accountable

There are significant consequences to BOP OIA's failure to timely investigate and resolve allegations of staff misconduct. First, as BOP OIA Chief Reese explained to the Subcommittee in an interview, the longer cases drag on, the harder it can be to sustain allegations of misconduct. [E] vidence can go missing and memories are not as clear," she said. [81] Second, Chief Reese said that BOP OIA's inability to close cases "could create a perception that staff is not being held accountable." [182]

The lack of accountability has significant consequences across the culture of BOP facilities nationwide. As a preliminary concern, it makes prisons less safe. As Chief Reese explained, when inmates feel that prison employees can break the rules with impunity, inmates may feel less safe, increasing the likelihood that they will break the rules themselves. 183

In an interview with the Subcommittee, Wiley Jenkins, current Warden at the Metropolitan Detention Center Los Angeles (California) and former Warden at FCI Dublin who left his post there just prior to DOJ's indictments of five BOP employees there for sexual abuse of female prisoners, told the Subcommittee that in his view, the BOP OIA investigative process takes too long, even for sex abuse cases that can be more complicated. In his recollection, it has been this way for the entirety of his 20-plus year career with BOP. He described the consequences of lengthy delays in resolving internal affairs cases as preventing managers from holding staff accountable, staff perceiving that their concerns are not addressed, and administrative investigations are not just. He is a lateral length of the process, he said.

Loss of faith in the internal disciplinary process is exacerbated by vulnerabilities in the design of the internal affairs system. For example, when complaints of BOP employees' sexual abuse are submitted to the Warden, he is obligated to refer them onto BOP OIA. However, if the Warden does not do so, there is no way for BOP OIA to know that he had received the complaints at all. BOP OIA has no record of complaints that do not leave the Warden's office. Indeed, in an interview with the Subcommittee, the BOP OIA Chief Reese recalled at least one instance where she learned that this had happened and noted that "there may be more." Is

¹⁸⁰ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

¹⁸¹ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

¹⁸² Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

¹⁸³ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

¹⁸⁴ Wiley Jenkins, Former Warden at FCI Dublin, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 16, 2022).

¹⁸⁵ Wiley Jenkins, Former Warden at FCI Dublin, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 16, 2022).

¹⁸⁶ Wiley Jenkins, Former Warden at FCI Dublin, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 16, 2022).

¹⁸⁷ Wiley Jenkins, Former Warden at FCI Dublin, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 16, 2022).

¹⁸⁸ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

¹⁸⁹ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022). Reese noted that the warden in the one instance she could recall was investigated for his failure to report.

Per Chief Reese, BOP OIA is aware of the risk that senior managers within an institution could pressure investigators to close a case prematurely. She told PSI that there are vulnerabilities in any human system, and that part of the ongoing conversation at BOP OIA is making sure that no one is working on anything where they have a personal connection. 191

c. OIG Lacks Resources to Pursue Criminal Investigations of Most BOP Employees Accused of Crimes

OIG has the primary responsibility for criminal investigations into allegations of misconduct by current BOP employees. Due to capacity constraints, OIG is only able to pursue a fraction of the allegations of criminal misconduct, including sexual abuse of female prisoners by employees.

For the past decade, OIG's staff of approximately 80 non-supervisory criminal special agents reviewed approximately 700 cases per year that could implicate sexual abuse or harassment, and thousands more per year of various other employee misconduct. Last year, the OIG Special Agent in Charge ("SAC") of the Miami office reviewed 2,000 BOP complaints alone, and the SAC of the Dallas Office reviewed 2,300 complaints. Because OIG is only able to fully investigate a fraction of allegations of misconduct by BOP employees, it sends the vast majority of cases back to BOP OIA as a management referral for BOP to investigate or as a "monitored referral" by which BOP OIA conducts the investigation and then sends a report of its findings back to OIG.

The referral process triages investigations, but can reduce the deterrent of criminal sanctions, cause delay, and preclude fully independent investigations of allegations of misconduct from outside the agency. It can also lead to perverse outcomes like the one uncovered by the Subcommittee's investigation with respect to sex abuse at FCC Coleman. There, BOP OIA investigated allegations of sexual abuse and compelled the subjects of the investigation to sit for interviews under oath; then, the subjects of the investigation admitted to crimes and were effectively immunized from criminal prosecution under the *Garrity* standard.

In the past year, OIG has taken steps to institute reforms to address the potential difficulties in investigating sexual abuse of female prisoners. OIG has prioritized investigations of sexual misconduct cases, sought additional resources to be able to investigate a higher percentage of sexual misconduct allegations it receives, required its SACs to specifically note whether they had determined if the subject of an incoming complaint had previously been accused of misconduct, and is proactively analyzing case information in its database to identify "hot spots" by individual and institution. ¹⁹⁴

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¹⁹⁰ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

¹⁹¹ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

¹⁹² OIG Briefing to PSI (Nov. 9, 2022).

¹⁹³ OIG Briefing to PSI (Nov. 9, 2022).

¹⁹⁴ OIG Briefing to PSI (Nov. 9, 2022).

VI. BOP's Deficient Response to Sexual Abuse

BOP failed to take agency-wide action to address sexual abuse of female inmates by male BOP employees. While BOP's and DOJ's recent focus on sexual abuse prevention and deterrence represents progress, it comes years after significant incidents of abuse came to light.

During interviews with the Subcommittee, BOP articulated two opposing views concerning how it viewed BOP employees' sexual abuse of prisoners at these four facilities. On the one hand, BOP OIA Chief Reese and Acting Assistant Director for Reentry Services, Alix McLearen, PhD, described abuse, at least with respect to FCC Coleman and FCI Dublin, as partially attributable to the culture of those institutions at the time. ¹⁹⁵

But Regional Director Rios and Warden Jenkins viewed abuse at these four facilities as individual misconduct, even when there were multiple employees abusing multiple female prisoners in the same facility over the same period of time. When asked in an interview with the Subcommittee whether there was a culture of abuse at FCI Dublin evidenced by the five criminal prosecutions of BOP employees there, all within a two-year period, Warden Jenkins replied, "no." In his view, sex abuse by BOP employees at FCI Dublin did not reflect broader issues at the prison. His remedy for BOP employee sexual abuse of female prisoners at the scale of FCI Dublin would be the same as his remedy to a one-off cases of sexual abuse. ¹⁹⁹ "It goes back to individual choices of people making poor decisions," he said. ²⁰⁰

On November 4, 2022, the Subcommittee interviewed Dr. McLearen appearing on behalf of BOP to address the actions that BOP has taken in response to sexual abuse cases at MCC New York, MDC Brooklyn, FCC Coleman, and FCI Dublin. In response to the abuse at MCC New York, MDC Brooklyn, and FCC Coleman, it does not appear that BOP took any agency-wide actions to prevent abuse from occurring at other facilities in the future. BOP informed the Subcommittee that in response to sexual abuse by BOP employees at these three facilities, it conducted additional oversight of those facilities and changed leadership.²⁰¹ For example, following revelations of abuse at MDC Brooklyn, BOP removed the Warden and implemented additional PREA compliance training at that facility.²⁰² However, BOP appears to have made no changes to its policies or practices across its network of 122 prisons.²⁰³

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¹⁹⁵ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022); Alix McLearen, PhD, Acting Director of Reentry Services, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 4, 2022).

¹⁹⁶ Melissa Rios, Regional Director for the Western Region, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 10, 2022); Wiley Jenkins, Former Warden at FCI Dublin, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 16, 2022).

¹⁹⁷ Wiley Jenkins, Former Warden at FCI Dublin, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 16, 2022).

¹⁹⁸ Wiley Jenkins, Former Warden at FCI Dublin, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 16, 2022).

¹⁹⁹ Wiley Jenkins, Former Warden at FCI Dublin, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 16, 2022).

²⁰⁰ Wiley Jenkins, Former Warden at FCI Dublin, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 16, 2022).

²⁰¹ Alix McLearen, PhD, Acting Director of Reentry Services, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 4, 2022).

²⁰² Alix McLearen, PhD, Acting Director of Reentry Services, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 4, 2022).

²⁰³ Alix McLearen, PhD, Acting Director of Reentry Services, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 4, 2022).

It appears BOP only reevaluated the way that it responded to BOP employee sexual abuse of female prisoners last year, following sexual abuse at FCI Dublin.²⁰⁴ Last year, BOP did the following:

- Updated language in its employee handbook pertaining to sexual abuse prevention for clarity. ²⁰⁵
- Updated language in the standardized PREA poster hung in all BOP institutions that provides resources for prisoners concerning sexual abuse or harassment for clarity.²⁰⁶
- Updated and standardized the script of the orientation training for inmates upon arrival to a new facility concerning how to report sexual abuse. BOP also created an informational video to be played at orientation where employees explained in "short, clear, and direct statements" that there is zero tolerance for sexual abuse."²⁰⁷
- Retained a contractor to train OIA investigators on how to interview inmate victims of sexual abuse. ²⁰⁸

In addition to BOP implementing reforms, DOJ and BOP leadership have taken steps—coinciding with the Subcommittee's investigation—to address the issue of sexual abuse of female prisoners by male employees.

In October 2022, BOP informed the Subcommittee that it planned to reorganize the chain of command for internal affairs investigators so that those stationed to work in individual facilities report up to the OIA Chief in the Central Office in Washington D.C. instead of the facility's Warden. BOP also informed the Subcommittee that it will hire additional OIA investigators and BOP will conduct Women's Institution Cultural Assessment for facilities holding women, which include on-site inspections and interviews with detainees designed to increase BOP's awareness of conditions at those facilities. Descriptions are conditions at those facilities.

A July 14, 2022 memorandum from the Deputy Attorney General called on DOJ to convene a group of senior DOJ officials (the "Working Group") to "review the Department's approach to rooting out and preventing sexual misconduct by BOP employees."²¹¹ On

²⁰⁴ Alix McLearen, PhD, Acting Director of Reentry Services, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 4, 2022).

²⁰⁵ Alix McLearen, PhD, Acting Director of Reentry Services, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 4, 2022).

²⁰⁶ Alix McLearen, PhD, Acting Director of Reentry Services, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 4, 2022).

²⁰⁷ Alix McLearen, PhD, Acting Director of Reentry Services, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 4, 2022).

²⁰⁸ Alix McLearen, PhD, Acting Director of Reentry Services, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 4, 2022).

²⁰⁹ Beth Reese, Chief of the Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Oct. 28, 2022).

²¹⁰ Alix McLearen, PhD, Acting DirectorBeth Reese, Chief of Reentry Servicesthe Office of Internal Affairs, BOP, Interview with PSI (Nov. 4Oct. 28, 2022).

²¹¹ Working Group of DOJ Components, *Report and Recommendations Concerning the Department of Justice's Response to Sexual Misconduct by Employees of the Federal Bureau of Prisons* (Nov. 2, 2022).

November 2, 2022, the Working Group issued its report of recommendations for both BOP and DOL ²¹²

The Working Group recommended that BOP improve reporting mechanisms for BOP employees who commit sexual misconduct; DOJ prioritize investigations of BOP employees accused of misconduct; and BOP enhance the use of administrative actions and discipline of BOP employees who are found to have committed sexual misconduct.²¹³ The Subcommittee notes that it is difficult to evaluate the Working Group's recommendations because the Working Group did not establish the basis for them. It did not discuss the scope of sexual abuse in BOP facilities, whether it viewed the problem as specific to particular institutions or systemic across BOP facilities, or how long these issues may have persisted. The Working Group did not posit the cause of these problems or include a comprehensive analysis of historical data that it had obtained from DOJ and BOP that might identify relevant trends or patterns.²¹⁴

VII. Conclusion

BOP failed to detect or prevent sexual abuse of incarcerated women by male BOP employees. The agency's poor implementation of the audit program and reporting mechanisms required by PREA allowed serious, repeated sexual abuse in at least four facilities to go undetected. BOP's internal affairs practices have failed to hold employees accountable, and multiple admitted sexual abusers were not criminally prosecuted as a result. Further, for a decade, BOP failed to respond to this abuse or implement agency-wide reforms. Moving forward, BOP should consider the Subcommittee's findings as it works to implement changes to how it handles sexual abuse of female prisoners by male BOP employees.

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²¹² Working Group of DOJ Components, *Report and Recommendations Concerning the Department of Justice's Response to Sexual Misconduct by Employees of the Federal Bureau of Prisons* (Nov. 2, 2022).

²¹³ Working Group of DOJ Components, *Report and Recommendations Concerning the Department of Justice's Response to Sexual Misconduct by Employees of the Federal Bureau of Prisons* (Nov. 2, 2022); Office of the Deputy Attorney General, Department of Justice, Briefing to PSI (Nov. 21, 2022).

²¹⁴ Working Group of DOJ Components, *Report and Recommendations Concerning the Department of Justice's Response to Sexual Misconduct by Employees of the Federal Bureau of Prisons* (Nov. 2, 2022); Office of the Deputy Attorney General, Department of Justice, Briefing to PSI (Nov. 21, 2022). Such data analysis, required by the PREA standards, could inform BOP's own surveillance systems. The Working Group planned for this work to happen in the future, recommending that BOP create a standing Advisory Group to oversee BOP data collection and analysis.

Exhibit 1

Sexual Abuse of Female Prisoners by BOP Employees from 2012 to 2022 ¹					
Facility	Source	Number of Women Abused			
FCI Alderson	United States v. Jeffrey Walton, 5:14-CR-64 (S.D. W.Va.)	1			
	United States v. Richard Canterbury, 5:14-CR-281 (S.D. W.Va.)	1			
	United States v. Jarrod Grimes, 5:18-CR-69 (S.D. W.Va.)	6			
	OIA Substantiated Cases ²	5			
FCI Aliceville	United States v. Jesse Bailey, 7:17-CR-504 (N.D. Ala.)	1			
	United States v. Adrian Stargell, 7:20-CR-56 (N.D. Ala.)	2			
	United States v. Eric Ellis, 7:21-CR-167 (N.D. Ala.)	1			
	OIA Substantiated Cases ³	5			
MDC Brooklyn	United States v. Armando Moronta, 17-CR-281 (E.D.N.Y.)	3			
	United States v. Eugenio Perez, 17-CR-280 (E.D.N.Y.)	5			
	United States v. Carlos Martinez, 17-CR-2790 (E.D.N.Y.)	1			
FPC Bryan	United States v. James Graves, 1:20-CR-287 (S.D. Tex.)	2			
	United States v. Marshall Thomas, 4:15-CR-535 (S.D. Tex.)	2			
	United States v. Kendrick Brooks, 4:15-CR-00536 (S.D. Tex.)	1			
	OIA Substantiated Cases ⁴	6			

¹ This table lists cases of sexual abuse of female prisoners by BOP employees. Data from the table was derived from two sources. First, cases where a male BOP employee pleaded guilty or was convicted of sexually abusing a female prisoner. Second, cases where BOP OIA substantiated allegations of sexual abuse by male BOP employees at one of the six female-only BOP facilities. The Subcommittee did not include cases where OIA substantiated cases of sexual abuse by BOP employees at any of the non-female-only facilities because the data that BOP produced to the Subcommittee did not identify the gender of the complaint(s).

² Staff-on-Inmate Sex Abuse Sustained Cases from 2012-Present, Production from DOJ to PSI (Nov. 10, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod4-001-049).

³ Staff-on-Inmate Sex Abuse Sustained Cases from 2012-Present, Production from DOJ to PSI (Nov. 10, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod4-001-049).

⁴ Staff-on-Inmate Sex Abuse Sustained Cases from 2012-Present, Production from DOJ to PSI (Nov. 10, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod4-001-049).

FMC Carswell	United States v. Brady Green ⁵	1
	4u:r1t4-cr-00145-O (N.D. Tex.)	
	United States v. Yvonne Marrufo,	1
	4:15-cr-00205-A (N.D. Tex.)	
	United States v. Matthew McGaugh,	1
	4:17-cr-00105-O (N.D. Tex.)	
	United States v. Luise Curiel,	3
	4:22-cr-00132-P (N.D. Tex.)	
	OIA Substantiated Cases ⁶	16
FCC Coleman	Beaubrun v. United States, ⁷	10
	5:19-cv-00615-TJC-PRL (M.D. Fla. 2022).	
FCI Danbury	United States v. Carlos Sanchez,	1
•	3:18-cr-00320	
FCI Dublin	Peterson v. Martinez, et al.,	1
	3:19-cv-01447 (N.D. Cal.)	
	United States v. Ray Garcia,	2
	4:21-CR-429 (N.D. Cal.)	
	United States v. John Bellhouse,	1
	4:21-MJ-71905 (N.D. Cal.)	
	United States v. James Highhouse,	1
	4:22-CR-16 (N.D. Cal.)	
	United States v. Ross Klinger,	3
	4:22-CR-31 (N.D. Cal.)	
	United States v. Enrique Chavez,	1
	4:22-CR-104 (N.D. Cal.) OIA Substantiated Cases ⁸	10
ECLII I		10
FCI Hazelton	United States v. Scott Born,	l
FDC Houston	1:20-CR-99 (N.D. W.Va.) United States v. Samuel Hawkins,	1
FDC HOUSION	4:16-CR-153 (S.D. Tex.)	1
FMC Lexington	United States v. Christopher Goodwin,	4
rwic Lexington	5:21-CR-85 (E.D. Ky.)	4
	United States v. Hosea Lee,	4
	5:21-CR-84 (E.D. Ky.)	4
	J.21-CR-04 (E.D. Ky.)	

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⁵ Green was charged with and pleaded guilty to falsely denying that he had sex with a ward.

⁶ Staff-on-Inmate Sex Abuse Sustained Cases from 2012-Present, Production from DOJ to PSI (Nov. 10, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod4-001-049).

⁷ Fifteen plaintiffs alleged that they were sexually abused by eight officers. Defendant United States answered plaintiffs' pleading by admitting allegations that six of the eight officers had sexual interactions with ten of the plaintiffs. *See Beaubrun Answer*.

⁸ Staff-on-Inmate Sex Abuse Sustained Cases from 2012-Present, Production from DOJ to PSI (Nov. 10, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod4-001-049).

MDC Los	United States v. Abel Concho,	1
Angeles	2:21-CR-446 (C.D. Cal.)	
	United States v. Jose Viera,	1
	2:22-CR-211 (C.D. Cal.)	
MCC New	United States v. Rudell Mullings,	1
York	15-CR-538 (E.D.N.Y.)	
	United States v. Colin Akparanta,	7
	19-CR-363 (S.D.N.Y.)	
FDC Miami	United States v. Damon Coleman,	1
	3:19-CR-104 (E.D. Va.)	
FCI Phoenix	United States v. James Toadvine,	1
	2:15-CR-1535 (D. Ariz.)	
	United States v. Edward Mendoza,	1
	2:15-CR-1325 (D. Ariz.)	
	United States v. Darrell McCoy,	1
	CR-2:17-cr-01410-DLR-1 (D. Ariz.)	
	United States v. Irvin Anglin,	1
	2020-CR-00625-JJT	
MDC San Diego	United States v. Brandon McKinney,	1
	3:11-CR-1020 (S.D. Cal.)	
FCI Tallahassee	United States v. Jimmy Highsmith,	2
	4:21-CR-008 (N.D. Fla.)	
	United States v. Phillip Golightly,	
	4:20-cr-032 (N.D. Fla.)	
FCC Victorville	United States v. Apolonio Gamez,	3
	5:18-CR-100 (C.D. Cal.)	
FCI-Waseca	United States v. Mark McShane,	1
	18-CR-109 (D. Minn.)	
	OIA Substantiated Cases ⁹	8
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⁹ Staff-on-Inmate Sex Abuse Sustained Cases from 2012-Present, Production from DOJ to PSI (Nov. 10, 2022) (PSI-BOPOIA-Prod4-001-049).

Exhibit 2

2012 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2012 to 12/31/2012

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed, Sustained	Closed, Not Sustained	Admin. Closure	Currently Open
Adams County Corr CTR (CI) - ACC	1	0	1	0	0
Alderson (FPC) - ALD	4	0	4	0	0
Allenwood (FCC) - ALX	12	0	12	0	0
Annapolis Junction (CCM) - CBR	2	0	1	1	0
Ashland (FCI) - ASH	2	0	2	0	0
Atlanta (CCM) - CAT	2	0	2	0	0
Atlanta (USP) - ATL	9	2	7	0	0
Atwater (USP) - ATW	3	0	3	0	0
Bastrop (FCI) - BAS	1	0	1	0	0
Beaumont (FCC) - BMX	8	3	5	0	0
Beckley (FCI) - BEC	2	1	1	0	0
Bennettsville (FCI) - BEN	6	0	6	0	0
Big Spring (CI) - BSC	3	1	2	0	0
Big Spring (FCI) - BIG	1	0	1	0	0
Brooklyn (MDC) - BRO	7	2	5	0	0
Bryan (FPC) - BRY	3	1	2	0	0
Butner (FCC) - BUX	10	3	5	2	0
Canaan (USP) - CAA	9	0	8	1	0
Carswell (FMC) - CRW	8	1	7	0	0
Chicago (CCM) - CCH	5	0	3	2	0
Chicago (MCC) - CCC	4	0	4	0	0
Cibola County (CI) - CIB	1	1	0	0	0
Cincinnati (CCM) - CCN	2	0	2	0	0
Coleman (FCC) - COX	30	2	28	0	0
Cumberland (FCI) - CUM	1	0	1	0	0
D. Ray James Correctional Fac - DRJ	3	0	3	0	0
Dalby (CI) - DAL	7	0	1	0	0
Dallas (CCM) - CDA Danbury (FCI) - DAN		0	5	2	0
Devens (FMC) - DEV	6 2	0	2	3	0
Dublin (FCI) - DUB	3	0	3	0	0
Duluth (FPC) - DTH	1	0	1	0	0
Eden Dention Center (CI) - EDN	2	0	2	0	0
Edgefield (FCI) - EDG	1	0	1	0	0
El Paso (CCM) - CEP	1	0	1	0	0
El Reno (FCI) - ERE	1	0	1	0	0
Elkton (FCI) - ELK	3	0	3	0	0
Englewood (FCI) - ENG	3	0	3	0	0
Estill (FCI) - EST	2	0	2	0	0
Fairton (FCI) - FAI	6	0	6	0	0
Florence (FCC) - FLX	24	1	22	1	0
Forrest City (FCC) - FOX	3	0	3	0	0
Fort Dix (FCI) - FTD	6	0	6	0	0
Fort Worth (FCI) - FTW	3	1	2	0	0
Gilmer (FCI) - GIL	1	0	1	0	0

2012 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2012 to 12/31/2012

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed, Sustained	Closed, Not Sustained	Admin. Closure	Currently Open
Greenville (FCI) - GRE	4	0	4	0	0
Guaynabo (MDC) - GUA	2	2	0	0	0
Hazelton (FCC) - HAX	7	0	6	1	0
Herlong (FCI) - HER	3	1	2	0	0
Honolulu (FDC) - HON	3	1	2	0	0
Houston (CCM) - CHN	2	0	0	2	0
Houston (FDC) - HOU	2	2	0	0	0
Jesup (FCI) - JES	2	0	2	0	0
Kansas City (CCM) - CKC	2	0	0	2	0
La Tuna (FCI) - LAT	6	0	6	0	0
Leavenworth (USP) - LVN	4	2	2	0	0
Lewisburg (USP) - LEW	22	1	21	0	0
Lexington (FMC) - LEX	5	2	3	0	0
Lompoc (FCC) - LOX	3	0	2	1	0
Long Beach (CCM) - CLB	2	1	0	1	0
Loretto (FCI) - LOR	4	1	2	1	0
Marianna (FCI) - MNA	6	1	4	1	0
Marion (USP) - MAR	3	0	3	0	0
McCreary (USP) - MCR	12	0	12	0	0
McDowell (FCI) - MCD	2	0	2	0	0
McKean (FCI) - MCK	4	0	4	0	0
McRae (CI) - MCA	1	0	1	0	0
Mendota (FCI) - MEN	1	1	0	0	0
Miami (CCM) - CMM	4	0	1	0	0
Miami (FDC) - MIM	1	0	1	0	0
Milan (FCI) - MIL	4	0	4	0	0
Montgomery (CCM) - CMY	1	0	1	0	0
Montgomery (FPC) - MON	4	0	4	0	0
Morgantown (FCI) - MRG	3	0	3	0	0
Moshannon Valley (CI) - MVC	6	0	1 5	1	0
Nashville (CCM) - CNV NE Ohio Corr Ctr (CI) - NOC	1	0	0	1	0
New York (MCC) - NYM	3	1	2	0	0
Oakdale (FCC) - OAX	9	0	9	0	0
Oklahoma City (FTC) - OKL	5	0	3	2	0
Orlando (CCM) - COR	1	0	1	0	0
Otisville (FCI) - OTV	3	1	2	0	0
Oxford (FCI) - OXF	1	0	0	1	0
Pekin (FCI) - PEK	3	1	1	1	0
Pensacola (FPC) - PEN	2	2	0	0	0
Petersburg (FCC) - PEX	5	0	4	1	0
Philadelphia (CCM) - CPA	2	0	0	2	0
Philadelphia (FDC) - PHL	3	1	2	0	0
Phoenix (CCM) - CPH	4	0	2	2	0
Phoenix (FCI) - PHX	6	2	3	1	0

2012 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2012 to 12/31/2012

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed,	Closed, Not	Admin.	Currently Open
		<u>Sustained</u>	<u>Sustained</u>	<u>Closure</u>	
Pittsburgh (CCM) - CPG	7	0	5	2	0
Pollock (FCC) - POX	3	1	2	0	0
Raleigh (CCM) - CRL	1	0	0	1	0
Ray Brook (FCI) - RBK	1	0	1	0	0
Reeves I and II (CI) - REE	5	4	1	0	0
Rivers (CI) - RIV	2	1	1	0	0
Rochester (FMC) - RCH	3	1	2	0	0
Safford (FCI) - SAF	3	0	3	0	0
San Diego (MCC) - SDC	2	0	2	0	0
Sandstone (FCI) - SST	2	0	2	0	0
Sheridan (FCI) - SHE	3	1	2	0	0
Springfield (MCFP) - SPG	9	1	8	0	0
Taft (CI) - TAF	2	0	1	1	0
Talladega (FCI) - TDG	8	0	7	1	0
Tallahassee (FCI) - TAL	26	1	23	2	0
Terminal Island (FCI) - TRM	2	0	2	0	0
Terre Haute (FCC) - THX	14	0	14	0	0
Texarkana (FCI) - TEX	1	0	1	0	0
Tucson (FCC) - TCX	10	0	10	0	0
Victorville (FCC) - VIX	23	1	19	3	0
Waseca (FCI) - WAS	6	1	3	2	0
Willacy County Corr. Ctr (CI) - WLC	2	1	0	1	0
Williamsburg (FCI) - WIL	3	1	1	1	0
Yazoo City (FCC) - YAX	17	2	12	3	0

2013 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2013 to 12/31/2013

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed,	Closed, Not	Admin.	Currently Open
Adams County Corr CTR (CI) - ACC	2	Sustained 0	Sustained 2	Closure 0	0
Alderson (FPC) - ALD	3	1	2	0	0
Aliceville (FCI) - ALI	1	0	1	0	0
Allenwood (FCC) - ALX	18	1	17	0	0
Annapolis Junction (CCM) - CBR	1	0	0	1	0
Atlanta (CCM) - CAT	1	0	0	1	0
Atlanta (USP) - ATL	8	0	6	2	0
Atwater (USP) - ATW	2	0	2	0	0
Bastrop (FCI) - BAS	1	0	1	0	0
Beaumont (FCC) - BMX	9	0	9	0	0
Beckley (FCI) - BEC	7	1	5	1	0
Bennettsville (FCI) - BEN	1	0	1	0	0
Berlin (FCI) - BER	2	0	2	0	0
Big Sandy (USP) - BSY	3	1	2	0	0
Big Spring (CI) - BSC	8	3	4	1	0
Big Spring (FCI) - BIG	7	0	7	0	0
Brooklyn (MDC) - BRO	6	1	5	0	0
Bryan (FPC) - BRY	3	1	2	0	0
Butner (FCC) - BUX	14	2	11	1	0
Canaan (USP) - CAA	16	0	16	0	0
Carswell (FMC) - CRW	8	1	7	0	0
Chicago (MCC) - CCC	3	0	3	0	0
Cibola County (CI) - CIB	2	0	1	1	0
Cincinnati (CCM) - CCN	1	0	0	1	0
Coleman (FCC) - COX	28	2	25	1	0
Cumberland (FCI) - CUM	1	0	0	1	0
D. Ray James Correctional Fac - DRJ	2	0	2	0	0
Dalby (CI) - DAL	4	1	2	1	0
Dallas (CCM) - CDA	9	1	2	6	0
Danbury (FCI) - DAN	3	1	1	1	0
Detroit (CCM) - CDT	1	0	1	0	0
Devens (FMC) - DEV	5	0	4	1	0
Dublin (FCI) - DUB	4	0	4	0	0
Eden Dention Center (CI) - EDN	1	0	0	1	0
Edgefield (FCI) - EDG	3	0	1	2	0
El Paso (CCM) - CEP	2	0	2	0	0
El Reno (FCI) - ERE	4	0	4	0	0
Elkton (FCI) - ELK	1	0	1	0	0
Englewood (FCI) - ENG	8	1	7	0	0
Estill (FCI) - EST	8	2	6	0	0
Fairton (FCI) - FAI	7	0	7	0	0
Florence (FCC) - FLX	42	1	40	1	0
Forrest City (FCC) - FOX	5	0	5	0	0
Fort Dix (FCI) - FTD	10	0	10	0	0
Fort Worth (FCI) - FTW	7	0	6	1	0

2013 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2013 to 12/31/2013

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed,	Closed, Not	Admin.	Currently Open
		Sustained	Sustained	Closure	
Gilmer (FCI) - GIL	9	1	8	0	0
Greenville (FCI) - GRE	1	0	1	0	0
Guaynabo (MDC) - GUA	2	1	1	0	0
Hazelton (FCC) - HAX	13	4	9	0	0
Herlong (FCI) - HER	11	3	8	0	0
Honolulu (FDC) - HON	1	1	0	0	0
Houston (CCM) - CHN	1	1	0	0	0
Houston (FDC) - HOU	3	1	2	0	0
Jesup (FCI) - JES	11	1	10	0	0
Kansas City (CCM) - CKC	2	1	0	1	0
La Tuna (FCI) - LAT	7	0	6	1	0
Leavenworth (USP) - LVN	2	0	2	0	0
Lee (USP) - LEE	4	1	3	0	0
Lewisburg (USP) - LEW	24	1	23	0	0
Lexington (FMC) - LEX	5	1	3	1	0
Lompoc (FCC) - LOX	6	0	4	2	0
Long Beach (CCM) - CLB	2	0	0	2	0
Loretto (FCI) - LOR	3	0	2	1	0
Los Angeles (MDC) - LOS	2	0	1	1	0
Marianna (FCI) - MNA	8	1	7	0	0
Marion (USP) - MAR	5	1	4	0	0
McCreary (USP) - MCR	14	1	13	0	0
McDowell (FCI) - MCD	5	0	5	0	0
Memphis (FCI) - MEM	2	0	2	0	0
Mendota (FCI) - MEN	6	0	5	1	0
Miami (FDC) - MIM	2	0	2	0	0
Milan (FCI) - MIL	2	0	2	0	0
Minneapolis (CCM) - CMS	3	0	2	1	0
Montgomery (CCM) - CMY	2	0	1	1	0
Montgomery (FPC) - MON	1	0	1	0	0
Morgantown (FCI) - MRG	3	0	3	0	0
Moshannon Valley (CI) - MVC	1	0	1	0	0
Nashville (CCM) - CNV	3	0	3	0	0
NE Ohio Corr Ctr (CI) - NOC	2	1	0	1	0
New Orleans (CCM) - CNO	1	0	1	0	0
New York (CCM) - CNK	3	1	0	2	0
New York (MCC) - NYM	1	0	1	0	0
Oakdale (FCC) - OAX	7	2	5	0	0
Oklahoma City (FTC) - OKL	6	1	5	0	0
Otisville (FCI) - OTV	1	0	1	0	0
Oxford (FCI) - OXF	3	3	0	0	0
Pekin (FCI) - PEK	2	1	1	0	0
Pensacola (FPC) - PEN	1	0	0	1	0
Petersburg (FCC) - PEX	4	0	3	1	0
Phoenix (CCM) - CPH	2	0	1	1	0

2013 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2013 to 12/31/2013

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed,	Closed, Not	Admin.	Currently Open
		Sustained	Sustained	Closure	
Phoenix (FCI) - PHX	2	1	1	0	0
Pollock (FCC) - POX	8	0	8	0	0
Ray Brook (FCI) - RBK	3	0	3	0	0
Reeves I and II (CI) - REE	1	1	0	0	0
Reeves III (CI) - RVS	2	0	2	0	0
Rivers (CI) - RIV	2	0	2	0	0
Rochester (FMC) - RCH	2	1	1	0	0
Sacramento (CCM) - CSC	1	0	0	1	0
San Antonio (CCM) - CSA	2	0	0	2	0
Sandstone (FCI) - SST	2	0	2	0	0
Schuylkill (FCI) - SCH	3	0	3	0	0
Seagoville (FCI) - SEA	3	1	2	0	0
SeaTac (FDC) - SET	1	0	1	0	0
Seattle (CCM) - CSE	1	0	0	1	0
Sheridan (FCI) - SHE	7	0	7	0	0
Springfield (MCFP) - SPG	5	0	4	1	0
St Louis (CCM) - CST	1	0	0	1	0
Taft (CI) - TAF	2	0	2	0	0
Talladega (FCI) - TDG	2	0	2	0	0
Tallahassee (FCI) - TAL	29	5	22	2	0
Terminal Island (FCI) - TRM	3	1	2	0	0
Terre Haute (FCC) - THX	9	0	9	0	0
Texarkana (FCI) - TEX	1	0	1	0	0
Three Rivers (FCI) - TRV	5	0	5	0	0
Tucson (FCC) - TCX	7	0	7	0	0
Victorville (FCC) - VIX	42	2	34	6	0
Waseca (FCI) - WAS	7	2	5	0	0
Willacy County Corr. Ctr (CI) - WLC	1	1	0	0	0
Williamsburg (FCI) - WIL	1	0	1	0	0
Yazoo City (FCC) - YAX	7	2	5	0	0

2014 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2014 to 12/31/2014

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed,	Closed, Not	Admin.	Currently Open
Adams County Corr CTR (CI) - ACC	1	Sustained 0	Sustained 1	Closure 0	0
Alderson (FPC) - ALD	3	2	0	1	0
Aliceville (FCI) - ALI	4	0	4	0	0
Allenwood (FCC) - ALX	11	2	8	0	1
Annapolis Junction (CCM) - CBR	2	0	1	1	0
Ashland (FCI) - ASH	3	0	3	0	0
Atlanta (CCM) - CAT	1	0	0	1	0
Atlanta (USP) - ATL	17	0	11	6	0
Atwater (USP) - ATW	2	0	2	0	0
Beaumont (FCC) - BMX	8	0	7	1	0
Beckley (FCI) - BEC	5	0	5	0	0
Bennettsville (FCI) - BEN	2	0	2	0	0
Berlin (FCI) - BER	5	1	4	0	0
Big Sandy (USP) - BSY	1	1	0	0	0
Big Spring (CI) - BSC	3	2	1	0	0
Big Spring (FCI) - BIG	5	0	5	0	0
Brooklyn (MDC) - BRO	8	0	7	1	0
Bryan (FPC) - BRY	4	2	2	0	0
Butner (FCC) - BUX	6	1	5	0	0
Canaan (USP) - CAA	8	0	8	0	0
Carswell (FMC) - CRW	11	2	7	2	0
Chicago (CCM) - CCH	2	0	2	0	0
Chicago (MCC) - CCC	3	0	2	1	0
Cincinnati (CCM) - CCN	1	0	0	1	0
Coleman (FCC) - COX	18	3	14	1	0
Cumberland (FCI) - CUM	1	0	0	1	0
D. Ray James Correctional Fac - DRJ	1	0	1	0	0
Dalby (CI) - DAL	2	1	1	0	0
Dallas (CCM) - CDA	5	0	1	4	0
Danbury (FCI) - DAN	3	0	3	0	0
Devens (FMC) - DEV	2	1	1	0	0
Dublin (FCI) - DUB	7	3	2	2	0
Duluth (FPC) - DTH	2	0	2	0	0
Eden Dention Center (CI) - EDN	3	2	1	0	0
Edgefield (FCI) - EDG	6	1	5	0	0
El Reno (FCI) - ERE	1	0	1	0	0
Elkton (FCI) - ELK	4	1	3	0	0
Englewood (FCI) - ENG	3	1	2	0	0
Estill (FCI) - EST	9	1	8	0	0
Fairton (FCI) - FAI	1	0	1	0	0
Florence (FCC) - FLX	46	0	44	2	0
Forrest City (FCC) - FOX	2	0	2	0	0
Fort Dix (FCI) - FTD	6	1	5	0	0
Fort Worth (FCI) - FTW	2	0	2	0	0
Gilmer (FCI) - GIL	8	1	7	0	0

2014 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2014 to 12/31/2014

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed,	Closed, Not	Admin.	Currently Open
Hazelton (FCC) - HAX	10	Sustained 2	<u>Sustained</u> 7	Closure 1	0
Herlong (FCI) - HER	2	2	0	0	0
Honolulu (FDC) - HON	1	1	0	0	0
Houston (CCM) - CHN	2	0	2	0	0
Jesup (FCI) - JES	6	1	5	0	0
Kansas City (CCM) - CKC	1	0	0	1	0
La Tuna (FCI) - LAT	4	0	4	0	0
Leavenworth (USP) - LVN	1	0	1	0	0
Lee (USP) - LEE	1	0	1	0	0
Lewisburg (USP) - LEW	17	0	17	0	0
Lompoc (FCC) - LOX	4	1	3	0	0
Long Beach (CCM) - CLB	1	0	0	1	0
Loretto (FCI) - LOR	4	0	2	2	0
Los Angeles (MDC) - LOS	3	0	2	1	0
Marianna (FCI) - MNA	3	0	3	0	0
Marion (USP) - MAR	4	0	2	2	0
McCreary (USP) - MCR	5	2	3	0	0
McKean (FCI) - MCK	1	0	0	1	0
McRae (CI) - MCA	1	1	0	0	0
Memphis (FCI) - MEM	2	0	2	0	0
Mendota (FCI) - MEN	2	0	2	0	0
Miami (CCM) - CMM	4	0	2	2	0
Miami (FCI) - MIA	2	0	1	0	1
Miami (FDC) - MIM	9	2	3	4	0
Milan (FCI) - MIL	1	0	1	0	0
Minneapolis (CCM) - CMS	2	0	2	0	0
Montgomery (CCM) - CMY	4	0	0	4	0
Montgomery (FPC) - MON	1	1	0	0	0
Morgantown (FCI) - MRG	2	1	1	0	0
Moshannon Valley (CI) - MVC	1	1	0	0	0
Nashville (CCM) - CNV	3	0	0	3	0
NE Ohio Corr Ctr (CI) - NOC	2	1	0	1	0
New York (CCM) - CNK	1	0	0	1	0
New York (MCC) - NYM	3	0	3	0	0
Oakdale (FCC) - OAX	1	0	1	0	0
Oklahoma City (FTC) - OKL	2	1	1	0	0
Orlando (CCM) - COR	1	0	1	0	0
Otisville (FCI) - OTV	2	0	2	0	0
Oxford (FCI) - OXF	1	0	1	0	0
Pekin (FCI) - PEK	1	0	1	0	0
Petersburg (FCC) - PEX	3	1	2	0	0
Philadelphia (CCM) - CPA	2	0	1 7	1	0
Philadelphia (FDC) - PHL	7	0	7	0	0
Phoenix (FCI) - PHX	1	0	0	0	1
Pittsburgh (CCM) - CPG	6	0	5	1	0

2014 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2014 to 12/31/2014

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed,	Closed, Not	Admin.	Currently Open
-		Sustained	Sustained	Closure	
Pollock (FCC) - POX	8	1	6	1	0
Raleigh (CCM) - CRL	2	0	0	2	0
Ray Brook (FCI) - RBK	2	0	2	0	0
Reeves I and II (CI) - REE	2	2	0	0	0
Reeves III (CI) - RVS	2	0	2	0	0
Rivers (CI) - RIV	4	1	3	0	0
Rochester (FMC) - RCH	3	1	2	0	0
Sacramento (CCM) - CSC	2	0	0	2	0
Safford (FCI) - SAF	2	1	1	0	0
San Antonio (CCM) - CSA	3	1	1	1	0
San Diego (MCC) - SDC	3	1	1	1	0
Sandstone (FCI) - SST	1	0	1	0	0
Schuylkill (FCI) - SCH	2	0	2	0	0
Seagoville (FCI) - SEA	1	0	1	0	0
Seattle (CCM) - CSE	2	0	1	1	0
Sheridan (FCI) - SHE	3	0	2	1	0
Springfield (MCFP) - SPG	9	1	6	2	0
St Louis (CCM) - CST	1	0	0	1	0
Taft (CI) - TAF	2	0	2	0	0
Talladega (FCI) - TDG	2	0	2	0	0
Tallahassee (FCI) - TAL	14	2	10	2	0
Terre Haute (FCC) - THX	10	0	8	2	0
Texarkana (FCI) - TEX	4	2	2	0	0
Tucson (FCC) - TCX	9	1	7	1	0
Victorville (FCC) - VIX	14	0	11	0	3
Waseca (FCI) - WAS	7	3	4	0	0
Willacy County Corr. Ctr (CI) - WLC	2	1	0	1	0
Williamsburg (FCI) - WIL	1	0	1	0	0
Yankton (FPC) - YAN	2	0	2	0	0
Yazoo City (FCC) - YAX	6	2	4	0	0

2015 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2015 to 12/31/2015

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed,	Closed, Not	Admin.	Currently Open
		<u>Sustained</u>	Sustained	<u>Closure</u>	
Adams County Corr CTR (CI) - ACC	3	1	2	0	0
Aliceville (FCI) - ALI	6	0	5	0	1
Allenwood (FCC) - ALX	12	1	11	0	0
Annapolis Junction (CCM) - CBR	2	0	0	2	0
Ashland (FCI) - ASH	2	0	2	0	0
Atlanta (CCM) - CAT	1	0	0	1	0
Atlanta (USP) - ATL	5	1	3	1	0
Atwater (USP) - ATW	1	0	1	0	0
Baltimore (CCM) closed - CDR	4	1	1	2	0
Bastrop (FCI) - BAS	2	0	2	0	0
Beaumont (FCC) - BMX	7	1	6	0	0
Beckley (FCI) - BEC	2	1	1	0	0
Bennettsville (FCI) - BEN	5	1	4	0	0
Berlin (FCI) - BER	3	0	1	1	1
Big Sandy (USP) - BSY	1	1	0	0	0
Big Spring (CI) - BSC	6	3	3	0	0
Big Spring (FCI) - BIG	3	2	1	0	0
Brooklyn (MDC) - BRO	5	1	4	0	0
Bryan (FPC) - BRY	4	1	3	0	0
Butner (FCC) - BUX	3	0	3	0	0
Canaan (USP) - CAA	3	0	3	0	0
Carswell (FMC) - CRW	8	2	5	1	0
Chicago (CCM) - CCH	4	2	2	0	0
Chicago (MCC) - CCC	2	0	2	0	0
Cibola County (CI) - CIB	1	0	1	0	0
Cincinnati (CCM) - CCN	5	0	2	3	0
Coleman (FCC) - COX	16	5	10	1	0
Cumberland (FCI) - CUM	5	1	4	0	0
D. Ray James Correctional Fac - DRJ	4	2	1	1	0
Dalby (CI) - DAL	2	0	2	0	0
Dallas (CCM) - CDA	1	0	0	1	0
Danbury (FCI) - DAN	4	1	2	0	1
Detroit (CCM) - CDT	1	0	0	1	0
Devens (FMC) - DEV	1	0	1	0	0
Dublin (FCI) - DUB	5	1	4	0	0
Eden Dention Center (CI) - EDN	1	1	0	0	0
El Reno (FCI) - ERE	2	2	0	0	0
Elkton (FCI) - ELK	1	0	1	0	0
Englewood (FCI) - ENG	2	1	1	0	0
Estill (FCI) - EST	8	1	7	0	0
Fairton (FCI) - FAI	2	0	2	0	0
Florence (FCC) - FLX	44	1	42	1	0
Forrest City (FCC) - FOX	2	0	2	0	0
Fort Dix (FCI) - FTD	3	0	3	0	0
Fort Worth (FCI) - FTW	4	1	3	0	0

2015 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2015 to 12/31/2015

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed, Sustained	Closed, Not Sustained	Admin. Closure	Currently Open
Gilmer (FCI) - GIL	5	3	2	0	0
Great Plains Correc. Facility (GPC)	3	1	0	2	0
Greenville (FCI) - GRE	2	0	2	0	0
Guaynabo (MDC) - GUA	2	1	1	0	0
Hazelton (FCC) - HAX	11	1	10	0	0
Herlong (FCI) - HER	4	0	3	1	0
Honolulu (FDC) - HON	1	0	1	0	0
Houston (FDC) - HOU	2	1	1	0	0
Jesup (FCI) - JES	1	0	0	1	0
Kansas City (CCM) - CKC	1	0	0	1	0
La Tuna (FCI) - LAT	5	1	4	0	0
Leavenworth (USP) - LVN	5	0	5	0	0
Lewisburg (USP) - LEW	14	1	13	0	0
Lexington (FMC) - LEX	5	2	3	0	0
Lompoc (FCC) - LOX	4	0	3	1	0
Loretto (FCI) - LOR	3	1	2	0	0
Los Angeles (MDC) - LOS	2	0	1	1	0
Manchester (FCI) - MAN	2	0	2	0	0
Marianna (FCI) - MNA	2	0	2	0	0
Marion (USP) - MAR	3	0	1	1	1
McCreary (USP) - MCR	4	0	4	0	0
McDowell (FCI) - MCD	3	0	3	0	0
McKean (FCI) - MCK	1	0	1	0	0
McRae (CI) - MCA	1	0	1	0	0
Memphis (FCI) - MEM	1	0	1	0	0
Mendota (FCI) - MEN	1	0	1	0	0
Miami (FCI) - MIA	1	0	1	0	0
Miami (FDC) - MIM	7	1	5	1	0
Minneapolis (CCM) - CMS	1	0	0	1	0
Montgomery (CCM) - CMY	2	0	0	2	0
Montgomery (FPC) - MON	2	1	1	0	0
Morgantown (FCI) - MRG	1	0	1	0	0
Moshannon Valley (CI) - MVC	5	0	5	0	0
Nashville (CCM) - CNV	1	0	1	0	0
NE Ohio Corr Ctr (CI) - NOC	1	0	0	1	0
New Orleans (CCM) - CNO	2	0	2	0	0
New York (CCM) - CNK	1	0	0	1	0
New York (MCC) - NYM	1	1	0	0	0
Oakdale (FCC) - OAX	2	0	2	0	0
Oklahoma City (FTC) - OKL	2	0	2	0	0
Orlando (CCM) - COR Otisville (FCI) - OTV	1	0	3	0	0
Oxford (FCI) - OXF	4	1		0	0
	1	0	1	0	
Pekin (FCI) - PEK	1		1	0	0
Petersburg (FCC) - PEX	2	0	2	0	0

2015 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2015 to 12/31/2015

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed,	Closed, Not	Admin.	Currently Open
		<u>Sustained</u>	<u>Sustained</u>	Closure	
Philadelphia (CCM) - CPA	1	1	0	0	0
Philadelphia (FDC) - PHL	2	0	2	0	0
Phoenix (FCI) - PHX	6	3	3	0	0
Pittsburgh (CCM) - CPG	2	0	1	1	0
Pollock (FCC) - POX	5	0	4	1	0
Raleigh (CCM) - CRL	1	0	1	0	0
Ray Brook (FCI) - RBK	2	0	2	0	0
Sacramento (CCM) - CSC	1	0	1	0	0
Safford (FCI) - SAF	1	0	1	0	0
San Antonio (CCM) - CSA	2	1	0	1	0
Sandstone (FCI) - SST	2	0	2	0	0
Schuylkill (FCI) - SCH	2	0	2	0	0
Seagoville (FCI) - SEA	1	0	1	0	0
SeaTac (FDC) - SET	2	1	1	0	0
Seattle (CCM) - CSE	1	0	0	1	0
Springfield (MCFP) - SPG	5	1	3	1	0
St Louis (CCM) - CST	3	1	0	2	0
Taft (CI) - TAF	2	0	2	0	0
Talladega (FCI) - TDG	3	1	2	0	0
Tallahassee (FCI) - TAL	10	0	8	2	0
Terminal Island (FCI) - TRM	3	0	2	1	0
Terre Haute (FCC) - THX	7	1	6	0	0
Texarkana (FCI) - TEX	6	1	5	0	0
Tucson (FCC) - TCX	11	1	10	0	0
Victorville (FCC) - VIX	19	0	8	1	10
Waseca (FCI) - WAS	3	0	2	1	0
Willacy County Corr. Ctr (CI) - WLC	1	0	0	1	0
Williamsburg (FCI) - WIL	1	0	1	0	0
Yazoo City (FCC) - YAX	2	0	2	0	0

2016 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2016 to 12/31/2016

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed, Sustained	Closed, Not Sustained	Admin. Closure	Currently Open
Adams County Corr CTR (CI) - ACC	3	1	<u> </u>	1	0
Alderson (FPC) - ALD	1	1	0	0	0
Aliceville (FCI) - ALI	6	1	3	2	0
Allenwood (FCC) - ALX	20	1	18	1	0
Annapolis Junction (CCM) - CBR	4	0	0	4	0
Ashland (FCI) - ASH	4	0	4	0	0
Atlanta (USP) - ATL	10	0	10	0	0
Atwater (USP) - ATW	3	0	2	1	0
Baltimore (CCM) closed - CDR	1	0	0	1	0
Bastrop (FCI) - BAS	2	0	2	0	0
Beaumont (FCC) - BMX	14	4	10	0	0
Beckley (FCI) - BEC	4	2	1	1	0
Bennettsville (FCI) - BEN	8	1	6	0	1
Berlin (FCI) - BER	6	1	4	1	0
Big Sandy (USP) - BSY	2	0	2	0	0
Big Spring (CI) - BSC	7	0	5	2	0
Big Spring (FCI) - BIG	4	2	2	0	0
Brooklyn (MDC) - BRO	7	2	3	2	0
Bryan (FPC) - BRY	1	0	1	0	0
Butner (FCC) - BUX	9	2	5	2	0
Canaan (USP) - CAA	6	1	5	0	0
Carswell (FMC) - CRW	7	2	4	1	0
Chicago (CCM) - CCH	1	0	1	0	0
Chicago (MCC) - CCC	2	0	2	0	0
Cibola County (CI) - CIB	1	0	1	0	0
Cincinnati (CCM) - CCN	2	0	2	0	0
Coleman (FCC) - COX	22	2	20	0	0
Cumberland (FCI) - CUM	2	0	2	0	0
D. Ray James Correctional Fac - DRJ		0	0	1	0
Dallas (CCM) - CDA	6	1	3	2	0
Danbury (FCI) - DAN	4	0	2	1	1
Devens (FMC) - DEV	2	0	2	0	0
Dublin (FCI) - DUB	6	1	3	1	1
Edgefield (FCI) - EDG	3	0	3	0	0
El Reno (FCI) - ERE	3	0	3	0	0
Elkton (FCI) - ELK	5	1	4	0	0
Englewood (FCI) - ENG	3	1	2	0	0
Fairton (FCI) - FAI	3	0	3	0	0
Florence (FCC) - FLX	30	1	28	1	0
Forrest City (FCC) - FOX	10	2	8	0	0
Fort Dix (FCI) - FTD	6	2	4	0	0
Fort Worth (FCI) - FTW	9	0	7	2	0
Gilmer (FCI) - GIL	7	0	7	0	0
Great Plains Correc.Facility (GPC)	3	0	2	1	0
Greenville (FCI) - GRE	3	0	3	0	0

2016 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2016 to 12/31/2016

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed, Sustained	Closed, Not	Admin.	Currently Open
			Sustained	<u>Closure</u>	
Guaynabo (MDC) - GUA	2	0	1	1	0
Hazelton (FCC) - HAX	16	2	12	2	0
Herlong (FCI) - HER	1	1	0	0	0
Honolulu (FDC) - HON	3	2	1	0	0
Houston (FDC) - HOU	1	0	1	0	0
Jesup (FCI) - JES	3	0	3	0	0
La Tuna (FCI) - LAT	4	0	3	1	0
Leavenworth (USP) - LVN	2	0	2	0	0
Lee (USP) - LEE	3	0	3	0	0
Lewisburg (USP) - LEW	9	0	9	0	0
Lexington (FMC) - LEX	12	1	8	3	0
Lompoc (FCC) - LOX	2	0	2	0	0
Loretto (FCI) - LOR	1	0	1	0	0
Manchester (FCI) - MAN Marianna (FCI) - MNA	7	0	2	0	0
Marion (USP) - MAR	2	1	6	0	0
McCreary (USP) - MCR	5	0	2	0	0
McDowell (FCI) - MCD	1	1	0	0	0
McKean (FCI) - MCK	1	0	1	0	0
Memphis (FCI) - MEM	3	0	3	0	0
Miami (CCM) - CMM	1	0	0	1	0
Miami (FCI) - MIA	3	0	2	0	1
Miami (FDC) - MIM	11	7	4	0	0
Milan (FCI) - MIL	1	0	1	0	0
Montgomery (CCM) - CMY	3	1	0	2	0
Montgomery (FPC) - MON	3	0	3	0	0
Morgantown (FCI) - MRG	2	0	2	0	0
Moshannon Valley (CI) - MVC	6	0	4	2	0
Nashville (CCM) - CNV	3	0	1	2	0
New York (CCM) - CNK	1	0	0	1	0
New York (MCC) - NYM	3	0	3	0	0
Oakdale (FCC) - OAX	2	0	2	0	0
Oklahoma City (FTC) - OKL	4	0	4	0	0
Orlando (CCM) - COR	4	0	2	2	0
Oxford (FCI) - OXF	1	0	1	0	0
Petersburg (FCC) - PEX	11	2	8	0	1
Philadelphia (CCM) - CPA	2	1	0	1	0
Philadelphia (FDC) - PHL	1	0	1	0	0
Phoenix (FCI) - PHX	1 -	0	1	0	0
Pittsburgh (CCM) - CPG	5	0	5	0	0
Pollock (FCC) - POX	6	1	5	0	0
Raleigh (CCM) - CRL	3	1	1	1	0
Ray Brook (FCI) - RBK	2	0	2	0	0
Reeves I and II (CI) - REE	3	1	2	0	0
Reeves III (CI) - RVS	5	2	3	0	0

2016 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2016 to 12/31/2016

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed, Sustained	Closed, Not	Admin.	Currently Open
			Sustained	Closure	<u></u>
Rivers (CI) - RIV	6	0	6	0	0
Rochester (FMC) - RCH	2	0	2	0	0
Sacramento (CCM) - CSC	3	1	1	1	0
Safford (FCI) - SAF	1	0	1	0	0
San Antonio (CCM) - CSA	2	0	2	0	0
San Diego (MCC) - SDC	3	0	3	0	0
Schuylkill (FCI) - SCH	1	0	1	0	0
Seagoville (FCI) - SEA	5	0	5	0	0
SeaTac (FDC) - SET	1	0	1	0	0
Sheridan (FCI) - SHE	1	0	0	1	0
Springfield (MCFP) - SPG	3	0	2	1	0
St Louis (CCM) - CST	1	0	0	1	0
Taft (CI) - TAF	3	1	1	1	0
Talladega (FCI) - TDG	3	0	3	0	0
Tallahassee (FCI) - TAL	9	1	5	2	1
Terminal Island (FCI) - TRM	6	0	3	1	2
Terre Haute (FCC) - THX	5	1	4	0	0
Texarkana (FCI) - TEX	5	2	3	0	0
Thomson (AUSP) - TOM	1	1	0	0	0
Three Rivers (FCI) - TRV	1	0	1	0	0
Tucson (FCC) - TCX	11	0	11	0	0
Victorville (FCC) - VIX	16	0	11	1	4
Waseca (FCI) - WAS	5	1	3	1	0
Williamsburg (FCI) - WIL	1	0	1	0	0
Yazoo City (FCC) - YAX	9	1	8	0	0

2017 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2017 to 12/31/2017

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed, Sustained	Closed, Not	Admin.	Currently Open
Institution, Facility	Total No. Opened	Cioseu, Sustaineu	Sustained	Closure	carrently Open
Adams County Corr CTR (CI) - ACC	4	1	1	2	0
Alderson (FPC) - ALD	3	0	2	0	1
Aliceville (FCI) - ALI	4	3	0	0	1
Allenwood (FCC) - ALX	12	0	11	1	0
Annapolis Junction (CCM) - CBR	2	1	0	1	0
Ashland (FCI) - ASH	3	0	3	0	0
Atlanta (CCM) - CAT	4	1	0	3	0
Atlanta (USP) - ATL	8	1	5	0	2
Atwater (USP) - ATW	3	0	3	0	0
Bastrop (FCI) - BAS	1	0	1	0	0
Beaumont (FCC) - BMX	18	3	14	1	0
Beckley (FCI) - BEC	6	1	5	0	0
Bennettsville (FCI) - BEN	4	0	3	1	0
Berlin (FCI) - BER	2	0	2	0	0
Big Sandy (USP) - BSY	5	1	4	0	0
Big Spring (CI) - BSC	7	2	5	0	0
Big Spring (CI) - BSF	1	0	1	0	0
Big Spring (FCI) - BIG	1	0	1	0	0
Brooklyn (MDC) - BRO	8	1	6	1	0
Bryan (FPC) - BRY	5	0	4	0	1
Butner (FCC) - BUX	12 7	0	10	2	0
Canaan (USP) - CAA Carswell (FMC) - CRW	10	3	6 6	0 1	0
Chicago (CCM) - CCH	2	0	0	2	0
Chicago (MCC) - CCC	3	0	3	0	0
Coleman (FCC) - COX	28	3	21	4	0
Cumberland (FCI) - CUM	1	0	1	0	0
D. Ray James Correctional Fac - DRJ	2	2	0	0	0
Dalby (CI) - DAL	3	1	2	0	0
Dallas (CCM) - CDA	7	1	1	5	0
Danbury (FCI) - DAN	6	0	3	0	3
Devens (FMC) - DEV	5	0	5	0	0
Dublin (FCI) - DUB	3	2	1	0	0
Eden Dention Center (CI) - EDN	1	1	0	0	0
Edgefield (FCI) - EDG	2	0	2	0	0
El Reno (FCI) - ERE	5	0	4	1	0
Elkton (FCI) - ELK	3	1	2	0	0
Englewood (FCI) - ENG	4	3	1	0	0
Fairton (FCI) - FAI	4	0	4	0	0
Florence (FCC) - FLX	24	6	17	1	0
Forrest City (FCC) - FOX	5	2	3	0	0
Fort Dix (FCI) - FTD	7	0	4	3	0
Gilmer (FCI) - GIL	6	1	5	0	0
Great Plains Correc.Facility (GPC)	2	1	1	0	0
Greenville (FCI) - GRE	2	0	2	0	0

2017 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2017 to 12/31/2017

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed, Sustained	Closed, Not	Admin.	Currently Open
			Sustained	<u>Closure</u>	
Guaynabo (MDC) - GUA	2	1	0	1	0
Hazelton (FCC) - HAX	20	1	17	0	2
Herlong (FCI) - HER	4	0	3	1	0
Honolulu (FDC) - HON	2	0	2	0	0
Houston (CCM) - CHN	2	0	1	1	0
Houston (FDC) - HOU	4	3	1	0	0
Jesup (FCI) - JES	1	0	1	0	0
Kansas City (CCM) - CKC	2	1	0	1	0
La Tuna (FCI) - LAT	3	1	2	0	0
Leavenworth (USP) - LVN	1	0	0	1	0
Lee (USP) - LEE	8	0	8	0	0
Lewisburg (USP) - LEW	6	0	6	0	0
Lexington (FMC) - LEX	20	2	9	7	2
Lompoc (FCC) - LOX	2	0	1	0	0
Los Angeles (MDC) - LOS Manchester (FCI) - MAN	5	1	1	0	0
Marianna (FCI) - MNA	3	2	2	0	0
Marion (USP) - MAR	10	0	10	0	0
McCreary (USP) - MCR	9	0	9	0	0
McDowell (FCI) - MCD	4	1	3	0	0
McKean (FCI) - MCK	3	0	2	1	0
Memphis (FCI) - MEM	3	1	1	1	0
Mendota (FCI) - MEN	4	2	2	0	0
Miami (CCM) - CMM	2	0	1	1	0
Miami (FCI) - MIA	1	1	0	0	0
Miami (FDC) - MIM	5	0	5	0	0
Milan (FCI) - MIL	6	2	4	0	0
Minneapolis (CCM) - CMS	1	0	0	1	0
Montgomery (CCM) - CMY	1	0	0	1	0
Montgomery (FPC) - MON	1	0	1	0	0
Morgantown (FCI) - MRG	1	0	1	0	0
Nashville (CCM) - CNV	6	0	2	4	0
New York (MCC) - NYM	4	0	4	0	0
Oakdale (FCC) - OAX	6	0	5	1	0
Oklahoma City (FTC) - OKL	1	1	0	0	0
Orlando (CCM) - COR	3	0	1	2	0
Otisville (FCI) - OTV	5	1	4	0	0
Oxford (FCI) - OXF	4	0	2	2	0
Pekin (FCI) - PEK	3	0	3	0	0
Petersburg (FCC) - PEX	3	0	2	0	1
Philadelphia (CCM) - CPA	2	0	1	1	0
Philadelphia (FDC) - PHL	3	1	2	0	0
Phoenix (FCI) - PHX	7	2	3	2	0
Pittsburgh (CCM) - CPG	4	0	3	1	0
Pollock (FCC) - POX	7	0	7	0	0

2017 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2017 to 12/31/2017

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed, Sustained	Closed, Not	Admin.	Currently Open
			Sustained	Closure	
Raleigh (CCM) - CRL	1	0	0	1	0
Ray Brook (FCI) - RBK	4	0	3	1	0
Reeves I and II (CI) - REE	1	1	0	0	0
Reeves III (CI) - RVS	4	4	0	0	0
Rivers (CI) - RIV	1	0	1	0	0
Rochester (FMC) - RCH	1	0	1	0	0
Sacramento (CCM) - CSC	2	1	0	1	0
Safford (FCI) - SAF	3	0	3	0	0
San Antonio (CCM) - CSA	4	0	1	3	0
San Diego (MCC) - SDC	1	0	0	1	0
Sandstone (FCI) - SST	2	1	1	0	0
Schuylkill (FCI) - SCH	4	2	2	0	0
Seagoville (FCI) - SEA	4	2	2	0	0
Sheridan (FCI) - SHE	3	0	3	0	0
Springfield (MCFP) - SPG	3	0	3	0	0
St Louis (CCM) - CST	2	1	0	1	0
Taft (CI) - TAF	1	1	0	0	0
Talladega (FCI) - TDG	1	0	0	1	0
Tallahassee (FCI) - TAL	11	1	6	2	2
Terminal Island (FCI) - TRM	1	0	0	1	0
Terre Haute (FCC) - THX	7	0	7	0	0
Tucson (FCC) - TCX	15	2	13	0	0
Victorville (FCC) - VIX	10	1	6	1	2
Waseca (FCI) - WAS	2	0	1	0	1
Western Regional Office - WXO	1	0	1	0	0
Williamsburg (FCI) - WIL	5	0	4	0	1
Yankton (FPC) - YAN	1	0	1	0	0
Yazoo City (FCC) - YAX	7	2	4	1	0

2018 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2018 to 12/31/2018

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed, Sustained	Closed, Not Sustained	Admin. Closure	Currently Open
Adams County Corr CTR (CI) - ACC	6	3	3	0	0
Alderson (FPC) - ALD	3	0	1	0	2
Aliceville (FCI) - ALI	3	0	2	0	1
Allenwood (FCC) - ALX	14	2	11	0	1
Annapolis Junction (CCM) - CBR	3	1	1	1	0
Ashland (FCI) - ASH	2	0	2	0	0
Atlanta (CCM) - CAT	1	1	0	0	0
Atlanta (USP) - ATL	9	0	5	1	3
Atwater (USP) - ATW	4	0	4	0	0
Bastrop (FCI) - BAS	2	0	2	0	0
Beaumont (FCC) - BMX	17	1	16	0	0
Beckley (FCI) - BEC	4	1	3	0	0
Bennettsville (FCI) - BEN	3	0	3	0	0
Berlin (FCI) - BER	4	1	2	1	0
Big Sandy (USP) - BSY	5	0	3	2	0
Big Spring (CI) - BSC	1	0	1	0	0
Big Spring (FCI) - BIG	5	0	4	1	0
Brooklyn (MDC) - BRO	7	1	2	0	4
Bryan (FPC) - BRY	4	0	0	0	4
Butner (FCC) - BUX	21	2	18	1	0
Canaan (USP) - CAA	16	1	14	0	1
Carswell (FMC) - CRW	8	1	6	1	0
Central Office - COF	1	1	0	0	0
Chicago (MCC) - CCC	2	1	1	0	0
Coleman (FCC) - COX	34	7	20	5	2
Cumberland (FCI) - CUM	3	0	3	0	0
D. Ray James Correctional Fac - DRJ	2	2	0	0	0
Dalby (CI) - DAL	2	0	0	2	0
Dallas (CCM) - CDA	4	0	2	2	0
Danbury (FCI) - DAN	7	1	3	0	3
Detroit (CCM) - CDT	1	0	0	1	0
Devens (FMC) - DEV	2	1	1	0	0
Dublin (FCI) - DUB	4	1	1	0	2
Duluth (FPC) - DTH	3	0	3	0	0
Edgefield (FCI) - EDG	11	0	8	1	2
El Reno (FCI) - ERE	2	1	1	0	0
Elkton (FCI) - ELK	5	1	3	1	0
Estill (FCI) - EST	1	0	0	0	1
Fairton (FCI) - FAI	3	2	1	0	0
Florence (FCC) - FLX	15	2	13	0	0
Forrest City (FCC) - FOX	7	2	4	0	1
Fort Dix (FCI) - FTD	18	0	14	3	1
Fort Worth (FCI) - FTW	1	0	0	1	0
Fort Worth (FMC) - FTW	2	1	1	0	0
Gilmer (FCI) - GIL	4	1	3	0	0

2018 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2018 to 12/31/2018

Greenville (FCI) - GRE	Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed, Sustained	Closed, Not Sustained	Admin. Closure	Currently Open
Guaynabo (MDC) - GUA	Greenville (FCI) - GRE	5	0			0
Hazelton (FCC) - HAX				2		0
Herlong (FCI) - HER		14				0
Houston (CCM) - CHN	· ,	5				2
Houston (FDC) - HOU	Honolulu (FDC) - HON	2	1	0	0	1
Jesup (FCI) - JES 5 0 3 0 2 La Tuna (FCI) - LAT 1 0 1 0 0 Leavenworth (USP) - LVN 8 0 8 0 0 Lee (USP) - LEE 3 0 3 0 0 Lewisburg (USP) - LEW 12 0 12 0 0 Lewington (FMC) - LEX 21 3 12 4 2 Long Beach (CCM) - CLB 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 Loretto (FCI) - LOR 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0	Houston (CCM) - CHN	3	0	2	1	0
La Tuna (FCI) - LAT	Houston (FDC) - HOU	1	0	1	0	0
Leavenworth (USP) - LVN 8 0 8 0 0 Lee (USP) - LEE 3 0 3 0 0 Lewisburg (USP) - LEW 12 0 12 0 0 Lexington (FMC) - LEX 21 3 12 4 2 Long Beach (CCM) - CLB 1 0 0 1 0 0 Loretto (FCI) - LOR 1 0 0 1 0 <td>Jesup (FCI) - JES</td> <td>5</td> <td>0</td> <td>3</td> <td>0</td> <td>2</td>	Jesup (FCI) - JES	5	0	3	0	2
Lee (USP) - LEE 3 0 3 0 0 Lewisburg (USP) - LEW 12 0 12 0 0 Lexington (FMC) - LEX 21 3 12 4 2 Long Beach (CCM) - CLB 1 0 0 1 0 Loretto (FCI) - LOR 1 0 1 0 0 Los Angeles (MDC) - LOS 1 0 0 0 0 1 Marchall (FCI) - MAN 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 Marion (USP) - MAR 1 0 1 0	La Tuna (FCI) - LAT	1	0	1	0	0
Lewisburg (USP) - LEW 12 0 12 0 0 Lexington (FMC) - LEX 21 3 12 4 2 Long Beach (CCM) - CLB 1 0 0 1 0 Loretto (FCI) - LOR 1 0 1 0 0 Los Angeles (MDC) - LOS 1 0 0 0 0 1 Manion (SCI) - MAN 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 Marion (USP) - MAR 1 0 1 0 </td <td>Leavenworth (USP) - LVN</td> <td>8</td> <td>0</td> <td>8</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td>	Leavenworth (USP) - LVN	8	0	8	0	0
Lexington (FMC) - LEX 21 3 12 4 2 Long Beach (CCM) - CLB 1 0 0 1 0 Loretto (FCI) - LOR 1 0 1 0 0 Los Angeles (MDC) - LOS 1 0 0 0 0 1 Manchester (FCI) - MAN 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 Marianna (FCI) - MNA 2 0 2 0	Lee (USP) - LEE	3	0	3	0	0
Long Beach (CCM) - CLB 1 0 0 1 0 Loretto (FCI) - LOR 1 0 1 0 0 Los Angeles (MDC) - LOS 1 0 0 0 1 Manchester (FCI) - MAN 1 0 1 0 0 Marianna (FCI) - MNA 2 0 2 0 0 Marianna (FCI) - MNA 2 0 7 0 0 Marianna (FCI) - MAR 7 0 7 0 0 McCreary (USP) - MAR 16 0 16 0 0 McDowell (FCI) - MCA 16 0 16 0 0 McKean (FCI) - MCK 10 1 9 0 0 McRae (CI) - MCA 2 0 1 1 0 Memphis (FCI) - MEM 9 1 6 0 2 Mendota (FCI) - MEN 1 0 0 1 0 Miami (FCI) - MIA 2	Lewisburg (USP) - LEW	12	0	12	0	0
Loretto (FCI) - LOR 1 0 1 0 0 Los Angeles (MDC) - LOS 1 0 0 0 1 Manchester (FCI) - MAN 1 0 1 0 0 Marianna (FCI) - MNA 2 0 2 0 0 Marianna (FCI) - MNA 2 0 7 0 0 Marianna (FCI) - MAR 7 0 7 0 0 McCreary (USP) - MCR 16 0 16 0 0 McDowell (FCI) - MCD 3 0 3 0 0 McKean (FCI) - MCA 10 1 9 0 0 McRae (CI) - MCA 2 0 1 1 0 Memphis (FCI) - MEM 9 1 6 0 2 Mendota (FCI) - MEN 1 0 0 1 0 Miami (FCI) - MIA 2 1 1 0 0 Miami (FCI) - MIA 2 <	Lexington (FMC) - LEX	21	3	12	4	2
Los Angeles (MDC) - LOS 1 0 0 0 1 Manchester (FCI) - MAN 1 0 1 0 0 Marianna (FCI) - MNA 2 0 2 0 0 Marion (USP) - MAR 7 0 7 0 0 McCreary (USP) - MCR 16 0 16 0 0 McDowell (FCI) - MCD 3 0 3 0 0 McKean (FCI) - MCK 10 1 9 0 0 McRae (CI) - MCA 2 0 1 1 0 Memphis (FCI) - MEM 9 1 6 0 2 Mendota (FCI) - MEN 1 0 0 1 0 Miami (FCI) - MIA 2 1 1 0 0 Miami (FDC) - MIM 2 1 1 0 0 Minneapolis (CCM) - CMS 3 0 2 1 0 Montgomery (FPC) - MON 1	Long Beach (CCM) - CLB	1	0	0	1	0
Manchester (FCI) - MAN 1 0 1 0 0 Marianna (FCI) - MNA 2 0 2 0 0 Marion (USP) - MAR 7 0 7 0 0 McCreary (USP) - MCR 16 0 16 0 0 McDowell (FCI) - MCD 3 0 3 0 0 McKean (FCI) - MCK 10 1 9 0 0 McRae (CI) - MCA 2 0 1 1 0 Memphis (FCI) - MEM 9 1 6 0 2 Mendota (FCI) - MEN 1 0 0 1 0 Miami (FCI) - MIA 2 1 1 0 0 Miami (FDC) - MIM 2 1 1 0 0 Minneapolis (CCM) - CMS 3 0 2 1 0 Montgomery (CCM) - CMY 1 0 0 1 0 Morgantown (FCI) - MRG 2 0 2 0 0 Moshannon Valley (CI) - MVC 1 <td< td=""><td></td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></td<>		1	0	1	0	0
Marianna (FCI) - MNA 2 0 2 0 0 Marion (USP) - MAR 7 0 7 0 0 McCreary (USP) - MCR 16 0 16 0 0 McDowell (FCI) - MCD 3 0 3 0 0 McKean (FCI) - MCK 10 1 9 0 0 McRae (CI) - MCA 2 0 1 1 0 Memphis (FCI) - MEM 9 1 6 0 2 Mendota (FCI) - MEN 1 0 0 1 0 Miami (FCI) - MIA 2 1 1 0 0 Miami (FDC) - MIM 2 1 1 0 0 Minneapolis (CCM) - CMS 3 0 2 1 0 Montgomery (FCC) - MON 1 0 0 1 0 Morgantown (FCI) - MRG 2 0 2 0 0 Moshannon Valley (CI) - MVC 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	0	0	0	1
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McKean (FCI) - MCK 10 1 9 0 0 McRae (CI) - MCA 2 0 1 1 0 Memphis (FCI) - MEM 9 1 6 0 2 Mendota (FCI) - MEN 1 0 0 1 0 Miami (FCI) - MIA 2 1 1 0 0 Miami (FDC) - MIM 2 1 1 0 0 Minneapolis (CCM) - CMS 3 0 2 1 0 Montgomery (CCM) - CMY 1 0 0 1 0 Montgomery (FPC) - MON 1 0 1 0 0 Morgantown (FCI) - MRG 2 0 2 0 0 Moshannon Valley (CI) - MVC 1 0 1 0 0 New York (CCM) - CNK 3 1 1 1 0						0
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Miami (FCI) - MIA 2 1 1 0 0 Miami (FDC) - MIM 2 1 1 0 0 Minneapolis (CCM) - CMS 3 0 2 1 0 Montgomery (CCM) - CMY 1 0 0 1 0 Montgomery (FPC) - MON 1 0 1 0 0 Morgantown (FCI) - MRG 2 0 2 0 0 Moshannon Valley (CI) - MVC 1 0 1 0 0 New York (CCM) - CNK 3 1 1 1 0						2
Miami (FDC) - MIM 2 1 1 0 0 Minneapolis (CCM) - CMS 3 0 2 1 0 Montgomery (CCM) - CMY 1 0 0 1 0 Montgomery (FPC) - MON 1 0 1 0 0 Morgantown (FCI) - MRG 2 0 2 0 0 Moshannon Valley (CI) - MVC 1 0 1 0 0 New York (CCM) - CNK 3 1 1 1 0						0
Minneapolis (CCM) - CMS 3 0 2 1 0 Montgomery (CCM) - CMY 1 0 0 1 0 Montgomery (FPC) - MON 1 0 1 0 0 Morgantown (FCI) - MRG 2 0 2 0 0 Moshannon Valley (CI) - MVC 1 0 1 0 0 New York (CCM) - CNK 3 1 1 1 0						0
Montgomery (CCM) - CMY 1 0 0 1 0 Montgomery (FPC) - MON 1 0 1 0 0 Morgantown (FCI) - MRG 2 0 2 0 0 Moshannon Valley (CI) - MVC 1 0 1 0 0 New York (CCM) - CNK 3 1 1 1 0						0
Montgomery (FPC) - MON 1 0 1 0 0 Morgantown (FCI) - MRG 2 0 2 0 0 Moshannon Valley (CI) - MVC 1 0 1 0 0 New York (CCM) - CNK 3 1 1 1 0			_	_	1	0
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2018 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2018 to 12/31/2018

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed, Sustained	Closed, Not	Admin.	Currently Open
			<u>Sustained</u>	Closure	
Pollock (FCC) - POX	10	1	9	0	0
Ray Brook (FCI) - RBK	8	0	7	1	0
Reeves III (CI) - RVS	3	0	3	0	0
Rivers (CI) - RIV	4	0	3	1	0
Rochester (FMC) - RCH	6	1	4	1	0
Sacramento (CCM) - CSC	4	0	0	4	0
Safford (FCI) - SAF	5	0	4	1	0
San Antonio (CCM) - CSA	3	0	0	3	0
San Diego (MCC) - SDC	4	1	2	1	0
Sandstone (FCI) - SST	1	0	1	0	0
Schuylkill (FCI) - SCH	2	1	0	0	1
Seagoville (FCI) - SEA	3	1	2	0	0
Sheridan (FCI) - SHE	8	0	8	0	0
South Central Regional Office - SCO	1	0	1	0	0
Springfield (MCFP) - SPG	11	0	11	0	0
St Louis (CCM) - CST	1	0	0	1	0
Taft (CI) - TAF	2	0	2	0	0
Talladega (FCI) - TDG	1	0	1	0	0
Tallahassee (FCI) - TAL	11	0	6	1	4
Terminal Island (FCI) - TRM	2	0	1	0	1
Terre Haute (FCC) - THX	8	0	6	1	1
Texarkana (FCI) - TEX	5	1	4	0	0
Three Rivers (FCI) - TRV	4	0	3	1	0
Tucson (FCC) - TCX	21	1	19	1	0
Victorville (FCC) - VIX	6	2	1	0	3
Waseca (FCI) - WAS	2	0	1	1	0
Williamsburg (FCI) - WIL	2	0	2	0	0
Yankton (FPC) - YAN	1	1	0	0	0
Yazoo City (FCC) - YAX	13	0	12	0	1

2019 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2019 to 12/31/2019

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed, Sustained	Closed, Not Sustained	Admin. Closure	Currently Open
Adams County Corr CTR (CI) - ACC	2	0	0	2	0
Alderson (FPC) - ALD	2	0	2	0	0
Aliceville (FCI) - ALI	8	0	0	0	8
Allenwood (FCC) - ALX	13	0	13	0	0
Annapolis Junction (CCM) - CBR	1	0	0	1	0
Ashland (FCI) - ASH	5	0	5	0	0
Atlanta (CCM) - CAT	1	0	0	1	0
Atlanta (USP) - ATL	7	0	4	1	2
Atwater (USP) - ATW	3	0	1	1	1
Bastrop (FCI) - BAS	3	0	3	0	0
Beaumont (FCC) - BMX	16	0	11	4	1
Beckley (FCI) - BEC	8	1	7	0	0
Bennettsville (FCI) - BEN	1	0	1	0	0
Berlin (FCI) - BER	6	0	4	0	2
Big Sandy (USP) - BSY	4	0	4	0	0
Big Spring (CI) - BSC	4	1	0	3	0
Big Spring (CI) - BSF	2	0	1	1	0
Big Spring (FCI) - BIG	1	0	1	0	0
Brooklyn (MDC) - BRO	13	1	4	1	7
Bryan (FPC) - BRY	2	0	2	0	0
Butner (FCC) - BUX	13	1	9	2	1
Canaan (USP) - CAA	5	2	2	0	1
Carswell (FMC) - CRW	5	0	4	1	0
Central Office - COF	1	1	0	0	0
Chicago (MCC) - CCC	1	1	0	0	0
Coleman (FCC) - COX	40	5	21	7	7
Cumberland (FCI) - CUM	1	0	1	0	0
D. Ray James Correctional Fac - DRJ		0	0	2	0
Dallas (CCM) - CDA	1	0	0	0	1
Danbury (FCI) - DAN	4	0	2	0	2
Devens (FMC) - DEV	4	0	1	2	1
Dublin (FCI) - DUB	3	0	1	0	2
Duluth (FPC) - DTH	2	0	1	0	0
Edgefield (FCI) - EDG El Reno (FCI) - ERE	1	0	0 1	0	0
Elkton (FCI) - ELK	4		3	0	0
Englewood (FCI) - ENG	3	0	3	0	0
Estill (FCI) - EST	3	0	2	0	1
Fairton (FCI) - FAI	3	1	1	1	0
Florence (FCC) - FLX	10	0	9	1	0
Forrest City (FCC) - FOX	8	0		0	0
Fort Dix (FCI) - FTD	7	2	1	2	2
Fort Worth (FCI) - FTW	1	0	1	0	0
Fort Worth (FMC) - FTW	3	1	2	0	0
Gilmer (FCI) - GIL	9	0	9	0	0
Omner (i Ci) - OIL	3	U	J	U	U

2019 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2019 to 12/31/2019

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed, Sustained	Closed, Not	Admin.	Currently Open
			<u>Sustained</u>	<u>Closure</u>	
Great Plains Correc.Facility (GPC)	3	0	0	3	0
Greenville (FCI) - GRE	3	0	3	0	0
Guaynabo (MDC) - GUA	1	0	0	0	1
Hazelton (FCC) - HAX	13	1	10	0	2
Herlong (FCI) - HER	3	0	0	2	1
Honolulu (FDC) - HON	2	0	2	0	0
Houston (CCM) - CHN	3	0	2	1	0
Houston (FDC) - HOU	4	0	2	1	1
Jesup (FCI) - JES	6	0	4	0	2
Kansas City (CCM) - CKC	1	0	1	0	0
Lee (USP) - LEE	8	0	7	0	1
Lewisburg (USP) - LEW	12	0	11	0	1
Lexington (FMC) - LEX	7	2	4	0	1
Long Booch (CCM) CLB	2	0	8	0	0
Long Beach (CCM) - CLB Loretto (FCI) - LOR	5	0	0	1	1
Manchester (FCI) - MAN	2	0	2	0	0
Marianna (FCI) - MNA	2	2	0	0	0
Marion (USP) - MAR	6	0	6	0	0
McCreary (USP) - MCR	20	0	12	1	7
McDowell (FCI) - MCD	1	1	0	0	0
McKean (FCI) - MCK	1	0	1	0	0
Memphis (FCI) - MEM	5	1	2	0	2
Mendota (FCI) - MEN	3	0	1	2	0
Miami (FCI) - MIA	2	0	1	0	1
Miami (FDC) - MIM	3	0	1	2	0
Milan (FCI) - MIL	1	0	0	0	1
Minneapolis (CCM) - CMS	2	1	0	1	0
Montgomery (FPC) - MON	2	0	1	0	1
Morgantown (FCI) - MRG	3	0	2	1	0
New York (MCC) - NYM	1	0	0	1	0
Oakdale (FCC) - OAX	2	0	2	0	0
Oklahoma City (FTC) - OKL	1	0	1	0	0
Orlando (CCM) - COR	4	0	1	3	0
Otisville (FCI) - OTV	1	0	1	0	0
Oxford (FCI) - OXF	5	2	2	1	0
Pekin (FCI) - PEK	3	1	2	0	0
Petersburg (FCC) - PEX	2	0	1	0	1
Philadelphia (CCM) - CPA	1	0	0	1	0
Philadelphia (FDC) - PHL	5	0	4	1	0
Phoenix (CCM) - CPH	3	2	1	0	0
Phoenix (FCI) - PHX	7	2	1	2	2
Pittsburgh (CCM) - CPG	5	0	1	4	0
Pollock (FCC) - POX	3	0	1	2	0
Raleigh (CCM) - CRL	1	0	0	1	0

2019 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2019 to 12/31/2019

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed, Sustained	Closed, Not	Admin.	Currently Open
			<u>Sustained</u>	Closure	
Ray Brook (FCI) - RBK	4	0	3	0	1
Reeves III (CI) - RVS	3	1	2	0	0
Rivers (CI) - RIV	5	1	1	3	0
Rochester (FMC) - RCH	4	0	3	1	0
Sacramento (CCM) - CSC	2	0	1	1	0
Safford (FCI) - SAF	7	0	4	0	3
San Antonio (CCM) - CSA	1	0	0	1	0
San Diego (MCC) - SDC	2	1	1	0	0
Sandstone (FCI) - SST	1	0	1	0	0
Schuylkill (FCI) - SCH	7	0	3	0	4
Seagoville (FCI) - SEA	6	0	3	0	3
SeaTac (FDC) - SET	6	1	5	0	0
Seattle (CCM) - CSE	3	0	1	2	0
Sheridan (FCI) - SHE	4	0	4	0	0
Springfield (MCFP) - SPG	2	1	1	0	0
Taft (CI) - TAF	2	0	1	1	0
Talladega (FCI) - TDG	9	0	4	0	5
Tallahassee (FCI) - TAL	13	3	5	2	3
Terminal Island (FCI) - TRM	1	1	0	0	0
Terre Haute (FCC) - THX	5	1	2	0	2
Texarkana (FCI) - TEX	7	1	6	0	0
Thomson (AUSP) - TOM	11	0	10	1	0
Three Rivers (FCI) - TRV	2	0	1	1	0
Tucson (FCC) - TCX	15	0	14	1	0
Victorville (FCC) - VIX	15	1	2	1	11
Waseca (FCI) - WAS	2	0	2	0	0
Williamsburg (FCI) - WIL	5	0	2	1	2
Yankton (FPC) - YAN	4	0	4	0	0
Yazoo City (FCC) - YAX	9	1	6	2	0

2020 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2020 to 12/31/2020

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed, Sustained	Closed, Not Sustained	Admin. Closure	Currently Open
Alderson (FPC) - ALD	1	0	<u>Sustaineu</u> 1	0	0
Aliceville (FCI) - ALI	10	0	3	0	7
Allenwood (FCC) - ALX	12	2	<u>5</u>	1	4
Annapolis Junction (CCM) - CBR	1	0	<u>5</u>	0	0
Ashland (FCI) - ASH	2	0	2	0	0
Atlanta (CCM) - CAT	4	0	0	3	1
Atlanta (USP) - ATL	7	1	3	1	2
Atwater (USP) - ATW	2	1	1	0	0
Bastrop (FCI) - BAS	7	1	6	0	0
Beaumont (FCC) - BMX	6	0	3	0	3
Beckley (FCI) - BEC	3	0	3	0	0
Bennettsville (FCI) - BEN	1	0	1	0	0
Big Sandy (USP) - BSY	5	0	1	0	4
Big Spring (CI) - BSC	7	2	0	3	2
Big Spring (FCI) - BIG	1	0	0	0	1
Brooklyn (MDC) - BRO	20	0	3	2	15
Bryan (FPC) - BRY	4	0	2	0	2
Butner (FCC) - BUX	6	1	3	0	2
Canaan (USP) - CAA	2	0	1	0	1
Carswell (FMC) - CRW	5	0	0	3	2
Chicago (MCC) - CCC	4	1	1	2	0
Cincinnati (CCM) - CCN	5	0	1	4	0
Coleman (FCC) - COX	43	1	23	3	16
D. Ray James Correctional Fac - DRJ	1	0	1	0	0
Dalby (CI) - DAL	5	0	4	1	0
Dallas (CCM) - CDA	7	0	1	3	3
Danbury (FCI) - DAN	7	0	1	0	6
Detroit (CCM) - CDT	2	1	0	0	1
Devens (FMC) - DEV	3	0	3	0	0
Dublin (FCI) - DUB	3	0	0	0	3
Eden Dention Center (CI) - EDN	1	0	1	0	0
Edgefield (FCI) - EDG	2	1	0	0	1
El Reno (FCI) - ERE	5	0	2	0	3
Elkton (FCI) - ELK	3	0	0	0	3
Englewood (FCI) - ENG	2	0	1	1	0
Estill (FCI) - EST	1	0	1	0	0
Fairton (FCI) - FAI	5	0	4	1	0
Florence (FCC) - FLX	17	0	14	1	2
Forrest City (FCC) - FOX	4	0	3	1	0
Fort Dix (FCI) - FTD	3	0	2	0	1
Fort Worth (FCI) - FTW	2	0	2	0	0
Fort Worth (FMC) - FTW	3	1	1	0	1
Gilmer (FCI) - GIL	2	0	1	0	1
Great Plains Correc.Facility (GPC)	4	1	0	3	0
Greenville (FCI) - GRE	9	2	5	1	1

2020 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2020 to 12/31/2020

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed, Sustained	Closed, Not	Admin. Closure	Currently Open
			Sustained		
Hazelton (FCC) - HAX	11	2	4	0	5
Herlong (FCI) - HER	3	2	0	1	0
Honolulu (FDC) - HON	2	1	0	0	1
Houston (CCM) - CHN	2	1	0	0	1
Houston (FDC) - HOU	3	0	0	0	3
Jesup (FCI) - JES	6	0	5	0	1
Kansas City (CCM) - CKC	2	0	0	2	0
La Tuna (FCI) - LAT	3	0	2	0	1
Leavenworth (USP) - LVN	3	0	3	0	0
Lee (USP) - LEE	3	0	3	0	0
Lewisburg (USP) - LEW	1	0	1	0	0
Lexington (FMC) - LEX	4	1	2	0	1
Lompoc (FCC) - LOX	2	0	2	0	0
Long Beach (CCM) - CLB	4	0	0	3	1
Loretto (FCI) - LOR	3	0	3	0	0
Los Angeles (MDC) - LOS	2	1	1	0	0
Manchester (FCI) - MAN	5	0	5	0	0
Marianna (FCI) - MNA	2	2	0	0	0
Marion (USP) - MAR	8	0	6	0	2
McCreary (USP) - MCR	4	0	3	0	1
McDowell (FCI) - MCD	2	0	2	0	0
McKean (FCI) - MCK	5	0	3	1	1
McRae (CI) - MCA	3	1	1	0	1
Memphis (FCI) - MEM	5	0	1	0	4
Miami (FCI) - MIA	1	0	0	0	1
Miami (FDC) - MIM	2	1	0	0	1
Minneapolis (CCM) - CMS	4	0	1	3	0
Morgantown (FCI) - MRG	1	0	1	0	0
Moshannon Valley (CI) - MVC	4	1	2	1	0
Nashville (CCM) - CNV	3	0	0	3	0
New York (CCM) - CNK	3	2	0	1	0
New York (MCC) - NYM	2	0	0	1	1
North Lake Corr. Ctr (CI) - NLK	2	0	0	2	0
Oakdale (FCC) - OAX	3	0	2	0	1
Oklahoma City (FTC) - OKL	2	0	2	0	0
Orlando (CCM) - COR	3	1	1	1	0
Otisville (FCI) - OTV	1	1	0	0	0
Oxford (FCI) - OXF	2	0	1	1	0
Pekin (FCI) - PEK	2	0	1	0	1
Petersburg (FCC) - PEX	11	3	1	0	7
Philadelphia (CCM) - CPA	3	0	0	3	0
Philadelphia (FDC) - PHL	7	1	6	0	0
Phoenix (FCI) - PHX	2	2	0	0	0
Pittsburgh (CCM) - CPG	2	1	0	1	0
Pollock (FCC) - POX	3	1	2	0	0

2020 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2020 to 12/31/2020

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed, Sustained	Closed, Not	Admin.	Currently Open
_	-		Sustained	Closure	
Raleigh (CCM) - CRL	1	0	1	0	0
Reeves I and II (CI) - REE	2	1	0	1	0
Reeves III (CI) - RVS	4	0	3	1	0
Rivers (CI) - RIV	7	0	4	3	0
Rochester (FMC) - RCH	2	0	2	0	0
Sacramento (CCM) - CSC	2	2	0	0	0
Safford (FCI) - SAF	3	2	1	0	0
San Antonio (CCM) - CSA	1	0	0	0	1
Sandstone (FCI) - SST	2	0	0	2	0
Schuylkill (FCI) - SCH	7	0	0	0	7
Seagoville (FCI) - SEA	5	0	1	0	4
SeaTac (FDC) - SET	3	0	2	0	1
Seattle (CCM) - CSE	1	0	0	1	0
Sheridan (FCI) - SHE	3	0	0	2	1
Springfield (MCFP) - SPG	9	1	8	0	0
St Louis (CCM) - CST	1	0	0	1	0
Taft (CI) - TAF	1	0	0	1	0
Talladega (FCI) - TDG	5	0	2	0	3
Tallahassee (FCI) - TAL	6	0	0	2	4
Terre Haute (FCC) - THX	10	0	4	0	6
Texarkana (FCI) - TEX	3	0	3	0	0
Thomson (AUSP) - TOM	18	0	10	3	5
Three Rivers (FCI) - TRV	2	2	0	0	0
Tucson (FCC) - TCX	12	0	12	0	0
Victorville (FCC) - VIX	11	0	0	0	11
Waseca (FCI) - WAS	3	0	3	0	0
Williamsburg (FCI) - WIL	3	0	2	0	1
Yazoo City (FCC) - YAX	11	0	5	1	5

2021 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2021 to 12/31/2021

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed, Sustained	Closed, Not Sustained	Admin. Closure	Currently Open
Alderson (FPC) - ALD	6	0	4	0	2
Aliceville (FCI) - ALI	8	0	4	0	4
Allenwood (FCC) - ALX	5	0	1	1	3
Ashland (FCI) - ASH	2	0	2	0	0
Atlanta (CCM) - CAT	1	0	1	0	0
Atlanta (USP) - ATL	26	0	7	1	18
Atwater (USP) - ATW	3	0	0	1	2
Baltimore (CCM) closed - CDR	1	0	0	1	0
Bastrop (FCI) - BAS	3	0	1	1	1
Beaumont (FCC) - BMX	14	1	1	1	11
Beckley (FCI) - BEC	7	1	5	0	1
Bennettsville (FCI) - BEN	4	0	2	0	2
Berlin (FCI) - BER	8	0	4	0	4
Big Sandy (USP) - BSY	1	0	1	0	0
Big Spring (CI) - BSC	5	0	5	0	0
Big Spring (CI) - BSF	1	0	1	0	0
Big Spring (FCI) - BIG	3	0	1	0	2
Brooklyn (MDC) - BRO	15	0	4	0	11
Bryan (FPC) - BRY	2	0	1	0	1
Butner (FCC) - BUX	5	0	2	0	3
Canaan (USP) - CAA	4	0	0	0	4
Carswell (FMC) - CRW	7	1	1	1	4
Central Office - COF	1	0	0	1	0
Chicago (CCM) - CCH	3	0	0	3	0
Chicago (MCC) - CCC	6	0	5	0	1
Cincinnati (CCM) - CCN	6	0	0	6	0
Coleman (FCC) - COX	23	0	8	3	12
Dalby (CI) - DAL	5	0	2	1	2
Dallas (CCM) - CDA	5	0	2	3	0
Danbury (FCI) - DAN	3	0	0	0	3
Detroit (CCM) - CDT	1	0	0	0	1 5
Dublin (FCI) - DUB Edgefield (FCI) - EDG	5 6	2	0	0	5 4
El Reno (FCI) - ERE	4	0	0	0	4
Englewood (FCI) - ENG	3	0	2	0	1
Fairton (FCI) - FAI	1	0	1	0	0
Florence (FCC) - FLX	6	0	6	0	0
Forrest City (FCC) - FOX	1	0	0	1	0
Fort Dix (FCI) - FTD	6	1	0	0	5
Fort Worth (FMC) - FTW	2	0	0	1	1
Gilmer (FCI) - GIL	6	1	3	2	0
Greenville (FCI) - GRE	1	0	<u>3</u> 1	0	0
Hazelton (FCC) - HAX	5	0	4	0	1
Honolulu (FDC) - HON	2	0	2	0	0
Houston (FDC) - HOU	4	0	3	0	1
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2021 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2021 to 12/31/2021

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed, Sustained	Closed, Not	Admin.	Currently Open
		_	Sustained	Closure	
Jesup (FCI) - JES	3	0	2	0	1
Kansas City (CCM) - CKC	2	0	0	2	0
La Tuna (FCI) - LAT	3	0	1	0	2
Leavenworth (USP) - LVN	2	0	2	0	0
Lee (USP) - LEE	2	0	1	0	1
Lewisburg (USP) - LEW	3	1	1	0	1
Lexington (FMC) - LEX	5	1	0	0	4
Lompoc (FCC) - LOX	3	0	2	1	0
Long Beach (CCM) - CLB	2	0	0	2	0
Los Angeles (MDC) - LOS	2	0	0	0	2
Marianna (FCI) - MNA	1	0	1	0	0
Marion (USP) - MAR	1	0	0	0	1
McCreary (USP) - MCR	3	0	2	0	1
McKean (FCI) - MCK	1	0	0	0	1
McRae (CI) - MCA	1	0	0	1	0
Memphis (FCI) - MEM	4	0	0	0	4
Mendota (FCI) - MEN	4	0	2	0	2
Miami (FCI) - MIA	3	0	3	0	0
Miami (FDC) - MIM	4	0	0	0	4
Minneapolis (CCM) - CMS	1	0	0	1	0
Montgomery (CCM) - CMY	8	0	2	6	0
Montgomery (FPC) - MON	1	0	1	0	0
Nashville (CCM) - CNV	1	0	0	1	0
New York (CCM) - CNK	2	0	1	1	0
New York (MCC) - NYM	3	0	1	0	2
North Lake Corr. Ctr (CI) - NLK	6	0	4	2	0
Oakdale (FCC) - OAX	1	0	1	0	0
Oklahoma City (FTC) - OKL	3	0	1	0	2
Orlando (CCM) - COR	5	0	0	4	1
Otisville (FCI) - OTV	1	0	0	0	1
Oxford (FCI) - OXF	1	0	0	1	0
Pekin (FCI) - PEK	2	0	0	1	1
Pensacola (FPC) - PEN	1	0	0	0	1
Petersburg (FCC) - PEX	7	0	1	0	6
Philadelphia (FDC) - PHL	5	2	2	0	1
Phoenix (CCM) - CPH	3	0	1	2	0
Phoenix (FCI) - PHX	3	1	1	0	1
Pittsburgh (CCM) - CPG	2	0	0	2	0
Pollock (FCC) - POX	2	0	1	0	1
Raleigh (CCM) - CRL	2	0	0	2	0
Ray Brook (FCI) - RBK	3	1	0	0	2
Reeves I and II (CI) - REE	1	0	0	1	0
Sacramento (CCM) - CSC	2	0	0	2	0
Safford (FCI) - SAF	2	1	0	0	1
San Antonio (CCM) - CSA	4	0	2	2	0

2021 Staff-on-Inmate Opened Between 01/01/2021 to 12/31/2021

Institution/Facility	Total No. Opened	Closed, Sustained	Closed, Not Sustained	Admin. Closure	Currently Open
San Diego (MCC) - SDC	5	0	3	1	1
Sandstone (FCI) - SST	4	0	1	2	1
Schuylkill (FCI) - SCH	5	0	1	0	4
Seagoville (FCI) - SEA	6	0	1	0	5
SeaTac (FDC) - SET	3	0	0	1	2
Seattle (CCM) - CSE	3	1	0	2	0
Sheridan (FCI) - SHE	5	0	0	0	5
Springfield (MCFP) - SPG	3	0	2	0	1
St Louis (CCM) - CST	2	0	0	2	0
Talladega (FCI) - TDG	4	0	0	0	4
Tallahassee (FCI) - TAL	8	0	3	1	4
Terminal Island (FCI) - TRM	1	0	0	0	1
Terre Haute (FCC) - THX	8	0	0	0	8
Texarkana (FCI) - TEX	5	2	2	0	1
Thomson (AUSP) - TOM	13	0	4	0	9
Tucson (FCC) - TCX	6	0	4	0	2
Victorville (FCC) - VIX	14	0	1	1	12
Waseca (FCI) - WAS	1	0	0	1	0
Williamsburg (FCI) - WIL	2	0	0	0	2
Yazoo City (FCC) - YAX	4	0	1	0	3